Agriculture - 02/06/2024 11:30 AM Committee Packet Agenda Order

Tab 1	SB 13	364 by C	alatayud;	(Similar to H 00723) Everglade	es Protection Area	
836126	Α	S	RCS	AG, Calatayud	Delete L.49 - 193:	02/06 12:07 PM

The Florida Senate COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

AGRICULTURE Senator Collins, Chair Senator Boyd, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, February 6, 2024

TIME: 11:30 a.m.—2:00 p.m. PLACE: 301 Senate Building

MEMBERS: Senator Collins, Chair; Senator Boyd, Vice Chair; Senators Baxley, Berman, Rouson, and Simon

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 1364 Calatayud (Similar H 723)	Everglades Protection Area; Requiring that proposed plans and plan amendments that apply to certain lands within or near the Everglades Protection Area follow the state coordinated review process; authorizing local governments to consider an application for a development permit or development order contingent upon adoption of such plans and amendments; providing duties of the Department of Environmental Protection relating to such plans and plan amendments; prohibiting the adoption of small-scale development amendments for properties located within or near the Everglades Protection Area, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		CA 01/16/2024 Favorable AG 02/06/2024 Fav/CS RC	

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared	By: The Professional Staff	f of the Committee	on Community Affairs	
BILL:	CS/SB 1364				
INTRODUCER: Agriculture		Committee and Senator	· Calatayud		
SUBJECT: Everglades		Protection Area			
DATE: Februa	ary 7, 2024	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
1. Hunter		Ryon	CA	Favorable	
2. Becker		Becker	AG	Fav/CS	
3.			RC		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

SB 1364 requires any proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), F.S., or any municipality located therein, applying to land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area to be reviewed pursuant to the State Coordinated Review Process.

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) is tasked with determining whether the plan or plan amendment will adversely impact the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives in state law. It has 30 days after receipt of the plan or plan amendment to issue a written determination identifying any adverse impacts.

Before adoption, DEP must coordinate with the Department of Commerce, the local government, to identify any planning strategies or measures that the local government could include in the proposed plan or plan amendment to eliminate or mitigate any adverse impacts. If any portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment will result in adverse impacts, then the local government must either include planning strategies or measures to eliminate or mitigate the adverse impacts, or not adopt that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment.

The bill provides that the act may not be construed to limit the Right to Farm Act.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2024.

II. Present Situation:

The Everglades/Florida Bay Ecosystem

The Everglades/Florida Bay system covers approximately two million acres in South Florida and contains the largest subtropical wetland in the United States.¹ The area is generally described as a vast sawgrass marsh dotted with tree islands and interspersed with wet prairies and aquatic sloughs.²

Historically, the Everglades covered over seven million acres of South Florida, and water flowed down the Kissimmee River into Lake Okeechobee, then south through the vast Everglades to Florida Bay.³ The present Everglades system has been subdivided by the construction of canals, levees, roads, and other facilities as part of efforts to drain the system for agriculture, development, and flood control. As a result, the Everglades is less than half the size it was a century ago, and connections between the central Everglades and adjacent transitional wetlands have been lost. This separation and isolation can impair the Everglades' wildlife communities and the sustainability of the ecosystem.⁴ Over time, the construction of canals and water control structures along with urban and agricultural expansion contributed to unintended consequences.⁵

In 1994, to address these issues, the Legislature passed the Everglades Forever Act (Act). The Act established numerous long-term goals and environmental standards to restore and protect the Everglades ecosystem, addressing issues including water quantity, water quality, and excessive levels of phosphorus. The Act contains measures for constructing stormwater treatment areas for water entering the Everglades, sets standards for best management practices to address phosphorous pollution loading, and establishes numeric criteria for water quality in the Everglades. Generally, the Act outlines Florida's commitment to restoring the Everglades ecosystem, and it authorizes programs for achieving this restoration. These programs work in cooperation with the multi-billion-dollar, multi-decade Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan that is a 50-50 partnership between the state and federal government.

¹ South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD), *Everglades*, https://www.sfwmd.gov/our-work/everglades (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

 $^{^3}$ Id.

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ SFWMD, *Everglades Restoration Progress*, 1 (2017), *available at https://www.sfwmd.gov/sites/default/files/documents/spl_everglades_progress.pdf (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).*

⁶ Chapter 94-115, ss. 1-2, Laws of Fla.; Section 373.4592, F.S.

⁷ Section 373.4592, F.S.; University of Florida, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences (UF-IFAS), Michael T. Olexa et. al., 2021 Handbook of Florida Water Regulation: Florida Everglades Forever Act, 1-2 (2021), available at https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/FE/FE60900.pdf (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

⁸ See SFWMD, Long-Term Plan for Achieving Water Quality Goals, https://www.sfwmd.gov/our-work/wq-stas/long-term-plan (last visited Mar. 1, 2023); see SFWMD, Restoration Strategies for Clean Water for the Everglades, https://www.sfwmd.gov/our-work/restoration-strategies (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

⁹ (UF-IFAS), Michael T. Olexa et. al., 2021 Handbook of Florida Water Regulation: Florida Everglades Forever Act, 1 (2021), available at https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/FE/FE60900.pdf (last visited Feb. 5, 2024); The Water Resources Development Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-541, Dec. 11, 2000); SFWMD, CERP Project Planning, https://www.sfwmd.gov/our-work/cerp-project-planning (last visited Feb. 5, 2024); DEP, Comprehensive Everglades Restoration Plan (CERP), https://floridadep.gov/eco-pro/eco-pro/content/comprehensive-everglades-restoration-plan-cerp (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).



The Act establishes monitoring and protection for the "Everglades Protection Area," defined as "Water Conservation Areas (WCAs) 1, 2A, 2B, 3A, and 3B, the Arthur R. Marshall Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge, and the Everglades National Park." WCA 1 is the Arthur R. Marshall Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge, and it is managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Water Conservation Areas 2 and 3 are managed by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. Everglades National Park is managed by the National Park Service.

