#### The Florida Senate

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

ETHICS AND ELECTIONS Senator Richter, Chair Senator Legg, Vice Chair

**MEETING DATE:** Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Richter, Chair; Senator Legg, Vice Chair; Senators Braynon, Clemens, Flores, Gaetz, Hays,

Negron, Smith, and Thompson

ГАВ	OFFICE and APPOINTMENT (HOME CITY)	FOR TERM ENDING	COMMITTEE ACTION
	<b>Senate Confirmation Hearing:</b> A public hearing will be he named executive appointments to the offices indicated. (Set Tabs 1-7.)		
	Board of Trustees of North Florida Community College	•	
1	Haas, Sandra K. (McAlpin)	05/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Board of Trustees of Pensacola State College		
2	White, Frank (Pensacola)	05/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Board of Trustees of Polk State College		
3	Dorrell, Daniel F. (Lakeland)	05/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Board of Trustees of South Florida State College		
4	Cullens, Tamela "Tami" C. (Sebring)	05/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Rider, Kris Y. (Lake Placid)	05/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists		
5	Saunders, Brett R. (Orlando)	10/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Board of Podiatric Medicine		
6	Sindone, Joseph (Jacksonville)	10/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Florida Real Estate Commission		
7	Hornsleth, Poul (Gulfport)	10/31/2018	Recommend Confirm Yeas 10 Nays 0

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

Ethics and Elections Tuesday, March 24, 2015, 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
8	SB 984 Braynon (Identical H 599)	Exemption from Legislative Lobbying Requirements; Revising the definition of the term "expenditure"; specifying that the term does not include use of a public facility or public property that is made available by a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose, to exempt such use from legislative lobbying requirements, etc.	Favorable Yeas 10 Nays 0
		EE 03/24/2015 Favorable GO RC	
9	SB 1372 Gaetz (Identical H 1063)	Government Accountability; Specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; revising the responsibilities of the governing board of a charter school to include the establishment and maintenance of internal controls, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0
		EE 03/24/2015 Fav/CS CA RC	
	Consideration of proposed bill:		
10	SPB 7064	Elections; Revising forms of acceptable identification for certain voter registration applicants; revising the time by which updates of voter signatures must be received by the supervisor of elections; authorizing cities to conduct certain elections by mail if approved by the governing body and supervisor of elections; revising the time by which the supervisor must make certain absentee ballot information available, etc.	Submitted as Committee Bil Yeas 10 Nays 0

S-036 (10/2008) Page 2 of 2



# Committee: ETHICS AND ELECTIONS

Senator Richter, Chair Senator Legg, Vice Chair

### **Meeting Packet**

Tuesday, March 24, 2015 4:00—6:00 p.m. Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

#### The Florida Senate

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

**ETHICS AND ELECTIONS** Senator Richter, Chair Senator Legg, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015 TIME: 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

MEMBERS: Senator Richter, Chair; Senator Legg, Vice Chair; Senators Braynon, Clemens, Flores, Gaetz, Hays,

Negron, Smith, and Thompson

TAB	OFFICE and APPOINTMENT (HOME	CITY)	FOR TERM ENDING	COMMITTEE ACTION
			g will be held for consideration of the below- dicated. (See attached documentation for	
	Board of Trustees of North Florida	Commun	ity College	
1	Haas, Sandra K. (McAlpin)		05/31/2018	
•	Board of Trustees of Pensacola St	ate Colleg	e	
2	White, Frank (Pensacola)		05/31/2018	
	Board of Trustees of Polk State Co	oliege		
3	Dorrell, Daniel F. (Lakeland)		05/31/2018	
	Board of Trustees of South Florida	State Co	llege	
4	Cullens, Tamela "Tami" C. (Seb	ring)	05/31/2018	
	Rider, Kris Y. (Lake Placid)		05/31/2018	
	Board of Orthotists and Prosthetis	ts		
5	Saunders, Brett R. (Orlando)		10/31/2018	
	Board of Podiatric Medicine			
6	Sindone, Joseph (Jacksonville)		10/31/2018	
	Florida Real Estate Commission			
7	Hornsleth, Poul (Gulfport)		10/31/2018	
TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER		BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
8	SB 984 Braynon (Identical H 599)	Revising specifying public factors by a government purpose, requirement	on from Legislative Lobbying Requirements; the definition of the term "expenditure"; go that the term does not include use of a cility or public property that is made available the ernmental entity to a legislator for a public to exempt such use from legislative lobbying ents, etc.	

#### COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Ethics and Elections Tuesday, March 24, 2015, 4:00 —6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
9	SB 1372 Gaetz (Identical H 1063)	Government Accountability; Specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; revising the responsibilities of the governing board of a charter school to include the establishment and maintenance of internal controls, etc.  EE 03/24/2015 CA RC	
<del></del>	Consideration of proposed bill:		
10	SPB 7064	Elections; Revising forms of acceptable identification for certain voter registration applicants; revising the time by which updates of voter signatures must be received by the supervisor of elections; authorizing cities to conduct certain elections by mail if approved by the governing body and supervisor of elections; revising the time by which the supervisor must make certain absentee ballot information available, etc.	

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB

1

A350H

### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

Appointee: Haas, Sandra K.

Appointed: 02/02/2015

Term: 01/30/2015 - 05/31/2018

Prior Term:

City/County: McAlpin/Suwannee

Office: Board of Trustees of North Florida Community College, Member

Authority: 1001.61(1)(2), F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 2/15/15
8. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report			Not Applicable
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/9/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
19. Present or Past Government Employee	X		See Below
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

Appointee: Haas, Sandra K. Page 2

**Occupation:** Self Employed, Attorney

Compensation: Reimbursed for expenses as provided in s. 112.061, F.S., including mileage to and from official board

meetings.

Requirements: Florida College System institution District Board of Trustees shall be appointed by the Governor and

comprised of:

Five members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district.

Seven members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district and the board of trustees so elect.

Not more than nine members when the district contains two or more school board districts.

Requirements:

**Additional** Trustees shall be appointed for four-year terms. Terms shall expire May 31 of the year of expiration or as soon thereafter as the successors shall be qualified to serve.

> It is the duty of the chair to notify the Governor, in writing, when a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any one fiscal year; absences may be grounds for

removal. Required to file Form 1 with the SOE's office.

Number 8 - Suwannee County Resident **Notes:** 

Number 17 - Mrs. Haas serves on the North Central Florida Regional Planning Council, 1991-Present.

Number 18 - Mrs. Haas served on the Suwannee County School Board from 1979 to 1984 and the Suwannee County Housing Authority from 1998 to 2000. She also served on the North Florida Community College Board of Trustees from 1990 to 1998.

Number 19 - Mrs. Haas was the supervising attorney with the 3rd Circuit Guardian ad Litem Program,

2007-2010.

### The Florida Senate

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB**

### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

2 A370W

Appointee: White, Frank Appointed: 02/02/2015

Term: 01/28/2015 – 05/31/2018 Prior Term: 02/17/2014 - 05/31/2014

City/County: Pensacola/Escambia

Office: Board of Trustees of Pensacola State College, Member

Authority: 1001.61(1)(2), F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		See Below
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х	-	
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 2/20/15
8. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report		Х	
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/5/15
2. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
4. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)		Х	
19. Present or Past Government Employee		Х	
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

Appointee: White, Frank Page 2

**Occupation:** General Counsel at Sandy Sansing Dealerships

**Attendance:** Attended 11 of 12 meetings (92%) from February 17, 2014 through March 2, 2015.

**Compensation:** Reimbursed for expenses as provided in s. 112.061, F.S., including mileage to and from official board

meetings.

**Requirements:** Florida College System institution District Board of Trustees shall be appointed by the Governor and

comprised of:

Five members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district.

Seven members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district and the board of trustees so elect.

Not more than nine members when the district contains two or more school board districts.

Requirements:

**Additional** Trustees shall be appointed for four-year terms. Terms shall expire May 31 of the year of expiration or

as soon thereafter as the successors shall be qualified to serve.

It is the duty of the chair to notify the Governor, in writing, when a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any one fiscal year; absences may be grounds for

removal. Required to file Form 1 with the SOE's office.

Notes: Number 1 - Report 2015-124

Number 8 - Escambia County Resident

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB

### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

ک A375

Appointee: Dorrell, Daniel F. Appointed: 02/02/2015

Term: 01/28/2015 - 05/31/2018 Prior Term: 04/23/2012 - 05/31/2014

City/County: Lakeland/Polk

Office: Board of Trustees of Polk State College, Member

Authority: 1001.61(1)(2), F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	X		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 2/19/15
8. Meets Requirements of Law	X		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report		Х	See Below
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/5/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		×	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)	X		See Below
19. Present or Past Government Employee		Х	
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

Appointee: Dorrell, Daniel F. Page 2

**Occupation:** CPA at Cross, Fernandez & Riley

**Attendance:** Attended 27 of 28 meetings (96%) from April 23, 2012 through March 2, 2015.

**Compensation:** Reimbursed for expenses as provided in s. 112.061, F.S., including mileage to and from official board

meetings.

**Requirements:** Florida College System institution District Board of Trustees shall be appointed by the Governor and

comprised of:

Five members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district.

Seven members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district and the board of trustees so elect.

Not more than nine members when the district contains two or more school board districts.

Additional Requirements:

Trustees shall be appointed for four-year terms. Terms shall expire May 31 of the year of expiration or

as soon thereafter as the successors shall be qualified to serve.

It is the duty of the chair to notify the Governor, in writing, when a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any one fiscal year; absences may be grounds for

removal. Required to file Form 1 with the SOE's office.

Notes: Number 6 - Mr. Dorrell served in the Florida National Guard from 1968 to 1974.

Number 8 - Polk County Resident

Number 10 - Report 2015-091

Number 18 - Mr. Dorrell served a 4-year term on the Sebring Utilities Commission, beginning in 1983.

In addition, beginning in 2000 Mr. Dorrell served a 3-year term on the Sebring Fireman's Pension

Fund Board.

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB

### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

Appointee: Cullens, Tamela "Tami" C.

Appointed: 02/05/2015

Term: 02/04/2015 - 05/31/2018

Prior Term: 04/23/2012 - 05/31/2014

City/County: Sebring/Highlands

Office: Board of Trustees of South Florida State College, Member

Authority: 1001.61(1)(2), F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	X		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	X		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	X		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	X		Form 1 filed as of 6/9/14
8. Meets Requirements of Law	X		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report		Х	See Below
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		X	As of 3/4/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended			Not Applicable
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
19. Present or Past Government Employee	X		See Below
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

**Occupation:** Director, Saxon Groves, Inc; H.R., Glisson Animal Supply; and Registration, Sebring International

Raceway

**Attendance:** Attended 39 of 40 meetings (98%) from April 23, 2012 through March 4, 2015.

**Compensation:** Reimbursed for expenses as provided in s. 112.061, F.S., including mileage to and from official board

meetings.

Requirements: Florida College System institution District Board of Trustees shall be appointed by the Governor and

comprised of:

Five members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district.

Seven members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district and the board of trustees so elect.

Not more than nine members when the district contains two or more school board districts.

Additional Requirements:

**Additional** Trustees shall be appointed for four-year terms. Terms shall expire May 31 of the year of expiration or

as soon thereafter as the successors shall be qualified to serve.

It is the duty of the chair to notify the Governor, in writing, when a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any one fiscal year; absences may be grounds for

removal. Required to file Form 1 with the SOE's office.

**Notes:** Number 8 - Highlands County Resident

Number 10 - Report 2015-084

Number 18 - Mrs. Cullens has served on the South Florida State College Board of Trustees since 2006.

Mrs. Cullens previously served on the Heartland Workforce Board.

Number 19 - Mrs. Cullens was a temporary county judicial assistant and was employed on an as

needed basis from 1996-2000.

Appointee: Rider, Kris Y.

Appointed: 02/05/2015

Term: 02/04/2015 - 05/31/2018

Prior Term: 04/23/2012 - 05/31/2014

City/County: Lake Placid/Highlands

Office: Board of Trustees of South Florida State College, Member

Authority: 1001.61(1)(2), F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х	-	
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 6/6/14
8. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report		Х	See Below
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/5/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)		Х	
19. Present or Past Government Employee	Х		See Below
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

Appointee: Rider, Kris Y. Page 2

**Occupation:** Bookkeeper for Michael A. Rider, P.A.

Attendance: Attended 40 of 40 meetings (100%) from April 23, 2012 through March 2, 2015.

Compensation: Reimbursed for expenses as provided in s. 112.061, F.S., including mileage to and from official board

meetings.

**Requirements:** Florida College System institution District Board of Trustees shall be appointed by the Governor and

comprised of:

Five members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district.

Seven members when a Florida College System institution district is confined to one school board

district and the board of trustees so elect.

Not more than nine members when the district contains two or more school board districts.

Additional Requirements:

Trustees shall be appointed for four-year terms. Terms shall expire May 31 of the year of expiration or

as soon thereafter as the successors shall be qualified to serve.

It is the duty of the chair to notify the Governor, in writing, when a board member fails to attend three consecutive regular board meetings in any one fiscal year; absences may be grounds for

removal. Required to file Form 1 with the SOE's office.

**Notes:** Number 8 - Highlands County Resident

Number 10 - Report 2015-084

Number 19 - Mrs. Rider was the Assistant to Swim Instructor of the Highlands County School Board

during the Summer of 1969.

# The Florida Senate COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB

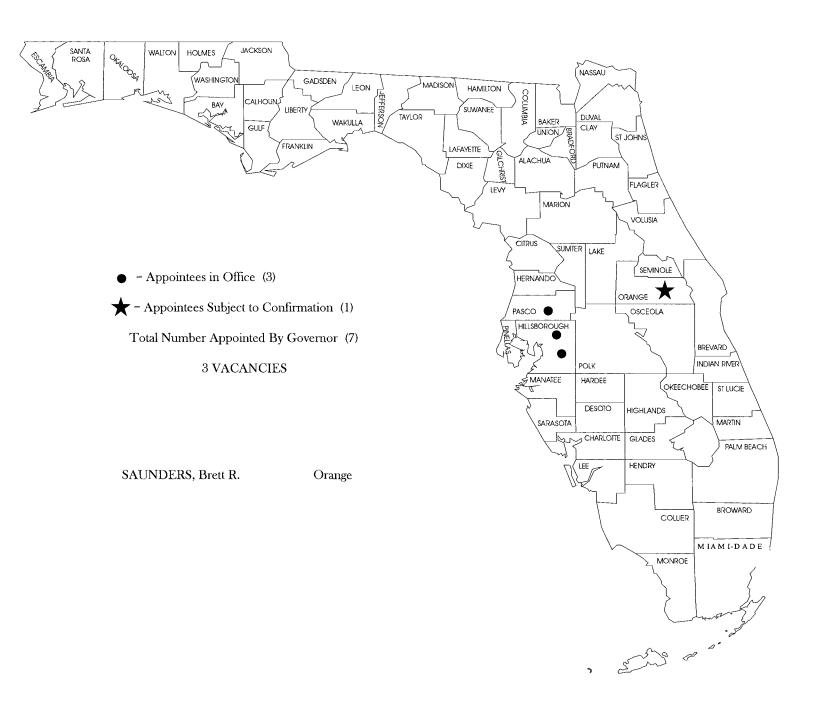
### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

### Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists



Appointee: Saunders, Brett R.

Appointed: 02/23/2015

Term: 02/23/2015 - 10/31/2018

Prior Term: 11/21/2013 - 10/31/2014

City/County: Orlando/Orange

Office: Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists, Member

Authority: 468.801, F.S. & 20.43(3)(g)19, F.S. Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	X		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 6/16/14
8. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report			No Report
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/9/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)		Х	
19. Present or Past Government Employee	Х		See Below
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

**Occupation:** Prosthetist/Orthotist with Saunders Prosthetics & Orthotics

**Attendance:** Attended 6 of 6 meetings (100%) from November 21, 2013 through March 9, 2015.

**Compensation:** Fifty dollars per day while attending to the business of the board; reimbursed for expenses pursuant

to s. 112.061, F.S.

Appointee: Saunders, Brett R. Page 2

#### Requirements:

The seven member board consists of residents of the state appointed as follows:

- Two members must be licensed practicing prosthetists, with a minimum of 3 years' clinical or practical experience, at least one of whom has attained a minimum of a bachelor's degree;
- One member must be a licensed practicing orthotist with a minimum of 3 years' clinical or practical experience who has attained a minimum of a bachelor's degree;
- Two members must be prosthetic or orthotic users, the parents, guardians, or spouses of prosthetic or orthotic users, or any combination of such users and nonusers who are not deriving economic benefit from the fitting or dispensing of orthotic or prosthetic devices and who have never been orthotists or prosthetists or members of a closely related profession;
- One member must be a physician licensed under Chapter 458, Chapter 459, Chapter 460, or Chapter 461, F.S., who has extensive knowledge of orthotics or prosthetics; and
- One member must be a licensed practicing orthotist, orthotic fitter, or pedorthist with a minimum of 3 years' clinical or practical experience.

## Additional Requirements:

Terms are for four years.

Terms expire on October 31.

No member shall serve more than the remaining portion of a previous member's unexpired term, plus two consecutive 4-year terms.

Required to file Form 1 with the Commission on Ethics.

**Notes:** Number 8 - Prosthetist

Number 15 - Mr. Saunders disclosed that his employer, Saunders Prosthetics & Orthotics Groups, is a contract provider of services funded by Medicaid.

Number 19 - Mr. Saunders worked as an EMT for both the City of Maitland in 1981 and the Reedy Creek Improvement District from 1981 to 1989.

#### The Florida Senate **COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB**

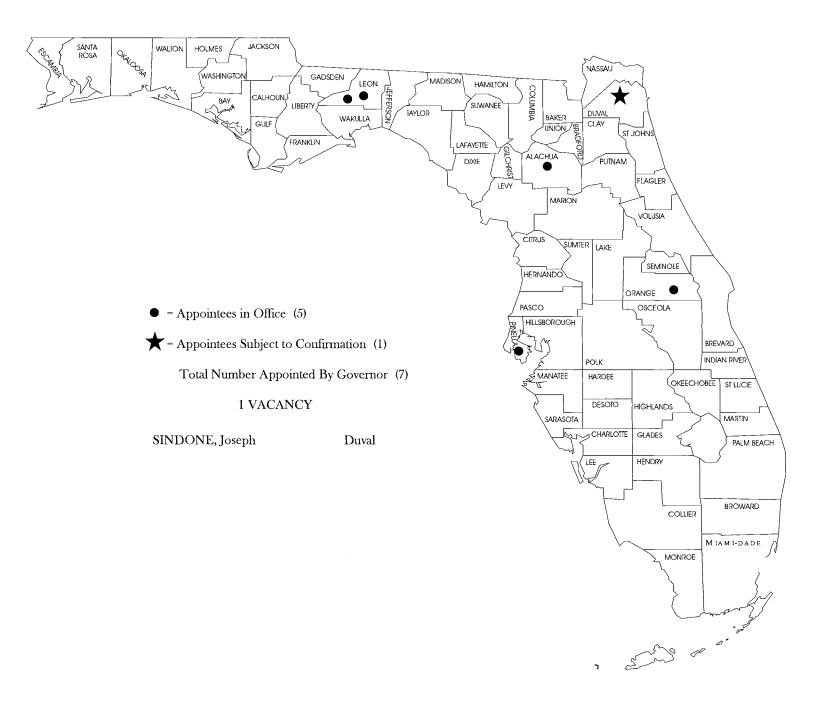
### **Ethics and Elections**

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

### **Board of Podiatric Medicine**



Appointee: Sindone, Joseph

Appointed: 02/09/2015

Term: 02/09/2015 - 10/31/2018

Prior Term:

City/County: Jacksonville/Duval

Office: Board of Podiatric Medicine, Member Authority: 461.004(1), F.S. & 20.43(3)(g)5, F.S.

Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
6. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 3/2/15
8. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
9. Conviction Record		Х	
10. Adverse Auditor General Report			Not Applicable
11. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/9/15
12. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
13. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
14. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
19. Present or Past Government Employee	Х		See Below
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

**Occupation:** Podiatric Physician at the University of Florida

Compensation: Fifty dollars per day while attending to the business of the board; reimbursed for expenses pursuant

to s. 112.061, F.S.

The seven member board consists of: Requirements:

> • Five members who are residents of the state who are licensed podiatric physicians and who have been engaged in the practice of podiatric medicine for at least four years;

• Two members who are residents of the state who are not and have never been licensed as podiatric physicians or members of any closely related profession; and

• At least one member who is sixty years of age or older.

Appointee: Sindone, Joseph Page 2

**Additional** 

Terms are for four years.

**Requirements:** 

Terms expire on October 31.

No member shall serve more than the remaining portion of a previous member's unexpired term, plus

two consecutive 4-year terms.

Required to file Form 1 with the Commission on Ethics.

**Notes:** Number 8 - Podiatric Physician

Number 18 - Dr. Sindone served on the Board of Podiatric Medicine from 1/2003 to 3/2010.

Number 19 - Dr. Sindone is an Associate Professor at the University of Florida.

#### The Florida Senate

#### **COMMITTEE MEETING PACKET TAB**

### **Ethics and Elections**

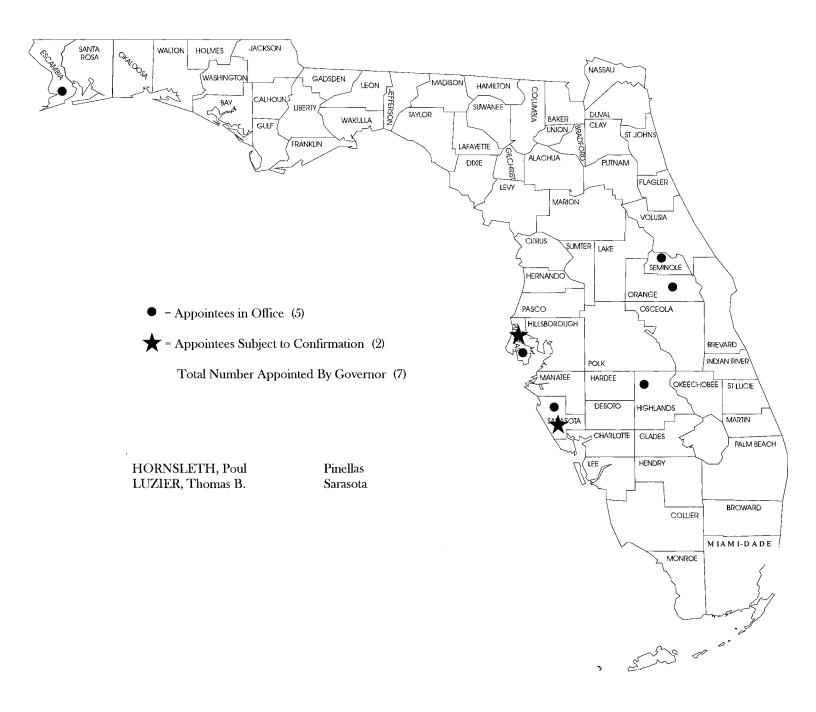
MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 24, 2015

**TIME:** 4:00—6:00 p.m.

PLACE: Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building

A2080H

### Florida Real Estate Commission



Appointee: Hornsleth, Poul Appointed: 01/21/2015

Term: 01/20/2015 - 10/31/2018 Prior Term: 04/23/2012 - 10/31/2014

City/County: Gulfport/Pinellas

Office: Florida Real Estate Commission, Member

Authority: 475.02, F.S. & 20.165(4)(b)2, F.S. Reference(s): Committee on Ethics and Elections

Executive Appointment Questionnaire	Yes	No	Notes
1. Questionnaire completed	Х		
2. Questionnaire notarized	Х		
3. US Citizen (sworn statement)	Х		
4. Florida Resident (sworn statement)	Х		
5. Registered Voter in Florida	Х		
5. Honorable Discharge (sworn statement)			Not Applicable
7. Financial Disclosure Filed	Х		Form 1 filed as of 2/13/15
3. Meets Requirements of Law	Х		See Below
). Conviction Record		Х	
.0. Adverse Auditor General Report			No Report
1. Adverse Ethics Commission Action		Х	As of 3/5/15
2. Previously Suspended from Office		Х	
3. Previously Refused Bond (sworn statement)		Х	
4. Licenses or Certification Revoked/Suspended		Х	
15. Contracts with State/Local Governments (sworn statement)		Х	
16. Contracts with Pending Office		Х	
17. Holds Another Public Office (sworn statement)		Х	
18. Previously a Public Officer (sworn statement)	Х		See Below
19. Present or Past Government Employee		Х	
20. Currently a Registered Lobbyist		Х	

Appointee: Hornsleth, Poul Page 2

**Occupation:** President of R.W. Caldwell Realty, Inc.

Attendance: Attended 34 of 34 meetings (100%) from April 23, 2012 through March 2, 2015.

**Compensation:** Fifty dollars per day while attending to the business of the board; reimbursed for expenses pursuant

to s. 112.061, F.S.

**Requirements:** The seven-member commission consists of:

• Four members who are licensed brokers who have held an active license for the five years preceding appointment;

• One member who is a licensed broker or a licensed sales associate who has held an active license for the two years preceding appointment; and

• Two members who are persons who are not and have never been brokers or salespersons.

At least one member of the commission must be 60 years of age or older. Notwithstanding s. 112.313, any member of the commission who is a licensed real estate broker or sales associate and who holds an active real estate school permit, chief administrator permit, school instructor permit, or any combination of such permits issued by the department, to the extent authorized pursuant to such permit, may offer, conduct, or teach any course prescribed or approved by the commission or the department.

Additional Requirements:

Terms are for four years.

Terms expire on October 31.

No member shall serve more than the remaining portion of a previous member's unexpired term, plus two consecutive 4-year terms.

Required to file Form 1 with the Commission on Ethics.

