Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
	•	
	•	
Floor: 1/F/2R		
04/29/2009 03:38 PM	•	
04/29/2009 03:38 PM	•	

Senator Storms moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 1229 - 2421

and insert:

Section 14. Electronic gaming machine areas.-

(1) An electronic gaming machine licensee may make available for play up to 1,000 electronic gaming machines within an eligible facility in a designated electronic gaming machine area. No more than 1,000 electronic gaming machines shall be authorized at a facility regardless of the number of permitholders conducting operations at that facility. (2) The electronic gaming machine licensee shall display

Page 1 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1	
13	pari-mutuel races or games within the designated electronic
14	gaming machine areas and offer patrons within such areas the
15	opportunity to wager on live, intertrack, and simulcast races.
16	(3) The division shall require the posting of signs warning
17	of the risks and dangers of gambling, showing the odds of
18	winning, and informing patrons of the toll-free telephone number
19	available to provide information and referral services regarding
20	compulsive or problem gambling.
21	(4) Designated electronic gaming machine areas may be
22	located within a live gaming facility or an existing building
23	that is contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility. If
24	such gaming area is to be located in a building that is not yet
25	constructed, the new building must be contiguous and connected
26	to the live gaming facility.
27	(5) An electronic gaming machine licensee shall provide
28	adequate office space at no cost to the division and the
29	Department of Law Enforcement for the oversight of electronic
30	gaming machine operations. The division shall adopt rules
31	establishing criteria for adequate space, configuration, and
32	location and needed electronic and technological requirements.
33	Section 15. Days and hours of operationElectronic gaming
34	machine areas may be open daily throughout the year. They may be
35	open a cumulative total of 18 hours per day on Monday through
36	Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on
37	holidays specified in s. 110.117(1), Florida Statutes.
38	Section 16. PenaltiesThe division may revoke or suspend
39	an electronic gaming machine license issued under this act upon
40	the willful violation by the licensee of any law or rule
41	regulating electronic gaming. In lieu of suspending or revoking

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

42	an electronic gaming machine license, the division may impose a
43	civil penalty against the licensee for such violation. Except as
44	otherwise provided in this act, the division may not impose a
45	penalty that exceeds \$100,000 for each count or separate
46	offense. All fines collected must be deposited into the Pari-
47	mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and
48	Professional Regulation.
49	Section 17. Compulsive or addictive gambling prevention
50	program.—
51	(1) Each electronic gaming machine licensee shall offer
52	training to employees on responsible gaming and shall work with
53	a compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program to
54	recognize problem gaming situations and implement responsible
55	gaming programs and practices.
56	(2) The division shall, subject to competitive bidding,
57	contract for services related to the prevention of compulsive
58	and addictive gambling. The contract shall require an
59	advertising program to encourage responsible gaming practices
60	and publicize a gambling telephone help line. Such
61	advertisements must be made both publicly and inside the
62	designated electronic gaming machine areas of the licensee's
63	facilities. The terms of any contract for such services shall
64	include accountability standards for any private provider. The
65	failure of a private provider to meet any material term of the
66	contract, including the accountability standards, constitutes a
67	breach of contract or grounds for nonrenewal.
68	(3) The compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program
69	shall be funded from an annual nonrefundable regulatory fee of
70	\$250,000 paid by each licensee.

Page 3 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

71	Section 18. Caterer's licenseAn electronic gaming machine
72	licensee is entitled to a caterer's license pursuant to s.
73	565.02, Florida Statutes, on days on which the pari-mutuel
74	facility is open to the public for electronic gaming machine
75	play.
76	Section 19. Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions.
77	(1) Complimentary or reduced-cost alcoholic beverages may
78	not be served to persons in the designated electronic gaming
79	machine area. Alcoholic beverages served to persons in the
80	designated electronic gaming machine area shall cost at least
81	the same amount as alcoholic beverages served to the general
82	public at any bar within the facility.
83	(2) An electronic gaming machine licensee may not make
84	loans, provide credit, or advance cash to enable a person to
85	play an electronic gaming machine. This subsection does not
86	prohibit automated ticket redemption machines that dispense cash
87	from the redemption of tickets from being located in the
88	designated electronic gaming machine area.
89	(3) An automated teller machine or similar device designed
90	to provide credit or dispense cash may not be located within the
91	designated electronic gaming machine area.
92	(4)(a) An electronic gaming machine licensee may not accept
93	or cash a check from any person within the designated electronic
94	gaming machine area of a facility.
95	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) for employees of
96	the facility, an electronic gaming machine licensee may not
97	accept or cash for any person within the facility a government-
98	issued check, third-party check, or payroll check made payable
99	to an individual.

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

100	(c) Outside the designated electronic gaming machine area,
101	an electronic gaming machine licensee or operator may accept or
102	cash a check for an employee of the facility who is prohibited
103	from wagering on an electronic gaming machine under s.
104	551.108(5), Florida Statutes, a check made directly payable to a
105	person licensed by the division, or a check made directly
106	payable to the licensee or operator from:
107	1. A pari-mutuel patron; or
108	2. A pari-mutuel facility in any state.
109	(d) Unless accepting or cashing a check is prohibited by
110	this subsection, an electronic gaming machine licensee or
111	operator may accept and deposit in its accounts checks received
112	in the normal course of business.
113	(5) An electronic gaming machine, or the computer operating
114	system linked to an electronic gaming machine, may be linked to
115	any other electronic gaming machine or computer operating system
116	within this state.
117	(6) An electronic gaming machine located within a licensed
118	facility may accept tickets or electronic or account-based cards
119	for wagering. Such machines may return or deliver payouts to the
120	players in the form of tickets or electronic or account-based
121	credits that may be exchanged for cash, merchandise, or other
122	items of value. The use of coins, currency, credit or debit
123	cards, tokens, or similar objects is prohibited.
124	Section 20. Rulemaking.—The division may adopt rules to
125	administer this act.
126	Section 21. PreemptionThe Legislature finds and declares
127	that it has exclusive authority over the conduct of all wagering
128	occurring at electronic gaming machine facilities in this state.

Page 5 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

129	Only the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and other authorized
130	state agencies may administer this act and regulate the
131	electronic gaming machine industry, including operation of
132	electronic gaming machine facilities, games, electronic gaming
133	machines, and facilities-based computer systems authorized in
134	this act and the rules adopted by the division.
135	Section 22. Application to bingo games operated by
136	charitable or nonprofit organizationsSections 1 through 22 of
137	this act do not apply to the use of player-operated bingo aides
138	used in bingo games conducted by charitable, nonprofit, or
139	veterans' organizations authorized to conduct bingo under s.
140	849.0931, Florida Statutes. Sections 1 through 22 of this act do
141	not apply to game promotions or operators regulated under s.
142	849.094, Florida Statutes.
143	Section 23. Paragraph (x) is added to subsection (1) of
144	section 215.22, Florida Statutes, to read:
145	215.22 Certain income and certain trust funds exempt
146	(1) The following income of a revenue nature or the
147	following trust funds shall be exempt from the appropriation
148	required by s. 215.20(1):
149	(x) Taxes imposed on electronic gaming and electronic
150	gaming machines at eligible pari-mutuel facilities.
151	Section 24. The Department of Business and Professional
152	Regulation may expend the unreserved cash balance in the Pari-
153	mutuel Wagering Trust Fund received from other revenue sources
154	to implement electronic gaming regulation and investigations
155	during the 2009-2010 fiscal year. Before the use of such other
156	revenues, the department shall submit a repayment plan for
157	approval by the Executive Office of the Governor in consultation

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

158 with the chair and vice chair of the Legislative Budget 159 Commission. The department shall repay such funds using 160 electronic gaming machine license revenue sources by April 1, 161 2010. The repaid funds are subject to the requirements of s. 162 550.135(2), Florida Statutes.