The WCAs are mainly large expanses of Everglades marsh habitat, which are closed off with control levees and canals. As part of the Central & Southern Florida Project first authorized by Congress in 1948, central portions of the Everglades were diked to create the WCAs. The WCAs have provided numerous benefits for the Everglades and south Florida, including: providing a detention reservoir for excess water from

the agricultural area and parts of the lower east coast region, and for flood discharge from Lake Okeechobee; providing levees to prevent Everglades floodwaters from inundating the lower east coast and provide water for agriculture and Everglades National Park; recharging the Biscayne

¹⁰ Section 373.4592(2)(i), F.S.; *see also* FLA. CON. art. II, s. 7(b). Those in the Everglades Agricultural Area who cause water pollution within the Everglades Protection Area are primarily responsible for the abatement costs. *Id.*

docs/2016_sfer_highlights_final?e=4207603/33817547 (last visited Feb. 5, 2024). This document contains the map found on this page.

¹¹ SFWMD, Water Conservation Area 1 (Arthur R. Marshall Loxahatchee National Wildlife Refuge), https://www.sfwmd.gov/recreation-site/water-conservation-area-1-arthur-r-marshall-loxahatchee-national-wildlife-refuge (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Everglades Water Conservation Areas,
 https://myfwc.com/fishing/freshwater/sites-forecasts/s/everglades-water-conservation-areas/ (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).
 National Park Service, Everglades National Park, https://www.nps.gov/ever/index.htm (last visited Feb. 5, 2024);
 SFWMD, 2016 South Florida Environmental Report, 3 (2016), available at https://issuu.com/southfloridawatermanagement/

¹⁴ SFWMD, Water Conservation Areas 2 and 3 (Everglades & Francis S. Taylor Wildlife Management Area), https://www.sfwmd.gov/recreation-site/water-conservation-areas-2-and-3-everglades-francis-s-taylor-wildlife-management-0 (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

¹⁵ United States Army Corps of Engineers and SFWMD, *Central and Southern Florida Project Comprehensive Review Study, Final Feasibility Report and Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement*, 1-1 (Apr. 1999), *available at* https://www.sfwmd.gov/sites/default/files/documents/CENTRAL_AND_SOUTHERN_FLORIDA_PROJECT_COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW_STUDY.pdf (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

Aquifer for east coast communities; retarding salt water intrusion in coastal well fields; and benefitting fish and wildlife in the Everglades. ¹⁶

The long-term water quality objective for the Everglades is to implement the optimal combination of source controls, stormwater treatment areas, advanced treatment technologies, and regulatory programs to ensure that all waters discharged to the Everglades Protection Area achieve water quality standards consistent with the Act. ¹⁷ DEP implements a range of responsibilities under the Act, including coordinating programs on research, monitoring, and permitting activities. ¹⁸ The Act requires the state of Florida to pursue certain objectives, including all of the following:

- Restore and protect the Everglades ecological system.
- Authorize the South Florida Water Management District to proceed expeditiously with implementation of the Everglades program.¹⁹
- Reduce excessive levels of phosphorus.
- Pursue comprehensive and innovative solutions to the issues of water quality, water quantity, hydroperiod, and invasions of non-native species that affect the Everglades ecosystem.
- Expedite plans and programs for improving water quantity reaching the Everglades.
- Pursue the Everglades Construction Project, while maximizing its benefits and using superior technology when available.
- Achieve the water quality goals of the Everglades program through implementation of stormwater treatment areas and best management practices. ²⁰

Comprehensive Plans and Plan Amendments

In 1985, the Legislature passed the Growth Management Act, which required every city and county to create and implement a comprehensive plan to guide future development.²¹ A local government's comprehensive plan outlines the needs and locations for future public facilities, including roads, water and wastewater infrastructure, residential neighborhoods, parks, schools, and commercial and industrial developments.²²

All development, both public and private, and all development orders²³ approved by local governments must be consistent with the local government's comprehensive plan.²⁴ Among the many components of a comprehensive plan is a land use element designating proposed future

¹⁶ *Id.* at 1-15.

¹⁷ DEP, Everglades Forever Act (EFA), https://floridadep.gov/eco-pro/eco-pro/content/everglades-forever-act-efa (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

¹⁸ *Id*.

¹⁹ Section 373.4592(2)(h), F.S. The "Everglades Program" is defined as the program of projects, regulations, and research provided by the Act. *Id*.

²⁰ *Id*.

²¹ Chapter 85-55, Laws of Fla.

²² Section 163.3177, F.S.

²³ "Development order" means any order granting, denying, or granting with conditions an application for a development permit. See s. 163.3164(15), F.S. "Development permit" includes any building permit, zoning permit, subdivision approval, rezoning, certification, special exception, variance, or any other official action of local government having the effect of permitting the development of land. See s. 163.3164(16), F.S.

²⁴ Section 163.3194(3), F.S

general distribution, location, and extent of the uses of land.²⁵ Specified use designations include those for residential, commercial, industry, agriculture, recreation, conservation, education, and public facilities.²⁶

In 2011, the Legislature bifurcated the process for approving comprehensive plan amendments.²⁷ Plan amendments are now placed into either the "Expedited State Review Process" or the "State Coordinated Review Process." The two processes operate in much the same way; however, the State Coordinated Review Process provides a longer review period and requires all agency comments to be coordinated by the Department of Commerce (Commerce), rather than communicated directly to the permitting local government by each individual reviewing agency. Most plan amendments are required to follow the expedited process. Plan amendments in any of the following categories are required to follow the state coordinated process:

- Located in an area of critical state concern, which contains or has a significant impact on certain resources of regional or statewide importance;²⁹
- Propose a rural land stewardship area, which is designed to establish a long-term incentivebased strategy to balance and guide the allocation of land to accommodate future uses for environmental and economic purposes;³⁰
- Propose a sector plan or an amendment to an adopted sector plan, which emphasizes urban form and protection of regionally significant resources and public facilities;³¹
- Updates to comprehensive plans based on periodic evaluations of compliance with current state requirements;³²
- Propose a development of regional impact, which would have a substantial effect upon the health, safety, or welfare of citizens of more than one county;³³ or
- New plans for newly incorporated municipalities.³⁴

Under both processes, a proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment must receive a public hearing by the local governing body before it may be transmitted to the state for review. First, the local planning board must hold a public hearing at which it makes a recommendation to the local governing body on adoption of the plan or plan amendment.³⁵ Then, the local governing body must hold a public hearing to consider transmittal of the proposed plan or plan amendment.³⁶ If a majority of the local governing body members present at the hearing approve such transmittal, the plan or amendment must be transmitted within 10 working days to the following state and local governmental entities, known as "reviewing agencies":

- The Department of Commerce, designated as the "state land planning agency";³⁷
- The appropriate regional planning council;

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<sup>25</sup> Section 163.3177(6)(a), F.S.
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²⁷ Chapter 2011-139, s. 17, Laws of Fla.