**Notes:** Number 8 - Licensed Broker

Number 18 - Mr. Hornsleth served on Florida Real Estate Commission from 2001 to 2009.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared	By: The P	rofessional Staff	of the Committee o	n Ethics and Ele	ctions
BILL:	SB 984					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Braynon					
SUBJECT:	Exemption from Legislative Lobbying Requirements					
DATE:	March 19, 2015 REVISED:					
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE		ACTION
l. Carlton		Roberts		EE	Favorable	
2.				GO		
3.				RC		

#### I. Summary:

SB 984 clarifies that the use of a public facility or public property provided from a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose is not an expenditure for purposes of the "legislative expenditure ban" in s. 11.045, F.S., regardless of whether the governmental entity is a principal.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

#### II. Present Situation:

Section 11.045, F.S., contains provisions requiring legislative lobbying registration and legislative lobbyist compensation reports, and it contains the "legislative expenditure ban."

Section 11.045(4)(a), F.S., provides in pertinent part, that "no lobbyist or principal shall make, directly or indirectly, and no member or employee of the legislature shall knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any expenditure . . ." A "principal" is defined as "the person, firm, corporation, or other entity which has employed or retained a lobbyist." This appears to include governmental entities such as municipalities, counties, water management districts, universities, and colleges.

For purposes of this statute, the term "expenditure" means:

A payment, distribution, loan, advance, reimbursement, deposit, or anything of value made by a lobbyist or principal for the purpose of lobbying. The term does not include contributions or expenditures reported pursuant to chapter 106 or federal election law, campaign-related personal services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering their time, any other contribution or expenditure made by or to a political

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 11.045(1)(i), F.S.

BILL: SB 984 Page 2

party or affiliated party committee, or any other contribution or expenditure made by an organization that is exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 527 or s. 501(c)(4).2

The term "lobbying" means "influencing or attempting to influence legislative action or nonaction through oral or written communication or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of a member or employee of the Legislature."<sup>3</sup>

The following penalties can be imposed for violation of the legislative expenditure ban:

- A fine of not more than \$5,000;
- Reprimand:
- Censure:
- Probation; and/or
- Prohibition on lobbying for a period not to exceed 24 months.4

Section 11.045(5), F.S., requires each house of the legislature to provide by rule a procedure for determining the applicability and interpretation of this section. To that end, the Florida Senate has adopted Senate Rule 9.8.

The pertinent portion of that Rule for this legislation is contained in Senate Rule 9.8, Part 1, section one, exception 6. The text of the rule reads:

#### 6. Government to Government Expenditures

Real property or a facility owned or operated by a state or local public agency or entity that is a lobbying principal and transportation to, from, and at the location provided by that agency or entity may, with the prior approval of the respective state legislative presiding officer or his or her designee, be used without payment, by a member, committee, or staff of the Legislature for a public legislative purpose. Such purposes include publicly noticed legislative committee meetings and site visits to operations conducted by the public agency or entity. Allowable free uses also specifically include legislative district offices and sub-offices and the normally attendant utilities, parking, janitorial services, building maintenance, and telecommunications equipment and services common to a government building in which the office is located. Allowable free use does not extend to sports or entertainment venues; does not include food, beverages, or entertainment; and does not include free parking privileges at any location other than a district office or sub-office. (Emphasis supplied.)

#### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 984 creates a statutory exception to the definition of "expenditure" for a "public-legislative use." The exception provides that a "public-legislative use" is the "use of a public facility or public property that is made available by a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose, regardless of whether the governmental entity is required to register a person as a lobbyist."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 11.045(1)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 11.045(1)(e), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 11.045(7), F.S.

BILL: SB 984 Page 3

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

The "old" gifts law in Section 112.3148, F.S., which predates the "Legislative Expenditure Ban," prohibits certain gifts in excess of \$100 to reporting individuals (anyone required to file financial disclosure, including legislators) and procurement employees. Section 112.3148, F.S., exempts gifts given by a state, county, and municipal governments (and certain other governmental organizations) valued at more than \$100 if a public purpose can be shown. Current law requires annual disclosure of such gifts on a CE Form 10. Because both s. 11.045, F.S., and s. 112.3148, F.S., apply to members of the Legislature, it is important to note that, if a member or employee were to accept use of a public facility or public property from a governmental entity as authorized by the bill, the member or employee would be required to disclose the gift on a CE Form 10.

BILL: SB 984 Page 4

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 11.045 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 984

By Senator Braynon

36-00239A-15 2015984 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to an exemption from legislative

lobbying requirements; amending s. 11.045, F.S.;

public facility or public property that is made

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

11.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

reporting; exemptions; penalties .-

revising the definition of the term "expenditure";

specifying that the term does not include use of a

available by a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose, to exempt such use from legislative lobbying requirements; providing an effective date.

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section

11.045 Lobbying before the Legislature; registration and

(1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise

(c) "Expenditure" means a payment, distribution, loan,

advance, reimbursement, deposit, or anything of value made by a

lobbyist or principal for the purpose of lobbying. The term does

1. Contributions or expenditures reported pursuant to

chapter 106 or federal election law, campaign-related personal

services provided without compensation by individuals

that is exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 527 or s.

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volunteering their time, any other contribution or expenditure made by or to a political party or affiliated party committee, or any other contribution or expenditure made by an organization

requires:

not include:

Page 1 of 2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. Florida Senate - 2015 SB 984

2015984 501(c)(4). 30 31 2. A public-legislative use, which is the use of a public 32 facility or public property that is made available by a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose, 34 regardless of whether the governmental entity is required to 35 register a person as a lobbyist pursuant to this section. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

36-00239A-15

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

# THE FLORIDA SENATE

ATRACTOR ATR

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Appropriations Subcommittee on General
Government, *Vice Chair*Ethics and Elections
Health Policy

Health Policy
Higher Education
Regulated Industries
Transportation

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Legislative Budget Commission

#### SENATOR OSCAR BRAYNON II

Democratic Leader Pro Tempore 36th District

March 10, 2015

Senator Garrett Richter, Chair Ethics and Elections, 404 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chair Richter:

This letter is to request that **Senate Bill #984**, relating to *Exemption from Legislative Lobbying Requirements* be placed on the agenda of the next scheduled meeting of the committee.

SB 984 Exemption from Legislative Lobbying Requirements; Revising the definition of the term "expenditure"; specifying that the term does not include use of a public facility or public property that is made available by a governmental entity to a legislator for a public purpose, to exempt such use from legislative lobbying requirements, etc.

Thank you for consideration of this request.

Sincerely,

Senator Braynon District 36

cc. Dawn Roberts, Staff Director,

Diane Vause, Committee Administrative Assistant, Room 420K

REPLY TO:

☐ 606 NW 183rd Street, Miami Gardens, Florida 33169 (305) 654-7150 FAX: (305) 654-7152 ☐ 213 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5036

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared	By: The Professional Staff	of the Committee	on Community	Affairs	
3ILL:	CS/SB 1372					
NTRODUCER:	Ethics and Elections Committee and Senator Gaetz					
SUBJECT:	Government Accountability					
DATE:	March 24, 2	015 REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
Carlton		Roberts	EE	Fav/CS		
			CA			
			RC			

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

# I. Summary:

CS/SB 1372 is an omnibus government accountability bill. The bill includes changes to Florida's governmental ethics policies including strengthening collection methods for unpaid financial disclosure fines, broadening the water management district lobbyist registration provisions to apply to many more special districts, and applying post-employment lobbying restrictions to certain individuals with Enterprise Florida, its divisions, and the Florida Development Finance Corporation.

The bill also requires local governmental entities to keep their final budgets, and any amendments thereto, on their website for a period of two years after adoption.

CS/SB 1372 requires various governmental entities to adopt internal controls to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.

The bill makes it a first degree misdemeanor to provide prohibited compensation. The bill requires governmental entities to investigate claims of unauthorized compensation and authorizes litigation to enforce the civil penalty and treble damages provisions. Finally, it provides a reward structure and extends Whistleblower's Protection Act coverage to those reporting prohibited compensation. The bill also makes compensation claims in violation of s. 215.425, F.S., a false claim against the state. Thus, the state would be authorized to sue to recover damages and civil penalties as provided in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, F.S. ("The False Claims Act"). Additionally, the Department of Financial Services is authorized to file suit under the False Claims Act.

The bill allows the Governor or Commissioner of Education to report that a local governmental entity has failed to comply with applicable auditing, financial reporting, bond issuance notification, bond verification provisions, or failed to disclose a financial emergency or provide information required during a financial emergency. It increases the Single Audit Act threshold from \$500,000 to \$750,000 and allows the Auditor General to review the threshold periodically and make appropriate recommendations to the Legislature. It makes changes to the financial reporting requirements and independent audit requirements. The bill specifies who can serve as members of the auditor selection committees for local governmental entities. It requires the Florida Virtual School to have an independent financial audit each year.

If an audit report of a school district, Florida College System institution, or other institution or agency under the supervision of the State Board of Education and state universities under the supervision of the Board of Governors includes a recommendation that was previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the entity must indicate its intent regarding corrective action within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report. This response must occur during a regularly scheduled public meeting.

The bill also requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to notify the Legislature quarterly of any clerk of court not meeting workload requirements and provide corrective action plans within 45 days of the end of the quarter.

The bill requires a water management district monthly financial report to be provided in the format required by the Department of Financial Services.

Finally, the Governor or the Commissioner of Education must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of financial emergencies instead of notifying the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee.

This bill is effective October 1, 2015.

#### II. Present Situation:

For the purposes of this bill analysis, the Present Situation will be addressed in the Effect of Proposed Changes section below.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:1

#### **Statement of Legislative Findings and Intent:**

The bill explains that the intent of the bill is to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse, and to safeguard government resources. Specifically, Section 30 of the bill provides: "The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are established to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to safeguard and account for government funds and property. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If passed, all changes made by the bill would be effective October 1, 2015.

#### **Governmental Ethics Laws**

## Collection Methods for Unpaid Financial Disclosure Fines:

# **Present Situation**

Section 112.31455, F.S., authorizes the Florida Commission on Ethics to engage in common-law withholding of wages and to seek garnishment in order to collect unpaid financial disclosure fines. Prior to referring such a fine to the Department of Financial Services, the Florida Commission on Ethics must attempt to determine whether or not the filer is a current public officer or public employee.<sup>2</sup> If the person is currently a public officer or public employee, the Florida Commission on Ethics may notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the appropriate county, municipality, or special district of the total amount of the fine owed to the Florida Commission on Ethics. After receipt and verification of the notice from the Florida Commission on Ethics, the appropriate governing body is required to begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum amount allowed under federal law from any salary related payment. The withheld payments shall be remitted to the Florida Commission on Ethics until the fine is satisfied. Additionally, the Chief Financial Officer or appropriate governing body may retain an amount from each withheld payment to cover administrative costs incurred under s. 112.31455(1)(b), F.S. In the event that the Florida Commission on Ethics determines that the person is no longer a public officer, or is unable to make such a determination, the Florida Commission on Ethics must wait for six months. After that period of time, the Florida Commission on Ethics can seek garnishment pursuant to Chapter 77 of the Florida Statutes. Additionally, the Florida Commission on Ethics can refer the unpaid fine to a collection agency.<sup>3</sup> The collection agency can use any legal tool it may possess to collect the unpaid fine. The statute of limitations for an unpaid financial disclosure fine is 20 years.<sup>4</sup>

#### **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 amends s. 112.31455, F.S., in two ways. First, it maintains the authorization to withhold public salary-related payments. That section has been strengthened by requiring the Chief Financial Officer or the appropriate governing body to withhold 25% of the amount of the fine from the filer's next public salary-related payment, plus any administrative costs incurred. The bill requires withholding the same percentage of each successive public salary-related payment until the fine and administrative costs are paid in full. However, if a current public officer or public employee demonstrates that the public salary is his or her primary source of income and that withholding 25% of any fine would present an undue hardship, the withheld amount may be reduced to not less than 10% of the public salary-related payment.

Secondly, the bill creates section 112.31456, F.S., and moves the authority to seek garnishment of wages to that section. None of those provisions are changed from existing law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 112.31455(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 112.31455(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 112.31455(4), F.S.

# Lobbying Registration and Reporting Requirements for Certain Districts:

# **Present Situation**

Section 112.3261, F.S., requires a person who seeks to lobby a water management district to register as a lobbyist before he or she begins to lobby. The lobbyist must present a signed statement authorizing him or her to act on the principal's behalf. The statement must also state the principal's main business. Changes to this information must be reported within 15 days. Water management districts may create their own lobbyist registration forms or use a legislative or executive branch lobbyist registration form. Districts are required to be diligent in ascertaining whether lobbyists have properly registered and may not knowingly allow a lobbyist to lobby if he or she is not registered. The Florida Commission on Ethics is charged with investigating complaints alleging that a lobbyist has failed to register or provided false information in a report or registration. The Governor has the authority to enforce the Florida Commission on Ethics' findings and recommendation. The water management districts were granted rulemaking authority to adopt rules and establish procedures to govern lobbyist registration, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee not to exceed \$40.

## **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill expands the scope of these lobbyist registration and reporting requirements to apply to hospital districts, a children's services district, expressway authorities, port authorities, or any independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

# Post Service Lobbying Restrictions:

#### **Present Situation**

Section 288.92, F.S., authorizes Enterprise Florida to create and dissolve divisions as necessary to carry out its mission. That section also requires Enterprise Florida to have certain divisions. The law also provides hiring of officers and members of the divisions of Enterprise Florida and subjects certain officers and members to several standards of conduct in the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees.<sup>5</sup> The law currently does not contain any post-employment or post-service restrictions.

The Florida Development Finance Authority is created in s. 288.9604, F.S. That provision addresses appointment of members of the board of directors and powers of the corporation. It also subjects directors to several standards of conduct in the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees.<sup>6</sup> The law currently does not contain any post-employment or post-service restrictions.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 prohibits officers and members of the boards of directors of the divisions of Enterprise Florida, subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, and corporations with which a division is required by law to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Part III, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Part III, Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

contract with to carry out its missions, from representing another person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., divisions of Enterprise Florida, subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, and corporations with which a division is required by law to contract with to carry out its missions, for a period of two years after retirement or termination of service to a division.

CS/SB 1372 also prohibits directors of the Florida Development Finance Authority from representing another person or entity for compensation before the corporation, for a period of two years after retirement or termination of service.

# **Online Posting of Governmental Budgets**

# Counties, Municipalities, and Special Districts:

## **Present Situation**

Counties<sup>7</sup>, municipalities<sup>8</sup>, and special districts<sup>9</sup> are required to post their tentative budgets on their websites 2 days prior to consideration of the budget. The final budget of a county, municipality or special district must be posted on the county's, municipality's, or special district's within 30 days after adoption. An amendment to a budget must be posted to the county's, municipality's, or special district's website within 5 days of adoption. Current law does not specify how long those items must remain available on the website.

#### **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires the tentative budget to remain on the county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least 45 days. The bill also requires that the final adopted budget must remain on the county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least two years. Finally, the bill requires an adopted amendment to the budget to remain on a county's, municipality's, or special district's website for at least two years.

# Water Management Districts:

#### **Present Situation**

Chapter 373 governs Florida's water resource management. That chapter includes provisions authorizing the creation of water management districts and provides those districts with taxing authority. Section 373.536, F.S., governs water management districts' budget process. That section also requires financial audits, 5 year capital improvement plans, and 5 year water resource development work programs. All of these items must be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection as specified in s. 373.536(6), F.S. The tentative budget is required to be posted on the water management district's website at least 2 days before the budget hearings are conducted. The law requires the final budget to be posted on the district's official website within 30 days of adoption.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 129.03, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 166.241, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 189.016, F.S.

#### **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires the tentative budget to remain on the district's website for at least 45 days. The bill requires the final budget to remain on the district's website for at least 2 years.

#### Internal Controls to Prevent and Detect Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

#### **Present Situation**

**State Agencies and the Judicial Branch:** Section 215.86, F.S., provides:

Each state agency and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish and maintain management systems and controls that promote and encourage compliance; economic, efficient, and effective operations; reliability of records and reports; and safeguarding of assets. Accounting systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

**Local Governmental Entities:** Section 218.33, F.S., requires each local governmental entity to begin its fiscal year on October 1 and end it on September 30. Section 218.33(2), F.S., requires each local governmental entity shall follow uniform accounting practices and procedures as provided by rule of the department to assure the use of proper accounting and fiscal management by such units. Such rules shall include a uniform classification of accounts.

Charter Schools: Section 1002.33, F.S., authorizes charter schools as part of Florida's state program of education. In addition to the creation of charter schools, that section also imposes certain requirements on charter schools. In pertinent part, the law requires that the governing body of a charter school is responsible for ensuring that the charter school has retained a certified public accountant to perform its annual audit; reviewing the audit report; establishing a corrective plan, if necessary; monitoring a financial recovery plan to ensure compliance; and, participating in governance training approved by the Department of Education. That governance training is required to address government in the sunshine, conflicts of interest, ethics, and financial responsibility.

School districts and Florida College System Institutions: The financial records and accounts of each school district, Florida College System institution, and other institution or agency under the supervision of the State Board of Education shall be prepared and maintained as prescribed by law and rules of the State Board of Education. The financial records and accounts of each state university under the supervision of the Board of Governors shall be prepared and maintained as prescribed by law and rules of the Board of Governors. Rules of the State Board of Education and rules of the Board of Governors shall incorporate the requirements of law and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Such rules shall include a uniform classification of accounts. Each state university shall annually file with the Board of Governors financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted by the United States and the uniform classification of accounts prescribed by the Board of Governors. The Board of Governors' rules shall prescribe the filing deadline for the financial statements. Required financial accounts and reports shall include provisions that are unique to each of the following: K-12 school districts, Florida College System institutions, and state universities, and

shall provide for the data to be reported to the National Center of Educational Statistics and other governmental and professional educational data information services as appropriate.

**Justice Administration Commission:** The Justice Administration Commission is created in s. 43.16, F.S. Among its duties, the Commission is charged with maintaining a central state office for administrative services and assistance when possible to, and on behalf of, the state attorneys and public defenders of Florida, the capital collateral regional counsel of Florida, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program. Additionally, the Commission records and submits necessary budgets, vouchers that represent valid claims for reimbursement by the state for authorized expenses, and other things incidental to the proper administrative operation of the office, such as revenue transmittals to the Chief Financial Officer and automated systems plans that were created by the state attorney, public defender, and criminal conflict and civil regional counsel and the Guardian Ad Litem Program.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires each entity<sup>10</sup> in the "Present Situation" section to maintain internal controls designed to: prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse; promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices; support economic, efficient, and effective operations; ensure reliability of records and reports; and, safeguard assets.

## **Extra Compensation Claims and False Claims Act Changes**

#### Extra Compensation Claims:

#### **Present Situation**

Section 215.425, F.S., prohibits extra compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor after the service has been rendered or the contract made; nor shall any money be appropriated or paid on any claim the subject matter of which has not been provided for by preexisting laws, unless such compensation or claim is allowed by a law enacted by two-thirds of the members elected to each house of the Legislature. However, when adopting salary schedules for a fiscal year, a district school board or community college district board of trustees may apply the schedule for payment of all services rendered subsequent to July 1, of that fiscal year. That section also requires a contract or employment agreement, or renewal of a contract or employment agreement, containing a provision for severance pay to limit severance pay to 20 weeks and to prohibit severance pay when the individual is terminated for misconduct.

#### **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 defines "public funds" as:

any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This includes each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem program.

pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities.

The bill clarifies that there can be no violation of s. 215.425, F.S., for payment of a bonus or severance pay that is paid from sources other than public funds.

The bill requires a unit of government that has made a prohibited compensation payment to investigate and take all actions necessary to recover the prohibited compensation. If the compensation was provided unintentionally, the unit of government must recover the prohibited compensation through its normal recovery methods. If the prohibited payment was willfully made, the unit of government must recover the payment from either the recipient or the person who authorized the prohibited payment. Willfully providing a prohibited payment would become a first degree misdemeanor under the bill. The bill provides for suspension and removal of officers as follows: An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county office may be suspended by the Governor and removed by the Florida Senate. Any other officer may be suspended and removed by the Governor pursuant to s. 112.51, F.S.

A person who reports the making of a prohibited extra compensation payment is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident. There is an exception to the reward provision where the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based on disclosures of information relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media. If the person was involved in the authorization, or was convicted for his role in the unauthorized compensation, he or she is not eligible for the reward. Whistleblowers are granted full protection under the State's Whistleblower's Act. 11

If the unit of government fails to recover the prohibited extra compensation payment within 90 days, a lawsuit is authorized to recover those funds using the legal procedures in ss. 68.082, (governing false claims against the state) and 68.083, F.S., (governing civil actions for false claims). Litigation to recover such funds must be brought in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of local government is located.

# False Claims Against the State:

# **Present Situation**

Section 68.082, F.S., prohibits a person from:

- Knowingly presenting a false or fraudulent claim for payment or approval;
- Knowingly making or using a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent claim:
- Conspiring to commit a violation of this subsection;
- Having possession, custody, or control of property or money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivering less than all of that money or property;

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 112.3187, F.S.

Making or delivering a document certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state
and, intending to defraud the state, making or delivering the receipt without knowing that the
information on the receipt is true;

- Knowingly buying or receiving, as a pledge of an obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property; or
- Knowingly making or using a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly concealing or knowingly and improperly avoiding or decreasing an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state.

A person who does any of the foregoing is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages the state sustains.

Section 68.083, F.S., authorizes the Department of Legal Affairs to investigate an allegation of a false claim against the state. If the Department determines a violation has occurred, it is authorized to commence a civil action against the violator. Additionally, the Department of Financial Services may bring such a suit if the Department of Legal Affairs has not done so.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill makes it a "False Claim Against the State" for any person to knowingly authorize, approve, or receive payment of prohibited extra compensation in violation of s. 215.425, F.S. A person who authorizes, approves, or receives payment of prohibited extra compensation is subject to the civil penalty ranging from \$5,500 to \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages that the state sustains as a result of the authorization, approval, or receipt of prohibited compensation.

The bill authorizes the Department of Financial Services to bring a civil action if the action arises from an investigation by that Department concerning a violation of the prohibited extra compensation claim and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action to recover the civil penalty and damages.

#### **Auditing**

Joint Legislative Auditing Committee:

#### **Present Situation**

Section 11.40, F.S., provides:

Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, or the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7)<sup>12</sup>, s. 218.32(1)<sup>13</sup>,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 11.45, F.S., governs certain audits to be conducted by the Auditor General.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 218.32(1), F.S., requires annual financial reports from local governmental entities.

s. 218.38<sup>14</sup>, or s. 218.503(3)<sup>15</sup>, the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action.

Section 11.45, F.S., defines the types of audits that may be conducted. That section requires the Auditor General to conduct certain state and local governmental audits and specifies the frequency with which the audits must occur. Section 11.45, F.S., also allows the Auditor General to conduct other audits he or she determines to be appropriate. For purposes of s. 11.45, F.S., the term local governmental entity means "a county agency, municipality, or special district as defined in s. 189.012, but does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421."

The Auditor General is required to transmit, by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 provides that the Governor or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee, may also notify the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee that a local governmental entity has failed to comply with applicable auditing, financial reporting, bond issuance notification, bond verification provisions, or failed to disclose a financial emergency or provide information required during a financial emergency.

CS/SB 1372 defines the terms "abuse," "fraud," and "waste" in s. 11.45, F.S., as follows:

"Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain or for the benefit of another.

"Fraud" means obtaining of something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.

"Waste" means the act of using or expending resources unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful purpose.

The bill also redefines the term "Local governmental entity" for purposes of s. 11.45, F.S., to include tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 218.38, F.S., requires notice of bond issuance and contains verification requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 218.503(3), F.S., requires those entities to disclose a financial emergency and provide certain information concerning a financial emergency.

The bill exempts water management districts from being subject to audits pursuant to s. 11.45(2)(j), F.S. The bill allows the Auditor General to conduct audits or other engagements of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies. The bill also conforms the Auditor General's reporting requirement to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, by removing the obsolete reference to water management districts and replacing it with the phrase "local governmental entity."

# Single Audit Act:

# **Present Situation**

The Florida Single Audit Act (s. 215.97, F.S.) is designed to establish uniform state audit requirements for state financial assistance provided by state agencies to nonstate entities to carry out state projects; promote sound financial management, including effective internal controls, with respect to state financial assistance administered by nonstate entities; promote audit economy and efficiency by relying to the extent possible on already required audits of federal financial assistance provided to nonstate entities; provide for identification of state financial assistance transactions in the state accounting records and recipient organization records; promote improved coordination and cooperation within and between affected state agencies providing state financial assistance and nonstate entities receiving state assistance; and, ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that state agencies monitor, use, and follow-up on audits of state financial assistance provided to nonstate entities. Pursuant to the Single Audit Act, certain entities that exceed the "audit threshold" are subject to a state single audit or a project specific audit. Currently, the "audit threshold" is defined as:

the threshold amount used to determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific audit, for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of this section. Every 2 years the Auditor General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state awarding agencies, shall review the threshold amount for requiring audits under this section and may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the purposes of this section. Section 215.97(2)(a), F.S.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill changes the audit threshold from \$500,000 to \$750,000. Additionally, the bill changes the requirement that the Auditor General review the threshold amount for requiring audits from every 2 years to "periodically." The term "periodically" is not defined in the bill. Finally, the bill authorizes the Auditor General to recommend to the Legislature a statutory change to revise the threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to s. 11.45(7)(f), F.S.

# Local Government Entity Annual Financial Reports:

# **Present Situation**

Section 218.32, F.S., requires certain local governmental entities to submit an annual financial report for the previous fiscal year. The annual financial report is required to be signed by the chair of the governing body and the chief financial officer of the local governmental entity. That section also specifies what information is required to be in the report.

Additionally, the Department of Financial Services is required to file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers, and the expenditures of each local governmental entity, regional planning council, local government finance commission, and municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual financial report.<sup>16</sup>

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 requires an independent certified public accountant completing an audit of a unit of local government pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., to report, as part of the audit, whether or not the entity's annual financial report is in agreement with the audit report. The accountant's audit report must be supported by the same level of detail and required for the annual financial report. If the reports are not in agreement, the bill requires the audit to specify the differences that exist between the annual financial report and the audit report.

