

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/26/2009		
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The Committee on Education Pre-K - 12 (Storms) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 220.186, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.186 Credit for Florida alternative minimum tax.-

(2) The credit pursuant to this section shall be the amount of the excess, if any, of the tax paid based upon taxable income determined pursuant to s. 220.13(2)(k) over the amount of tax which would have been due based upon taxable income without

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12 application of s. 220.13(2)(k), before application of this 13 credit without application of any credit under s. 220.187. Section 2. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (b) of 14 15 subsection (5), paragraphs (b) and (i) of subsection (6), and paragraphs (a), (b), (l), and (n) of subsection (9) of section 16 220.187, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (e) is added 17 to subsection (5) of that section, paragraph (o) is added to 18 subsection (9) of that section, subsections (10) through (14) of 19 20 that section are renumbered as subsections (11) through (15), 21 respectively, and a new subsection (10) is added to that 22 section, to read: 23 220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-24 funding organizations.-25 (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: (a) "Department" means the Department of Revenue. 26 (b) "Direct certification list" means the certified list of 27 28 children who qualify for the Food Stamp Program, the Temporary 29 Assistance to Needy Families Program, or the Food Distribution 30 Program on Indian Reservations provided to the Department of 31 Education by the Department of Children and Family Services. 32 (c) (b) "Eligible contribution" means a monetary 33 contribution from a taxpayer, subject to the restrictions provided in this section, to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-34 35 funding organization. The taxpayer making the contribution may 36 not designate a specific child as the beneficiary of the 37 contribution. 38 (d) (c) "Eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding

39 organization" means a charitable organization that:

1. Is exempt from federal income tax pursuant to s.

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41 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;

42 2. Is a Florida entity formed under chapter 607, chapter
43 608, or chapter 617 and whose principal office is located in the
44 state; and

3. Complies with the provisions of subsection (6).

46 <u>(e) (d)</u> "Eligible private school" means a private school, as 47 defined in s. 1002.01(2), located in Florida which offers an 48 education to students in any grades K-12 and that meets the 49 requirements in subsection (8).

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(f) (e) "Owner or operator" includes:

51 1. An owner, president, officer, or director of an eligible 52 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or a person with 53 equivalent decisionmaking authority over an eligible nonprofit 54 scholarship-funding organization.

2. An owner, operator, superintendent, or principal of an
eligible private school or a person with equivalent
decisionmaking authority over an eligible private school.

(3) PROGRAM; SCHOLARSHIP ELIGIBILITY.-The <u>Florida</u> Corporate
Income Tax Credit Scholarship Program is established. A student
is eligible for a <u>Florida</u> corporate income tax credit
scholarship <u>under this section or s. 624.51055</u> if the student
qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches under the
National School Lunch Act <u>or is on the direct certification list</u>
and:

(a) Was counted as a full-time equivalent student during
the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state per-student
funding;

(b) Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofitscholarship-funding organization or from the State of Florida

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during the previous school year;

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71	(c) Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade; or
72	(d) Is currently placed, or during the previous state
73	fiscal year was placed, in foster care as defined in s. 39.01.
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75	Contingent upon available funds, a student may continue in
76	the scholarship program as long as the student's household
77	income level does not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty
78	level. A sibling of a student who is continuing in the program
79	and resides in the same household as the student shall also be
80	eligible as a first-time corporate income tax credit scholarship
81	recipient as long as the student's and sibling's household
82	income level does not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty
83	level. Household income for purposes of a student who is
84	currently in foster care as defined in s. 39.01 shall consist
85	only of the income that may be considered in determining whether
86	he or she qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunches
87	under the National School Lunch Act.
88	(5) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT SCHOLARSHIP FUNDING TAX CREDITS;
89	LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL AND TOTAL CREDITS
90	(b) For each state fiscal year, the total amount of tax
91	credits and carryforward of tax credits which may be granted
92	each state fiscal year under this section <u>and s. 624.51055</u> is \div
93	1. Through June 30, 2008, \$88 million.
94	2. Beginning July 1, 2008, and thereafter, \$118 million.