Section 25. Present subsections (11), (32), and (38) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, are amended, a new subsection (15) is added to that section, and present subsections (15) through (39) of that section are renumbered as subsections (16) through (40), respectively, to read:

168

550.002 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:

169 (11) "Full schedule of live racing or games" means, for a greyhound or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination 170 171 of at least 100 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a permitholder who has a converted permit or 172 173 filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted 174 permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matinee wagering performances during either of the 2 175 176 preceding years; for a jai alai permitholder who does not 177 operate slot machines, electronic gaming machines, or historical 178 racing systems in its pari-mutuel facility, who has conducted at 179 least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after 180 December 31, 1992, and whose handle on live jai alai games 181 conducted at its pari-mutuel facility has been less than \$4 182 million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years 183 after June 30, 1992, the conduct of a combination of at least 40 184 live evening or matinee performances during the preceding year; for a jai alai permitholder who operates slot machines 185 electronic gaming machines, or historical racing systems in its 186

Page 7 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



187 pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of a combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year; for a harness 188 189 permitholder, the conduct of at least 100 live regular wagering 190 performances during the preceding year; for a quarter horse 191 permitholder, at its facility unless an alternative schedule of 192 at least 20 live regular wagering performances is agreed upon by 193 the permitholder and the horsemen's association representing the 194 majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the 195 facility and filed with the division along with its annual date application, in the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at 196 197 least 20 regular wagering performances, in the 2011-2012 and 198 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances, and for every fiscal year after the 2012-199 200 2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular 201 wagering performances during the preceding year; for a quarter 202 horse permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the 203 conduct of 160 events at the leased facility; and for a 204 thoroughbred permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live 205 regular wagering performances during the preceding year. For a 206 permitholder which is restricted by statute to certain operating 207 periods within the year when other members of its same class of 208 permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the 209 specified number of live performances which constitute a full 210 schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized 211 operating period and the full calendar year and the resulting 212 213 specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholder and all other 214 215 permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



216 permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than 217 eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of 218 three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed 219 facility under a single admission charge.

(15) "Historical racing system" means a form of pari-mutuel wagering based on audio or video signals of in-state or out-ofstate races which are sent from an in-state server and operated by a licensed totalisator company and which are displayed at individual wagering terminals at a licensed pari-mutuel facility.

226 <u>(33)(32)</u> "Simulcasting" means broadcasting events occurring 227 live at an in-state location to an out-of-state location, or 228 receiving at an in-state location events occurring live at an 229 out-of-state location, by the transmittal, retransmittal, 230 reception, and rebroadcast of television or radio signals by 231 wire, cable, satellite, microwave, or other electrical or 232 electronic means for receiving or rebroadcasting the events.

233 <u>(39) (38)</u> "Year," for purposes of determining a full 234 schedule of live racing, means <u>the state fiscal</u> calendar year. 235 Section 26. Subsection (3) of section 550.01215, Florida

236 Statutes, is amended to read:

237 550.01215 License application; periods of operation; bond, 238 conversion of permit.-

(3) Except as provided in s. 550.5251 for thoroughbred
racing, The division shall issue each license no later than
March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at
the date and time specified on its license. The division shall
have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates
after a license has been issued. The division may approve

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



245 changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when 246 there is no objection from any operating permitholder located 247 within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in 248 operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division 249 shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based 250 upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 251 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating 252 dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the 253 division shall take into consideration the impact of such 254 changes on state revenues.

255 Section 27. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsections 256 (5) and (6) of section 550.0951, Florida Statutes, are amended 257 to read:

258 550.0951 Payment of daily license fee and taxes; 259 penalties.-

(1)

260

261 (b) Each permitholder that cannot utilize the full amount of the exemption of \$360,000 or \$500,000 provided in s. 262 263 550.09514(1) or the daily license fee credit provided in this 264 section may, after notifying the division in writing, elect once 265 per state fiscal year on a form provided by the division to 266 transfer such exemption or credit or any portion thereof to any 267 greyhound permitholder which acts as a host track to such 268 permitholder for the purpose of intertrack wagering. Once an 269 election to transfer such exemption or credit is filed with the 270 division, it shall not be rescinded. The division shall 271 disapprove the transfer when the amount of the exemption or credit or portion thereof is unavailable to the transferring 272 273 permitholder or when the permitholder who is entitled to

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



274 transfer the exemption or credit or who is entitled to receive 275 the exemption or credit owes taxes to the state pursuant to a 276 deficiency letter or administrative complaint issued by the 277 division. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, the 278 transferred tax exemption or credit shall be effective for the 279 first performance of the next payment biweekly pay period as 280 specified in subsection (5). The exemption or credit transferred 281 to such host track may be applied by such host track against any 2.82 taxes imposed by this chapter or daily license fees imposed by 283 this chapter. The greyhound permitholder host track to which 284 such exemption or credit is transferred shall reimburse such 285 permitholder the exact monetary value of such transferred 286 exemption or credit as actually applied against the taxes and 287 daily license fees of the host track. The division shall ensure 288 that all transfers of exemption or credit are made in accordance 289 with this subsection and shall have the authority to adopt rules 290 to ensure the implementation of this section.

291 (5) (a) Each permitholder conducting historical racing 292 pursuant to s. 550.810 shall pay a tax equal to 4 percent of the 293 <u>handle from the historical racing system.</u>

294 (b) The permitholder, upon authorization to conduct 295 historical racing pursuant to s. 550.810 and annually 296 thereafter, on the anniversary date of the authorization, shall pay a fee to the division of \$1 million. The fee shall be 297 298 deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the 299 Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by 300 the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for 301 investigations, regulation of historic racing, and enforcement of historic racing provisions. 302

Page 11 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



303 (6) (5) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF FEES AND TAXES.-Payments Payment for the admission tax, tax on handle, and the breaks tax 304 305 imposed by this section shall be paid to the division. The 306 division shall deposit these sums with the Chief Financial 307 Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, 308 hereby established. The permitholder shall remit to the division 309 payment for the daily license fee, the admission tax, the tax on 310 handle, and the breaks tax. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 311 p.m. Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and collected for 312 the preceding week ending on Sunday. Beginning on July 1, 2012, 313 such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each calendar month for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding 314 315 calendar month. If the 5th day of the calendar month falls on a 316 weekend, payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. the first Monday 317 following the weekend. Permitholders shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes 318 319 remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing the total of 320 321 all admissions, the pari-mutuel wagering activities for the 322 preceding calendar month, and such other information as may be 323 prescribed by the division.

