LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Comm: RCS 04/21/2009

The Committee on Judiciary (Baker) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. The Legislature finds that:

(1) Immediate and proactive measures are necessary to prevent, reduce, and mitigate health care fraud, waste, and abuse and are essential to maintaining the integrity and financial viability of health care delivery systems, including those funded in whole or in part by the Medicare and Medicaid trust funds. Without these measures, health care delivery systems in this state will be depleted of necessary funds to

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deliver patient care, and taxpayers' dollars will be devalued and not used for their intended purposes.

- (2) Sufficient justification exists for increased oversight of health care clinics, home health agencies, providers of home medical equipment, and other health care providers throughout the state, and in particular, in Miami-Dade County.
- (3) The state's best interest is served by deterring health care fraud, abuse, and waste and identifying patterns of fraudulent or abusive Medicare and Medicaid activity early, especially in high-risk localities, such as Miami-Dade County, in order to prevent inappropriate expenditures of public funds and harm to the state's residents.
- (4) The Legislature designates Miami-Dade County as a health care fraud crisis area for purposes of implementing increased scrutiny of home health agencies, home medical equipment providers, health care clinics, and other health care providers in Miami-Dade County in order to assist the state's efforts to prevent Medicaid fraud, waste, and abuse in the county and throughout the state.

Section 2. Section 68.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.085 Awards to plaintiffs bringing action.

(1) If the department proceeds with and prevails in an action brought by a person under this act, except as provided in subsection (2), the court shall order the distribution to the person of at least 15 percent but not more than 25 percent of the proceeds recovered under any judgment obtained by the department in an action under s. 68.082 or of the proceeds of any settlement of the claim, depending upon the extent to which

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the person substantially contributed to the prosecution of the action.

- (2) If the department proceeds with an action which the court finds to be based primarily on disclosures of specific information, other than that provided by the person bringing the action, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, the court may award such sums as it considers appropriate, but in no case more than 10 percent of the proceeds recovered under a judgment or received in settlement of a claim under this act, taking into account the significance of the information and the role of the person bringing the action in advancing the case to litigation.
- (3) If the department does not proceed with an action under this section, the person bringing the action or settling the claim shall receive an amount which the court decides is reasonable for collecting the civil penalty and damages. The amount shall be not less than 25 percent and not more than 30 percent of the proceeds recovered under a judgment rendered in an action under this act or in settlement of a claim under this act.
- (4) Following any distributions under subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (3), the agency injured by the submission of a false or fraudulent claim shall be awarded an amount not to exceed its compensatory damages. If the action was based on a claim of funds from the state Medicaid program, 10 percent of any remaining proceeds shall be deposited into the Legal Affairs Revolving Trust Fund to fund rewards for persons

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who report and provide information relating to Medicaid fraud pursuant to s. 409.9203. Any remaining proceeds, including civil penalties awarded under s. 68.082, shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.

- (5) Any payment under this section to the person bringing the action shall be paid only out of the proceeds recovered from the defendant.
- (6) Whether or not the department proceeds with the action, if the court finds that the action was brought by a person who planned and initiated the violation of s. 68.082 upon which the action was brought, the court may, to the extent the court considers appropriate, reduce the share of the proceeds of the action which the person would otherwise receive under this section, taking into account the role of the person in advancing the case to litigation and any relevant circumstances pertaining to the violation. If the person bringing the action is convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the violation of s. 68.082, the person shall be dismissed from the civil action and shall not receive any share of the proceeds of the action. Such dismissal shall not prejudice the right of the department to continue the action.

Section 3. Section 68.086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 68.086 Expenses; attorney's fees and costs.-
- (1) If the department initiates an action under this act or assumes control of an action brought by a person under this act, the department shall be awarded its reasonable attorney's fees, expenses, and costs.
 - (2) If the court awards the person bringing the action

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proceeds under this act, the person shall also be awarded an amount for reasonable attorney's fees and costs. Payment for reasonable attorney's fees and costs shall be made from the recovered proceeds before the distribution of any award.

- (3) If the department does not proceed with an action under this act and the person bringing the action conducts the action defendant is the prevailing party, the court may shall award to the defendant its reasonable attorney's fees and costs if the defendant prevails in the action and the court finds that the claim of against the person bringing the action was clearly frivolous, clearly vexatious, or brought primarily for purposes of harassment.
- (4) No liability shall be incurred by the state government, the affected agency, or the department for any expenses, attorney's fees, or other costs incurred by any person in bringing or defending an action under this act.
- Section 4. Subsection (10) is added to section 400.471, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 400.471 Application for license; fee.-
- (10) The agency may not issue a renewal license for a home health agency in any county having at least one licensed home health agency and that has more than one home health agency per 5,000 persons, as indicated by the most recent population estimates published by the Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research, if the applicant or any controlling interest has been administratively sanctioned by the agency since the last licensure renewal application for one or more of the following acts:
 - (a) An intentional or negligent act that materially affects

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the health or safety of a client of the provider;

- (b) Knowingly providing home health services in an unlicensed assisted living facility or unlicensed adult familycare home, unless the home health agency or employee reports the unlicensed facility or home to the agency within 72 hours after providing the services;
- (c) Preparing or maintaining fraudulent patient records, such as, but not limited to, charting ahead, recording vital signs or symptoms which were not personally obtained or observed by the home health agency's staff at the time indicated, borrowing patients or patient records from other home health agencies to pass a survey or inspection, or falsifying signatures;
- (d) Failing to provide at least one service directly to a patient for a period of 60 days;
- (e) Demonstrating a pattern of falsifying documents relating to the training of home health aides or certified nursing assistants or demonstrating a pattern of falsifying health statements for staff who provide direct care to patients. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three fraudulent entries or documents;
- (f) Demonstrating a pattern of billing any payor for services not provided. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three billings for services not provided within a 12-month period;
- (g) Demonstrating a pattern of failing to provide a service specified in the home health agency's written agreement with a patient or the patient's legal representative, or the plan of care for that patient, unless a reduction in service is mandated

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by Medicare, Medicaid, or a state program or as provided in s. 400.492(3). A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least three incidents, regardless of the patient or service, in which the home health agency did not provide a service specified in a written agreement or plan of care during a 3-month period;

- (h) Giving remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is involved in the discharge planning process of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 429, or this chapter from whom the home health agency receives referrals or gives remuneration as prohibited in s. 400.474(6)(a);
- (i) Giving cash, or its equivalent, to a Medicare or Medicaid beneficiary;
- (j) Demonstrating a pattern of billing the Medicaid program for services to Medicaid recipients which are medically unnecessary. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least two fraudulent entries or documents;
- (k) Providing services to residents in an assisted living facility for which the home health agency does not receive fair market value remuneration; or
- (1) Providing staffing to an assisted living facility for which the home health agency does not receive fair market value remuneration.

Section 5. Paragraph (e) of subsection (6) of section 400.474, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (1) is added to that subsection, to read:

- 400.474 Administrative penalties.
- (6) The agency may deny, revoke, or suspend the license of a home health agency and shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a



home health agency that:

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- (e) Gives remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is involved in the discharge planning process of a facility licensed under chapter 395, chapter 429, or this chapter from whom the home health agency receives referrals.
- (1) Demonstrates a pattern of billing the Medicaid program for services to Medicaid recipients which are medically unnecessary. A pattern may be demonstrated by a showing of at least two medically unnecessary services.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (15) of section 400.506, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.506 Licensure of nurse registries; requirements; penalties.-
- (15) (a) The agency may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of a nurse registry and shall impose a fine of \$5,000 against a nurse registry that:
- 1. Provides services to residents in an assisted living facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value remuneration.
- 2. Provides staffing to an assisted living facility for which the nurse registry does not receive fair market value remuneration.
- 3. Fails to provide the agency, upon request, with copies of all contracts with assisted living facilities which were executed within the last 5 years.
- 4. Gives remuneration to a case manager, discharge planner, facility-based staff member, or third-party vendor who is involved in the discharge planning process of a facility

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licensed under chapter 395 or this chapter and from whom the nurse registry receives referrals. However, this subparagraph does not prohibit a nurse registry from providing promotional items or promotional products, food, or beverages. The cumulative value of these items may not exceed \$50 for a single event. The cumulative value of these items may not exceed \$100 in a calendar year for all persons specified in this subparagraph who are affiliated with a facility.

5. Gives remuneration to a physician, a member of the physician's office staff, or an immediate family member of the physician, and the nurse registry received a patient referral in the last 12 months from that physician or the physician's office staff. However, this subparagraph does not prohibit a nurse registry from providing promotional items or promotional products, food, or beverages. The cumulative value of these items may not exceed \$50 for a single event. The cumulative value of these items may not exceed \$100 in a calendar year for all persons specified in this subparagraph who are affiliated with a physician's office.

Section 7. Section 408.8065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

408.8065 Additional licensure requirements for home health agencies, home medical equipment providers, and health care clinics.-

- (1) An applicant for initial licensure, or initial licensure due to a change of ownership, as a home health agency, home medical equipment provider, or health care clinic shall:
- (a) Demonstrate financial ability to operate, as required under s. 408.810(8).

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- (b) Submit pro forma financial statements, including a balance sheet, income and expense statement, and a statement of cash flows for the first 2 years of operation which provide evidence that the applicant has sufficient assets, credit, and projected revenues to cover liabilities and expenses.
- (c) Submit a statement of the applicant's estimated startup costs and sources of funds through the break-even point in operations demonstrating that the applicant has the ability to fund all startup costs, working capital, and contingency financing. The statement must show that the applicant has at a minimum 3 months of average projected expenses to cover startup costs, working capital, and contingency financing. The minimum amount for contingency funding may not be less than 1 month of average projected expenses.
- (d) Demonstrate the financial ability to operate if the applicant's assets, credit, and projected revenues meet or exceed projected liabilities and expenses, and provide independent evidence that the funds necessary for startup costs, working capital, and contingency financing exist and will be available as needed.

All documents required under this subsection must be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and may be in a compilation form. The financial statements must be signed by a certified public accountant.

(2) In addition to the penalties provided in s. 408.812, any person offering services requiring licensure under part III, part VII, or part X of chapter 400, who knowingly files a false or misleading license or license renewal application or who

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submits false or misleading information related to such application, and any person who violates or conspires to violate this section, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 8. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 408.810, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.810 Minimum licensure requirements.-In addition to the licensure requirements specified in this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules, each applicant and licensee must comply with the requirements of this section in order to obtain and maintain a license.

- (3) Unless otherwise specified in this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules, any information required to be reported to the agency must be submitted within 21 calendar days after the report period or effective date of the information, whichever is earlier, including, but not limited to, any change of:
- (a) Information contained in the most recent application for licensure.
 - (b) Required insurance or bonds.
- (5)(a) On or before the first day services are provided to a client, a licensee must inform the client and his or her immediate family or representative, if appropriate, of the right to report:
- 1. Complaints. The statewide toll-free telephone number for reporting complaints to the agency must be provided to clients in a manner that is clearly legible and must include the words: "To report a complaint regarding the services you receive, please call toll-free (phone number)."

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- 2. Abusive, neglectful, or exploitative practices. The statewide toll-free telephone number for the central abuse hotline must be provided to clients in a manner that is clearly legible and must include the words: "To report abuse, neglect, or exploitation, please call toll-free (phone number)."
- 3. Medicaid fraud. An agency-written description of Medicaid fraud and the statewide toll-free telephone number for the central Medicaid fraud hotline must be provided to clients in a manner that is clearly legible and must include the words: "To report suspected Medicaid fraud, please call toll-free (phone number)."

The agency shall publish a minimum of a 90-day advance notice of a change in the toll-free telephone numbers.

Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 408.815, Florida Statutes, to read:

408.815 License or application denial; revocation.-

- (4) In addition to the grounds provided in authorizing statutes, the agency shall deny an application for a license or license renewal if the applicant or a person having a controlling interest in an applicant has been:
- (a) Convicted of, or enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under chapter 409, chapter 817, chapter 893, 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396; or
- (b) Terminated for cause, pursuant to the appeals procedures established by the state or Federal Government, from any state Medicaid program or the federal Medicare program.

Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 409.905, Florida



Statutes, is amended to read:

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409.905 Mandatory Medicaid services. - The agency may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

- (4) HOME HEALTH CARE SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for nursing and home health aide services, supplies, appliances, and durable medical equipment, necessary to assist a recipient living at home. An entity that provides services pursuant to this subsection shall be licensed under part III of chapter 400. These services, equipment, and supplies, or reimbursement therefor, may be limited as provided in the General Appropriations Act and do not include services, equipment, or supplies provided to a person residing in a hospital or nursing facility.
- (a) In providing home health care services, the agency may require prior authorization of care based on diagnosis or utilization rates. The agency shall require prior authorization

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for visits for home health services that are not associated with a skilled nursing visit when the home health agency utilization rates exceed the state average by 50 percent or more. The home health agency must submit the recipient's plan of care and documentation that supports the recipient's diagnosis to the agency when requesting prior authorization.

- (b) The agency shall implement a comprehensive utilization management program that requires prior authorization of all private duty nursing services, an individualized treatment plan that includes information about medication and treatment orders, treatment goals, methods of care to be used, and plans for care coordination by nurses and other health professionals. The utilization management program shall also include a process for periodically reviewing the ongoing use of private duty nursing services. The assessment of need shall be based on a child's condition, family support and care supplements, a family's ability to provide care, and a family's and child's schedule regarding work, school, sleep, and care for other family dependents. When implemented, the private duty nursing utilization management program shall replace the current authorization program used by the Agency for Health Care Administration and the Children's Medical Services program of the Department of Health. The agency may competitively bid on a contract to select a qualified organization to provide utilization management of private duty nursing services. The agency is authorized to seek federal waivers to implement this initiative.
- (c) The agency may not pay for home health services, unless the services are medically necessary, and:

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- 390 1. The services are ordered by a physician.
 - 2. The written prescription for the services is signed and dated by the recipient's physician before the development of a plan of care and before any request requiring prior authorization.
 - 3. The physician ordering the services is not employed, under contract with, or otherwise affiliated with the home health agency rendering the services. However, this subparagraph does not apply to a home health agency affiliated with a retirement community, of which the parent corporation or a related legal entity owns a rural health clinic certified under 42 C.F.R. part 491, subpart A, ss. 1-11, a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, or an apartment or single-family home for independent living.
 - 4. The physician ordering the services has examined the recipient within the 30 days preceding the initial request for the services and biannually thereafter.
 - 5. The written prescription for the services includes the recipient's acute or chronic medical condition or diagnosis, the home health service required, and, for skilled nursing services, the frequency and duration of the services.
 - 6. The national provider identifier, Medicaid identification number, or medical practitioner license number of the physician ordering the services is listed on the written prescription for the services, the claim for home health reimbursement, and the prior authorization request.
 - Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 409.907, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - (1) Each provider agreement shall require the provider to

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comply fully with all state and federal laws pertaining to the Medicaid program, as well as all federal, state, and local laws pertaining to licensure, if required, and the practice of any of the healing arts, and shall require the provider to provide services or goods of not less than the scope and quality it provides to the general public. Providers physically located in the State of Florida may be enrolled as Medicaid providers. A provider located outside the State of Florida may be enrolled if the provider's location is no more than 50 miles from the Florida state line, and the agency determines a need for that provider type to ensure adequate access to care.

Section 12. Subsection (14) of section 409.912, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care.—The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. To ensure that medical services are effectively utilized, the agency may, in any case, require a confirmation or second physician's opinion of the correct diagnosis for purposes of authorizing future services under the Medicaid program. This section does not restrict access to emergency services or poststabilization care services as defined in 42 C.F.R. part 438.114. Such confirmation or second opinion shall be rendered in a manner approved by the agency. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed

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continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency shall contract with a vendor to monitor and evaluate the clinical practice patterns of providers in order to identify trends that are outside the normal practice patterns of a provider's professional peers or the national guidelines of a provider's professional association. The vendor must be able to provide information and counseling to a provider whose practice patterns are outside the norms, in consultation with the agency, to improve patient care and reduce inappropriate utilization. The agency may mandate prior authorization, drug therapy management, or disease management participation for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required. The agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization. The agency is authorized to limit the entities it contracts with or enrolls as Medicaid providers by developing a provider network through provider credentialing. The agency may competitively bid singlesource-provider contracts if procurement of goods or services results in demonstrated cost savings to the state without limiting access to care. The agency may limit its network based on the assessment of beneficiary access to care, provider availability, provider quality standards, time and distance

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standards for access to care, the cultural competence of the provider network, demographic characteristics of Medicaid beneficiaries, practice and provider-to-beneficiary standards, appointment wait times, beneficiary use of services, provider turnover, provider profiling, provider licensure history, previous program integrity investigations and findings, peer review, provider Medicaid policy and billing compliance records, clinical and medical record audits, and other factors. Providers shall not be entitled to enrollment in the Medicaid provider network. The agency shall determine instances in which allowing Medicaid beneficiaries to purchase durable medical equipment and other goods is less expensive to the Medicaid program than longterm rental of the equipment or goods. The agency may establish rules to facilitate purchases in lieu of long-term rentals in order to protect against fraud and abuse in the Medicaid program as defined in s. 409.913. The agency may seek federal waivers necessary to administer these policies.