The bill also provides that, in preparing the verified report, the Department of Financial Services may request additional information from the local governmental entity. Any additional information requested must be provided within 45 days of the request. If the local governmental entity does not comply with the request, the Department of Financial Services must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee, which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2), F.S.

#### Annual Financial Audit Reports:

# **Present Situation**

If certain types of governmental entities are not notified by the first day of the fiscal year that they will be audited by the Auditor General, those entities must have an annual financial audit performed by an independent certified public accountant completed within 9 months. <sup>17</sup> Section 218.39, F.S., lays out the minimum required information for the independent audits and provides for discussion between the governing body and the independent certified public accountant regarding certain specified conditions. If corrective action is required and has not been taken, the Legislative Auditing Committee can request a statement explaining why the corrective action has not been taken and provides for corrective steps including actions pursuant to s. 11.40(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 218.32(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 218.39, F.S.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

CS/SB 1372 provides that if the audit report contains a recommendation from the preceding financial audit report, the governing body, within 60 days, must indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur. If the governing body does not intend to take any corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

#### **Auditor Selection Procedures:**

#### **Present Situation**

Section 218.391, F.S., lays out the process that specified governmental entities<sup>18</sup> must follow in selecting its independent certified public accountant to act as an auditor. Noncharter counties are required to create a committee consisting of each of its elected county constitutional officers and one member of the board of county commissioners or its designee. Those entities must create an audit committee which must make a request for proposals. The law lays out what must be considered in selecting the firm and discusses negotiating for compensation.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires all counties to have an auditor selection committee consisting of each of its officers elected pursuant to the county charter or Florida Constitution. The bill requires municipalities, special districts, district school boards, charter schools, or charter technical career centers to create an audit committee with at least 3 members, one of which must be a member of the governing body of the entity. That member will serve as the committee's chair. Members of county, municipal, or special district audit committees may not exercise financial management responsibilities for the county, municipality, or special district. The bill provides that the contract period may not exceed five years. The bill creates a two year period of ineligibility for a firm to get a new contract after its five year contract has expired.

The audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., must include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the auditor selection requirements. If the Auditor General determines that an entity failed to comply with the requirements in selecting an auditor, the entity shall select a replacement auditor to conduct audits for the remaining subsequent fiscal in the contract.

#### The Florida Virtual School:

#### **Present Situation**

The Florida Virtual School is created to develop and deliver online and distance learning. The Commissioner of Education is charged with monitoring the Florida Virtual School. In pertinent part, the law requires the board of trustees to submit an annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education. The report is required to address: operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global; marketing and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> The entities are: the governing body of a charter county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center.

operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology; assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the fiscal year; a copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General; recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing services to students through the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global; and, recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.<sup>19</sup>

The Auditor General is required to conduct an operational audit of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School Global. The scope of the audit must include, but not be limited to, the administration of responsibilities relating to personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production; school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment records; franchise agreements; information technology utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 31, 2014.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill eliminates the requirement that the Auditor General conduct an operation audit and report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 31, 2014. That provision is replaced with requiring the Florida Virtual School to have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records completed by an independent auditor who is a licensed certified public accountant. The independent auditor must conduct the audit in accordance with the rules adopted by the Auditor General governing such audits. The audit report is required to include a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations. Upon completion of the audits, the independent auditor is required to submit an audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the prior fiscal year. The bill also makes conforming changes to the annual report provided to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education, by requiring a copy of the audit report be submitted with the annual statement. That audit report is to provide a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each finding of the independent auditor's recommendations included in the audit report.

#### Required Audits of Certain Educational Institutions:

# **Present Situation**

School districts, Florida College System institutions, and other institutions and agencies under the supervision of the State Board of Education and state universities under the supervision of the Board of Governors are subject to the audit provisions of ss. 11.45 and 218.39, F.S. If an audit contains a significant finding, the district school board, the Florida College System

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 1002.37(6), F.S.

institution board of trustees, or the university board of trustees shall conduct an audit overview during a public meeting.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

If any audit report includes a recommendation that was previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the district school board, the Florida College System institution board of trustees, or the university board of trustees, must indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report. This response must occur during a regularly scheduled public meeting. If the district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, or university board of trustees does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

#### **Other Provisions**

#### Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation:

#### **Present Situation**

Currently, s. 28.35, F.S., requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to develop and certify a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards must be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. The corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans.

#### **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires the Florida Clerk of Courts Corporation to notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting the workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans within 45 days after the end of each quarter. For purposes of s. 28.35, F.S., the quarters end on the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year.

# Transparency in Government Spending:

#### **Present Situation**

The Transparency Florida Act, located in s. 215.985, F.S., requires the Governor, in consultation with the appropriations committees of the House and Senate, to maintain a central website providing access to all other websites required to be linked under the Act. That law requires

certain budget information to be readily available online, certain contract information, and minimum functionality standards. In pertinent part, s. 215.985(11), F.S., requires:

Each water management district shall provide a monthly financial statement to its governing board and make such statement available for public access on its website.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill requires the monthly financial statement to be in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing board and make such monthly financial statement available to the public on its website.

#### Financial Emergencies:

#### **Present Situation**

Local governmental entities, charter schools, charter technical career centers, and district school boards are subject to review and oversight by the Governor, the charter school sponsor, the charter technical career center sponsor, or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, under certain circumstances. If a financial emergency occurs, the Governor or the Commissioner of Education must contact the entity to determine what steps have been taken to rectify, resolve, or prevent the financial emergency. Any information requested must be provided within 45 days. If the local governmental entity or the district school board does not comply with the request, the Governor or Commissioner of Education must notify the *members* of the Legislative Auditing Committee who may take action pursuant to s. 11.40, F.S. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education must then determine whether the entity needs state assistance. If so, the entity is considered to be in a state of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education then has the authority to take steps to resolve the financial emergency.

# **Effect of Proposed Changes**

The bill provides that the Governor, or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education, or his or her designee, must notify the Legislative Auditing Committee instead of notifying the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 218.503(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 218.503(3), F.S.

#### C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Indeterminate.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

# VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 112.31456 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 11.40, 11.45, 28.35, 43.16, 112.31455, 112.3261, 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, 189.016, 215.425, 215.86, 215.97, 215.985, 218.32, 218.33, 218.39, 218.391, 288.92, 288.9604, 373.536, 1002.33, 1002.37, 1010.01, 1010.30, 68.082, 68.083, and 218.503.

#### IX. Additional Information:

# A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

# CS by Ethics and Elections on March 24, 2015:

The committee substitute differs from the original bill in that it:

- Allows the Auditor General to conduct audits or other engagements of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies;
- Requires a governing body to withhold 25% of the amount of the fine from the filer's next public salary-related payment, plus any administrative costs incurred;
- Requires withholding the same percentage of each successive public salary-related payment until the fine and administrative costs are paid in full;

• Defines "public funds" for purposes of the prohibited compensation statute in s. 215.425, F.S.;

- Clarifies that it is not prohibited compensation to pay a bonus or severance pay from sources other than public funds;
- Provides that state or county officers making or receiving prohibited compensation may be suspended by the Governor and removed by the Florida Senate;
- Allows the Governor to suspend and remove any other officer who makes or receives prohibited compensation pursuant to s. 112.51, F.S.;
- Requires the accountant's audit to be supported by the same level of detail and required for the annual financial report;
- Provides that the contract period may not exceed five years;
- Creates a two year period of ineligibility for a firm to get a new contract after its five year contract has expired;
- Requires the audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39, F.S., to include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the auditor selection requirements;
- Provides that entities that fail to comply with the requirements in selecting an auditor must replace the auditor for the remaining term of the contract;
- Extends applicability of the two year post-service lobbying restriction to prohibit representation before a division of Enterprise Florida, subsidiary of Enterprise Florida, or the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions;
- Requires Florida Virtual Schools to include a written statement describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations;
- Requires Florida Virtual Schools to submit its audit report in its annual report to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education; and
- Provides new effective date of October 1, 2015.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/25/2015		
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The Committee on Ethics and Elections (Gaetz) recommended the following:

# Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 11.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee.-
- (2) Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, or the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, the Governor or

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his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7), s. 218.32(1), s. 218.38, or s. 218.503(3), the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action. If the committee determines that the entity should be subject to further state action, the committee shall:

- (a) In the case of a local governmental entity or district school board, direct the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services to withhold any funds not pledged for bond debt service satisfaction which are payable to such entity until the entity complies with the law. The committee shall specify the date such action shall begin, and the directive must be received by the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services 30 days before the date of the distribution mandated by law. The Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may implement the provisions of this paragraph.
  - (b) In the case of a special district created by:
- 1. A special act, notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives charged with special district oversight as determined by the presiding officers of each respective chamber, the legislators who represent a portion of the geographical jurisdiction of the special district pursuant to s. 189.034(2), and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to

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40 comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the 41 Department of Economic Opportunity shall proceed pursuant to s. 42 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in 43 noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing 44 45 Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3). 46

- 2. A local ordinance, notify the chair or equivalent of the local general-purpose government pursuant to s. 189.035(2) and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).
- 3. Any manner other than a special act or local ordinance, notify the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067(3).
- (c) In the case of a charter school or charter technical career center, notify the appropriate sponsoring entity, which may terminate the charter pursuant to ss. 1002.33 and 1002.34.

Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraph (j) of subsection (2), paragraph (v) of subsection (3), and paragraph (i) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (y) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

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- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 11.40-11.51, the term:
- (a) "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain or for the benefit of another.
- (b) (a) "Audit" means a financial audit, operational audit, or performance audit.
- (c) (b) "County agency" means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax collector, a supervisor of elections, or any other officer in whom any portion of the fiscal duties of the above are under law separately placed.
- (d) (e) "Financial audit" means an examination of financial statements in order to express an opinion on the fairness with which they are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an examination to determine whether operations are properly conducted in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements. Financial audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and government auditing standards as adopted by the Board of Accountancy. When applicable, the scope of financial audits shall encompass the additional activities necessary to establish compliance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. ss. 7501-7507, and other



applicable federal law.

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- (e) "Fraud" means obtaining something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.
- (f) (d) "Governmental entity" means a state agency, a county agency, or any other entity, however styled, that independently exercises any type of state or local governmental function.
- (g) (e) "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, municipality, tourist development council, county tourism promotion agency, or special district as defined in s. 189.012. The term, but does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421.
- (h) (f) "Management letter" means a statement of the auditor's comments and recommendations.
- (i) (g) "Operational audit" means an audit whose purpose is to evaluate management's performance in establishing and maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other guidelines. Operational audits must be conducted in accordance with government auditing standards. Such audits examine internal controls that are designed and placed in operation to promote and encourage the achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic and efficient

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operations, reliability of financial records and reports, and safequarding of assets, and identify weaknesses in those internal controls.

- (j) (h) "Performance audit" means an examination of a program, activity, or function of a governmental entity, conducted in accordance with applicable government auditing standards or auditing and evaluation standards of other appropriate authoritative bodies. The term includes an examination of issues related to:
  - 1. Economy, efficiency, or effectiveness of the program.
- 2. Structure or design of the program to accomplish its goals and objectives.
- 3. Adequacy of the program to meet the needs identified by the Legislature or governing body.
- 4. Alternative methods of providing program services or products.
- 5. Goals, objectives, and performance measures used by the agency to monitor and report program accomplishments.
- 6. The accuracy or adequacy of public documents, reports, or requests prepared under the program by state agencies.
- 7. Compliance of the program with appropriate policies, rules, or laws.
- 8. Any other issues related to governmental entities as directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- (k) (i) "Political subdivision" means a separate agency or unit of local government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, city, commission, consolidated government, county, department, district,

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institution, metropolitan government, municipality, office, officer, public corporation, town, or village.

(1) (i) "State agency" means a separate agency or unit of state government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, department, division, institution, office, officer, or public corporation, as the case may be, except any such agency or unit within the legislative branch of state government other than the Florida Public Service Commission.

- (m) "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful purpose.
  - (2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:
- (j) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when determined to be necessary by the Auditor General, when directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise required by law. No later than 18 months after the release of the audit report, the Auditor General shall perform such appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems necessary to determine the audited entity's progress in addressing the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General's previous report. The Auditor General shall notify each member of the audited entity's governing body and the Legislative Auditing Committee of the results of his or her determination. For purposes of this paragraph, local governmental entities do not include water management districts.

The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties

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independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

- (3) AUTHORITY FOR AUDITS AND OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.—The Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct audits or other engagements as determined appropriate by the Auditor General of:
  - (v) The Florida Virtual School pursuant to s. 1002.37.
- (y) Tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies.
  - (7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-
- (i) The Auditor General shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and local governmental entities water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).
- Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.-
- (2) The duties of the corporation shall include the following:

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- (d) Developing and certifying a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards shall be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. For quarterly periods ending on the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year, the corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans. Such notifications shall be submitted no later than 45 days after the end of the preceding quarterly period. As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Workload measures" means the measurement of the activities and frequency of the work required for the clerk to adequately perform the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.
- 2. "Workload performance standards" means the standards developed to measure the timeliness and effectiveness of the

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activities that are accomplished by the clerk in the performance of the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.

Section 4. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section 43.16, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

- 43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers and duties.-
- (6) The commission, each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
  - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
- (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
  - (c) Support economical and efficient operations.
  - (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
  - (e) Safeguard assets.

Section 5. Section 112.31455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 112.31455 Withholding of public salary-related payments Collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests.-
- (1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) s. 112.3145(6) to the Department of Financial Services, the commission shall attempt to determine

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whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or current public employee. If so, the commission may notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the appropriate county, municipality, or special district of the total amount of any fine owed to the commission by such individual.

- (a) After receipt and verification of the notice from the commission, the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the county, municipality, or special district shall withhold 25 percent of the entire amount of any fine owed, and any administrative costs incurred, from the individual's next public salary-related payment. The same percentage of each successive public salary-related payment must be withheld until the fine and administrative costs are paid in full begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum amount allowed under federal law from any salary related payment. The Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the county, municipality, or special district may retain an amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s. 77.0305, to cover the administrative costs incurred under this section. The withheld payments shall be remitted to the commission until the fine is satisfied.
- (b) If a current public officer or current public employee demonstrates to the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body responsible for paying him or her that the public salary is his or her primary source of income and that withholding 25 percent of the entire amount of any fine owed from a public salary-related payment would present an undue hardship, the withheld amount may be reduced but must be at least 10 percent of the public salary-related payment The Chief Financial Officer

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or the governing body of the county, municipality, or special district may retain an amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s. 77.0305, to cover the administrative costs incurred under this section.

(2) If the commission determines that the individual who is the subject of an unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(6) is no longer a public officer or public employee or if the commission is unable to determine whether the individual is a current public officer or public employee, the commission may, 6 months after the order becomes final, seek garnishment of any wages to satisfy the amount of the fine, or any unpaid portion thereof, pursuant to chapter 77. Upon recording the order imposing the fine with the clerk of the circuit court, the order shall be deemed a judgment for purposes of garnishment pursuant to chapter 77.

(2) The commission may refer unpaid fines to the appropriate collection agency, as directed by the Chief Financial Officer, to use utilize any collection methods provided by law. Except as expressly limited by this section, any other collection methods authorized by law are allowed.

(3) (4) Action may be taken to collect any unpaid fine imposed by ss. 112.3144 and 112.3145 within 20 years after the date the final order is rendered.

Section 6. Section 112.31456, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

112.31456 Garnishment of wages for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests.-

(1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) to the Department of Financial

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Services, the commission shall attempt to determine whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or current public employee. If the commission determines that an individual who is the subject of an unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) is no longer a public officer or public employee or if the commission cannot determine whether the individual is a current public officer or current public employee, the commission may, 6 months after the order becomes final, seek garnishment of any wages to satisfy the amount of the fine, or any unpaid portion thereof, pursuant to chapter 77. Upon recording the order imposing the fine with the clerk of the circuit court, the order shall be deemed a judgment for purposes of garnishment pursuant to chapter 77.

- (2) The commission may refer unpaid fines to the appropriate collection agency, as directed by the Chief Financial Officer, to use any collection methods provided by law. Except as expressly limited by this section, any other collection method authorized by law is allowed.
- (3) Action may be taken to collect any unpaid fine imposed by ss. 112.3144 and 112.3145 within 20 years after the date the final order is rendered.
- Section 7. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water management districts; registration and reporting.-
  - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a

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children's services district, an expressway authority as the term "authority" as defined in s. 348.0002, the term "port authority" as defined in s. 315.02, or an independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

- (b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person, to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a decision of the entity district in an area of policy or procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of an a district official or employee of a governmental entity. The term "lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.
- (c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that entity district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a statement signed by the principal or principal's representative stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form shall require each

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lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:

- (a) The lobbyist's name and business address.
- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented.
- (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with an official any officer or employee of a governmental entity district with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.
- (d) In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a governmental entity district may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the governmental entity district canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A governmental entity district may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the principal notifies the entity district that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal.
- (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section.
  - (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to

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ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district.

- (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a governmental entity district or has knowingly submitted false information in a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.
- (8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget.-

(3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.

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(c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final budget must be posted on the website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets, and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and figures to identify the particular transactions shall be made in the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to the budgets.

Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.06 Execution and amendment of budget.-

- (2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as follows:
- (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized in paragraphs (a) - (e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.
  - 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days,

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but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.

2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 10. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

- (3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.
- (5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must

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be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 11. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

(4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or the local governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local generalpurpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as



defined in s. 373.019.

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(7) If the governing body of a special district amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority.

Section 12. Present subsections (1) through (5) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (6), respectively, present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (7) through (12) are added to that section, to read:

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office,

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department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities.

(3) (2) This section does not apply to:

(a) a bonus or severance pay that is paid from sources other than public funds wholly from nontax revenues and nonstate-appropriated funds, the payment and receipt of which does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 112, and which is paid to an officer, agent, employee, or contractor of a public hospital that is operated by a county or a special district; or

(b) a clothing and maintenance allowance given to plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49.

- (5) (a) (4) (a) On or after July 1, 2011, A unit of government that enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:
- 1. A requirement that severance pay paid from public funds provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.
- 2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), by the unit of government.
- (7) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section, such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary

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action to recover the prohibited compensation.

- (a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal recovery methods for overpayments.
- (b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the individual or individuals responsible for approving the prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
- (8) A person who willfully violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (9) An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the Governor's power under s. 7(a), Art. IV of the State Constitution. An officer who exercises powers and duties other than that of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the suspension and removal procedures under s. 112.51.
- (10) (a) A person who reports a violation of this section is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of government, depending upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and recovery of such prohibited payment.

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(b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than information provided by such person, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

(c) If it is determined that the person who reported a violation of this section was involved in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

(11) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the employee or others in furtherance of an action under this section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187.

(12) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation for a willful violation of this section upon discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90



649 days, a cause of action may be brought to: 650 (a) Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and 651 68.083. 652 (b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except 653 654 that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which 655 the unit of government is located. 656 (c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures 657 set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie 658 in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of 659 government is located. Section 13. Section 215.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to 660 661 read: 662 215.86 Management systems and controls.—Each state agency 663 and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish and maintain management systems and internal controls designed 664 665 to: 666 (1) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. that 667 (2) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, 668 rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. + 669 (3) Support economical and economic, efficient, and 670 effective operations.; 671 (4) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. + (5) Safeguard and safeguarding of assets. Accounting 672 673 systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the 674 requirements of generally accepted accounting principles. 675 Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 676 215.97, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 677 215.97 Florida Single Audit Act.-

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(2) Definitions; as used in this section, the term:

(a) "Audit threshold" means the threshold amount used to determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$750,000 \$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific audit, for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of this section. Periodically, Every 2 years the Auditor General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state awarding agencies, shall review the threshold amount for requiring audits under this section and, if appropriate, may recommend to the Legislature a statutory change to revise the threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to s. 11.45(7)(h) may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the purposes of this section.

Section 15. Subsection (11) of section 215.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.985 Transparency in government spending.-

(11) Each water management district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's its governing board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.

Section 16. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 218.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental



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- (d) Each local governmental entity that is required to provide for an audit under s. 218.39(1) must submit a copy of the audit report and annual financial report to the department within 45 days after the completion of the audit report but no later than 9 months after the end of the fiscal year. An independent certified public accountant completing an audit of a local governmental entity pursuant to s. 218.39 shall report, as part of the audit, as to whether the entity's annual financial report is in agreement with the audited financial statements. The accountant's audit report must be supported by the same level of detail as required for the annual financial report. If the accountant's audit report is not in agreement with the annual financial report, the accountant shall specify and explain the significant differences that exist between the annual financial report and the audit report.
- (2) The department shall annually by December 1 file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers, and the expenditures of each local governmental entity, regional planning council, local government finance commission, and municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual financial report. In preparing the verified report, the department may request additional information from the local governmental entity. The information requested must be provided to the department within 45 days of the request. If the local

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governmental entity does not comply with the request, the department shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee, which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2). The report must include, but is not limited to:

- (a) The total revenues and expenditures of each local governmental entity that is a component unit included in the annual financial report of the reporting entity.
- (b) The amount of outstanding long-term debt by each local governmental entity. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "long-term debt" means any agreement or series of agreements to pay money, which, at inception, contemplate terms of payment exceeding 1 year in duration.

Section 17. Present subsection (3) of section 218.33, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

- 218.33 Local governmental entities; establishment of uniform fiscal years and accounting practices and procedures .-
- (3) Each local governmental entity shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
  - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
- (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
  - (c) Support economical and efficient operations.
  - (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
  - (e) Safeguard assets.

Section 18. Present subsections (8) through (12) of section 218.39, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (9) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

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218.39 Annual financial audit reports.-

(8) If the audit report includes a recommendation that was previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the governing body of the audited entity, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report to the governing body and during a regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur. If the governing body does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

Section 19. Subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 218.391, Florida Statutes, are amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

218.391 Auditor selection procedures.-

- (2) The governing body of a charter county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center shall establish an audit committee.
- (a) For a county, the Each noncharter county shall establish an audit committee that, at a minimum, shall consist of each of the county officers elected pursuant to the county charter or s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, or a designee, and one member of the board of county commissioners or its designee.
- (b) For a municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center, the audit committee shall consist of at least three members. One member of the audit committee must be a member of the governing

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body of an entity specified in this paragraph who shall also serve as the chair of the committee.

- (c) A member of the audit committee may not exercise financial management responsibilities for the county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center.
- (d) The primary purpose of the audit committee is to assist the governing body in selecting an auditor to conduct the annual financial audit required in s. 218.39; however, the audit committee may serve other audit oversight purposes as determined by the entity's governing body. The public may shall not be excluded from the proceedings under this section.
- (7) Every procurement of audit services shall be evidenced by a written contract embodying all provisions and conditions of the procurement of such services. For purposes of this section, an engagement letter signed and executed by both parties shall constitute a written contract. The written contract shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- (c) A provision specifying the contract period, including renewals, and conditions under which the contract may be terminated or renewed. The contract period may not exceed 5 years. Upon conclusion of the contract, the contracting firm is ineligible to conduct a financial audit of the entity pursuant to s. 218.39 for a period of 2 years.
- (9) An audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39 must include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the requirements of subsections (3) through (6) in selecting an auditor. If the Auditor General determines that an entity failed



823 to comply with the requirements of subsections (3) through (6) 824 in selecting an auditor, the entity shall select a replacement 825 auditor in accordance with this section to conduct audits for 826 subsequent fiscal years if the original audit was performed 827 under a multiyear contract. If the replacement of an auditor 828 would preclude the entity from timely completing the annual financial audit required by s. 218.39, the entity shall replace 829 830 an auditor in accordance with this section for the subsequent 831 annual financial audit. A multiyear contract between an entity 832 or an auditor may not prohibit or restrict an entity from 833 complying with this subsection. 834 Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 835 288.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 836 288.92 Divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.-(2)

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- (b) 1. The following officers and board members are subject to ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2):
- a. Officers and members of the board of directors of the divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- b. Officers and members of the board of directors of subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- c. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- d. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions.
  - 2. The officers and board members specified in subparagraph

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1. may not represent another person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., or a division, subsidiary, or the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions, for a period of 2 years after retirement from or termination of service to a division.

3.2. For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1) - (8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of the officers and members of the board of directors specified in subparagraph 1., those persons shall be considered public officers or employees and the corporation shall be considered their agency.

4.3. It is not a violation of s. 112.3143(2) or (4) for the officers or members of the board of directors of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to:

a. Vote on the 4-year marketing plan required under s. 288.923 or vote on any individual component of or amendment to the plan.

b. Participate in the establishment or calculation of payments related to the private match requirements of s. 288.904(3). The officer or member must file an annual disclosure describing the nature of his or her interests or the interests of his or her principals, including corporate parents and subsidiaries of his or her principal, in the private match requirements. This annual disclosure requirement satisfies the disclosure requirement of s. 112.3143(4). This disclosure must be placed either on the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's website or included in the minutes of each meeting

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of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's board of directors at which the private match requirements are discussed or voted upon.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 288.9604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9604 Creation of the authority.-

- (3)(a)1. A director may not receive compensation for his or her services, but is entitled to necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the discharge of his or her duties. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor has been appointed.
- 2. Directors are subject to ss. 112.313(1) (8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2). For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of directors, directors shall be considered public officers and the corporation shall be considered their agency.
- 3. A director of the board of directors of the corporation may not represent another person or entity for compensation before the corporation for a period of 2 years following his or her service on the board of directors.

Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4), paragraph (d) of subsection (5), and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 373.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.

- (4) BUDGET CONTROLS; FINANCIAL INFORMATION. -
- (e) By September 1, 2012, Each district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing

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board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.