<u>(7)</u> PENALTIES.-

324

(a) The failure of any permitholder to make payments as
prescribed in subsection (6) (5) is a violation of this section,
and the permitholder may be subjected by the division to a civil
penalty of up to \$1,000 for each day the tax payment is not
remitted. All penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited
in the General Revenue Fund. If a permitholder fails to pay
penalties imposed by order of the division under this

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



332 subsection, the division may suspend or revoke the license of 333 the permitholder, cancel the permit of the permitholder, or deny 334 issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.

(b) In addition to the civil penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), any willful or wanton failure by any permitholder to make payments of the daily license fee, admission tax, tax on handle, or breaks tax constitutes sufficient grounds for the division to suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, to cancel the permit of the permitholder, or to deny issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.

342 Section 28. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and paragraph 343 (b) of subsection (3) of section 550.09511, Florida Statutes, 344 are amended to read:

345 550.09511 Jai alai taxes; abandoned interest in a permit 346 for nonpayment of taxes.-

347 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(b),
348 wagering on live jai alai performances shall be subject to the
349 following taxes:

(e) The payment of taxes pursuant to paragraphs (b), (c),
and (d) shall be calculated and commence beginning the day after
the biweekly period in which the permitholder is first entitled
to the reduced rate specified in this section and the report of
taxes required by s. 550.0951(5) is submitted to the division.

(b) The payment of taxes pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be
calculated and commence beginning the day after the biweekly
period in which the permitholder is first entitled to the
reduced rate specified in this subsection.

360

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 550.09514, Florida

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



361

Statutes, is amended to read:

362 550.09514 Greyhound dogracing taxes; purse requirements.-363 (1) Wagering on greyhound racing is subject to a tax on 364 handle for live greyhound racing as specified in s. 550.0951(3). 365 However, each permitholder shall pay no tax on handle until such 366 time as this subsection has resulted in a tax savings per state 367 fiscal year of \$360,000. Thereafter, each permitholder shall pay 368 the tax as specified in s. 550.0951(3) on all handle for the 369 remainder of the permitholder's current race meet, and the tax 370 must be calculated and commence beginning the day after the 371 biweekly period in which the permitholder reaches the maximum 372 tax savings per state fiscal year provided in this section. For 373 the three permitholders that conducted a full schedule of live 374 racing in 1995, and are closest to another state that authorizes 375 greyhound pari-mutuel wagering, the maximum tax savings per state fiscal year shall be \$500,000. The provisions of this 376 377 subsection relating to tax exemptions shall not apply to any 378 charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s. 379 550.0351.

380 Section 30. Subsections (1), (2), (5), (6), (9), and (10) 381 of section 550.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

382 550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; fees; 383 denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties and fines.-384

385 (1) Each person connected with a racetrack or jai alai 386 fronton, as specified in paragraph (2)(a), shall purchase from 387 the division an annual occupational license, which license is 388 valid from May 1 until June 30 of the following year. All moneys 389 collected pursuant to this section each fiscal year shall be

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



390 deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. Any person 391 may, at her or his option and Pursuant to the rules adopted by 392 the division, purchase an occupational license may be valid for 393 a period of up to 3 years for a fee that does not exceed if the 394 purchaser of the license pays the full occupational license fee 395 for each of the years for which the license is purchased at the 396 time the 3-year license is requested. The occupational license 397 shall be valid during its specified term at any pari-mutuel 398 facility.

399 (2) (a) The following licenses shall be issued to persons or 400 entities with access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai 401 players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, the mutuels, or money room, or to persons who, by virtue of the 402 403 position they hold, might be granted access to these areas or to 404 any other person or entity in one of the following categories 405 and with scheduled annual fees not to exceed the following 406 amounts as follows:

407 1. Business licenses: any business such as a vendor, 408 contractual concessionaire, contract kennel, business owning 409 racing animals, trust or estate, totalisator company, stable 410 name, or other fictitious name: \$50.

2. Professional occupational licenses: professional persons 411 with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters 412 413 in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, 414 nurses, EMT's, jockeys and apprentices, drivers, jai alai 415 players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or 416 director or shareholder or any other professional-level person who might have access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, 417 418 the backside, racing animals, kennel compound, or managers or

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

419 supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money 420 room, or totalisator equipment: \$40.

421 3. General occupational licenses: general employees with 422 access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, racing animals, 423 the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai, 424 such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta 425 makers, or ball boys, or a practitioner of any other occupation 426 who would have access to the animals, the backside, or the 427 kennel compound, or who would provide the security or 428 maintenance of these areas, or mutuel employees, totalisator 429 employees, money-room employees, or any employee with access to 430 mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or 431 who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas: 432 \$10.

The individuals and entities that are licensed under this paragraph require heightened state scrutiny, including the submission by the individual licensees or persons associated with the entities described in this chapter of fingerprints for a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal records check.

(b) The division shall adopt rules pertaining to parimutuel occupational licenses, licensing periods, and renewal
cycles.

442

(5)(a) The division may:

1. Deny a license to or revoke, suspend, or place conditions upon or restrictions on a license of any person who has been refused a license by any other state racing commission or racing authority;

447

433

2. Deny, suspend, or place conditions on a license of any

Page 16 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

450

148440

448 person who is under suspension or has unpaid fines in another 449 jurisdiction;

451 if the state racing commission or racing authority of such other
452 state or jurisdiction extends to the division reciprocal
453 courtesy to maintain the disciplinary control.

454 (b) The division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare 455 ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for or 456 holder thereof has violated the provisions of this chapter or 457 the rules of the division governing the conduct of persons 458 connected with racetracks and frontons. In addition, the 459 division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any 460 occupational license if the applicant for such license has been 461 convicted in this state, in any other state, or under the laws 462 of the United States of a capital felony, a felony, or an 463 offense in any other state which would be a felony under the 464 laws of this state involving arson; trafficking in, conspiracy 465 to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspiracy to smuggle or 466 import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of a controlled 467 substance; or a crime involving a lack of good moral character, 468 or has had a pari-mutuel license revoked by this state or any 469 other jurisdiction for an offense related to pari-mutuel 470 wagering.

(c) The division may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke any occupational license if the applicant for such license has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States, if such felony or misdemeanor is related to gambling or bookmaking, as contemplated in s. 849.25, or involves cruelty to animals. If

Page 17 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



477 the applicant establishes that she or he is of good moral 478 character, that she or he has been rehabilitated, and that the 479 crime she or he was convicted of is not related to pari-mutuel 480 wagering and is not a capital offense, the restrictions 481 excluding offenders may be waived by the director of the 482 division.

483 (d) For purposes of this subsection, the term "convicted" 484 means having been found guilty, with or without adjudication of 485 guilt, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of 486 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere. However, the term 487 "conviction" does not apply to a crime committed prior to the 488 effective date of this subsection in a manner that would 489 invalidate any occupational license issued prior to the 490 effective date of this subsection or subsequent renewal for any 491 person holding such a license.

492 (e) (d) If an occupational license will expire by division 493 rule during the period of a suspension the division intends to 494 impose, or if a license would have expired but for pending 495 administrative charges and the occupational licensee is found to 496 be in violation of any of the charges, the license may be 497 revoked and a time period of license ineligibility may be declared. The division may bring administrative charges against 498 499 any person not holding a current license for violations of 500 statutes or rules which occurred while such person held an 501 occupational license, and the division may declare such person 502 ineligible to hold a license for a period of time. The division 503 may impose a civil fine of up to \$1,000 for each violation of the rules of the division in addition to or in lieu of any other 504 505 penalty provided for in this section. In addition to any other

Page 18 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



506 penalty provided by law, the division may exclude from all pari-507 mutuel facilities in this state, for a period not to exceed the 508 period of suspension, revocation, or ineligibility, any person 509 whose occupational license application has been denied by the 510 division, who has been declared ineligible to hold an 511 occupational license, or whose occupational license has been 512 suspended or revoked by the division.