(14) (a) The agency shall operate or contract for the operation of utilization management and incentive systems designed to encourage cost-effective use of services and to eliminate services that are medically unnecessary. The agency shall track Medicaid provider prescription and billing patterns and evaluate them against Medicaid medical necessity criteria and coverage and limitation guidelines adopted by rule. Medical necessity determination requires that service be consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of illness or injury under treatment and not in excess of the patient's needs. The agency shall conduct reviews of provider exceptions to peer group norms and shall, using statistical methodologies, provider profiling,

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and analysis of billing patterns, detect and investigate abnormal or unusual increases in billing or payment of claims for Medicaid services and medically unnecessary provision of services. Providers that demonstrate a pattern of submitting claims for medically unnecessary services shall be referred to the Medicaid program integrity unit for investigation. In its annual report, required in s. 409.913, the agency shall report on its efforts to control overutilization as described in this paragraph.

- (b) The agency shall develop a procedure for determining whether health care providers and service vendors can provide the Medicaid program using a business case that demonstrates whether a particular good or service can offset the cost of providing the good or service in an alternative setting or through other means and therefore should receive a higher reimbursement. The business case must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1. A detailed description of the good or service to be provided, a description and analysis of the agency's current performance of the service, and a rationale documenting how providing the service in an alternative setting would be in the best interest of the state, the agency, and its clients.
- 2. A cost-benefit analysis documenting the estimated specific direct and indirect costs, savings, performance improvements, risks, and qualitative and quantitative benefits involved in or resulting from providing the service. The costbenefit analysis must include a detailed plan and timeline identifying all actions that must be implemented to realize expected benefits. The Secretary of Health Care Administration

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shall verify that all costs, savings, and benefits are valid and achievable.

(c) If the agency determines that the increased reimbursement is cost-effective, the agency shall recommend a change in the reimbursement schedule for that particular good or service. If, within 12 months after implementing any rate change under this procedure, the agency determines that costs were not offset by the increased reimbursement schedule, the agency may revert to the former reimbursement schedule for the particular good or service.

Section 13. Subsections (2), (7), (11), (13), (14), (15), (21), (22), (24), (25), (27), (30), (31), and (36) of section 409.913, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (37) and (38) are added to that section, to read:

409.913 Oversight of the integrity of the Medicaid program.-The agency shall operate a program to oversee the activities of Florida Medicaid recipients, and providers and their representatives, to ensure that fraudulent and abusive behavior and neglect of recipients occur to the minimum extent possible, and to recover overpayments and impose sanctions as appropriate. Beginning January 1, 2003, and each year thereafter, the agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs shall submit a joint report to the Legislature documenting the effectiveness of the state's efforts to control Medicaid fraud and abuse and to recover Medicaid overpayments during the previous fiscal year. The report must describe the number of cases opened and investigated each year; the sources of the cases opened; the disposition of the cases closed each year; the amount of overpayments alleged

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in preliminary and final audit letters; the number and amount of fines or penalties imposed; any reductions in overpayment amounts negotiated in settlement agreements or by other means; the amount of final agency determinations of overpayments; the amount deducted from federal claiming as a result of overpayments; the amount of overpayments recovered each year; the amount of cost of investigation recovered each year; the average length of time to collect from the time the case was opened until the overpayment is paid in full; the amount determined as uncollectible and the portion of the uncollectible amount subsequently reclaimed from the Federal Government; the number of providers, by type, that are terminated from participation in the Medicaid program as a result of fraud and abuse; and all costs associated with discovering and prosecuting cases of Medicaid overpayments and making recoveries in such cases. The report must also document actions taken to prevent overpayments and the number of providers prevented from enrolling in or reenrolling in the Medicaid program as a result of documented Medicaid fraud and abuse and must include policy recommendations recommend changes necessary to prevent or recover overpayments and changes necessary to prevent and detect Medicaid fraud. All policy recommendations in the report must include a detailed fiscal analysis, including, but not limited to, implementation costs, estimated savings to the Medicaid program, and the return on investment. The agency must submit the policy recommendations and fiscal analyses in the report to the appropriate estimating conference, pursuant to s. 216.137, by February 15 of each year. The agency and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs each must

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include detailed unit-specific performance standards, benchmarks, and metrics in the report, including projected cost savings to the state Medicaid program during the following fiscal year.

- (2) The agency shall conduct, or cause to be conducted by contract or otherwise, reviews, investigations, analyses, audits, or any combination thereof, to determine possible fraud, abuse, overpayment, or recipient neglect in the Medicaid program and shall report the findings of any overpayments in audit reports as appropriate. At least 5 percent of all audits shall be conducted on a random basis. As part of its ongoing fraud detection activities, the agency shall identify and monitor, by contract or otherwise, patterns of overutilization of Medicaid services based on state averages. The agency shall track Medicaid provider prescription and billing patterns and evaluate them against Medicaid medical necessity criteria and coverage and limitation guidelines adopted by rule. Medical necessity determination requires that service be consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of illness or injury under treatment and not in excess of the patient's needs. The agency shall conduct reviews of provider exceptions to peer group norms and shall, using statistical methodologies, provider profiling, and analysis of billing patterns, detect and investigate abnormal or unusual increases in billing or payment of claims for Medicaid services and medically unnecessary provision of services.
- (7) When presenting a claim for payment under the Medicaid program, a provider has an affirmative duty to supervise the provision of, and be responsible for, goods and services claimed to have been provided, to supervise and be responsible for

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preparation and submission of the claim, and to present a claim that is true and accurate and that is for goods and services that:

- (a) Have actually been furnished to the recipient by the provider prior to submitting the claim.
- (b) Are Medicaid-covered goods or services that are medically necessary.
- (c) Are of a quality comparable to those furnished to the general public by the provider's peers.
- (d) Have not been billed in whole or in part to a recipient or a recipient's responsible party, except for such copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles as are authorized by the agency.
- (e) Are provided in accord with applicable provisions of all Medicaid rules, regulations, handbooks, and policies and in accordance with federal, state, and local law.
- (f) Are documented by records made at the time the goods or services were provided, demonstrating the medical necessity for the goods or services rendered. Medicaid goods or services are excessive or not medically necessary unless both the medical basis and the specific need for them are fully and properly documented in the recipient's medical record.

The agency shall may deny payment or require repayment for goods or services that are not presented as required in this subsection.

(11) The agency shall may deny payment or require repayment for inappropriate, medically unnecessary, or excessive goods or services from the person furnishing them, the person under whose supervision they were furnished, or the person causing them to



be furnished.

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- (13) The agency shall immediately may terminate participation of a Medicaid provider in the Medicaid program and may seek civil remedies or impose other administrative sanctions against a Medicaid provider, if the provider or any principal, officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the provider, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership interest in the provider equal to 5 percent or greater, has been:
- (a) Convicted of a criminal offense related to the delivery of any health care goods or services, including the performance of management or administrative functions relating to the delivery of health care goods or services;
- (b) Convicted of a criminal offense under federal law or the law of any state relating to the practice of the provider's profession; or
- (c) Found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have neglected or physically abused a patient in connection with the delivery of health care goods or services.

If the agency determines a provider did not participate or acquiesce in an offense specified in paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c), termination will not be imposed. If the agency effects a termination under this subsection, the agency shall issue an immediate final order pursuant to s. 120.569(2)(n).

(14) If the provider has been suspended or terminated from participation in the Medicaid program or the Medicare program by the Federal Government or any state, the agency must immediately

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suspend or terminate, as appropriate, the provider's participation in this state's the Florida Medicaid program for a period no less than that imposed by the Federal Government or any other state, and may not enroll such provider in this state's the Florida Medicaid program while such foreign suspension or termination remains in effect. The agency shall also immediately suspend or terminate, as appropriate, a provider's participation in this state's Medicaid program if the provider participated or acquiesced in any action for which any principal, officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the provider, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership interest in the provider equal to 5 percent or greater, was suspended or terminated from participating in the Medicaid program or the Medicare program by the Federal Government or any state. This sanction is in addition to all other remedies provided by law.

- (15) The agency shall may seek a any remedy provided by law, including, but not limited to, any remedy the remedies provided in subsections (13) and (16) and s. 812.035, if:
- (a) The provider's license has not been renewed, or has been revoked, suspended, or terminated, for cause, by the licensing agency of any state;
- (b) The provider has failed to make available or has refused access to Medicaid-related records to an auditor, investigator, or other authorized employee or agent of the agency, the Attorney General, a state attorney, or the Federal Government;
- (c) The provider has not furnished or has failed to make available such Medicaid-related records as the agency has found

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necessary to determine whether Medicaid payments are or were due and the amounts thereof;

- (d) The provider has failed to maintain medical records made at the time of service, or prior to service if prior authorization is required, demonstrating the necessity and appropriateness of the goods or services rendered;
- (e) The provider is not in compliance with provisions of Medicaid provider publications that have been adopted by reference as rules in the Florida Administrative Code; with provisions of state or federal laws, rules, or regulations; with provisions of the provider agreement between the agency and the provider; or with certifications found on claim forms or on transmittal forms for electronically submitted claims that are submitted by the provider or authorized representative, as such provisions apply to the Medicaid program;
- (f) The provider or person who ordered or prescribed the care, services, or supplies has furnished, or ordered the furnishing of, goods or services to a recipient which are inappropriate, unnecessary, excessive, or harmful to the recipient or are of inferior quality;
- (g) The provider has demonstrated a pattern of failure to provide goods or services that are medically necessary;
- (h) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider, or a person who ordered or prescribed the goods or services, has submitted or caused to be submitted false or a pattern of erroneous Medicaid claims;
- (i) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider, or a person who has ordered or prescribed the goods or services, has submitted or caused to be submitted a Medicaid

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provider enrollment application, a request for prior authorization for Medicaid services, a drug exception request, or a Medicaid cost report that contains materially false or incorrect information:

- (j) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider has collected from or billed a recipient or a recipient's responsible party improperly for amounts that should not have been so collected or billed by reason of the provider's billing the Medicaid program for the same service;
- (k) The provider or an authorized representative of the provider has included in a cost report costs that are not allowable under a Florida Title XIX reimbursement plan, after the provider or authorized representative had been advised in an audit exit conference or audit report that the costs were not allowable;
- (1) The provider is charged by information or indictment with fraudulent billing practices. The sanction applied for this reason is limited to suspension of the provider's participation in the Medicaid program for the duration of the indictment unless the provider is found guilty pursuant to the information or indictment;
- (m) The provider or a person who has ordered, or prescribed the goods or services is found liable for negligent practice resulting in death or injury to the provider's patient;
- (n) The provider fails to demonstrate that it had available during a specific audit or review period sufficient quantities of goods, or sufficient time in the case of services, to support the provider's billings to the Medicaid program;
 - (o) The provider has failed to comply with the notice and

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reporting requirements of s. 409.907;

- (p) The agency has received reliable information of patient abuse or neglect or of any act prohibited by s. 409.920; or
- (q) The provider has failed to comply with an agreed-upon repayment schedule.

A provider is subject to sanctions for violations of this subsection as the result of actions or inactions of the provider, or actions or inactions of any principal, officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the provider, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership interest in the provider equal to 5 percent or greater, in which the provider participated or acquiesced.

- (21) When making a determination that an overpayment has occurred, the agency shall prepare and issue an audit report to the provider showing the calculation of overpayments. If the agency's determination that an overpayment has occurred is based upon a review of the provider's records, the calculation of the overpayment shall be based upon documentation created prior to the start of any investigation or created at the request of the agency.
- (22) The audit report, supported by agency work papers, showing an overpayment to a provider constitutes evidence of the overpayment. A provider may not present or elicit testimony, either on direct examination or cross-examination in any court or administrative proceeding, regarding the purchase or acquisition by any means of drugs, goods, or supplies; sales or divestment by any means of drugs, goods, or supplies; or inventory of drugs, goods, or supplies, unless such acquisition,

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sales, divestment, or inventory is documented by written invoices, written inventory records, or other competent written documentary evidence maintained in the normal course of the provider's business. Notwithstanding the applicable rules of discovery, all documentation that will be offered as evidence at an administrative hearing on a Medicaid overpayment must be exchanged by all parties at least 14 days before the administrative hearing or must be excluded from consideration. The documentation or data that a provider may rely upon or present as evidence that an overpayment has not occurred must have been created prior to the start of any agency investigation and must be made available to the agency before issuance of a final audit report, unless the documentation or data was created at the request of the agency. Documentation or data that was recreated due to extenuating circumstances beyond the provider's control, such as a disaster or the loss of records due to change of ownership, may be presented as evidence if evidence of the extenuating circumstance is also provided. This subsection does not prohibit the introduction of expert witness reports regarding an overpayment or the issues addressed in the audit.

(24) If the agency imposes an administrative sanction pursuant to subsection (13), subsection (14), or subsection (15), except paragraphs (15)(e) and (o), upon any provider or any principal, officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the provider other person who is regulated by another state entity, the agency shall notify that other entity of the imposition of the sanction within 5 business days. Such notification must include the provider's or person's name and license number and the specific reasons for sanction.

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- (25) (a) The agency shall may withhold Medicaid payments, in whole or in part, to a provider upon receipt of reliable evidence that the circumstances giving rise to the need for a withholding of payments involve fraud, willful misrepresentation, or abuse under the Medicaid program, or a crime committed while rendering goods or services to Medicaid recipients. If it is determined that fraud, willful misrepresentation, abuse, or a crime did not occur, the payments withheld must be paid to the provider within 14 days after such determination with interest at the rate of 10 percent a year. Any money withheld in accordance with this paragraph shall be placed in a suspended account, readily accessible to the agency, so that any payment ultimately due the provider shall be made within 14 days.
- (b) The agency shall may deny payment, or require repayment, if the goods or services were furnished, supervised, or caused to be furnished by a person who has been suspended or terminated from the Medicaid program or Medicare program by the Federal Government or any state.
- (c) Overpayments owed to the agency bear interest at the rate of 10 percent per year from the date of determination of the overpayment by the agency, and payment arrangements must be made at the conclusion of legal proceedings. A provider who does not enter into or adhere to an agreed-upon repayment schedule may be terminated by the agency for nonpayment or partial payment.
- (d) The agency, upon entry of a final agency order, a judgment or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or a stipulation or settlement, may collect the moneys owed by all

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means allowable by law, including, but not limited to, notifying any fiscal intermediary of Medicare benefits that the state has a superior right of payment. Upon receipt of such written notification, the Medicare fiscal intermediary shall remit to the state the sum claimed.

- (e) The agency may institute amnesty programs to allow Medicaid providers the opportunity to voluntarily repay overpayments. The agency may adopt rules to administer such programs.
- (27) When the Agency for Health Care Administration has made a probable cause determination and alleged that an overpayment to a Medicaid provider has occurred, the agency, after notice to the provider, shall may:
- (a) Withhold, and continue to withhold during the pendency of an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, any medical assistance reimbursement payments until such time as the overpayment is recovered, unless within 30 days after receiving notice thereof the provider:
 - 1. Makes repayment in full; or
- 2. Establishes a repayment plan that is satisfactory to the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (b) Withhold, and continue to withhold during the pendency of an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, medical assistance reimbursement payments if the terms of a repayment plan are not adhered to by the provider.
- (30) The agency shall $\frac{may}{may}$ terminate a provider's participation in the Medicaid program if the provider fails to reimburse an overpayment that has been determined by final order, not subject to further appeal, within 35 days after the

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date of the final order, unless the provider and the agency have entered into a repayment agreement.

