The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

COMMERCE AND TOURISM Senator Gruters, Chair Senator Torres, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 4, 2019

TIME: 1:00—3:00 p.m.

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Building

MEMBERS: Senator Gruters, Chair; Senator Torres, Vice Chair; Senators Hutson, Stewart, and Wright

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 738 Baxley (Compare H 507, H 657, Linked S 740)	Annual Business Organization Reports and Fees; Authorizing domestic and registered foreign limited liability companies to submit biennial reports to the Department of State; authorizing domestic and foreign corporations to submit biennial reports to the department; authorizing domestic and foreign corporations not for profit to submit biennial reports to the department, etc. CM 03/04/2019 Favorable ATD AP	Favorable Yeas 4 Nays 0
2	SB 740 Baxley (Identical H 657, Compare H 507, Linked S 738)	Fees/Annual Business Organization Reports; Establishing a biennial report filing fee for limited liability companies; authorizing the Department of State to escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees; establishing a biennial report filing fee for domestic and foreign corporations; establishing a biennial supplemental corporate fee for limited liability companies, domestic and foreign corporations, and domestic and foreign limited partnerships, etc. CM 03/04/2019 Fav/CS ATD AP	Fav/CS Yeas 4 Nays 0
3	SB 588 Hutson (Identical H 603, Compare H 1299, S 502)	Single-use Plastic Straws; Providing that a food service establishment may distribute a single-use plastic straw to a customer only if requested to do so by the customer; providing exceptions; providing that a food service establishment may make single-use plastic straws available through self-serve straw dispensers, etc. CM 03/04/2019 Fav/CS CA RC	Fav/CS Yeas 3 Nays 1

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Commerce and Tourism Monday, March 4, 2019, 1:00—3:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	SB 750 Gruters	Research and Development Tax Credit; Increasing the combined total amount of research and development credits against the corporate income tax which may be granted to certain business enterprises during any calendar year, etc. CM 03/04/2019 Fav/CS FT AP	Fav/CS Yeas 4 Nays 0
5	SB 878 Gruters	Corporate Taxable Income Adjustments; Providing that, for the purposes of calculating adjusted federal income, motor vehicle rental or leasing companies are not required to add to their taxable income certain amounts deducted for federal income tax purposes as bonus depreciation; providing retroactive applicability, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 4 Nays 0
		CM 03/04/2019 Fav/CS FT AP	
6	DSO Review of the Florida Concret	e Masonry Education Council	Presented

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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	y: The Prof	essional Staff of	f the Committee on	Commerce and	Tourism
BILL: SB 738						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Bax	xley				
SUBJECT:	Annual Bus	siness Org	ganization Rep	ports and Fees		
DATE:	March 1, 20	019	REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFI	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Harmsen		McKay		CM	Favorable	
2.				ATD		
3.				AP		

I. Summary:

SB 738 allows business entities that are registered in Florida to file either an annual or a biennial report with the Florida Department of State. Currently, these business entities must file an annual report and remit related fees each year.

II. Present Situation:

Domestic and foreign business organizations that do business in Florida are governed pursuant to their pertinent chapter of law:

- Limited Liability Companies are subject to ch. 605, F.S., the "Florida Revised Limited Liability Company Act;"
- Corporations are subject to ch. 607, F.S., the "Florida Business Corporation Act;"
- Corporations Not For Profit are subject to ch. 617, F.S., the "Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act;"
- Limited Partnerships are subject to ss. 620.1102-620.2205, F.S., the "Florida Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2005;" and
- Limited Liability Partnerships are subject to ss. 620.81001-620.9902, F.S., the "Revised Uniform Partnership Act of 1995."

Each business organization is similarly required to submit an annual report to the Department of State (Department) between January 1 and May 1 of each year that states its name, date of organization, jurisdiction in which it was formed, principal office and mailing addresses, federal employer identification number, and any additional information the Department may deem

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necessary. Each entity must pay both an annual report fee² and supplemental fee³ as outlined below:

Type of Business Entity	Annual Report Filing Fee	Supplemental Corporate Fee
Limited Liability Company	\$50	\$88.75
Corporation	\$61.25	\$88.75
Corporation Not For Profit	\$61.25	\$88.75
Limited Partnership	\$411.25	\$88.75
Limited Liability Partnership	\$25	n/a

A business entity's failure to file an annual report by May 1 results in a \$400 late filing fee, in addition to the underlying report and supplemental fees.⁴ Alternately, if a business entity fails to file an annual report by the close of business on the third Friday in September, the Department may institute proceedings to administratively dissolve the entity, or revoke its authority to transact business in the state.⁵

The Department's Division of Corporations (Division) maintains a registry for recording and retrieving commercial information that is filed or registered with the Department.⁶ In total, the Division maintains more than eight million records, including a variety of business organization's filings such as annual reports, articles of incorporation or other types of business entity organization, bylaws, and shareholder agreements.⁷ The Division determines whether submitted filings and forms meet the pertinent statutory requirements and then records and indexes those filings in its database of records.⁸ In Fiscal Year 2017-2018, the Division received and processed 395,777 total business entity filings from corporations, limited partnership, limited liability companies, general partnerships, and limited liability partnership.⁹

¹ See, ss. 605.0212(1), 607.1622(1), 617.1622(1), 620.1210(1), and 620.9003(1), F.S. See also, Florida Department of State, File Annual Report, https://dos.myflorida.com/sunbiz/manage-business/efile/annual-report/ (last visited Mar. 1, 2019).

² See, ss. 605.0213(5), 607.0122(17), 617.0122(17), 620.1109(7), 620.81055(1)(h), F.S.

³ Section 607.193, F.S., applies an \$88.75 supplemental fee to each business entity that is authorized to transact business in Florida. *See also*, ss. 607.0122(23), F.S.

⁴ Section 607.193(2)(b), F.S.

⁵ Sections 607.1420-.1421; 607.1530-.1531; 607.1622(8) F.S.

⁶ See, ss. 55.201 and 606.04, F.S. See also <u>www.sunbiz.org</u> (last visited Mar. 1, 2019) the Division's official website that serves as the state's official business index.

⁷ Florida Auditor General, *Operational Audit: Department of State, Division of Corporations, Museum of Florida History*, and Selected Administrative Activities, Report No. 2017-195, p. 2, (Mar. 2017), available at https://flauditor.gov/pages/pdf files/2017-195.pdf (last visited Mar. 1, 2019). *See also*, Florida Department of State, *Long Range Program Plan FY 2019-20 through FY 2023-24*, p.14, available at https://floridafiscalportal.state.fl.us/Document.aspx?ID=18085&DocType=PDF (last visited Mar. 1, 2019).

⁸ Florida Department of State, Division of Corporations, *About Us*, https://dos.myflorida.com/sunbiz/about-us/ (last visited Mar. 1, 2019). *See also*, e.g., ss., 605.0210(5), 607.0125(4), and 617.0125(4), F.S.

⁹ Florida Department of State, Division of Corporations, *Yearly Statistics*, https://dos.myflorida.com/sunbiz/about-us/yearly-statistics/ (last visited Mar. 1, 2019).

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III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill makes changes throughout Title XXXVI of the Florida Statutes, Business Organizations, ¹⁰ to allow business entities that are registered in Florida to file either an annual or a biennial report. The bill makes conforming changes, including:

- Permitting the Department to prescribe the form of an annual and biennial report;
- Clarifying the filing deadlines for biennial reports, specifically requiring all business entities to file their first annual or biennial report within 1 year of the entity's creation, e.g., incorporation; and
- Specifying that any additional report filed during the biennial period is an amended report for purposes of filing by the Department.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2019.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

This bill does not authorize a fee increase to correspond with the filing of biennial reports, but a linked bill (SB 740) does.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

¹⁰ For purposes of this bill, the business organizations eligible for the biennial reporting include those created in: ch. 605, F.S., the Revised Limited Liability Company Act; ch. 607, F.S., the Business Corporation Act; ch. 617, F.S., the Florida Not For Profit Corporation Act; Part I of ch. 620, F.S., the Revised Uniform Limited Partnership Act of 2005; Part II of ch. 620, F.S., the Revised Uniform Partnership Act; and ch. 621, F.S., the Professional Service Corporation and Limited Liability Company Act.

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B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill may facilitate a more efficient report filing process for Florida business organizations, which will be able to submit required reports every other year instead of annually. Entities that opt to file biennially will also be subject to fewer possible late filing fees.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department may be required to amend certain forms, websites, and informational documents to reflect a business organization's ability to file its annual report either annually or biennially. Overall, biennial reporting may result in a reduction of workload for the Department's employees.

Biennial reporting may cause the Department's annual revenue from fees to fluctuate.

The Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) opines that biennial reporting may negatively affect its economic crimes investigations. ¹¹ The FDLE mines data such as an IP address and banking information from annual reporting that is uses to link an individual bad actor to the business name under which he or she operates. The FDLE states that it may be less effective in these investigations with a reduction in filing as a result of biennial reporting.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

If signed into law, this bill takes effect whether or not its corresponding fee increase bill (SB 740) does. This may result in revenue losses to the Department if business entities are able to file their biennial reports for the same cost as an annual report.

Biennial reporting may potentially result in a greater lag in time between when a business entity ceases to be active and the Department's administrative dissolution of the entity for inactivity or noncompliance.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 605.0212, 607.1622, 607.193, 617.1622, 620.1210, 620.9003, 605.0114, 605.0211, 605.0714, 605.0715, 605.0908, 605.0909, 606.06, 607.0121, 607.0128, 607.01401, 607.0141, 607.0502, 607.0705, 607.1420, 607.1421, 607.1509, 607.15101, 607.1530, 607.1531, 607.15315, 607.1601, 617.0121, 617.0128, 617.0502, 617.1420, 617.1421, 617.1509, 617.1510, 617.1530, 617.1531, 617.1533, 617.1601, 620.1111, 620.1115, 620.1209, 620.1809, 620.1810, 620.1906, 620.1909, and 622.05.

¹¹ Florida Department of Law Enforcement, *SB 738 Agency Analysis*, p. 1 (Feb. 11, 2019) (on file with the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism).

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IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) A.

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Baxley

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to annual business organization reports and fees; amending s. 605.0212, F.S.; authorizing domestic and registered foreign limited liability companies to submit biennial reports to the Department of State; amending s. 607.1622, F.S.; authorizing domestic and foreign corporations to submit biennial reports to the department; amending s. 607.193, F.S.; making a clarifying change; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 617.1622, F.S.; authorizing domestic and foreign corporations not for profit to submit biennial reports to the department; amending s. 620.1210, F.S.; authorizing domestic and foreign limited partnerships to submit biennial reports to the department; amending s. 620.9003, F.S.; authorizing domestic and foreign limited liability partnerships to submit biennial reports to the department; amending ss. 605.0114, 605.0211, 605.0714, 605.0715, 605.0908, 605.0909, 606.06, 607.0121, 607.0128, 607.01401, 607.0141, 607.0502, 607.0705, 607.1420, 607.1421, 607.1509, 607.15101, 607.1530, 607.1531, 607.15315, 607.1601, 617.0121, 617.0128, 617.0502, 617.1420, 617.1421, 617.1509, 617.1510, 617.1530, 617.1531, 617.1533, 617.1601, 620.1111, 620.1115, 620.1209, 620.1809, 620.1810, 620.1906, 620.1909, and 622.05, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 605.0212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0212 Annual or biennial report for department.-

- (1) A limited liability company or a registered foreign limited liability company shall deliver to the department for filing an annual or biennial report that states the following:
- (a) The name of the limited liability company or, if a foreign limited liability company, the name under which the foreign limited liability company is registered to transact business in this state.
- (b) The street address of its principal office and its mailing address.
- (c) The date of its organization and, if a foreign limited liability company, the jurisdiction of its formation and the date on which it became qualified to transact business in this state.
- (d) The company's federal employer identification number or, if none, whether one has been applied for.
- (e) The name, title or capacity, and address of at least one person who has the authority to manage the company.
- (f) Any additional information that is necessary or appropriate to enable the department to carry out this chapter.
- (2) Information in the annual <u>or biennial</u> report must be current as of the date the report is delivered to the department for filing.
- (3) The first annual report must be delivered to the department between January 1 and May 1 of the year following the

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calendar year in which the limited liability company's articles of organization became effective or the foreign limited liability company obtained a certificate of authority to transact business in this state. Subsequent annual or biennial reports must be delivered to the department between January 1 and May 1 of the subsequent calendar years in which the reports are due each calendar year thereafter. If one or more forms of annual report are submitted for a calendar year, or if one or more forms of biennial report are submitted for a biennial period, the department shall file each of them and make the information contained in them part of the official record. The first form of annual report filed in a calendar year shall be considered the annual report for that calendar year, and each report filed after that one in the same calendar year shall be treated as an amended report for that calendar year. The first form of biennial report filed in a biennial period shall be considered the biennial report for that biennial period, and each report filed after that one in the same biennial period shall be treated as an amended report for that biennial period.

- (4) If an annual <u>or biennial</u> report does not contain the information required in this section, the department shall promptly notify the reporting limited liability company or registered foreign limited liability company. If the report is corrected to contain the information required in subsection (1) and delivered to the department within 30 days after the effective date of the notice, it is timely delivered.
- (5) If an annual <u>or biennial</u> report contains the name or address of a registered agent which differs from the information shown in the records of the department immediately before the

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annual <u>or biennial</u> report becomes effective, the differing information in the annual <u>or biennial</u> report is considered a statement of change under s. 605.0114.

- (6) A limited liability company or foreign limited liability company that fails to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report that complies with the requirements of this section may not maintain or defend any action in a court of this state until the report is filed and all fees and penalties due under this chapter are paid, and shall be subject to dissolution or cancellation of its certificate of authority to transact business as provided in this chapter.
- (7) The department shall prescribe the forms, which may be in an electronic format, on which to make the annual <u>or biennial</u> report called for in this section and may substitute the uniform business report pursuant to s. 606.06 as a means of satisfying the requirement of this chapter.
- (8) As a condition of a merger under s. 605.1021, each party to a merger which exists under the laws of this state, and each party to the merger which exists under the laws of another jurisdiction and has a certificate of authority to transact business or conduct its affairs in this state, must be active and current in filing its annual or biennial reports in the records of the department through December 31 of the calendar year in which the articles of merger are submitted to the department for filing.
- (9) As a condition of a conversion of an entity to a limited liability company under s. 605.1041, the entity, if it exists under the laws of this state, or if it exists under the laws of another jurisdiction and has a certificate of authority

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to transact business or conduct its affairs in this state, must be active and current in filing its annual <u>or biennial</u> reports in the records of the department through December 31 of the calendar year in which the articles of conversion are submitted to the department for filing.

- (10) As a condition of a conversion of a limited liability company to another type of entity under s. 605.1041, the limited liability company converting to the other type of entity must be active and current in filing its annual or biennial reports in the records of the department through December 31 of the calendar year in which the articles of conversion are submitted to the department for filing.
- (11) As a condition of an interest exchange between a limited liability company and another entity under s. 605.1031, the limited liability company and each other entity that is a party to the interest exchange which exists under the laws of this state, and each party to the interest exchange which exists under the laws of another jurisdiction and has a certificate of authority to transact business or conduct its affairs in this state, must be active and current in filing its annual or biennial reports in the records of the department through December 31 of the calendar year in which the articles of interest exchange are submitted to the department for filing.
- Section 2. Section 607.1622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 607.1622 Annual or biennial report for Department of State.—
- (1) Each domestic corporation and each foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to

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the Department of State for filing a sworn annual <u>or biennial</u> report on such forms as the Department of State prescribes that sets forth:

- (a) The name of the corporation and the state or country under the law of which it is incorporated;
- (b) The date of incorporation or, if a foreign corporation, the date on which it was admitted to do business in this state;
- (c) The address of its principal office and the mailing address of the corporation;
- (d) The corporation's federal employer identification number, if any, or, if none, whether one has been applied for;
- (e) The names and business street addresses of its directors and principal officers;
- (f) The street address of its registered office and the name of its registered agent at that office in this state;
- (g) Language permitting a voluntary contribution of \$5 per taxpayer, which contribution shall be transferred into the Election Campaign Financing Trust Fund. A statement providing an explanation of the purpose of the trust fund shall also be included; and
- (h) Such additional information as may be necessary or appropriate to enable the Department of State to carry out the provisions of this act.
- (2) Proof to the satisfaction of the Department of State that, on or before May 1 of the year the report was due, such report was deposited in the United States mail in a sealed envelope, properly addressed with postage prepaid, shall be deemed compliance with this requirement.
 - (3) If an annual or biennial report does not contain the

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information required by this section, the Department of State shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign corporation in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the report is corrected to contain the information required by this section and delivered to the Department of State within 30 days after the effective date of notice, it is deemed to be timely filed.

