## Florida Senate - 2007

**By** Senator Joyner

	18-313A-07 See HB 311
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to probate; amending s. 222.21,
3	F.S.; specifying additional circumstances under
4	which certain funds or accounts are not exempt
5	from a surviving spouse's claims; amending s.
б	731.110, F.S.; providing a prerequisite to
7	admitting a will to probate or appointing a
8	personal representative under certain
9	circumstances; amending s. 731.201, F.S.;
10	defining the terms "collateral heirs" and
11	"descendant"; creating s. 731.401, F.S.;
12	providing for enforceability of will or trust
13	provisions requiring arbitration of certain
14	disputes; amending ss. 732.102, 732.103,
15	732.104, 732.108, 732.401, and 732.507, F.S.;
16	conforming provisions to new definitions;
17	amending s. 732.2025, F.S.; revising the
18	definition of "elective share trust"; amending
19	ss. 732.2035 and 732.2075, F.S.; revising
20	provisions relating to the elective estate and
21	elective share; amending s. 732.4015, F.S.;
22	revising a provision prohibiting devise of a
23	homestead; creating s. 733.620, F.S.; providing
24	for unenforceability and invalidity of certain
25	will provisions exculpating personal
26	representatives; amending s. 734.101, F.S.;
27	increasing a time period for procedures
28	relating to foreign personal representatives;
29	amending s. 895.02, F.S.; correcting a
30	cross-reference; providing an effective date.
31	

1

```
Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
 1
 2
           Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
 3
    222.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 4
 5
           222.21 Exemption of pension money and certain
 б
    tax-exempt funds or accounts from legal processes.--
 7
           (2)
 8
           (d) Any fund or account described in paragraph (a) is
 9
   not exempt from the claims of an alternate payee under a
10
    qualified domestic relations order or from the claims of a
    surviving spouse pursuant to an order determining the amount
11
12
    of elective share and contribution as provided in part II of
13
    chapter 732. However, the interest of any alternate payee
    under a qualified domestic relations order is exempt from all
14
    claims of any creditor, other than the Department of Revenue,
15
    of the alternate payee. As used in this paragraph, the terms
16
17
    "alternate payee" and "qualified domestic relations order"
18
   have the meanings ascribed to them in s. 414(p) of the
    Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
19
           Section 2. Subsection (3) is added to section 731.110,
20
21
    Florida Statutes, to read:
22
           731.110 Caveat; proceedings.--
23
          (3) When a caveat has been filed by an interested
    person other than a creditor, the court shall not admit a will
2.4
    of the decedent to probate or appoint a personal
25
    representative until service, as provided by the Florida
26
27
    Probate Rules, has been accomplished.
2.8
           Section 3. Subsections (6) and (7) and subsections (8)
    through (37) of section 731.201, Florida Statutes, as amended
29
   by section 29 of chapter 2006-217, Laws of Florida, are
30
   renumbered as subsections (7) and (8) and subsections (10)
31
```

1 through (39), respectively, and new subsections (6) and (9) 2 are added to that section, to read: 3 731.201 General definitions.--Subject to additional 4 definitions in subsequent chapters that are applicable to specific chapters or parts, and unless the context otherwise 5 6 requires, in this code, in s. 409.9101, and in chapters 736, 7 738, 739, and 744, the term: 8 (6) "Collateral heirs" means heirs who are descendants of an ancestor, excluding the decedent's own descendants and 9 10 ancestors. (9) "Descendant" means a person in any generational 11 12 level down the applicable individual's descending line and 13 includes children, grandchildren, and more remote descendants. The term "descendant" is synonymous with the terms "lineal 14 descendant" and "issue" but excludes collateral heirs. 15 Section 4. Section 731.401, Florida Statutes, is 16 17 created to read: 18 731.401 Arbitration of disputes.--(1) A provision in a will or trust requiring the 19 arbitration of disputes, other than disputes of the validity 2.0 21 of all or a part of a will or trust, between or among the beneficiaries and a fiduciary under the will or trust, or any 2.2 23 combination of such persons or entities, is enforceable. (2) Unless otherwise specified in the will or trust, a 2.4 will or trust provision requiring arbitration shall be 25 presumed to require binding arbitration under s. 44.104. 26 27 Section 5. Section 732.102, Florida Statutes, is 2.8 amended to read: 732.102 Spouse's share of intestate estate.--The 29 30 intestate share of the surviving spouse is: 31