- (5) TENTATIVE BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION; REVIEW AND APPROVAL.-
- (d) Each district shall, by August 1 of each year, submit for review a tentative budget and a description of any significant changes from the preliminary budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 373.535 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over water management districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as applicable, the secretary of the department, and the governing body of each county in which the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the operations of the district. The tentative budget must be posted on the district's official website at least 2 days before budget hearings held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law and must remain on the website for at least 45 days.
- (6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN; WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM.-
- (d) The final adopted budget must be posted on the water management district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 23. Paragraph (j) of subsection (9) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.—



939 (j) The governing body of the charter school shall be 940 responsible for: 1. Establishing and maintaining internal controls designed 941 942 to: 943 a. Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. 944 b. Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, 945 rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. 946 c. Support economical and efficient operations. 947 d. Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. 948 e. Safequard assets. 949 2.1. Ensuring that the charter school has retained the 950 services of a certified public accountant or auditor for the 951 annual financial audit, pursuant to s. 1002.345(2), who shall 952 submit the report to the governing body. 953 3.2. Reviewing and approving the audit report, including 954 audit findings and recommendations for the financial recovery 955 plan. 4.a.3.a. Performing the duties in s. 1002.345, including 956 957 monitoring a corrective action plan. 958 b. Monitoring a financial recovery plan in order to ensure 959 compliance. 960 5.4. Participating in governance training approved by the 961 department which must include government in the sunshine, 962 conflicts of interest, ethics, and financial responsibility. 963 Section 24. Present subsections (6) through (10) of section 964 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) 965 through (11), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to 966 that section, and present subsections (6) and (11) of that

section are amended, to read:

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1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

- (6) The Florida Virtual School shall have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records completed by an independent auditor who is a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473. The independent auditor shall conduct the audit in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General pursuant to s. 11.45 and, upon completion of the audit, shall prepare an audit report in accordance with such rules. The audit report must include a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations included in the audit report. The independent auditor shall submit the audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the preceding fiscal year.
- (7) <del>(6)</del> The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education, the audit report prepared pursuant to subsection (6) and a complete and detailed report setting forth:
- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global.
- (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology.
  - (c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual

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School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the fiscal year.

(d) A copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General.

(e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing services to students through the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global. In order to most effectively develop public policy regarding any future funding of the Florida Virtual School, it is imperative that the cost of the program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the program must be based on reliable data.

(e) (f) Recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.

(11) The Auditor General shall conduct an operational audit of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School Global. The scope of the audit shall include, but not be limited to, the administration of responsibilities relating to personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production; school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment records; franchise agreements; information technology utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January <del>31, 2014.</del>



1026	Section 25. Subsection (5) is added to section 1010.01,
1027	Florida Statutes, to read:
1028	1010.01 Uniform records and accounts
1029	(5) Each school district, Florida College System
1030	institution, and state university shall establish and maintain
1031	internal controls designed to:
1032	(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
1033	(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
1034	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
1035	(c) Support economical and efficient operations.
1036	(d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
1037	(e) Safeguard assets.
1038	Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 1010.30, Florida
1039	Statutes, is amended to read:
1040	1010.30 Audits required.—
1041	(2) If <u>a school district</u> , Florida College System
1042	institution, or university audit report includes a
1043	recommendation that was previously included in the preceding
1044	financial audit report, an audit contains a significant finding,
1045	the district school board, the Florida College System
1046	institution board of trustees, or the university board of
1047	trustees, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report
1048	to the school district, Florida College System institution, or
1049	university and shall conduct an audit overview during a
1050	regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent
1051	regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken,
1052	and when the corrective action will occur. If the district
1053	school board, Florida College System institution board of
1054	trustees, or university board of trustees does not intend to



1055 take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting. 1056 1057 Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 68.082, Florida 1058 Statutes, is amended to read: 1059 68.082 False claims against the state; definitions; 1060 liability.-(2) Any person who: 1061 1062 (a) Knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or 1063 fraudulent claim for payment or approval; 1064 (b) Knowingly authorizes, approves, or receives payment of 1065 prohibited compensation in violation of s. 215.425; 1066 (c) (b) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used 1067 a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent 1068 claim: 1069 (d) (c) Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection; 1070 (e) <del>(d)</del> Has possession, custody, or control of property or money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivers or 1071 1072 causes to be delivered less than all of that money or property; 1073 (f) (e) Is authorized to make or deliver a document 1074 certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state 1075 and, intending to defraud the state, makes or delivers the 1076 receipt without knowing that the information on the receipt is 1077 true; (g) (f) Knowingly buys or receives, as a pledge of an 1078 1079 obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or 1080 employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property; 1081 or 1082 (h) (q) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used

a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or



transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly conceals or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state

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is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages the state sustains because of the act of that person.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 68.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.083 Civil actions for false claims.-

(1) The department may diligently investigate a violation under s. 68.082. If the department finds that a person has violated or is violating s. 68.082, the department may bring a civil action under the Florida False Claims Act against the person. The Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act. For a violation of s. 68.082 regarding prohibited compensation paid from state funds, the Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department concerning a violation of s. 215.425 by the state and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act.

Section 29. Subsection (3) of section 218.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.-

(3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not



1113 taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school 1114 board, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the 1115 local governmental entity or the Commissioner of Education or 1116 his or her designee shall contact the district school board to 1117 determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental 1118 entity or the district school board to resolve or prevent the 1119 condition. The information requested must be provided within 45 1120 days after the date of the request. If the local governmental 1121 entity or the district school board does not comply with the 1122 request, the Governor or his or her designee or the Commissioner 1123 of Education or his or her designee shall notify the members of 1124 the Legislative Auditing Committee, which who may take action 1125 pursuant to s. 11.40(2) s. 11.40. The Governor or the 1126 Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, shall determine 1127 whether the local governmental entity or the district school 1128 board needs state assistance to resolve or prevent the 1129 condition. If state assistance is needed, the local governmental 1130 entity or district school board is considered to be in a state 1131 of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of 1132 Education, as appropriate, has the authority to implement 1133 measures as set forth in ss. 218.50-218.504 to assist the local 1134 governmental entity or district school board in resolving the 1135 financial emergency. Such measures may include, but are not 1136 limited to:

- (a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's budget by the Governor or approval of the district school board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
- (b) Authorizing a state loan to a local governmental entity and providing for repayment of same.

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- (c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or district school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is no longer subject to this section.
- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board as are needed. The appropriate local officials shall cooperate in such inspections and reviews.
- (e) Consulting with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
- (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- (q)1. Establishing a financial emergency board to oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or the district school board. If a financial emergency board is established for a local governmental entity, the Governor shall appoint board members and select a chair. If a financial emergency board is established for a district school board, the State Board of Education shall appoint board members and select a chair. The financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are necessary for conducting board business. The board may:
- a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or the district school board as are needed.
- b. Consult with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the

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appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity or the district school board into compliance with state requirements.

- c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- d. Consult with other governmental entities for the consolidation of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.
- 2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for local governmental entities or to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education for district school boards for appropriate action.
- (h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by officials of the local governmental entity or the district school board in consultation with the appropriate state officials, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1. Provision for payment in full of obligations outlined in subsection (1), designated as priority items, which are currently due or will come due.



- 2. Establishment of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting in order to eliminate items that are not affordable.
  - 3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.
  - 4. Provisions implementing the consolidation, sourcing, or discontinuance of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.

Section 30. The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are established to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to safeguard and account for government funds and property. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.

Section 31. This act shall take effect October 1, 2015.

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And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

1223 A bill to be entitled

> An act relating to government accountability; amending s. 11.40, F.S.; specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an

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entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; defining the terms "abuse", "fraud", and "waste"; revising the definition of the term "local governmental entity"; excluding water management districts from certain audit requirements; removing a cross-reference; authorizing the Auditor General to conduct audits of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Auditor General; amending s. 28.35, F.S.; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of the Justice Administrative Commission, each state attorney, each public defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, a capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program, to include the establishment and maintenance of certain internal controls; amending s. 112.31455, F.S.; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer or a governing body to withhold an amount of a fine owed and related administrative costs from public salary-related payments of certain individuals; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer or a governing body to reduce the amount withheld if certain individuals demonstrate a hardship; transferring a provision relating to the garnishment of wages of specified individuals; creating s. 112.31456, F.S.; authorizing the

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Commission on Ethics to seek wage garnishment of certain individuals to satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising terms to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; defining the term "public funds"; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; specifying applicability of procedures regarding suspension and removal of an officer who commits a willful violation; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s. 215.86, F.S.; revising management systems and controls to be employed by each state agency and the judicial branch; amending s. 215.97, F.S.;

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revising the definition of the term "audit threshold"; amending s. 215.985, F.S.; revising the requirements for a monthly financial statement provided by a water management district; amending s. 218.32, F.S.; revising the requirements of the annual financial audit report of a local governmental entity; authorizing the Department of Financial Services to request additional information from a local governmental entity; requiring a local governmental entity to respond to such requests within a specified timeframe; requiring the department to notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of noncompliance; amending s. 218.33, F.S.; requiring local governmental entities to establish and maintain internal controls; amending s. 218.39, F.S.; requiring an audited entity to respond to audit recommendations under specified circumstances; amending s. 218.391, F.S.; revising the composition of an audit committee; prohibiting an audit committee member from exercising financial management duties on behalf of the governmental entity; restricting the length of a contract period; requiring the chair of an audit committee to sign and execute an affidavit affirming compliance with auditor selection procedures; prescribing procedures in the event of noncompliance with auditor selection procedures; amending s. 288.92, F.S.; prohibiting specified officers and board members of Enterprise Florida, Inc., from representing a person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., and

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associated entities thereof, for a specified timeframe; amending s. 288.9604, F.S.; prohibiting a director of the board of directors of the Florida Development Finance Corporation from representing a person or entity for compensation before the corporation for a specified timeframe; amending s. 373.536, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; requiring water management districts to maintain certain budget documents on the districts' websites for a specified period; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of the governing board of a charter school to include the establishment and maintenance of internal controls; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; requiring completion of an annual financial audit of the Florida Virtual School; specifying audit requirements; requiring an audit report to be submitted to the board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School and the Auditor General; removing an obsolete provision; amending s. 1010.01, F.S.; requiring each school district, Florida College System institution, and state university to establish and maintain certain internal controls; amending s. 1010.30, F.S.; requiring a district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, or university board of trustees to respond to audit recommendations under certain circumstances; amending ss. 68.082, 68.083, and 218.503, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-references to changes made by the act; declaring that the act fulfills an important



1345 state interest; providing an effective date.

By Senator Gaetz

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to government accountability; amending s. 11.40, F.S.; specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; defining the terms "abuse", "fraud", and "waste"; revising the definition of "local governmental entity"; excluding water management districts from certain audit requirements; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Auditor General; amending s. 28.35, F.S.; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of the Justice Administrative Commission, each state attorney, each public defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, a capital collateral counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program, to include the establishment and maintenance of certain internal controls; amending s. 112.31455, F.S.; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer or a governing body to withhold an amount of a fine owed and related administrative costs from public salary-related payments of certain individuals; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer or a governing body to reduce the amount withheld if certain individuals demonstrate a

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hardship; transferring a provision relating to the garnishment of wages of specified individuals; creating s. 112.31456, F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Ethics to seek wage garnishment of certain individuals to satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s. 215.86, F.S.; revising management systems and controls	Ú	1-00505B-15 20151372_
creating s. 112.31456, F.S.; authorizing the Commission on Ethics to seek wage garnishment of certain individuals to satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	30	hardship; transferring a provision relating to the
Commission on Ethics to seek wage garnishment of certain individuals to satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	31	garnishment of wages of specified individuals;
certain individuals to satisfy unpaid fines; authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	32	creating s. 112.31456, F.S.; authorizing the
authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a collection agency; establishing a statute of limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	33	Commission on Ethics to seek wage garnishment of
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limitations with respect to the collection of an unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	35	authorizing the commission to refer unpaid fines to a
unpaid fine; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	36	collection agency; establishing a statute of
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F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	41	subject to lobbyist registration requirements;
districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	42	amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016,
entities' websites for a specified period; amending s.  215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to  investigate and take necessary action to recover  prohibited compensation; specifying methods of  recovery and liability for unintentional and willful  violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the  Governor to suspend officers under specified  circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and  amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under  which an employee has a cause of action under the  Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if  a unit of government fails to recover prohibited  compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	43	F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special
215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	44	districts to maintain certain budget documents on the
investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	45	entities' websites for a specified period; amending s.
prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	46	215.425, F.S.; requiring a unit of government to
recovery and liability for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	47	investigate and take necessary action to recover
violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	48	prohibited compensation; specifying methods of
Governor to suspend officers under specified circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	49	recovery and liability for unintentional and willful
circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	50	violations; providing a penalty; authorizing the
amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	51	Governor to suspend officers under specified
which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	52	circumstances; establishing eligibility criteria and
55 Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if 56 a unit of government fails to recover prohibited 57 compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	53	amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under
a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	54	which an employee has a cause of action under the
57 compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.	55	Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if
	56	a unit of government fails to recover prohibited
58 215.86, F.S.; revising management systems and controls	57	compensation within a certain timeframe; amending s.
	58	215.86, F.S.; revising management systems and controls

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to be employed by each state agency and the judicial branch; amending s. 215.97, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "audit threshold"; amending s. 215.985, F.S.; revising the requirements for a monthly financial statement provided by a water management district; amending s. 218.32, F.S.; revising the requirements of the annual financial audit report of a local governmental entity; authorizing the Department of Financial Services to request additional information from a local governmental entity; requiring a local governmental entity to respond to such requests within a specified timeframe; requiring the department to notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of noncompliance; amending s. 218.33, F.S.; requiring local government entities to establish and maintain internal controls; amending s. 218.39, F.S.; requiring an audited entity to respond to audit recommendations under specified circumstances; amending s. 218.391, F.S.; revising the composition of an audit committee; restricting the length of a contract period; amending s. 288.92, F.S.; prohibiting specified officers and board members of Enterprise Florida, Inc., from representing a person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., for a specified timeframe; amending s. 288.9604, F.S.; prohibiting a director of the board of directors of the Florida Development Finance Corporation from representing a person or entity for compensation before the corporation for a specified timeframe;

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1-00505B-15 20151372 88 amending s. 373.536, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; 89 requiring water management districts to maintain 90 certain budget documents on the districts' websites 91 for a specified period; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; 92 revising the responsibilities of the governing board 93 of a charter school to include the establishment and 94 maintenance of internal controls; amending s. 1002.37, 95 F.S.; requiring completion of an annual financial 96 audit of the Florida Virtual School; specifying audit 97 requirements; requiring an audit report to be 98 submitted to the board of trustees of the Florida 99 Virtual School and the Auditor General; removing an obsolete provision; amending s. 1010.01, F.S.; 100 101 requiring each school district, Florida College System 102 institution, and state university to establish and 103 maintain certain internal controls; amending s. 104 1010.30, F.S.; requiring a district school board, 105 Florida College System board of trustees, or 106 university board of trustees to respond to audit 107 recommendations under certain circumstances; amending 108 ss. 68.082, 68.083, and 218.503, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-references to changes made by the 109 110 act; declaring that the act fulfills an important 111 state interest; providing an effective date. 112 113 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 114 115 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 11.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 116

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11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee.-

- (2) Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, ex the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, the Governor or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7), s. 218.32(1), s. 218.38, or s. 218.503(3), the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action. If the committee determines that the entity should be subject to further state action, the committee shall:
- (a) In the case of a local governmental entity or district school board, direct the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services to withhold any funds not pledged for bond debt service satisfaction which are payable to such entity until the entity complies with the law. The committee shall specify the date such action shall begin, and the directive must be received by the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services 30 days before the date of the distribution mandated by law. The Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may implement the provisions of this paragraph.
  - (b) In the case of a special district created by:
- 1. A special act, notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives charged with special district oversight as determined by the presiding

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officers of each respective chamber, the legislators who represent a portion of the geographical jurisdiction of the special district pursuant to s. 189.034(2), and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).

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- 2. A local ordinance, notify the chair or equivalent of the local general-purpose government pursuant to s. 189.035(2) and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).
- 3. Any manner other than a special act or local ordinance, notify the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067(3).
- (c) In the case of a charter school or charter technical career center, notify the appropriate sponsoring entity, which may terminate the charter pursuant to ss. 1002.33 and 1002.34. Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraph (j) of subsection (2),

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and paragraph (i) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 11.40-11.51, the term:
- (a) "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain or for the benefit of another.
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$  "Audit" means a financial audit, operational audit, or performance audit.
- (c) (b) "County agency" means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax collector, a supervisor of elections, or any other officer in whom any portion of the fiscal duties of the above are under law separately placed.
- (d) (e) "Financial audit" means an examination of financial statements in order to express an opinion on the fairness with which they are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an examination to determine whether operations are properly conducted in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements. Financial audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and government auditing standards as adopted by the Board of Accountancy. When applicable, the scope of financial audits shall encompass the additional activities

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1-00505B-15 20151372 204 necessary to establish compliance with the Single Audit Act 205 Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. ss. 7501-7507, and other 206 applicable federal law. 2.07 (e) "Fraud" means obtaining of something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the 208 intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures 209 in financial statements to deceive users of financial 210 211 statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate 212 213 misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources. 214 (f) (d) "Governmental entity" means a state agency, a county 215 agency, or any other entity, however styled, that independently exercises any type of state or local governmental function. 216 217 (g) (e) "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, municipality, tourist development council, county tourism 219 promotion agency, or special district as defined in s. 189.012. The term, but does not include any housing authority established 220 221 under chapter 421. 222 (h) (f) "Management letter" means a statement of the 223 auditor's comments and recommendations. 224 (i) (g) "Operational audit" means an audit whose purpose is 225 to evaluate management's performance in establishing and 226 maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to 227 prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering 228 assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, 229 administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other 230 quidelines. Operational audits must be conducted in accordance 231 with government auditing standards. Such audits examine internal

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controls that are designed and placed in operation to promote

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and encourage the achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic and efficient operations, reliability of financial records and reports, and safeguarding of assets, and identify weaknesses in those internal controls.

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(j) (h) "Performance audit" means an examination of a program, activity, or function of a governmental entity, conducted in accordance with applicable government auditing standards or auditing and evaluation standards of other appropriate authoritative bodies. The term includes an examination of issues related to:

- 1. Economy, efficiency, or effectiveness of the program.
- 2. Structure or design of the program to accomplish its goals and objectives.
- 3. Adequacy of the program to meet the needs identified by the Legislature or governing body.
- 4. Alternative methods of providing program services or products.
- 5. Goals, objectives, and performance measures used by the agency to monitor and report program accomplishments.
- 6. The accuracy or adequacy of public documents, reports, or requests prepared under the program by state agencies.
- 7. Compliance of the program with appropriate policies, rules, or laws.
- 8. Any other issues related to governmental entities as directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
- $\underline{\text{(k)}}$  "Political subdivision" means a separate agency or unit of local government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers

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1-00505B-15 20151372 262 thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, city, commission, 263 consolidated government, county, department, district, 264 institution, metropolitan government, municipality, office, 265 officer, public corporation, town, or village. (1) (i) "State agency" means a separate agency or unit of 266 state government created or established by law and includes, but 267 2.68 is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, department, division, institution, office, officer, or public corporation, 270 271 as the case may be, except any such agency or unit within the legislative branch of state government other than the Florida Public Service Commission. 273 (m) "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources 274 unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful 275 276 purpose. (2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall: 277 278 (j) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when 279 determined to be necessary by the Auditor General, when directed 280 by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise 281 required by law. No later than 18 months after the release of the audit report, the Auditor General shall perform such 282 appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems necessary to 284 determine the audited entity's progress in addressing the 285 findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor

governmental entities do not include water management districts.  ${\tt Page} \ 10 \ {\tt of} \ 43$ 

General's previous report. The Auditor General shall notify each

member of the audited entity's governing body and the

determination. For purposes of this paragraph, local

Legislative Auditing Committee of the results of his or her

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The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

(7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-

(i) The Auditor General shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and <a href="Local governmental entities">Local governmental entities</a> water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2).

Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.-
- (2) The duties of the corporation shall include the following:
- (d) Developing and certifying a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards shall be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the

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1-00505B-15 performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. For quarterly periods ending on the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year, the corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans. Such notifications shall be submitted no later than 45 days after the end of the preceding quarterly period. As used in this subsection, the term: 

1. "Workload measures" means the measurement of the activities and frequency of the work required for the clerk to adequately perform the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.

2. "Workload performance standards" means the standards developed to measure the timeliness and effectiveness of the activities that are accomplished by the clerk in the performance of the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.

Section 4. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section 43.16, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) and

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349	(8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that
350	section, to read:
351	43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers
352	and duties.—
353	(6) The commission, each state attorney, each public
354	defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the
355	capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem
356	Program shall establish and maintain internal controls designed
357	<u>to:</u>
358	(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
359	(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
360	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
361	(c) Support economic and efficient operations.
362	(d) Ensure reliability of records and reports.
363	(e) Safeguard assets.
364	Section 5. Section 112.31455, Florida Statutes, is amended
365	to read:
366	112.31455 Withholding of public salary-related payments
367	Collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to
368	timely file disclosure of financial interests
369	(1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to $s$ .
370	112.3144(5) or $\underline{s.\ 112.3145(7)}$ $\underline{s.\ 112.3145(6)}$ to the Department
371	of Financial Services, the commission shall attempt to determine
372	whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public
373	officer or current public employee. If so, the commission may
374	notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the
375	appropriate county, municipality, or special district of the
376	total amount of any fine owed to the commission by such
377	individual.

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1-00505B-15 20151372 378 (a) After receipt and verification of the notice from the 379 commission, the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of 380 the county, municipality, or special district shall withhold the 381 entire amount of any fine owed, and any administrative costs 382 incurred, from the individual's next public salary-related payment. If the fine exceeds the amount of the next public 383 384 salary-related payment, all public salary-related payments must 385 be withheld until the fine and administrative costs are paid in full begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum 386 387 amount allowed under federal law from any salary-related 388 payment. The Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of 389 the county, municipality, or special district may retain an amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s. 77.0305, to 390 391 cover the administrative costs incurred under this section. The 392 withheld payments shall be remitted to the commission until the fine is satisfied. 393 (b) The Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of 394 the county, municipality, or special district may retain an 395 396 amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s. 77.0305, to 397 cover the administrative costs incurred under this section. 398 (b) If a current public officer or current public employee demonstrates to the Chief Financial Officer or the governing 399 400 body responsible for paying him or her that the public salary is his or her primary source of income and that withholding the 401 402 full amount of any fine owed from a public salary-related

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(2) If the commission determines that the individual who is

payment would present an undue hardship, the withheld amount may

be reduced but must be at least 10 percent of the public salary-

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related payment.

the subject of an unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(6) is no longer a public officer or public employee or if the commission is unable to determine whether the individual is a current public officer or public employee, the commission may, 6 months after the order becomes final, seek garnishment of any wages to satisfy the amount of the fine, or any unpaid portion thereof, pursuant to chapter 77. Upon recording the order imposing the fine with the clerk of the circuit court, the order shall be deemed a judgment for purposes of garnishment pursuant to chapter 77.

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(2)(3) The commission may refer unpaid fines to the appropriate collection agency, as directed by the Chief Financial Officer, to <u>use</u> <u>utilize</u> any collection methods provided by law. Except as expressly limited by this section, any other collection methods authorized by law are allowed.

(3)-(4) Action may be taken to collect any unpaid fine imposed by ss. 112.3144 and 112.3145 within 20 years after the date the final order is rendered.

Section 6. Section 112.31456, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

112.31456 Garnishment of wages for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests.—

(1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) to the Department of Financial Services, the commission shall attempt to determine whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or current public employee. If the commission determines that an individual who is the subject of an unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) is no longer a public

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436	officer or public employee or if the commission cannot determine
437	whether the individual is a current public officer or current
438	public employee, the commission may, 6 months after the order
439	becomes final, seek garnishment of any wages to satisfy the
440	amount of the fine, or any unpaid portion thereof, pursuant to
441	chapter 77. Upon recording the order imposing the fine with the
442	clerk of the circuit court, the order shall be deemed a judgment
443	for purposes of garnishment pursuant to chapter 77.
444	(2) The commission may refer unpaid fines to the
445	appropriate collection agency, as directed by the Chief
446	Financial Officer, to use any collection methods provided by
447	law. Except as expressly limited by this section, any other
448	collection method authorized by law is allowed.
449	(3) Action may be taken to collect any unpaid fine imposed
450	by ss. 112.3144 and 112.3145 within 20 years after the date the
451	<u>final order is rendered.</u>
452	Section 7. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended
453	to read:
454	112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water
455	management districts; registration and reporting
456	(1) As used in this section, the term:
457	(a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a
458	water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating
459	under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a
460	children's services district, an expressway authority as the
461	term "authority" is defined in s. 348.0002, a port authority as
462	the term is defined in s. 315.02, or an independent special
463	district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which
464	exercises ad valorem taxing authority.

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- (b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person, to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a decision of the entity district in an area of policy or procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of an a district official or employee of a governmental entity. The term "lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.
- (c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112 3215
- (2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that entity district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a statement signed by the principal or principal's representative stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form shall require each lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:
  - (a) The lobbyist's name and business address.
- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented.
  - (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business

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association, partnership, or financial relationship with <u>an</u>
<u>official</u> <u>any officer</u> or employee of a <u>governmental entity</u>
<u>district</u> with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.

- (d) In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a <u>governmental entity</u> <u>district</u> may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the governmental entity district canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A governmental entity district may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the principal notifies the entity district that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal.
- (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section.
- (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district.
  - (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a

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lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a <u>governmental entity district</u> or has knowingly submitted false information in a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.

(8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget .-

- (3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.
- (c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted

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552	amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( $
553	official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to
554	consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least
555	$\underline{\text{45 days}}$ . The final budget must be posted on the website within
556	30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at
557	<u>least 2 years</u> . The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets,
558	and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county
559	auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and
560	figures to identify the particular transactions shall be made in
561	the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to
562	the budgets.
563	Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section

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129.06 Execution and amendment of budget.-

129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- (2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as follows:
- (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized in paragraphs (a)-(e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.
- 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days, but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary

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fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.

