A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to communications services; amending s. 3 202.29, F.S.; authorizing dealers to report a credit for 4 bad debt by netting the credit against the tax due; 5 authorizing dealers to use a proportionate allocation 6 method or other reasonable method in determining amount of 7 bad debt attributable to the state or local jurisdiction; 8 amending s. 365.172, F.S.; extending the date to begin 9 collecting the prepaid wireless E911 fee; providing for 10 retroactive operation of the amendment to s. 202.29, F.S.; specifying that the amendment to s. 202.29, F.S., is 11 remedial in nature and not a basis for certain refunds of 12 tax; providing an effective date. 13 14 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 16 17 Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 202.29, 18 Florida Statutes, to read: 19 202.29 Bad debts.--20

- (4) (a) A dealer may report the credit for bad debt allowed under this section by netting such credit against the tax due to the state pursuant to s. 202.12 or to a local jurisdiction pursuant to s. 202.19, but such netting may not reduce the amount due to the state or to any local jurisdiction below zero.
- (b) For purposes of determining the amount of bad debt that is attributable to the state or to a local jurisdiction, a dealer may employ a proportionate allocation method based on

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current gross taxes due or another reasonable allocation method approved by the department.

- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 365.172, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 365.172 Emergency communications number "E911."--
  - (8) E911 FEE.--

- (a) Each voice communications services provider shall collect the fee described in this subsection. Each provider, as part of its monthly billing process, shall bill the fee as follows. The fee shall not be assessed on any pay telephone in the state.
- 1. Each local exchange carrier shall bill the fee to the local exchange subscribers on a service-identifier basis, up to a maximum of 25 access lines per account bill rendered.
- 2. Except in the case of prepaid wireless service, each wireless provider shall bill the fee to a subscriber on a perservice-identifier basis for service identifiers whose primary place of use is within this state. Before July 1, 2011 2009, the fee shall not be assessed on or collected from a provider with respect to an end user's service if that end user's service is a prepaid calling arrangement that is subject to s. 212.05(1)(e).
- a. The board shall conduct a study to determine whether it is feasible to collect E911 fees from the sale of prepaid wireless service. If, based on the findings of the study, the board determines that a fee should not be collected from the sale of prepaid wireless service, it shall report its findings and recommendation to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31,

2008. If the board determines that a fee should be collected from the sale of prepaid wireless service, the board shall collect the fee beginning July 1, 2011 2009.

b. For purposes of this section, the term:

- (I) "Prepaid wireless service" means the right to access telecommunications services that must be paid for in advance and is sold in predetermined units or dollars enabling the originator to make calls such that the number of units or dollars declines with use in a known amount.
- (II) "Prepaid wireless service providers" includes those persons who sell prepaid wireless service regardless of its form, either as a retailer or reseller.
- c. The study must include an evaluation of methods by which E911 fees may be collected from end users and purchasers of prepaid wireless service on an equitable, efficient, competitively neutral, and nondiscriminatory basis and must consider whether the collection of fees on prepaid wireless service would constitute an efficient use of public funds given the technological and practical considerations of collecting the fee based on the varying methodologies prepaid wireless service providers and their agents use in marketing prepaid wireless service.
- d. The study must include a review and evaluation of the collection of E911 fees on prepaid wireless service at the point of sale within the state. This evaluation must be consistent with the collection principles of end user charges such as those in s. 212.05(1) (e).

e. No later than 90 days after this section becomes law, the board shall require all prepaid wireless service providers, including resellers, to provide the board with information that the board determines is necessary to discharge its duties under this section, including information necessary for its recommendation, such as total retail and reseller prepaid wireless service sales.

- f. All subscriber information provided by a prepaid wireless service provider in response to a request from the board while conducting this study is subject to s. 365.174.
- g. The study shall be conducted by an entity competent and knowledgeable in matters of state taxation policy if the board does not possess that expertise. The study must be paid from the moneys distributed to the board for administrative purposes under s. 365.173(2)(f) but may not exceed \$250,000.
- 3. All voice communications services providers not addressed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. shall bill the fee on a per-service-identifier basis for service identifiers whose primary place of use is within the state up to a maximum of 25 service identifiers for each account bill rendered.

The provider may list the fee as a separate entry on each bill, in which case the fee must be identified as a fee for E911 services. A provider shall remit the fee to the board only if the fee is paid by the subscriber. If a provider receives a partial payment for a monthly bill from a subscriber, the amount received shall first be applied to the payment due the provider for providing voice communications service.

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Section 3. The amendment to s. 202.29, Florida Statutes,
made by this act shall operate retroactively to July 1, 2000;
however, the retroactive operation of such amendment is remedial
in nature, does not create a right to a refund, and does not
require a refund by any governmental entity of any tax, penalty,
or interest remitted to the Department of Revenue before July 1,
<u>2009.</u>

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2009.