- (31) If a provider requests an administrative hearing pursuant to chapter 120, such hearing must be conducted within 90 days following assignment of an administrative law judge, absent exceptionally good cause shown as determined by the administrative law judge or hearing officer. Upon issuance of a final order, the outstanding balance of the amount determined to constitute the overpayment shall become due. If a provider fails to make payments in full, fails to enter into a satisfactory repayment plan, or fails to comply with the terms of a repayment plan or settlement agreement, the agency shall may withhold medical assistance reimbursement payments until the amount due is paid in full.
- (36) At least three times a year, the agency shall provide to each Medicaid recipient or his or her representative an explanation of benefits in the form of a letter that is mailed to the most recent address of the recipient on the record with the Department of Children and Family Services. The explanation of benefits must include the patient's name, the name of the health care provider and the address of the location where the service was provided, a description of all services billed to Medicaid in terminology that should be understood by a reasonable person, and information on how to report inappropriate or incorrect billing to the agency or other law enforcement entities for review or investigation. At least once a year, the letter also must include information on how to report criminal Medicaid fraud, the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit's toll-free hotline number, and information about the

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rewards available under s. 409.9203. The explanation of benefits may not be mailed for Medicaid independent laboratory services as described in s. 409.905(7) or for Medicaid certified match services as described in ss. 409.9071 and 1011.70.

- (37) The agency shall post on its website a current list of each Medicaid provider, including any principal, officer, director, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the provider, or any partner or shareholder having an ownership interest in the provider equal to 5 percent or greater, who has been terminated from the Medicaid program or sanctioned under this section. The list must be searchable by a variety of search parameters and provide for the creation of formatted lists that may be printed or imported into other applications, including spreadsheets. The agency shall update the list at least monthly.
- (38) In order to improve the detection of health care fraud, use technology to prevent and detect fraud, and maximize the electronic exchange of health care fraud information, the agency shall:
- (a) Compile, maintain, and publish on its website a detailed list of all state and federal databases that contain health care fraud information and update the list at least biannually;
- (b) Develop a strategic plan to connect all databases that contain health care fraud information to facilitate the electronic exchange of health information between the agency, the Department of Health, the Department of Law Enforcement, and the Attorney General's Office. The plan must include recommended standard data formats, fraud-identification strategies, and specifications for the technical interface between state and

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federal health care fraud databases;

- (c) Monitor innovations in health information technology, specifically as it pertains to Medicaid fraud prevention and detection; and
- (d) Periodically publish policy briefs that highlight available new technology to prevent or detect health care fraud and projects implemented by other states, the private sector, or the Federal Government which use technology to prevent or detect health care fraud.

Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.920, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (8) and (9) of that section are renumbered as subsections (9) and (10), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

409.920 Medicaid provider fraud.

- (1) For the purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care Administration.
- (b) "Fiscal agent" means any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, organization, or other legal entity that has contracted with the agency to receive, process, and adjudicate claims under the Medicaid program.
 - (c) "Item or service" includes:
- 1. Any particular item, device, medical supply, or service claimed to have been provided to a recipient and listed in an itemized claim for payment; or
- 2. In the case of a claim based on costs, any entry in the cost report, books of account, or other documents supporting such claim.

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- (d) "Knowingly" means that the act was done voluntarily and intentionally and not because of mistake or accident. As used in this section, the term "knowingly" also includes the word "willfully" or "willful" which, as used in this section, means that an act was committed voluntarily and purposely, with the specific intent to do something that the law forbids, and that the act was committed with bad purpose, either to disobey or disregard the law.
- (e) "Managed care plan" means a health maintenance organization authorized pursuant to chapter 641, a prepaid health plan authorized in s. 409.912, or an entity authorized pursuant to s. 409.91211(12) which contracts with the agency to provide medical services to Medicaid recipients.

(2) (a) A person may not It is unlawful to:

- 1. (a) Knowingly make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of any false statement or false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, in any claim submitted to the agency, or its fiscal agent, or a managed care plan for payment.
- 2.(b) Knowingly make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of a claim for items or services that are not authorized to be reimbursed by the Medicaid program.
- 3.(c) Knowingly charge, solicit, accept, or receive anything of value, other than an authorized copayment from a Medicaid recipient, from any source in addition to the amount legally payable for an item or service provided to a Medicaid recipient under the Medicaid program or knowingly fail to credit the agency or its fiscal agent for any payment received from a third-party source.

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4. (d) Knowingly make or in any way cause to be made any false statement or false representation of a material fact, by commission or omission, in any document containing items of income and expense that is or may be used by the agency to determine a general or specific rate of payment for an item or service provided by a provider.

5.(e) Knowingly solicit, offer, pay, or receive any remuneration, including any kickback, bribe, or rebate, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, in return for referring an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of any item or service for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under the Medicaid program, or in return for obtaining, purchasing, leasing, ordering, or arranging for or recommending, obtaining, purchasing, leasing, or ordering any goods, facility, item, or service, for which payment may be made, in whole or in part, under the Medicaid program.

6.(f) Knowingly submit false or misleading information or statements to the Medicaid program for the purpose of being accepted as a Medicaid provider.

 $7.\frac{(q)}{}$ Knowingly use or endeavor to use a Medicaid provider's identification number or a Medicaid recipient's identification number to make, cause to be made, or aid and abet in the making of a claim for items or services that are not authorized to be reimbursed by the Medicaid program.

- (b) 1. A person who violates this subsection and receives or endeavors to receive anything of value of:
- a. Ten thousand dollars or less commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,



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- 1029 b. More than \$10,000, but less than \$50,000, commits a 1030 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 1031 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - c. Fifty thousand dollars or more commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - 2. The value of separate funds, goods, or services that a person received or attempted to receive pursuant to a scheme or course of conduct may be aggregated in determining the degree of the offense.
 - 3. In addition to the sentence authorized by law, a person who is convicted of a violation of this subsection shall pay a fine in an amount equal to five times the pecuniary gain unlawfully received or the loss incurred by the Medicaid program or managed care organization, whichever is greater.
 - (8) A person who provides the state, any state agency, any of the state's political subdivisions, or any agency of the state's political subdivisions with information about fraud or suspected fraud by a Medicaid provider, including a managed care organization, is immune from civil liability for providing the information unless the person acted with knowledge that the information was false or with reckless disregard for the truth or falsity of the information.

Section 15. Section 409.9203, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 409.9203 Rewards for reporting Medicaid fraud.-
- (1) The Department of Law Enforcement or director of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit shall, subject to availability of

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funds, pay a reward to a person who furnishes original information relating to and reports a violation of the state's Medicaid fraud laws, unless the person declines the reward, if the information and report:

- (a) Is made to the Office of the Attorney General, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, or the Department of Law Enforcement;
- (b) Relates to criminal fraud upon Medicaid funds or a criminal violation of Medicaid laws by another person; and
- (c) Leads to a recovery of a fine, penalty, or forfeiture of property.
- (2) The reward may not exceed the lesser of 25 percent of the amount recovered or \$500,000 in a single case.
- (3) The reward shall be paid from the Legal Affairs Revolving Trust Fund from moneys collected pursuant to s. 68.085.
- (4) A person who receives a reward pursuant to this section is not eligible to receive any funds pursuant to the Florida False Claims Act for Medicaid fraud for which a reward is received pursuant to this section.

Section 16. Subsection (11) is added to section 456.004, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.004 Department; powers and duties.—The department, for the professions under its jurisdiction, shall:

(11) Work cooperatively with the Agency for Health Care Administration and the judicial system to recover Medicaid overpayments by the Medicaid program. The department shall investigate and prosecute health care practitioners who have not remitted amounts owed to the state for an overpayment from the

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Medicaid program pursuant to a final order, judgment, or stipulation or settlement.

Section 17. Present subsections (6) through (10) of section 456.041, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (7) through (11), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

456.041 Practitioner profile; creation.

(6) The Department of Health shall provide in each practitioner profile for every physician or advanced registered nurse practitioner terminated from participating in the Medicaid program, pursuant to s. 409.913, or sanctioned by the Medicaid program a statement that the practitioner has been terminated from participating in the Florida Medicaid program or sanctioned by the Medicaid program.

Section 18. Section 456.0635, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

456.0635 Medicaid fraud; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration.-

- (1) Medicaid fraud in the practice of a health care profession is prohibited.
- (2) Each board within the jurisdiction of the department, or the department if there is no board, shall refuse to admit a candidate to any examination and refuse to issue or renew a license, certificate, or registration to any applicant if the candidate or applicant or any principle, officer, agent, managing employee, or affiliated person of the applicant, has been:
- (a) Convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under

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chapter 409, chapter 817, chapter 893, 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or 1115 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396; or 1116

- (b) Terminated for cause, pursuant to the appeals procedures established by the state or Federal Government, from any state Medicaid program or the federal Medicare program.
- (3) Licensed health care practitioners shall report allegations of Medicaid fraud to the department, regardless of the practice setting in which the alleged Medicaid fraud occurred.
- (4) The acceptance by a licensing authority of a candidate's relinquishment of a license which is offered in response to or anticipation of the filing of administrative charges alleging Medicaid fraud or similar charges constitutes the permanent revocation of the license.

Section 19. Paragraphs (ii), (jj), (kk), and (ll) are added to subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (ii) Being convicted of, or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any misdemeanor or felony, regardless of adjudication, under 18 U.S.C. s. 669, ss. 285-287, s. 371, s. 1001, s. 1035, s. 1341, s. 1343, s. 1347, s. 1349, or s. 1518, or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1320a-7b, relating to the Medicaid program.
- (jj) Failing to remit the sum owed to the state for an overpayment from the Medicaid program pursuant to a final order, judgment, or stipulation or settlement.
 - (kk) Being terminated from the state Medicaid program

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pursuant to s. 409.913, any other state Medicaid program, or the federal Medicare program.

(11) Being convicted of, or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any misdemeanor or felony, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to health care fraud.

Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 456.074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.074 Certain health care practitioners; immediate suspension of license.-

- (1) The department shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, or chapter 484 who pleads guilty to, is convicted or found guilty of, or who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, to:
- (a) A felony under chapter 409, chapter 817, or chapter 893 or under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970 or under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396; or.
- (b) A misdemeanor or felony under 18 U.S.C. s. 669, ss. 285-287, s. 371, s. 1001, s. 1035, s. 1341, s. 1343, s. 1347, s. 1349, or s. 1518 or 42 U.S.C. ss. 1320a-7b, relating to the Medicaid program.

Section 21. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 465.022, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (4), (5), (6), and (7) of that section are renumbered as subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

465.022 Pharmacies; general requirements; fees.-

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- (2) A pharmacy permit shall be issued only to a person who is at least 18 years of age, a partnership whose partners are all at least 18 years of age, or to a corporation that which is registered pursuant to chapter 607 or chapter 617 whose officers, directors, and shareholders are at least 18 years of age.
- (3) Any person, partnership, or corporation before engaging in the operation of a pharmacy shall file with the board a sworn application on forms provided by the department.
- (a) An application for a pharmacy permit must include a set of fingerprints from each person having an ownership interest of 5 percent or greater and from any person who, directly or indirectly, manages, oversees, or controls the operation of the applicant, including officers and members of the board of directors of an applicant that is a corporation. The applicant must provide payment in the application for the cost of state and national criminal history records checks.
- 1. For corporations having more than \$100 million of business taxable assets in this state, in lieu of these fingerprint requirements, the department shall require the prescription department manager who will be directly involved in the management and operation of the pharmacy to submit a set of fingerprints.
- 2. A representative of a corporation described in subparagraph 1. satisfies the requirement to submit a set of his or her fingerprints if the fingerprints are on file with the department or the Agency for Health Care Administration, meet the fingerprint specifications for submission by the Department of Law Enforcement, and are available to the department.

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- (b) The department shall submit the fingerprints provided by the applicant to the Department of Law Enforcement for a state criminal history records check. The Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history records check.
- (4) The department or board shall deny an application for a pharmacy permit if the applicant or an affiliated person, partner, officer, director, or prescription department manager of the applicant has:
 - (a) Obtained a permit by misrepresentation or fraud;
- (b) Attempted to procure, or has procured, a permit for any other person by making, or causing to be made, any false representation;
- (c) Been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, the profession of pharmacy;
- (d) Been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to health care fraud;
- (e) Been terminated for cause, pursuant to the appeals procedures established by the state or Federal Government, from any state Medicaid program or the federal Medicare program; or
- (f) Dispensed any medicinal drug based upon a communication that purports to be a prescription as defined by s. 465.003(14) or s. 893.02 when the pharmacist knows or has reason to believe that the purported prescription is not based upon a valid practitioner-patient relationship that includes a documented patient evaluation, including history and a physical examination

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adequate to establish the diagnosis for which any drug is prescribed and any other requirement established by board rule under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, chapter 464, or chapter 466.

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 465.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.023 Pharmacy permittee; disciplinary action.-

- (1) The department or the board may revoke or suspend the permit of any pharmacy permittee, and may fine, place on probation, or otherwise discipline any pharmacy permittee if the permittee, or any affiliated person, partner, officer, director, or agent of the permittee, including a person fingerprinted under s. 465.022(3), who has:
- (a) Obtained a permit by misrepresentation or fraud or through an error of the department or the board;
- (b) Attempted to procure, or has procured, a permit for any other person by making, or causing to be made, any false representation;
- (c) Violated any of the requirements of this chapter or any of the rules of the Board of Pharmacy; of chapter 499, known as the "Florida Drug and Cosmetic Act"; of 21 U.S.C. ss. 301-392, known as the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act"; of 21 U.S.C. ss. 821 et seq., known as the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act; or of chapter 893;
- (d) Been convicted or found guilty, regardless of adjudication, of a felony or any other crime involving moral turpitude in any of the courts of this state, of any other state, or of the United States; or
 - (e) Been convicted or disciplined by a regulatory agency of

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the Federal Government or a regulatory agency of another state for any offense that would constitute a violation of this chapter;

- (f) Been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, the profession of pharmacy;
- (g) Been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to health care fraud; or
- (h) (e) Dispensed any medicinal drug based upon a communication that purports to be a prescription as defined by s. 465.003(14) or s. 893.02 when the pharmacist knows or has reason to believe that the purported prescription is not based upon a valid practitioner-patient relationship that includes a documented patient evaluation, including history and a physical examination adequate to establish the diagnosis for which any drug is prescribed and any other requirement established by board rule under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, chapter 464, or chapter 466.

Section 23. Section 825.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 825.103 Exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult; penalties.-
- (1) "Exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult" means:
- (a) Knowingly, by deception or intimidation, obtaining or using, or endeavoring to obtain or use, an elderly person's or disabled adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to

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temporarily or permanently deprive the elderly person or disabled adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the funds, assets, or property, or to benefit someone other than the elderly person or disabled adult, by a person who:

- 1. Stands in a position of trust and confidence with the elderly person or disabled adult; or
- 2. Has a business relationship with the elderly person or disabled adult; or
- (b) Obtaining or using, endeavoring to obtain or use, or conspiring with another to obtain or use an elderly person's or disabled adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the elderly person or disabled adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the funds, assets, or property, or to benefit someone other than the elderly person or disabled adult, by a person who knows or reasonably should know that the elderly person or disabled adult lacks the capacity to consent; or-
- (c) Breach of a fiduciary duty to an elderly person or disabled adult by the person's guardian or agent under a power of attorney which results in an unauthorized appropriation, sale, or transfer of property.
- (2)(a) If the funds, assets, or property involved in the exploitation of the elderly person or disabled adult is valued at \$100,000 or more, the offender commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If the funds, assets, or property involved in the exploitation of the elderly person or disabled adult is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, the offender commits



1318	a felony of the	second	degree, punishable as provided in s.
1319	775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.		
1320	(c) If the funds, assets, or property involved in the		
1321	exploitation of	an elde	rly person or disabled adult is valued at
1322	less than \$20,00	00, the	offender commits a felony of the third
1323	degree, punishak	ole as p	rovided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s.
1324	775.084.		
1325	Section 24	. Paragr	aphs (g) and (i) of subsection (3) of
1326	section 921.0022	2, Flori	da Statutes, are amended to read:
1327	921.0022 Ca	riminal :	Punishment Code; offense severity ranking
1328	chart		
1329	(3) OFFENSI	E SEVERI'	TY RANKING CHART
1330	(g) LEVEL .	7	
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
1331			
	316.027(1)(b)	1st	Accident involving death, failure to
			stop; leaving scene.
1332			
	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily injury.
1333			
	316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily injury or death
			to another person; driving at high speed
			or with wanton disregard for safety
			while fleeing or attempting to elude law
			enforcement officer who is in a patrol
			vehicle with siren and lights activated.
1334			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious bodily



1335			injury.
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence or intentional act resulting in great bodily harm, permanent disfiguration, permanent disability, or death.
1336	409.920(2) <u>(b)</u> 3	1.a. 3rd	Medicaid provider fraud; \$10,000 or less.
1337	409.920(2)(b)	1.b. 2nd	Medicaid provider fraud; more than \$10,000, but less than \$50,000.
1339	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care profession without a license.
1340	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care profession without a license which results in serious bodily injury.
1341	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a license.
	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine without a license.
1343	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine without a license.
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1345	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine without a license.
2010	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a license.
1346	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a license.
1348	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a license.
1349	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a license.
	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene without a license.
1350	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a license.
1331	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a license.
1352	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory
1353	483.901(9)	3rd	personnel without a license. Practicing medical physics without a
1354	100.001(0)	Jid	license.
	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription.
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1356	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a license.
1357	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.
1358	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business.
1359	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money services business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by financial institution.
1360	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure to register; failure to renew driver's license or identification card; other registration violations.
1361	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working where children regularly congregate.



