House Joint Resolution 1 2 A joint resolution proposing amendments to Sections 4 and 3 6 of Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the 4 creation of Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State 5 Constitution to allow the Legislature by general law to 6 prohibit increases in the assessed value of homestead and 7 specified nonhomestead property if the just value of the 8 property decreases, reduce the limitation on annual 9 assessment increases applicable to nonhomestead real 10 property, provide an additional homestead exemption for 11 owners of homestead property who have not owned homestead property for a specified time before purchase of the 12 current homestead property, and application and 13 14 limitations with respect thereto, delay the future repeal 15 of provisions limiting annual assessment increases for 16 specified nonhomestead real property, and provide effective dates. 17 18 19 Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 That the following amendments to Sections 4 and 6 of 22 Article VII and Section 27 of Article XII and the creation of 23 Sections 32 and 33 of Article XII of the State Constitution are 24 agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state 25 for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an 26 earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that 27 purpose: 28 ARTICLE VII

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FINANCE AND TAXATION

30 SECTION 4. Taxation; assessments.—By general law 31 regulations shall be prescribed which shall secure a just 32 valuation of all property for ad valorem taxation, provided:

(a) Agricultural land, land producing high water recharge
to Florida's aquifers, or land used exclusively for
noncommercial recreational purposes may be classified by general
law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(b) As provided by general law and subject to conditions, limitations, and reasonable definitions specified therein, land used for conservation purposes shall be classified by general law and assessed solely on the basis of character or use.

(c) Pursuant to general law tangible personal property held for sale as stock in trade and livestock may be valued for taxation at a specified percentage of its value, may be classified for tax purposes, or may be exempted from taxation.

(d) All persons entitled to a homestead exemption under
Section 6 of this Article shall have their homestead assessed at
just value as of January 1 of the year following the effective
date of this amendment. This assessment shall change only as
provided in this subsection.

50 (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall <u>change</u> be 51 changed annually on January <u>1</u> 1st of each year<u>.</u>; but those 52 changes in assessments

53 <u>a. A change in an assessment may shall</u> not exceed the 54 lower of the following:

55 <u>1.a.</u> Three percent (3%) of the assessment for the prior 56 year.

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57 <u>2.b.</u> The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for
58 all urban consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or <u>a</u>
59 successor <u>index</u> reports for the preceding calendar year as
60 initially reported by the United States Department of Labor,
61 Bureau of Labor Statistics.

b. The legislature may provide by general law that, except
 for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead
 property assessed as provided in paragraph (5), an assessment
 may not increase if the just value of the property is less than
 the just value of the property on the preceding January 1.

67

(2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.

68 (3) After <u>a</u> any change of ownership, as provided by 69 general law, homestead property shall be assessed at just value 70 as of January 1 of the following year, unless the provisions of 71 paragraph (8) apply. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed 72 as provided in this subsection.

(4) New homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of January <u>1</u> 1st of the year following the establishment of the homestead, unless the provisions of paragraph (8) apply. That assessment shall only change <u>only</u> as provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed as provided for by general law<u>.; provided</u>, However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(6) In the event of a termination of homestead status, theproperty shall be assessed as provided by general law.

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(7) The provisions of this <u>subsection</u> amendment are
severable. If <u>a provision</u> any of the provisions of this
<u>subsection is</u> amendment shall be held unconstitutional by <u>a</u> any
court of competent jurisdiction, the decision of <u>the</u> such court
<u>does</u> shall not affect or impair any remaining provisions of this
subsection <u>amendment</u>.

91 (8)a. A person who establishes a new homestead as of 92 January 1, 2009, or January 1 of any subsequent year and who has 93 received a homestead exemption pursuant to Section 6 of this 94 Article as of January 1 of either of the 2 two years immediately 95 preceding the establishment of a the new homestead is entitled 96 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value. If 97 this revision is approved in January of 2008, a person who 98 establishes a new homestead as of January 1, 2008, is entitled 99 to have the new homestead assessed at less than just value only 100 if that person received a homestead exemption on January 1, 101 2007. The assessed value of the newly established homestead 102 shall be determined as follows:

103 1. If the just value of the new homestead is greater than 104 or equal to the just value of the prior homestead as of January 105 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned, the 106 assessed value of the new homestead shall be the just value of 107 the new homestead minus an amount equal to the lesser of \$500,000 or the difference between the just value and the 108 109 assessed value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in which the prior homestead was abandoned. Thereafter, the 110 111 homestead shall be assessed as provided in this subsection. 2. If the just value of the new homestead is less than the 112

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113 just value of the prior homestead as of January 1 of the year in 114 which the prior homestead was abandoned, the assessed value of 115 the new homestead shall be equal to the just value of the new 116 homestead divided by the just value of the prior homestead and 117 multiplied by the assessed value of the prior homestead. However, if the difference between the just value of the new 118 119 homestead and the assessed value of the new homestead calculated pursuant to this sub-subparagraph is greater than \$500,000, the 120 121 assessed value of the new homestead shall be increased so that 122 the difference between the just value and the assessed value 123 equals \$500,000. Thereafter, the homestead shall be assessed as 124 provided in this subsection.

b. By general law and subject to conditions specified
therein, the legislature shall provide for application of this
paragraph to property owned by more than one person.

128 (e) The legislature may, by general law, for assessment 129 purposes and subject to the provisions of this subsection, allow 130 counties and municipalities to authorize by ordinance that 131 historic property may be assessed solely on the basis of 132 character or use. Such character or use assessment shall apply 133 only to the jurisdiction adopting the ordinance. The 134 requirements for eligible properties must be specified by 135 general law.