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2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 10. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

- (3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.
- (5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the

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municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 11. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

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(4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or the local governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local generalpurpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as defined in s. 373.019.

be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption  $\underline{\text{and must remain on the website for at}}$ 

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(7) If the governing body of a special district amends the

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budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must

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639 least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an 640 official website, the special district must, within a reasonable 641 period of time as established by the local general-purpose 642 government or governments in which the special district is 643 located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or 644 645 administrator of the local general-purpose government or 646 governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the

adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose

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Section 12. Subsections (6) through (10) are added to section 215.425, Florida Statutes, to read:

government or governing authority.

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.—

- (6) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section, such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary action to recover the prohibited compensation.
- (a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal recovery methods for overpayments.
- (b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the individual or individuals responsible for approving the prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable

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668	for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
669	(7) A person who willfully violates this section commits a
670	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
671	775.082 or s. 775.083. The Governor may suspend an officer who
672	willfully violates this section.
673	(8)(a) A person who reports a violation of this section is
674	eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10
675	percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a
676	prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of
677	government, depending upon the extent to which the person
678	substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and
679	recovery of such prohibited payment.
680	(b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited
681	compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific
682	information, other than information provided by such person,
683	relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or
684	administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, inspector
685	general, or other government report; auditor general report,
686	hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such
687	person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a
688	portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs
689	pursuant to s. 68.085.
690	(c) If it is determined that the person who reported a
691	violation of this section was involved in the authorization,
692	approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is
693	convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in
694	the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited

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compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for

an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney

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fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

- (9) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the employee or others in furtherance of an action under this section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187.
- (10) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation for a willful violation of this section upon discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90 days, a cause of action may be brought to:
- $\underline{\text{(a)}}$  Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and 68.083.
- (b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of government is located.
- (c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of government is located.

Section 13. Section 215.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.86 Management systems and controls.—Each state agency and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish and maintain management systems and <u>internal</u> controls <u>designed</u> to:

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726	(1) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. that
727	(2) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
728	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. $ au$
729	(3) Support economic, efficient, and effective operations.+
730	(4) Ensure reliability of records and reports.+
731	(5) Safeguard and safeguarding of assets. Accounting
732	systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the
733	requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.
734	Section 14. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
735	215.97, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
736	215.97 Florida Single Audit Act
737	(2) Definitions; as used in this section, the term:
738	(a) "Audit threshold" means the threshold amount used to
739	determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of
740	a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this
741	section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of
742	state financial assistance equal to or in excess of $\frac{$750,000}{}$
743	\$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be
744	required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific
745	audit, for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements
746	of this section. <u>Periodically</u> , <del>Every 2 years</del> the Auditor
747	General, after consulting with the Executive Office of the
748	Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state
749	awarding agencies, shall review the threshold amount for
750	requiring audits under this section and $\underline{\text{, if appropriate, may}}$
751	$\underline{\text{recommend to the Legislature a statutory change to revise the}}$
752	$\underline{\text{threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to } s.}$
753	11.45(7)(f) may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the

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purposes of this section.

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Section 15. Subsection (11) of section 215.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.985 Transparency in government spending.-

(11) Each water management district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's its governing board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.

Section 16. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 218.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental entities.—

(1)

- (d) Each local governmental entity that is required to provide for an audit under s. 218.39(1) must submit a copy of the audit report and annual financial report to the department within 45 days after the completion of the audit report but no later than 9 months after the end of the fiscal year. An independent certified public accountant completing an audit of a local governmental entity pursuant to s. 218.39 shall report, as part of the audit, whether or not the entity's annual financial report is in agreement with the audit report, and, if the report is not in agreement, shall specify the significant differences that exist between the annual financial report and the audit report.
- (2) The department shall annually by December 1 file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both

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784	locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers,
785	and the expenditures of each local governmental entity, regional
786	planning council, local government finance commission, and
787	municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual
788	financial report. In preparing the verified report, the
789	department may request additional information from the local
790	governmental entity. The information requested must be provided
791	to the department within 45 days of the request. If the local
792	governmental entity does not comply with the request, the
793	department shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee,
794	which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2). The report must
795	include, but is not limited to:
796	(a) The total revenues and expenditures of each local
797	governmental entity that is a component unit included in the
798	annual financial report of the reporting entity.
799	(b) The amount of outstanding long-term debt by each local
800	governmental entity. For purposes of this paragraph, the term
801	"long-term debt" means any agreement or series of agreements to
802	pay money, which, at inception, contemplate terms of payment
803	exceeding 1 year in duration.
804	Section 17. Present subsection (3) of section 218.33,
805	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new
806	subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:
807	218.33 Local governmental entities; establishment of

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(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,

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uniform fiscal years and accounting practices and procedures .-

(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.

maintain internal controls designed to:

(3) Each local governmental entity shall establish and

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rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.

- (c) Support economic and efficient operations.
- (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
- (e) Safeguard assets.

82.6

Section 18. Present subsections (8) through (12) of section 218.39, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (9) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

218.39 Annual financial audit reports.-

(8) If the audit report includes a recommendation that was previously included in the preceding financial audit report, the governing body of the audited entity, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report to the governing body and during a regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken, and when the corrective action will occur. If the governing body does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.

Section 19. Subsection (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 218.391, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 218.391 Auditor selection procedures.—

(2) The governing body of a charter county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center shall establish an audit committee. For a county, the Each noncharter county shall establish an audit committee that, at a minimum, shall consist of each of the county officers elected pursuant to the county charter or s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, or a

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842	designee, and one member of the board of county commissioners or
843	its designee. For a municipality or a special district, the
844	audit committee shall consist of at least three members, who
845	must be members of the governing body of the municipality or the
846	special district, respectively. For a county, municipality, or
847	special district, a member of the audit committee may not
848	exercise financial management responsibilities for the county,
849	municipality, or special district. The primary purpose of the
850	audit committee is to assist the governing body in selecting an
851	auditor to conduct the annual financial audit required in s.
852	218.39; however, the audit committee may serve other audit
853	oversight purposes as determined by the entity's governing body.
854	The public $\underline{\text{may}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ not be excluded from the proceedings under
855	this section.
856	(7) Every procurement of audit services shall be evidenced
857	by a written contract embodying all provisions and conditions of
858	the procurement of such services. For purposes of this section,
859	an engagement letter signed and executed by both parties shall
860	constitute a written contract. The written contract shall, at a
861	minimum, include the following:
862	(c) A provision specifying the contract period, including
863	renewals, and conditions under which the contract may be
864	terminated or renewed. The contract period, including renewals,
865	may not exceed 2 years.
866	Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
867	288.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
868	288.92 Divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc
869	(2)

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(b) 1. The following officers and board members are subject

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- a. Officers and members of the board of directors of the divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- b. Officers and members of the board of directors of subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, Inc.

- c. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- d. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions.
- 2. The officers and members of the board of directors specified in subparagraph 1. may not represent another person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., for a period of 2 years after retirement from or termination of service to a division.
- 3.2. For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of the officers and members of the board of directors specified in subparagraph 1., those persons shall be considered public officers or employees and the corporation shall be considered their agency.
- $\underline{4.3.}$  It is not a violation of s. 112.3143(2) or (4) for the officers or members of the board of directors of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to:
- a. Vote on the 4-year marketing plan required under s. 288.923 or vote on any individual component of or amendment to the plan.

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b. Participate in the establishment or calculation of payments related to the private match requirements of s. 288.904(3). The officer or member must file an annual disclosure describing the nature of his or her interests or the interests of his or her principals, including corporate parents and subsidiaries of his or her principal, in the private match requirements. This annual disclosure requirement satisfies the disclosure requirement of s. 112.3143(4). This disclosure must be placed either on the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's website or included in the minutes of each meeting of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's board of directors at which the private match requirements are discussed

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 288.9604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9604 Creation of the authority.-

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or voted upon.

92.7

- (3) (a) 1. A director may not receive compensation for his or her services, but is entitled to necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the discharge of his or her duties. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor has been appointed.
- 2. Directors are subject to ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2). For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of directors, directors shall be considered public officers and the corporation shall be considered their agency.
- 3. A director of the board of directors of the corporation may not represent another person or entity for compensation

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before the corporation for a period of 2 years following his or her service on the board of directors.

Section 22. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4), paragraph (d) of subsection (5), and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 373.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.-

(4) BUDGET CONTROLS; FINANCIAL INFORMATION.-

- (e) By September 1, 2012, Each district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.
- (5) TENTATIVE BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION; REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—
- (d) Each district shall, by August 1 of each year, submit for review a tentative budget and a description of any significant changes from the preliminary budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 373.535 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over water management districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as applicable, the secretary of the department, and the governing body of each county in which the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the operations of the district. The tentative budget must be posted on the district's official website at least 2 days before budget hearings held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law and must remain on the website for at

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958	least 45 days.
959	(6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN;
960	WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM
961	(d) The final adopted budget must be posted on the water
962	management district's official website within 30 days after
963	adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.
964	Section 23. Paragraph (j) of subsection (9) of section
965	1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
966	1002.33 Charter schools
967	(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.—
968	(j) The governing body of the charter school shall be
969	responsible for:
970	1. Establishing and maintaining internal controls designed
971	<u>to:</u>
972	a. Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
973	b. Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
974	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
975	c. Support economic and efficient operations.
976	d. Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
977	e. Safeguard assets.
978	2.1. Ensuring that the charter school has retained the
979	services of a certified public accountant or auditor for the
980	annual financial audit, pursuant to s. 1002.345(2), who shall
981	submit the report to the governing body.
982	3.2. Reviewing and approving the audit report, including
983	audit findings and recommendations for the financial recovery
984	plan.
985	$\underline{4.a.}$ 3.a. Performing the duties in s. 1002.345, including
986	monitoring a corrective action plan.

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b. Monitoring a financial recovery plan in order to ensure compliance.

5.4. Participating in governance training approved by the department which must include government in the sunshine, conflicts of interest, ethics, and financial responsibility.

Section 24. Present subsections (6) through (10) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) through (11), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to that section, and present subsections (6) and (11) of that section are amended, to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

(6) The Florida Virtual School shall have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records completed by an independent auditor who is a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473. The independent auditor shall conduct the audit in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General pursuant to s. 11.45 and, upon completion of the audit, shall prepare an audit report in accordance with such rules. The independent auditor shall submit the audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the preceding fiscal year.

 $\underline{(7)}$  (6) The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education a complete and detailed report setting forth:

- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global.
  - (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida

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1016	Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including
1017	recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of
1018	education through the Internet and other distance learning
1019	technology.
1020	(c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual
1021	School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the
1022	fiscal year.
1023	(d) A copy of the an annual financial audit report
1024	completed pursuant to subsection (6), and a written statement of
1025	the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken
1026	in response to each of the independent auditor's recommendations
1027	included in the audit report. of the accounts and records of the
1028	Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global,
1029	conducted by an independent certified public accountant and
1030	performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor
1031	General.
1032	(e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing
1033	services to students through the Florida Virtual School and
1034	Florida Virtual School Global. In order to most effectively
1035	develop public policy regarding any future funding of the
1036	Florida Virtual School, it is imperative that the cost of the
1037	program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the
1038	program must be based on reliable data.
1039	(f) Recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism
1040	to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the
1041	Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.
1042	(11) The Auditor General shall conduct an operational audit
1043	of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School

Global. The scope of the audit shall include, but not be limited

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1045	to, the administration of responsibilities relating to
1046	personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production;
1047	school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment
1048	records; franchise agreements; information technology
1049	utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and
1050	standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit
1051	shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the
1052	Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January
1053	<del>31, 2014.</del>
1054	Section 25. Subsection (5) is added to section 1010.01,
1055	Florida Statutes, to read:
1056	1010.01 Uniform records and accounts
1057	(5) Each school district, Florida College System
1058	institution, and state university shall establish and maintain
1059	<pre>internal controls designed to:</pre>
1060	(a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
1061	(b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws,
1062	rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
1063	(c) Support economic and efficient operations.
1064	(d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
1065	(e) Safeguard assets.
1066	Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 1010.30, Florida
1067	Statutes, is amended to read:
1068	1010.30 Audits required.—
1069	(2) If a school district, Florida College System
1070	institution, or university audit report includes a
1071	recommendation that was previously included in the preceding
1072	financial audit report, an audit contains a significant finding,
1073	the district school board, the Florida College System

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1074	institution board of trustees, or the university board of
1075	trustees, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report
1076	to the school district, Florida College System institution, or
1077	university and shall conduct an audit overview during a
1078	<pre>regularly scheduled public meeting, shall indicate its intent</pre>
1079	regarding corrective action, the corrective action to be taken,
1080	and when the corrective action will occur. If the district
1081	school board, Florida College System institution board of
1082	trustees, or university board of trustees does not intend to
1083	take corrective action, it shall explain why such action will
1084	not be taken at the regularly scheduled public meeting.
1085	Section 27. Subsection (2) of section 68.082, Florida
1086	Statutes, is amended to read:
1087	68.082 False claims against the state; definitions;
1088	liability
1089	(2) Any person who:
1090	(a) Knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or
1091	fraudulent claim for payment or approval;
1092	(b) Knowingly authorizes, approves, or receives payment of
1093	<pre>prohibited compensation in violation of s. 215.425;</pre>
1094	(c) (b) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used
1095	a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent
1096	claim;
1097	$\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (c) Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection;
1098	$\underline{\text{(e)}}$ (d) Has possession, custody, or control of property or
1099	money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivers or
1100	causes to be delivered less than all of that money or property;
1101	$\underline{\text{(f)}}$ (e) Is authorized to make or deliver a document
1102	certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state

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and, intending to defraud the state, makes or delivers the receipt without knowing that the information on the receipt is true;

(g) (f) Knowingly buys or receives, as a pledge of an obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property; or

 $\underline{\text{(h)}}$  Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly conceals or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state

is liable to the state for a civil penalty of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages the state sustains because of the act of that person.

Section 28. Subsection (1) of section 68.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.083 Civil actions for false claims.-

(1) The department may diligently investigate a violation under s. 68.082. If the department finds that a person has violated or is violating s. 68.082, the department may bring a civil action under the Florida False Claims Act against the person. The Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act. For a violation of s. 68.082 regarding prohibited compensation paid from state funds, the Department of Financial Services may bring a civil

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1132	action under this section if the action arises from an
1133	investigation by that department concerning a violation of $s$ .
1134	215.425 by the state and the Department of Legal Affairs has not
1135	filed an action under this act.
1136	Section 29. Subsection (3) of section 218.503, Florida
1137	Statutes, is amended to read:
1138	218.503 Determination of financial emergency
1139	(3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in
1140	subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not
1141	taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school
1142	board, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the
1143	local governmental entity or the Commissioner of Education or
1144	his or her designee shall contact the district school board to
1145	determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental
1146	entity or the district school board to resolve or prevent the
1147	condition. The information requested must be provided within $45$
1148	days after the date of the request. If the local governmental
1149	entity or the district school board does not comply with the
1150	request, the Governor or his or her designee or the Commissioner
1151	of Education or his or her designee shall notify the members of
1152	the Legislative Auditing Committee, which who may take action
1153	pursuant to $\underline{s. 11.40(2)}$ $\underline{s. 11.40}$ . The Governor or the
1154	Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, shall determine
1155	whether the local governmental entity or the district school
1156	board needs state assistance to resolve or prevent the
1157	condition. If state assistance is needed, the local governmental
1158	entity or district school board is considered to be in a state
1159	of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of
1160	Education, as appropriate, has the authority to implement

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measures as set forth in ss. 218.50-218.504 to assist the local governmental entity or district school board in resolving the financial emergency. Such measures may include, but are not limited to:

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- (a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's budget by the Governor or approval of the district school board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
- (b) Authorizing a state loan to a local governmental entity and providing for repayment of same.
- (c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or district school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is no longer subject to this section.
- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board as are needed. The appropriate local officials shall cooperate in such inspections and reviews.
- (e) Consulting with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
- (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- (g)1. Establishing a financial emergency board to oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or the district school board. If a financial emergency board is established for a local governmental entity, the Governor shall appoint board members and select a chair. If a financial emergency board is

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established for a district school board, the State Board of

Education shall appoint board members and select a chair. The

financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are

necessary for conducting board business. The board may:

a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the

local governmental entity or the district school board as are

needed.

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- b. Consult with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity or the district school board into compliance with state requirements.
- c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- d. Consult with other governmental entities for the consolidation of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.
- 2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for local governmental entities or to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education for district school boards for appropriate action.
  - (h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by

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officials of the local governmental entity or the district school board in consultation with the appropriate state officials, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:

- Provision for payment in full of obligations outlined in subsection (1), designated as priority items, which are currently due or will come due.
- 2. Establishment of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting in order to eliminate items that are not affordable.
- 3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.
- 4. Provisions implementing the consolidation, sourcing, or discontinuance of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.

Section 30. The Legislature finds that a proper and legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are established to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to safeguard and account for government funds and property.

Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act fulfills an important state interest.

Section 31. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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# THE FLORIDA SENATE

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BO	TH copies of this form to the Senator or S	enate Professional St	aff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date  Topic	nt Accoutabil	ity	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jeff	Barbacci		
Job Titlesharehold	er Assurance Serv	ices	
Address			Phone
City	State	Zip	Email
Speaking: For Agains		Waive Sp	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Thool.	ts flowell Ferguson		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No Lo	obbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to enco meeting. Those who do speak may	urage public testimony, time ma be asked to limit their remarks s	ay not permit all p o that as many p	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public rec	ord for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

# THE FLORIDA SENATE

# APPEARANCE RECORD

Tab-#9 /

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address State City Information In Support Speaking: Waive Speaking: Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

Lobbyist registered with Legislature: \

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Appearing at request of Chair:

S-001 (10/14/14)

#### THE FLORIDA SENATE

# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address **Email** City State Waive Speaking: In Support Information Speaking: Against For (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Ethics and Elections								
BILL:	SPB 7064							
INTRODUCER:	Ethics and Elections Committee							
SUBJECT:	Elections							
DATE:	March 24, 20	015	REVISED:					
ANAL` 1. Fox	YST	STAFF Roberts	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION <b>EE Submitted as Committee Bill</b>			

# I. Summary:

SPB 7064 is an elections administration bill that makes a number of substantive changes to the Florida Election Code, including:

- Online Voter Registration: Mandates the creation of an Online Voter Registration system for most applicants, beginning October 2017;
- **Voter Signature Updates:** Allows voters to update their signatures until 5 p.m. on the day before the election, for the purpose of canvassing absentee and provisional ballots;
- **Voter IDs:** Expands the list of permissible voter IDs to include U.S. passport *cards*, federal veterans health ID cards, and Florida concealed weapons/firearms licenses;
- **Mail-Ballot-Only Elections:** Authorizes *candidate* mail-ballot-only elections in certain municipalities;
- **Absentee Ballot Information:** Extends the daily deadline for supervisors to upload absentee ballot information to the Division of Elections during an election cycle, from 8 a.m. to noon; and,
- **Voting Precincts:** Beginning in 2021, requires voting precincts to conform to U.S. Census block boundaries, except in certain cases involving changed county, incorporated municipality, or other political subdivision boundaries.

The bill also makes technical and conforming changes to the election code, including modifying the requirements for sample ballot publication, correcting an erroneous deadline on Absentee Ballot Affidavits used to "cure" missing voter signatures, and modifying the timing requirements for designating early voting sites in special elections.

Except as otherwise indicated, the bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.

#### **II.** Present Situation:

Most of the issues in the bill are part of the 2015 legislative package of the Florida State Association of Supervisors of Elections ("FSASE"). Because the election administration issues

presented are wide-ranging and discrete, this analysis will incorporate the Present Situation into the section-by-section analysis below (see, **Part III.**, **Effect of Proposed Changes**).

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SPB 7064 makes the following changes, most of which are included in the 2015 FSASE legislative package:

**Section 1. Online Voter Registration**. Creates s. 97.0525, F.S., directing the Division of Elections to develop a secure, online voter registration ("OVR") system to become operation on October 1, 2017. This section contains the substance of CS/SB 228 (2015), by the Ethics and Elections Committee and Senators Clemens and Richter.

According to the National Conference of State Legislatures ("NCSL"), 20 states currently offer OVR. An additional four states have adopted legislation authorizing OVR but have yet to implement it, including Hawaii (2012) and West Virginia (2013). And three states — Michigan, New Mexico, and Ohio — offer some form of "limited online registration."<sup>2</sup>

Florida was not included among these states, though it does have an electronic system for submitting voter registration applications from Department of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles ("DHSMV") offices — which includes a voter's digital signature.3 Floridians not registering electronically at a DHSMV office must fill out a paper voter registration application and return it to their local county supervisor of elections, or to any of the following entities: any supervisor of elections' office in the state, or to a voter registration agency — including an armed forces recruitment office, a public library, or the Division of Elections.4 The division's website and most (if not all) county supervisor's websites contain an electronic version of the official Florida Voter Registration Application which can be printed out, sworn, and affirmed by the applicant's signature, and mailed.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> National Conference of State Legislatures, Online Voter Registration, Overview (Dec. 10, 2014), available at <a href="http://www.ncsl.org/research/elections-and-campaigns/electronic-or-online-voter-registration.aspx">http://www.ncsl.org/research/elections-and-campaigns/electronic-or-online-voter-registration.aspx</a> (last accessed 3.9.2014). <sup>2</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> DHSMV's staff analysis on a similar OVR bill from last year's session provides:

Currently, driver license examiners ask driver license or identification card applicants if the applicant would like to apply to register to vote or update his or her current voter registration information during the credential process. If so, an electronic voter registration application is completed, with a digital signature, and the voter oath is administered. The voter registration application includes data specific to the voter registration process, such as whether the person is a convicted felon, party affiliation, military status, whether the person needs voting assistance and previous voter registration data. The voter application also requires the examiner to re-key the customer's address in order to verify it against a Department of State database, as required by law. The customer receives a printed application for his or her review. At the close of business, the day's voter registration applications, changes, and declinations are submitted electronically to the Department of State.

DHSMV's 2014 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis, *SB* 784, at p.2 (January 31, 2014) (Section 2.1., Present Situation), available at, http://abar.laspbs.state.fl.us/ABAR/Attachment.aspx?ID=3210 (last visited 3.9.2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Florida Department of State website, <a href="http://election.dos.state.fl.us/voter-registration/voter-reg.shtml">http://election.dos.state.fl.us/voter-registration/voter-reg.shtml</a> (last accessed 2.7.2014).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Florida Voter Registration Application Form, available at the Division of Elections website, <a href="http://election.dos.state.fl.us/pdf/webappform.pdf">http://election.dos.state.fl.us/pdf/webappform.pdf</a> (last visited 3.9.2015).

Beginning October 1, 2017, the bill creates an online voter registration system for registering first-time voters and updating existing voter registrations. The division is tasked with establishing the secure Internet website and developing security measures to prevent unauthorized tampering with a voter's registration information, including the use of a unique identifier for each applicant. The system must also comply with certain federal laws to ensure equal access to voters with disabilities.

Upon submission of a completed online voter registration application, the website must generate an immediate electronic confirmation that the supervisor has received it and will provide the applicant instruction with respect to checking the status of the application.

Specifically, the new online voting system will:

- Compare an applicant's driver's license number or Florida ID number with DHSMV records to confirm the name and birth date of the applicant.
- If the applicant's name and birth date are consistent, electronically transmit the application to the appropriate supervisor of elections along with the applicant's digital signature (if he or she has on file with DHSMV), in which case the application process can proceed electronically.
- If an otherwise eligible applicant's name and birth cannot be verified, or if the applicant has no driver's license or Florida ID card, the system must populate the form and direct the applicant to print, sign and date the application and deliver it to the appropriate Supervisor of Elections for disposition pursuant to s. 97.073, F.S.<sup>6</sup>

**Section 2. OVR Implementation Schedule**. Creates an unnumbered section of Florida Statutes, requiring the Division of Elections, by January 1, 2016, to provide a written report to the Legislature summarizing progress to date in implementing OVR, expected implementation timeframes, and any further necessary legislative proposals, if any.

**Section 3. Voter Registration IDs/Absentee Registrants**. Amends s. 97.0535, F.S., authorizing the use of the following types of voter IDs for a very narrow class of mail-in, voter registration applicants (who are required to produce additional identification in addition to a voter registration application):<sup>7</sup>

- U.S. Passport cards8 (as opposed to U.S. Passport books);
- U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs veteran health ID cards; and,
- Florida concealed carry weapons/firearms licenses.

<sup>6</sup> Section 97.073, F.S., requires a Supervisor of Elections to request any required information missing from the voter registration application

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This expansion applies to applicants who: 1) Register to vote by mail; 2) Have never previously voted in Florida; and, 3) Have NOT been issued a current and valid Florida driver license, Florida ID card, or social security number. Section 97.0535, F.S. Some exemptions to the additional ID requirements apply. *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The U.S. State Department began producing the U.S. Passport Card on July 14, 2008; as of September 2013, more than 7,000,000 Passport Cards were issued to U.S. citizens. U.S. Dept. of State, Bureau of Consular Affairs web site, <u>U.S. Passport Card, History</u>, available at <a href="http://travel.state.gov/content/passports/english/passports/information/card.html">http://travel.state.gov/content/passports/english/passports/information/card.html</a> (last accessed 3.9.2015) The card is intended as a less expensive, wallet-size alternative to a passport book for those who travel frequently by land or sea (not air) to Canada, Mexico, the Caribbean or the Bahamas. From a security standpoint, applicants must produce the same documents and are subject to the same standards of identity as those applying for a passport book. U.S. Dept. of State, Bureau of Consular Affairs web site, <u>Passports, Frequently Asked Questions, U.S. Passport Card</u>, available at <a href="http://travel.state.gov/content/passports/english/passports/FAQs.html">http://travel.state.gov/content/passports/english/passports/FAQs.html</a> (last accessed 3.9.2015).