1363	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual predator; harbor or conceal a sexual predator.
1364	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a person by a person other than the perpetrator or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.
1365	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another (manslaughter).
	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being or viable fetus by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless manner (vehicular homicide).
1366	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the operation of a vessel in a reckless manner (vessel homicide).
1367	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally causing great bodily harm or disfigurement.
1369	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly weapon.
1370	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator aware victim pregnant.



1371	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of injunction or court order.
1372	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of court order.
1373	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law enforcement officer.
	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on sexually violent predators facility staff.
1374	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
1375	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified official or employee.
1376	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
1377 1378	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
1379	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under specified circumstances.



1380	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or deliver hoax bomb.
1382	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1383	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1384	790.23	1st,PBL	Possession of a firearm by a person who qualifies for the penalty enhancements provided for in s. 874.04.
	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.
1386	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16 years for prostitution.



1388	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years of age; offender less than 18 years.
	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but less than 16 years; offender 18 years or older.
1389	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by fire or explosive.
1390	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
1392	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.
1393	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
1394	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized emergency vehicle.
-	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more or a semitrailer deployed by a law enforcement officer; property stolen while causing other property damage; 1st degree grand theft.
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	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo valued at less than \$50,000, grand theft in 2nd degree.
1396	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency medical equipment; 2nd degree grand theft.
1397	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle.
1398			
	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more.
1399			
	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
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1401	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
1402			
	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
1403			
	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
1404			



1405	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.
1406	817.2341(2)(b) & (3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
1407	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or disabled adult and property is valued at \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000.
1408	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
1409	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.
1410	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about alleged capital felony to a law enforcement officer.
1411	838.015	2nd	Bribery.



1412	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.
1413	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
1414	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
1415	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a computer
1416			service, to commit an unlawful sex act.
	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor to commit an unlawful sex act.
1417	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
1410	874.10	1st,PBL	<pre>Knowingly initiates, organizes, plans, finances, directs, manages, or supervises criminal gang-related activity.</pre>
1419	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a child care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal park or publicly owned recreational facility or community center.



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1421	893.13(1)(e)1. 1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine or other drug prohibited under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for religious services or a specified business site.
1421	893.13(4)(a) 1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).
1422	002 125 (1) (2) 1 125	manaffiching in compohic mana than 25
	893.135(1)(a)1. 1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less than 2,000 lbs.
1423	893.135(1)(b)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
1424	893.135(1)(c)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 4 grams, less than 14 grams.
1425	893.135(1)(d)1. 1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
1426	893.135(1)(e)1. 1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than 5 kilograms.
1427	893.135(1)(f)1. 1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.

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1428		
	893.135(1)(g)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4 grams or more, less than 14 grams.
1429	893.135(1)(h)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
1430	893.135(1)(j)1.a. 1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
1431	893.135(1)(k)2.a. 1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 10
1432		grams or more, less than 200 grams.
	893.1351(2) 2nd	Possession of place for trafficking in or manufacturing of controlled substance.
1433		
	896.101(5)(a) 3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1434	896.104(4)(a)1. 3rd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1435	943.0435(4)(c) 2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent residence; failure to comply with

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1436			reporting requirements.
	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1437	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1438	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender;
1439	943.0435(14)	3rd	harbor or conceal a sexual offender. Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to
1440			address verification.
1441	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1441	944.607(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph.
1442	944.607(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
1443	944.607(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to



1444			address verification.
	985.4815(10)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph.
1445			
1446	985.4815(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
	985.4815(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification.
1447			
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1449	(i) LEVEL	9	
	- 1 ' 1		
	Florida	Felony	
	Florida Statute	Felony Degree	Description
1450		-	Description
1450		Degree	
1450	Statute	Degree	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid
	Statute	Degree	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid
	Statute 316.193(3)(c)3.	Degree	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. BUI manslaughter; failing to render aid
1451	Statute 316.193(3)(c)3.	Degree b. 1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. BUI manslaughter; failing to render aid
1451	Statute 316.193(3)(c)3.	Degree b. 1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. BUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. Medicaid provider fraud; \$50,000 or
1451	Statute 316.193(3)(c)3.	Degree b. 1st	DUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. BUI manslaughter; failing to render aid or give information. Medicaid provider fraud; \$50,000 or



1455			prescription drugs resulting in great bodily harm.
1100	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report currency or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000 by money transmitter.
1456	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter business by unauthorized person, currency, or payment instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000.
1457	655.50(10)(b)3.	1 c+	Failure to report financial transactions
	055.50(10)(D)5.	150	totaling or exceeding \$100,000 by financial institution.
1458			
1459	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar crime.
	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or solicit to commit premeditated murder.
1460			
	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in connection with arson, sexual battery, robbery, burglary, and other specified felonies.
1461			
	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
			perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate
1462			a felony enumerated in s. 782.04(3).



	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or disabled adult.
1463	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or reward or as a shield or hostage.
1464	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit or facilitate commission of any felony.
1465	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to interfere with performance of any governmental or political function.
1466	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under age 13;
			perpetrator also commits aggravated child abuse, sexual battery, or lewd or lascivious battery, molestation, conduct, or exhibition.
1467			
	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive device offense.
1468	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a weapon of mass destruction.
1469	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim less than 12 years of age.
1470			



1471	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger than 18 years and commits sexual battery on a person less than 12 years.
1472	794.011(4)	1st	Sexual battery; victim 12 years or older, certain circumstances.
11/2	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual conduct with minor 12 to 18 years by person in familial or custodial authority.
1473	794.08(2)	1st	Female genital mutilation; victim younger than 18 years of age.
1474	800.04(5)(b)	Life	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim less than 12 years; offender 18 years or older.
1475	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other deadly weapon.
1476	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other deadly weapon.
1477	812.135(2)(b)	1st	Home-invasion robbery with weapon.
	817.568(7)	2nd, PBL	Fraudulent use of personal identification information of an individual under the age of 18 by his or



1479			her parent, legal guardian, or person exercising custodial authority.
1480	827.03(2)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.
	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise transferring custody or control, of a minor.
1481	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise obtaining custody or control, of a minor.
1482	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing bacteria,
			radioactive materials, viruses, or chemical compounds into food, drink, medicine, or water with intent to kill
1483			or injure another person.
1484	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking offense.
	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 10,000 lbs.
1485	893.135(1)(b)1.	c. 1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 400 grams, less than 150 kilograms.
1486	893.135(1)(c)1.	c. 1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 28 grams, less than 30 kilograms.
1487	893.135(1)(d)1.	c. 1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than

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1488	400 grams.
1400	893.135(1)(e)1.c. 1st Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 25 kilograms.
1489	893.135(1)(f)1.c. 1st Trafficking in amphetamine, more than 200 grams.
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	893.135(1)(h)1.c. 1st Trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 10 kilograms or more.
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	893.135(1)(j)1.c. 1st Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 10
1492	kilograms or more.
1472	893.135(1)(k)2.c. 1st Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 400
	grams or more.
1493	896.101(5)(c) 1st Money laundering, financial instruments totaling or exceeding \$100,000.
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	896.104(4)(a)3. 1st Structuring transactions to evade
	reporting or registration requirements,
	financial transactions totaling or exceeding \$100,000.
1495	exceeding 7100,000.
1496	Section 25. Pilot project to monitor home health services.—
1497	The Agency for Health Care Administration shall develop and
1498	implement a home health agency monitoring pilot project in
1499	Miami-Dade County by January 1, 2010. The agency shall contract

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with a vendor to verify the utilization and delivery of home health services and provide an electronic billing interface for home health services. The contract must require the creation of a program to submit claims electronically for the delivery of home health services. The program must verify telephonically visits for the delivery of home health services using voice biometrics. The agency may seek amendments to the Medicaid state plan and waivers of federal laws, as necessary, to implement the pilot project. Notwithstanding s. 287.057(5)(f), Florida Statutes, the agency must award the contract through the competitive solicitation process. The agency shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives evaluating the pilot project by February 1, 2011.

Section 26. Pilot project for home health care management.-The Agency for Health Care Administration shall implement a comprehensive care management pilot project for home health services by January 1, 2010, which includes face-to-face assessments by a nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 464, Florida Statutes, consultation with physicians ordering services to substantiate the medical necessity for services, and on-site or desk reviews of recipients' medical records in Miami-Dade County. The agency may enter into a contract with a qualified organization to implement the pilot project. The agency may seek amendments to the Medicaid state plan and waivers of federal laws, as necessary, to implement the pilot project.

Section 27. Subsection (6) of section 400.0077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0077 Confidentiality.

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(6) This section does not limit the subpoena power of the Attorney General pursuant to s. 409.920(10) (b) s. 409.920(9) (b). Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 430.608, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

430.608 Confidentiality of information.

(2) This section does not, however, limit the subpoena authority of the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs pursuant to s. 409.920(10)(b) s. 409.920(9)(b).

Section 29. Section 395.0199, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 30. Section 395.405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.405 Rulemaking.-The department shall adopt and enforce all rules necessary to administer ss. 395.0199, 395.401, 395.4015, 395.402, 395.4025, 395.403, 395.404, and 395.4045.

Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 400.0712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0712 Application for inactive license.-

(1) As specified in s. 408.831(4) and this section, the agency may issue an inactive license to a nursing home facility for all or a portion of its beds. Any request by a licensee that a nursing home or portion of a nursing home become inactive must be submitted to the agency in the approved format. The facility may not initiate any suspension of services, notify residents, or initiate inactivity before receiving approval from the agency; and a licensee that violates this provision may not be issued an inactive license.

Section 32. Subsection (2) of section 400.118, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

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Section 33. Section 400.141, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.141 Administration and management of nursing home facilities.-

- (1) Every licensed facility shall comply with all applicable standards and rules of the agency and shall:
- (a) (1) Be under the administrative direction and charge of a licensed administrator.
- (b) (2) Appoint a medical director licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459. The agency may establish by rule more specific criteria for the appointment of a medical director.
- (c) $\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ Have available the regular, consultative, and emergency services of physicians licensed by the state.
- (d) (4) Provide for resident use of a community pharmacy as specified in s. 400.022(1)(q). Any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, a registered pharmacist licensed in Florida, that is under contract with a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter 429, shall repackage a nursing facility resident's bulk prescription medication which has been packaged by another pharmacist licensed in any state in the United States into a unit dose system compatible with the system used by the nursing facility, if the pharmacist is requested to offer such service. In order to be eligible for the repackaging, a resident or the resident's spouse must receive prescription medication benefits provided through a former employer as part of his or her retirement benefits, a qualified pension plan as specified in s. 4972 of the Internal Revenue Code, a federal retirement program as specified under 5 C.F.R. s. 831, or a long-term care

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policy as defined in s. 627.9404(1). A pharmacist who correctly repackages and relabels the medication and the nursing facility which correctly administers such repackaged medication under the provisions of this paragraph may subsection shall not be held liable in any civil or administrative action arising from the repackaging. In order to be eligible for the repackaging, a nursing facility resident for whom the medication is to be repackaged shall sign an informed consent form provided by the facility which includes an explanation of the repackaging process and which notifies the resident of the immunities from liability provided in this paragraph herein. A pharmacist who repackages and relabels prescription medications, as authorized under this paragraph subsection, may charge a reasonable fee for costs resulting from the implementation of this provision.

(e) (5) Provide for the access of the facility residents to dental and other health-related services, recreational services, rehabilitative services, and social work services appropriate to their needs and conditions and not directly furnished by the licensee. When a geriatric outpatient nurse clinic is conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the agency, outpatients attending such clinic shall not be counted as part of the general resident population of the nursing home facility, nor shall the nursing staff of the geriatric outpatient clinic be counted as part of the nursing staff of the facility, until the outpatient clinic load exceeds 15 a day.

(f) (6) Be allowed and encouraged by the agency to provide other needed services under certain conditions. If the facility has a standard licensure status, and has had no class I or class II deficiencies during the past 2 years or has been awarded a

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Gold Seal under the program established in s. 400.235, it may be encouraged by the agency to provide services, including, but not limited to, respite and adult day services, which enable individuals to move in and out of the facility. A facility is not subject to any additional licensure requirements for providing these services. Respite care may be offered to persons in need of short-term or temporary nursing home services. Respite care must be provided in accordance with this part and rules adopted by the agency. However, the agency shall, by rule, adopt modified requirements for resident assessment, resident care plans, resident contracts, physician orders, and other provisions, as appropriate, for short-term or temporary nursing home services. The agency shall allow for shared programming and staff in a facility which meets minimum standards and offers services pursuant to this paragraph subsection, but, if the facility is cited for deficiencies in patient care, may require additional staff and programs appropriate to the needs of service recipients. A person who receives respite care may not be counted as a resident of the facility for purposes of the facility's licensed capacity unless that person receives 24-hour respite care. A person receiving either respite care for 24 hours or longer or adult day services must be included when calculating minimum staffing for the facility. Any costs and revenues generated by a nursing home facility from nonresidential programs or services shall be excluded from the calculations of Medicaid per diems for nursing home institutional care reimbursement.

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Seal facility, exceeds the minimum required hours of licensed

(g) (f) If the facility has a standard license or is a Gold

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nursing and certified nursing assistant direct care per resident per day, and is part of a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651 or a retirement community that offers other services pursuant to part III of this chapter or part I or part III of chapter 429 on a single campus, be allowed to share programming and staff. At the time of inspection and in the semiannual report required pursuant to paragraph (o) subsection (15), a continuing care facility or retirement community that uses this option must demonstrate through staffing records that minimum staffing requirements for the facility were met. Licensed nurses and certified nursing assistants who work in the nursing home facility may be used to provide services elsewhere on campus if the facility exceeds the minimum number of direct care hours required per resident per day and the total number of residents receiving direct care services from a licensed nurse or a certified nursing assistant does not cause the facility to violate the staffing ratios required under s. 400.23(3)(a). Compliance with the minimum staffing ratios shall be based on total number of residents receiving direct care services, regardless of where they reside on campus. If the facility receives a conditional license, it may not share staff until the conditional license status ends. This paragraph subsection does not restrict the agency's authority under federal or state law to require additional staff if a facility is cited for deficiencies in care which are caused by an insufficient number of certified nursing assistants or licensed nurses. The agency may adopt rules for the documentation necessary to determine compliance with this provision.

(h) (8) Maintain the facility premises and equipment and

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conduct its operations in a safe and sanitary manner.

(i) (9) If the licensee furnishes food service, provide a wholesome and nourishing diet sufficient to meet generally accepted standards of proper nutrition for its residents and provide such therapeutic diets as may be prescribed by attending physicians. In making rules to implement this paragraph subsection, the agency shall be guided by standards recommended by nationally recognized professional groups and associations with knowledge of dietetics.

(j) (10) Keep full records of resident admissions and discharges; medical and general health status, including medical records, personal and social history, and identity and address of next of kin or other persons who may have responsibility for the affairs of the residents; and individual resident care plans including, but not limited to, prescribed services, service frequency and duration, and service goals. The records shall be open to inspection by the agency.

(k) (11) Keep such fiscal records of its operations and conditions as may be necessary to provide information pursuant to this part.

(1) (12) Furnish copies of personnel records for employees affiliated with such facility, to any other facility licensed by this state requesting this information pursuant to this part. Such information contained in the records may include, but is not limited to, disciplinary matters and any reason for termination. Any facility releasing such records pursuant to this part shall be considered to be acting in good faith and may not be held liable for information contained in such records, absent a showing that the facility maliciously falsified such



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(m) (13) Publicly display a poster provided by the agency containing the names, addresses, and telephone numbers for the state's abuse hotline, the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman, the Agency for Health Care Administration consumer hotline, the Advocacy Center for Persons with Disabilities, the Florida Statewide Advocacy Council, and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit, with a clear description of the assistance to be expected from each.