3

1 (1) If there is no surviving lineal descendant of the 2 decedent, the entire intestate estate. 3 (2) If there are surviving lineal descendants of the 4 decedent, all of whom are also lineal descendants of the surviving spouse, the first \$60,000 of the intestate estate, 5 6 plus one-half of the balance of the intestate estate. Property 7 allocated to the surviving spouse to satisfy the \$60,000 shall be valued at the fair market value on the date of 8 distribution. 9 10 (3) If there are surviving lineal descendants, one or more of whom are not lineal descendants of the surviving 11 12 spouse, one-half of the intestate estate. 13 Section 6. Subsections (1), (2), and (6) of section 732.103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 14 732.103 Share of other heirs.--The part of the 15 intestate estate not passing to the surviving spouse under s. 16 17 732.102, or the entire intestate estate if there is no 18 surviving spouse, descends as follows: (1) To the lineal descendants of the decedent. 19 (2) If there is no lineal descendant, to the 20 21 decedent's father and mother equally, or to the survivor of 22 them. 23 (6) If none of the foregoing, and if any of the descendants of the decedent's great-grandparents were 2.4 Holocaust victims as defined in s. 626.9543(3)(a), including 25 26 such victims in countries cooperating with the discriminatory 27 policies of Nazi Germany, then to the lineal descendants of 2.8 the great-grandparents. The court shall allow any such 29 descendant to meet a reasonable, not unduly restrictive, 30 standard of proof to substantiate his or her lineage. This 31

4

subsection only applies to escheated property and shall cease 1 to be effective for proceedings filed after December 31, 2004. 2 Section 7. Section 732.104, Florida Statutes, is 3 amended to read: 4 5 732.104 Inheritance per stirpes.--Descent shall be per б stirpes, whether to lineal descendants or to collateral heirs. 7 Section 8. Section 732.108, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 732.108 Adopted persons and persons born out of wedlock.--10 (1) For the purpose of intestate succession by or from 11 12 an adopted person, the adopted person is a lineal descendant 13 of the adopting parent and is one of the natural kindred of all members of the adopting parent's family, and is not a 14 lineal descendant of his or her natural parents, nor is he or 15 she one of the kindred of any member of the natural parent's 16 17 family or any prior adoptive parent's family, except that: 18 (a) Adoption of a child by the spouse of a natural parent has no effect on the relationship between the child and 19 the natural parent or the natural parent's family. 20 21 (b) Adoption of a child by a natural parent's spouse 22 who married the natural parent after the death of the other 23 natural parent has no effect on the relationship between the child and the family of the deceased natural parent. 2.4 (c) Adoption of a child by a close relative, as 25 defined in s. 63.172(2), has no effect on the relationship 26 27 between the child and the families of the deceased natural 2.8 parents. 29 (2) For the purpose of intestate succession in cases not covered by subsection (1), a person born out of wedlock is 30 a lineal descendant of his or her mother and is one of the 31 5