²⁸ Section 163.3184(3) and (4), F.S.

²⁹ See s. 380.05, F.S.

³⁰ See s. 163.3248, F.S.

³¹ See s. 163.3245, F.S.

³² See s. 163.3191, F.S.

³³ See s. 380.06, F.S.

³⁴ Section 163.3184(2)(c), F.S.; see s. 163.3167, F.S.

³⁵ Sections 163.3174(4)(a), F.S.

³⁶ Sections 163.3184(11), F.S.

³⁷ Section 163.3164(44), F.S.

- The appropriate water management district;
- DEP:
- The Department of State;
- The Department of Transportation;
- The Department of Education, if plan amendments relate to public schools;
- The commanding officer of an affected military installation;
- The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, in the case of county plans and plan amendments; and
- The county in which the municipality is located, in the case of municipal plans and plan amendments.³⁸

The reviewing agencies and certain other government entities may provide comments to the local government regarding a plan or plan amendment. State agencies may only comment on important state resources and facilities that will be adversely impacted by a plan amendment, if adopted.³⁹ Comments provided by state agencies must state with specificity how a plan amendment will adversely impact an important state resource or facility and must identify measures the local government may take to eliminate, reduce, or mitigate the adverse impacts.⁴⁰ Under the expedited process, these comments must be provided directly to the local government not later than 30 days after receipt of the plan amendment.⁴¹ Alternatively, the State Coordinated Review requires agencies to provide comments to the Department of Commerce.⁴² Commerce then has a total of 60 days from receipt to provide the local government with a report containing the state's objections, recommendations, and comments.⁴³

In both processes, comments from each governmental entity must be limited to their statutory purview. ⁴⁴ For example, DEP must limit its comments to the subjects of air and water pollution; wetlands and other surface waters of the state; federal and state-owned lands and interest in lands, including state parks, greenways and trails, and conservation easements; solid waste; water and wastewater treatment; and the Everglades ecosystem restoration. ⁴⁵

After the local government receives the comments made by the reviewing agencies, whether directly from the agencies or through the report issued by the Department of Commerce, the local governing body must hold a second public hearing to approve or deny the plan or plan amendment. ⁴⁶ The second public hearing must be conducted within 180 days after the agency

³⁸ Section 163.3184(1)(c) and (3)(b)1., F.S.

³⁹ Section 163.3184(3)(b)2. and (4)(c), F.S. Department of Commerce has special requirements for providing comments on plans or plan amendments following the State Coordinated Review Process.

40 Id

⁴¹ Section 163.3184(3)(b)2.

⁴² Section 163.3184(4)(c)-(d), F.S.

⁴³ Section 163.3184(4)(d), F.S.; see Department of Commerce, State Coordinated Review Amendment Process, http://www.floridajobs.org/docs/default-source/2015-community-development/community-planning/comp-plan/statecoordinatedreviewprocessflowchart.pdf?sfvrsn=d6a766b0_2 (last visited Feb. 5, 2024).

⁴⁴ Section 163.3184(3)(b)3-4 and (4)(c), F.S.

⁴⁵ Section 163.3184(3)(b)4.a., F.S.

⁴⁶ Section 163.3184(11), F.S.

comments are received. Generally, if a local government fails to hold the second public hearing within 180 days after receipt of agency comments, the plan amendment is deemed withdrawn.⁴⁷

Following adoption, the local government must transmit the plan or plan amendment to the Department of Commerce within 10 days of the second public hearing, and Commerce must notify the local government of any deficiencies with the plan amendment within five working days. ⁴⁸ Commerce must determine that a plan or plan amendment is complete before it can go into effect. A plan or plan amendment must be deemed complete if it contains:

- A full, executed copy of the adoption ordinance or ordinances;
- In the case of a text amendment, a full copy of the amended language in legislative format with new words inserted in the text underlined and words deleted stricken with hyphens;
- In the case of a future land use map amendment, a copy of the future land use map clearly depicting the parcel, its existing future land use designation, and its adopted designation; and
- A copy of any data and analyses the local government deems appropriate.⁴⁹

Under the State Coordinated Review Process, following the determination of completeness, the Department of Commerce has 45 days to determine whether the plan or plan amendment is in compliance with applicable law.⁵⁰ Commerce must issue a notice of intent to find that the plan or plan amendment is either in compliance or not in compliance, and the notice must be published on Commerce's website. A plan or plan amendment adopted under the State Coordinated Review Process goes into effect pursuant to Commerce's notice of intent.⁵¹ Under the Expedited State Review Process, a plan amendment goes into effect 31 days after Commerce notifies the local government that the plan amendment package is complete.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 of the bill amends s. 163.3184, F.S., to require any proposed plan or plan amendment by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), F.S., (i.e., Miami-Dade County)⁵² or any municipality located therein, applying to land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area to be reviewed pursuant to the State Coordinated Review Process.

Under the bill, DEP must determine whether the proposed plan or plan amendment, or any portion thereof, will adversely impact the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592, F.S. DEP must issue a written determination to the Department of Commerce, and the local government, within 30 days after

⁴⁷ Section 163.3184(3)(c)1. and (4)(e)1., F.S. This 180-day timeframe may be extended by agreement as long as notice is provided to Department of Commerce and any affected person that provided comments on the plan amendment. Also, an exception exists for developments of regional impact.