(n) (14) Submit to the agency the information specified in s. 400.071(1)(b) for a management company within 30 days after the effective date of the management agreement.

(o) 1. $\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ Submit semiannually to the agency, or more frequently if requested by the agency, information regarding facility staff-to-resident ratios, staff turnover, and staff stability, including information regarding certified nursing assistants, licensed nurses, the director of nursing, and the facility administrator. For purposes of this reporting:

a. (a) Staff-to-resident ratios must be reported in the categories specified in s. 400.23(3)(a) and applicable rules. The ratio must be reported as an average for the most recent calendar quarter.

b. (b) Staff turnover must be reported for the most recent 12-month period ending on the last workday of the most recent calendar quarter prior to the date the information is submitted. The turnover rate must be computed quarterly, with the annual rate being the cumulative sum of the quarterly rates. The turnover rate is the total number of terminations or separations experienced during the quarter, excluding any employee

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terminated during a probationary period of 3 months or less, divided by the total number of staff employed at the end of the period for which the rate is computed, and expressed as a percentage.

c.(c) The formula for determining staff stability is the total number of employees that have been employed for more than 12 months, divided by the total number of employees employed at the end of the most recent calendar quarter, and expressed as a percentage.

d. (d) A nursing facility that has failed to comply with state minimum-staffing requirements for 2 consecutive days is prohibited from accepting new admissions until the facility has achieved the minimum-staffing requirements for a period of 6 consecutive days. For the purposes of this sub-subparagraph paragraph, any person who was a resident of the facility and was absent from the facility for the purpose of receiving medical care at a separate location or was on a leave of absence is not considered a new admission. Failure to impose such an admissions moratorium constitutes a class II deficiency.

e. (e) A nursing facility which does not have a conditional license may be cited for failure to comply with the standards in s. 400.23(3)(a)1.a. only if it has failed to meet those standards on 2 consecutive days or if it has failed to meet at least 97 percent of those standards on any one day.

f. (f) A facility which has a conditional license must be in compliance with the standards in s. 400.23(3)(a) at all times.

2. Nothing in This paragraph does not section shall limit the agency's ability to impose a deficiency or take other

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actions if a facility does not have enough staff to meet the residents' needs.

(16) Report monthly the number of vacant beds in the facility which are available for resident occupancy on the day the information is reported.

(p) (17) Notify a licensed physician when a resident exhibits signs of dementia or cognitive impairment or has a change of condition in order to rule out the presence of an underlying physiological condition that may be contributing to such dementia or impairment. The notification must occur within 30 days after the acknowledgment of such signs by facility staff. If an underlying condition is determined to exist, the facility shall arrange, with the appropriate health care provider, the necessary care and services to treat the condition.

(q) (18) If the facility implements a dining and hospitality attendant program, ensure that the program is developed and implemented under the supervision of the facility director of nursing. A licensed nurse, licensed speech or occupational therapist, or a registered dietitian must conduct training of dining and hospitality attendants. A person employed by a facility as a dining and hospitality attendant must perform tasks under the direct supervision of a licensed nurse.

(r) (19) Report to the agency any filing for bankruptcy protection by the facility or its parent corporation, divestiture or spin-off of its assets, or corporate reorganization within 30 days after the completion of such activity.

(s) (20) Maintain general and professional liability

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insurance coverage that is in force at all times. In lieu of general and professional liability insurance coverage, a statedesignated teaching nursing home and its affiliated assisted living facilities created under s. 430.80 may demonstrate proof of financial responsibility as provided in s. 430.80(3)(h).

(t) $\frac{(21)}{(21)}$ Maintain in the medical record for each resident a daily chart of certified nursing assistant services provided to the resident. The certified nursing assistant who is caring for the resident must complete this record by the end of his or her shift. This record must indicate assistance with activities of daily living, assistance with eating, and assistance with drinking, and must record each offering of nutrition and hydration for those residents whose plan of care or assessment indicates a risk for malnutrition or dehydration.

(u) (22) Before November 30 of each year, subject to the availability of an adequate supply of the necessary vaccine, provide for immunizations against influenza viruses to all its consenting residents in accordance with the recommendations of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, subject to exemptions for medical contraindications and religious or personal beliefs. Subject to these exemptions, any consenting person who becomes a resident of the facility after November 30 but before March 31 of the following year must be immunized within 5 working days after becoming a resident. Immunization shall not be provided to any resident who provides documentation that he or she has been immunized as required by this paragraph subsection. This paragraph subsection does not prohibit a resident from receiving the immunization from his or her personal physician if he or she so chooses. A resident who

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chooses to receive the immunization from his or her personal physician shall provide proof of immunization to the facility. The agency may adopt and enforce any rules necessary to comply with or implement this subsection.

 $(v) \cdot (23)$ Assess all residents for eligibility for pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccination (PPV) and vaccinate residents when indicated within 60 days after the effective date of this act in accordance with the recommendations of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, subject to exemptions for medical contraindications and religious or personal beliefs. Residents admitted after the effective date of this act shall be assessed within 5 working days of admission and, when indicated, vaccinated within 60 days in accordance with the recommendations of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, subject to exemptions for medical contraindications and religious or personal beliefs. Immunization shall not be provided to any resident who provides documentation that he or she has been immunized as required by this paragraph subsection. This paragraph subsection does not prohibit a resident from receiving the immunization from his or her personal physician if he or she so chooses. A resident who chooses to receive the immunization from his or her personal physician shall provide proof of immunization to the facility. The agency may adopt and enforce any rules necessary to comply with or implement this paragraph subsection.

(w) ((24)) Annually encourage and promote to its employees the benefits associated with immunizations against influenza viruses in accordance with the recommendations of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The agency may adopt

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and enforce any rules necessary to comply with or implement this paragraph subsection.

(2) Facilities that have been awarded a Gold Seal under the program established in s. 400.235 may develop a plan to provide certified nursing assistant training as prescribed by federal regulations and state rules and may apply to the agency for approval of their program.

Section 34. Subsections (5), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), and (15) of section 400.147, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.147 Internal risk management and quality assurance program.-

- (5) For purposes of reporting to the agency under this section, the term "adverse incident" means:
- (a) An event over which facility personnel could exercise control and which is associated in whole or in part with the facility's intervention, rather than the condition for which such intervention occurred, and which results in one of the following:
 - 1. Death;
 - 2. Brain or spinal damage;
 - 3. Permanent disfigurement;
 - 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
- 5. A limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function;
- 6. Any condition that required medical attention to which the resident has not given his or her informed consent, including failure to honor advanced directives; or
 - 7. Any condition that required the transfer of the

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resident, within or outside the facility, to a unit providing a more acute level of care due to the adverse incident, rather than the resident's condition prior to the adverse incident; or

- 8. An event that is reported to law enforcement or its personnel for investigation; or
- (b) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation as defined in s. 415.102;
 - (c) Abuse, neglect and harm as defined in s. 39.01;
- (b) (d) Resident elopement, if the elopement places the resident at risk of harm or injury.; or
 - (e) An event that is reported to law enforcement.
- (9) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation must be reported to the agency as required by 42 C.F.R. s. 483.13(c) and to the department as required by chapters 39 and 415.
- (10) (9) By the 10th of each month, each facility subject to this section shall report any notice received pursuant to s. 400.0233(2) and each initial complaint that was filed with the clerk of the court and served on the facility during the previous month by a resident or a resident's family member, guardian, conservator, or personal legal representative. The report must include the name of the resident, the resident's date of birth and social security number, the Medicaid identification number for Medicaid-eligible persons, the date or dates of the incident leading to the claim or dates of residency, if applicable, and the type of injury or violation of rights alleged to have occurred. Each facility shall also submit a copy of the notices received pursuant to s. 400.0233(2) and complaints filed with the clerk of the court. This report is confidential as provided by law and is not discoverable or

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admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in such actions brought by the agency to enforce the provisions of this part.

(11) (10) The agency shall review, as part of its licensure inspection process, the internal risk management and quality assurance program at each facility regulated by this section to determine whether the program meets standards established in statutory laws and rules, is being conducted in a manner designed to reduce adverse incidents, and is appropriately reporting incidents as required by this section.

(12) (11) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and a cause of action for damages may not arise against, any risk manager for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management and quality assurance program in a facility licensed under this part as required by this section, or for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management and quality assurance program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.

(13) (12) If the agency, through its receipt of the adverse incident reports prescribed in subsection (7), or through any investigation, has a reasonable belief that conduct by a staff member or employee of a facility is grounds for disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory board, the agency shall report this fact to the regulatory board.

(14) (13) The agency may adopt rules to administer this section.

(14) The agency shall annually submit to the Legislature a report on nursing home adverse incidents. The report must

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include the following information arranged by county:

- (a) The total number of adverse incidents.
- (b) A listing, by category, of the types of adverse incidents, the number of incidents occurring within each category, and the type of staff involved.
- (c) A listing, by category, of the types of injury caused and the number of injuries occurring within each category.
- (d) Types of liability claims filed based on an adverse incident or reportable injury.
- (e) Disciplinary action taken against staff, categorized by type of staff involved.
- (15) Information gathered by a credentialing organization under a quality assurance program is not discoverable from the credentialing organization. This subsection does not limit discovery of, access to, or use of facility records, including those records from which the credentialing organization gathered its information.

Section 35. Subsection (3) of section 400.162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.162 Property and personal affairs of residents.-
- (3) A licensee shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of the resident in the facility. Whenever necessary for the protection of valuables, or in order to avoid unreasonable responsibility therefor, the licensee may require that such valuables be excluded or removed from the facility and kept at some place not subject to the control of the licensee. At the request of a resident, the facility shall mark the resident's personal property with the resident's name or another type of

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identification, without defacing the property. Any theft or loss of a resident's personal property shall be documented by the facility. The facility shall develop policies and procedures to minimize the risk of theft or loss of the personal property of residents. A copy of the policy shall be provided to every employee and to each resident and the resident's representative if appropriate at admission and when revised. Facility policies must include provisions related to reporting theft or loss of a resident's property to law enforcement and any facility waiver of liability for loss or theft. The facility shall post notice of these policies and procedures, and any revision thereof, in places accessible to residents.

Section 36. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 400.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.191 Availability, distribution, and posting of reports and records.-

- (2) The agency shall publish the Nursing Home Guide annually in consumer-friendly printed form and quarterly in electronic form to assist consumers and their families in comparing and evaluating nursing home facilities.
- (a) The agency shall provide an Internet site which shall include at least the following information either directly or indirectly through a link to another established site or sites of the agency's choosing:
- 1. A section entitled "Have you considered programs that provide alternatives to nursing home care?" which shall be the first section of the Nursing Home Guide and which shall prominently display information about available alternatives to nursing homes and how to obtain additional information regarding

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these alternatives. The Nursing Home Guide shall explain that this state offers alternative programs that permit qualified elderly persons to stay in their homes instead of being placed in nursing homes and shall encourage interested persons to call the Comprehensive Assessment Review and Evaluation for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program to inquire if they qualify. The Nursing Home Guide shall list available home and community-based programs which shall clearly state the services that are provided and indicate whether nursing home services are included if needed.

- 2. A list by name and address of all nursing home facilities in this state, including any prior name by which a facility was known during the previous 24-month period.
- 3. Whether such nursing home facilities are proprietary or nonproprietary.
- 4. The current owner of the facility's license and the year that that entity became the owner of the license.
- 5. The name of the owner or owners of each facility and whether the facility is affiliated with a company or other organization owning or managing more than one nursing facility in this state.
- 6. The total number of beds in each facility and the most recently available occupancy levels.
- 7. The number of private and semiprivate rooms in each facility.
 - 8. The religious affiliation, if any, of each facility.
- 9. The languages spoken by the administrator and staff of each facility.
 - 10. Whether or not each facility accepts Medicare or

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Medicaid recipients or insurance, health maintenance organization, Veterans Administration, CHAMPUS program, or workers' compensation coverage.

- 11. Recreational and other programs available at each facility.
- 12. Special care units or programs offered at each facility.
- 13. Whether the facility is a part of a retirement community that offers other services pursuant to part III of this chapter or part I or part III of chapter 429.
- 14. Survey and deficiency information, including all federal and state recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information, for each facility for the past 30 months. For noncertified nursing homes, state survey and deficiency information, including licensure, revisit, and complaint survey information for the past 30 months shall be provided.
- 15. A summary of the deficiency data for each facility over the past 30 months. The summary may include a score, rating, or comparison ranking with respect to other facilities based on the number of citations received by the facility on recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint surveys; the severity and scope of the citations; and the number of recertification surveys the facility has had during the past 30 months. The score, rating, or comparison ranking may be presented in either numeric or symbolic form for the intended consumer audience.
- (b) The agency shall provide the following information in printed form:
 - 1. A section entitled "Have you considered programs that

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provide alternatives to nursing home care?" which shall be the first section of the Nursing Home Guide and which shall prominently display information about available alternatives to nursing homes and how to obtain additional information regarding these alternatives. The Nursing Home Guide shall explain that this state offers alternative programs that permit qualified elderly persons to stay in their homes instead of being placed in nursing homes and shall encourage interested persons to call the Comprehensive Assessment Review and Evaluation for Long-Term Care Services (CARES) Program to inquire if they qualify. The Nursing Home Guide shall list available home and community-based programs which shall clearly state the services that are provided and indicate whether nursing home services are included if needed.

- 2. A list by name and address of all nursing home facilities in this state.
- 3. Whether the nursing home facilities are proprietary or nonproprietary.
- 4. The current owner or owners of the facility's license and the year that entity became the owner of the license.
- 5. The total number of beds, and of private and semiprivate rooms, in each facility.
 - 6. The religious affiliation, if any, of each facility.
- 7. The name of the owner of each facility and whether the facility is affiliated with a company or other organization owning or managing more than one nursing facility in this state.
- 8. The languages spoken by the administrator and staff of each facility.
 - 9. Whether or not each facility accepts Medicare or

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Medicaid recipients or insurance, health maintenance organization, Veterans Administration, CHAMPUS program, or workers' compensation coverage.

- 10. Recreational programs, special care units, and other programs available at each facility.
- 11. The Internet address for the site where more detailed information can be seen.
- 12. A statement advising consumers that each facility will have its own policies and procedures related to protecting resident property.
- 13. A summary of the deficiency data for each facility over the past 30 months. The summary may include a score, rating, or comparison ranking with respect to other facilities based on the number of citations received by the facility on recertification, licensure, revisit, and complaint surveys; the severity and scope of the citations; the number of citations; and the number of recertification surveys the facility has had during the past 30 months. The score, rating, or comparison ranking may be presented in either numeric or symbolic form for the intended consumer audience.

Section 37. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 400.195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 400.195 Agency reporting requirements.-
- (1) For the period beginning June 30, 2001, and ending June 30, 2005, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with respect to nursing homes. The first report shall be submitted no later than December 30, 2002, and subsequent reports shall be submitted

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every 6 months thereafter. The report shall identify facilities based on their ownership characteristics, size, business structure, for-profit or not-for-profit status, and any other characteristics the agency determines useful in analyzing the varied segments of the nursing home industry and shall report:

(d) Information regarding deficiencies cited, including information used to develop the Nursing Home Guide WATCH LIST pursuant to s. 400.191, and applicable rules, a summary of data generated on nursing homes by Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Nursing Home Quality Information Project, and information collected pursuant to s. 400.147(10) s. 400.147(9), relating to litigation.

Section 38. Subsection (3) of section 400.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.23 Rules; evaluation and deficiencies; licensure status.-

- (3) (a) 1. The agency shall adopt rules providing minimum staffing requirements for nursing homes. These requirements shall include, for each nursing home facility:
- a. A minimum certified nursing assistant staffing of 2.6 hours of direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2003, and increasing to 2.7 hours of direct care per resident per day beginning January 1, 2007. Beginning January 1, 2002, no facility shall staff below one certified nursing assistant per 20 residents, and a minimum licensed nursing staffing of 1.0 hour of direct care per resident per day but never below one licensed nurse per 40 residents.
- b. Beginning January 1, 2007, a minimum weekly average certified nursing assistant staffing of 2.9 hours of direct care

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per resident per day. For the purpose of this sub-subparagraph, a week is defined as Sunday through Saturday.