Florida law currently allows the following forms of ID for these special absentee applicants: U.S. Passport; debit or credit card; military ID; student ID; retirement center ID; neighborhood association ID; public assistance ID.

**Section 4. Voter Signature Updates**. Amends s. 98.077, F.S., allowing voters to update their signatures up until 5 *p.m.* on the day before an election, for purposes of verifying absentee and provisional ballots. Currently, a voter may change their signature up until the canvassing board begins canvassing absentee ballots, which can start as early as 15 days before an election.<sup>9</sup>

**Section 5. Voting Precincts/Polling Place Boundaries**. Amends s. 101.001, F.S., providing that beginning after the 2020 U.S. Decennial Census, supervisors may only use U.S. Census block boundaries to create or alter voting precincts. In cases where the Census block boundaries split or conflict with the boundary of a county, incorporated municipality, or other political subdivision, such boundaries may be used (provided they meet the Census criteria for block boundaries). <sup>10</sup> Currently, supervisors have additional options for establishing precinct boundaries. <sup>11</sup>

**Section 6. Voter ID at the Polls**. Amends s. 101.043, F.S., adding the following types of acceptable voter IDs at the polls to the nine (9) currently authorized — the same new IDs as the bill authorizes for certain first-time, voter registration applicants:

- U.S. Passport *cards* (as opposed to U.S. Passport books);
- U.S. Dept. of Veterans Affairs veteran health ID cards; and,
- Florida concealed carry weapons/firearms licenses.

#### Section 101.001(3)(e), F.S.

<sup>12</sup> The following forms of voter IDs are currently acceptable at the polls:

- 1. Florida driver license;
- 2. Florida ID card;
- 3. U.S. passport;
- 4. Debit or credit card;
- 5. Military identification;
- 6. Student identification;
- 7. Retirement center ID;
- 8. Neighborhood association ID; or,
- 9. Public assistance ID.

Section 101.043(1)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Sections 98.077(4), 101.68(2)(a), F.S. This change correlates with the current deadline for "curing" an absentee ballot that is *missing* a voter's signature, a new process authorized in statute at the request of the FSASE in 2013. Section 101.68(4), F.S; Ch. 2013-57, s. 15, LAWS OF FLA. Prior to that time, once a ballot was received by a supervisor it was deemed "cast" — meaning in "final" form — for purposes of making changes or additions. *Id.* As such, the change in this section represents a wholesale expansion of the concept of "curing" defective ballots post-submission/post-receipt by a supervisor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This exemption is meant to account for post-Census political boundary changes, such as when a municipality annexes a parcel of land; the Decennial Census represents only a "snapshot" in time, with 10 years between "photos."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Current law provides that U.S. Census block boundaries must be used to draw precincts, unless there's a census block boundary split or those boundaries conflict with the following:

<sup>•</sup> Governmental unit boundaries reported in the most recent U.S. Census Boundary and Annexation Survey;

Visible features that are readily distinguishable on the ground (i.e., streets, railroads, tracks, streams, lakes), and that
are indicated on certain maps;

<sup>•</sup> Boundaries of public parks, public school grounds, or churches; or,

<sup>•</sup> Boundaries of counties, incorporated municipalities, or other political subdivisions that meet criteria established by the U.S. Census Bureau for block boundaries.

**Section 7. Sample Ballot Publication**. Amends s. 101.20, F.S., allowing supervisors to either publish a sample ballot in a local newspaper before an election <u>or</u> send a registered voter a sample ballot by U.S. mail/e-mail.

Prior to the passage of the 2013 Paper Reduction Act, <sup>13</sup> supervisors of elections had the option to *either* publish a sample ballot in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or mail one by U.S. Mail to registered voters. The Act authorized sending sample ballots by e-mail, but also setup the *double requirement* of publishing *and* sending a sample ballot.

**Section 8. All-Mail-Ballot Elections;** *municipal candidates*. Amends s. 101.6102, F.S., allowing cities to conduct *candidate* elections exclusively by mail, if approved by the governing body of the municipality and the supervisor of elections. Currently, only local *referenda* elections may be conducted with all-mail balloting.<sup>14</sup>

**Section 9. Absentee Ballot Information;** *daily data updates*. Amends s. 101.62, F.S., delaying until <u>noon</u> the supervisor's daily reporting of absentee ballot progress information. <sup>15</sup>

Beginning 60 days before the primary until 15 days after the general election, the county supervisors currently must provide the absentee ballot progress information at 8 a.m. every day, including weekends, in electronic format. They must contemporaneously provide this information to the Division of Elections. The information is made available to the voter requesting the absentee ballot, election officials, political parties, qualified candidates with opposition in an upcoming election, and registered political committees for political purposes only.<sup>16</sup>

The identified purpose of delaying the daily data update is to coincide with the noontime early voting data upload that supervisors must provide to the division for 8 to 14 days preceding the primary and general elections. <sup>17</sup> That adds up to just about one month of early voting uploads, assuming a county chooses the maximum 14 days of early voting for each election; the absentee ballot data upload occurs for about 5 months — give or take.

**Section 10. Conforming**. Amends s. 101.65, F.S., modifying the absentee ballot voter instructions to incorporate the new deadline created by the bill for updating signatures on file with the supervisor of elections (5 p.m. on the day before the election, instead of when absentee ballot canvassing begins [up to 15 days before an election]).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 2013-192, LAWS OF FLA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 101.6102, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Information reported includes each request for an absentee ballot, the date the request was made, the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the voter, a designee, or the post office, the date the ballot was received back by the supervisor, and the absence of the voter's signature on the absentee ballot certificate (if applicable). Section 101.62(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> It is unclear whether, and, if so, to what extent, this 4-hour delay might adversely impact the ability of candidates, parties, and political committees to coordinate their absentee ballot get-out-the-vote ("GOTV") drives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Florida State Assn. of Supervisors of Elections, <u>2015 FSASE Legislative Priorities</u> at p. 2 (undated), available at <a href="http://myfloridaelections.com/ew-pages/2015">http://myfloridaelections.com/ew-pages/2015</a> fsase legislative priorities <u>12815.pdf</u> (last accessed 3.10.2015); *see* also s. 101.657, F.S. (discussing the timing of early voting and the daily data upload requirement).

**Section 11. Early Voting Sites;** *special elections*. Amends s. 101.657, F.S., granting supervisors discretion to designate early voting sites in special elections "as necessary" instead of 30 days before an election; time frames are often tighter than in a primary or general election. This change should impact only designation of the *timing*, not the types, of early voting sites.

**Sections 12 and 13. Conforming/Technical**. Amends ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S., modifying instructions for absentee ballot affidavits and the voter's certificate for first-time absentee voters to incorporate various changes made in other sections of bill; also, corrects an erroneous deadline on the Absentee Ballot Affidavit with respect to "curing" an absentee ballot without a signature.

**Section 14. Effective Date**. The bill takes effect on July 1, 2015, except as otherwise provided.

### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

#### **Sample Ballot Publication**

#### Revenue; recurring

Local newspapers may well lose some revenue in the form of fees for publishing sample ballots, as supervisors of elections are increasingly moving to mailing (or e-mailing, as of the last election cycle) sample ballots to voters' residences. The overall amount of revenue lost will depend on how many supervisors choose to mail/e-mail sample ballots in lieu of publication.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

#### **Sample Ballot Publication**

### Expenditures; recurring

Supervisors of elections will save money each election by either foregoing newspaper publication or the mailing/e-mailing of sample ballots to voters. The amount saved will depend on the number of registered voters in the county and the cost of the particular method of distribution/publication.

#### **Online Voter Registration**

### Expenditures; nonrecurring (DHSMV)

In its agency bill analysis on SB 784 (2014), which was nearly identical to Section 1 of this bill, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles estimated that it will take about 270 nonrecurring programming hours at a cost of \$20,400 to provide verification for the name, date of birth, Fla. Driver's license number, or Florida identification card number after voter registration applications are submitted online. The DHSMV has not yet provided an agency bill analysis CS/SB 228 (2015), the Committee's stand-alone OVR bill.

#### Expenditures; recurring/nonrecurring (DOS)

The Florida Division of Elections did not complete an agency analysis of last year's OVR bill and has yet to complete one this year or provide any fiscal estimate on CS/SB 228, the Committee's stand-alone OVR bill.. As such, the nonrecurring costs to develop the system and the recurring costs to maintain and operate it are indeterminate at this time.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 97.0535, 98.077, 101.001, 101.043, 101.20, 101.6102, 101.62, 101.65, 101.657, 101.68, and 101.6923. This bill creates an unnumbered section of the Florida Statutes and amends s. 97.0525.

#### IX. Additional Information:

# A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

R	Amendme	nts:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: FAV	•	
03/25/2015	•	
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The Committee on Ethics and Elections (Hays) recommended the following:

#### Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 367 - 437

and insert:

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Section 12. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 27 - 30



and	insert:							
	changes	made	bу	the	act;	providing	effective	dates.

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: FAV	•	
03/25/2015	•	
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The Committee on Ethics and Elections (Clemens) recommended the following:

#### Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Section 1. Section 97.0525, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

97.0525 Online voter registration.-

(1) Beginning October 1, 2017, an applicant may submit an online voter registration application using the procedures set forth in this section.

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- (2) The division shall establish a secure Internet website to permit an applicant to:
- (a) Submit a voter registration application, including first-time voter registration applications and updates to existing voter registration records.
- (b) Submit information necessary to establish an applicant's eligibility to vote, pursuant to s. 97.041, which must include the information required for the uniform statewide voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052(2).
  - (c) Swear to the oath required pursuant to s. 97.051.
- (3) The division shall establish appropriate technological security measures, including use of a unique identifier for each applicant, to prevent unauthorized persons from altering a voter's registration information.
- (4) (a) The online voter registration system shall compare the Florida driver license number or Florida identification number submitted pursuant to s. 97.052(2)(n) with information maintained by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to confirm that the name and date of birth on the application are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
- (b) If the applicant's name and date of birth are consistent with the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the online voter registration system shall transmit, using the statewide voter registration system maintained pursuant to s. 98.035, the applicant's registration application, along with the digital signature of the applicant on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, to the supervisor of elections. The applicant's

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digital signature satisfies the signature requirement of s. 97.052(2)(q).

- (c) If the applicant's name and date of birth cannot be verified by the records of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, or if the applicant indicated that he or she has not been issued a Florida driver license or Florida identification card, the online voter registration system shall populate the applicant's information into a printable voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052(2) and direct the applicant to print, sign, and date the application and deliver the application to the supervisor of elections for disposition pursuant to s. 97.073.
- (5) Upon submission of a completed online voter registration application, the website must generate an immediate electronic confirmation that the supervisor of elections has received the application and provide instructions regarding the ability of a registrant to check the status of the application thereafter.
- (6) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the supervisor of elections shall process the application pursuant to s. 97.053.
- (7) The online voter registration system must conform to nationally accepted standards for accessibility for individuals with disabilities, including s. 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, s. 255 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines of the World Wide Web Consortium, to ensure equal access for voters with disabilities.
- (8) A legal distinction may not be made between online voter registration under this section and voter registration in



person, by mail, or by other methods provided by general law. Section 2. No later than January 1, 2016, the Division of Elections shall submit a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding the implementation of online voter registration. In the report, the division shall summarize progress to date in implementing online voter registration and expected implementation timeframes, and shall propose any further legislation needed to facilitate online voter registration.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 2

82 and insert:

> An act relating to elections; creating s. 97.0525, F.S.; requiring the Division of Elections of the Department of State to develop an online voter registration system; providing application and security requirements; requiring the system to compare information submitted online with Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles records; providing for the disposition of voter registration applications; requiring system compliance with federal accessibility provisions; providing for construction; requiring the division to report to the Legislature regarding online voter registration implementation by a specified date; amending s. 97.0535,

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: WD		
03/25/2015		
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The Committee on Ethics and Elections (Thompson) recommended the following:

#### Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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insert:

Section 14. Subsection (13) of section 97.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.012 Secretary of State as chief election officer.—The Secretary of State is the chief election officer of the state, and it is his or her responsibility to:

(13) Designate an office within the department to be

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responsible for providing information regarding voter registration procedures and vote-by-mail absentee ballot procedures to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters.

Section 15. Subsections (1) and (13) of section 97.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 97.021 Definitions.-For the purposes of this code, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, the term:
- (1) "Absent elector" means any registered and qualified voter who casts a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot.
- (13) "Election costs" shall include, but not be limited to, expenditures for all paper supplies such as envelopes, instructions to voters, affidavits, reports, ballot cards, ballot booklets for vote-by-mail absentee voters, postage, notices to voters; advertisements for registration book closings, testing of voting equipment, sample ballots, and polling places; forms used to qualify candidates; polling site rental and equipment delivery and pickup; data processing time and supplies; election records retention; and labor costs, including those costs uniquely associated with vote-by-mail absentee ballot preparation, poll workers, and election night canvass.

Section 16. Section 97.026, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

97.026 Forms to be available in alternative formats and via the Internet.-It is the intent of the Legislature that all forms required to be used in chapters 97-106 shall be made available upon request, in alternative formats. Such forms shall include vote-by-mail absentee ballots as alternative formats for such

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ballots become available and the Division of Elections is able to certify systems that provide them. Whenever possible, such forms, with the exception of vote-by-mail absentee ballots, shall be made available by the Department of State via the Internet. Sections that contain such forms include, but are not limited to, ss. 97.051, 97.052, 97.053, 97.057, 97.058, 97.0583, 97.071, 97.073, 97.1031, 98.075, 99.021, 100.361, 100.371, 101.045, 101.171, 101.20, 101.6103, 101.62, 101.64, 101.65, 101.657, 105.031, 106.023, and 106.087.

Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 98.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.065 Registration list maintenance programs.-(4)

(c) The supervisor must designate as inactive all voters who have been sent an address confirmation final notice and who have not returned the postage prepaid, preaddressed return form within 30 days or for which the final notice has been returned as undeliverable. Names on the inactive list may not be used to calculate the number of signatures needed on any petition. A voter on the inactive list may be restored to the active list of voters upon the voter updating his or her registration, requesting a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot, or appearing to vote. However, if the voter does not update his or her voter registration information, request a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot, or vote by the second general election after being placed on the inactive list, the voter's name shall be removed from the statewide voter registration system and the voter shall be required to reregister to have his or her name restored to the statewide voter registration system.

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Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 98.077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

98.077 Update of voter signature.-

(4) All signature updates for use in verifying vote-by-mail absentee and provisional ballots must be received by the appropriate supervisor of elections no later than the start of the canvassing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots by the canvassing board. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-by-mail absentee ballots is the signature that shall be used in verifying the signature on the vote-bymail absentee and provisional ballot certificates.

Section 19. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 98.0981, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 98.0981 Reports; voting history; statewide voter registration system information; precinct-level election results; book closing statistics.-
- (1) VOTING HISTORY AND STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION SYSTEM INFORMATION.-
- (b) After receipt of the information in paragraph (a), the department shall prepare a report in electronic format which contains the following information, separately compiled for the primary and general election for all voters qualified to vote in either election:
- 1. The unique identifier assigned to each qualified voter within the statewide voter registration system;
- 2. All information provided by each qualified voter on his or her voter registration application pursuant to s. 97.052(2), except that which is confidential or exempt from public records



requirements;

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- 3. Each qualified voter's date of registration;
- 4. Each qualified voter's current state representative district, state senatorial district, and congressional district, assigned by the supervisor of elections;
  - 5. Each qualified voter's current precinct; and
- 6. Voting history as transmitted under paragraph (a) to include whether the qualified voter voted at a precinct location, voted during the early voting period, voted by voteby-mail absentee ballot, attempted to vote by vote-by-mail absentee ballot that was not counted, attempted to vote by provisional ballot that was not counted, or did not vote.
  - (d) File specifications are as follows:
- 1. The file shall contain records designated by the categories below for all qualified voters who, regardless of the voter's county of residence or active or inactive registration status at the book closing for the corresponding election that the file is being created for:
  - a. Voted a regular ballot at a precinct location.
- b. Voted at a precinct location using a provisional ballot that was subsequently counted.
  - c. Voted a regular ballot during the early voting period.
- d. Voted during the early voting period using a provisional ballot that was subsequently counted.
  - e. Voted by vote-by-mail absentee ballot.
- 123 f. Attempted to vote by vote-by-mail absentee ballot, but 124 the ballot was not counted.
  - q. Attempted to vote by provisional ballot, but the ballot was not counted in that election.

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- 127 2. Each file shall be created or converted into a tabdelimited format. 128
  - 3. File names shall adhere to the following convention:
  - a. Three-character county identifier as established by the department followed by an underscore.
  - b. Followed by four-character file type identifier of 'VH03' followed by an underscore.
    - c. Followed by FVRS election ID followed by an underscore.
    - d. Followed by Date Created followed by an underscore.
    - e. Date format is YYYYMMDD.
    - f. Followed by Time Created HHMMSS.
    - g. Followed by ".txt".
  - 4. Each record shall contain the following columns: Record Identifier, FVRS Voter ID Number, FVRS Election ID Number, Vote Date, Vote History Code, Precinct, Congressional District, House District, Senate District, County Commission District, and School Board District.
    - (2) PRECINCT-LEVEL ELECTION RESULTS.
  - (a) Within 30 days after certification by the Elections Canvassing Commission of a presidential preference primary election, special election, primary election, or general election, the supervisors of elections shall collect and submit to the department precinct-level election results for the election in a uniform electronic format specified by paragraph (c). The precinct-level election results shall be compiled separately for the primary or special primary election that preceded the general or special general election, respectively. The results shall specifically include for each precinct the total of all ballots cast for each candidate or nominee to fill

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156 a national, state, county, or district office or proposed 157 constitutional amendment, with subtotals for each candidate and 158 ballot type, unless fewer than 10 voters voted a ballot type. 159 "All ballots cast" means ballots cast by voters who cast a 160 ballot whether at a precinct location, by vote-by-mail absentee 161 ballot including overseas vote-by-mail absentee ballots, during the early voting period, or by provisional ballot. 162

Section 20. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 98.255, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 98.255 Voter education programs.
- (1) The Department of State shall adopt rules prescribing minimum standards for nonpartisan voter education. The standards shall, at a minimum, address:
  - (a) Voter registration;
- (b) Balloting procedures, by mail absentee and polling place;
  - (c) Voter rights and responsibilities;
  - (d) Distribution of sample ballots; and
  - (e) Public service announcements.

Section 21. Subsection (3) of section 101.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.051 Electors seeking assistance in casting ballots; oath to be executed; forms to be furnished.-

(3) Any elector applying to cast a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot in the office of the supervisor, in any election, who requires assistance to vote by reason of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write may request the assistance of some person of his or her own choice, other than the elector's employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of



his or her union, in casting his or her vote-by-mail absentee ballot.

Section 22. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 101.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.151 Specifications for ballots.-

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(b) Early voting sites may employ a ballot-on-demand production system to print individual marksense ballots, including provisional ballots, for eligible electors pursuant to s. 101.657. Ballot-on-demand technology may be used to produce marksense vote-by-mail absentee and election-day ballots.

Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 101.5612, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.5612 Testing of tabulating equipment.-

(3) For electronic or electromechanical voting systems configured to tabulate vote-by-mail absentee ballots at a central or regional site, the public testing shall be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballots so produced as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure and to include one or more ballots for each office which have activated voting positions in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject such votes. If any error is detected, the cause therefor shall be corrected and an errorless count shall be made before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. The test shall be repeated and errorless results achieved immediately before the start of the official count of the ballots and again after the completion of the official count. The programs and ballots used for testing shall

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be sealed and retained under the custody of the county canvassing board.

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and subsections (7) and (8) of section 101.5614, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.5614 Canvass of returns.-

- (5)(a) If any vote-by-mail absentee ballot is physically damaged so that it cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged ballot in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged ballot. Likewise, a duplicate ballot shall be made of a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot containing an overvoted race or a marked vote-by-mail absentee ballot in which every race is undervoted which shall include all valid votes as determined by the canvassing board based on rules adopted by the division pursuant to s. 102.166(4). All duplicate ballots shall be clearly labeled "duplicate," bear a serial number which shall be recorded on the defective ballot, and be counted in lieu of the defective ballot. After a ballot has been duplicated, the defective ballot shall be placed in an envelope provided for that purpose, and the duplicate ballot shall be tallied with the other ballots for that precinct.
- (7) Vote-by-mail Absentee ballots may be counted by automatic tabulating equipment if they have been marked in a manner which will enable them to be properly counted by such equipment.
- (8) The return printed by the automatic tabulating equipment, to which has been added the return of write-in, voteby-mail absentee, and manually counted votes and votes from

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provisional ballots, shall constitute the official return of the election upon certification by the canvassing board. Upon completion of the count, the returns shall be open to the public. A copy of the returns may be posted at the central counting place or at the office of the supervisor of elections in lieu of the posting of returns at individual precincts.

Section 25. Section 101.572, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.572 Public inspection of ballots.—The official ballots and ballot cards received from election boards and removed from vote-by-mail absentee ballot mailing envelopes shall be open for public inspection or examination while in the custody of the supervisor of elections or the county canvassing board at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions; however, no persons other than the supervisor of elections or his or her employees or the county canvassing board shall handle any official ballot or ballot card. If the ballots are being examined prior to the end of the contest period in s. 102.168, the supervisor of elections shall make a reasonable effort to notify all candidates whose names appear on such ballots or ballot cards by telephone or otherwise of the time and place of the inspection or examination. All such candidates, or their representatives, shall be allowed to be present during the inspection or examination.

Section 26. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 101.591, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.591 Voting system audit.-

(2)(a) A manual audit shall consist of a public manual tally of the votes cast in one randomly selected race that

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appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include electionday, vote-by-mail absentee, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots, in at least 1 percent but no more than 2 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. If 1 percent of the precincts is less than one entire precinct, the audit shall be conducted using at least one precinct chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.

(b) An automated audit shall consist of a public automated tally of the votes cast across every race that appears on the ballot. The tally sheet shall include election day, vote-by-mail absentee, early voting, provisional, and overseas ballots in at least 20 percent of the precincts chosen at random by the county canvassing board or the local board responsible for certifying the election. Such precincts shall be selected at a publicly noticed canvassing board meeting.

Section 27. Section 101.6105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6105 Vote-by-mail Absentee voting.—The provisions of the election code relating to vote-by-mail absentee voting and vote-by-mail absentee ballots shall apply to elections under ss. 101.6101-101.6107 only insofar as they do not conflict with the provisions of ss. 101.6101-101.6107.

Section 28. Section 101.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.62 Request for vote-by-mail absentee ballots.-

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- (1)(a) The supervisor shall accept a request for a vote-bymail an absentee ballot from an elector in person or in writing. One request shall be deemed sufficient to receive a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot for all elections through the end of the calendar year of the second ensuing regularly scheduled general election, unless the elector or the elector's designee indicates at the time the request is made the elections for which the elector desires to receive a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot. Such request may be considered canceled when any first-class mail sent by the supervisor to the elector is returned as undeliverable.
- (b) The supervisor may accept a written or telephonic request for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot to be mailed to an elector's address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System from the elector, or, if directly instructed by the elector, a member of the elector's immediate family, or the elector's legal guardian; if the ballot is requested to be mailed to an address other than the elector's address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System, the request must be made in writing and signed by the elector. However, an absent uniformed service voter or an overseas voter seeking a vote-bymail an absentee ballot is not required to submit a signed, written request for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot that is being mailed to an address other than the elector's address on file in the Florida Voter Registration System. For purposes of this section, the term "immediate family" has the same meaning as specified in paragraph (4)(c). The person making the request must disclose:
  - 1. The name of the elector for whom the ballot is



330 requested. 2. The elector's address. 331 3. The elector's date of birth. 332 333 4. The requester's name. 334 5. The requester's address. 335 6. The requester's driver license number, if available. 336 7. The requester's relationship to the elector. 337 8. The requester's signature (written requests only). 338 (c) Upon receiving a request for a vote-by-mail an absentee 339 ballot from an absent voter, the supervisor of elections shall notify the voter of the free access system that has been 340 341 designated by the department for determining the status of his 342 or her vote-by-mail absentee ballot. 343 (2) A request for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot to be 344 mailed to a voter must be received no later than 5 p.m. on the 345 sixth day before the election by the supervisor of elections. 346 The supervisor of elections shall mail vote-by-mail absentee 347 ballots to voters requesting ballots by such deadline no later 348 than 4 days before the election. 349 (3) For each request for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot 350 received, the supervisor shall record the date the request was 351 made, the date the vote-by-mail absentee ballot was delivered to 352 the voter or the voter's designee or the date the vote-by-mail 353 absentee ballot was delivered to the post office or other 354 carrier, the date the ballot was received by the supervisor, the 355 absence of the voter's signature on the voter's certificate, if 356 applicable, and such other information he or she may deem

necessary. This information shall be provided in electronic

format as provided by rule adopted by the division. The

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information shall be updated and made available no later than 8 a.m. of each day, including weekends, beginning 60 days before the primary until 15 days after the general election and shall be contemporaneously provided to the division. This information shall be confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available to or reproduced only for the voter requesting the ballot, a canvassing board, an election official, a political party or official thereof, a candidate who has filed qualification papers and is opposed in an upcoming election, and registered political committees for political purposes only.

- (4)(a) No later than 45 days before each presidential preference primary election, primary election, and general election, the supervisor of elections shall send a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot as provided in subparagraph (c) 2. to each absent uniformed services voter and to each overseas voter who has requested a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot.
- (b) The supervisor of elections shall mail a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot to each absent qualified voter, other than those listed in paragraph (a), who has requested such a ballot, between the 35th and 28th days before the presidential preference primary election, primary election, and general election. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) and after the period described in this paragraph, the supervisor shall mail vote-by-mail absentee ballots within 2 business days after receiving a request for such a ballot.
- (c) The supervisor shall provide a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot to each elector by whom a request for that ballot has been made by one of the following means:
  - 1. By nonforwardable, return-if-undeliverable mail to the

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elector's current mailing address on file with the supervisor or any other address the elector specifies in the request.