⁴⁸ Section 163.3184(3)(c) and (4)(e), F.S.

⁴⁹ *Id*.

⁵⁰ Section 163.3184(4)(e)4., F.S.

⁵¹ Section 163.3184(4)(e)4.-5., F.S.

⁵² Section 125.011(1), F.S., defines county as "any county operating under a home rule charter adopted pursuant to ss. 10, 11, and 24, Art. VII of the Constitution of 1885, as preserved by Art. VIII, s. (6)(e) of the Constitution of 1968, which county, by resolution of its board of county commissioners, elects to exercise the powers herein conferred." Counties authorized to operate under a home rule charter pursuant to the constitutional provisions are Monroe County, Miami-Dade and Hillsborough Counties. Of these, only Miami-Dade County currently operates under a home-rule charter and meets the definition of "county" in s. 125.011(1), F.S.

receipt of the proposed plan or plan amendment. The determination must identify any adverse impacts and may be provided as part of DEP's reviewing comments.

Additionally, before adoption of the proposed plan or plan amendment, DEP must coordinate with the Department of Commerce and the local government to identify any planning strategies or measures that the local government could include in the proposed plan or plan amendment to eliminate or mitigate any adverse impacts to the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592, F.S.

If DEP determines that any portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment will adversely impact the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592, F.S., the local government must modify that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment to include planning strategies or measures to eliminate or mitigate such adverse impacts before adopting the proposed plan or plan amendment, or that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment may not be adopted.

The bill provides that comprehensive plan amendments that apply to any land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area must be transmitted within 10 working days after the second public hearing to DEP.

The section provides that the act may not be construed to limit the Right to Farm Act. 53

Section 2 of the bill amends s. 163.3187, F.S., to:

- Clarify that site-specific text changes relating directly to, and adopted simultaneously with, a small scale future land use map amendment are permissible under that section.
- Provides that a small scale comprehensive plan amendment is not permitted for property that
 is located in Miami-Dade, Broward, or Monroe County which is the subject of a proposed
 amendment by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), F.S., (i.e., Miami-Dade County) or any
 municipality within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined under
 state law.
- Provide that within 10 days after the adoption of a small scale development amendment, a county whose boundaries include any portion of the Everglades Protection Area as defined under state law, and the municipalities within the county, must transmit a copy of the amendment to the Department of Commerce for recordkeeping purposes.
- The section provides that the act may not be construed to limit the Right to Farm Act.

Section 3 of the bill amends s. 420.615(5), F.S., to implement a conforming change.

Section 4 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2024.

⁵³ The Florida Right to Farm Act was enacted in 1979 to protect agricultural production against some nuisance lawsuits. The laws do not grant absolute immunity but generally provide protections for defendants based upon a "coming to the nuisance" defense theory. These laws provide a liability shield for pre-existing agricultural operations when changes are made to the use of nearby parcels. See Section 823.14 F.S.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Landowners and private interests seeking to develop land within two miles of the Everglades Protection Area may see an increase in the time to approve such developments.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Environmental Protection and to a lesser degree local governments, reviewing agencies, and the Department of Commerce may incur an indeterminate increase in costs associated with reviewing plans and plan amendments for potential impacts to the Everglades Protection Area.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 163.3184, 163.3187, and 420.615

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Agriculture on February 6, 2024:

The committee substitute limits proposed plans and plan amendments that must follow the state coordinated review process if land is within two miles of the Everglades Protection Area to a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), F.S., or any municipality located therein.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/06/2024		
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The Committee on Agriculture (Calatayud) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 49 - 193

and insert:

Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2) must follow the state coordinated review process as provided in subsection (4).

- (3) EXPEDITED STATE REVIEW PROCESS FOR ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS.-
- (a) The process for amending a comprehensive plan described in this subsection applies shall apply to all amendments except

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as provided in paragraphs (2)(b), and (c), and (d) and is shall be applicable statewide.

- (4) STATE COORDINATED REVIEW PROCESS.-
- (a) Coordination.-The state land planning agency shall only use the state coordinated review process described in this subsection for review of comprehensive plans and plan amendments described in paragraphs (2)(c) and (d) paragraph (2)(c). Each comprehensive plan or plan amendment proposed to be adopted pursuant to this subsection must shall be transmitted, adopted, and reviewed in the manner prescribed in this subsection. The state land planning agency shall have responsibility for plan review, coordination, and the preparation and transmission of comments, pursuant to this subsection, to the local governing body responsible for the comprehensive plan or plan amendment.
- (b) Local government transmittal of proposed plan or amendment.—Each local governing body proposing a plan or plan amendment specified in paragraph (2)(c) or paragraph (2)(d) shall transmit the complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to the reviewing agencies within 10 working days after the first public hearing pursuant to subsection (11). The transmitted document must shall clearly indicate on the cover sheet that this plan amendment is subject to the state coordinated review process of this subsection. The local governing body shall also transmit a copy of the complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to any other unit of local government or government agency in the state that has filed a written request with the governing body for the plan or plan amendment.
 - (c) Reviewing agency comments.—The agencies specified in

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paragraph (b) may provide comments regarding the plan or plan amendments in accordance with subparagraphs (3)(b)2.-4. However, comments on plans or plan amendments required to be reviewed under the state coordinated review process must shall be sent to the state land planning agency within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan or plan amendment from the local government. If the state land planning agency comments on a plan or plan amendment adopted under the state coordinated review process, it must shall provide comments according to paragraph (e) $\frac{(d)}{(d)}$. Any other unit of local government or government agency specified in paragraph (b) may provide comments to the state land planning agency in accordance with subparagraphs (3)(b)2.-4. within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan or plan amendment. Written comments submitted by the public must shall be sent directly to the local government.