- 2. Nursing assistants employed under s. 400.211(2) may be included in computing the staffing ratio for certified nursing assistants only if their job responsibilities include only nursing-assistant-related duties.
- 3. Each nursing home must document compliance with staffing standards as required under this paragraph and post daily the names of staff on duty for the benefit of facility residents and the public.
- 4. The agency shall recognize the use of licensed nurses for compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified nursing assistants, provided that the facility otherwise meets the minimum staffing requirements for licensed nurses and that the licensed nurses are performing the duties of a certified nursing assistant. Unless otherwise approved by the agency, licensed nurses counted toward the minimum staffing requirements for certified nursing assistants must exclusively perform the duties of a certified nursing assistant for the entire shift and not also be counted toward the minimum staffing requirements for licensed nurses. If the agency approved a facility's request to use a licensed nurse to perform both licensed nursing and certified nursing assistant duties, the facility must allocate the amount of staff time specifically spent on certified nursing assistant duties for the purpose of documenting compliance with minimum staffing requirements for certified and licensed nursing staff. In no event may the hours of a licensed nurse with dual job responsibilities be counted twice.
 - (b) The agency shall adopt rules to allow properly trained

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staff of a nursing facility, in addition to certified nursing assistants and licensed nurses, to assist residents with eating. The rules shall specify the minimum training requirements and shall specify the physiological conditions or disorders of residents which would necessitate that the eating assistance be provided by nursing personnel of the facility. Nonnursing staff providing eating assistance to residents under the provisions of this subsection shall not count toward compliance with minimum staffing standards.

(c) Licensed practical nurses licensed under chapter 464 who are providing nursing services in nursing home facilities under this part may supervise the activities of other licensed practical nurses, certified nursing assistants, and other unlicensed personnel providing services in such facilities in accordance with rules adopted by the Board of Nursing.

Section 39. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

(7) (a) Each clinic engaged in magnetic resonance imaging services must be accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American College of Radiology, or the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, within 1 year after licensure. A clinic that is accredited by the American College of Radiology or is within the original 1-year period after licensure and replaces its core magnetic resonance imaging equipment shall be given 1 year after the date on which the equipment is replaced to attain accreditation. However, a clinic may request a single, 6-month extension if it provides evidence to the agency establishing

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that, for good cause shown, such clinic cannot can not be accredited within 1 year after licensure, and that such accreditation will be completed within the 6-month extension. After obtaining accreditation as required by this subsection, each such clinic must maintain accreditation as a condition of renewal of its license. A clinic that files a change of ownership application must comply with the original accreditation timeframe requirements of the transferor. The agency shall deny a change of ownership application if the clinic is not in compliance with the accreditation requirements. When a clinic adds, replaces, or modifies magnetic resonance imaging equipment and the accreditation agency requires new accreditation, the clinic must be accredited within 1 year after the date of the addition, replacement, or modification but may request a single, 6-month extension if the clinic provides evidence of good cause to the agency.

Section 40. Subsection (6) of section 400.995, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.995 Agency administrative penalties.-

(6) During an inspection, the agency, as an alternative to or in conjunction with an administrative action against a clinic for violations of this part and adopted rules, shall make a reasonable attempt to discuss each violation and recommended corrective action with the owner, medical director, or clinic director of the clinic, prior to written notification. The agency, instead of fixing a period within which the clinic shall enter into compliance with standards, may request a plan of corrective action from the clinic which demonstrates a good faith effort to remedy each violation by a specific date,

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subject to the approval of the agency.

Section 41. Subsections (5), (9), and (13) of section 408.803, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (5) "Change of ownership" means:
- (a) An event in which the licensee sells or otherwise transfers its ownership changes to a different individual or legal entity as evidenced by a change in federal employer identification number or taxpayer identification number; or
- (b) An event in which 51 45 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, membership, or controlling interest of a licensee is in any manner transferred or otherwise assigned. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee that is publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange in a corporation whose shares are not publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange is transferred or assigned, including the final transfer or assignment of multiple transfers or assignments over a 2-year period that cumulatively total 45 percent or greater.

A change solely in the management company or board of directors is not a change of ownership.

- (9) "Licensee" means an individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, or governmental entity, or other entity that is issued a permit, registration, certificate, or license by the agency. The licensee is legally responsible for all aspects of the provider operation.
- (13) "Voluntary board member" means a board member or officer of a not-for-profit corporation or organization who serves solely in a voluntary capacity, does not receive any

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remuneration for his or her services on the board of directors, and has no financial interest in the corporation or organization. The agency shall recognize a person as a voluntary board member following submission of a statement to the agency by the board member and the not-for-profit corporation or organization that affirms that the board member conforms to this definition. The statement affirming the status of the board member must be submitted to the agency on a form provided by the agency.

Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 408.806, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

408.806 License application process.-

- (1) An application for licensure must be made to the agency on forms furnished by the agency, submitted under oath, and accompanied by the appropriate fee in order to be accepted and considered timely. The application must contain information required by authorizing statutes and applicable rules and must include:
 - (a) The name, address, and social security number of:
 - 1. The applicant;
- 2. The administrator or a similarly titled person who is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the provider;
- 3. The financial officer or similarly titled person who is responsible for the financial operation of the licensee or provider; and
- 4. Each controlling interest if the applicant or controlling interest is an individual.
 - (2)(a) The applicant for a renewal license must submit an

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application that must be received by the agency at least 60 days but no more than 120 days before prior to the expiration of the current license. An application received more than 120 days before the expiration of the current license shall be returned to the applicant. If the renewal application and fee are received prior to the license expiration date, the license shall not be deemed to have expired if the license expiration date occurs during the agency's review of the renewal application.

- (b) The applicant for initial licensure due to a change of ownership must submit an application that must be received by the agency at least 60 days prior to the date of change of ownership.
- (c) For any other application or request, the applicant must submit an application or request that must be received by the agency at least 60 days but no more than 120 days before prior to the requested effective date, unless otherwise specified in authorizing statutes or applicable rules. An application received more than 120 days before the requested effective date shall be returned to the applicant.
- (d) The agency shall notify the licensee by mail or electronically at least 90 days before prior to the expiration of a license that a renewal license is necessary to continue operation. The failure to timely submit a renewal application and license fee shall result in a \$50 per day late fee charged to the licensee by the agency; however, the aggregate amount of the late fee may not exceed 50 percent of the licensure fee or \$500, whichever is less. If an application is received after the required filing date and exhibits a hand-canceled postmark obtained from a United States post office dated on or before the



2312 required filing date, no fine will be levied.

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- (c) If an inspection is required by the authorizing statute for a license application other than an initial application, the inspection must be unannounced. This paragraph does not apply to inspections required pursuant to ss. 383.324, 395.0161(4), 429.67(6), and 483.061(2).
- (8) The agency may establish procedures for the electronic notification and submission of required information, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Licensure applications.
 - (b) Required signatures.
 - (c) Payment of fees.
- 2325 (d) Notarization of applications.

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Requirements for electronic submission of any documents required by this part or authorizing statutes may be established by rule. As an alternative to sending documents as required by authorizing statutes, the agency may provide electronic access to information or documents.

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 408.808, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.808 License categories.-

(2) PROVISIONAL LICENSE. - A provisional license may be issued to an applicant pursuant to s. 408.809(3). An applicant against whom a proceeding denying or revoking a license is pending at the time of license renewal may be issued a provisional license effective until final action not subject to further appeal. A provisional license may also be issued to an

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applicant applying for a change of ownership. A provisional license shall be limited in duration to a specific period of time, not to exceed 12 months, as determined by the agency.

Section 44. Subsection (5) of section 408.809, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

- 408.809 Background screening; prohibited offenses.-
- (5) Effective October 1, 2009, in addition to the offenses listed in ss. 435.03 and 435.04, all persons required to undergo background screening pursuant to this part or authorizing statutes must not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or quilty to, any of the following offenses or any similar offense of another jurisdiction:
 - (a) Any authorizing statutes, if the offense was a felony.
 - (b) This chapter, if the offense was a felony.
- (c) Section 409.920, relating to Medicaid provider fraud, if the offense was a felony.
- (d) Section 409.9201, relating to Medicaid fraud, if the offense was a felony.
 - (e) Section 741.28, relating to domestic violence.
- (f) Chapter 784, relating to assault, battery, and culpable negligence, if the offense was a felony.
 - (g) Section 810.02, relating to burglary.
- (h) Section 817.034, relating to fraudulent acts through mail, wire, radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photooptical systems.
- (i) Section 817.234, relating to false and fraudulent insurance claims.



2370 (j) Section 817.505, relating to patient brokering. 2371 (k) Section 817.568, relating to criminal use of personal 2372 identification information. 2373 (1) Section 817.60, relating to obtaining a credit card 2374 through fraudulent means. 2375 (m) Section 817.61, relating to fraudulent use of credit cards, if the offense was a felony. 2376 2377 (n) Section 831.01, relating to forgery. 2378 (o) Section 831.02, relating to uttering forged 2379 instruments. 2380 (p) Section 831.07, relating to forging bank bills, checks, 2381 drafts, or promissory notes. 2382 (q) Section 831.09, relating to uttering forged bank bills, 2383 checks, drafts, or promissory notes. 2384 (r) Section 831.30, relating to fraud in obtaining 2385 medicinal drugs. 2386 (s) Section 831.31, relating to the sale, manufacture, 2387 delivery, or possession with the intent to sell, manufacture, or 2388 deliver any counterfeit controlled substance, if the offense was 2389 a felony. 2390 2391 A person who serves as a controlling interest of or is employed 2392 by a licensee on September 30, 2009, is not required by law to submit to rescreening if that licensee has in its possession 2393 2394 written evidence that the person has been screened and qualified 2395 according to the standards specified in s. 435.03 or s. 435.04. 2396 However, if such person has a disqualifying offense listed in 2397 this section, he or she may apply for an exemption from the

appropriate licensing agency before September 30, 2009, and if

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agreed to by the employer, may continue to perform his or her duties until the licensing agency renders a decision on the application for exemption for offenses listed in this section. Exemptions from disqualification may be granted pursuant to s. 435.07. Background screening is not required to obtain a certificate of exemption issued under s. 483.106.

(6) The attestations required under ss. 435.04(5) and 435.05(3) must be submitted at the time of license renewal, notwithstanding the provisions of ss. 435.04(5) and 435.05(3) which require annual submission of an affidavit of compliance with background screening requirements.

Section 45. Section 408.811, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.811 Right of inspection; copies; inspection reports; plan for correction of deficiencies.-

(1) An authorized officer or employee of the agency may make or cause to be made any inspection or investigation deemed necessary by the agency to determine the state of compliance with this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. The right of inspection extends to any business that the agency has reason to believe is being operated as a provider without a license, but inspection of any business suspected of being operated without the appropriate license may not be made without the permission of the owner or person in charge unless a warrant is first obtained from a circuit court. Any application for a license issued under this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules constitutes permission for an appropriate inspection to verify the information submitted on or in connection with the application.

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- 2428 (a) All inspections shall be unannounced, except as 2429 specified in s. 408.806.
 - (b) Inspections for relicensure shall be conducted biennially unless otherwise specified by authorizing statutes or applicable rules.
 - (2) Inspections conducted in conjunction with certification, comparable licensure requirements, or a recognized or approved accreditation organization may be accepted in lieu of a complete licensure inspection. However, a licensure inspection may also be conducted to review any licensure requirements that are not also requirements for certification.
 - (3) The agency shall have access to and the licensee shall provide, or if requested send, copies of all provider records required during an inspection or other review at no cost to the agency, including records requested during an offsite review.
 - (4) A deficiency must be corrected within 30 calendar days after the provider is notified of inspection results unless an alternative timeframe is required or approved by the agency.
 - (5) The agency may require an applicant or licensee to submit a plan of correction for deficiencies. If required, the plan of correction must be filed with the agency within 10 calendar days after notification unless an alternative timeframe is required.
 - (6)(a)(4)(a) Each licensee shall maintain as public information, available upon request, records of all inspection reports pertaining to that provider that have been filed by the agency unless those reports are exempt from or contain information that is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art.

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I of the State Constitution or is otherwise made confidential by law. Effective October 1, 2006, copies of such reports shall be retained in the records of the provider for at least 3 years following the date the reports are filed and issued, regardless of a change of ownership.

(b) A licensee shall, upon the request of any person who has completed a written application with intent to be admitted by such provider, any person who is a client of such provider, or any relative, spouse, or quardian of any such person, furnish to the requester a copy of the last inspection report pertaining to the licensed provider that was issued by the agency or by an accrediting organization if such report is used in lieu of a licensure inspection.

Section 46. Section 408.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.813 Administrative fines; violations.—As a penalty for any violation of this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable rules, the agency may impose an administrative fine.

- (1) Unless the amount or aggregate limitation of the fine is prescribed by authorizing statutes or applicable rules, the agency may establish criteria by rule for the amount or aggregate limitation of administrative fines applicable to this part, authorizing statutes, and applicable rules. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation and is subject to a separate fine. For fines imposed by final order of the agency and not subject to further appeal, the violator shall pay the fine plus interest at the rate specified in s. 55.03 for each day beyond the date set by the agency for payment of the fine.
 - (2) Violations of this part, authorizing statutes, or

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applicable rules shall be classified according to the nature of the violation and the gravity of its probable effect on clients. The scope of a violation may be cited as an isolated, patterned, or widespread deficiency. An isolated deficiency is a deficiency affecting one or a very limited number of clients, or involving one or a very limited number of staff, or a situation that occurred only occasionally or in a very limited number of locations. A patterned deficiency is a deficiency in which more than a very limited number of clients are affected, or more than a very limited number of staff are involved, or the situation has occurred in several locations, or the same client or clients have been affected by repeated occurrences of the same deficient practice but the effect of the deficient practice is not found to be pervasive throughout the provider. A widespread deficiency is a deficiency in which the problems causing the deficiency are pervasive in the provider or represent systemic failure that has affected or has the potential to affect a large portion of the provider's clients. This subsection does not affect the legislative determination of the amount of a fine imposed under authorizing statutes. Violations shall be classified on the written notice as follows:

(a) Class "I" violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a provider or to the care of clients which the agency determines present an imminent danger to the clients of the provider or a substantial probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm would result therefrom. The condition or practice constituting a class I violation shall be abated or eliminated within 24 hours, unless a fixed period, as determined by the

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agency, is required for correction. The agency shall impose an administrative fine as provided by law for a cited class I violation. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.

- (b) Class "II" violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a provider or to the care of clients which the agency determines directly threaten the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of the clients, other than class I violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine as provided by law for a cited class II violation. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
- (c) Class "III" violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a provider or to the care of clients which the agency determines indirectly or potentially threaten the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of clients, other than class I or class II violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine as provided in this section for a cited class III violation. A citation for a class III violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class III violation is corrected within the time specified, a fine may not be imposed.
- (d) Class "IV" violations are those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a provider or to required reports, forms, or documents that do not have the potential of negatively affecting clients. These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not threaten the health, safety, or security of clients. The agency



2544 shall impose an administrative fine as provided in this section 2545 for a cited class IV violation. A citation for a class IV 2546 violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class IV violation is corrected 2547 2548 within the time specified, a fine may not be imposed. 2549 Section 47. Subsections (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), 2550 (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), 2551 (27), (28), and (29) of section 408.820, Florida Statutes, are 2552 amended to read: 2553 408.820 Exemptions. - Except as prescribed in authorizing 2554 statutes, the following exemptions shall apply to specified 2555 requirements of this part: 2556 (11) Private review agents, as provided under part I of 2557 chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7), 408.810, and 2558 408.811. 2559 (11) (12) Health care risk managers, as provided under part 2560 I of chapter 395, are exempt from ss. 408.806(7), 408.810(4)-2561 (10) $\frac{408.810}{}$, and 408.811. 2562 (12) (13) Nursing homes, as provided under part II of 2563 chapter 400, are exempt from ss. 408.810(7) and 408.813(2) s. 2564 408.810(7). (13) (14) Assisted living facilities, as provided under part 2565 2566 I of chapter 429, are exempt from s. 408.810(10). 2567 (14) (15) Home health agencies, as provided under part III 2568 of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10). 2569 (15) (16) Nurse registries, as provided under part III of 2570 chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(6) and (10). (16) (17) Companion services or homemaker services 2571

providers, as provided under part III of chapter 400, are exempt

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from s. 408.810(6)-(10).