513 <u>(f)(c)</u> The division may cancel any occupational license 514 that has been voluntarily relinquished by the licensee.

(6) In order to promote the orderly presentation of parimutuel meets authorized in this chapter, the division may issue a temporary occupational license. The division shall adopt rules to implement this subsection. However, no temporary occupational license shall be valid for more than 30 days, and no more than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any year.

521 (9) The tax imposed by this section is in lieu of all 522 license, excise, or occupational taxes to the state or any 523 county, municipality, or other political subdivision, except 524 that, if a race meeting or game is held or conducted in a 525 municipality, the municipality may assess and collect an 526 additional tax against any person conducting live racing or games within its corporate limits, which tax may not exceed \$150 527 528 per day for horseracing, or \$50 per day for dogracing, or jai alai, simulcasts, intertrack wagering, cardrooms, slot machines, 529 530 or electronic gaming machines. Except as provided in this 531 chapter, a municipality may not assess or collect any additional 532 excise or revenue tax against any person conducting race meetings within the corporate limits of the municipality or 533 534 against any patron of any such person.

Page 19 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

535 (10) (a) Upon application for an occupational license, the 536 division may require the applicant's full legal name; any nickname, alias, or maiden name for the applicant; name of the 537 538 applicant's spouse; the applicant's date of birth, residence 539 address, mailing address, residence address and business phone 540 number, and social security number; disclosure of any felony or any conviction involving bookmaking, illegal gambling, or 541 542 cruelty to animals; disclosure of any past or present 543 enforcement or actions by any racing or gaming agency against 544 the applicant; and any information the division determines is 545 necessary to establish the identity of the applicant or to 546 establish that the applicant is of good moral character. 547 Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the division 548 and then shall be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or to the association of state officials 549 550 regulating pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the Federal Pari-551 mutuel Licensing Simplification Act of 1988. The cost of 552 processing fingerprints shall be borne by the applicant and paid 553 to the association of state officials regulating pari-mutuel 554 wagering from the trust fund to which the processing fees are 555 deposited. The division shall require each applicant for an 556 occupational license to have the applicant's signature witnessed 557 and notarized or signed in the presence of a division official. 558 The division, by rule, may require additional information from 559 licensees which is reasonably necessary to regulate the 560 industry. The division may, by rule, exempt certain occupations 561 or groups of persons from the fingerprinting requirements. 562 (b) All fingerprints required by this section which are

563 <u>submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement shall be retained</u>

Page 20 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



564	by the Department of Law Enforcement and entered into the
565	statewide automated fingerprint identification system as
566	authorized by s. 943.05(2)(b) and shall be available for all
567	purposes and uses authorized for arrest fingerprint cards
568	entered into the statewide automated fingerprint identification
569	system pursuant to s. 943.051.
570	(c) The Department of Law Enforcement shall search all
571	arrest fingerprints received pursuant to s. 943.051 against the
572	fingerprints retained in the statewide automated fingerprint
573	identification system under paragraph (b). Any arrest record
574	that is identified with the retained fingerprints of a person
575	subject to the criminal history screening requirements of this
576	section shall be reported to the division. Each licensee shall
577	pay a fee to the division for the cost of retention of the
578	fingerprints and the ongoing searches under this paragraph. The
579	division shall forward the payment to the Department of Law
580	Enforcement. The amount of the fee to be imposed for performing
581	these searches and the procedures for the retention of licensee
582	fingerprints shall be as established by rule of the Department
583	of Law Enforcement. The division shall inform the Department of
584	Law Enforcement of any change in the license status of licensees
585	whose fingerprints are retained under paragraph (b).
586	(d) The division shall request the Department of Law
587	Enforcement to forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
588	Investigation for a national criminal history records check at
589	least once every 5 years following issuance of a license. If the
590	fingerprints of a person who is licensed have not been retained

by the Department of Law Enforcement, the person must file a complete set of fingerprints as provided in paragraph (a). The

Page 21 of 45

591

592

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



593 division shall collect the fees for the cost of the national criminal history record check under this paragraph and forward 594 595 the payment to the Department of Law Enforcement. The cost of 596 processing fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record 597 check under this paragraph for a general occupational license shall be borne by the applicant. The cost of processing 598 599 fingerprints and conducting a criminal history record check 600 under this paragraph for a business or professional occupational 601 license shall be borne by the person being checked. The 602 Department of Law Enforcement may invoice the division for the 603 fingerprints submitted each month. Under penalty of perjury, 604 each person who is licensed or who is fingerprinted as required 605 by this section must agree to inform the division within 48 606 hours if he or she is convicted of or has entered a plea of 607 guilty or nolo contendere to any disqualifying offense, 608 regardless of adjudication.

609 Section 31. Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, is amended 610 to read:

611 550.135 Division of moneys derived under this law.-All 612 moneys that are deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to 613 the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund shall be 614 distributed as follows:

(1) The daily license fee revenues collected pursuant to s.
550.0951(1) shall be used to fund the operating cost of the
division and to provide a proportionate share of the operation
of the office of the secretary and the Division of
Administration of the Department of Business and Professional
Regulation; however, other collections in the Pari-mutuel
Wagering Trust Fund may also be used to fund the operation of

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



622 the division in accordance with authorized appropriations.

(2) All unappropriated funds in excess of \$1.5 million in
the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, collected pursuant to this
chapter, shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to
the credit of the General Revenue Fund.

627 (3) The slot machine license fee, the slot machine 628 occupational license fee, and the compulsive or addictive 629 gambling prevention program fee collected pursuant to ss. 630 551.106, 551.107(2)(a)1., and 551.118 shall be used to fund the 631 direct and indirect operating expenses of the division's slot 632 machine regulation operations and to provide funding for 633 relevant enforcement activities in accordance with authorized 634 appropriations. Funds deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering 635 Trust Fund pursuant to ss. 551.106, 551.107(2)(a)1., and 551.118 636 shall be reserved in the trust fund for slot machine regulation 637 operations. On June 30, any unappropriated funds in excess of 638 those necessary for incurred obligations and subsequent year 639 cash flow for slot machine regulation operations shall be 640 deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the 641 General Revenue Fund.

642 (4) The electronic gaming machine license fee, the 643 electronic gaming machine occupational license fee, and the 644 compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program fee 645 collected pursuant to subsection (1) of section 7 of this act 646 and subsection (3) of section 17 of this act shall be used to 647 fund the direct and indirect operating expenses of the 648 division's electronic gaming machine regulation operations and 649 to provide funding for relevant enforcement activities in 650 accordance with authorized appropriations. Funds deposited into

Page 23 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

651 the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to subsection (1) 652 of section 7 of this act and subsection (3) of section 17 of 653 this act shall be reserved in the trust fund for electronic 654 gaming machine regulation and enforcement operations. On June 655 30, any unappropriated funds in excess of those necessary for 656 incurred obligations and subsequent year cash flow for 657 electronic gaming machine regulation and enforcement operations 658 shall be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the 659 credit of the General Revenue Fund.