95 (e) A taxpayer who is eligible to receive the credit 96 provided for in s. 624.51055 is not eligible to receive the 97 credit provided by this section.

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(6) OBLIGATIONS OF ELIGIBLE NONPROFIT SCHOLARSHIP-FUNDING

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99 ORGANIZATIONS.—An eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 100 organization:

101 (b) Must comply with the following background check
102 requirements:

103 1. All owners and operators as defined in subparagraph 104 (2) (f) (e) 1. are, upon employment or engagement to provide 105 services, subject to level 2 background screening as provided 106 under chapter 435. The fingerprints for the background screening 107 must be electronically submitted to the Department of Law 108 Enforcement and can be taken by an authorized law enforcement 109 agency or by an employee of the eligible nonprofit scholarship-110 funding organization or a private company who is trained to take fingerprints. However, the complete set of fingerprints of an 111 112 owner or operator may not be taken by the owner or operator. The 113 results of the state and national criminal history check shall be provided to the Department of Education for screening under 114 115 chapter 435. The cost of the background screening may be borne by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization or 116 117 the owner or operator.

2. Every 5 years following employment or engagement to 118 119 provide services or association with an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization, each owner or operator must 120 121 meet level 2 screening standards as described in s. 435.04, at 122 which time the nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall 123 request the Department of Law Enforcement to forward the 124 fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 125 screening. If the fingerprints of an owner or operator are not retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 126 127 3., the owner or operator must electronically file a complete



set of fingerprints with the Department of Law Enforcement. Upon submission of fingerprints for this purpose, the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization shall request that the Department of Law Enforcement forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for level 2 screening, and the fingerprints shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement under subparagraph 3.

135 3. Beginning July 1, 2007, all fingerprints submitted to 136 the Department of Law Enforcement as required by this paragraph 137 must be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement in a 138 manner approved by rule and entered in the statewide automated 139 fingerprint identification system authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b). The fingerprints must thereafter be available for all purposes 140 141 and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards entered in the 142 statewide automated fingerprint identification system pursuant 143 to s. 943.051.

144 4. Beginning July 1, 2007, the Department of Law Enforcement shall search all arrest fingerprint cards received 145 under s. 943.051 against the fingerprints retained in the 146 147 statewide automated fingerprint identification system under 148 subparagraph 3. Any arrest record that is identified with an owner's or operator's fingerprints must be reported to the 149 150 Department of Education. The Department of Education shall 151 participate in this search process by paying an annual fee to 152 the Department of Law Enforcement and by informing the 153 Department of Law Enforcement of any change in the employment, 154 engagement, or association status of the owners or operators 155 whose fingerprints are retained under subparagraph 3. The 156 Department of Law Enforcement shall adopt a rule setting the



157 amount of the annual fee to be imposed upon the Department of 158 Education for performing these services and establishing the 159 procedures for the retention of owner and operator fingerprints 160 and the dissemination of search results. The fee may be borne by 161 the owner or operator of the nonprofit scholarship-funding 162 organization.

163 5. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner
164 or operator fails the level 2 background screening shall not be
165 eligible to provide scholarships under this section.

6. A nonprofit scholarship-funding organization whose owner
or operator in the last 7 years has filed for personal
bankruptcy or corporate bankruptcy in a corporation of which he
or she owned more than 20 percent shall not be eligible to
provide scholarships under this section.

(i)1. May use up to 3 percent of eligible contributions 171 172 received during the state fiscal year in which such 173 contributions are collected for administrative expenses if the organization has operated under this section for at least 3 174 175 state fiscal years and did not have any negative financial 176 findings in its most recent audit under paragraph (1). Such 177 administrative expenses must be reasonable and necessary for the 178 organization's management and distribution of eligible 179 contributions under this section. No more than one-third of the 180 funds authorized for administrative expenses under this 181 subparagraph may be used for expenses related to the recruitment 182 of contributions from corporate taxpayers.