(d) Everglades Protection Area determinations.—A proposed plan or plan amendment by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1) or any municipality located therein which applies to any land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2) must be reviewed pursuant to this paragraph by the Department of Environmental Protection. The department shall determine whether the proposed plan or plan amendment, or any portion thereof, adversely impacts the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592. The department shall issue a written determination to the state land planning agency and the local government within 30 days after receipt of the proposed plan or plan amendment. The determination must

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identify any adverse impacts and may be provided as part of the agency's comments pursuant to paragraph (c). Before the adoption of the proposed plan or plan amendment, the department shall work in coordination with the state land planning agency and the local government to identify any planning strategies or measures that the local government could include in the proposed plan or plan amendment to eliminate or mitigate any adverse impacts to the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592. If the department determines that any portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment will adversely impact the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592, the local government must modify that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment to include planning strategies or measures to eliminate or mitigate such adverse impacts before adopting the proposed plan or plan amendment or that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment may not be adopted.

- (e) State land planning agency review.-
- 1. If the state land planning agency elects to review a plan or plan amendment specified in paragraph (2)(c), the agency shall issue a report giving its objections, recommendations, and comments regarding the proposed plan or plan amendment within 60 days after receipt of the proposed plan or plan amendment. Notwithstanding the limitation on comments in sub-subparagraph (3) (b) 4.q., the state land planning agency may make objections, recommendations, and comments in its report regarding whether the plan or plan amendment is in compliance and whether the plan or plan amendment will adversely impact important state

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resources and facilities. Any objection regarding an important state resource or facility that will be adversely impacted by the adopted plan or plan amendment shall also state with specificity how the plan or plan amendment will adversely impact the important state resource or facility and shall identify measures the local government may take to eliminate, reduce, or mitigate the adverse impacts. When a federal, state, or regional agency has implemented a permitting program, a local government is not required to duplicate or exceed that permitting program in its comprehensive plan or to implement such a permitting program in its land development regulations. This subparagraph does not prohibit the state land planning agency in conducting its review of local plans or plan amendments from making objections, recommendations, and comments regarding densities and intensities consistent with this part. In preparing its comments, the state land planning agency shall only base its considerations on written, and not oral, comments.

- 2. The state land planning agency review shall identify all written communications with the agency regarding the proposed plan amendment. The written identification must include a list of all documents received or generated by the agency, which list must be of sufficient specificity to enable the documents to be identified and copies requested, if desired, and the name of the person to be contacted to request copies of any identified document.
- (f) (e) Local government review of comments; adoption of plan or amendments and transmittal.-
- 1. The local government shall review the report submitted to it by the state land planning agency, if any, and written

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comments submitted to it by any other person, agency, or government. The local government, upon receipt of the report from the state land planning agency, shall hold a its second public hearing, which shall be a hearing to determine whether to adopt the comprehensive plan or one or more comprehensive plan amendments pursuant to subsection (11). If the local government fails to hold the second hearing within 180 days after receipt of the state land planning agency's report, the amendments are shall be deemed withdrawn unless extended by agreement with notice to the state land planning agency and any affected person who that provided comments on the amendment. The 180-day limitation does not apply to amendments processed pursuant to s. 380.06.

2. All comprehensive plan amendments adopted by the governing body, along with the supporting data and analysis, must shall be transmitted within 10 working days after the second public hearing to the state land planning agency and any other agency or local government that provided timely comments under paragraph (c). Comprehensive plan amendments by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1) or any municipality located therein which apply to land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2) must also be

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

By Senator Calatayud

38-01172A-24 20241364 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Everglades Protection Area; amending s. 163.3184, F.S.; requiring that proposed plans and plan amendments that apply to certain lands within or near the Everglades Protection Area follow the state coordinated review process; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; authorizing local governments to consider an application for a development permit or development order contingent 10 upon adoption of such plans and amendments; providing 11 duties of the Department of Environmental Protection 12 relating to such plans and plan amendments; providing 13 a condition for the adoption of such plans and plan 14 amendments upon a certain determination by the 15 department; specifying a requirement for the 16 transmittal of certain comprehensive plan amendments 17 to the department; making technical changes; providing 18 construction; amending s. 163.3187, F.S.; authorizing 19 site-specific text changes for small-scale future land 20 use map amendments; prohibiting the adoption of small-21 scale development amendments for properties located 22 within or near the Everglades Protection Area; 23 requiring local governments whose boundaries include 24 any portion of the Everglades Protection Area to 25 transmit copies of adopted small-scale development 26 amendments to the state land planning agency within a 27 specified timeframe; making technical changes;

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conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective Page 1 of 14

providing construction; amending s. 420.615, F.S.;

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Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

	38-01172A-24 20241364
30	date.
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32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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34	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraph (a)
35	of subsection (3), subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection
36	(5), and paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 163.3184,
37	Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (d) is added to
38	subsection (2) and subsection (14) is added to that section, to
39	read:
40	163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or plan
41	amendment
42	(2) COMPREHENSIVE PLANS AND PLAN AMENDMENTS
43	(a) Plan amendments adopted by local governments $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$
44	follow the expedited state review process in subsection (3),
45	except as set forth in paragraphs (b) $\underline{}$ and (c) $\underline{}$ and (d).
46	(d) Proposed plans and plan amendments by a county as
47	defined in s. 125.011(1) or any municipality located therein
48	which apply to land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades
49	Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2), such as lands
50	within Miami-Dade, Broward, or Monroe County, must follow the
51	state coordinated review process as provided in subsection (4).
52	(3) EXPEDITED STATE REVIEW PROCESS FOR ADOPTION OF
53	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS
54	(a) The process for amending a comprehensive plan described
55	in this subsection $\underline{\text{applies}}$ $\underline{\text{shall apply}}$ to all amendments except
56	as provided in paragraphs (2)(b) $_{\underline{\prime}}$ and (c) $_{\underline{\prime}}$ and (d) and $\underline{\mathrm{is}}$ shall
57	be applicable statewide.
58	(4) STATE COORDINATED REVIEW PROCESS.—