660 Section 32. Subsection (6) of section 550.2415, Florida 661 Statutes, is amended to read:

550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions
prohibited; penalties; exceptions.-

(6) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that animals
that participate in races in this state on which pari-mutuel
wagering is conducted and animals that are bred and trained in
this state for racing be treated humanely, both on and off
racetracks, throughout the lives of the animals.

(b) The division shall, by rule, establish the procedures
for euthanizing greyhounds. However, a greyhound may not be put
to death by any means other than by lethal injection of the drug
sodium pentobarbital. A greyhound may not be removed from this
state for the purpose of being destroyed.

(c) It is a violation of this chapter for an occupational
licensee to train a greyhound using live or dead animals. A
greyhound may not be taken from this state for the purpose of
being trained through the use of live or dead animals.

678 (d) <u>Any act committed by any licensee which would</u>
 679 <u>constitute</u> A conviction of cruelty to animals <u>as defined in</u>

Page 24 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

680	pursuant to s. 828.12 involving <u>any</u> a racing animal constitutes
681	a violation of this chapter. Imposition of any penalty by the
682	division for a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted by
683	the division pursuant to this chapter does not prohibit a
684	criminal prosecution for cruelty to animals.
685	(e) The division may inspect any area at a pari-mutuel
686	facility where racing animals are raced, trained, housed, or
687	maintained, including any areas where food, medications, or
688	other supplies are kept, to ensure the humane treatment of
689	racing animals and compliance with this chapter and the rules of
690	the division.
691	Section 33. Subsection (5) is added to section 550.26165,
692	Florida Statutes, to read:
693	550.26165 Breeders' awards
694	(5)(a) The awards programs in this chapter, which are
695	intended to encourage thoroughbred breeding and training
696	operations to locate in this state, must be responsive to
697	rapidly changing incentive programs in other states. To attract
698	such operations, it is appropriate to provide greater
699	flexibility to thoroughbred industry participants in this state
700	so that they may design competitive awards programs.
701	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
702	contrary, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, as
703	part of its annual plan, may:
704	1. Pay breeders' awards on horses finishing in first,
705	second, or third place in thoroughbred horse races; pay
706	breeders' awards that are greater than 20 percent and less than
707	15 percent of the announced gross purse; and vary the rates for
708	breeders' awards, based upon the place of finish, class of race,

Page 25 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

709	state or country in which the race took place, and the state in
710	which the stallion siring the horse was standing when the horse
711	was conceived;
712	2. Pay stallion awards on horses finishing in first,
713	second, or third place in thoroughbred horse races; pay stallion
714	awards that are greater than 20 percent and less than 15 percent
715	of the announced gross purse; reduce or eliminate stallion
716	awards to enhance breeders' awards or awards under subparagragh
717	3.; and vary the rates for stallion awards, based upon the place
718	of finish, class of race, and state or country in which the race
719	took place; and
720	3. Pay awards from the funds dedicated for breeders' awards
721	and stallion awards to owners of registered Florida-bred horses
722	finishing in first, second, or third place in thoroughbred horse
723	races in this state, without regard to any awards paid pursuant
724	<u>to s. 550.2625(6).</u>
725	(c) Breeders' awards or stallion awards under this chapter
726	may not be paid on thoroughbred horse races taking place in
727	other states or countries unless agreed to in writing by all
728	thoroughbred permitholders in this state, the Florida
729	Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Florida Horsemen's
730	Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc.
731	Section 34. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (6) of
732	section 550.2625, Florida Statutes, to read:
733	550.2625 Horseracing; minimum purse requirement, Florida
734	breeders' and owners' awards
735	(6)
736	(e) This subsection governs owners' awards paid on
737	thoroughbred races only in this state, unless a written
I	

Page 26 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1	
738	agreement is filed with the division establishing the rate,
739	procedures, and eligibility requirements for owners' awards,
740	including place of finish, class of race, maximum purse, and
741	maximum award, and the agreement is entered into by the
742	permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association,
743	and the association representing a majority of the racehorse
744	owners and trainers at the permitholder's location.
745	Section 35. Section 550.334, Florida Statutes, is amended
746	to read:
747	550.334 Quarter horse racing; substitutions
748	(1) Subject to all the applicable provisions of this
749	chapter, any person who possesses the qualifications prescribed
750	in this chapter may apply to the division for a permit to
751	conduct quarter horse race meetings and racing under this
752	chapter. The applicant must demonstrate that the location or
753	locations where the permit will be used are available for such
754	use and that she or he has the financial ability to satisfy the
755	reasonably anticipated operational expenses of the first racing
756	year following final issuance of the permit. If the racing
757	facility is already built, the application must contain a
758	statement, with reasonable supporting evidence, that the permit
759	will be used for quarter horse racing within 1 year after the
760	date on which it is granted; if the facility is not already
761	built, the application must contain a statement, with reasonable
762	supporting evidence, that substantial construction will be
763	started within 1 year after the issuance of the permit. After
764	receipt of an application, the division shall convene to
765	consider and act upon permits applied for. The division shall
766	disapprove an application if it fails to meet the requirements
I	

Page 27 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



767 of this chapter. Upon each application filed and approved, a 768 permit shall be issued setting forth the name of the applicant 769 and a statement showing qualifications of the applicant to 770 conduct racing under this chapter. If a favorable referendum on 771 a pari-mutuel facility has not been held previously within the county, then, before a quarter horse permit may be issued by the 772 773 division, a referendum ratified by a majority of the electors in 774 the county is required on the question of allowing quarter horse 775 races within that county. 776 (2) After a quarter horse racing permit has been granted by 777 the division, the department shall grant to the lawful holder of 778 such permit, subject to the conditions of this section, a 779 license to conduct quarter horse racing under this chapter; and 780 the division shall fix annually the time when, place where, and 781 number of days upon which racing may be conducted by such 782 quarter horse racing permitholder. After the first license has 783 been issued to the holder of a permit for quarter horse racing, 784 all subsequent annual applications for a license by a 785 permitholder must be accompanied by proof, in such form as the 786 division requires, that the permitholder still possesses all the qualifications prescribed by this chapter. The division may 787 788 revoke any permit or license issued under this section upon the 789 willful violation by the licensee of any provision of this 790 chapter or any rule adopted by the division under this chapter. 791 The division shall revoke any quarter horse permit under which 792 no live racing has ever been conducted before July 7, 1990, for 793 failure to conduct a horse meet pursuant to the license issued 794 where a full schedule of horseracing has not been conducted for 795 a period of 18 months commencing on October 1, 1990, unless the

Page 28 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



796 permitholder has commenced construction on a facility at which a 797 full schedule of live racing could be conducted as approved by 798 the division. "Commenced construction" means initiation of and 799 continuous activities beyond site preparation associated with 800 erecting or modifying a horseracing facility, including 801 procurement of a building permit applying the use of approved 802 construction documents, proof of an executed owner/contractor 803 agreement or an irrevocable or binding forced account, and 804 actual undertaking of foundation forming with steel installation 805 and concrete placing. The 18-month period shall be extended by 806 the division, to the extent that the applicant demonstrates to 807 the satisfaction of the division that good faith commencement of 808 the construction of the facility is being delayed by litigation 809 or by governmental action or inaction with respect to 810 regulations or permitting precluding commencement of the 811 construction of the facility.