- 2. By forwardable mail, e-mail, or facsimile machine transmission to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters. The absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter may designate in the vote-by-mail absentee ballot request the preferred method of transmission. If the voter does not designate the method of transmission, the vote-by-mail absentee ballot shall be mailed.
- 3. By personal delivery before 7 p.m. on election day to the elector, upon presentation of the identification required in s. 101.043.
- 4. By delivery to a designee on election day or up to 5 days prior to the day of an election. Any elector may designate in writing a person to pick up the ballot for the elector; however, the person designated may not pick up more than two vote-by-mail absentee ballots per election, other than the designee's own ballot, except that additional ballots may be picked up for members of the designee's immediate family. For purposes of this section, "immediate family" means the designee's spouse or the parent, child, grandparent, or sibling of the designee or of the designee's spouse. The designee shall provide to the supervisor the written authorization by the elector and a picture identification of the designee and must complete an affidavit. The designee shall state in the affidavit that the designee is authorized by the elector to pick up that ballot and shall indicate if the elector is a member of the designee's immediate family and, if so, the relationship. The department shall prescribe the form of the affidavit. If the

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supervisor is satisfied that the designee is authorized to pick up the ballot and that the signature of the elector on the written authorization matches the signature of the elector on file, the supervisor shall give the ballot to that designee for delivery to the elector.

- 5. Except as provided in s. 101.655, the supervisor may not deliver a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot to an elector or an elector's immediate family member on the day of the election unless there is an emergency, to the extent that the elector will be unable to go to his or her assigned polling place. If a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot is delivered, the elector or his or her designee shall execute an affidavit affirming to the facts which allow for delivery of the vote-by-mail absentee ballot. The department shall adopt a rule providing for the form of the affidavit.
- (5) If the department is unable to certify candidates for an election in time to comply with paragraph (4)(a), the Department of State is authorized to prescribe rules for a ballot to be sent to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters.
- (6) Nothing other than the materials necessary to vote by mail absentee shall be mailed or delivered with any vote-by-mail absentee ballot.

Section 29. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 101.64, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.64 Delivery of vote-by-mail absentee ballots; envelopes; form.-
- (1) The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail absentee ballot two envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which



the absent elector shall enclose his or her marked ballot; and a mailing envelope, into which the absent elector shall then place the secrecy envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and also bear on the back side a certificate in substantially the following form:

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Note: Please Read Instructions Carefully Before Marking Ballot and Completing Voter's Certificate.

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## VOTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, ...., do solemnly swear or affirm that I am a qualified and registered voter of .... County, Florida, and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I understand that if I commit or attempt to commit any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I can be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and/or imprisoned for up to 5 years. I also understand that failure to sign this certificate will invalidate my ballot.

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> ... (Voter's Signature) ... ...(Date)...

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(4) The supervisor shall mark, code, indicate on, or otherwise track the precinct of the absent elector for each vote-by-mail absentee ballot.

471 Section 30. Section 101.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to 472 read:

101.65 Instructions to absent electors.—The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail absentee ballot separate



printed instructions in substantially the following form:

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## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING BALLOT.

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1. VERY IMPORTANT. In order to ensure that your vote-bymail absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail absentee ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election.

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2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.

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3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one candidate, your vote in that race will not be counted.

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4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope.

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5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed mailing envelope which is addressed to the supervisor.

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6. Seal the mailing envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the mailing envelope.

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7. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your vote-by-mail absentee

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ballot to be counted, you must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature). A vote-by-mail An absentee ballot will be considered illegal and not be counted if the signature on the voter's certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-bymail absentee ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the voter's certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received no later than the start of the canvassing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots, which occurs no earlier than the 15th day before election day.

- 8. VERY IMPORTANT. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 31. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 101.655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.655 Supervised voting by absent electors in certain facilities.-
- (1) The supervisor of elections of a county shall provide supervised voting for absent electors residing in any assisted living facility, as defined in s. 429.02, or nursing home

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facility, as defined in s. 400.021, within that county at the request of any administrator of such a facility. Such request for supervised voting in the facility shall be made by submitting a written request to the supervisor of elections no later than 21 days prior to the election for which that request is submitted. The request shall specify the name and address of the facility and the name of the electors who wish to vote by mail absentee in that election. If the request contains the names of fewer than five voters, the supervisor of elections is not required to provide supervised voting.

(2) The supervisor of elections may, in the absence of a request from the administrator of a facility, provide for supervised voting in the facility for those persons who have requested vote-by-mail absentee ballots. The supervisor of elections shall notify the administrator of the facility that supervised voting will occur.

Section 32. Section 101.661, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.661 Voting vote-by-mail absentee ballots.—All electors must personally mark or designate their choices on the vote-bymail absentee ballot, except:
- (1) Electors who require assistance to vote because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write, who may have some person of the elector's choice, other than the elector's employer, an agent of the employer, or an officer or agent of the elector's union, mark the elector's choices or assist the elector in marking his or her choices on the ballot.
  - (2) As otherwise provided in s. 101.051 or s. 101.655. Section 33. Section 101.662, Florida Statutes, is amended



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101.662 Accessibility of vote-by-mail absentee ballots.-It is the intent of the Legislature that voting by vote-by-mail absentee ballot be by methods that are fully accessible to all voters, including voters having a disability. The Department of State shall work with the supervisors of elections and the disability community to develop and implement procedures and technologies, as possible, which will include procedures for providing vote-by-mail absentee ballots, upon request, in alternative formats that will allow all voters to cast a secret, independent, and verifiable vote-by-mail absentee ballot without the assistance of another person.

Section 34. Section 101.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.67 Safekeeping of mailed ballots; deadline for receiving vote-by-mail absentee ballots.-
- (1) The supervisor of elections shall safely keep in his or her office any envelopes received containing marked ballots of absent electors, and he or she shall, before the canvassing of the election returns, deliver the envelopes to the county canvassing board along with his or her file or list kept regarding said ballots.
- (2) Except as provided in s. 101.6952(5), all marked absent electors' ballots to be counted must be received by the supervisor by 7 p.m. the day of the election. All ballots received thereafter shall be marked with the time and date of receipt and filed in the supervisor's office.

Section 35. Section 101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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101.68 Canvassing of vote-by-mail absentee ballot.-

(1) The supervisor of the county where the absent elector resides shall receive the voted ballot, at which time the supervisor shall compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate with the signature of the elector in the registration books or the precinct register to determine whether the elector is duly registered in the county and may record on the elector's registration certificate that the elector has voted. However, effective July 1, 2005, an elector who dies after casting a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot but on or before election day shall remain listed in the registration books until the results have been certified for the election in which the ballot was cast. The supervisor shall safely keep the ballot unopened in his or her office until the county canvassing board canvasses the vote. Except as provided in subsection (4), after a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot is received by the supervisor, the ballot is deemed to have been cast, and changes or additions may not be made to the voter's certificate.

(2)(a) The county canvassing board may begin the canvassing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots at 7 a.m. on the 15th day before the election, but not later than noon on the day following the election. In addition, for any county using electronic tabulating equipment, the processing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots through such tabulating equipment may begin at 7 a.m. on the 15th day before the election. However, notwithstanding any such authorization to begin canvassing or otherwise processing vote-by-mail absentee ballots early, no result shall be released until after the closing of the polls in that county on election day. Any supervisor of elections, deputy

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supervisor of elections, canvassing board member, election board member, or election employee who releases the results of a canvassing or processing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots prior to the closing of the polls in that county on election day commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (b) To ensure that all vote-by-mail absentee ballots to be counted by the canvassing board are accounted for, the canvassing board shall compare the number of ballots in its possession with the number of requests for ballots received to be counted according to the supervisor's file or list.
- (c)1. The canvassing board shall, if the supervisor has not already done so, compare the signature of the elector on the voter's certificate or on the vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit as provided in subsection (4) with the signature of the elector in the registration books or the precinct register to see that the elector is duly registered in the county and to determine the legality of that vote-by-mail absentee ballot. The ballot of an elector who casts a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot shall be counted even if the elector dies on or before election day, as long as, prior to the death of the voter, the ballot was postmarked by the United States Postal Service, date-stamped with a verifiable tracking number by a common carrier, or already in the possession of the supervisor of elections. A vote-by-mail An absentee ballot shall be considered illegal if the voter's certificate or vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit does not include the signature of the elector, as shown by the registration records or the precinct register. However, a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot is not considered

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illegal if the signature of the elector does not cross the seal of the mailing envelope. If the canvassing board determines that any ballot is illegal, a member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of the envelope: "rejected as illegal." The vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit, if applicable, the envelope, and the ballot contained therein shall be preserved in the manner that official ballots voted are preserved.

- 2. If any elector or candidate present believes that a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot is illegal due to a defect apparent on the voter's certificate or the vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit, he or she may, at any time before the ballot is removed from the envelope, file with the canvassing board a protest against the canvass of that ballot, specifying the precinct, the ballot, and the reason he or she believes the ballot to be illegal. A challenge based upon a defect in the voter's certificate or vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit may not be accepted after the ballot has been removed from the mailing envelope.
- (d) The canvassing board shall record the ballot upon the proper record, unless the ballot has been previously recorded by the supervisor. The mailing envelopes shall be opened and the secrecy envelopes shall be mixed so as to make it impossible to determine which secrecy envelope came out of which signed mailing envelope; however, in any county in which an electronic or electromechanical voting system is used, the ballots may be sorted by ballot styles and the mailing envelopes may be opened and the secrecy envelopes mixed separately for each ballot style. The votes on vote-by-mail absentee ballots shall be

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included in the total vote of the county.

- (3) The supervisor or the chair of the county canvassing board shall, after the board convenes, have custody of the voteby-mail absentee ballots until a final proclamation is made as to the total vote received by each candidate.
- (4)(a) The supervisor of elections shall, on behalf of the county canvassing board, notify each elector whose ballot was rejected as illegal and provide the specific reason the ballot was rejected. The supervisor shall mail a voter registration application to the elector to be completed indicating the elector's current signature if the elector's ballot was rejected due to a difference between the elector's signature on the voter's certificate or vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit and the elector's signature in the registration books or precinct register. This section does not prohibit the supervisor from providing additional methods for updating an elector's signature.
- (b) Until 5 p.m. on the day before an election, the supervisor shall allow an elector who has returned a vote-bymail an absentee ballot that does not include the elector's signature to complete and submit an affidavit in order to cure the unsigned vote-by-mail absentee ballot.
- (c) The elector shall provide identification to the supervisor and must complete a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot affidavit in substantially the following form:

VOTE-BY-MAIL ABSENTEE BALLOT AFFIDAVIT

I, ...., am a qualified voter in this election and registered voter of .... County, Florida. I do solemnly swear or



affirm that I requested and returned the vote-by-mail absentee ballot and that I have not and will not vote more than one ballot in this election. I understand that if I commit or attempt any fraud in connection with voting, vote a fraudulent ballot, or vote more than once in an election, I may be convicted of a felony of the third degree and fined up to \$5,000 and imprisoned for up to 5 years. I understand that my failure to sign this affidavit means that my vote-by-mail absentee ballot will be invalidated.

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... (Voter's Signature) ...

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(d) Instructions must accompany the vote-by-mail absentee ballot affidavit in substantially the following form:

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READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE AFFIDAVIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

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- 1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail absentee ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the 2nd day before the election.
- 733 2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's 734 Signature).
  - 3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of



identification:

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- a. Identification that includes your name and photograph: United States passport; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; or public assistance identification; or
- b. Identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter identification card).
- 4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's address is correct.
- 5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as attachments.
- (e) The department and each supervisor shall include the affidavit and instructions on their respective websites. The supervisor must include his or her office's mailing address, email address, and fax number on the page containing the affidavit instructions; the department's instruction page must include the office mailing addresses, e-mail addresses, and fax numbers of all supervisors of elections or provide a conspicuous link to such addresses.

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(f) The supervisor shall attach each affidavit received to the appropriate vote-by-mail absentee ballot mailing envelope.

Section 36. Section 101.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.69 Voting in person; return of vote-by-mail absentee ballot.-The provisions of this code shall not be construed to prohibit any elector from voting in person at the elector's precinct on the day of an election or at an early voting site, notwithstanding that the elector has requested a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot for that election. An elector who has returned a voted vote-by-mail absentee ballot to the supervisor, however, is deemed to have cast his or her ballot and is not entitled to vote another ballot or to have a provisional ballot counted by the county canvassing board. An elector who has received a voteby-mail an absentee ballot and has not returned the voted ballot to the supervisor, but desires to vote in person, shall return the ballot, whether voted or not, to the election board in the elector's precinct or to an early voting site. The returned ballot shall be marked "canceled" by the board and placed with other canceled ballots. However, if the elector does not return the ballot and the election official:

- (1) Confirms that the supervisor has received the elector's vote-by-mail absentee ballot, the elector shall not be allowed to vote in person. If the elector maintains that he or she has not returned the vote-by-mail absentee ballot or remains eligible to vote, the elector shall be provided a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.
- (2) Confirms that the supervisor has not received the elector's vote-by-mail absentee ballot, the elector shall be

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allowed to vote in person as provided in this code. The elector's vote-by-mail absentee ballot, if subsequently received, shall not be counted and shall remain in the mailing envelope, and the envelope shall be marked "Rejected as Illegal."

(3) Cannot determine whether the supervisor has received the elector's vote-by-mail absentee ballot, the elector may vote a provisional ballot as provided in s. 101.048.

Section 37. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 101.6921, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

101.6921 Delivery of special vote-by-mail absentee ballot to certain first-time voters.-

- (1) The provisions of this section apply to voters who are subject to the provisions of s. 97.0535 and who have not provided the identification or certification required by s. 97.0535 by the time the vote-by-mail absentee ballot is mailed.
- (2) The supervisor shall enclose with each vote-by-mail absentee ballot three envelopes: a secrecy envelope, into which the absent elector will enclose his or her marked ballot; an envelope containing the Voter's Certificate, into which the absent elector shall place the secrecy envelope; and a mailing envelope, which shall be addressed to the supervisor and into which the absent elector will place the envelope containing the Voter's Certificate and a copy of the required identification.

Section 38. Section 101.6923, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.6923 Special vote-by-mail absentee ballot instructions for certain first-time voters.-

(1) The provisions of this section apply to voters who are



subject to the provisions of s. 97.0535 and who have not provided the identification or information required by s. 97.0535 by the time the vote-by-mail absentee ballot is mailed.

(2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with printed instructions with his or her vote-by-mail absentee ballot in substantially the following form:

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READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

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- 1. In order to ensure that your vote-by-mail absentee ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general election, your vote-by-mail absentee ballot must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election.
- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.

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- 852 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy 853 envelope and seal the envelope.
  - 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.
  - a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
  - b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.
  - c. A vote-by-mail An absentee ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the vote-bymail absentee ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received no later than the start of canvassing of vote-by-mail absentee ballots, which occurs no earlier than the 15th day before election day.
  - 6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
  - a. Identification which must include your name and photograph: United States passport; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification;

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or public assistance identification; or

- b. Identification which shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter identification card).
- 7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply if you meet one of the following requirements:
  - a. You are 65 years of age or older.
  - b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
- c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the county on election day.
- d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the county on election day.
- e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.
  - f. You are currently residing outside the United States.
- 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
  - 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to

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accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 39. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 101.6925, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.6925 Canvassing special vote-by-mail absentee ballots.-
- (1) The supervisor of the county where the absent elector resides shall receive the voted special vote-by-mail absentee ballot, at which time the mailing envelope shall be opened to determine if the voter has enclosed the identification required or has indicated on the Voter's Certificate that he or she is exempt from the identification requirements.
- (2) If the identification is enclosed or the voter has indicated that he or she is exempt from the identification requirements, the supervisor shall make the note on the registration records of the voter and proceed to canvass the vote-by-mail absentee ballot as provided in s. 101.68.

Section 40. Section 101.694, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.694 Mailing of ballots upon receipt of federal postcard application.-
- (1) Upon receipt of a federal postcard application for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot executed by a person whose registration is in order or whose application is sufficient to register or update the registration of that person, the supervisor shall send the ballot in accordance with s. 101.62(4).
  - (2) Upon receipt of a federal postcard application for a

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vote-by-mail an absentee ballot executed by a person whose registration is not in order and whose application is insufficient to register or update the registration of that person, the supervisor shall follow the procedure set forth in s. 97.073.

- (3) Vote-by-mail Absentee envelopes printed for voters entitled to vote by mail absentee under the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act shall meet the specifications as determined by the Federal Voting Assistance Program of the United States Department of Defense and the United States Postal Service.
- (4) Cognizance shall be taken of the fact that vote-by-mail absentee ballots and other materials such as instructions and envelopes are to be carried via air mail, and, to the maximum extent possible, such ballots and materials shall be reduced in size and weight of paper. The same ballot shall be used, however, as is used by other vote-by-mail absentee voters.

Section 41. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 101.6951, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 101.6951 State write-in vote-by-mail ballot.-
- (1) An overseas voter may request, not earlier than 180 days before a general election, a state write-in vote-by-mail absentee ballot from the supervisor of elections in the county of registration. In order to receive a state write-in ballot, the voter shall state that due to military or other contingencies that preclude normal mail delivery, the voter cannot vote a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot during the normal vote-by-mail absentee voting period. State write-in vote-by-mail absentee ballots shall be made available to voters 90 to 180

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days prior to a general election. The Department of State shall prescribe by rule the form of the state write-in vote-by-mail ballot.

(4) The state write-in vote-by-mail ballot shall contain all offices, federal, state, and local, for which the voter would otherwise be entitled to vote.

Section 42. Section 101.6952, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 101.6952 Vote-by-mail Absentee ballots for absent uniformed services and overseas voters.-
- (1) If an absent uniformed services voter's or an overseas voter's request for an official vote-by-mail absentee ballot pursuant to s. 101.62 includes an e-mail address, the supervisor of elections shall:
- (a) Record the voter's e-mail address in the vote-by-mail absentee ballot record;
- (b) Confirm by e-mail that the vote-by-mail absentee ballot request was received and include in that e-mail the estimated date the vote-by-mail absentee ballot will be sent to the voter; and
- (c) Notify the voter by e-mail when the voted vote-by-mail absentee ballot is received by the supervisor of elections.
- (2)(a) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter who makes timely application for but does not receive an official vote-by-mail absentee ballot may use the federal writein absentee ballot to vote in any federal election and any state or local election involving two or more candidates.
- (b) 1. In an election for federal office, an elector may designate a candidate by writing the name of a candidate on the

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ballot. Except for a primary or special primary election, the elector may alternatively designate a candidate by writing the name of a political party on the ballot. A written designation of the political party shall be counted as a vote for the candidate of that party if there is such a party candidate in the race.

- 2. In an election for a state or local office, an elector may vote in the section of the federal write-in absentee ballot designated for nonfederal races by writing on the ballot the title of each office and by writing on the ballot the name of the candidate for whom the elector is voting. Except for a primary, special primary, or nonpartisan election, the elector may alternatively designate a candidate by writing the name of a political party on the ballot. A written designation of the political party shall be counted as a vote for the candidate of that party if there is such a party candidate in the race.
- (c) In the case of a joint candidacy, such as for the offices of President/Vice President or Governor/Lieutenant Governor, a valid vote for one or both qualified candidates on the same ticket shall constitute a vote for the joint candidacy.
- (d) For purposes of this subsection and except where the context clearly indicates otherwise, such as where a candidate in the election is affiliated with a political party whose name includes the word "Independent," "Independence," or similar term, a voter designation of "No Party Affiliation" or "Independent," or any minor variation, misspelling, or abbreviation thereof, shall be considered a designation for the candidate, other than a write-in candidate, who qualified to run in the race with no party affiliation. If more than one

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candidate qualifies to run as a candidate with no party affiliation, the designation shall not count for any candidate unless there is a valid, additional designation of the candidate's name.

- (e) Any abbreviation, misspelling, or other minor variation in the form of the name of an office, the name of a candidate, or the name of a political party must be disregarded in determining the validity of the ballot.
- (3)(a) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter who submits a federal write-in absentee ballot and later receives an official vote-by-mail absentee ballot may submit the official vote-by-mail absentee ballot. An elector who submits a federal write-in absentee ballot and later receives and submits an official vote-by-mail absentee ballot should make every reasonable effort to inform the appropriate supervisor of elections that the elector has submitted more than one ballot.
- (b) A federal write-in absentee ballot may not be canvassed until 7 p.m. on the day of the election. Each federal write-in absentee ballot received by 7 p.m. on the day of the election shall be canvassed pursuant to ss. 101.5614(5) and 101.68, unless the elector's official vote-by-mail absentee ballot is received by 7 p.m. on election day. If the elector's official vote-by-mail absentee ballot is received by 7 p.m. on election day, the federal write-in absentee ballot is invalid and the official vote-by-mail absentee ballot shall be canvassed. The time shall be regulated by the customary time in standard use in the county seat of the locality.
- (4) For vote-by-mail absentee ballots received from absent uniformed services voters or overseas voters, there is a

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presumption that the envelope was mailed on the date stated on the outside of the return envelope, regardless of the absence of a postmark on the mailed envelope or the existence of a postmark date that is later than the date of the election.

(5) A vote-by-mail An absentee ballot from an overseas voter in any presidential preference primary or general election which is postmarked or dated no later than the date of the election and is received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which the overseas voter is registered no later than 10 days after the date of the election shall be counted as long as the vote-by-mail absentee ballot is otherwise proper.

Section 43. Section 101.697, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.697 Electronic transmission of election materials.-The Department of State shall determine whether secure electronic means can be established for receiving ballots from overseas voters. If such security can be established, the department shall adopt rules to authorize a supervisor of elections to accept from an overseas voter a request for a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot or a voted vote-by-mail absentee ballot by secure facsimile machine transmission or other secure electronic means. The rules must provide that in order to accept a voted ballot, the verification of the voter must be established, the security of the transmission must be established, and each ballot received must be recorded.

Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 102.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.031 Maintenance of good order at polls; authorities; persons allowed in polling rooms and early voting areas;

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unlawful solicitation of voters.-

(4)(a) No person, political committee, or other group or organization may solicit voters inside the polling place or within 100 feet of the entrance to any polling place, a polling room where the polling place is also a polling room, an early voting site, or an office of the supervisor of elections where vote-by-mail absentee ballots are requested and printed on demand for the convenience of electors who appear in person to request them. Before the opening of the polling place or early voting site, the clerk or supervisor shall designate the nosolicitation zone and mark the boundaries.

Section 45. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 102.141, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

102.141 County canvassing board; duties.-

(2) The county canvassing board shall meet in a building accessible to the public in the county where the election occurred at a time and place to be designated by the supervisor of elections to publicly canvass the absent absentee electors' ballots as provided for in s. 101.68 and provisional ballots as provided by ss. 101.048, 101.049, and 101.6925. Provisional ballots cast pursuant to s. 101.049 shall be canvassed in a manner that votes for candidates and issues on those ballots can be segregated from other votes. Public notice of the time and place at which the county canvassing board shall meet to canvass the absent absentee electors' ballots and provisional ballots shall be given at least 48 hours prior thereto by publication on the supervisor of elections' website and once in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county or, if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, by posting

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such notice in at least four conspicuous places in the county. As soon as the absent absentee electors' ballots and the provisional ballots are canvassed, the board shall proceed to publicly canvass the vote given each candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, as shown by the returns then on file in the office of the supervisor of elections.

- (3) The canvass, except the canvass of absent absentee electors' returns and the canvass of provisional ballots, shall be made from the returns and certificates of the inspectors as signed and filed by them with the supervisor, and the county canvassing board shall not change the number of votes cast for a candidate, nominee, constitutional amendment, or other measure submitted to the electorate of the county, respectively, in any polling place, as shown by the returns. All returns shall be made to the board on or before 2 a.m. of the day following any primary, general, or other election. If the returns from any precinct are missing, if there are any omissions on the returns from any precinct, or if there is an obvious error on any such returns, the canvassing board shall order a retabulation of the returns from such precinct. Before canvassing such returns, the canvassing board shall examine the tabulation of the ballots cast in such precinct and determine whether the returns correctly reflect the votes cast. If there is a discrepancy between the returns and the tabulation of the ballots cast, the tabulation of the ballots cast shall be presumed correct and such votes shall be canvassed accordingly.
- (4)(a) The supervisor of elections shall upload into the county's election management system by 7 p.m. on the day before

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the election the results of all early voting and vote-by-mail absentee ballots that have been canvassed and tabulated by the end of the early voting period. Pursuant to ss. 101.5614(9), 101.657, and 101.68(2), the tabulation of votes cast or the results of such uploads may not be made public before the close of the polls on election day.

(b) The canvassing board shall report all early voting and all tabulated vote-by-mail absentee results to the Department of State within 30 minutes after the polls close. Thereafter, the canvassing board shall report, with the exception of provisional ballot results, updated precinct election results to the department at least every 45 minutes until all results are completely reported. The supervisor of elections shall notify the department immediately of any circumstances that do not permit periodic updates as required. Results shall be submitted in a format prescribed by the department.

Section 46. Subsection (8) of section 102.168, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

102.168 Contest of election.-

(8) In any contest that requires a review of the canvassing board's decision on the legality of a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot pursuant to s. 101.68 based upon a comparison of the signature on the voter's certificate and the signature of the elector in the registration records, the circuit court may not review or consider any evidence other than the signature on the voter's certificate and the signature of the elector in the registration records. The court's review of such issue shall be to determine only if the canvassing board abused its discretion in making its decision.