183 2. Must expend for annual or partial-year scholarships an 184 amount equal to or greater than 75 percent of the net eligible 185 contributions remaining after administrative expenses during the



186 state fiscal year in which such contributions are collected. No more than 25 percent of such net eligible contributions may be 187 188 carried forward to the following state fiscal year. Any amounts carried forward shall be expended for annual or partial-year 189 190 scholarships in the following state fiscal year. Net eligible 191 contributions remaining on June 30 of each year that are in 192 excess of the 25 percent that may be carried forward shall be returned to the State Treasury for deposit in the General 193 194 Revenue Fund.

195 3. Must, before granting a scholarship for an academic 196 year, document each scholarship student's eligibility for that 197 academic year. A scholarship-funding organization may not grant 198 multiyear scholarships in one approval process.

Any and all information and documentation provided to the Department of Education and the Auditor General relating to the identity of a taxpayer that provides an eligible contribution under this section shall remain confidential at all times in accordance with s. 213.053.

205 (9) DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OBLIGATIONS.—The Department of 206 Education shall:

(a) Annually submit to the department, by March 15, a list
of eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that
meet the requirements of paragraph (2) (d) (c).

(b) Annually verify the eligibility of nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations that meet the requirements of paragraph (2) (d) (c).

(1) Notify an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization of any of the organization's identified students

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215 who are receiving corporate income tax credit scholarships from 216 other eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations.

217 (n)1. Conduct random site visits to private schools 218 participating in the Florida Corporate Tax Credit Scholarship Program. The purpose of the site visits is solely to verify the 219 220 information reported by the schools concerning the enrollment 221 and attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, 222 background screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting 223 results. The Department of Education may not make more than 224 seven random site visits each year and may not make more than 225 one random site visit each year to the same private school.

226 2. Annually, by December 15, report to the Governor, the 227 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 228 Representatives the Department of Education's actions with 229 respect to implementing accountability in the scholarship 230 program under this section and s. 1002.421, any substantiated 231 allegations or violations of law or rule by an eligible private 232 school under this program concerning the enrollment and 233 attendance of students, the credentials of teachers, background 234 screening of teachers, and teachers' fingerprinting results and 235 the corrective action taken by the Department of Education.

236 (o) Provide a process to match the direct certification 237 list with the scholarship application data submitted by any 238 nonprofit scholarship-funding organization eligible to receive 239 the 3-percent administrative allowance under paragraph (6)(i). 240 (10) SCHOOL DISTRICT OBLIGATIONS; PARENTAL OPTIONS.-Upon 241 the request of any eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding 242 organization, a school district shall inform all households within the district receiving free or reduced-priced meals under 243

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244	the National School Lunch Act of their eligibility to apply for	
245	<u>a tax credit scholarship. The form of such notice shall be</u>	
246	provided by the eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding	
247	organization and the district shall include the provided form,	
248	if requested by the organization, in any normal correspondence	
249	with eligible households. If an eligible nonprofit scholarship-	
250	funding organization requests a special communication to be	
251	issued to households within the district receiving free or	
252	reduced-price meals under the National School Lunch Act, the	
253	organization shall reimburse the district for the cost of	
254	postage. Such notice is limited to once a year.	
255	Section 3. Section 624.51055, Florida Statutes, is created	
256	to read:	
257	624.51055 Credit for contributions to eligible nonprofit	
258	scholarship-funding organizations	
259	(1) There is allowed a credit of 100 percent of an eligible	
260	contribution made to an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding	
261	organization as provided in s. 220.187 against any net tax due	
262	for a taxable year under s. 624.509(1). However, such a credit	
263	may not exceed 75 percent of the net tax due under s. 624.509(1)	
264	after deducting from such tax due the taxes paid by the insurer	
265	under ss. 175.101 and 185.08 and any assessments pursuant to s.	
266	440.51. An insurer claiming a credit against premium tax	
267	liability under this section shall not be required to pay any	
268	additional retaliatory tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a	
269	result of claiming such credit. Section 624.5091 does not limit	
270	such credit in any manner.	
271	(2) The provisions of s. 220.187 apply to the credit	
272	authorized by this section.	
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273 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 274 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public school students must receive accurate and timely information regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

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(6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE.-

(b) Private school choices.-Parents of public school
students may seek private school choice options under certain
programs.

