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2011

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the regulation of firearms and ammunition; amending s. 790.33, F.S.; clarifying and reorganizing provisions that preempt to the state the entire field of regulation of firearms; prohibiting the knowing and willful violation of the Legislature's occupation of the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition by the enactment or causation of enforcement of any local ordinance or administrative rule or regulation; providing additional intent of the section; eliminating provisions authorizing counties to adopt an ordinance requiring a waiting period between the purchase and delivery of a handgun; providing injunctive relief from the enforcement of an invalid ordinance, regulation, or rule; providing a civil penalty for knowing and willful violation of prohibitions; providing that public funds may not be used to defend or reimburse the unlawful conduct of any person charged with a knowing and willful violation of the act; providing for termination of employment or contract or removal from office of a person acting in an official capacity who knowingly and willfully violates any provision of the act; providing for declaratory and injunctive relief for specified persons or organizations; providing for specified damages and interest; providing exceptions to prohibitions of the section; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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29 Section 1. Section 790.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to 30 31 read: 32 Field of regulation of firearms and ammunition 33 preempted.-34 PREEMPTION.-Except as expressly provided by the State (1)35 Constitution or general law, the Legislature hereby declares 36 that it is occupying the whole field of regulation of firearms 37 and ammunition, including the purchase, sale, transfer, 38 taxation, manufacture, ownership, possession, storage, and transportation thereof, to the exclusion of all existing and 39 future county, city, town, or municipal ordinances or any 40 administrative regulations or rules adopted by local or state 41 42 government relating thereto. Any such existing ordinances, 43 rules, or regulations are hereby declared null and void. This 44 subsection shall not affect zoning ordinances which encompass firearms businesses along with other businesses. Zoning 45 ordinances which are designed for the purpose of restricting or 46 47 prohibiting the sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of firearms or ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or 48 49 ammunition are in conflict with this subsection and are 50 prohibited. 51 (2) LIMITED EXCEPTION; COUNTY WAITING-PERIOD ORDINANCES.-52 (a) Any county may have the option to adopt a waitingperiod ordinance requiring a waiting period of up to, but not to 53

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exceed, 3 working days between the purchase and delivery of a

payment of deposit, payment in full, or notification of intent

handgun. For purposes of this subsection, "purchase" means

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to purchase. Adoption of a waiting-period ordinance, by any county, shall require a majority vote of the county commission on votes on waiting-period ordinances. This exception is limited solely to individual counties and is limited to the provisions and restrictions contained in this subsection.

(b) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall apply to all sales of handguns to individuals by a retail establishment except those sales to individuals exempted in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, "retail establishment" means a gun shop, sporting goods store, pawn shop, hardware store, department store, discount store, bait or tackle shop, or any other store or shop that offers handguns for walk-in retail sale but does not include gun collectors shows or exhibits, or gun shows.

(c) Ordinances authorized by this subsection shall not require any reporting or notification to any source outside the retail establishment, but records of handgun sales must be available for inspection, during normal business hours, by any law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02.

(d) The following shall be exempt from any waiting period:

1. Individuals who are licensed to carry concealed

firearms under the provisions of s. 790.06 or who are licensed
to carry concealed firearms under any other provision of state
law and who show a valid license;

2. Individuals who already lawfully own another firearm and who show a sales receipt for another firearm; who are known to own another firearm through a prior purchase from the retail establishment; or who have another firearm for trade-in;