- (4) Each report shall be executed by the corporation by an officer or director or, if the corporation is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, shall be executed on behalf of the corporation by such receiver or trustee, and the signing thereof shall have the same legal effect as if made under oath, without the necessity of appending such oath thereto.
- (5) The first annual report must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the year following the calendar year in which a domestic corporation was incorporated or a foreign corporation was authorized to transact business. Subsequent annual or biennial reports must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the subsequent calendar years in which the reports are due.
- (6) Information in the annual <u>or biennial</u> report must be current as of the date the annual report is executed on behalf of the corporation.
- (7) If an additional updated report is received, the department shall file the document and make the information contained therein part of the official record.
- (8) Any corporation failing to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report <u>that</u> which complies with the requirements of this section shall not be permitted to maintain or defend any action in any

court of this state until such report is filed and all fees and taxes due under this act are paid and shall be subject to dissolution or cancellation of its certificate of authority to do business as provided in this act.

- (9) The department shall prescribe the forms on which to make the annual <u>or biennial</u> report called for in this section and may substitute the uniform business report, pursuant to s. 606.06, as a means of satisfying the requirement of this part.
- Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 607.193, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 607.193 Supplemental corporate fee.-

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- (b) In addition to the fees levied under ss. 605.0213, 607.0122, and 620.1109 and the supplemental corporate fee, a late charge of \$400 shall be imposed if the supplemental corporate fee is remitted after May 1 of the year the fee is due except in circumstances in which a business entity was administratively dissolved or its certificate of authority was revoked due to its failure to file an annual or biennial report and the entity subsequently applied for reinstatement and paid the applicable reinstatement fee.
- Section 4. Section 617.1622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 617.1622 Annual or biennial report for Department of State.—
- (1) Each domestic and each foreign corporation authorized to conduct its affairs in this state shall deliver to the Department of State for filing a sworn annual or biennial report, on such form as the Department of State prescribes, that

sets forth:

(a) The name of the corporation and the state or country under the law of which it is incorporated;

- (b) The date of incorporation or, if a foreign corporation, the date on which it was admitted to conduct its affairs in this state;
- (c) The address of the principal office and the mailing address of the corporation;
- (d) The corporation's federal employer identification number, if any, or, if none, whether one has been applied for;
- (e) The names and business street addresses of its directors and principal officers;
- (f) The street address of its registered office in this state and the name of its registered agent at that office; and
- (g) Such additional information as may be necessary or appropriate to enable the Department of State to carry out the provisions of this act.
- (2) The deposit of such report, on or before May 1 of the year the report is due, in the United States mail in a sealed envelope, properly addressed with postage prepaid, constitutes compliance with subsection (1).
- (3) If an annual <u>or biennial</u> report does not contain the information required by subsection (1), the Department of State shall promptly notify the reporting domestic or foreign corporation in writing and return the report to it for correction. If the report is corrected to contain the information required by subsection (1) and delivered to the Department of State within 30 days after the effective date of notice, it is deemed to be timely filed.

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(4) Each annual <u>or biennial</u> report must be executed by the corporation by an officer or director or, if the corporation is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, must be executed on behalf of the corporation by such receiver or trustee, and the signing of the annual <u>or biennial</u> report shall have the same legal effect as if made under oath, without the necessity of appending such oath thereto.

- (5) The first annual report must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the year following the calendar year in which a domestic corporation was incorporated or a foreign corporation was authorized to conduct affairs. Subsequent annual or biennial reports must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the subsequent calendar years in which the reports are due.
- (6) Information in the annual <u>or biennial</u> report must be current as of the date the annual report is executed on behalf of the corporation.
- (7) If an additional report is received, the department shall file the document and make the information contained therein part of the official record.
- (8) Any corporation that fails to file an annual or biennial report which complies with the requirements of this section may not maintain or defend any action in any court of this state until such report is filed and all fees and taxes due under this act are paid, and such corporation is subject to dissolution or cancellation of its certificate of authority to conduct its affairs as provided in this act.
- (9) The department shall prescribe the forms on which to make the annual or biennial report called for in this section

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and may substitute the uniform business report, pursuant to s. 606.06, as a means of satisfying the requirement of this section.

Section 5. Section 620.1210, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

620.1210 Annual or biennial report for Department of State.—

- (1) A limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership authorized to transact business in this state shall deliver to the Department of State for filing an annual <u>or biennial</u> report that states:
- (a) The name of the limited partnership or, if a foreign limited partnership, the name under which the foreign limited partnership is registered to transact business in this state.
- (b) The street and mailing address of the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership, the name of its registered agent in this state, and the street address of its registered office in this state.
- (c) The name and business address of each general partner. Each general partner that is not an individual must be organized or otherwise registered with the Department of State as required by law, must maintain an active status, and must not be dissolved, revoked, or withdrawn.
 - (d) Federal Employer Identification number.
- (e) Any additional information that is necessary or appropriate to enable the Department of State to carry out the provisions of this act.
- (2) Information in an annual $\underline{\text{or biennial}}$ report must be current as of the date the $\underline{\text{annual}}$ report is delivered to the

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Department of State for filing.

- (3) The first annual report must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the year following the calendar year in which a limited partnership was formed or a foreign limited partnership was authorized to transact business. Subsequent An annual or biennial reports report must be delivered to the Department of State between January 1 and May 1 of the each subsequent calendar years in which the reports are due year.
- (4) If an annual <u>or biennial</u> report does not contain the information required in subsection (1), the Department of State shall promptly notify the reporting limited partnership or foreign limited partnership and return the report to it for correction. If the report is corrected to contain the information required in subsection (1) and delivered to the Department of State within 30 days after the effective date of the notice, it is timely delivered.
- (5) If a filed annual <u>or biennial</u> report contains the address of a designated office, name of a registered agent, or registered office address which differs from the information shown in the records of the Department of State immediately before the filing, the differing information in the annual report is considered a statement of change under s. 620.1115.

Section 6. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 620.9003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

620.9003 Annual or biennial report.

(1) A limited liability partnership, and a foreign limited liability partnership authorized to transact business in this state, shall file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report in the office of

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the Secretary of State which contains:

- (a) The name of the limited liability partnership and the state or other jurisdiction under whose laws the foreign limited liability partnership is formed;
- (b) The current street address of the partnership's chief executive office and, if different, the current street address of its principal office in this state, if there is one;
- (c) The partnership's Federal Employer Identification

 Number, if any, or, if none, whether one has been applied for;

 and
- (d) The name and street address of the partnership's current agent for service of process, who must be an individual resident of this state or other person authorized to do business in this state.
- (2) An annual or biennial report must be filed between January 1 and May 1 of the each year following the calendar year in which a partnership files a statement of qualification or a foreign partnership becomes authorized to transact business in this state. Subsequent annual or biennial reports must be filed between January 1 and May 1 of the subsequent calendar years in which the reports are due.
- (3) The Department of State may administratively revoke the statement of qualification of a partnership that fails to file its annual or biennial report and pay the required filing fee by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of the year the report is due. The Department of State shall serve a 60-day notice on the limited liability partnership of its intent to revoke the statement of qualification. If the partnership has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such

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notice shall be by electronic transmission. Revocation for failure to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of <u>the each</u> year <u>the report is due</u>. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of revocation of the statement of qualification to each revoked partnership. Issuance of the certificate of revocation of the statement of qualification may be by electronic transmission to any partnership that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 605.0114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0114 Change of registered agent or registered office.-

(4) The changes described in this section may also be made on the limited liability company's or foreign limited liability company's annual or biennial report, in an application for reinstatement filed with the department under s. 605.0715(1), in an amendment to or restatement of a company's articles of organization in accordance with s. 605.0202, or in an amendment to a foreign limited liability company's certificate of authority in accordance with s. 605.0907.

Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 605.0211, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

605.0211 Certificate of status.-

(1) The department, upon request and payment of the requisite fee, shall issue a certificate of status for a limited liability company if the records filed in the department show that the department has accepted and filed the company's articles of organization. A certificate of status must state the

following:

(d) If the company's most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required under s. 605.0212 has not been filed by the department.

- (2) The department, upon request and payment of the requisite fee, shall furnish a certificate of status for a foreign limited liability company if the records filed show that the department has filed a certificate of authority. A certificate of status for a foreign limited liability company must state the following:
- (d) If the foreign limited liability company's most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required under s. 605.0212 has not been filed by the department.
- Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 605.0714, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 605.0714 Administrative dissolution.—
- (1) The department may dissolve a limited liability company administratively if the company does not:
- (a) Deliver its annual <u>or biennial</u> report to the department by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of the each year the report is due;
- (2) Administrative dissolution of a limited liability company for failure to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report must occur on the fourth Friday in September of <u>the each</u> year <u>the report is due</u>. The department shall issue a notice in a record of administrative dissolution to the limited liability company dissolved for failure to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report. Issuance of the notice may be by electronic transmission to a limited liability company that has provided the department with an e-mail address.

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Section 10. Subsection (2) of section 605.0715, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0715 Reinstatement.-

(2) In lieu of the requirement to file an application for reinstatement as described in subsection (1), an administratively dissolved limited liability company may submit all fees and penalties owed by the company at the rates provided by law at the time the company applies for reinstatement, together with a current annual or biennial report, signed by both the registered agent and an authorized representative of the company, which contains the information described in subsection (1).

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 605.0908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 605.0908 Revocation of certificate of authority.—

- (1) A certificate of authority of a foreign limited liability company to transact business in this state may be revoked by the department if:
- (a) The foreign limited liability company does not deliver its annual or biennial report to the department by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of $\underline{\text{the}}$ each year the report is due;
- (2) Revocation of a foreign limited liability company's certificate of authority for failure to file an annual <u>or</u> <u>biennial</u> report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of <u>the each</u> year <u>the report is due</u>. The department shall issue a notice in a record of the revocation to the revoked foreign limited liability company. Issuance of the notice may be by electronic transmission to a foreign limited liability company

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that has provided the department with an e-mail address.

Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 605.0909, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0909 Reinstatement following revocation of certificate of authority.—

(2) In lieu of the requirement to file an application for reinstatement as described in subsection (1), a foreign limited liability company whose certificate of authority has been revoked may submit all fees and penalties owed by the company at the rates provided by law at the time the company applies for reinstatement, together with a current annual or biennial report, signed by both the registered agent and an authorized representative of the company, which contains the information described in subsection (1).

Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 606.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

606.06 Uniform business report.—The department may use the uniform business report:

(2) As a substitute for any annual <u>or biennial</u> report or renewal filing required by chapters 495, 605, 607, 609, 617, 620, 621, and 865.

Section 14. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 607.0121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.0121 Forms.-

- (1) The Department of State may prescribe and furnish on request forms for:
- (d) The annual <u>or biennial</u> report, for which the department may prescribe the use of the uniform business report, pursuant to s. 606.06.

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If the Department of State so requires, the use of these forms shall be mandatory.

Section 15. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 607.0128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.0128 Certificate of status.-

- (2) A certificate of status or authorization sets forth:
- (d) That its most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required by s. 607.1622 has been delivered to the department; and Section 16. Subsection (20) of section 607.01401, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 607.01401 Definitions.—As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:
- (20) "Principal office" means the office (in or out of this state) where the principal executive offices of a domestic or foreign corporation are located as designated in the articles of incorporation or other initial filing until an annual or biennial report has been filed, and thereafter as designated in the annual or biennial report.

Section 17. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 607.0141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.0141 Notice.

- (4) Written notice to a domestic or foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state may be addressed:
- (b) To the corporation or its secretary at its principal office or electronic mail address as authorized and shown in its most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report or, in the case of a corporation that has not yet delivered an annual <u>or biennial</u> report, in a domestic corporation's articles of incorporation or

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in a foreign corporation's application for certificate of authority.

Section 18. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 607.0502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

607.0502 Change of registered office or registered agent; resignation of registered agent.—

- appointment by signing and delivering for filing with the Department of State a statement of resignation and mailing a copy of such statement to the corporation at its principal office address shown in its most recent annual or biennial report or, if none, filed in the articles of incorporation or other most recently filed document. The statement of resignation shall state that a copy of such statement has been mailed to the corporation at the address so stated. The agency is terminated as of the 31st day after the date on which the statement was filed and unless otherwise provided in the statement, termination of the agency acts as a termination of the registered office.
- (4) Changes of the registered office or registered agent may be made by a change on the corporation's annual <u>or biennial</u> report form filed with the Department of State.

Section 19. Subsection (5) of section 607.0705, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.0705 Notice of meeting.-

- (5) Notwithstanding the foregoing, no notice of a shareholders' meeting need be given to a shareholder if:
- (a) An annual <u>or biennial</u> report and proxy statements for two consecutive annual meetings of shareholders or

(b) All, and at least two checks in payment of dividends or interest on securities during a 12-month period,

have been sent by first-class United States mail, addressed to the shareholder at her or his address as it appears on the share transfer books of the corporation, and returned undeliverable. The obligation of the corporation to give notice of a shareholders' meeting to any such shareholder shall be reinstated once the corporation has received a new address for such shareholder for entry on its share transfer books.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 607.1420, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.1420 Grounds for administrative dissolution.

- (1) The Department of State may commence a proceeding under s. 607.1421 to administratively dissolve a corporation if:
- (a) The corporation has failed to file its annual <u>or</u> <u>biennial</u> report and pay the annual <u>or biennial</u> report filing fee by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September <u>of the</u> <u>year the report is due;</u>

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 607.1421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 607.1421 Procedure for and effect of administrative dissolution.—
- (1) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 607.1420 for dissolving a corporation, it shall serve the corporation with notice of its intention to administratively dissolve the corporation. If the corporation has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission. Administrative

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dissolution for failure to file an annual <u>or biennial</u> report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of <u>the each</u> year <u>the report is due</u>. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of dissolution to each dissolved corporation.

Issuance of the certificate of dissolution may be by electronic transmission to any corporation that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 607.1509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

607.1509 Resignation of registered agent of foreign corporation.—

(1) The registered agent of a foreign corporation may resign his or her agency appointment by signing and delivering to the Department of State for filing a statement of resignation and mailing a copy of such statement to the corporation at the corporation's principal office address shown in its most recent annual or biennial report or, if none, shown in its application for a certificate of authority or other most recently filed document. The statement of resignation must state that a copy of such statement has been mailed to the corporation at the address so stated. The statement of resignation may include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.

Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 607.15101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 607.15101 Service of process, notice, or demand on a foreign corporation.—
- (2) A foreign corporation may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the secretary of the foreign corporation at its principal office

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shown in its application for a certificate of authority or in its most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report if the foreign corporation:

- (a) Has no registered agent or its registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served;
- (b) Has withdrawn from transacting business in this state under s. 607.1520; or
- (c) Has had its certificate of authority revoked under s. 607.1531.

Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 607.1530, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 607.1530 Grounds for revocation of authority to transact business.—The Department of State may commence a proceeding under s. 607.1531 to revoke the certificate of authority of a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state if:
- (1) The foreign corporation has failed to file its annual or biennial report with the Department of State by 5 p.m.

 Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of the year the report is due.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 607.1531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 607.1531 Procedure for and effect of revocation.-
- (1) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 607.1530 for revocation of a certificate of authority, the Department of State shall serve the foreign corporation with notice of its intent to revoke the foreign corporation's certificate of authority. If the foreign corporation has provided the department with an electronic mail

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640 Revocation for failure to file an annual or biennial report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of the each year 641 642 the report is due. The department shall issue a certificate of 643 revocation to each revoked corporation. Issuance of the 644 certificate of revocation may be by electronic transmission to 645 any corporation that has provided the department with an electronic mail address. Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 607.15315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 607.15315 Revocation; application for reinstatement.-(1)(b) As an alternative, the foreign corporation may submit a 652 current annual or biennial report, signed by the registered 653 agent and an officer or director, which substantially complies 654 with the requirements of paragraph (a). Section 27. Paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section 656 607.1601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 607.1601 Corporate records.-(5) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following 659 records:

address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission.

(d) The annual or biennial report, for which the department

(g) Its most recent annual or biennial report delivered to

Section 28. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section

(1) The Department of State may prescribe and furnish on

the Department of State under s. 607.1622.

617.0121 Forms.-

request forms for:

617.0121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

may prescribe the use of the uniform business report, pursuant to s. 606.06.

If the Department of State so requires, the use of these forms shall be mandatory.

Section 29. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 617.0128, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

617.0128 Certificate of status.-

- (2) A certificate of status or authorization sets forth:
- (d) That its most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required by s. 617.1622 has been delivered to the department; and Section 30. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 617.0502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 617.0502 Change of registered office or registered agent; resignation of registered agent.—
- appointment by signing and delivering for filing with the Department of State a statement of resignation and mailing a copy of such statement to the corporation at its principal office address shown in its most recent annual or biennial report or, if none, filed in the articles of incorporation or other most recently filed document. The statement of resignation shall state that a copy of such statement has been mailed to the corporation at the address so stated. The agency is terminated as of the 31st day after the date on which the statement was filed and unless otherwise provided in the statement, termination of the agency acts as a termination of the registered office.
 - (4) Changes of the registered office or registered agent

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may be made by a change on the corporation's annual or biennial report form filed with the Department of State.

Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 617.1420, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

617.1420 Grounds for administrative dissolution.

- (1) The Department of State may commence a proceeding under s. 617.1421 to administratively dissolve a corporation if:
- (a) The corporation has failed to file its annual or biennial report and pay the annual report filing fee by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of the year the report is due;

Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 617.1421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- $\,$ 617.1421 Procedure for and effect of administrative dissolution.—
- (1) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 617.1420 for administratively dissolving a corporation, it shall serve the corporation with notice of its intent under s. 617.0504(2) to administratively dissolve the corporation. If the corporation has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission. Administrative dissolution for failure to file an annual or biennial report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of the each year the report is due. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of dissolution to each dissolved corporation. Issuance of the certificate of dissolution may be by electronic transmission to any corporation that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.
 - Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 617.1509, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

617.1509 Resignation of registered agent of foreign corporation.—

(1) The registered agent of a foreign corporation may resign his or her agency appointment by signing and delivering to the Department of State for filing a statement of resignation and mailing a copy of such statement to the corporation at the corporation's principal office address shown in its most recent annual or biennial report or, if none, shown in its application for a certificate of authority or other most recently filed document. The statement of resignation must state that a copy of such statement has been mailed to the corporation at the address so stated. The statement of resignation may include a statement that the registered office is also discontinued.

Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 617.1510, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 617.1510 Service of process, notice, or demand on a foreign corporation.—
- (2) A foreign corporation may be served by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the secretary of the foreign corporation at its principal office shown in its application for a certificate of authority or in its most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report if the foreign corporation:
- (a) Has no registered agent or its registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be served;
- (b) Has withdrawn from conducting its affairs in this state under s. 617.1520; or
 - (c) Has had its certificate of authority revoked under s.

755 617.1531.

Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 617.1530, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

617.1530 Grounds for revocation of authority to conduct affairs.—The Department of State may commence a proceeding under s. 617.1531 to revoke the certificate of authority of a foreign corporation authorized to conduct its affairs in this state if:

(1) The foreign corporation has failed to file its annual or biennial report with the Department of State by 5 p.m.

Eastern Time on the third Friday in September of the year the report is due.

Section 36. Subsection (1) of section 617.1531, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

617.1531 Procedure for and effect of revocation.-

(1) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under s. 617.1530 for revocation of a certificate of authority, the Department of State shall serve the foreign corporation with notice of its intent to revoke the foreign corporation's certificate of authority. If the foreign corporation has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission. Revocation for failure to file an annual or biennial report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of the each year the report is due. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of revocation to each revoked corporation. Issuance of the certificate of revocation may be by electronic transmission to any foreign corporation that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.

Section 37. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

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12-01179-19 2019738 784 617.1533, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 785 617.1533 Reinstatement following revocation.-786 (1)(b) In the alternative, the foreign corporation may submit 787 788 a current annual or biennial report, signed by the registered 789 agent and an officer or director, which substantially complies 790 with the requirements of paragraph (a). 791 Section 38. Paragraph (f) of subsection (5) of section 792 617.1601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 793 617.1601 Corporate records.-(5) A corporation shall keep a copy of the following 794 795 records: 796 (f) Its most recent annual or biennial report delivered to 797 the Department of State under s. 617.1622. 798 Section 39. Subsection (7) of section 620.1111, Florida 799 Statutes, is amended to read: 800 620.1111 Required information.—A limited partnership shall 801 maintain at its designated office the following information: 802 (7) A copy of the three most recent annual reports or the 803 two most recent biennial reports delivered by the limited 804 partnership to the Department of State pursuant to s. 620.1210. 805 Section 40. Subsection (3) of section 620.1115, Florida 806 Statutes, is amended to read: 807 620.1115 Change of registered agent or registered office.-808 (3) The changes described in this section may also be made 809 on the limited partnership or foreign limited partnership's 810 annual or biennial report filed with the Department of State.

(d) of subsection (2) of section 620.1209, Florida Statutes, are

Section 41. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and paragraph

amended to read:

620.1209 Certificate of status.-

- (1) The Department of State, upon request and payment of the requisite fee, shall furnish a certificate of status for a limited partnership if the records filed in the Department of State show that the Department of State has filed a certificate of limited partnership. A certificate of status must state:
- (d) Whether the limited partnership's most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required by s. 620.1210 has been filed by the Department of State.
- (2) The Department of State, upon request and payment of the requisite fee, shall furnish a certificate of status for a foreign limited partnership if the records filed in the Department of State show that the Department of State has filed a certificate of authority. A certificate of status must state:
- (d) Whether the foreign limited partnership's most recent annual <u>or biennial</u> report required by s. 620.1210 has been filed by the Department of State.
- Section 42. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 620.1809, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 620.1809 Administrative dissolution.—
- (1) The Department of State may dissolve a limited partnership administratively if the limited partnership does not:
- (b) Deliver its annual <u>or biennial</u> report to the Department of State by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September <u>of the year the report is due;</u>
- (2) If the Department of State determines that a ground exists for administratively dissolving a limited partnership,

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the Department of State shall serve notice on the limited partnership of its intent to administratively dissolve the limited partnership. If the limited partnership has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission. Administrative dissolution for failure to file an annual or biennial report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of the each year the report is due. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of dissolution to each dissolved limited partnership. Issuance of the certificate of dissolution may be by electronic transmission to any limited partnership that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.

Section 43. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 620.1810, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

620.1810 Reinstatement following administrative dissolution.—

- (2) As an alternative to submitting the form of reinstatement referred to in subsection (1), the limited partnership may submit a current annual <u>or biennial</u> report, signed by its registered agent and a general partner, which contains the same information described in subsection (1).
- (3) If the Department of State determines that the application for reinstatement, or current annual <u>or biennial</u> report described in subsection (2), contains the information required by subsection (1) and that the information is correct, the Department of State shall reinstate the limited partnership.

Section 44. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection

(2) of section 620.1906, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 620.1906 Revocation of certificate of authority.—

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(1) A certificate of authority of a foreign limited partnership to transact business in this state may be revoked by the Department of State in the manner provided in subsections (2) and (3) if the foreign limited partnership does not:

- (b) Deliver its annual <u>or biennial</u> report to the Department of State by 5 p.m. Eastern Time on the third Friday in September <u>of the year the report is due;</u>
- (2) If the Department of State determines that one or more grounds exist under this section for revocation of a foreign limited partnership, it shall notify the foreign limited partnership of its intent to revoke the foreign limited partnership's certificate of authority. If the foreign limited partnership has provided the department with an electronic mail address, such notice shall be by electronic transmission. Revocation for failure to file an annual or biennial report shall occur on the fourth Friday in September of the each year the report is due. The Department of State shall issue a certificate of revocation to each revoked foreign limited partnership. Issuance of the certificate of revocation may be by electronic transmission to any foreign limited partnership that has provided the department with an electronic mail address.

Section 45. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 620.1909, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

620.1909 Reinstatement following administrative revocation.—

(2) As an alternative to submitting the form of reinstatement referred to in subsection (1), the foreign limited partnership may submit a current annual <u>or biennial</u> report, signed by its registered agent and a general partner, which

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contains the same information described in subsection (1).

(3) If the Department of State determines that the application for reinstatement or the current annual <u>or biennial</u> report described in subsection (2) contains the information required by subsection (1) and that the information is correct, it shall reinstate the foreign limited partnership's certificate of authority.

Section 46. Section 622.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

622.05 Annual <u>and biennial</u> reports.—Every association shall comply with all requirements of law, including but not limited to the paying of all fees, taxes, and other charges, now or hereafter prescribed for the filing of annual <u>or biennial</u> reports by foreign corporations for profit qualified to transact business in this state, except railroad, pullman, telephone, telegraph, and insurance companies, and all laws heretofore or hereafter enacted with respect to such reports shall apply to and govern and control all associations.

Section 47. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

THE FLORIDA SENATE



COMMITTEES: Ethics and Elections, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Education Finance and Tax Health Policy Judiciary

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

February 19, 2019

The Honorable Chairman Joe Gruters 324 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Dear Chairman Gruters,

I would like to request SB 738 Annual Business Organization Annual Reports and Fees be heard in your next Commerce and Tourism Committee meeting.

This bill allows businesses that are required to file an annual report to do so biennially instead of annually.

I appreciate your favorable consideration.

Onward & Upward,

Senator Dennis K Baxley

Senate District 12

DKB/dd

cc: Todd McKay, Staff Director

320 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe St, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 ● (850) 487-5012 Email: baxley.dennis@flsenate.gov

Bill Galvano President of the Senate

David Simmons President Pro Tempore



2019 FDLE LEGISLATIVE BILL ANALYSIS



BILL INFORMATION			
BILL NUMBER:	SB 738		
BILL TITLE:	Annual Business Organization Reports and Fees		
BILL SPONSOR:	Baxley		
EFFECTIVE DATE:	July 01, 2019		

COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE			
1)			
2)			
3)			
4)			
5)			

PREVIOUS LEGISLATION			
BILL NUMBER:	HB 373		
SPONSOR:	Grant		
YEAR:	2018		
LAST ACTION:	Died in Oversight, Transparency and		

CURRENT COMMITTEE

SIMILAR BILLS			
BILL NUMBER:	HB 507		
SPONSOR:	Hage		

IDENTICAL BILLS			
BILL NUMBER:			
SPONSOR:			

Is this bill part of an agency package?	
No	

BILL ANALYSIS INFORMATION		
DATE OF ANALYSIS:	February 11, 2019	
LEAD AGENCY ANALYST:	Sherry Gomez	
ADDITIONAL ANALYST(S):	Michael Kennedy; Farrah Harris; Becky Bezemek	
LEGAL ANALYST:	Jason Jones; Jeff Dambly	
FISCAL ANALYST:	Cynthia Barr; Deshawn Byrd	

POLICY ANALYSIS

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Annual Business Organization Reports and Fees; Authorizes domestic and registered foreign limited liability companies to submit biennial reports to the Department of State (DOS); authorizes domestic and foreign corporations to submit biennial reports to the department; authorizes domestic and foreign corporations not for profit to submit biennial reports to the department, etc.

2. SUBSTANTIVE BILL ANALYSIS

1. PRESENT SITUATION:

Business organization reports are due to DOS annually.

2. EFFECT OF THE BILL:

If passed, business organization reports would be due annually or biennially. Economic crime investigations are presently difficult to prove suspects/targets are connected to a corporate entity. When a suspect/target sets up a corporation or renews annually, law enforcement can at least get an IP address and banking information that ties the suspect/target to a company. If businesses go two years before renewing, the suspects/targets could have gone through dozens of corporate names without being tracked by law enforcement, and the statute of limitations may have expired on any charges that could have been sought.

This bill will likely constrain economic crime investigations in Florida and significantly decrease the probability of affecting an arrest and achieving a conviction.

3. DOES THE LEGISLATION DIRECT OR ALLOW THE AGENCY/BOARD/COMMISSION/DEPARTMENT TO DEVELOP, ADOPT, OR ELIMINATE RULES, REGULATIONS, POLICIES OR PROCEDURES? Y \square N \boxtimes

If yes, explain:	
What is the expected impact to the agency's core mission?	Y 🗆 N 🗆
Rule(s) impacted (provide references to F.A.C., etc.):	
4. WHAT IS THE POSITION OF	- AFFECTED CITIZENS OR STAKEHOLDER GROUPS?
List any known proponents and opponents:	
Provide a summary of the proponents' and opponents' positions:	
	S OR STUDIES REQUIRED BY THIS BILL? Y \(\subseteq N \times \)
If yes, provide a description:	
Date Due:	
Bill Section Number:	

6. ARE THERE ANY NEW GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENTS OR CHANGES TO EXISTING BOARDS, TASK FORCES, COUNCILS, COMMISSION, ETC. REQUIRED BY THIS BILL? Y \square N \boxtimes			
Board:			
Board Purpose:			
Who Appointments:			
Appointee Term:			
Changes:			
Bill Section Number(s):	·		
	FISCAL ANALYSIS		
1. DOES THE BILL HAVE A FIS	CAL IMPAÇT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT? Y ☐ N ☐		
Revenues:			
Expenditures:			
Does the legislation increase local taxes or fees?			
If yes, does the legislation provide for a local referendum or local governing body public vote prior to implementation of the tax or fee increase?			
2. DOES THE BILL HAVE A FIS	CAL IMPACT TO STATE GOVERNMENT? Y ☐ N ⊠		
Revenues:			
Expenditures:			
Does the legislation contain a State Government appropriation?			
If yes, was this appropriated last year?			
3. DOES THE BILL HAVE A FIS	CAL IMPACT TO THE PRIVATE SECTOR? Y ☐ N ☐		
Revenues:			
Expenditures:			
Other:			

4. DOES THE BILL INCREASE (OR DECREASE TAXES, FEES, OR FINES? Y ☐ N ☐			
Does the bill increase taxes, fees or fines?				
Does the bill decrease taxes, fees or fines?				
What is the impact of the increase or decrease?				
Bill Section Number:				
	TECHNOLOGY IMPACT			
1. DOES THE LEGISLATION IMI SOFTWARE, DATA STORAGE, E	PACT THE AGENCY'S TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS (I.E., IT SUPPORT, LICENSING, ETC.)? Y \square N \boxtimes			
If yes, describe the anticipated				
impact to the agency including any fiscal impact.				
,,,,,				
	FEDERAL IMPACT			
1. DOES THE LEGISLATION HA FEDERAL AGECY INVOLVEMEN	VE A FEDERAL IMPACT (I.E., FEDERAL COMPLIANCE, FEDERAL FUNDING, T, ETC.)? Y ☐ N ⊠			
If yes, describe the anticipated impact including any fiscal impact.				
LEC	GAL - GENERAL COUNSEL'S OFFICE REVIEW			
Issues/concerns/comments and recommended action:	No additional comments.			
	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS			

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and Tourism
BILL:	CS/SB 740			
INTRODUCER:	Commerce and Tourism Committee and Senator Baxley			
SUBJECT:	Fees/Annual Business Organization Reports			
DATE:	March 4, 2019	9 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Harmsen		McKay	CM	Fav/CS
•			ATD	
			AP	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 740 provides for a biennial report fee and biennial supplemental fee associated with a Florida business entity's filing of its biennial report with the Department of State. The proposed biennial report and supplemental fees are exactly double the annual report and supplemental fees currently in statute. Additionally, the bill permits the Department of State to escrow revenues from biennial report filing fees in order to annualize its earnings from those payments.