812 <u>(1) (3)</u> The operator of any licensed racetrack is authorized 813 to lease such track to any quarter horse racing permitholder for 814 the conduct of quarter horse racing under this chapter.

815 (4) Section 550.054 is inapplicable to quarter horse racing 816 as permitted under this section. All other provisions of this 817 chapter apply to, govern, and control such racing, and the same 818 must be conducted in compliance therewith.

819 <u>(2)(5)</u> Quarter horses participating in such races must be 820 duly registered by the American Quarter Horse Association, and 821 before each race such horses must be examined and declared in 822 fit condition by a qualified person designated by the division.

823 (3)(6) Any quarter horse racing days permitted under this 824 chapter are in addition to any other racing permitted under the

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



825 license issued the track where such quarter horse racing is 826 conducted.

827 (4) (7) (a) Any quarter horse racing permitholder operating 828 under a valid permit issued by the division is authorized to 829 substitute races of other breeds of horses, except 830 thoroughbreds, which are, respectively, registered with the American Paint Horse Association, Appaloosa Horse Club, Arabian 831 832 Horse Registry of America, Palomino Horse Breeders of America, 833 or United States Trotting Association, Florida Cracker Horse 834 Association, or for no more than 50 percent of the quarter horse 835 races daily, and may substitute races of thoroughbreds 836 registered with the Jockey Club for no more than 50 percent of 837 the quarter horse races conducted by the permitholder during the 838 year daily with the written consent of all greyhound, harness, 839 and thoroughbred permitholders whose pari-mutuel facilities are 840 located within 50 air miles of such quarter horse racing 841 permitholder's pari-mutuel facility.

842 (b) Any permittee operating within an area of 50 air miles 843 of a licensed thoroughbred track may not substitute thoroughbred 844 races under this section while a thoroughbred horse race meet is 845 in progress within that 50 miles. Any permittee operating within 846 an area of 125 air miles of a licensed thoroughbred track may 847 not substitute live thoroughbred races under this section while 848 a thoroughbred permittee who pays taxes under s. 550.09515(2)(a) 849 is conducting a thoroughbred meet within that 125 miles. These 850 mileage restrictions do not apply to any permittee that holds a nonwagering permit issued pursuant to s. 550.505. 851

852 <u>(5)(8)</u> A quarter horse permit issued pursuant to this 853 section is not eligible for transfer or conversion to another

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



854 type of pari-mutuel operation.

855 (6) (9) Any nonprofit corporation, including, but not 856 limited to, an agricultural cooperative marketing association, 857 organized and incorporated under the laws of this state may 858 apply for a quarter horse racing permit and operate racing meets 859 under such permit, provided all pari-mutuel taxes and fees 860 applicable to such racing are paid by the corporation. However, 861 insofar as its pari-mutuel operations are concerned, the 862 corporation shall be considered to be a corporation for profit 863 and is subject to taxation on all property used and profits 864 earned in connection with its pari-mutuel operations.

865 (10) Intertrack wagering shall not be authorized for any 966 quarter horse permitholder without the written consent of all 967 greyhound, harness, and thoroughbred permitholders whose pari-968 mutuel facilities are located within 50 air miles of such 969 quarter horse permitholder's pari-mutuel facility.

870 Section 36. Section 550.3355, Florida Statutes, is amended 871 to read:

872 550.3355 Harness track licenses for summer quarter horse 873 racing.-Any harness track licensed to operate under the 874 provisions of s. 550.375 may make application for, and shall be 875 issued by the division, a license to operate not more than 50 876 quarter horse racing days during the summer season, which shall 877 extend from July 1 June 1 until October 1 September 1 of each 878 year. However, this license to operate quarter horse racing for 879 50 days is in addition to the racing days and dates provided in 880 s. 550.375 for harness racing during the winter seasons; and, it does not affect the right of such licensee to operate harness 881 882 racing at the track as provided in s. 550.375 during the winter

Page 31 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



883 season. All provisions of this chapter governing quarter horse 884 racing not in conflict herewith apply to the operation of 885 quarter horse meetings authorized hereunder, except that all 886 quarter horse racing permitted hereunder shall be conducted at 887 night.

888 Section 37. <u>Section 550.3605</u>, Florida Statutes, is 889 <u>repealed.</u>

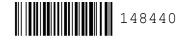
890 Section 38. Section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended 891 to read:

892 550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits;
893 operating days.-

894 (1) Each thoroughbred permitholder under whose permit 895 thoroughbred racing was conducted in this state at any time 896 between January 1, 1987, and January 1, 1988, shall annually be 897 entitled to apply for and annually receive thoroughbred racing 898 days and dates as set forth in this section. As regards such 899 permitholders, the annual thoroughbred racing season shall be 900 from June 1 of any year through May 31 of the following year and shall be known as the "Florida Thoroughbred Racing Season." 901

902 (1) (2) Each thoroughbred permitholder referred to in 903 subsection (1) shall annually, during the period commencing 904 December 15 of each year and ending January 4 of the following 905 year, file in writing with the division its application to conduct one or more thoroughbred racing meetings during the 906 907 thoroughbred racing season commencing on the following July June 908 1. Each application shall specify the number and dates of all 909 performances that the permitholder intends to conduct during that thoroughbred racing season. On or before February 15 of 910 each year, the division shall issue a license authorizing each 911

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



912 permitholder to conduct performances on the dates specified in 913 its application. <u>By February 28</u> Up to March 31 of each year, 914 each permitholder may request and shall be granted changes in 915 its authorized performances; but thereafter, as a condition 916 precedent to the validity of its license and its right to retain 917 its permit, each permitholder must operate the full number of 918 days authorized on each of the dates set forth in its license.

919 (3) Each thoroughbred permit referred to in subsection (1), 920 including, but not limited to, any permit originally issued as a 921 summer thoroughbred horse racing permit, is hereby validated and 922 shall continue in full force and effect.

923 (2)(4) A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not begin any 924 race later than 7 p.m. Any thoroughbred permitholder in a county 925 in which the authority for cardrooms has been approved by the 926 board of county commissioners may operate a cardroom and, when 927 conducting live races during its current race meet, may receive 928 and rebroadcast out-of-state races after the hour of 7 p.m. on 929 any day during which the permitholder conducts live races.

930 (3) (5) (a) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this 931 state must run an average of one race per racing day in which horses bred in this state and duly registered with the Florida 932 Thoroughbred Breeders' Association have preference as entries 933 934 over non-Florida-bred horses, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' 935 936 Association, and the association representing a majority of the 937 thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at that location. All 938 licensed thoroughbred racetracks shall write the conditions for 939 such races in which Florida-bred horses are preferred so as to 940 assure that all Florida-bred horses available for racing at such

Page 33 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



941 tracks are given full opportunity to run in the class of races 942 for which they are qualified. The opportunity of running must be 943 afforded to each class of horses in the proportion that the 944 number of horses in this class bears to the total number of 945 Florida-bred horses available. A track is not required to write 946 conditions for a race to accommodate a class of horses for which 947 a race would otherwise not be run at the track during its meet 948 meeting.

949 (b) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state 950 may run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively 951 of Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of 952 America. Any licensed thoroughbred permitholder that elects to 953 run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively of 954 Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of 955 America is not required to provide stables for the Arabian 956 horses racing under this paragraph.