1. Under the Opportunity Scholarship Program, the parent of a student in a failing public school may request and receive an opportunity scholarship for the student to attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 1002.38.

289 2. Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with 290 Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with 291 a disability who is dissatisfied with the student's progress may 292 request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the student to 293 attend a private school in accordance with the provisions of s. 294 1002.39.

3. Under the <u>Florida</u> corporate income Tax Credit Scholarship Program, the parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price school lunch may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit scholarship-funding organization in accordance with the provisions of s. 220.187.

300 Section 5. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 301 1002.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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302 1002.23 Family and School Partnership for Student 303 Achievement Act.-(2) To facilitate meaningful parent and family involvement, 304 305 the Department of Education shall develop guidelines for a 306 parent guide to successful student achievement which describes 307 what parents need to know about their child's educational 308 progress and how they can help their child to succeed in school. The guidelines shall include, but need not be limited to: 309 310 (e) Educational choices, as provided for in s. 1002.20(6), 311 and Florida corporate income tax credit scholarships, as 312 provided for in s. 220.187; 313 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1002.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 314 315 1002.39 The John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program.-There is established a program that is 316 317 separate and distinct from the Opportunity Scholarship Program 318 and is named the John M. McKay Scholarships for Students with 319 Disabilities Program. 320 (3) JOHN M. MCKAY SCHOLARSHIP PROHIBITIONS.-A student is 321 not eligible for a John M. McKay Scholarship while he or she is: 322 (b) Receiving a Florida corporate income tax credit 323 scholarship under s. 220.187; 324 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1002.421, Florida 325 Statutes, is amended to read: 326 1002.421 Accountability of private schools participating in 327 state school choice scholarship programs.-328 (1) A Florida private school participating in the Florida 329 Corporate Income Tax Credit Scholarship Program established 330 pursuant to s. 220.187 or an educational scholarship program



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331	established pursuant to this chapter must comply with all
332	requirements of this section in addition to private school
333	requirements outlined in s. 1002.42, specific requirements
334	identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other
335	provisions of Florida law that apply to private schools.
336	Section 8. If any provision of this act or the application
337	thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
338	invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of
339	the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision
340	or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are
341	declared severable.
342	Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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346	And the title is amended as follows:
347	Delete everything before the enacting clause
348	and insert:
349	A bill to be entitled
350	An act relating to tax credits for contributions to
351	nonprofit scholarship-funding organizations; amending
352	s. 220.186, F.S.; providing that the credit authorized
353	under the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program does
354	not apply to the credit for the Florida alternative
355	minimum tax; amending s. 220.187, F.S.; defining the
356	term "direct certification list"; expanding the
357	Corporate Income Tax Credit Scholarship Program to
358	include insurance premium tax credits; revising
359	credits for contributions to nonprofit scholarship-

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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360 funding organizations; providing that a taxpayer 361 eligible to receive a credit against the insurance premium tax is not eligible to receive a credit 362 363 against the corporate income tax; imposing an 364 additional requirement on the Department of Education; 365 specifying school district tax credit scholarship 366 notification requirements and limitations; conforming 367 cross-references; creating s. 624.51055, F.S.; 368 providing for credits against the insurance premium 369 tax for contributions to certain eligible nonprofit 370 scholarship-funding organizations; providing 371 application; amending ss. 1002.20, 1002.23, 1002.39, 372 and 1002.421, F.S.; providing conforming revisions; 373 providing severability; providing an effective date.