This legislation would take effect only on the same date that SB 738 or similar legislation, if adopted during the 2019 Regular Session or an extension thereof.

II. Present Situation:

CS/SB 738 (2019 Regular Session) proposes to allow business organizations that are registered in Florida to submit either an annual or a biennial report with the Florida Department of State (Department). Currently, those entities must file an annual report and remit an annual report fee and supplemental fee each year. The Department charges a late filing fee of \$400 to any business entity that fails to file its annual report on or before May 1 of each year.

¹ If signed into law, this bill would take effect July 1, 2019.

² See, ss. 605.0213(5), 607.0122(17), 617.0122(17), 620.1109(7), and 620.81055(1)(h), F.S. See also, s. 607.193, F.S.

³ Section 607.193(2)(b), F.S.

BILL: CS/SB 740 Page 2

In the 2018 General Election, voters approved Amendment 5 to the Florida Constitution.⁴ The amendment added Section 19 to Article VII of the Florida Constitution, which requires a supermajority vote to impose, authorize, or raise state taxes or fees. No state tax or fee may be raised by the legislature except through legislation approved by two-thirds of the membership of each house of the legislature.⁵ "Fee" means any charge or payment required by law, including any fee for service, fee or cost for licenses, and charge for service. "Raise" means to increase or authorize an increase in the rate of a state tax or fee imposed on a percentage or per mill basis; to increase or authorize an increase in the amount of a state tax or fee imposed on a flat or fixed amount basis; or to decrease or eliminate a state tax or fee exemption or credit.⁶ A state tax or fee imposed, authorized, or raised under this section must be contained in a separate bill that contains no other subject.⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Sections 1-6 set the cost for biennial report fees and biennial supplemental fees as double the cost of current annual report fees and annual supplemental fees. The annual fees and proposed biennial fees vary by type of business organization, as shown in the table below:

Type of Business Entity	Annual Report Filing Fee	Supplemental Corporate Fee
Limited Liability Company	\$50	\$88.75
Corporation	\$61.25	\$88.75
Corporation Not For Profit	\$61.25	\$88.75
Limited Partnership	\$411.25	\$88.75
Limited Liability Partnership	\$25	n/a

The late filing fee remains the same (\$400).

Additionally, the bill permits the Department to escrow⁸ an amount necessary to annualize its revenue from biennial report fees and biennial supplemental fees until October 1 of the following fiscal year, and then account for that annualized amount as revenue for the next fiscal year.

Sections 3 and 7 make technical conforming changes.

Section 8 provides that the bill will take effect on the same date that SB 738 or similar legislation takes effect, if that legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof.

⁴ Election results for the state constitutional amendments are available at https://floridaelectionwatch.gov/Amendments (last visited Mar. 4, 2019).

⁵ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 19(b).

⁶ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 19(d).

⁷ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 19(e).

⁸ "Escrow" is defined as property delivered by a promisor to a third party to be held by the third party for a given amount of time or until the occurrence of a condition, at which time the third party is to hand over the property to the promise. BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY (10th ed. 2014).

BILL: CS/SB 740 Page 3

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Article VII, section 19 of the State Constitution requires a two-thirds vote of the House and Senate to impose a new tax or fee, or to raise a tax or fee.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet determined the fiscal impact of the bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Business entities that opt to file their reports with the Department on a biennial basis may see a reduction in related late filing fees paid to the Department.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department may see a reduction in its collection of late filing fees related to annual report filings.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

BILL: CS/SB 740 Page 4

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 605.0213, 607.0122, 607.193, 617.0122, 620.1109, 620.81055, and 605.0118.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism Committee on March 4, 2019:

The committee substitute makes a technical change to provide that this bill takes effect on the same date that SB 738 or similar legislation takes effect, if adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/04/2019	•	
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Baxley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete line 268

and insert:

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SB 738 or similar legislation takes effect, if such

legislation

By Senator Baxley

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12-01601-19 2019740

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fees; amending s. 605.0213, F.S.; establishing a biennial report filing fee for limited liability companies; authorizing the Department of State to escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees; amending s. 607.0122, F.S.; establishing a biennial report filing fee for domestic and foreign corporations; authorizing the department to escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees; amending s. 607.193, F.S.; establishing a biennial supplemental corporate fee for limited liability companies, domestic and foreign corporations, and domestic and foreign limited partnerships; amending s. 617.0122, F.S.; establishing a biennial report filing fee for domestic and foreign corporations not for profit; authorizing the department to escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees; amending s. 620.1109, F.S.; establishing a biennial report filing fee for domestic and foreign limited partnerships; authorizing the department to escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees; amending s. 620.81055, F.S.; establishing a biennial report filing fee for domestic and foreign limited liability partnerships; authorizing the department to

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escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees; amending s. 605.0118, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; providing a contingent effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 605.0213, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0213 Fees of the department.-

(1) In addition to the annual supplemental corporate fee of \$88.75 or the biennial supplemental corporate fee of \$177.50 imposed pursuant to s. 607.193, the fees of the department under this chapter are as follows:

(a) (1) For furnishing a certified copy, \$30.

 $\underline{\text{(b)}}$ For filing original articles of organization or articles of revocation of dissolution, \$100.

(c)(3) For filing a foreign limited liability company's application for a certificate of authority to transact business, \$100.

(d) (4) For filing a certificate of merger of limited liability companies or other business entities, \$25 per constituent party to the merger, unless a specific fee is required for a party under other applicable law.

(e) (5) For filing an annual report, \$50.

(f) For filing a biennial report, \$100.

 $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ For filing an application for reinstatement after an administrative or judicial dissolution or a revocation of

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authority to transact business, \$100.

- (h) (7) For filing a certificate designating a registered agent or changing a registered agent, \$25.
- (i) (8) For filing a registered agent's statement of resignation from an active limited liability company, \$85.
- (j) (9) For filing a registered agent's statement of resignation from a dissolved limited liability company, \$25.
- (k) (10) For filing a certificate of conversion of a limited liability company, \$25.
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ (11) For filing any other limited liability company document, \$25.
 - (m) (12) For furnishing a certificate of status, \$5.
- (2) The department may escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees until October 1 of the following fiscal year and then account for that amount as revenue for that fiscal year.
- Section 2. Section 607.0122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 607.0122 Fees for filing documents and issuing certificates.—
- (1) The Department of State shall collect the following fees when the documents described in this section are delivered to the department for filing:
 - (a) (1) Articles of incorporation: \$35.
 - (b) (2) Application for registered name: \$87.50.
 - (c) $\frac{3}{3}$ Application for renewal of registered name: \$87.50.
- (d)(4) Corporation's statement of change of registered agent or registered office or both if not included on the annual

2019740 12-01601-19 88 or biennial report: \$35. (e) (5) Designation of and acceptance by registered agent: 89 \$35. 90 (f) (6) Agent's statement of resignation from active 91 92 corporation: \$87.50. 93 (g) Agent's statement of resignation from an inactive 94 corporation: \$35. 95 (h) (8) Amendment of articles of incorporation: \$35. 96 (i) (9) Restatement of articles of incorporation with 97 amendment of articles: \$35. 98 (j) (10) Articles of merger or share exchange for each party 99 thereto: \$35. (k) (11) Articles of dissolution: \$35. 100 (1) (12) Articles of revocation of dissolution: \$35. 101 102 (m) (13) Application for reinstatement following 103 administrative dissolution: \$600. 104 (n) (14) Application for certificate of authority to 105 transact business in this state by a foreign corporation: \$35. 106 (o) (15) Application for amended certificate of authority: 107 \$35. 108 (p) (16) Application for certificate of withdrawal by a 109 foreign corporation: \$35. 110 $(q) \frac{(17)}{(17)}$ Annual report: \$61.25. 111 (r) Biennial report: \$122.50. (s) (18) Articles of correction: \$35. 112 (t) (19) Application for certificate of status: \$8.75. 113 114 (u) (20) Certificate of domestication of a foreign 115 corporation: \$50. 116 (v) (21) Certified copy of document: \$52.50.

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to read:

certificates.-

12-01601-19 2019740 117 (w) (22) Serving as agent for substitute service of process: \$87.50. 118 119 $(x) \frac{(23)}{(23)}$ Annual supplemental corporate fee: \$88.75. 120 (y) Biennial supplemental corporate fee: \$177.50. 121 (z) (24) Any other document required or permitted to be 122 filed by this act: \$35. 123 (2) The Department of State may escrow an amount necessary 124 to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees 125 and biennial supplemental corporate fees until October 1 of the 126 following fiscal year and then account for that amount as 127 revenue for that fiscal year. 128 Section 3. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection 129 (2) of section 607.193, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 130 607.193 Supplemental corporate fee.-131 (1) In addition to any other taxes imposed by law, an 132 annual supplemental corporate fee of \$88.75 or a biennial 133 supplemental corporate fee of \$177.50, as applicable, is imposed 134 on each business entity that is authorized to transact business 135 in this state and is required to file an annual or biennial 136 report with the Department of State under s. 605.0212, s. 137 607.1622, or s. 620.1210. 138 (2)(a) The business entity shall remit the supplemental corporate fee to the Department of State at the time it files 139 140 the annual or biennial report required by s. 605.0212, s. 607.1622, or s. 620.1210. 141

617.0122 Fees for filing documents and issuing

Section 4. Section 617.0122, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2019740

146 (1) The Department of State shall collect the following 147 fees on documents delivered to the department for filing: 148 (a) $\frac{1}{1}$ Articles of incorporation: \$35. 149 (b) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ Application for registered name: \$87.50. 150 (c) $\frac{3}{3}$ Application for renewal of registered name: \$87.50. 151 (d) (4) Corporation's statement of change of registered 152 agent or registered office or both if not included on the annual 153 or biennial report: \$35. 154 (e) (5) Designation of and acceptance by registered agent: 155 \$35. 156 (f) (6) Agent's statement of resignation from active 157 corporation: \$87.50. 158 (g) Agent's statement of resignation from inactive 159 corporation: \$35. (h) (8) Amendment of articles of incorporation: \$35. 160 161 (i) (9) Restatement of articles of incorporation with 162 amendment of articles: \$35. 163 (j) (10) Articles of merger for each party thereto: \$35. 164 (k) (11) Articles of dissolution: \$35. 165 (1) (12) Articles of revocation of dissolution: \$35. 166 (m) (13) Application for reinstatement following 167 administrative dissolution: \$175. (n) (14) Application for certificate of authority to 168 169 transact business in this state by a foreign corporation: \$35. (o) (15) Application for amended certificate of authority: 170 171 \$35. 172 (p) (16) Application for certificate of withdrawal by a 173 foreign corporation: \$35. (q) $\frac{(17)}{(17)}$ Annual report: \$61.25. 174

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2019740 175 (r) Biennial report: \$122.50. 176 (s) $\frac{(18)}{(18)}$ Articles of correction: \$35. 177 (t) (19) Application for certificate of status: \$8.75. 178 (u) (20) Certified copy of document: \$52.50. 179 (v) (21) Serving as agent for substitute service of process: 180 \$87.50. 181 (w) (22) Certificate of conversion of a limited agricultural 182 association to a domestic corporation: \$35. 183 (x) (23) Any other document required or permitted to be filed by this chapter: \$35. 184 185 186 Any citizen support organization that is required by rule of the 187 Department of Environmental Protection to be formed as a 188 nonprofit organization and is under contract with the department 189 is exempt from any fees required for incorporation as a 190 nonprofit organization, and the Secretary of State may not 191 assess any such fees if the citizen support organization is 192 certified by the Department of Environmental Protection to the 193 Secretary of State as being under contract with the Department 194 of Environmental Protection. 195 (2) The Department of State may escrow an amount necessary 196 to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees 197 until October 1 of the following fiscal year and then account 198 for that amount as revenue for that fiscal year. 199 Section 5. Section 620.1109, Florida Statutes, is amended 200 to read: 201 620.1109 Department of State; fees.-202 (1) In addition to the annual supplemental corporate fee of \$88.75 or the biennial supplemental corporate fee of \$177.50 203

authorization, \$8.75.

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12-01601-19 2019740 imposed pursuant to s. 607.193, the fees of the Department of 204 205 State under this act are as follows: 206 (a) (1) For furnishing a certified copy, \$52.50 for the 207 first 15 pages plus \$1.00 for each additional page. 208 (b) (2) For filing an original certificate of limited 209 partnership, \$965. 210 (c) (3) For filing an original application for registration 211 as a foreign limited partnership, \$965. (d) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ For filing certificate of conversion, \$52.50. 212 (e) $\frac{(5)}{(5)}$ For filing certificate of merger, \$52.50 for each 213 214 party thereto. 215 (f) For filing a reinstatement, \$500 for each calendar 216 year or part thereof the limited partnership was 217 administratively dissolved or foreign limited partnership was 218 revoked in the records of the Department of State. 219 (g) $\frac{7}{7}$ For filing an annual report, \$411.25. 220 (h) For filing a biennial report, \$822.50. 221 (i) (8) For filing a certificate: 222 1. (a) Designating a registered agent, \$35; 223 2.(b) Changing a registered agent or registered office 224 address, \$35; 225 3.(c) Resigning as a registered agent, \$87.50; or 226 4.(d) Of amendment or restatement of the certificate of 227 limited partnership, \$52.50; 228 (j) For filing a statement of termination, \$52.50. 229 (k) (10) For filing a notice of cancellation for foreign 230 limited partnership, \$52.50. 231 (1) (11) For furnishing a certificate of status or

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 $\underline{\text{(m)}}$ (12) For filing a certificate of dissolution, \$52.50.

 $\frac{(n)}{(13)}$ For filing a certificate of revocation of dissolution, \$52.50.

- $\underline{\text{(o)}}$ (14) For filing any other domestic or foreign limited partnership document, \$52.50.
- (2) The Department of State may escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees and biennial supplemental corporate fees until October 1 of the following fiscal year and then account for that amount as revenue for that fiscal year.

Section 6. Paragraphs (i) through (o) of subsection (1) of section 620.81055, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (j) through (p), respectively, a new paragraph (i) is added to that subsection, and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

620.81055 Fees for filing documents and issuing certificates; powers of the Department of State.—

- (1) The Department of State shall collect the following fees when documents authorized by this act are delivered to the Department of State for filing:
 - (i) Limited liability partnership biennial report: \$50.
- (3) The Department of State may escrow an amount necessary to annualize revenues collected from biennial report filing fees until October 1 of the following fiscal year and then account for that amount as revenue for that fiscal year.

Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 605.0118, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

605.0118 Delivery of record.-

(3) If a check is mailed to the department for payment of

12-01601-19 2019740 262 an annual or biennial report fee or the annual or biennial fee 263 required under s. 607.193, the check shall be deemed to have 264 been received by the department as of the postmark date 265 appearing on the envelope or package transmitting the check if 266 the envelope or package is received by the department. 267 Section 8. This act shall take effect on the same date that 268 SB or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation 269 is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension 270 thereof and becomes a law.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The F	Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce an	d Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 588					
INTRODUCER:	Commerce and Tourism Committee and Senators Hutson and Bradley					
SUBJECT:	Preemption of Local Regulations					
DATE:	March 4, 2019	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST ST	AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
l. Little	Mc	Kay	CM	Fav/CS		
2.			CA			
3.			RC			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 588:

- Establishes a moratorium on the local regulation and enforcement of single-use plastic straws;
- Requires the DEP, or an entity designated by the DEP, to conduct a study to evaluate the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws and to report the study to the Legislature by July 1, 2024;
- Provides that the moratorium is lifted, effective July 1, 2024, if the Legislature does not enact a general law specifying a statewide policy regarding single-use plastic straws or a law preempting local regulation of single-use plastic straws;
- Provides that it is a violation of local government to attempt to adopt or enforce single-use plastic straw regulations before July 1, 2024, which shall result in a fine to the offending local government entity in the amount of \$25,000; and
- Preempts the regulation of over-the-counter proprietary drugs and cosmetics to the state, notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the contrary.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2019.

II. Present Situation:

Single-use Plastic Straws

In recent years, the United States has seen an upsurge of initiatives aimed at increasing the rate at which individuals recycle and reuse materials that may be harmful to the environment. As a result, several states have enacted legislation addressing the use of single-use products, such as Styrofoam, paper bags, and plastic bags.¹

In 2018, California became the first state to pass legislation regulating the use of plastic straws. Under the law, full-service restaurants are prohibited from providing a single-use plastic straw unless the straw is requested by a customer.² Many businesses have also taken measures to reduce the use of plastic straws, including Sea World Entertainment, Royal Caribbean Cruises, Bon Appétit, and Alaska Airlines.³

Plastic Straws in Florida

In response to growing concerns regarding the impact of single-use plastic products on the environment, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) initiated a "Skip the Straw" campaign. The campaign encourages individuals, schools, and businesses to reduce pollution caused by plastic in Florida. The DEP also suggests that participants help the cause by picking up litter and participating in beach and river cleanups. Participants of "Skip the Straw" pledge to eliminate their use of plastic straws and other single-use products.⁴

The following Florida cities have passed regulations relating to the use of plastic straws: St. Petersburg,⁵ Town of Fort Myers Beach,⁶ City of Coral Gables,⁷ Village of Pinecrest,⁸ Town of Surfside,⁹ Miami Beach,¹⁰ City of Delray Beach,¹¹ Fort Lauderdale,¹² Deerfield Beach,¹³ and the City of Hallandale Beach.¹⁴

¹ National Conference of State Legislatures (NCSL), *State Plastic and Paper Bag Legislation* (Jan. 17, 2019), *available at* http://www.ncsl.org/research/environment-and-natural-resources/plastic-bag-legislation.aspx (last visited March 1, 2019).

² The law became effective January 1, 2019. *See* Cal. Civ. Code. PUB. RES. s. 42271 (added by Stats, 2018, Ch. 576, S.1).

⁽AB1884)).

³ Darryl Fears, *A Campaign to Eliminate Plastic Straws is Sucking in Thousands of Converts* (June 24, 2017), Washington Post, *available at* https://www.washingtonpost.com/national/health-science/a-campaign-to-eliminate-plastic-straws-is-sucking-in-thousands-of-converts/2017/06/24/d53f70cc-4c5a-11e7-9669-

²⁵⁰d0b15f83b story.html?utm term=.bad6e5bf10e7 (last visited March 1, 2019).

⁴ Florida Dep't of Environmental Protection, *Skip the Straw, available at* https://floridadep.gov/waste/waste/campaign/skip-straw (last visited March 1, 2019).

⁵ City of St. Petersburg, Fla., Ord. No. 356-H, s. 1 (2018).

⁶ Town of Fort Myers Beach, Fla., Ord. No. 17-13 (2017).

⁷ City of Coral Gables, Fla., Ord. No. 2019-01, s. 2 (2019).

⁸ Village of Pinecrest, Fla., Ord. No. 2018-14, s. 2 (2018).

⁹ Town of Surfside, Fla., Ord. No. 18-1676, s.2 (2018).

¹⁰ Miami Beach, Fla., Ord. No. 2018-4208, s.2 (2018).

¹¹ City of Delray Beach, Fla., Ord. No. 10-19 (2019).

¹² Fort Lauderdale, Fla., Ord. No. 19-0102 (2019).

¹³ Deerfield Beach, Fla., Ord. No. 2018-028, s.2 (2018) (Editor's note—Ord. No. 2018/028, s. 2, adopted September 17, 2018, amended the Code by the addition of a new Art. IX, § 34-170; however, said provision has been redesignated as Art. X, § 34-180, at the editor's discretion, for purposes of maintaining Code format and preventing the duplication of section numbers.)

¹⁴ City of Hallandale Beach, Fla., Ord. No. 18-027 (2018).

Similar Legislation

In 2008, the Legislature enacted s. 403.7033, F.S., to require the DEP to analyze "the need for new or different regulation of auxiliary containers, wrappings, or disposable plastic bags used by consumers to carry products from retail establishments." Under the law, the DEP was required to submit a report with its conclusions and recommendations to the Legislature by February 1, 2010. The law also prohibited local governments, local governmental agencies, and state government agencies from enacting any rule, regulation, or ordinance regarding the use, disposition, sale, prohibition, restriction, or tax of such auxiliary containers, wrappings, or disposable plastic bags until the Legislature adopts the DEP's recommendations. ¹⁶

In its *Retail Bags Report*, the DEP found that improperly discarded plastic bags, besides being unsightly litter, can harm land and marine life, interfere with landfill operations, clog flood control systems, and breed mosquitos.¹⁷ The DEP provided the Legislature with options, ranging from educational campaigns to complete bans, for discouraging and reducing the use of single-use paper and plastic retail bags and the pros and cons associated with each option.¹⁸ The report concluded that some strategies were more effective than others, with bans, closely followed by user fees and taxes, producing the fastest results.¹⁹ Voluntary efforts were found to be helpful in changing consumer behavior patterns, but their effectiveness was found to be dependent upon the number of retailers participating.²⁰ Finally, the report concluded that public education, by bringing awareness to the damages caused by single-use bags and the costs associated with undoing such damage, is crucial to any approach.²¹

To date, the Legislature has not yet adopted any recommendations contained in the report and the prohibition on any rule, regulation, or ordinance regarding use, disposition, sale, prohibition, restriction, or tax of such auxiliary containers, wrappings, or disposable plastic bags remains in effect.

Home Rule and Preemption

Counties

A county without a charter has such power of self-government as provided by general²² or special law, and may enact county ordinances not inconsistent with general law.²³ Counties operating under county charters shall have all the powers of local self-government not inconsistent with general law, or with special law approved by vote of the electors.²⁴ General law

¹⁵ Ch. 2008-227, s. 96, Laws of Fla.

¹⁶ See s. 403.7033, F.S.

¹⁷ DEP, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, Retail Bags Report, pg. 1 (Feb. 1, 2010), available at https://www.dep.state.fl.us/waste/quick_topics/publications/shw/recycling/retailbags/Retail-Bag-Report_01Feb10.pdf (last visited March 1, 2019).

¹⁸ *Id*. at 19.

¹⁹ *Id*. at 1.

²⁰ *Id*. at 2.

²¹ *Id*.

²² Chapter 125, Part I, F.S.

²³ FLA. CONST. art. VIII, s. 1(f).

²⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VIII, s. 1(g).

authorizes counties "the power to carry on county government" and to "perform any other acts not inconsistent with law, which acts are in the common interest of the people of the county, and exercise all powers and privileges not specifically prohibited by law." ²⁶

Municipalities

Chapter 166, F.S., also known as the Municipal Home Rule Powers Act,²⁷ acknowledges the constitutional grant to municipalities of governmental, corporate, and proprietary power necessary to conduct municipal government, functions, and services.²⁸ Chapter 166, F.S., provides municipalities with broad home rule powers, respecting expressed limits on municipal powers established by the Florida Constitution, applicable laws, and county charters.²⁹

Section 166.221, F.S., authorizes municipalities to levy reasonable business, professional, and occupational regulatory fees, commensurate with the cost of the regulatory activity, including consumer protection, on such classes of businesses, professions, and occupations, the regulation of which has not been preempted by the state or a county pursuant to a county charter.

Local governments have broad authority to legislate on any matter that is not inconsistent with federal or state law. A local government enactment may be inconsistent with state law if (1) the Legislature has preempted a particular subject area or (2) the local enactment conflicts with a state statute. Where state preemption applies, it precludes a local government from exercising authority in that particular area.³⁰ Florida law recognizes two types of preemption: express and implied. Express preemption requires a specific legislative statement; it cannot be implied or inferred.³¹ Express preemption of a field by the Legislature must be accomplished by clear language stating that intent.³² In cases where the Legislature expressly or specifically preempts an area, there is no problem with ascertaining what the Legislature intended.³³

In cases determining the validity of ordinances enacted in the face of state preemption, the effect has been to find such ordinances null and void.³⁴ Implied preemption is actually a decision by the courts to create preemption in the absence of an explicit legislative directive.³⁵ Preemption of a local government enactment is implied only where the legislative scheme is so pervasive as to evidence an intent to preempt the particular area, and strong public policy reasons exist for

²⁵ Section 125.01(1), F.S.

²⁶ Section 125.01(1)(w), F.S.

²⁷ Section 166.011, F.S.

²⁸ Florida House of Representatives, Publications, *The Local Government Formation Manual 2017-2018*, p. 16, *available at* <a href="http://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2911&Session=2017&DocumentType=General Publications&FileName=2017-2018 Local Government Formation Manual Final <a href="http://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2911&Session=2017&DocumentType=General Publications&FileName=2017-2018 Local Government Formation Manual Final <a href="https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2911&Session=2017&DocumentType=General Publications&FileName=2017-2018 Local Government Formation Manual Final <a href="https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2911&Session=2017&DocumentType=General Publications&FileName=2017-2018 Local Government Formation Manual Final <a href="https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2911&Session=2017&DocumentType=General Publications&FileName=2017-2018 Local Government Formation Manual Final https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?

²⁹ Section 166.021(4), F.S.

³⁰ Wolf, The Effectiveness of Home Rule: A Preemptions and Conflict Analysis, 83 Fla. B.J. 92 (June 2009).

³¹ See City of Hollywood v. Mulligan, 934 So.2d 1238, 1243 (Fla. 2006); Phantom of Clearwater, Inc. v. Pinellas County, 894 So.2d 1011, 1018 (Fla. 2d DCA 2005), approved in Phantom of Brevard, Inc. v. Brevard County, 3 So.3d 309 (Fla. 2008).

³² *Mulligan*, 934 So.2d at 1243.

³³ Sarasota Alliance for Fair Elections, Inc. v. Browning, 28 So.3d 880, 886 (Fla. 2010).

³⁴ See, e.g., Nat'l Rifle Ass'n of Am., Inc. v. City of S. Miami, 812 So.2d 504 (Fla. 3d DCA 2002).

³⁵ Phantom of Clearwater, Inc., 894 So.2d at 1019.

finding preemption.³⁶ Implied preemption is found where the local legislation would present the danger of conflict with the state's pervasive regulatory scheme.³⁷

Recent Litigation

The City of Coral Gables enacted an ordinance on February 9, 2016, banning the sale or use of containers made of polystyrene, also known as Styrofoam, by different entities and in different places within the City. The ordinance set forth exemptions from the ban for certain products or uses of polystyrene and provided code enforcement procedures for issuing tickets and fines for violations and for appealing violations. On March 9, 2016, the Legislature passed House Bill 7007 which, among other provisions, created s. 500.90, F.S. The new statutory section preempted to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services the regulation of the use or sale of polystyrene products by entities regulated under ch. 500. Chapter 500, F.S., is related to the regulation of food products. Section 500.90, F.S., provided exceptions to the preemption including local ordinances enacted before January 1, 2016. House Bill 7007 became effective July 1, 2016. On July 18, 2016, the City was sued by the Florida Retail Federation, Inc. and Super Progreso Inc., who alleged that the City's ordinance was preempted by state statute. The plaintiffs sought a declaratory judgment to that effect and injunctive relief to prevent the enforcement of the ordinance. The State of Florida was granted permission to intervene by the court and filed a response in opposition to the City's motion for summary judgment.

In an order dated February 27, 2017, the court granted the City's Motion for Summary Judgment, holding that the statutory sections relied on by the plaintiffs in asserting preemption lack the necessary standards and guidelines for implementation and are unconstitutionally vague. Final judgment in the case was rendered on March 8, 2017. The court ruled in favor of the City of Coral Gables and held that the statutes preempting the regulation by local governments of polystyrene, ⁴⁰ plastic bags, ⁴¹ and the packaging of products manufactured or sold in the state ⁴² are unconstitutional and that the City's ordinance is valid and enforceable. ⁴³ The time period to appeal the court's decision has not yet run.

On January 8, 2019, the City of Coral Gables City Commission voted to ban plastic straws and stirrers from city facilities, parks and permitted events. The ban also applies to city vendors and contractors.⁴⁴

³⁶ *Id*.

³⁷ Sarasota Alliance for Fair Elections, Inc., 28 So.3d at 886.

³⁸ The plaintiffs asserted that ss. 500.90, 403.708(9), and 403.7033, F.S., preempted the ordinance.

³⁹ Florida Retail Federation, Inc. and Super Progreso Inc. v. The City of Coral Gables, Case No. 2016-018370-CA-01 (Fla. 11th Jud. Cir. 2017).

⁴⁰ Section 500.90, F.S.

⁴¹ Section 403.7033, F.S.

⁴² Section 403.708(9), F.S.

⁴³ Florida Retail Federation, Inc. and Super Progreso Inc. v. The City of Coral Gables, Case no. 2016-018370-CA-01 (Fla. 11th Jud. Cir. 2017).

⁴⁴ File #18-8138, City of Coral Gables City Commission Meeting, *available at* https://coralgables.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=3823521&GUID=2F753430-AD58-49FB-B9DE-EE6780BFEDEB&Options=ID|Text|&Search="(last visited March 1, 2019).

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 establishes a moratorium on the local regulation and enforcement of plastic straws until July 1, 2024. Under the bill, a county, municipality, or another local entity of local government is prohibited from adopting or enforcing an ordinance or other local regulation relating to single-use plastic straws before July 1, 2024.

The bill requires the DEP, or an entity designated by the DEP, to conduct a study to evaluate the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws. An entity designated by the DEP to conduct the study is required to be competent, knowledgeable, and unbiased regarding environmental impact studies. The environmental impact study must:

- Focus on the scientific data regarding the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws and the potential impact on the environment of this state if a reduction in the number of, or a prohibition on the use of, single-use plastic straws; and
- Consider the usefulness and environmental impact of potential alternatives to single-use plastic straws on the quality of life of persons with disabilities who may rely on single-use plastic straws for feeding and hydration.

The bill also provides that the environmental impact study may also consider single-use plastic straw regulations adopted in other jurisdictions in the United States and the actual effectiveness of such regulations in those jurisdictions in terms of environmental impact.

The DEP is required to report the results of the environmental impact study to the Legislature by January 1, 2024. If, upon evaluating the results of the study, the Legislature does not enact a general law specifying a statewide policy regarding single-use plastic straws or a law preempting local regulation of single-use plastic straws, the moratorium on local regulation and enforcement of plastic straws ends on July 1, 2024.