natural kindred of all members of the mother's family. The 1 2 person is also a lineal descendant of his or her father and is one of the natural kindred of all members of the father's 3 family, if: 4 5 (a) The natural parents participated in a marriage б ceremony before or after the birth of the person born out of 7 wedlock, even though the attempted marriage is void. 8 (b) The paternity of the father is established by an adjudication before or after the death of the father. 9 10 (c) The paternity of the father is acknowledged in writing by the father. 11 12 Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 732.2025, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 732.2025 Definitions.--As used in ss. 14 732.2025-732.2155, the term: 15 16 (2) "Elective share trust" means a trust under which 17 where: (a) The surviving spouse is entitled for life to the 18 use of the property or to all of the income payable at least 19 as often as annually; 20 21 (b) The trust is subject to the provisions of former 22 s. 738.12 or the surviving spouse has the right under the 23 terms of the trust or state law to require the trustee either to make the property productive or to convert it within a 2.4 reasonable time; and 25 (c) During the spouse's life, no person other than the 26 27 spouse has the power to distribute income or principal to 2.8 anyone other than the spouse. 29 30 31

6

1 As used in this subsection, the term "income" has the same 2 meaning as that provided in s. 643(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and regulations adopted under that section. 3 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 4 732.2035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 б 732.2035 Property entering into elective 7 estate.--Except as provided in s. 732.2045, the elective estate consists of the sum of the values as determined under 8 s. 732.2055 of the following property interests: 9 10 (8) Property that was transferred during the 1-year period preceding the decedent's death as a result of a 11 12 transfer by the decedent if the transfer was either of the 13 following types: (b) Any transfer of property to the extent not 14 otherwise included in the elective estate, made to or for the 15 16 benefit of any person, except: 17 1. Any transfer of property for medical or educational expenses to the extent it qualifies for exclusion from the 18 United States gift tax under s. 2503(e) of the Internal 19 Revenue Code, as amended; and 2.0 21 2. After the application of subparagraph (b)1., the 22 first <u>annual exclusion amount \$10,000</u> of property transferred 23 to or for the benefit of each donee during the 1-year period, but only to the extent the transfer qualifies for exclusion 2.4 from the United States gift tax under s. 2503(b) or (c) of the 25 26 Internal Revenue Code, as amended. For purposes of this 27 subparagraph, the term "annual exclusion amount" means the 2.8 amount of one annual exclusion under s. 2503(b) or s. 2503(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. 29 30 Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 732.2075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 31

7

1 732.2075 Sources from which elective share payable; 2 abatement. --3 (2) If, after the application of subsection (1), the elective share is not fully satisfied, the unsatisfied balance 4 shall be apportioned among the direct recipients of the 5 6 remaining elective estate in the following order of priority: 7 (a) Class 1.--The decedent's probate estate and revocable trusts. 8 (b) Class 2.--Recipients of property interests, other 9 10 than protected charitable interests, included in the elective estate under s. 732.2035(2), (3), or (6) and, to the extent 11 12 the decedent had at the time of death the power to designate 13 the recipient of the property, property interests, other than protected charitable interests, included under s. 732.2035(5) 14 and (7). 15 (c) Class 3.--Recipients of all other property 16 17 interests, other than protected charitable interests, included 18 in the elective estate. (d) Class 4.--Recipients of protected charitable lead 19 interests, but only to the extent and at such times that 20 21 contribution is permitted without disqualifying the charitable 22 interest in that property for a deduction under the United 23 States gift tax laws. 2.4 For purposes of this subsection, a protected charitable 25 26 interest is any interest for which a charitable deduction with 27 respect to the transfer of the property was allowed or 2.8 allowable to the decedent or the decedent's spouse under the United States gift or income tax laws. A protected charitable 29 lead interest is a protected charitable interest where one or 30 31