957 (c) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state 958 may run up to three additional races per racing day composed 959 exclusively of quarter horses registered with the American 960 Quarter Horse Association.

961 (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2), a 962 thoroughbred permitholder who fails to operate all performances 963 on its 2001-2002 license does not lose its right to retain its 964 permit. Such thoroughbred permitholder is eligible for issuance 965 of an annual license pursuant to s. 550.0115 for subsequent 966 thoroughbred racing seasons. The division shall take no 967 disciplinary action against such thoroughbred permitholder for 968 failure to operate all licensed performances for the 2001-2002 license pursuant to this section or s. 550.01215. This section 969

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

i	
970	may not be interpreted to prohibit the division from taking
971	disciplinary action against a thoroughbred permitholder for
972	failure to pay taxes on performances operated pursuant to its
973	2001-2002 license. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.
974	(7) A thoroughbred permitholder shall file an amendment
975	with the division no later than July 1, 2002, that indicates
976	that it will not be able to operate the performances scheduled
977	on its 2002-2003 license without imposition of any penalty for
978	failure to operate all licensed performances provided in this
979	chapter. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.
980	Section 39. Section 550.810, Florida Statutes, is created
981	to read:
982	550.810 Historical racing
983	(1) Subject to the requirements of this section and
984	compliance with the rules adopted by the division, a licensed
985	pari-mutuel facility may operate a historical racing system if:
986	(a) No identifying information about any race or the
987	competing horses or dogs in that race is revealed to a patron
988	until after the patron's wager is irrevocably placed;
989	(b) The results of a patron's wager are shown to the patron
990	using video or mechanical displays, or both, and the patron has
991	the opportunity to view all or any portion of the race;
992	(c) The historical racing takes place under a licensed
993	pari-mutuel permit and the pari-mutuel permitholder also holds a
994	cardroom license; and
995	(d) The licensed pari-mutuel permit holder has paid the fee
996	in s. 550.0951(5)(d).
997	(2)(a) Historic racing may not be authorized to a
998	permitholder licensed under chapter 550, Florida Statutes, to

Page 35 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

999	conduct live pari-mutuel wagering races or games unless the
1000	permitholder has on file with the division the following binding
1001	written agreements governing the payment of awards and purses on
1002	the handle generated from historic racing conducted at the
1003	licensee's pari-mutuel facility:
1004	1. For a thoroughbred permitholder, an agreement governing
1005	the payment of purses between the permitholder and the Florida
1006	Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., or the
1007	association representing a majority of the thoroughbred owners
1008	and trainers at the permitholder's eligible facility located as
1009	described in s. 550.615(9), Florida Statutes, and an agreement
1010	governing the payment of awards between the permitholder and the
1011	Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association;
1012	2. For a harness permitholder, an agreement governing the
1013	payment of purses and awards between the permitholder and the
1014	Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association;
1015	3. For a greyhound permitholder, an agreement governing the
1016	payment of purses between the permitholder and the Florida
1017	Greyhound Association, Inc.;
1018	4. For a quarter horse permitholder, an agreement governing
1019	the payment of purses between the applicant and the Florida
1020	Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing
1021	a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicants
1022	eligible facility, and an agreement governing the payment of
1023	awards between the permitholder and the Florida Quarter Horse
1024	Breeders and Owners Association; or
1025	5. For a jai alai permitholder, an agreement governing the
1026	payment of player awards between the permitholder and the
1027	International Jai Alai Players Association or a binding written

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1028	agreement approved by a majority of the jai alai players at the
1029	permitholder's eligible facility at which the applicant has a
1030	permit issued after January 1, 2000, to conduct jai alai.
1031	(b) The agreements may direct the payment of purses and
1032	awards from revenues generated by any wagering or games the
1033	applicant is authorized to conduct under state law. All purses
1034	and awards are subject to the terms of chapter 550, Florida
1035	Statutes. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing
1036	awards shall be remitted monthly to the respective breeders
1037	association for the payment of awards, subject to the
1038	administrative fees authorized under chapter 550, Florida
1039	Statutes.
1040	(3) The amount of historical racing wagering terminals may
1041	be:
1042	(a) A licensed greyhound facility may have 500 historical
1043	racing terminals.
1044	(b) A licensed thoroughbred facility may have 500
1045	historical racing terminals.
1046	(c) A licensed harness track facility may have 500
1047	historical racing terminals.
1048	(d) A licensed quarter horse facility may have 500
1049	historical racing terminals.
1050	(e) A licensed jai alai facility may have 500 historical
1051	racing terminals.
1052	(4) The moneys wagered on races via the historical racing
1053	system shall be separated from the moneys wagered on live races
1054	conducted at, and on other races simulcast to, the licensee's
1055	facility.
1056	(5) The division shall adopt rules necessary to implement,

Page 37 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

1057	administer, and regulate the operation of historical racing
1058	systems in this state. The rules must include:
1059	(a) Procedures for regulating, managing, and auditing the
1060	operation, financial data, and program information relating to
1061	historical racing systems that enable the division to audit the
1062	operation, financial data, and program information of the pari-
1063	mutuel facility authorized to operate a historical racing
1064	system.
1065	(b) Technical requirements to operate a historical racing
1066	system.
1067	(c) Procedures to require licensees to maintain specified
1068	records and submit any data, information, record, or report,
1069	including financial and income records, required by this act or
1070	rules of the division.
1071	(d) Procedures relating to historical racing system
1072	revenues, including verifying and accounting for such revenues,
1073	auditing, and collecting taxes and fees.
1074	(e) Minimum standards for security of the facilities,
1075	including floor plans, security cameras, and other security
1076	equipment.
1077	(f) Procedures to ensure that a historical racing machine
1078	does not enter the state and be offered for play until it has
1079	been tested and certified by a licensed testing laboratory for
1080	play in the state. The procedures shall address measures to
1081	scientifically test and technically evaluate electronic gaming
1082	machines for compliance with laws and rules regulating
1083	historical racing machines. The division may contract with an
1084	independent testing laboratory to conduct any necessary testing.
1085	The independent testing laboratory must have a national

Page 38 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



I	
1086	reputation indicating that it is demonstrably competent and
1087	qualified to scientifically test and evaluate that the
1088	historical racing systems perform the functions required by laws
1089	and rules regulating historical racing machines. An independent
1090	testing laboratory may not be owned or controlled by a licensee.
1091	The selection of an independent laboratory for any purpose
1092	related to the conduct of historical racing systems by a
1093	licensee shall be made from a list of laboratories approved by
1094	the division. The division shall adopt rules regarding the
1095	testing, certification, control, and approval of historical
1096	racing systems.
1097	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of the law, the
1098	proceeds of pari-mutuel tickets purchased for historical racing
1099	that are not redeemed within 1 year after purchase shall be
1100	divided as follows:
1101	(a) Fifty percent shall be retained by the permitholder;
1102	and
1103	(b) Fifty percent shall be paid into the permitholder's
1104	purse account.
1105	Section 40. Subsection (7) of section 551.102, Florida
1106	Statutes, is amended to read:
1107	551.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
1108	(7) "Progressive system" means a computerized system
1109	linking slot machines in one or more licensed facilities within
1110	this state or other jurisdictions and offering one or more
1111	common progressive payouts based on the amounts wagered.
1112	Section 41. Paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section
1113	551.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1114	551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming
I	
	Page 39 of 45