Page 2 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364

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- (a) Coordination. The state land planning agency shall only use the state coordinated review process described in this subsection for review of comprehensive plans and plan amendments described in paragraphs (2)(c) and (d) paragraph (2)(c). Each comprehensive plan or plan amendment proposed to be adopted pursuant to this subsection must shall be transmitted, adopted, and reviewed in the manner prescribed in this subsection. The state land planning agency shall have responsibility for plan review, coordination, and the preparation and transmission of comments, pursuant to this subsection, to the local governing body responsible for the comprehensive plan or plan amendment.
- (b) Local government transmittal of proposed plan or amendment.-Each local governing body proposing a plan or plan amendment specified in paragraph (2)(c) or paragraph (2)(d) shall transmit the complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to the reviewing agencies within 10 working days after the first public hearing pursuant to subsection (11). The transmitted document must shall clearly indicate on the cover sheet that this plan amendment is subject to the state coordinated review process of this subsection. The local governing body shall also transmit a copy of the complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment to any other unit of local government or government agency in the state that has filed a written request with the governing body for the plan or plan amendment.
- (c) Reviewing agency comments. The agencies specified in paragraph (b) may provide comments regarding the plan or plan amendments in accordance with subparagraphs (3)(b)2.-4. However, comments on plans or plan amendments required to be reviewed

Page 3 of 14

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Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

20241364

under the state coordinated review process must shall be sent to 89 the state land planning agency within 30 days after receipt by 90 the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan or plan amendment from the local government. If the state land planning agency comments on a plan or plan amendment adopted under the state coordinated review process, it must shall provide comments according to paragraph (e) (d). Any other unit of local government or government agency specified in paragraph 96 (b) may provide comments to the state land planning agency in 97 accordance with subparagraphs (3)(b)2.-4. within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan or plan amendment. Written comments submitted by 99 the public must shall be sent directly to the local government. 100

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(d) Everglades Protection Area determinations.-A proposed plan or plan amendment that applies to any land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2) must be reviewed pursuant to this paragraph by the Department of Environmental Protection. The department shall determine whether the proposed plan or plan amendment, or any portion thereof, adversely impacts the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592. The department shall issue a written determination to the state land planning agency and the local government within 30 days after receipt of the proposed plan or plan amendment. The determination must identify any adverse impacts and may be provided as part of the agency's comments pursuant to paragraph (c). Before the adoption of the proposed plan or plan amendment, the department shall work in coordination with the state land planning agency and the local

Page 4 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364 Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364

government to identify any planning strategies or measures that the local government could include in the proposed plan or plan amendment to eliminate or mitigate any adverse impacts to the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592. If the department determines that any portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment will adversely impact the Everglades Protection Area or the Everglades restoration and protection objectives identified in s. 373.4592, the local government must modify that portion of the proposed plan or plan amendment to include planning strategies or measures to eliminate or mitigate such adverse impacts before adopting the proposed plan or plan amendment may not be adopted.

(e) State land planning agency review.-

1. If the state land planning agency elects to review a plan or plan amendment specified in paragraph (2)(c), the agency shall issue a report giving its objections, recommendations, and comments regarding the proposed plan or plan amendment within 60 days after receipt of the proposed plan or plan amendment.

Notwithstanding the limitation on comments in sub-subparagraph (3)(b)4.g., the state land planning agency may make objections, recommendations, and comments in its report regarding whether the plan or plan amendment is in compliance and whether the plan or plan amendment will adversely impact important state resources and facilities. Any objection regarding an important state resource or facility that will be adversely impacted by the adopted plan or plan amendment shall also state with specificity how the plan or plan amendment will adversely impact

Page 5 of 14

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38-01172A-24 20241364

the important state resource or facility and shall identify measures the local government may take to eliminate, reduce, or mitigate the adverse impacts. When a federal, state, or regional agency has implemented a permitting program, a local government is not required to duplicate or exceed that permitting program in its comprehensive plan or to implement such a permitting program in its land development regulations. This subparagraph does not prohibit the state land planning agency in conducting its review of local plans or plan amendments from making objections, recommendations, and comments regarding densities and intensities consistent with this part. In preparing its comments, the state land planning agency shall only base its considerations on written, and not oral, comments.

2. The state land planning agency review shall identify all written communications with the agency regarding the proposed plan amendment. The written identification must include a list of all documents received or generated by the agency, which list must be of sufficient specificity to enable the documents to be identified and copies requested, if desired, and the name of the person to be contacted to request copies of any identified document.

(f) (e) Local government review of comments; adoption of plan or amendments and transmittal.-

1. The local government shall review the report submitted to it by the state land planning agency, if any, and written comments submitted to it by any other person, agency, or government. The local government, upon receipt of the report from the state land planning agency, shall hold <u>a</u> its second public hearing, which shall be a hearing to determine whether to

Page 6 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364 Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364

adopt the comprehensive plan or one or more comprehensive plan amendments pursuant to subsection (11). If the local government fails to hold the second hearing within 180 days after receipt of the state land planning agency's report, the amendments are shall be deemed withdrawn unless extended by agreement with notice to the state land planning agency and any affected person who that provided comments on the amendment. The 180-day limitation does not apply to amendments processed pursuant to s. 380.06.

- 2. All comprehensive plan amendments adopted by the governing body, along with the supporting data and analysis, must shall be transmitted within 10 working days after the second public hearing to the state land planning agency and any other agency or local government that provided timely comments under paragraph (c). Comprehensive plan amendments by a county as defined in s. 125.011(1) or any municipality located therein which apply to land within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2), such as lands within Miami-Dade, Broward, or Monroe County, must also be transmitted within 10 working days after the second public hearing to the Department of Environmental Protection.
- 3. The state land planning agency shall notify the local government of any deficiencies within 5 working days after receipt of a plan or plan amendment package. For purposes of completeness, a plan or plan amendment is shall be deemed complete if it contains a full, executed copy of the adoption ordinance or ordinances; in the case of a text amendment, a full copy of the amended language in legislative format with new words inserted in the text underlined, and words deleted

Page 7 of 14

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38-01172A-24 20241364

stricken with hyphens; in the case of a future land use map amendment, a copy of the future land use map clearly depicting the parcel, its existing future land use designation, and its adopted designation; and a copy of any data and analyses the local government deems appropriate.