8

1 more deductible interests in charity precede some other nondeductible interest or interests in the property. 2 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 732.401, Florida 3 Statutes, is amended to read: 4 732.401 Descent of homestead.--5 б (1) If not devised as permitted by law and the Florida 7 Constitution, the homestead shall descend in the same manner 8 as other intestate property; but if the decedent is survived 9 by a spouse and <u>one or more lineal</u> descendants, the surviving spouse shall take a life estate in the homestead, with a 10 vested remainder to the lineal descendants in being at the 11 12 time of the decedent's death per stirpes. Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 732.4015, 13 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 732.4015 Devise of homestead.--15 (1) As provided by the Florida Constitution, the 16 17 homestead shall not be subject to devise if the owner is 18 survived by a spouse or <u>a</u> minor child <u>or minor children</u>, except that the homestead may be devised to the owner's spouse 19 if there is no minor child or minor children. 20 21 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 732.507, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 732.507 Effect of subsequent marriage, birth, adoption, or dissolution of marriage .--2.4 (1) Neither subsequent marriage, birth, nor adoption 25 26 of lineal descendants shall revoke the prior will of any 27 person, but the pretermitted child or spouse shall inherit as 2.8 set forth in ss. 732.301 and 732.302, regardless of the prior 29 will. Section 15. Section 733.620, Florida Statutes, is 30 created to read: 31

9

1 733.620 Exculpation of personal representative.--(1) <u>A term of a will relieving a personal</u> 2 representative of liability to a beneficiary for breach of 3 4 fiduciary duty is unenforceable to the extent that the term: 5 (a) Relieves the personal representative of liability б for breach of fiduciary duty committed in bad faith or with 7 reckless indifference to the purposes of the will or the 8 interests of interested persons; or 9 (b) Was inserted into the will as the result of an 10 abuse by the personal representative of a fiduciary or confidential relationship with the testator. 11 12 (2) An exculpatory term drafted or caused to be 13 drafted by the personal representative is invalid as an abuse of a fiduciary or confidential relationship unless: 14 (a) The personal representative proves that the 15 exculpatory term is fair under the circumstances. 16 17 (b) The term's existence and contents were adequately 18 communicated directly to the testator. 19 20 This subsection applies only to wills created on or after July 21 1, 2007. 22 Section 16. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 23 734.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 734.101 Foreign personal representative.--2.4 (3) Debtors who have not received a written demand for 25 26 payment from a personal representative or curator appointed in 27 this state within 90  $\frac{60}{100}$  days after appointment of a personal 2.8 representative in any other state or country, and whose 29 property in Florida is subject to a mortgage or other lien securing the debt held by the foreign personal representative, 30 may pay the foreign personal representative after the 31

1 expiration of 90 <del>60</del> days from the date of appointment of the 2 foreign personal representative. Thereafter, a satisfaction of the mortgage or lien executed by the foreign personal 3 representative, with an authenticated copy of the letters or 4 other evidence of authority attached, may be recorded in the 5 6 public records. The satisfaction shall be an effective 7 discharge of the mortgage or lien, irrespective of whether the 8 debtor making payment had received a written demand before paying the debt. 9 10 (4) Except as provided in s. 655.936, all persons indebted to the estate of a decedent, or having possession of 11 12 personal property belonging to the estate, who have received 13 no written demand from a personal representative or curator appointed in this state for payment of the debt or the 14 delivery of the property are authorized to pay the debt or to 15 deliver the personal property to the foreign personal 16 17 representative after the expiration of 90 <del>60</del> days from the date of appointment of the foreign personal representative. 18 Section 17. Subsection (10) of section 895.02, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 20 21 895.02 Definitions.--As used in ss. 895.01-895.08, the 22 term: 23 (10) "Trustee" means any of the following: (a) Any person acting as trustee pursuant to a trust 2.4 established under s. 689.07 or s. 689.071 in which the trustee 25 26 holds legal or record title to real property. 27 (b) Any person who holds legal or record title to real 2.8 property in which any other person has a beneficial interest. 29 (c) Any successor trustee or trustees to any or all of 30 the foregoing persons. 31

11

**SB 1936** See HB 311

1	However, the term "trustee" does not include any person
2	appointed or acting as a personal representative as defined in
3	s. 731.201 <u>(27)<del>(25)</del> or appointed or acting as a trustee of any</u>
4	testamentary trust or as a trustee of any indenture of trust
5	under which any bonds have been or are to be issued.
6	Section 18. This act shall take effect July 1, 2007.
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27 29	
28 29	
29 30	
30 31	
υTC	