- 3. A law enforcement or correctional officer as defined in s. 943.10;
 - 4. A law enforcement agency as defined in s. 934.02;
 - 5. Sales or transactions between dealers or between distributors or between dealers and distributors who have current federal firearms licenses; or
 - 6. Any individual who has been threatened or whose family has been threatened with death or bodily injury, provided the individual may lawfully possess a firearm and provided such threat has been duly reported to local law enforcement.
 - (2) (3) POLICY AND INTENT.
 - (a) It is the intent of this section to provide uniform firearms laws in the state; to declare all ordinances and regulations null and void which have been enacted by any jurisdictions other than state and federal, which regulate firearms, ammunition, or components thereof; to prohibit the enactment of any future ordinances or regulations relating to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof unless specifically authorized by this section or general law; and to require local jurisdictions to enforce state firearms laws.
 - (b) It is further the intent of this section to deter and prevent the violation of this section and the violation of rights protected under the constitution and laws of this state related to firearms, ammunition, or components thereof, by the abuse of official authority that occurs when enactments are passed in violation of state law or under color of local or state authority.
 - (3) PROHIBITIONS; PENALTIES.-

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- (a) Any person, county, agency, municipality, district, or other entity that violates the Legislature's occupation of the whole field of regulation of firearms and ammunition, as declared in subsection (1), by enacting or causing to be enforced any local ordinance or administrative rule or regulation impinging upon such exclusive occupation of the field shall be liable as set forth herein.
- (b) If any county, city, town, or other local government violates this section, the court shall declare the improper ordinance, regulation, or rule invalid and issue a permanent injunction against the local government prohibiting it from enforcing such ordinance, regulation, or rule. It is no defense that in enacting the ordinance, regulation, or rule the local government was acting in good faith or upon advice of counsel.
- (c) If the court determines that a violation was knowing and willful, the court shall assess a civil fine of up to \$5,000 against the elected or appointed local government official or officials or administrative agency head under whose jurisdiction the violation occurred.
- (d) Except as required by applicable law, public funds may not be used to defend or reimburse the unlawful conduct of any person found to have knowingly and willfully violated this section.
- (e) A knowing and willful violation of any provision of this section by a person acting in an official capacity for any entity enacting or causing to be enforced a local ordinance or administrative rule or regulation prohibited under paragraph (a) or otherwise under color of law shall be cause for termination

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- of employment or contract or removal from office by the Governor.
 - (f) A person or an organization whose membership is adversely affected by any ordinance, regulation, measure, directive, rule, enactment, order, or policy promulgated or caused to be enforced in violation of this section may file suit against any county, agency, municipality, district, or other entity in any court of this state having jurisdiction over any defendant to the suit for declaratory and injunctive relief and for actual damages, as limited herein, caused by the violation.

 A court shall award the prevailing plaintiff in any such suit:
 - 1. Reasonable attorney's fees and costs in accordance with the laws of this state, including a contingency fee multiplier, as authorized by law; and
 - 2. The actual damages incurred, but not more than \$100,000.

- Interest on the sums awarded pursuant to this subsection shall accrue at the legal rate from the date on which suit was filed.
- (4) EXCEPTIONS.—This section does not prohibit:
- (a) Zoning ordinances that encompass firearms businesses along with other businesses, except that zoning ordinances that are designed for the purpose of restricting or prohibiting the sale, purchase, transfer, or manufacture of firearms or ammunition as a method of regulating firearms or ammunition are in conflict with this subsection and are prohibited;
- (b) A duly organized law enforcement agency from enacting and enforcing regulations pertaining to firearms, ammunition, or

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firearm	ac	cesso	ries	issue	ed	to	or	used	bу	peace	officers	in	the
course o	of	their	off	icial	du	ıtie	es;						

- (c) Except as provided in s. 790.251, any entity subject to the prohibitions of this section from regulating or prohibiting the carrying of firearms and ammunition by an employee of the entity during and in the course of the employee's official duties;
- (d) A court or administrative law judge from hearing and resolving any case or controversy or issuing any opinion or order on a matter within the jurisdiction of that court or judge; or
- (e) The Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission from regulating the use of firearms or ammunition as a method of taking wildlife and regulating the shooting ranges managed by the commission.
- (5) (b) SHORT TITLE.—As created by chapter 87-23, Laws of Florida, this section shall be known and may be cited as the "Joe Carlucci Uniform Firearms Act."
- 187 Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2011.

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