- 4. After the state land planning agency makes a determination of completeness regarding the adopted plan or plan amendment, the state land planning agency has shall have 45 days to determine if the plan or plan amendment is in compliance with this act. Unless the plan or plan amendment is substantially changed from the one commented on, the state land planning agency's compliance determination is shall be limited to objections raised in the objections, recommendations, and comments report. During the period provided for in this subparagraph, the state land planning agency shall issue, through a senior administrator or the secretary, a notice of intent to find that the plan or plan amendment is in compliance or not in compliance. The state land planning agency shall post a copy of the notice of intent on the agency's Internet website. Publication by the state land planning agency of the notice of intent on the state land planning agency's website is Internet site shall be prima facie evidence of compliance with the publication requirements of this subparagraph.
- 5. A plan or plan amendment adopted under the state coordinated review process <u>must shall</u> go into effect pursuant to the state land planning agency's notice of intent. If timely challenged, an amendment does not become effective until the state land planning agency or the Administration Commission enters a final order determining the adopted amendment to be in

Page 8 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364__

compliance.

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- (5) ADMINISTRATIVE CHALLENGES TO PLANS AND PLAN AMENDMENTS.—
- (b) The state land planning agency may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, with a copy served on the affected local government, to request a formal hearing to challenge whether the plan or plan amendment is in compliance as defined in paragraph (1)(b). The state land planning agency's petition must clearly state the reasons for the challenge. Under the expedited state review process, this petition must be filed with the division within 30 days after the state land planning agency notifies the local government that the plan amendment package is complete according to subparagraph (3)(c)3. Under the state coordinated review process, this petition must be filed with the division within 45 days after the state land planning agency notifies the local government that the plan amendment package is complete according to subparagraph (4)(f)3. (4)(e)3.
- 1. The state land planning agency's challenge to plan amendments adopted under the expedited state review process <u>is</u> shall be limited to the comments provided by the reviewing agencies pursuant to subparagraphs (3) (b)2.-4., upon a determination by the state land planning agency that an important state resource or facility will be adversely impacted by the adopted plan amendment. The state land planning agency's petition <u>must shall</u> state with specificity how the plan amendment will adversely impact the important state resource or facility. The state land planning agency may challenge a plan amendment that has substantially changed from the version on

Page 9 of 14

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Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364_

which the agencies provided comments but only upon a determination by the state land planning agency that an important state resource or facility will be adversely impacted.

- 2. If the state land planning agency issues a notice of intent to find the comprehensive plan or plan amendment not in compliance with this act, the notice of intent <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services, which shall conduct a proceeding under ss. 120.569 and 120.57 in the county of and convenient to the affected local jurisdiction. The parties to the proceeding <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> be the state land planning agency, the affected local government, and any affected person who intervenes. A No new issue may <u>not</u> be alleged as a reason to find a plan or plan amendment not in compliance in an administrative pleading filed more than 21 days after publication of notice unless the party seeking that issue establishes good cause for not alleging the issue within that time period. Good cause does not include excusable neglect.
 - (11) PUBLIC HEARINGS.-

2.68

(a) The procedure for transmittal of a complete proposed comprehensive plan or plan amendment pursuant to subparagraph (3)(b)1. and paragraph (4)(b) and for adoption of a comprehensive plan or plan amendment pursuant to subparagraphs (3)(c)1. and (4)(e)1. is shall be by affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the members of the governing body present at the hearing. The adoption of a comprehensive plan or plan amendment is shall be by ordinance. For the purposes of transmitting or adopting a comprehensive plan or plan amendment, the notice requirements in chapters 125 and 166 are superseded

Page 10 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364

by this subsection, except as provided in this part.

2.97

(14) This act may not be construed to limit the rights and protections granted by s. 823.14.

Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section 163.3187, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

163.3187 Process for adoption of $\underline{\text{small-scale}}$ $\underline{\text{small scale}}$ comprehensive plan amendment.—

- (1) A $\underline{\text{small-scale}}$ $\underline{\text{small scale}}$ development amendment may be adopted if $\underline{\text{all of }}$ $\underline{\text{under}}$ the following conditions are met:
- (a) The proposed amendment involves a use of 50 acres or fewer. $\ensuremath{\mathsf{and}} \div$
- (b) The proposed amendment does not involve a text change to the goals, policies, and objectives of the local government's comprehensive plan, but only proposes a land use change to the future land use map for a site-specific small-scale small-scale small
- (c) The property that is the subject of the proposed amendment is not located within an area of critical state concern, unless the project subject to the proposed amendment involves the construction of affordable housing units meeting the criteria of s. 420.0004(3), and is located within an area of critical state concern designated by s. 380.0552 or by the Administration Commission pursuant to s. 380.05(1).
- (d) The property located in Miami-Dade, Broward, or Monroe County which is the subject of the proposed amendment by a

Page 11 of 14

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Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

county as defined in s. 125.011(1) or any municipality located therein is not located in whole or in part within, or within 2 miles of, the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2).

38-01172A-24

(2) <u>Small-scale</u> <u>Small scale</u> development amendments adopted pursuant to this section require only one public hearing before the governing board, which <u>must shall</u> be an adoption hearing as described in s. 163.3184(11). <u>Within 10 days after the adoption of a small-scale development amendment by a county whose boundaries include any portion of the Everglades Protection Area as defined in s. 373.4592(2), a county and the municipalities within that county shall transmit a copy of the amendment to the state land planning agency for recordkeeping purposes.</u>

(3) If the small-scale development amendment involves a site within a rural area of opportunity as defined under s. 288.0656(2)(d) for the duration of such designation, the acreage limit listed in subsection (1) shall be increased by 100 percent. The local government approving the small-scale plan amendment shall certify to the state land planning agency that the plan amendment furthers the economic objectives set forth in the executive order issued under s. 288.0656(7), and the property subject to the plan amendment shall undergo public review to ensure that all concurrency requirements and federal, state, and local environmental permit requirements are met.