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(17) (18) Adult day care centers, as provided under part III

2575 of chapter 429, are exempt from s. 408.810(10). 2576 (18) (19) Adult family-care homes, as provided under part II 2577 of chapter 429, are exempt from s. 408.810(7)-(10). 2578 (18) (20) Homes for special services, as provided under part 2579 V of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(7)-(10). 2580 (20) (21) Transitional living facilities, as provided under 2581 part V of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10) s. 2582 408.810(7)-(10). 2583 (21) (22) Prescribed pediatric extended care centers, as 2584 provided under part VI of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 2585 408.810(10). 2586 (22) (23) Home medical equipment providers, as provided 2587 under part VII of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(10). 2588 (23) (24) Intermediate care facilities for persons with 2589 developmental disabilities, as provided under part VIII of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(7). 2590 2591 (24) (25) Health care services pools, as provided under part

IX of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(6)-(10).

(25) Health care clinics, as provided under part X of chapter 400, are exempt from s. 408.810(6), (7), (10) ss. 408.809 and 408.810(1), (6), (7), and (10).

(26) (27) Clinical laboratories, as provided under part I of chapter 483, are exempt from s. 408.810(5)-(10).

(27) (28) Multiphasic health testing centers, as provided under part II of chapter 483, are exempt from s. 408.810(5)-(10).

(28) (29) Organ and tissue procurement agencies, as provided

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2602 under chapter 765, are exempt from s. 408.810(5)-(10).

> Section 48. Section 408.821, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

408.821 Emergency management planning; emergency operations; inactive license.-

- (1) A licensee required by authorizing statutes to have an emergency operations plan must designate a safety liaison to serve as the primary contact for emergency operations.
- (2) An entity subject to this part may temporarily exceed its licensed capacity to act as a receiving provider in accordance with an approved emergency operations plan for up to 15 days. While in an overcapacity status, each provider must furnish or arrange for appropriate care and services to all clients. In addition, the agency may approve requests for overcapacity in excess of 15 days, which approvals may be based upon satisfactory justification and need as provided by the receiving and sending providers.
- (3) (a) An inactive license may be issued to a licensee subject to this section when the provider is located in a geographic area in which a state of emergency was declared by the Governor if the provider:
- 1. Suffered damage to its operation during the state of emergency.
 - 2. Is currently licensed.
 - 3. Does not have a provisional license.
- 4. Will be temporarily unable to provide services but is reasonably expected to resume services within 12 months.
- (b) An inactive license may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months but may be renewed by the agency for up to 12

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additional months upon demonstration to the agency of progress toward reopening. A request by a licensee for an inactive license or to extend the previously approved inactive period must be submitted in writing to the agency, accompanied by written justification for the inactive license, which states the beginning and ending dates of inactivity and includes a plan for the transfer of any clients to other providers and appropriate licensure fees. Upon agency approval, the licensee shall notify clients of any necessary discharge or transfer as required by authorizing statutes or applicable rules. The beginning of the inactive licensure period shall be the date the provider ceases operations. The end of the inactive period shall become the license expiration date, and all licensure fees must be current, must be paid in full, and may be prorated. Reactivation of an inactive license requires the prior approval by the agency of a renewal application, including payment of licensure fees and agency inspections indicating compliance with all requirements of this part and applicable rules and statutes.

(4) The agency may adopt rules relating to emergency management planning, communications, and operations. Licensees providing residential or inpatient services must utilize an online database approved by the agency to report information to the agency regarding the provider's emergency status, planning, or operations.

Section 49. Section 408.831, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

408.831 Denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, registration, certificate, or application.-

(1) In addition to any other remedies provided by law, the

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agency may deny each application or suspend or revoke each license, registration, or certificate of entities regulated or licensed by it:

- (a) If the applicant, licensee, or a licensee subject to this part which shares a common controlling interest with the applicant has failed to pay all outstanding fines, liens, or overpayments assessed by final order of the agency or final order of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, not subject to further appeal, unless a repayment plan is approved by the agency; or
 - (b) For failure to comply with any repayment plan.
- (2) In reviewing any application requesting a change of ownership or change of the licensee, registrant, or certificateholder, the transferor shall, prior to agency approval of the change, repay or make arrangements to repay any amounts owed to the agency. Should the transferor fail to repay or make arrangements to repay the amounts owed to the agency, the issuance of a license, registration, or certificate to the transferee shall be delayed until repayment or until arrangements for repayment are made.
- (3) An entity subject to this section may exceed its licensed capacity to act as a receiving facility in accordance with an emergency operations plan for clients of evacuating providers from a geographic area where an evacuation order has been issued by a local authority having jurisdiction. While in an overcapacity status, each provider must furnish or arrange for appropriate care and services to all clients. In addition, the agency may approve requests for overcapacity beyond 15 days, which approvals may be based upon satisfactory justification and

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need as provided by the receiving and sending facilities.

(4) (a) An inactive license may be issued to a licensee subject to this section when the provider is located in a geographic area where a state of emergency was declared by the Covernor if the provider:

1. Suffered damage to its operation during that state of emergency.

- 2. Is currently licensed.
- 3. Does not have a provisional license.
- 4. Will be temporarily unable to provide services but is reasonably expected to resume services within 12 months.

(b) An inactive license may be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months but may be renewed by the agency for up to 12 additional months upon demonstration to the agency of progress toward reopening. A request by a licensee for an inactive license or to extend the previously approved inactive period must be submitted in writing to the agency, accompanied by written justification for the inactive license, which states the beginning and ending dates of inactivity and includes a plan for the transfer of any clients to other providers and appropriate licensure fees. Upon agency approval, the licensee shall notify clients of any necessary discharge or transfer as required by authorizing statutes or applicable rules. The beginning of the inactive licensure period shall be the date the provider ceases operations. The end of the inactive period shall become the licensee expiration date, and all licensure fees must be current, paid in full, and may be prorated. Reactivation of an inactive license requires the prior approval by the agency of a renewal application, including payment of licensure fees and

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agency inspections indicating compliance with all requirements of this part and applicable rules and statutes.

(3) This section provides standards of enforcement applicable to all entities licensed or regulated by the Agency for Health Care Administration. This section controls over any conflicting provisions of chapters 39, 383, 390, 391, 394, 395, 400, 408, 429, 468, 483, and 765 or rules adopted pursuant to those chapters.

Section 50. Subsection (2) of section 408.918, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

408.918 Florida 211 Network; uniform certification requirements.-

- (2) In order to participate in the Florida 211 Network, a 211 provider must be fully accredited by the National certified by the Agency for Health Care Administration. The agency shall develop criteria for certification, as recommended by the Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services or have received approval to operate, pending accreditation, from its affiliate, the Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services, and shall adopt the criteria as administrative rules.
- (a) If any provider of information and referral services or other entity leases a 211 number from a local exchange company and is not authorized as described in this section, certified by the agency, the agency shall, after consultation with the local exchange company and the Public Service Commission shall, request that the Federal Communications Commission direct the local exchange company to revoke the use of the 211 number.
 - (b) The agency shall seek the assistance and guidance of

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the Public Service Commission and the Federal Communications Commission in resolving any disputes arising over jurisdiction related to 211 numbers.

(3) The Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services is the 211 collaborative organization for the state which is responsible for studying, designing, implementing, supporting, and coordinating the Florida 211 Network and for receiving federal grants.

Section 51. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 409.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.221 Consumer-directed care program.-
- (4) CONSUMER-DIRECTED CARE.
- (e) Services.—Consumers shall use the budget allowance only to pay for home and community-based services that meet the consumer's long-term care needs and are a cost-efficient use of funds. Such services may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Personal care.
- 2. Homemaking and chores, including housework, meals, shopping, and transportation.
- 3. Home modifications and assistive devices which may increase the consumer's independence or make it possible to avoid institutional placement.
 - 4. Assistance in taking self-administered medication.
- 5. Day care and respite care services, including those provided by nursing home facilities pursuant to s. 400.141(1)(f) s. 400.141(6) or by adult day care facilities licensed pursuant to s. 429.907.
 - 6. Personal care and support services provided in an



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Section 52. Subsection (5) of section 409.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the term:

- (5) "Change of ownership" means:
- (a) An event in which the provider ownership changes to a different individual legal entity as evidenced by a change in federal employer identification number or taxpayer identification number; or
- (b) An event in which 51 45 percent or more of the ownership, voting shares, membership, or controlling interest of a provider is in any manner transferred or otherwise assigned. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee that is publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange; or
- (c) When the provider is licensed or registered by the agency, an event considered a change of ownership for licensure as defined in s. 408.803 in a corporation whose shares are not publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange is transferred or assigned, including the final transfer or assignment of multiple transfers or assignments over a 2-year period that cumulatively total 45 percent or more.

A change solely in the management company or board of directors is not a change of ownership.

Section 53. Section 429.071, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 54. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) and subsections (2) and (3) of section 429.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to



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429.08 Unlicensed facilities; referral of person for residency to unlicensed facility; penalties; verification of licensure status.-

(1)

- (e) The agency shall publish provide to the department's elder information and referral providers a list, by county, of licensed assisted living facilities, to assist persons who are considering an assisted living facility placement in locating a licensed facility. This information may be provided electronically or through the agency's Internet site.
- (2) Each field office of the Agency for Health Care Administration shall establish a local coordinating workgroup which includes representatives of local law enforcement agencies, state attorneys, the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs, local fire authorities, the Department of Children and Family Services, the district longterm care ombudsman council, and the district human rights advocacy committee to assist in identifying the operation of unlicensed facilities and to develop and implement a plan to ensure effective enforcement of state laws relating to such facilities. The workgroup shall report its findings, actions, and recommendations semiannually to the Director of Health Quality Assurance of the agency.
- (2) (3) It is unlawful to knowingly refer a person for residency to an unlicensed assisted living facility; to an assisted living facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to an assisted living facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408. Any

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person who violates this subsection commits a noncriminal violation, punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500 as provided in s. 775.083.

- (a) Any health care practitioner, as defined in s. 456.001, who is aware of the operation of an unlicensed facility shall report that facility to the agency. Failure to report a facility that the practitioner knows or has reasonable cause to suspect is unlicensed shall be reported to the practitioner's licensing board.
- (b) Any provider as defined in s. 408.803 hospital or community mental health center licensed under chapter 395 or chapter 394 which knowingly discharges a patient or client to an unlicensed facility is subject to sanction by the agency.
- (c) Any employee of the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, who knowingly refers a person for residency to an unlicensed facility; to a facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to a facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408 is subject to disciplinary action by the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services.
- (d) The employer of any person who is under contract with the agency or department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, and who knowingly refers a person for residency to an unlicensed facility; to a facility the license of which is under denial or has been suspended or revoked; or to a facility that has a moratorium pursuant to part II of chapter 408 shall be fined and required to prepare a corrective action plan designed to prevent such referrals.

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(e) The agency shall provide the department and the Department of Children and Family Services with a list of licensed facilities within each county and shall update the list at least quarterly.

(f) At least annually, the agency shall notify, in appropriate trade publications, physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, hospitals licensed under chapter 395, nursing home facilities licensed under part II of chapter 400, and employees of the agency or the department, or the Department of Children and Family Services, who are responsible for referring persons for residency, that it is unlawful to knowingly refer a person for residency to an unlicensed assisted living facility and shall notify them of the penalty for violating such prohibition. The department and the Department of Children and Family Services shall, in turn, notify service providers under contract to the respective departments who have responsibility for resident referrals to facilities. Further, the notice must direct each noticed facility and individual to contact the appropriate agency office in order to verify the licensure status of any facility prior to referring any person for residency. Each notice must include the name, telephone number, and mailing address of the appropriate office to contact.

Section 55. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 429.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.14 Administrative penalties.

(1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the agency may deny, revoke, and suspend any license issued under this part and impose an administrative fine in the manner

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provided in chapter 120 against a licensee of an assisted living facility for a violation of any provision of this part, part II of chapter 408, or applicable rules, or for any of the following actions by a licensee of an assisted living facility, for the actions of any person subject to level 2 background screening under s. 408.809, or for the actions of any facility employee:

- (e) A citation of any of the following deficiencies as specified defined in s. 429.19:
 - 1. One or more cited class I deficiencies.
 - 2. Three or more cited class II deficiencies.
- 3. Five or more cited class III deficiencies that have been cited on a single survey and have not been corrected within the times specified.

Section 56. Section 429.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 429.19 Violations; imposition of administrative fines; arounds.-
- (1) In addition to the requirements of part II of chapter 408, the agency shall impose an administrative fine in the manner provided in chapter 120 for the violation of any provision of this part, part II of chapter 408, and applicable rules by an assisted living facility, for the actions of any person subject to level 2 background screening under s. 408.809, for the actions of any facility employee, or for an intentional or negligent act seriously affecting the health, safety, or welfare of a resident of the facility.
- (2) Each violation of this part and adopted rules shall be classified according to the nature of the violation and the gravity of its probable effect on facility residents. The agency

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shall indicate the classification on the written notice of the violation as follows:

- (a) Class "I" violations are defined in s. 408.813 those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines present an imminent danger to the residents or guests of the facility or a substantial probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm would result therefrom. The condition or practice constituting a class I violation shall be abated or eliminated within 24 hours, unless a fixed period, as determined by the agency, is required for correction. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class I violation in an amount not less than \$5,000 and not exceeding \$10,000 for each violation. A fine may be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
- (b) Class "II" violations are defined in s. 408.813 those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines directly threaten the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of the facility residents, other than class I violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class II violation in an amount not less than \$1,000 and not exceeding \$5,000 for each violation. A fine shall be levied notwithstanding the correction of the violation.
- (c) Class "III" violations are defined in s. 408.813 those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a facility or to the personal care of residents which the agency determines indirectly or potentially threaten

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the physical or emotional health, safety, or security of facility residents, other than class I or class II violations. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class III violation in an amount not less than \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000 for each violation. A citation for a class III violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class III violation is corrected within the time specified, no fine may be imposed, unless it is a repeated offense.

- (d) Class "IV" violations are defined in s. 408.813 those conditions or occurrences related to the operation and maintenance of a building or to required reports, forms, or documents that do not have the potential of negatively affecting residents. These violations are of a type that the agency determines do not threaten the health, safety, or security of residents of the facility. The agency shall impose an administrative fine for a cited class IV violation in an amount not less than \$100 and not exceeding \$200 for each violation. A citation for a class IV violation must specify the time within which the violation is required to be corrected. If a class IV violation is corrected within the time specified, no fine shall be imposed. Any class IV violation that is corrected during the time an agency survey is being conducted will be identified as an agency finding and not as a violation.
- (3) For purposes of this section, in determining if a penalty is to be imposed and in fixing the amount of the fine, the agency shall consider the following factors:
- (a) The gravity of the violation, including the probability that death or serious physical or emotional harm to a resident

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will result or has resulted, the severity of the action or potential harm, and the extent to which the provisions of the applicable laws or rules were violated.

- (b) Actions taken by the owner or administrator to correct violations.
 - (c) Any previous violations.
- (d) The financial benefit to the facility of committing or continuing the violation.
 - (e) The licensed capacity of the facility.
- (4) Each day of continuing violation after the date fixed for termination of the violation, as ordered by the agency, constitutes an additional, separate, and distinct violation.
- (5) Any action taken to correct a violation shall be documented in writing by the owner or administrator of the facility and verified through followup visits by agency personnel. The agency may impose a fine and, in the case of an owner-operated facility, revoke or deny a facility's license when a facility administrator fraudulently misrepresents action taken to correct a violation.
- (6) Any facility whose owner fails to apply for a changeof-ownership license in accordance with part II of chapter 408 and operates the facility under the new ownership is subject to a fine of \$5,000.
- (7) In addition to any administrative fines imposed, the agency may assess a survey fee, equal to the lesser of one half of the facility's biennial license and bed fee or \$500, to cover the cost of conducting initial complaint investigations that result in the finding of a violation that was the subject of the complaint or monitoring visits conducted under s. 429.28(3)(c)

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to verify the correction of the violations.

- (8) During an inspection, the agency, as an alternative to or in conjunction with an administrative action against a facility for violations of this part and adopted rules, shall make a reasonable attempt to discuss each violation and recommended corrective action with the owner or administrator of the facility, prior to written notification. The agency, instead of fixing a period within which the facility shall enter into compliance with standards, may request a plan of corrective action from the facility which demonstrates a good faith effort to remedy each violation by a specific date, subject to the approval of the agency.
- (9) The agency shall develop and disseminate an annual list of all facilities sanctioned or fined \$5,000 or more for violations of state standards, the number and class of violations involved, the penalties imposed, and the current status of cases. The list shall be disseminated, at no charge, to the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the area agencies on aging, the Florida Statewide Advocacy Council, and the state and local ombudsman councils. The Department of Children and Family Services shall disseminate the list to service providers under contract to the department who are responsible for referring persons to a facility for residency. The agency may charge a fee commensurate with the cost of printing and postage to other interested parties requesting a copy of this list. This information may be provided electronically or through the agency's Internet site.