Under the bill, an attempt by a county, municipality, or another entity of local government to adopt or enforce single-use plastic straw regulations before July 1, 2024 constitutes a violation, which shall result in a fine to the offending local governmental entity in the amount of \$25,000. Additionally, the offending local government is responsible for the attorney fees and costs of any party filing and prevailing in a civil action to enforce the terms of the moratorium.

Section 2 provides that, notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the contrary, the regulation of over-the-counter proprietary drugs and cosmetics is preempted to the state to be uniformly administered.

Section 3 provides an effective date of July 1, 2019.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DEP may incur costs associated with conducting the study required by the bill.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

Several local regulations apply to the distribution of both single-use plastic straws and plastic stirrers. It is unclear whether the enforcement or adoption of local regulations relating to plastic stirrers will be subject to the fine imposed by the bill. Additionally, the bill does not specify who will impose the fine against an offending local government entity.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates sections 403.7034 and 499.002(7) of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 4, 2019:

The committee substitute:

- Establishes a moratorium on the local regulation and enforcement of single-use plastic straws;
- Requires the DEP, or an entity designated by the DEP, to conduct a study to evaluate the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws and to report the results of the environmental impact study to the Legislature by January 1, 2024;
- Provides that the moratorium is lifted, effective July 1, 2024, if the Legislature does not enact a general law specifying a statewide policy regarding single-use plastic straws or a law preempting local regulation of single-use plastic straws;
- Provides that it is a violation of local government that attempts to adopt or enforce single-use plastic straw regulations before July 1, 2024, which shall result in a fine to the offending local government entity in the amount of \$25,000; and
- Preempts the regulation of over-the-counter proprietary drugs and cosmetics to the state, notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the contrary.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/04/2019		
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	•	
	•	

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Hutson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 403.7034, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

403.7034 Local regulation of single-use plastic straws; moratorium; environmental impact study; penalties.-

(1) Before July 1, 2024, a county, a municipality, or another entity of local government may not adopt or enforce an

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ordinance or other local regulation relating to single-use plastic straws.

- (2) In the interim, the department, or an entity designated by the department, shall conduct a study to evaluate the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws. A designated entity must be competent, knowledgeable, and unbiased regarding environmental impact studies.
- (3) The environmental impact study must focus on scientific data regarding the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws and the potential impact on the environment of this state of a reduction in the number of, or a prohibition on the use of, single-use plastic straws. The study may consider single-use plastic straw regulations adopted in other jurisdictions in the United States and the actual effectiveness of such regulations in those jurisdictions in terms of environmental impact. The study must also consider the usefulness and environmental impact of potential alternatives to single-use plastic straws and the potential impact of reducing or eliminating single-use plastic straws on the quality of life of persons with disabilities who may rely on single-use plastic straws for feeding and hydration.
- (4) The department shall report the results of the environmental impact study to the Legislature by January 1, 2024. If, upon evaluating the results of the study, the Legislature does not enact a general law specifying a statewide policy regarding single-use plastic straws or a law preempting local regulation of single-use plastic straws, the moratorium on local regulation and enforcement under this section is lifted, effective July 1, 2024.
 - (5) An attempt by a county, a municipality, or another

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entity of local government to adopt or enforce single-use plastic straw regulations before July 1, 2024, is a violation of this chapter and shall result in a fine to the offending local governmental entity in the amount of \$25,000. Further, the offending local government entity is responsible for the attorney fees and costs of any party filing and prevailing in a civil action to enforce the terms of the moratorium. Section 2. Subsection (7) is added to section 499.002, Florida Statutes, to read: 499.002 Purpose, administration, and enforcement of and exemption from this part. (7) Notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the contrary, the regulation of over-the-counter proprietary drugs and cosmetics is preempted to the state to be uniformly administered. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019. ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows: Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: A bill to be entitled An act relating to preemption of local regulations; creating s. 403.7034, F.S.; prohibiting local governmental entities from adopting or enforcing local ordinances or regulations relating to single-use plastic straws before a specified date; requiring the

Department of Environmental Protection, or an entity

designated by the department, to conduct a study



evaluating the environmental impact of single-use plastic straws; providing qualifications for the designated entity; specifying requirements for the environmental impact study; requiring the department to submit a report on the environmental impact study results to the Legislature by a specified date; providing that, under certain circumstances, the moratorium on local regulation is lifted by a specified date; providing penalties for violations of the moratorium by a local governmental entity; amending s. 499.002, F.S.; preempting the regulation of over-the-counter proprietary drugs or cosmetics to the state; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, single-use plastic straws comprise less than 1 percent of waste and litter, and

WHEREAS, alternatives to single-use plastic straws may have equivalent environmental drawbacks or have reduced utility in certain beverage types, and

WHEREAS, reducing the availability of single-use plastic straws may negatively impact persons with disabilities who require single-use plastic straws for feeding and hydration, and

WHEREAS, businesses should be free to decide the best manner in which to serve their customers, free from unnecessary governmental intrusion or regulation, and

WHEREAS, the prudent deliberation regarding materials usage and the development of policy based on sound research and science will result in better long-term solutions for this state, NOW, THEREFORE,

By Senator Hutson

7-01075B-19 2019588

10,02 15

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to single-use plastic straws; creating s. 403.7034, F.S.; defining terms; providing that a food service establishment may distribute a single-use plastic straw to a customer only if requested to do so by the customer; providing exceptions; providing that a food service establishment may make single-use plastic straws available through self-serve straw dispensers; preempting the regulation of single-use plastic straws to the state; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 403.7034, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 403.7034 Single-use plastic straws.
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Distribute" means to sell, use, or offer or to provide for sale or use.
- (b) "Food service establishment" means a restaurant, convenience store, grocery store, or vendor that sells food or beverages for the customer to consume on, near, or off the establishment's premises.
- (c) "Single-use" means a product that is designed to be used only once in its original form and then be disposed of or destroyed.
- (d) "Single-use plastic straw" means a single-use, disposable straw made predominantly of plastic derived from

7-01075B-19 2019588

petroleum or a biologically based polymer, such as corn or other plant sources, which is used to transfer a beverage from a container to the mouth of the person drinking the beverage. The term does not include a straw made from nonplastic materials, including, but not limited to, paper, wood, or bamboo.

- (2) (a) A food service establishment may distribute a single-use plastic straw to a customer only if requested to do so by the customer.
- (b) The prohibition under paragraph (a) does not apply to a take-out order; an order for off-premises delivery; an order placed via a digital or mobile application; the distribution of food or beverage items that were filled, sealed, or packaged before the food service establishment received such items; or hospitals or nursing, rehabilitation, or other healthcare facilities.
- (3) This section does not prohibit a food service establishment from making single-use plastic straws available to customers through a self-serve straw dispenser.
- (4) The regulation of single-use plastic straws is preempted to the state. A municipality, county, or other local governmental entity may not adopt, enforce, or implement any ordinance, rule, or law that would further restrict a food service establishment from distributing single-use plastic straws to customers.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Joseph Gruters, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism		
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request		
Date:	February 13, 2019		
I respectfully request that Senate Bill #588 , relating to Single-Use Plastic Straws, be placed on the:			
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.		
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.		
	Tri of Aut.		

Senator Travis Hutson Florida Senate, District 7

3/4/19 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Plastic 5 traws Sunscreen Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Deborah Foote
Job Title Government Affairs Director
Address 3254 Newberry Blvd Phone 251-533-1798 deborah footen
Tallahassee FL 32311 Email Sierraclubions
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Sierra Club Florida
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 588 03/04/2019 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date 510796 Topic Single-Use Plastic Straws Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Olivia Babis Job Title Public Policy Analyst Phone 850-488-9071 Address 2473 Care Dr. Suite 200 Street 32308 FL Tallahassee Email State Zip City In Support Waive Speaking: Information Against Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Disability Rights of Florida Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate P	588		
/ Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)		
Topic Plastic Straws-Sunsereen	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Grace Covett			
Job Title <u>Legislative</u> Affairs			
Address 2275. Adams St.	Phone <u>850 222 4082</u>		
Street Tallahassee FL 3230	Email grace@frf.org		
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)		
Representing Florida Retail Federation			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)		

3/4/19 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable)
510796
Topic Sthele Use plastic Straws Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Hally Parker Curry
Job Title FL Regional Manager
Address 1229 Mitchell Aue Phone 850.567.3393
Talahassee FC 32303 Email hiparice of Score State Zip
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Surfrider Foundation
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/4/2019	(Deliver BOTH copies	s of this form to the Senator or	Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting)	SB588
Meeting Date	-				Bill Number (if applicable) 510796
Topic SB588				Amend	lment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Laura Reynold	S				
Job Title Environmen	tal Consultant	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Address 360 Hunter	Street			Phone 786-543	-1926
Street) b	-	22405	utomoldo@aa	anconvotionacheconteclla ora
West Palm E	seacn	FL	33405	Email reynolds@cc	onservationconceptssllc.org
City Speaking: For ▶	Against	State Information	^{Zip} Waive Sţ (The Chai		upport Against ation into the record.)
Representing Pla	stics Free Init	ative, Womesn Club	o of Coconut G	rove	
Appearing at request	of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition meeting. Those who do sp					

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

	SK 9 8%
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pre-emption of Straw Regulation	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Leighanne Soone	
Job Title President	
Address 300 S. Duval St, Unit 709	Phone 407-719-8652
Tallahassee, FL 32301	_ Email <u>Leighanne</u> , Boone D
	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing ReThink Energy Action Fund	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as man	•
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator o	r Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 588 Bill Number (if applicable)		
Topic Single-Use Plastic Straws	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Samantha Padgett			
Job Title General Counse			
Address 230 S. Adams St.	Phone 224 - 2750		
Street Talahassee FC City State	3230 Email spadgett@frla.org		
Speaking: Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)		
Representing Florida Restaurant	Lodging Association		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No			
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)		

3/4/19	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Singu	à Use Straws	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name // Cfor	ia Zepp	_
Job Title Chief	Policy Beserreh Ofen	, -
Address $\frac{\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{E})}{Street}$	· College Ave	Phone
City	State Zip	Email
Speaking: For		Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing	Fl Developmenty Di	subilities
Appearing at request of	of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes No
•	on to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all beak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	
This form is part of the p	public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St.	Bill Number (if applicable)		
Topic Single use plastics Name Tennifer Rubiello	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Job Title Director			
Address 3110 IST AVEN, Ste QH	Phone 7273273138		
Street St. Peters burg R 33 713 City State Zip Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair	Deaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.)		
Representing ENVINONMENT FLORIDA	Land Car		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)		

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) **Topic** Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Phone Address Street **Email** Zip State Information Against In Support Speaking: Waive Speaking: Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St	
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pastic Straws - Sunscreen	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Grace Lovett	
Job Title <u>Legislative Affairs</u>	
Address 229 S. Adams St.	Phone 850 222 4082
Street Tallanassee FL 32301	Email grace Grf. org
City State Zip	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Retail Federation	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of Senate Professional	Stati conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic STNgle-USE PHSTIZ STNAWS Name SONATHAN Webber	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Deputy Director	
Address 1700 N. Morroe St. # 11-286	_ Phone
Street FL 3230)	_ Email_ JWEBBEL@ FCUSTERSON
	Speaking: In Support Against nair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florist Conservation Votas	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as man	
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting)		
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)		
Topic Single Use Plastic Straws	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Edward Bowman			
Job Title Ex. Diretor FPMA			
Address 1983 Centre Point BIVD	Phone 850 - 8757 - 5178		
Street Tg/lahassee Fl 323018	Email Nel 6 FPMA. OR G		
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair	peaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.)		
Representing FL Petro Marketen Assocition			
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No			
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)		

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/4/19 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting) 588
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Single use plastic straws	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Holly Parker Corry	
Job Title Flegional Manager	
Address 1229 Mifchell Ane	Phone <u>\$50.567.3393</u>
Jallahassee FC 32303 City State Zip	Email h parker @
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	peaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Surfrider Foundation	<u>U</u>
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

3/4/19	(Deliver BOTH	copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting)	588
Meeting Date					Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Single-use P	lastic Straws			Amend	Iment Barcode (if applicable
Name Brewster Be	vis			_	
Job Title Senior VP				_	
Address 616 N. Ad	ams St			Phone <u>573-213</u>	9
Street Tallahasse		FL	32301	Email bbevis@a	if.com
City Speaking: For	Against	State Information		Speaking: In Stair will read this inform	
Representing A	ssociated In	dustries of Florida			
Appearing at reque	•		Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislat	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate trac	dition to encour	age public testimony, time asked to limit their remai	e may not permit a rks so that as man	ll persons wishing to s y persons as possible	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
This form is part of th	e public recor	d for this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate	Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pastic Straws	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Christopher Emmanuel	
Job Title Policy Director	
Address Bo S. Bronough	Phone
TLH, FL 32301	Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLORIDA CHAMBER OF	F COMMERCE
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobby	yist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may no meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 588 Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name ansev Job Title Address Phone \$50/ Street allahassu Email Chansen eballardf City State Against Information Speaking: Waive Speaking: VIn Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) ealthcarc Proclu Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes | V No Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Phone ___ Address Street State Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

conducting the meeting) 5/3 588
Bill Number (if applicable)
Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
•
Phone 251-533-1798
Email si cura club. ors
eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
red with Legislature:
ersons wishing to speak to be heard at this ersons as possible can be heard.
S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By:	The Professional Sta	ff of the Committee	on Finance a	nd Tax	
BILL:	CS/SB 750					
INTRODUCER:	Commerce and	Γourism Committee	e and Senator Gr	uters		
SUBJECT:	Research and D	evelopment Tax Cı	redit			
DATE:	March 4, 2019	REVISED:				
ANAL	_	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Anderson	<u>N</u>	IcKay	CM	Fav/CS		
2			FT			
3.			AP			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 750 amends s. 220.196, F.S., to increase the annual limit on research and development (R&D) tax credits on corporate income taxes to \$35 million from \$9 million. The bill also deletes the \$16.5 million limit provided in calendar year 2018 for expenses incurred in 2017 calendar year. The increased limit of \$35 million will apply to the 2019 allocation for expenses incurred in 2018, and to all the taxable years thereafter.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

II. Present Situation:

Federal Tax Credit

The U.S. Research and Experimentation Tax Credit was created in 1981 as part of the Economic Recovery Tax Act, a comprehensive package of initiatives designed to boost U.S. business competitiveness and encourage investment and savings by American taxpayers during a period of economic recession. For the 2013 federal tax year, 16,624 companies claimed \$11.3 billion in

¹ Francisco Moris, "The U.S. Research and Experimentation Tax Credit in the 1990s", <u>National Science Foundation Report</u> (July 2005). Retrieved at http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/infbrief/nsf05316/ *and* Congressional Budget Office, "The Prospects for Economic Recovery" (February 1982) 87-93. Retrieved at http://www.cbo.gov/ftpdocs/51xx/doc5135/doc03b-Part8.pdf. (last visited on March 4, 2019).

R&D tax credits, including \$177.1 million claimed via "pass-through" entities.² At \$97.8 billion, manufacturing companies claimed the largest portion of research tax credits.³ Under federal law, qualified research expenditures include in-house research expenses and contract research expenses paid by the taxpayer in carrying on any trade or business of the taxpayer.⁴

Florida Tax Credit

Section 220.196, F.S., authorizes an R&D tax credit against state corporate income taxes for certain businesses with qualified research expenses.⁵ A business is eligible for the tax credit if it:

- Has qualified research expenses in Florida in the taxable year exceeding the base amount;⁶
- Claims, and is allowed, a research credit for such qualified expenses under federal law for the same taxable year; and
- Is in a qualified targeted industry, such as manufacturing, life sciences, information technology, aviation and aerospace, homeland security and defense, cloud information technology, marine sciences, materials sciences, or nanotechnology.