1171 Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 104.047, Florida 1172 Statutes, is amended to read: 1173 104.047 Vote-by-mail Absentee ballots and voting; 1174 violations.-1175 (1) Except as provided in s. 101.62 or s. 101.655, any 1176 person who requests a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot on behalf 1177 of an elector is guilty of a felony of the third degree, 1178 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 1179 Section 48. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1180 104.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1181 104.0515 Voting rights; deprivation of, or interference 1182 with, prohibited; penalty.-1183 (2) No person acting under color of law shall: 1184 (b) Deny the right of any individual to vote in any 1185 election because of an error or omission on any record or paper 1186 relating to any application, registration, or other act 1187 requisite to voting, if such error or omission is not material in determining whether such individual is qualified under law to 1188 1189 vote in such election. This paragraph shall apply to vote-by-1190 mail absentee ballots only if there is a pattern or history of 1191 discrimination on the basis of race, color, or previous 1192 condition of servitude in regard to vote-by-mail absentee 1193 ballots. Section 49. Section 104.0616, Florida Statutes, is amended 1194 1195 to read: 1196 104.0616 Vote-by-mail Absentee ballots and voting; 1197 violations.-(1) For purposes of this section, the term "immediate 1198

family" means a person's spouse or the parent, child,

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grandparent, or sibling of the person or the person's spouse.

(2) Any person who provides or offers to provide, and any person who accepts, a pecuniary or other benefit in exchange for distributing, ordering, requesting, collecting, delivering, or otherwise physically possessing more than two vote-by-mail absentee ballots per election in addition to his or her own ballot or a ballot belonging to an immediate family member, except as provided in ss. 101.6105-101.694, commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 50. Section 104.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104.17 Voting in person after casting vote-by-mail absentee ballot.—Any person who willfully votes or attempts to vote both in person and by vote-by-mail absentee ballot at any election is quilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 51. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 117.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

117.05 Use of notary commission; unlawful use; notary fee; seal; duties; employer liability; name change; advertising; photocopies; penalties.-

(2)

(b) A notary public may not charge a fee for witnessing a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot in an election, and must witness such a ballot upon the request of an elector, provided the notarial act is in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

Section 52. Subsection (7) of section 394.459, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

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394.459 Rights of patients.-

(7) VOTING IN PUBLIC ELECTIONS.—A patient who is eligible to vote according to the laws of the state has the right to vote in the primary and general elections. The department shall establish rules to enable patients to obtain voter registration forms, applications for vote-by-mail absentee ballots, and voteby-mail absentee ballots.

Section 53. Section 741.406, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

741.406 Voting by program participant; use of designated address by supervisor of elections. - A program participant who is otherwise qualified to vote may request a vote-by-mail an absentee ballot pursuant to s. 101.62. The program participant shall automatically receive vote-by-mail absentee ballots for all elections in the jurisdictions in which that individual resides in the same manner as vote-by-mail absentee voters. The supervisor of elections shall transmit the vote-by-mail absentee ballot to the program participant at the address designated by the participant in his or her application as a vote-by-mail an absentee voter. The name, address, and telephone number of a program participant may not be included in any list of registered voters available to the public.

Section 54. Subsection (7) of section 916.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

916.107 Rights of forensic clients.-

(7) VOTING IN PUBLIC ELECTIONS.—A forensic client who is eligible to vote according to the laws of the state has the right to vote in the primary and general elections. The



1258 department and agency shall establish rules to enable clients to 1259 obtain voter registration forms, applications for vote-by-mail absentee ballots, and vote-by-mail absentee ballots. 1260 1261 1262 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 1263 And the title is amended as follows: Delete line 30 1264 1265 and insert: a primary election; amending ss. 97.012, 97.021, 1266 1267 97.026, 98.065, 98.077, 98.0981, 98.255, 101.051, 1268 101.151, 101.5612, 101.5614, 101.572, 101.591, 1269 101.6105, 101.62, 101.64, 101.65, 101.655, 101.661, 1270 101.662, 101.67, 101.68, 101.69, 101.6921, 101.6923, 1271 101.6925, 101.694, 101.6951, 101.6952, 101.697, 1272 102.031, 102.141, 102.168, 104.047, 104.0515 104.0616, 1273 104.17, 117.05, 394.459, 741.406, and 916.107, F.S.; 1274 revising references of "absentee ballot" to "vote-by-1275 mail ballot"; conforming terminology to changes made 1276 by the act; providing effective dates.

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FOR CONSIDERATION By the Committee on Ethics and Elections

582-01692F-15 20157064pb

A bill to be entitled An act relating to elections; amending s. 97.0535, F.S.; revising forms of acceptable identification for certain voter registration applicants; amending s. 98.077, F.S.; revising the time by which updates of voter signatures must be received by the supervisor of elections; removing the requirement that a voter signature on file at the start of the canvassing of absentee ballots be used for signature verification on absentee and provisional ballot certificates; amending s. 101.001, F.S.; revising requirements for precinct boundaries as of a specified date; amending s. 101.043, F.S.; revising authorized methods for identifying an elector at a polling place; amending s. 101.20, F.S.; authorizing a sample ballot to be mailed to certain electors in lieu of publication; amending s. 101.6102, F.S.; authorizing cities to conduct certain elections by mail if approved by the governing body and supervisor of elections; amending s. 101.62, F.S.; revising the time by which the supervisor must make certain absentee ballot information available; amending s. 101.65, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 101.657, F.S.; requiring the supervisor to designate early voting sites in certain special elections; amending ss. 101.68 and 101.6923, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 189.04 and 190.006, F.S.; requiring certain special district and community development district elections to be held at

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30 a primary election; providing effective dates. 31 32 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 33 34 35 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 97.0535, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 37 97.0535 Special requirements for certain applicants.-38 (3) (a) The following forms of identification shall be 39 considered current and valid if they contain the name and 40 photograph of the applicant and have not expired: 41 1. United States passport or passport card. 2. Debit or credit card. 42 4.3 3. Military identification. 4. Student identification. 45 5. Retirement center identification. 46 6. Neighborhood association identification. 47 7. Public assistance identification. 48 8. United States Department of Veterans Affairs veteran 49 health identification card. 50 9. A license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued 51 pursuant to s. 790.06. 52 Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 98.077, Florida 53 Statutes, is amended to read: 54 98.077 Update of voter signature.-55 (4) All signature updates for use in verifying absentee and provisional ballots must be received by the appropriate 57 supervisor of elections no later than 5 p.m. on the day before an election the start of the canvassing of absentee ballots by

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582-01692F-15 20157064pb the canvassing board. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the absentee ballots is the signature that shall be used in verifying the signature on the absentee and provisional ballot certificates.

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2021, paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 101.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

101.001 Precincts and polling places; boundaries.-

(3)

- (e)  $\underline{\underline{A}}$  Any precinct established or altered under the provisions of this section shall consist of areas bounded on all sides only by census block boundaries from the most recent United States Census. If the census block boundaries split or conflict with the another political boundary listed below, the boundary listed below may be used:
- 1. Covernmental unit boundaries reported in the most recent
  Boundary and Annexation Survey published by the United States
  Census Bureau;
- 2. Visible features that are readily distinguishable upon the ground, such as streets, railroads, tracks, streams, and lakes, and that are indicated upon current census maps, official Department of Transportation maps, official municipal maps, official county maps, or a combination of such maps;
- 3. Boundaries of public parks, public school grounds, or churches; or
- 4. boundaries of counties, incorporated municipalities, or other political subdivisions, such boundaries may be used provided that they meet criteria established by the United States Census Bureau for block boundaries.

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88	Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
89	101.043, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
90	101.043 Identification required at polls
91	(1)(a) The precinct register, as prescribed in s. 98.461,
92	shall be used at the polls for the purpose of identifying the
93	elector at the polls before allowing him or her to vote. The
94	clerk or inspector shall require each elector, upon entering the
95	polling place, to present one of the following current and valid
96	picture identifications:
97	1. Florida driver license.
98	2. Florida identification card issued by the Department of
99	Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
100	3. United States passport or passport card.
101	4. Debit or credit card.
102	5. Military identification.
103	6. Student identification.
104	7. Retirement center identification.
105	8. Neighborhood association identification.
106	9. Public assistance identification.
107	10. United States Department of Veterans Affairs veteran
108	health identification card.
109	11. A license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued
110	pursuant to s. 790.06.
111	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 101.20, Florida
112	Statutes, is amended to read:
113	101.20 Publication of ballot form; sample ballots
114	(2) Upon completion of the list of qualified candidates, a
115	sample ballot shall be published by the supervisor of elections
116	in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, before the

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117 day of election. A supervisor may send a sample ballot to each 118 registered elector by e-mail at least 7 days before an election 119 if an e-mail address has been provided and the elector has opted to receive a sample ballot by electronic delivery. If an e-mail 121 address has not been provided, or if the elector has not opted 122 for electronic delivery, a sample ballot may be mailed to each 123 registered elector or to each household in which there is a 124 registered elector in lieu of publication at least 7 days before 125 an election. 126 Section 6. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (1) of 127 section 101.6102, Florida Statutes, to read: 128 101.6102 Mail ballot elections; limitations.-129 (1) 130 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (2), cities may conduct 131 candidate elections by mail if approved by the governing body and the supervisor of elections. 132 133 Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 101.62, Florida 134 Statutes, is amended to read: 135 101.62 Request for absentee ballots.-136 (3) For each request for an absentee ballot received, the 137 supervisor shall record the date the request was made, the date 138 the absentee ballot was delivered to the voter or the voter's 139 designee or the date the absentee ballot was delivered to the 140 post office or other carrier, the date the ballot was received 141 by the supervisor, the absence of the voter's signature on the 142 voter's certificate, if applicable, and such other information 143 he or she may deem necessary. This information shall be provided

division. The information shall be updated and made available no  $$\operatorname{\textsc{Page}}\xspace\:5\:\:\textsc{of}\:\:16\:\:$ 

in electronic format as provided by rule adopted by the

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146 later than noon 8 a.m. of each day, including weekends, 147 beginning 60 days before the primary until 15 days after the 148 general election and shall be contemporaneously provided to the division. This information shall be confidential and exempt from 150 s. 119.07(1) and shall be made available to or reproduced only 151 for the voter requesting the ballot, a canvassing board, an 152 election official, a political party or official thereof, a 153 candidate who has filed qualification papers and is opposed in 154 an upcoming election, and registered political committees for 155 political purposes only. 156 Section 8. Section 101.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to 157 read: 101.65 Instructions to absent electors.—The supervisor 158 159 shall enclose with each absentee ballot separate printed instructions in substantially the following form: 161 162 READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY 163 BEFORE MARKING BALLOT. 164 1. VERY IMPORTANT. In order to ensure that your absentee 165 ballot will be counted, it should be completed and returned as 166 soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of 167 elections of the county in which your precinct is located no 168 later than 7 p.m. on the day of the election. However, if you 169 are an overseas voter casting a ballot in a presidential 170 preference primary or general election, your absentee ballot 171 must be postmarked or dated no later than the date of the 172 election and received by the supervisor of elections of the

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county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days

after the date of the election.

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2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.

- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one candidate, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed mailing envelope which is addressed to the supervisor.
- Seal the mailing envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the mailing envelope.
- 7. VERY IMPORTANT. In order for your absentee ballot to be counted, you must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature). An absentee ballot will be considered illegal and not be counted if the signature on the voter's certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the absentee ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the voter's certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration application to your supervisor of elections so that it is received no later than 5 p.m. on the day before an election the start of the canvassing of absentee ballots, which occurs no earlier than the 15th day before election day.
- 8. VERY IMPORTANT. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.

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204	<ol><li>Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing</li></ol>
205	envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
206	10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to
207	accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote
208	for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote
209	in an election using a false identity or false address, or under
210	any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.
211	Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
212	101.657, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
213	101.657 Early voting
214	(1)
215	(b) The supervisor shall designate each early voting site
216	by no later than the 30th day $\underline{\text{before}}$ $\underline{\text{prior to}}$ an election and
217	shall designate an early voting area, as defined in s. 97.021,
218	at each early voting site. The supervisor shall designate, as
219	necessary, the early voting sites in a special election held in
220	$\underline{\text{a county.}}$ The supervisor shall provide to the division no later
221	than the 30th day before an election the address of each early
222	voting site and the hours that early voting will occur at each
223	site.
224	Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section
225	101.68, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is
226	added to that section, to read:
227	101.68 Canvassing of absentee ballot.—
228	(4)
229	(d) Instructions must accompany the absentee ballot
230	affidavit in substantially the following form:
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232	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE

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BALLOT NOT TO COUNT.

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- 1. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be counted, your affidavit should be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county in which your precinct is located no later than 5 p.m. on the  $\frac{2nd}{d}$  day before the election.
- 2. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
- 3. You must make a copy of one of the following forms of identification:
- a. Identification that includes your name and photograph: United States passport or passport card; debit or credit card; military identification; student identification; retirement center identification; neighborhood association identification; or public assistance identification; United States Department of Veterans Affairs veteran health identification card; or license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued pursuant to s. 790.06; or
- b. Identification that shows your name and current residence address: current utility bill, bank statement, government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding voter identification card).
- 4. Place the envelope bearing the affidavit into a mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed affidavit along with the copy of your identification to your county supervisor of elections. Be sure

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262	there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the supervisor's
263	address is correct.
264	5. Alternatively, you may fax or e-mail your completed
265	affidavit and a copy of your identification to the supervisor of
266	elections. If e-mailing, please provide these documents as
267	attachments.
268	(5) The supervisor shall allow an elector who has submitted
269	an absentee ballot to update his or her signature until 5 p.m.
270	on the day before an election if the ballot has not been
271	canvassed by the canvassing board.
272	Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 101.6923, Florida
273	Statutes, is amended to read:
274	101.6923 Special absentee ballot instructions for certain
275	first-time voters
276	(2) A voter covered by this section shall be provided with
277	printed instructions with his or her absentee ballot in
278	substantially the following form:
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280	READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MARKING YOUR BALLOT.
281	FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR BALLOT NOT
282	TO COUNT.
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284	1. In order to ensure that your absentee ballot will be
285	counted, it should be completed and returned as soon as possible
286	so that it can reach the supervisor of elections of the county
287	in which your precinct is located no later than 7 p.m. on the
288	date of the election. However, if you are an overseas voter

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casting a ballot in a presidential preference primary or general

election, your absentee ballot must be postmarked or dated no

later than the date of the election and received by the supervisor of elections of the county in which you are registered to vote no later than 10 days after the date of the election.

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- 2. Mark your ballot in secret as instructed on the ballot. You must mark your own ballot unless you are unable to do so because of blindness, disability, or inability to read or write.
- 3. Mark only the number of candidates or issue choices for a race as indicated on the ballot. If you are allowed to "Vote for One" candidate and you vote for more than one, your vote in that race will not be counted.
- 4. Place your marked ballot in the enclosed secrecy envelope and seal the envelope.
- 5. Insert the secrecy envelope into the enclosed envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate. Seal the envelope and completely fill out the Voter's Certificate on the back of the envelope.
- a. You must sign your name on the line above (Voter's Signature).
- b. If you are an overseas voter, you must include the date you signed the Voter's Certificate on the line above (Date) or your ballot may not be counted.
- c. An absentee ballot will be considered illegal and will not be counted if the signature on the Voter's Certificate does not match the signature on record. The signature on file at the start of the canvass of the absentee ballots is the signature that will be used to verify your signature on the Voter's Certificate. If you need to update your signature for this election, send your signature update on a voter registration

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320	application to your supervisor of elections so that it is
321	received no later than $5\ \text{p.m.}$ on the day before an election the
322	start of canvassing of absentee ballots, which occurs no earlier
323	than the 15th day before election day.
324	6. Unless you meet one of the exemptions in Item 7., you
325	must make a copy of one of the following forms of
326	identification:
327	a. Identification which must include your name and
328	photograph: United States passport or passport card; debit or
329	credit card; military identification; student identification;
330	retirement center identification; neighborhood association
331	identification; or public assistance identification; <u>United</u>
332	States Department of Veterans Affairs veteran health
333	identification card; or license to carry a concealed weapon or
334	firearm issued pursuant to s. 790.06; or
335	b. Identification $\underline{\text{that}}$ which shows your name and current
336	residence address: current utility bill, bank statement,
337	government check, paycheck, or government document (excluding
338	voter identification card).
339	7. The identification requirements of Item 6. do not apply
340	if you meet one of the following requirements:
341	a. You are 65 years of age or older.
342	b. You have a temporary or permanent physical disability.
343	c. You are a member of a uniformed service on active duty
344	who, by reason of such active duty, will be absent from the
345	county on election day.
346	d. You are a member of the Merchant Marine who, by reason
347	of service in the Merchant Marine, will be absent from the
348	county on election day.

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e. You are the spouse or dependent of a member referred to in paragraph c. or paragraph d. who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, will be absent from the county on election day.

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- f. You are currently residing outside the United States.
- 8. Place the envelope bearing the Voter's Certificate into the mailing envelope addressed to the supervisor. Insert a copy of your identification in the mailing envelope. DO NOT PUT YOUR IDENTIFICATION INSIDE THE SECRECY ENVELOPE WITH THE BALLOT OR INSIDE THE ENVELOPE WHICH BEARS THE VOTER'S CERTIFICATE OR YOUR BALLOT WILL NOT COUNT.
- 9. Mail, deliver, or have delivered the completed mailing envelope. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed.
- 10. FELONY NOTICE. It is a felony under Florida law to accept any gift, payment, or gratuity in exchange for your vote for a candidate. It is also a felony under Florida law to vote in an election using a false identity or false address, or under any other circumstances making your ballot false or fraudulent.

Section 12. Present subsection (6) of section 189.04, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (7), and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

189.04 Elections; general requirements and procedures.-

(6) Candidates for an election conducted in accordance with the Florida Election Code pursuant to this section must appear on the ballot at the primary election conducted by the supervisor or supervisors of elections of the county or counties in which the district is located.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 190.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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190.006 Board of supervisors; members and meetings.—
(3) (a) 1. If the board proposes to exercise the ad valorem taxing power authorized by s. 190.021, the district board shall call an election at which the members of the board of supervisors will be elected. Such election shall be held in conjunction with a primary or general election unless the district bears the cost of a special election. Each member shall be elected by the qualified electors of the district for a term of 4 years, except that, at the first such election, three members shall be elected for a period of 4 years and two members shall be elected for a period of 2 years. All elected board members must be qualified electors of the district.

2.a. Regardless of whether a district has proposed to levy ad valorem taxes, commencing 6 years after the initial appointment of members or, for a district exceeding 5,000 acres in area or for a compact, urban, mixed-use district, 10 years after the initial appointment of members, the position of each member whose term has expired shall be filled by a qualified elector of the district, elected by the qualified electors of the district. However, for those districts established after June 21, 1991, and for those existing districts established after December 31, 1983, which have less than 50 qualified electors on June 21, 1991, sub-subparagraphs b. and d. shall apply. If, in the 6th year after the initial appointment of members, or 10 years after such initial appointment for districts exceeding 5,000 acres in area or for a compact, urban, mixed-use district, there are not at least 250 qualified electors in the district, or for a district exceeding 5,000 acres or for a compact, urban, mixed-use district, there are not

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at least 500 qualified electors, members of the board shall continue to be elected by landowners.

- b. After the 6th or 10th year, once a district reaches 250 or 500 qualified electors, respectively, then the positions of two board members whose terms are expiring shall be filled by qualified electors of the district, elected by the qualified electors of the district for 4-year terms. The remaining board member whose term is expiring shall be elected for a 4-year term by the landowners and is not required to be a qualified elector. Thereafter, as terms expire, board members shall be qualified electors elected by qualified electors of the district for a term of 4 years.
- c. Once a district qualifies to have any of its board members elected by the qualified electors of the district, the initial and all subsequent elections by the qualified electors of the district shall be held at the primary election preceding the general election in November. The board shall adopt a resolution if necessary to implement this requirement when the board determines the number of qualified electors as required by sub-subparagraph d. $_{\it T}$  to extend or reduce the terms of current board members.
- d. On or before June 1 of each year, the board shall determine the number of qualified electors in the district as of the immediately preceding April 15. The board shall use and rely upon the official records maintained by the supervisor of elections and property appraiser or tax collector in each county in making this determination. Such determination shall be made at a properly noticed meeting of the board and shall become a part of the official minutes of the district.

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 ${f CODING: Words \ \underline{stricken} \ are \ deletions; \ words \ \underline{underlined} \ are \ additions.}$ 

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Section 14. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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### THE FLORIDA SENATE

## **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Tab#10

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Phone Address **Email** City State Information Speaking: For Against Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: Yes

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

### THE FLORIDA SENATE

## **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Tub# 10

3/24/15 (Deliver BOTH co	pies of this form to the Senat	or or Senate Professional S	taff conducting tr	ne meeting) SPB	7064	
Meeting Date				ALL AMON	er (if applicable)	
Topic				Amendment Barco		
Name BRIAN Corley	:					
Job Title SuperVISOR OF 1	=lections - P	ASCO COUN	Ty			
Address Po BSX 300			•	352-521-	43 23	
DAde Clty,	FL	33526	Email_&	Corlege PASCOI	ISTES. COM	
City	State	Zip	-			
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)						
Representing FLORIDA STATE ASSOC OF Supervisors OF Flections (FSASF)						
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	tered with I	_egislature:	Yes No	
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage	ge public testimony, tin	ne mav not permit al	l persons wis	shing to speak to be	heard at this	

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

### THE FLORIDA SENATE

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Tar#10

3/24//5 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)  7064			
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)			
	921176			
Topic Note by Mas!	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Ted Parsons				
Job Title N/A Retival				
Address 221 Maplecrest CSV	Phone <u>561-346-5241</u>			
Street	2311501 + 10 1 1			
Jupiter Fl	33458 Email Ted@cybercoast, com			
City	Zip			
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)			
Representing Self				
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature:				
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.			
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)			

## **CourtSmart Tag Report**

**Room:** KN 412 Case: Type: Caption: Senate Ethics and Elections Committee Judge: Started: 3/24/2015 4:02:28 PM Ends: 3/24/2015 4:36:53 PM Length: 00:34:26 4:02:32 PM Chair, Sen. Richter 4:02:40 PM Roll Call 4:02:43 PM **Quorum Present** 4:03:00 PM Chair 4:03:04 PM TABS 1-7: Senate Confirmation Hearing 4:03:33 PM Motion by Sen. Gaetz to Recommend Confirmation on Tabs 1-7 4:03:46 PM Roll Call Appointees recommended favorably 4:04:10 PM 4:04:15 PM TAB 8: SB 984 by Braynon; Exemption from Legislative Lobbying Requirements 4:04:20 PM Sen. Braynon 4:04:53 PM Chair 4:05:08 PM Roll Call 4:05:12 PM SB 984 reported favorably TAB 9: SB 1372 by Gaetz; Government Accountability 4:05:31 PM Sen. Gaetz 4:05:39 PM 4:05:42 PM Strike All AM497420 4:07:13 PM Chair 4:07:20 PM Sen. Smith Sen. Gaetz responds 4:07:28 PM 4:08:10 PM Sen. Smith 4:08:13 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:08:24 PM Chair 4:08:27 PM Sen. Clemens 4:08:31 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:09:52 PM Sen. Clemens 4:10:57 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:12:32 PM Sen. Clemens 4:13:20 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:15:07 PM Sen. Smith 4:16:14 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:17:17 PM Sen. Braynon 4:17:21 PM Sen. Gaetz responds 4:18:03 PM Chair 4:18:15 PM Sen. Smith 4:18:24 PM Chair 4:18:40 PM Jeff Barbacci, Shareholder Assurance Services, representing Thomas Howell Ferguson, speaks in opposition of the amendment 4:22:10 PM Chair AM 497420 is adopted 4:22:28 PM 4:22:30 PM Back on bill as amended 4:22:33 PM Amber Hughes, Legislative Advocate, Florida League of Cities, speaks in opposition of bill 4:25:33 PM Chair 4:25:39 PM Ben Wilcox, Common Cause FL, waives in support 4:25:51 PM Debate on bill 4:25:54 PM Sen. Clemens 4:26:55 PM Chair Sen. Gaetz recognized to close on bill 4:27:02 PM 4:27:28 PM Chair 4:27:36 PM Roll Call on CS for SB 1372

Motion by Sen. Gaetz to report as Comm. Sub. and CS for SB 1372 reported favorably

Chair turned over to Vice Chair Legg

Sen. Legg (As Chair)

4:27:45 PM

4:28:01 PM

4:28:18 PM

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TAB 10: SPB 7064 by EE; Elections
4:28:21 PM
4:28:22 PM
              Sen. Richter
4:30:10 PM
              Sen. Legg (As Chair)
              Sen. Clemens
4:30:15 PM
              Sen. Richter responds
4:30:33 PM
4:30:42 PM
              Dawn Roberts, Staff Director
4:31:29 PM
              Sen. Clemens
4:31:34 PM
              Sen. Legg (As Chair)
4:31:47 PM
              AM 571584 by Sen. Clemens
4:31:56 PM
              Sen. Clemens
              Sen. Legg (As Chair)
4:32:09 PM
              AM 571584 is adopted
4:32:17 PM
4:32:31 PM
              AM 505112 by Sen. Hays
4:32:37 PM
              Sen. Hays
              Sen.. Legg (As Chair)
4:33:04 PM
              Sen. Richter
4:33:17 PM
              AM 505112 is adopted
4:33:20 PM
              AM 921176 by Sen. Thompson
4:33:33 PM
              Sen. Thompson withdraws AM 921176
4:33:43 PM
              Brian Corley, Supervisor of Elections-Pasco Co., Representing FSASE, waives in support
4:33:54 PM
4:34:13 PM
              Sen. Clemens
4:34:23 PM
              Brain Corley responds
              Sen. Legg (As Chair)
4:34:48 PM
              Ben Wilcox, Common Cause FL, waives in support
4:34:50 PM
4:35:08 PM
              Sen. Richter waives close
              Sen. Flores moves SPB 7064 be submitted as a CS
4:35:14 PM
              Roll Call on CS for SPB 7064
4:35:40 PM
              CS for SPB 7064 reported favorably
4:35:45 PM
              Sen. Flores requests to be shown in affirmative on TABS 1-7 and SB 984
4:36:08 PM
              Sen. Negron requests to be shown iin affirmative on TABS 1-7 and SB 984
4:36:26 PM
              Sen. Thompson moves to rise
4:36:42 PM
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Meeting Adjourned

4:36:46 PM