Section 57. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 429.23, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 429.23 Internal risk management and quality assurance program; adverse incidents and reporting requirements.-
- (2) Every facility licensed under this part is required to maintain adverse incident reports. For purposes of this section, the term, "adverse incident" means:
- (a) An event over which facility personnel could exercise control rather than as a result of the resident's condition and results in:
 - 1. Death:

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- 2. Brain or spinal damage;
- 3. Permanent disfigurement;
- 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
- 5. Any condition that required medical attention to which the resident has not given his or her consent, including failure to honor advanced directives;
- 6. Any condition that requires the transfer of the resident from the facility to a unit providing more acute care due to the incident rather than the resident's condition before the incident; or-
- 7. An event that is reported to law enforcement or its personnel for investigation; or
- (b) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation as defined 415.102;
 - (c) Events reported to law enforcement; or
- (b) (d) Resident elopement, if the elopement places the resident at risk of harm or injury.
 - (6) Abuse, neglect, or exploitation must be reported to the

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Department of Children and Family Services as required under chapter 415 The agency shall annually submit to the Legislature a report on assisted living facility adverse incident reports. The report must include the following information arranged by county: (a) A total number of adverse incidents; (b) A listing, by category, of the type of adverse incidents occurring within each category and the type of staff involved;

- (c) A listing, by category, of the types of injuries, if any, and the number of injuries occurring within each category;
- (d) Types of liability claims filed based on an adverse incident report or reportable injury; and
- (e) Disciplinary action taken against staff, categorized by the type of staff involved.
- Section 58. Subsection (9) of section 429.26, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
- Section 59. Subsection (3) of section 430.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 430.80 Implementation of a teaching nursing home pilot project.-
- (3) To be designated as a teaching nursing home, a nursing home licensee must, at a minimum:
- (a) Provide a comprehensive program of integrated senior services that include institutional services and community-based services;
- (b) Participate in a nationally recognized accreditation program and hold a valid accreditation, such as the accreditation awarded by the Joint Commission on Accreditation



of Healthcare Organizations;

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- (c) Have been in business in this state for a minimum of 10 consecutive years;
- (d) Demonstrate an active program in multidisciplinary education and research that relates to gerontology;
- (e) Have a formalized contractual relationship with at least one accredited health profession education program located in this state;
- (f) Have a formalized contractual relationship with an accredited hospital that is designated by law as a teaching hospital; and
- (g) Have senior staff members who hold formal faculty appointments at universities, which must include at least one accredited health profession education program.
- (h) Maintain insurance coverage pursuant to s. 400.141(1)(s) s. 400.141(20) or proof of financial responsibility in a minimum amount of \$750,000. Such proof of financial responsibility may include:
- 1. Maintaining an escrow account consisting of cash or assets eligible for deposit in accordance with s. 625.52; or
- 2. Obtaining and maintaining pursuant to chapter 675 an unexpired, irrevocable, nontransferable and nonassignable letter of credit issued by any bank or savings association organized and existing under the laws of this state or any bank or savings association organized under the laws of the United States that has its principal place of business in this state or has a branch office which is authorized to receive deposits in this state. The letter of credit shall be used to satisfy the obligation of the facility to the claimant upon presentment of a

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final judgment indicating liability and awarding damages to be paid by the facility or upon presentment of a settlement agreement signed by all parties to the agreement when such final judgment or settlement is a result of a liability claim against the facility.

Section 60. Subsection (5) of section 435.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

435.04 Level 2 screening standards.-

(5) Under penalty of perjury, all employees in such positions of trust or responsibility shall attest to meeting the requirements for qualifying for employment and agreeing to inform the employer immediately if convicted of any of the disqualifying offenses while employed by the employer. Each employer of employees in such positions of trust or responsibilities which is licensed or registered by a state agency shall submit to the licensing agency annually or at the time of license renewal, under penalty of perjury, an affidavit of compliance with the provisions of this section.

Section 61. Subsection (3) of section 435.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 435.05 Requirements for covered employees.—Except as otherwise provided by law, the following requirements shall apply to covered employees:
- (3) Each employer required to conduct level 2 background screening must sign an affidavit annually or at the time of license renewal, under penalty of perjury, stating that all covered employees have been screened or are newly hired and are awaiting the results of the required screening checks.

Section 62. Subsection (2) of section 483.031, Florida



3153 Statutes, is amended to read:

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483.031 Application of part; exemptions.—This part applies to all clinical laboratories within this state, except:

(2) A clinical laboratory that performs only waived tests and has received a certificate of exemption from the agency under s. 483.106.

Section 63. Subsection (10) of section 483.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.041 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(10) "Waived test" means a test that the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Health Care Financing Administration has determined qualifies for a certificate of waiver under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988, and the federal rules adopted thereunder.

Section 64. Section 483.106, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 65. Subsection (3) of section 483.172, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.172 License fees.-

(3) The agency shall assess a biennial fee of \$100 for a certificate of exemption and a \$100 biennial license fee under this section for facilities surveyed by an approved accrediting organization.

Section 66. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.4239, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.4239 Coverage for use of drugs in treatment of cancer.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Standard reference compendium" means authoritative compendia identified by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services and recognized by the



3182	federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services:
3183	1. The United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information;
3184	2. The American Medical Association Drug Evaluations; or
3185	3. The American Hospital Formulary Service Drug
3186	Information.
3187	Section 67. Subsection (13) of section 651.118, Florida
3188	Statutes, is amended to read:
3189	651.118 Agency for Health Care Administration; certificates
3190	of need; sheltered beds; community beds
3191	(13) Residents, as defined in this chapter, are not
3192	considered new admissions for the purpose of $\underline{\text{s. }400.141}$
3193	(1)(0)1.d. s. 400.141(15)(d).
3194	Section 68. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.
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3197	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
3198	And the title is amended as follows:
3199	Delete everything before the enacting clause
3200	and insert:
3201	A bill to be entitled
3202	An act relating to health care; providing legislative
3203	findings; designating Miami-Dade County as a health
3204	care fraud area of concern; amending s. 68.085, F.S.;
3205	allocating certain funds recovered under the Florida
3206	False Claims Act to fund rewards for persons who
3207	report and provide information relating to Medicaid
3208	fraud; amending s. 68.086, F.S.; providing that a
3209	defendant who prevails in an action under the Florida

False Claims Act may be awarded attorney's fees and

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costs against the person bringing the action under certain circumstances; amending s. 400.471, F.S.; prohibiting the Agency for Health Care Administration from renewing a license of a home health agency in certain counties if the agency has been sanctioned for certain misconduct; amending s. 400.474, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to deny, revoke, or suspend the license of or fine a home health agency that provides remuneration to certain facilities or bills the Medicaid program for medically unnecessary services; amending s. 400.506, F.S.; exempting certain items from a prohibition against providing remuneration to certain persons by a nurse registry; creating s. 408.8065, F.S.; providing additional licensure requirements for home health agencies, home medical equipment providers, and health care clinics; imposing criminal penalties against a person who knowingly submits misleading information to the Agency for Health Care Administration in connection with applications for certain licenses; amending s. 408.810, F.S.; revising provisions relating to information required for licensure; requiring certain licensees to provide clients with a description of Medicaid fraud and the statewide tollfree telephone number for the central Medicaid fraud hotline; amending s. 408.815, F.S.; providing additional grounds to deny an application for a license; amending s. 409.905, F.S.; authorizing the Agency for Health Care Administration to require prior

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authorization of care based on utilization rates; requiring a home health agency to submit a plan of care and documentation of a recipient's medical condition to the Agency for Health Care Administration when requesting prior authorization; prohibiting the Agency for Health Care Administration from paying for home health services unless specified requirements are satisfied; amending s. 409.907, F.S.; providing for certain out-of-state providers to enroll as Medicaid providers; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish norms for the utilization of Medicaid services; requiring the agency to submit a report relating to the overutilization of Medicaid services; amending s. 409.913, F.S.; requiring that the annual report submitted by the Agency for Health Care Administration and the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Department of Legal Affairs recommend changes necessary to prevent and detect Medicaid fraud; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to monitor patterns of overutilization of Medicaid services; requiring the agency to deny payment or require repayment for Medicaid services under certain circumstances; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to immediately terminate a Medicaid provider's participation in the Medicaid program as a result of certain adjudications against the provider or certain affiliated persons; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to suspend or terminate

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a Medicaid provider's participation in the Medicaid program if the provider or certain affiliated persons participating in the Medicaid program have been suspended or terminated by the Federal Government or another state; providing that a provider is subject to sanctions for violations of law as the result of actions or inactions of the provider or certain affiliated persons; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to use specified documents from a provider's records to calculate an overpayment by the Medicaid program; prohibiting a provider from using certain documents or data as evidence when challenging a claim of overpayment by the Agency for Health Care Administration; providing an exception; requiring that the agency provide notice of certain administrative sanctions to other regulatory agencies within a specified period; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to withhold or deny Medicaid payments under certain circumstances; requiring the agency to terminate a provider's participation in the Medicaid program if the provider fails to repay certain overpayments from the Medicaid program; requiring the agency to provide at least annually information on Medicaid fraud in an explanation of benefits letter; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to post a list on its website of Medicaid providers and affiliated persons of providers who have been terminated or sanctioned; requiring the agency to take certain actions to improve the prevention and

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detection of health care fraud through the use of technology; amending s. 409.920, F.S.; defining the term "managed care plan"; providing criminal penalties and fines for Medicaid fraud; granting civil immunity to certain persons who report suspected Medicaid fraud; creating s. 409.9203, F.S.; authorizing the payment of rewards to persons who report and provide information relating to Medicaid fraud; amending s. 456.004, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to work cooperatively with the Agency for Health Care Administration and the judicial system to recover overpayments by the Medicaid program; amending s. 456.041, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to include a statement in the practitioner profile if a practitioner has been terminated from participating in the Medicaid program; creating s. 456.0635, F.S.; prohibiting Medicaid fraud in the practice of health care professions; requiring the Department of Health or boards within the department to refuse to admit to exams and to deny licenses, permits, or certificates to certain persons who have engaged in certain acts; requiring health care practitioners to report allegations of Medicaid fraud; specifying that acceptance of the relinquishment of a license in anticipation of charges relating to Medicaid fraud constitutes permanent revocation of a license; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; creating additional grounds for the Department of Health to take disciplinary action against certain applicants or licensees for

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misconduct relating to a Medicaid program or to health care fraud; amending s. 456.074, F.S.; requiring the Department of Health to issue an emergency order suspending the license of a person who engages in certain criminal conduct relating to the Medicaid program; amending s. 465.022, F.S.; authorizing partnerships and corporations to obtain pharmacy permits; requiring applicants or certain persons affiliated with an applicant for a pharmacy permit to submit a set of fingerprints for a criminal history records check and pay the costs of the criminal history records check; requiring the Department of Health or Board of Pharmacy to deny an application for a pharmacy permit for certain misconduct by the applicant; or persons affiliated with the applicant; amending s. 465.023, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Health or the Board of Pharmacy to take disciplinary action against a permitee for certain misconduct by the permitee, or persons affiliated with the permitee; amending s. 825.103, F.S.; redefining the term "exploitation of an elderly person or disabled adult"; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; revising the severity level ranking of Medicaid fraud under the Criminal Punishment Code; creating a pilot project to monitor and verify the delivery of home health services and provide for electronic claims for home health services; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to issue a report evaluating the pilot project; creating a pilot project for home health care

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management in Miami-Dade County; amending ss. 400.0077 and 430.608, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; repealing s. 395.0199, F.S., relating to private utilization review of health care services; amending ss. 395.405 and 400.0712, F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 400.118(2), F.S.; removing provisions requiring quality-of-care monitors for nursing facilities in agency district offices; amending s. 400.141, F.S.; deleting a requirement that licensed nursing home facilities provide the agency with a monthly report on the number of vacant beds in the facility; amending s. 400.147, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "adverse incident" for reporting purposes; requiring abuse, neglect, and exploitation to be reported to the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services; deleting a requirement that the agency submit an annual report on nursing home adverse incidents to the Legislature; amending s. 400.162, F.S.; revising requirements for policies and procedures regarding the safekeeping of a resident's personal effects and property; amending s. 400.191; F.S.; revising the information on the agency's Internet site regarding nursing homes; deleting the provision that requires the agency to provide information about nursing homes in printed form; amending s. 400.195, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 400.23, F.S.; deleting the requirement of the agency to adopt rules regarding the eating assistance provided to residents; amending

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s. 400.9935, F.S.; revising accreditation requirements for clinics providing magnetic resonance imaging services; amending s. 400.995, F.S.; revising agency responsibilities with respect to agency administrative penalties; amending s. 408.803, F.S.; revising definitions applicable to part II of ch. 408, F.S., the "Health Care Licensing Procedures Act"; amending s. 408.806, F.S.; revising contents of and procedures relating to health care provider applications for licensure; providing an exception from certain licensure inspections for adult family-care homes; authorizing the agency to provide electronic access to certain information and documents; amending s. 408.808, F.S.; providing for a provisional license to be issued to applicants applying for a change of ownership; providing a time limit on provisional licenses; amending s. 408.809, F.S.; revising provisions relating to background screening of specified employees; requiring health care providers to submit to the agency an affidavit of compliance with background screening requirements at the time of license renewal; deleting a provision to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 408.811, F.S.; providing for certain inspections to be accepted in lieu of complete licensure inspections; granting agency access to records requested during an offsite review; providing timeframes for correction of certain deficiencies and submission of plans to correct the deficiencies; amending s. 408.813, F.S.; providing

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classifications of violations of part II of ch. 408, F.S.; providing for fines; amending s. 408.820, F.S.; revising applicability of certain exemptions from specified requirements of part II of ch. 408, F.S.; creating s. 408.821, F.S.; requiring entities regulated or licensed by the agency to designate a liaison officer for emergency operations; authorizing entities regulated or licensed by the agency to temporarily exceed their licensed capacity to act as receiving providers under specified circumstances; providing requirements that apply while such entities are in an overcapacity status; providing for issuance of an inactive license to such licensees under specified conditions; providing requirements and procedures with respect to the issuance and reactivation of an inactive license; authorizing the agency to adopt rules; amending s. 408.831, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the authorization for entities regulated or licensed by the agency to exceed their licensed capacity to act as receiving facilities and issuance and reactivation of inactive licenses; amending s. 408.918, F.S.; revising the requirements of a provider to participate in the Florida 211 network; requiring the Public Service Commission to request the Federal Communications Commission to direct the revocation of a 211 number under certain circumstances; deleting the requirement for the Agency for Health Care Administration to seek assistance in resolving jurisdictional disputes related to 211

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numbers; providing that the Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services is the collaborative organization for the state; amending s. 409.221, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; redefining the term "change of ownership" as it relates to Medicaid providers; repealing s. 429.071, F.S., relating to the intergenerational respite care assisted living facility pilot program; amending s. 429.08, F.S.; authorizing the agency to provide information regarding licensed assisted living facilities on its Internet website; abolishing local coordinating workgroups established by agency field offices; amending s. 429.14, F.S.; conforming a reference; amending s. 429.19, F.S.; revising agency procedures for imposition of fines for violations of part I of ch. 429, F.S., the "Assisted Living Facilities Act"; amending s. 429.23, F.S.; redefining the term "adverse incident" for reporting purposes; requiring abuse, neglect, and exploitation to be reported to the agency and the Department of Children and Family Services; deleting a requirement that the agency submit an annual report on assisted living facility adverse incidents to the Legislature; repealing s. 429.26(9), F.S., relating to the removal of the requirement for a resident of an assisted living facility to undergo examinations and evaluations under certain circumstances; amending s. 430.80, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 435.04 and 435.05, F.S.; requiring employers of

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certain employees to submit an affidavit of compliance with level 2 screening requirements at the time of license renewal; amending s. 483.031, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the exemption of certain clinical laboratories, to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 483.041, F.S.; redefining the term "waived test" as it is used in part I of ch. 483, F.S., the "Florida Clinical Laboratory Law"; repealing s. 483.106, F.S., relating to applications for certificates of exemption by clinical laboratories that perform certain tests; amending ss. 483.172, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 627.4239, F.S.; revising the term "standard reference compendium"; amending s. 651.118, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective date.