The tax credit is 10 percent of the difference between the current tax year's R&D expenditures in Florida and the average of R&D expenditures over the previous four tax years. However, if the business has existed fewer than four years, then the credit amount is reduced by 25 percent for each year the business or predecessor corporation did not exist. The state tax credit taken in any taxable year may not exceed 50 percent of the company's remaining net corporate income tax liability under ch. 220, F.S., after all other credits to which the business is entitled have been applied. Any unused credits may be carried forward by the business that originally earned them for up to five years following the year in which the qualified research expenses were incurred. The state tax credit taken in any taxable year following the year in which the qualified research expenses were incurred.

The maximum amount of research and development credits that may be approved by the Department of Revenue (DOR) during any calendar year is \$9 million. Applications for the credit may be filed with the DOR during March for qualified research expenses incurred within the preceding calendar year. If the total amount of credits applied for exceeds the annual cap, credits are allocated on a prorated basis. ¹¹

² Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division, http://www.irs.gov/uac/SOI-Tax-Stats-Corporation-Research-Credit, (last visited March 4, 2019).

³ Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Division, http://www.irs.gov/uac/SOI-Tax-Stats-Corporation-Research-Credit, (last visited March 4, 2019).

⁴ 26 U.S.C. s. 41(b)(1)

⁵ Section 220.196(1)(c), F.S., defines "qualified research expenses" as research expenses qualifying for the credit under federal law for in house research expenses incurred in Florida or contract research expenses incurred in Florida.

⁶ "Base amount" means the average of the business' qualified research expenses in Florida allowed under 26 U.S.C. s. 41 for the preceding 4 taxable years, see ch. 220.196(1)(a), F.S.

⁷ The Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) certifies whether a business is a qualified target industry business, pursuant to s. 220.196(2)(a)3., F.S.

⁸ See s. 220.196(2)(a), F.S.

⁹ See s. 220.196(2)(b), F.S.

¹⁰ See s. 220.196(2)(d), F.S.

¹¹ See s. 220.196(2)(e), F.S.

The statutory cap was raised to \$16.5 million for expenses incurred during the 2017 calendar year. ¹² The credits were allocated in 2018 as follows: ¹³

- The DOR received 169 applications, requesting a total of \$68,067,382 in credit;
- 145 applications were approved with each applicant receiving an allocation of the available \$16.5 million in credit. Each applicant received approximately 25.17 percent (0.2517) of the amount of credit determined in their application. These 145 applications requested a total of \$65,560,879 in credit; and
- Twenty-three (23) applications were denied for various reasons, including duplicate applications and applications resulting in zero credit requested. These 23 applications requested a total of \$2,506,503 in credit.¹⁴

The statutory cap of \$9 million for expenses incurred in the 2016 calendar year was allocated in 2017 as follows:

- The DOR received 146 applications, requesting a total of \$54,915,138 in credit;
- One hundred thirty-seven (137) applications were approved with each applicant receiving an allocation of the available \$9 million in credit. Each applicant received approximately 16.67 percent (0.1667) of the amount of credit determined in their application. These 137 applications requested a total of \$53,986,728 in credit; and
- Nine (9) applications were denied for various reasons, including duplicate applications and application figures resulting in zero credit requested. These nine applications requested a total of \$928,410 in credit.¹⁵

The statutory cap was raised to \$23 million for expenses incurred in the 2015 calendar year¹⁶ was allocated in 2016 as follows:

- The DOR received 131 applications, requesting a total of \$52,481,052 in credit;
- One hundred eighteen (118) applications were approved with each applicant receiving an allocation of the available \$23 million in credit. Each applicant received approximately 46 percent (0.46) of the amount of credit determined in their application. These 118 applications requested a total of \$50,447,562 in credit; and
- Thirteen (13) applications were denied for various reasons, including withdrawal by the taxpayer, duplicate applications, application figures resulting in a zero credit requested, and failure to include a certification letter from the DEO. These 13 applications requested a total of \$2,003,490 in credit.¹⁷

¹² Ch. 2017-36, s. 33, Laws of Fla.

¹³ Department of Revenue, *Research and Development Tax Credit for Florida Corporate Income Tax*, May 22, 2018, http://www.cbo.gov/ftpdocs/51xx/doc5135/doc03b-Part8.pdf (last visited March 4, 2019).

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁵ *Id*.

¹⁶ Ch. 2015-221, s. 21, Laws of Fla.

¹⁷ Department of Revenue, *Research and Development Tax Credit for Florida Corporate Income Tax*, May 22, 2018, http://www.cbo.gov/ftpdocs/51xx/doc5135/doc03b-Part8.pdf (last visited March 4, 2019).

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 220.196(2)(e), F.S., to increase the combined amount of R&D tax credits that may be issued during any calendar year from \$9 million to \$35 million. The bill also removes the provision that increased the annual limit to \$16.5 million for the 2018 calendar year.

Section 2 stipulates that the amendment of s. 220.196(2)(e), F.S., will apply to the 2019 allocation of tax credits for expenses incurred in 2018.

Section 3 provides that this act will take effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Increases the combined corporate income tax savings from \$9 million to \$35 million annually.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet met regarding CS/SB 750.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 220.196 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism Committee on March 4, 2019:

The CS clarifies that the initial year for the increased allotment of \$35 million in R&D tax credits applies to the 2019 allocation of tax credits for 2018 incurred expenses. With the passage of this amendment the bill will become effective upon becoming law.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

783218

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
03/04/2019		
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	•	
	•	

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 26 - 29

and insert:

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Section 2. The amendment made by this act to s. 220.196, Florida Statutes, first applies to the 2019 allocation of tax credits for expenses incurred in calendar year 2018.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

By Senator Gruters

23-00615-19 2019750

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the research and development tax credit; amending s. 220.196, F.S.; increasing the combined total amount of research and development credits against the corporate income tax which may be granted to certain business enterprises during any calendar year; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2.6

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 220.196, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.196 Research and development tax credit.-

- (2) TAX CREDIT.-
- (e) The combined total amount of tax credits which may be granted to all business enterprises under this section during any calendar year is \$35 \$9 million, except that the total amount that may be awarded in the 2018 calendar year is \$16.5 million. Applications may be filed with the department on or after March 20 and before March 27 for qualified research expenses incurred within the preceding calendar year. If the total credits for all applicants exceed the maximum amount allowed under this paragraph, the credits shall be allocated on a prorated basis.

Section 2. The amendment to s. 220.196, Florida Statutes, made by this act applies to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

APPEARANCE RECORD

3 4 19 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Research & Development	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Cowolyn Johnson	_
Job Title Policey Director	_
Address 134 S Branaugh St Street	Phone 521-1200
Tablahassel Fr 32301	Email
	speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Pu Chamball of Commercial	<u></u>
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes No
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While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) SB 750 March 4, 2019 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date R&D Tax Credit Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Bob Ward Job Title President & CEO Phone (813) 229-1775 400 N. Tampa St., Suite 1010 Address Street Email bward@fc100.org Florida 33602 Tampa City State Zip Information Waive Speaking: In Support Speaking: For Against Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Florida Council of 100 Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By: The	Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce ar	nd Tourism	
BILL:	CS/SB 878					
INTRODUCER:	Commerce and Tourism Committee and Senator Gruters					
SUBJECT:	Corporate Taxab	le Income Adjustr	ments			
DATE:	March 4, 2019	REVISED:				
ANAL	-	TAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE CM	Fav/CS	ACTION	
2.			FT			
B			AP			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

SB 878 creates an exception to Florida's requirement that corporate income tax payers that take the bonus depreciation deduction under the federal Internal Revenue Code must add back the deduction and then subtract the deduction over a seven-year period for Florida Corporate Income Tax purposes. The exception created by the bill applies to motor vehicle rental or leasing companies.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not determined the fiscal impact of the bill.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

II. Present Situation:

Annual Adoption of the Internal Revenue Code

Florida imposes a 5.5 percent tax on the taxable income of corporations and financial institutions doing business in Florida.¹ A corporation calculates its taxable income for Florida tax purposes by starting with its taxable income determined for federal tax purposes.² This means that a corporation paying taxes in Florida receives the same treatment in Florida as is allowed in determining its federal taxable income.

¹ Sections 220.11(2) and 220.63(2), F.S.

² See generally s. 220.13(2), F.S.

Bonus Depreciation

The Internal Revenue Code (IRC, or the Code) allows a taxpayer to deduct the cost of long-term business assets by deducting a portion of the cost over the useful life of the property (depreciation).³ Since taxpayers deduct for depreciation in calculating their federal taxable income, the deduction is already included when the taxpayer begins calculating its Florida taxable income.

For the past decade, federal legislation has been granting an additional, first-year depreciation deduction (bonus depreciation).⁴ The legislation has generally authorized 50 or 100 percent of the cost of qualifying property to be deducted in the first year of depreciation. Currently, some level of bonus depreciation is authorized through 2026.

Generally, the entire cost of an asset is depreciable over time. Therefore, bonus depreciation deductions do not increase the <u>total</u> amount that can be deducted as depreciation; bonus depreciation merely accelerates the depreciation deduction. That being said, the immediate fiscal impact of bonus depreciation can substantially reduce corporate income tax receipts in the near term. As an example, the Revenue Estimating Conference determined that bonus depreciation granted by the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 would reduce Fiscal Year 2015-2016 General Revenue receipts by \$180 million.⁵

Due to the near term fiscal impact that bonus depreciation deductions would have on Florida, the Legislature has chosen to "decouple" from these deductions by requiring taxpayers to add back the amount of bonus depreciation to their taxable income for Florida purposes and then subtract $1/7^{th}$ of that amount over seven years.⁶ This treatment has the effect of giving the taxpayer the benefit of bonus depreciation, but requiring the taxpayer to "spread" that benefit over a 7-year period.

The following chart provides a list of recent federal acts that have granted bonus depreciation and the Florida law that "decoupled" from the bonus depreciation provisions.⁷

³ See generally ss. 167 and 168, IRC.

⁴ See the Economic Stimulus Act of 2008, Pub. L. No. 110-185; the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. No. 111-5; the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-240; the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-312; the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, Pub. L. No. 112-240; the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014, Pub. L. No. 113-295; the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, Pub. L. No. 114-113; and the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, Pub. L. No. 115-97.

⁵ Revenue Impact Conference Impact Statement, Proposed Language, January 26, 2015, *available at*: http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2015/_pdf/page17-18.pdf (last visited Feb. 22, 2019). ⁶ See chs. 2008-206, 2009-192, 2011-229, 2013-46, 2015-35, 2016-220, and 2018-119, L.O.F.

⁷ In some instances, the Florida law also decoupled from increased first-year expensing provisions included in the federal act; however, first-year expensing is not directly relevant to the issue in the bill being analyzed.

Federal Act	Applies to Taxable Years beginning on or after January 1 of:	Bonus Depreciation Amount	Florida Law that "Decoupled"
The Economic Stimulus Act of 2008	2008	50 percent	Chapter 2008-206, L.O.F.
The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009	2009	50 percent	Chapter 2009-192, L.O.F.
The Small Business Jobs Act of 2010	2010	100 percent	
The Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance	2011	50 percent	Chapter 2011-229, L.O.F.
Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010	2012	50 percent	
The American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012	2013	50 percent	Chapter 2013-46, L.O.F
The Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014	2014	50 percent	Chapter 2015-35, L.O.F.
The Consolidated	2015	50 percent	Chamtan 2016 220
Appropriations Act,	2016	50 percent	Chapter 2016-220, L.O.F.
2016^8	2017	50 percent	L.O.F.
	2018	100 percent	
	2019	100 percent	
	2020	100 percent	
	2021	100 percent	
Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of	2022	100 percent	Chapter 2018-119,
2017	2023	80 percent	L.O.F.
	2024	60 percent	
	2025	40 percent	
	2026	20 percent	
	2027	0 percent	

⁸ The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, also provided bonus depreciation amounts for 2018 and 2019 of 40 percent and 30 percent, respectively; however, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act increased those percentages to 100 percent for both years.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017

On December 22, 2017, President Trump signed into law the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA). The TCJA made significant changes to federal income tax provisions related to individuals, corporations, and the treatment of foreign income. As shown in the chart above, the TCJA extended bonus depreciation through taxable years beginning before January 1, 2027.

Section 1031 Exchanges

Generally, when an asset is sold, the Code requires the taxpayer to recognize as income any gain on the sale. ¹¹ One exception to this general recognition rule is provided by section 1031 of the Code, for transactions commonly known as "like-kind exchanges" or "1031 exchanges."

Prior to the TCJA and as it relates to the provisions of the bill, s. 1031 of the Code provided that a taxpayer shall not recognize gain or loss when business property was exchanged for business property of a like kind. 12 Thus, a business that was regularly exchanging old business equipment for new business equipment might avoid having to recognize any relevant income at the federal level by exchanging the old equipment for new equipment, rather than selling the old equipment and buying new equipment in separate transactions. For example, this type of transaction could be used by a rental car company that regularly updates its rental fleet. When the income was not recognized at the federal level, that income would likewise not be recognized for Florida tax purposes.

Importantly, the TCJA amended s. 1031 of the Code to limit use of the provision to exchanges of realty. So, companies that were using s. 1031 of the Code to avoid recognizing income when business equipment was exchanged, would not be required to recognize income at the federal level. The effect of losing the ability to use s. 1031 of the Code may be mitigated at the federal level because the TCJA provides 100 percent bonus depreciation deduction on the new equipment purchase; however, for Florida tax purposes, those companies would be required to "spread" the bonus depreciation amount over seven years.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 of the bill creates an exception to Florida's 7-year treatment of bonus depreciation for motor vehicle rental or leasing companies. The bill defines a "motor vehicle rental or leasing company" as:

- an assignee from a retail lessor with a majority of its lease transactions for motor vehicles to persons with no direct or indirect affiliation with the entity, or
- an entity that is engaged in the business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with no direct or indirect affiliation with the entity.

⁹ Pub. Law No. 115-97 (December 22, 2017)

¹⁰ For simplicity, the chart above shows the TCJA's bonus depreciation provisions as applying to taxable years beginning January 1, 2018; however, the TCJA also applied its bonus depreciation provisions to qualifying property acquired after September 27, 2017. *See* Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, s. 13201, Pub. L. No. 115-97.

¹¹ See s. 62(a)(3), IRC

¹² See s. 1031(a)(1), IRC (2016)

Section 2 of the bill applies the changes made by the bill retroactively to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

Section 3 of the bill provides the Department of Revenue with the authority to adopt emergency rules to administer the provisions of the bill.

Section 4 of the bill provides that the bill takes effect upon becoming law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conferences has not yet determined the fiscal impact of the bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Some motor vehicle rental or leasing companies may incur lower Florida taxes.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends s. 220.13 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 4, 2019:

The committee substitute provides that an assignee from a retail motor vehicle lessor with a majority of its lease transactions for motor vehicles to persons with no direct or indirect affiliation with the entity is also eligible for the exception created in the bill.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
	House
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The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete line 65

4 and insert:

rental or leasing company" means:

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(I) An assignee from a retail lessor, as defined in s.

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521.003, with a majority of its lease transactions for motor vehicles to persons with no direct or indirect affiliation with

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the entity; or (II) An entity that is engaged in By Senator Gruters

23-01946A-19 2019878

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to corporate taxable income adjustments; amending s. 220.13, F.S.; providing that, for the purposes of calculating adjusted federal income, motor vehicle rental or leasing companies are not required to add to their taxable income certain amounts deducted for federal income tax purposes as bonus depreciation; defining the term "motor vehicle rental or leasing company"; providing retroactive applicability; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing for the expiration and renewal of such rules; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.-

- (1) The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as follows:
- (e) Adjustments related to federal acts.—Taxpayers shall be required to make the adjustments prescribed in this paragraph for Florida tax purposes with respect to certain tax benefits received pursuant to the Economic Stimulus Act of 2008, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, the Small

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Business Jobs Act of 2010, the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act of 2010, the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012, the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, and the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017.