4/29/2009 3:41:00 PM

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

1115 (4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot 1116 machine licensee shall: 1117 1118 (j) Ensure that the payout percentage of a slot machine 1119 gaming facility is at least no less than 85 percent. 1120 Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) 1121 of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 551.106, 1122 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1123 551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties.-1124 (1) LICENSE FEE.-1125 (a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot 1126 machine license and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date 1127 of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to 1128 the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$3 million for the 1129 succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the 2010-2011 fiscal year, 1130 the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$2.5 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In 1131 1132 the 2011-2012 fiscal year and for every fiscal year thereafter, 1133 the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee 1134 of \$2 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. The 1135 license fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering 1136 Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional 1137 Regulation to be used by the division and the Department of Law 11.38 Enforcement for investigations, regulation of slot machine 1139 gaming, and enforcement of slot machine gaming provisions under 1140 this chapter. These payments shall be accounted for separately 1141 from taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550. 1142

1143

(2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES.-

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836

148440

(a) The tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility shall be 50 percent. <u>In the 2010-2011 fiscal year</u>, the tax rate <u>on slot machine revenues at each facility shall be 42 percent</u>. <u>In the 2011-2012 fiscal year and every year thereafter</u>, the tax <u>rate on slot machine revenue at each facility shall be 35</u> <u>percent</u>.

1150 (3) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF TAXES.-Payment for the tax on slot machine revenues imposed by this section shall be paid 1151 1152 to the division. The division shall deposit these sums with the 1153 Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel 1154 Wagering Trust Fund. The slot machine licensee shall remit to 1155 the division payment for the tax on slot machine revenues. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. Wednesday of each week for 1156 1157 taxes imposed and collected for the preceding week ending on 1158 Sunday. Beginning on July 1, 2012, the slot machine licensee 1159 shall remit to the division payment for the tax on slot machine 1160 revenues by 3 p.m. on the 5th day of each calendar month for 1161 taxes imposed and collected for the preceding calendar month. If 1162 the 5th day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, payments 1163 shall be remitted by 3 p.m. the first Monday following the 1164 weekend. The slot machine licensee shall file a report under 1165 oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments 1166 1167 shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing all slot 1168 machine gaming activities for the preceding calendar month and 1169 such other information as may be prescribed by the division. 1170

Page 41 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



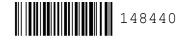
1173 Delete lines 58 - 153

1174 and insert:

1175 specifying a limit on the number of electronic gaming 1176 machines in a facility; requiring an electronic gaming 1177 machine licensee to provide office space to the 1178 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering and to the Department 1179 of Law Enforcement free of charge; limiting the hours 1180 that an electronic gaming machine facility may 1181 operate; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 1182 Wagering to revoke or suspend licenses or impose fines 1183 for willful violations of laws or rules regulating 1184 electronic gaming; requiring electronic gaming machine 1185 licensees to train employees about gambling 1186 addictions; imposing a regulatory fee for a gambling 1187 addiction program; entitling electronic gaming machine licensees to a caterer's license; restricting the 1188 1189 provision of alcoholic beverages, automated teller 1190 machines, and check cashing activities in gaming 1191 machine areas; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 1192 Wagering to adopt rules; preempting to the state the 1193 authority to regulate electronic gaming facilities; 1194 excepting bingo games operated by charitable or 1195 nonprofit organizations from the provisions of the 1196 act; amending s. 215.22, F.S.; exempting taxes imposed 1197 on electronic gaming and electronic gaming machine 1198 revenue from specified service charges; authorizing 1199 the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to spend certain 1200 trust funds; requiring repayment of such funds; 1201 amending s. 550.002, F.S.; revising a definitions;

Page 42 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1202 amending s. 550.01215, F.S.; deleting an exception 1203 relating to licensing of thoroughbred racing; amending 1204 s. 550.0951, F.S.; specifying the tax on historical 1205 racing, the take-out of a pari-mutuel pool, and a 1206 payment to a purse account; providing for payments to 1207 certain horse racing associations; specifying the fee 1208 for a permitholder to conduct historical racing; 1209 revising the date on which tax payments are due; 1210 amending s. 550.09511, F.S.; revising the schedule for 1211 the payment of jai alai taxes; amending s. 550.09514, 1212 F.S.; revising the schedule for the payment of 1213 greyhound dog racing taxes; amending s. 550.105, F.S.; providing for a 3-year occupational license for 1214 1215 certain pari-mutuel employees; specifying maximum license fees; providing for the additional tax that a 1216 1217 municipality may assess for live racing to apply to 1218 additional specified games; providing procedures for 1219 criminal history record checks; amending s. 550.135, 1220 F.S.; providing for the reservation of electronic 1221 gaming machine fees in a trust fund; amending s. 1222 550.2415, F.S.; providing that cruelty to any animal 1223 is a violation of ch. 550, F.S.; authorizing the 1224 Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to inspect areas 1225 where racing animals are raced, trained, housed, or 1226 maintained; amending s. 550.26165, F.S.; providing 1227 legislative intent to attract thoroughbred training 1228 and breeding to this state; authorizing the Florida 1229 Thoroughbred Breeders' Association to pay certain 1230 awards as part of its pay plan; amending s. 550.2625,

Page 43 of 45

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1231 F.S.; limiting the application of requirements for 1232 minimum purses and awards to this state; amending s. 1233 550.334, F.S.; deleting a provision for issuing a 1234 permit to conduct quarter horse race meetings; 1235 deleting a provision for issuing a license to conduct 1236 quarter horse racing; deleting provisions to revoke 1237 such permit or license for certain violations or 1238 failure to conduct live racing; removing an exception 1239 to specified permit application provisions; revising 1240 the authority of a quarter horse racing permitholder 1241 to substitute horse breeds; deleting a requirement for 1242 a quarter horse permitholder to have the consent of 1243 certain other permitholders within a certain distance 1244 to engage in intertrack wagering; amending s. 1245 550.3355, F.S.; revising the time period for a harness 1246 track summer season; repealing s. 550.3605, F.S., 1247 relating to the use of electronic transmitting 1248 equipment on the premises of a horse or dog racetrack 1249 or jai alai fronton; amending s. 550.5251, F.S.; 1250 deleting provisions relating to racing days and dates 1251 for thoroughbred permitholders that conducted races 1252 between certain dates; revising provisions relating to 1253 thoroughbred racing dates and minimum number of races; 1254 creating s. 550.810, F.S.; specifying requirements for 1255 historical racing systems; limiting the number of 1256 historical terminals in certain pari-mutuel 1257 facilities; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel 1258 wagering to adopt rules regulating historical racing; 1259 providing for the disposition of pari-mutuel tickets

Florida Senate - 2009 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 836



1260 that are not redeemed within a certain period of time; 1261 amending s. 551.102, F.S.; clarifying the definition of the term "progressive system"; amending s. 551.104, 1262 1263 F.S.; providing that the payout percentage of a slot 1264 machine facility must be at least 85 percent; 1265 specifying the licensing fee for slot machine gaming; 1266 specifying the rate of tax on slot machine revenues; 1267 revising the due date for slot machine taxes;