(5) (a) Any affected person may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57 to request a hearing to challenge the compliance of a small-scale small scale development amendment with this act

Page 12 of 14

Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364

within 30 days following the local government's adoption of the amendment and shall serve a copy of the petition on the local government. An administrative law judge shall hold a hearing in the affected jurisdiction not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days following the filing of a petition and the assignment of an administrative law judge. The parties to a hearing held pursuant to this subsection shall be the petitioner, the local government, and any intervenor. In the proceeding, the plan amendment shall be determined to be in compliance if the local government's determination that the small-scale $\frac{1}{2}$ scale development amendment is in compliance is fairly debatable. The state land planning agency may not intervene in any proceeding initiated pursuant to this section. The prevailing party in a challenge filed under this paragraph is entitled to recover attorney fees and costs in challenging or defending the order, including reasonable appellate attorney fees and costs.

- (b)1. If the administrative law judge recommends that the $\underline{small-scale}$ $\underline{small-scale}$ development amendment be found not in compliance, the administrative law judge shall submit the recommended order to the Administration Commission for final agency action. If the administrative law judge recommends that the $\underline{small-scale}$ \underline{small} \underline{scale} development amendment be found in compliance, the administrative law judge shall submit the recommended order to the state land planning agency.
- 2. If the state land planning agency determines that the plan amendment is not in compliance, the agency shall submit, within 30 days following its receipt, the recommended order to the Administration Commission for final agency action. If the state land planning agency determines that the plan amendment is

Page 13 of 14

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Florida Senate - 2024 SB 1364

38-01172A-24 20241364_

in compliance, the agency shall enter a final order within 30 days following its receipt of the recommended order.

- (c) <u>Small-scale</u> <u>small scale</u> development amendments may not become effective until 31 days after adoption. If challenged within 30 days after adoption, <u>small-scale</u> <u>small scale</u> development amendments may not become effective until the state land planning agency or the Administration Commission, respectively, issues a final order determining that the adopted small-scale <u>small scale</u> development amendment is in compliance.
- (d) In all challenges under this subsection, when a determination of compliance as defined in s. 163.3184(1) (b) is made, consideration shall be given to the plan amendment as a whole and whether the plan amendment furthers the intent of this part.
- (6) This section may not be construed to limit the rights and protections granted by s. 823.14.

Section 3. Subsection (5) of section 420.615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

420.615 Affordable housing land donation density bonus incentives.—

(5) The local government, as part of the approval process, shall adopt a comprehensive plan amendment, pursuant to part II of chapter 163, for the receiving land that incorporates the density bonus. Such amendment shall be adopted in the manner as required for small-scale amendments pursuant to s. 163.3187 and is not subject to the requirements of \underline{s} . 163.3184(4)(b), (c), or (e) \underline{s} . 163.3184(4)(b) (d).

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.

Page 14 of 14

Meeting Date AGRICULTURE (Sen)	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1364 Bill Number or Topic		
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Suzanne Fo	Phone S	50)339-7847		
Address 977 Charl	ais St Email Priv	tysgagmil.com		
Talla 1	1 32317	Reset Form		
Speaking: For Against	permananary .	In Support Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

The Florida Senate

2/6/24	APPEARANCE RECORD	93 1364
Agri culture	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Anna Upton,	Everglades Trust Phone 8	350-228-6360
Address 960 Live Oak	Plantation Road Email a	nna Ceverglades trust. or
Tallahassee	FL 32312 State Zip	
Speaking: For Aga	inst Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🔀 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Every adas Tust	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

The Florida Senate

1364 2/6/2024 APPEARANCE RECORD Bill Number or Topic Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Agriculture Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Committee 850-222-1098 Elizabeth Alvi (Audubon Florida) Phone Name Address 308 N. Monroe Beth.Alvi@audubon.org Tallahassee 32301 Zip City State Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: ✓ In Support PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am not a lobbyist, but received I am a registered lobbyist, I am appearing without

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

representina:

Audubon Florida

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

compensation or sponsorship.

something of value for my appearance

(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

sponsored by:

The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Phone **Address** Email Street Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against ! PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (fisenate.gov)

I am a registered lobbyist,

representing:

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

I am appearing without

compensation or sponsorship.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

I am not a lobbyist, but received

(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

sponsored by:

something of value for my appearance

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Community Affairs, Chair Appropriations Committee on Education Education Pre-K 12 Fiscal Policy Health Policy Select Committee on Resiliency

SENATOR Alexis Calatayud 38th District

January 18, 2024

Honorable Senator Jay Collins Chair - Committee on Agriculture Honorable Chair Collins.

I respectfully request that **SB- 1364 Everglades Protection Area** be placed on the next committee agenda.

This bill requires that proposed plans and plan amendments that apply to certain lands within or near the Everglades Protection Area follow the state coordinated review process; authorizing local governments to consider an application for a development permit or development order contingent upon adoption of such plans and amendments; providing duties of the Department of Environmental Protection relating to such plans and plan amendments; prohibiting the adoption of small-scale development amendments for properties located within or near the Everglades Protection Area.

Sincerely,

Alexis M. Calatayad

Senator Alexis M. Calatayud Florida Senate, District 38

CC: Katherine Becker, Staff Director

Evan Denny, Committee Administrative Assistant

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: SB 301 Case No.: Type: Caption: Senate Committee on Agriculture Judge:

Started: 2/6/2024 11:30:12 AM

Ends: 2/6/2024 11:38:08 AM Length: 00:07:57

11:30:15 AM Chair Collins makes opening remarks11:30:41 AM Senator Boyd makes opening remarks11:31:11 AM Senator Simon makes opening remarks

11:32:31 AM Chair Collins

11:32:37 AM Chair Collins calls meeting to order

11:32:45 AM Roll call

11:33:07 AM Quorum is present **11:33:09 AM** Pledge of Allegiance

11:33:19 AM Tab 1, SB 1364 on Everglades Protection Area by Calatayud

11:33:22 AM Senator Calatayud explains the bill **11:34:26 AM** Amendment #836216 by Calatayud

11:34:41 AM Senator Calatayud explains the amendment

11:35:04 AM Chair Collins reports the amendment

11:35:12 AM Chair Collins recognizes public appearance

11:36:33 AM Laura Reynolds

11:36:44 AM Senator Calatayud closes on the bill

11:37:08 AM Roll call

11:37:31 AM Senator Berman moves to adjourn

11:37:39 AM Meeting adjourned