1.a. Except as provided under subparagraph b., there shall be added to such taxable income an amount equal to 100 percent of any amount deducted for federal income tax purposes as bonus depreciation for the taxable year pursuant to ss. 167 and 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by s. 103 of Pub. L. No. 110-185, s. 1201 of Pub. L. No. 111-5, s. 2022 of Pub. L. No. 111-240, s. 401 of Pub. L. No. 111-312, s. 331 of Pub. L. No. 112-240, s. 125 of Pub. L. No. 113-295, s. 143 of Division Q of Pub. L. No. 114-113, and s. 13201 of Pub. L. No. 115-97, for property placed in service after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2027. For the taxable year and for each of the 6 subsequent taxable years, there shall be subtracted from such taxable income an amount equal to one-seventh of the amount by which taxable income was increased pursuant to this subparagraph, notwithstanding any sale or other disposition of the property that is the subject of the adjustments and regardless of whether such property remains in service in the hands of the taxpayer.

b. If the property that is the subject of the adjustments under subparagraph a. is a motor vehicle owned by a motor vehicle rental or leasing company, the motor vehicle rental or leasing company is not required to add to its taxable income any amount deducted for federal income tax purposes as bonus depreciation for the taxable year pursuant to ss. 167 and 168(k)

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of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by s. 103 of Pub. L. No. 110-185, s. 1201 of Pub. L. No. 111-5, s. 2022 of Pub. L. No. 111-240, s. 401 of Pub. L. No. 111-312, s. 331 of Pub. L. No. 112-240, s. 125 of Pub. L. No. 113-295, s. 143 of Division Q of Pub. L. No. 114-113, and s. 13201 of Pub. L. No. 115-97. As used in this subparagraph, the term "motor vehicle rental or leasing company" means an entity that is engaged in the business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with no direct or indirect affiliation with the entity.

- 2. There shall be added to such taxable income an amount equal to 100 percent of any amount in excess of \$128,000 deducted for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year pursuant to s. 179 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by s. 102 of Pub. L. No. 110-185, s. 1202 of Pub. L. No. 111-5, s. 2021 of Pub. L. No. 111-240, s. 402 of Pub. L. No. 111-312, s. 315 of Pub. L. No. 112-240, and s. 127 of Pub. L. No. 113-295, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, and before January 1, 2015. For the taxable year and for each of the 6 subsequent taxable years, there shall be subtracted from such taxable income one-seventh of the amount by which taxable income was increased pursuant to this subparagraph, notwithstanding any sale or other disposition of the property that is the subject of the adjustments and regardless of whether such property remains in service in the hands of the taxpayer.
- 3. There shall be added to such taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income not included in such

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taxable income pursuant to s. 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by s. 1231 of Pub. L. No. 111-5. There shall be subtracted from such taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income included in such taxable income pursuant to s. 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by s. 1231 of Pub. L. No. 111-5.

- 4. Subtractions available under this paragraph may be transferred to the surviving or acquiring entity following a merger or acquisition and used in the same manner and with the same limitations as specified by this paragraph.
- 5. The additions and subtractions specified in this paragraph are intended to adjust taxable income for Florida tax purposes, and, notwithstanding any other provision of this code, such additions and subtractions shall be permitted to change a taxpayer's net operating loss for Florida tax purposes.
- Section 2. The amendment made by this act to s. 220.13, Florida Statutes, applies retroactively to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- Section 3. (1) The Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of administering the amendment made by this act to s. 220.13, Florida Statutes.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

March 4, 2019	SB 878
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Corporate Taxable Income Adjusti	ments Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Juliette Peros	
Job Title Vice President, Corporate Tax - Avis Bi	odget Group Inc.
Address 6 Sylvan Way	Phone 973-496-2611
Parsippany NJ City State	0.7054 Email juliette. peros@avisbudget.com.
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Avis Budget Group, Inc.	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, timeeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) EVELOPMENT **Topic** Amendment Barcode (if applicable) STEPHENS Name Job Title SUMMIT DRIVE Address Street 32317 State In Support Speaking: Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) 14580CLATION Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

3 (4) (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting the meeting) 878
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Corravate income tax	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Carolyn Johnson	_
Job Title Paray Divector	_
Address Street Street	Phone 521-1200
Taulahassee FL 32351	Email Comson Of chamber
	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Chamber of Common	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.



COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND TOURISM

Location 310 Knott Building

Mailing Address

404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5815

Senator Joseph Gruters, Chair Senator Victor Torres, Vice Chair

Professional Staff: Todd McKay, Staff Director

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

MEMORANDUM

To: Senator Joseph Gruters, Chair

From: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Commerce and Tourism

Subject: Florida Concrete Masonry Education Council, Inc.

Date: March 1, 2019

Florida Concrete Masonry Education Council, Inc.

In 2014, the Legislature created the Florida Concrete Masonry Education Council, Inc. (Council), a nonprofit corporation organized under the laws of this state operating as a direct-support organization (DSO) to the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO). The purpose of the Council is to bring together masonry manufacturers and contractors in an effort to plan and conduct training programs, improve access to masonry education, develop outreach programs to ensure diversity, and to inform the public about the sustainability and economic benefits of concrete masonry products. ²

Pursuant to s. 20.058(5), F.S., relating to DSOs, the Professional Staff of the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism recently reviewed the Council to verify compliance with applicable Florida Statutes.

Direct-Support Organizations

DSOs are statutorily authorized or created private entities that are generally required to be non-profit corporations, and are authorized to carry out specific tasks in support of public entities or public causes.³ The purpose and function of a DSO are prescribed by its enacting statute and, for most organizations, by a written contract with the agency the DSO was created to support.

Transparency and Reporting Requirements

In 2014, the Legislature created s. 20.058, F.S., establishing a comprehensive set of transparency and reporting requirements for DSOs that are created or authorized pursuant to law or executive

BILL GALVANO
President of the Senate

DAVID SIMMONS President Pro Tempore

order and created, approved, or administered by a state agency.⁴ Specifically, the law requires each DSO to annually submit, by August 1, the following information to the agency it supports:⁵

- The name, mailing address, telephone number, and website address of the organization;
- The statutory authority or executive order that created the organization;
- A brief description of the mission of, and results obtained by, the organization;
- A brief description of the organization's plans for the next three fiscal years;
- A copy of the organization's code of ethics; and
- A copy of the organization's most recent federal Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax form (Form 990).⁶

Under the law, each agency must make the above information available to the public through the agency's website. If the DSO maintains a website, the agency's website must provide a link to the website of the DSO. Additionally, any contract between an agency and a DSO must be contingent upon the DSO submitting and posting the information. If a DSO fails to submit the required information for two consecutive years, the agency must terminate the contract with the DSO. The contract must also include a provision for the orderly cessation of operations and reversion to the state of state funds held in trust by the organization within 30 days after its authorizing statute is repealed, the contract is terminated, or the organization is dissolved."

By August 15 of each year, the agency must report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability the information provided by the DSO. The report must also include a recommendation by the agency, with supporting rationale, to continue, terminate, or modify the agency's association with each DSO. 12

Lastly, a law creating or authorizing the creation of a DSO must state that the creation or authorization for the DSO is repealed on October 1 of the fifth year after enactment, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature. DSOs in existence prior to July 1, 2014, must be reviewed by the Legislature by July 1, 2019.¹³

Ethics Code Requirement

Section 112.3251, F.S., requires a DSO created or authorized pursuant to law to adopt its own ethics code. The ethics code must contain the statutory standards of conduct and disclosures. ¹⁴ A DSO may adopt additional or more stringent standards of conduct and disclosure requirements and must conspicuously post its code of ethics on its website. ¹⁵

Audit Requirements

Section 215.981, F.S., requires each DSO created or authorized pursuant to law with annual expenditures in excess of \$100,000 to provide for an annual financial audit of its accounts and records. The audit must be conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General and the state agency that created,

approved, or administers the DSO. The Auditor General has adopted the Government Auditing Standards as the standards for audits of nonprofit and for-profit organizations.¹⁷ The audit report must be submitted within 9 months after the end of the fiscal year to the Auditor General and to the state agency the DSO supports.

Additionally, the Auditor General may conduct audits or other engagements of the accounts and records of the DSO, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee.¹⁸ The Auditor General is authorized to require and receive any records from the DSO, or its independent auditor.¹⁹

Florida Concrete Masonry Education Council Review

The Professional Staff of the Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism reviewed the Council to verify its compliance with applicable Florida Statutes and the contract between the Council and the DEO. After reviewing the submitted documents and other requirements to which the Council is subject, staff identified a few deficiencies, but ultimately found the Council to be an active DSO generally in compliance with the DSO requirements under s. 20.058, F.S., and the Council's enabling legislation under s. 446.53, F.S.

The following information summarizes staff findings relating to the Council's compliance with applicable Florida Statutes and the contract between the Council and DEO:

Transparency and Reporting

The Council annually submits the information required by s. 20.058(1), F.S., to the DEO and the DEO annually submits the information required by s. 20.058(3), F.S., to the Governor and the Legislature. The DEO has provided annual recommendations to continue the agency's association with the Council as a DSO based on the Council's role in educating and training concrete masonry professionals. The DEO's website also provides a link to the Council's website. Pursuant to ss. 20.058 and 446.53, F.S., the Council and the DEO operate according to a memorandum of understanding (MOU). The MOU requires the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the Council to provide for the reversion of any moneys and property held in trust to DEO if the Council ceases to exist.

Ethics Code Requirement

The Council has developed, adopted, and maintains a Code of Ethics, which contains the necessary standards of conduct and disclosures. The Code of Ethics was approved by the DEO and is posted on the Council's website. According to several meeting minutes posted on the Council's website, members of the Board of Directors are also required to complete financial disclosures.

Audit Requirements

For the years of 2014 and 2015, the Council did not perform an audit in accordance with s. 215.981(1), F.S., requiring each DSO created or authorized pursuant to law with annual expenditures in excess of \$100,000 to provide for an annual financial audit of its accounts and records. While DSOs and citizen support organizations for the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services that have annual expenditures of less than \$300,000 are not required to have an independent audit, DSOs under other agencies (including those under DEO) with annual expenditures in excess of \$100,000 must provide for an annual financial audit of its accounts and records. The audit requirement is also reiterated in Section 6.6 of the MOU.

Since 2016, the Council has provided the DEO with an annual audit, performed by an independent certified public accountant. However, staff was unable to determine whether the annual audits have been submitted to the Auditor General in accordance with ss. 215.981 and 446.53(5), F.S.

Additional Findings

Based on the information provided by the Council in its annual report, it appears as though the Council performs the duties of the organization, as required by s. 446.53(1), F.S. However, the Council's Board of Directors membership does not currently meet the criteria established under s. 446.53(2), F.S., requiring membership to consist of 13 voting members, whose representation consists of individuals from various industries. To achieve compliance, the Council's Nominating Committee should provide the Governor with recommendations of at least two additional members to be appointed to the Board of Directors.

Section 446.53(5), F.S., requires the Council to maintain a separate accounting of the moneys received through the self imposed voluntary assessment, and Section 3.5.4 of the MOU requires the Council to "keep records sufficient to document what grants, donations, contribution or gifts are received, donor information, any restrictions the donor placed on the use of the resource(s), and the manner in which the resource(s) from each donor are used by the Council." Although the budget information provided by the Council appears to itemize income received by annual assessments, staff was unable to determine whether the Council also meets the requirements of the Section 3.5.4 of the MOU.

Section 446.53(d), F.S., provides that the Council may "employ subordinate officers and employees of the council, prescribe their duties, and fix their compensation and terms of employment." Section 446.53(2)2., F.S., also provides that "[t]he net receipts of the council may not in any part inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its directors, its officers, or other private persons; however, the council may pay reasonable compensation for services rendered by council officers and employees and may make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes of this section." Information provided to staff for purposes of this review listed the

Council's executive director as the only employee of the Council and only included information relating to the employment of the Council's executive director. However, minutes of the Board of Directors and the Council's website list additional individuals as "Staff in attendance" and "Council Staff," respectively. It is unclear whether the individuals identified as "staff" are subject to the limitations set forth by the Council's enabling legislation and the MOU.

Section 6.4 of the MOU requires that "within twenty (20) calendar days following the completion of each of the Council's Board of Directors meetings, post on the Council's website a copy of the official minutes of the meeting." Staff found that the Council has been unable to meet the requirement of posting approved meeting minutes to its website within 20 calendar days following the completion of each meeting. However, the Council generally posts the official minutes to the Council's website after they are approved at the following meeting of the Board of Directors.

¹ Chapter 2014-175, s.2, Laws of Fla.

² Section 446.53, F.S. *See also* Florida Concrete Masonry Education Council, Inc., *available at* https://www.floridamasonrycouncil.org/ (last visited March 1, 2019).

³ See ss. 258.015(1) and 257.43(1), F.S. Specific DSOs are granted the authority to operate and conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer funds and property: and make expenditures.

⁴ Chapter 2014-96, Laws of Fla.

⁵ Section 20.058(1), F.S.

⁶ The IRS Form 990 is an annual information return required to be filed with the IRS by most organizations exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. s. 501.

⁷ Section 20.058(2), F.S.

⁸ *Id*.

⁹ Section 20.058(4), F.S.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² Section 20.058(3), F.S.

¹³ Section 20.058(5), F.S.

¹⁴ Sections 112.313 and 112.3143(2), F.S

¹⁵ Section 112.3251, F.S.

¹⁶The independent audit requirement does not apply to a DSO for a university, district board of trustees of a community college, or district school board. Additionally, the expenditure threshold for an independent audit is \$300,000 for a DSO for the Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

¹⁷ Rule 10.651(4), Rules of the Auditor General.

¹⁸ Section 11.45(3)(d), F.S.

¹⁹ *Id*.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Commerce and Tourism, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Children, Families, and Elder Affairs
Governmental Oversight and Accountability
Military and Veterans Affairs and Space

JOINT COMMITTEE:

Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining

SENATOR VICTOR M. TORRES, JR.

15th District

March 4, 2019

Joe Gruters, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: Request for excusal from March 4, 2019 committee meeting

Dear Chair Gruters:

Due to a family issue, I am unable to attend today's meeting of the Committee on Commerce and Tourism. Please accept this letter as a formal request for excusal of this absence. Please let me know if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Respectfully submitted,

Victor M. Torres, Jr. Florida State Senator

District 15

c: Todd McKay, Staff Director, Committee on Commerce and Tourism Lisa Vickers, Chief of Staff, President Galvano

101 Church Street, Suite 305, Kissimmee, Florida 34741 (407) 846-5187 FAX: (850) 410-4817

□ 226 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5015



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Environmental Preservation and Conservation, *Vice Chair* Appropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on the Envir

and Natural Resources
Appropriations Subcommittee on Higher

Education Education

Education
Governmental Oversight and Accountability

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversign

SENATOR LINDA STEWART

13th District

March 4, 2019

The Honorable Joe Gruters, Chair Commerce and Tourism Committee 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Dear Chair Gruters:

Please accept this letter as notice that I will be absent for the beginning of the Commerce and Tourism Committee on Monday, February 11, 2019. I have Senate Bill 116 relating to Motor Vehicle Racing in the Criminal Justice Committee scheduled for a hearing during that time. I will join Commerce and Tourism upon conclusion of my bill presentation.

If I or my staff can be of any assistance to you, please do not hesitate to reach out to me. Thank you for your consideration and understanding.

Respectfully,

Linda

c.c. Todd McKay, Staff Director Madeline Reeve, Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

☐ 1726 S. Bumby Avenue, Orlando, Florida 32806 (407) 893-2422 FAX: (888) 263-3680 ☐ 205 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5013

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