(f) A county may, in the manner prescribed by general law, provide for a reduction in the assessed value of homestead property to the extent of any increase in the assessed value of that property which results from the construction or reconstruction of the property for the purpose of providing

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141 living quarters for one or more natural or adoptive grandparents 142 or parents of the owner of the property or of the owner's spouse 143 if at least one of the grandparents or parents for whom the 144 living quarters are provided is 62 years of age or older. Such a 145 reduction may not exceed the lesser of the following:

(1) The increase in assessed value resulting fromconstruction or reconstruction of the property.

148 (2) Twenty percent of the total assessed value of the149 property as improved.

(g) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of residential real property, as defined by general law, which contains nine units or fewer and which is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

155 Assessments subject to this subsection shall be (1) 156 changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law. However,; but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 157 158 5 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The 159 legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, 160 additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as 161 provided in paragraph (4), an assessment may not increase if the 162 just value of the property is less than the just value of the 163 property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

164 (2) <u>An</u> No assessment <u>may not</u> shall exceed just value.
165 (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by
166 general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity
167 that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just
168 value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property
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169 shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.;
However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(h) For all levies other than school district levies,
assessments of real property that is not subject to the
assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d)
and (g) shall change only as provided in this subsection.

Assessments subject to this subsection shall be 179 (1) 180 changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law. 181 However, ; but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The 182 183 legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as 184 185 provided in paragraph (5), an assessment may not increase if the 186 just value of the property is less than the just value of the 187 property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

188

(2) <u>An No</u> assessment <u>may not</u> shall exceed just value.

(3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

(4) The legislature may provide that such property shall
be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a
change of ownership or control, as defined by general law,

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197 including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns 198 the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as 199 provided in this subsection.

(5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to
such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law.;
However, after the adjustment for any change, addition,
reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as
provided in this subsection.

(i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:

(1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose ofimproving the property's resistance to wind damage.

211

(2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.

(j) (1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:

a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishingpurposes.

b. Land that is accessible to the public and used forvessel launches into waters that are navigable.

218

c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.

d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities,
 commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction
 and repair facilities and their support activities.

(2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is
subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions
as specified by the legislature by general law.

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225

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

226 (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to 227 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 228 owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, 229 shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for 230 special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 231 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than 232 school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than 233 \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five 234 thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the 235 manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal 236 or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a 237 condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership 238 representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a 239 corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 240 98 ninety-cight years. The exemption shall not apply with 241 respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first 242 determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 243 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is 244 repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article 245 which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less 246 than just value.

(b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed

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253 value of the property.

(c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.

259 The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or (d) 260 municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies 261 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an 262 additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty 263 thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable 264 title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent 265 residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five 266 and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not 267 exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must 268 allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional 269 exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by 270 ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and 271 must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost 272 273 of living.

(e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from

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281 military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to 282 the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected 283 disability as determined by the United States Department of 284 Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this 285 subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property 286 appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of 287 entering military service, an official letter from the United 288 States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of 289 the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and 290 291 a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property 292 appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must 293 notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, 294 and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general 295 law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent 296 years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is 297 self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation. 298 As provided by general law and subject to conditions (f)

299 specified therein, every person who establishes the right to 300 receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) 301 within 1 year after purchasing the homestead property and who 302 has not owned property in the previous 3 calendar years to which 303 the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) applied is 304 entitled to an additional homestead exemption for all levies 305 except school district levies. The additional exemption is an 306 amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just 307 value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The 308 additional exemption may not exceed the median just value of all

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309	homestead property within the county where the property at issue
310	is located for the calendar year immediately preceding January 1
311	of the year the homestead is established. The additional
312	exemption shall apply for a period of 5 years or until the year
313	the property is sold, whichever occurs first. The amount of the
314	additional exemption shall be reduced in each subsequent year by
315	an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount of the additional
316	exemption received in the year the homestead was established or
317	by an amount equal to the difference between the just value of
318	the property and the assessed value of the property determined
319	under Section 4(d), whichever is greater. Not more than one
320	exemption provided under this subsection shall be allowed per
321	homestead property at one time. The additional exemption applies
322	to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if this
323	amendment is approved at a special election held on the date of
324	the 2012 presidential preference primary, or to property
325	purchased on or after January 1, 2012, if this amendment is
326	approved at the 2012 general election, but the additional
327	exemption is not available in the sixth and subsequent years
328	after it is first received.
329	ARTICLE XII
330	SCHEDULE
331	SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on
332	property tax assessments.—The amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6
333	of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible
334	personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead

336 limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this

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exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the

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337 section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval 338 or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held 339 on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the 340 electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, 341 if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or 342 rejection at the next general election, shall take effect 343 January 1 of the year following such general election. The 344 amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (f) and (g) of that section, creating a limitation on annual 345 assessment increases for specified real property, shall take 346 347 effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special 348 election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit 349 350 assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the 351 general election held in November of 2008. Subsections (g) (f) 352 and (h) (g) of Section 4 of Article VII, initially adopted as 353 subsections (f) and (q), are repealed effective January 1, 2023 354 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution propose 355 an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (g) (f) and 356 (h) $\frac{(q)}{(q)}$, which shall be submitted to the electors of this state 357 for approval or rejection at the general election of 2022 2018 and, if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2023 2019. 358 359 SECTION 32. Property assessments.-This section and the amendment of Section 4 of Article VII addressing homestead and 360 361 specified nonhomestead property having a declining just value

363 assessed value of nonhomestead property, if submitted to the

and reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the

364 electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special

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365 election authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 366 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval 367 by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 368 2012, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for 369 approval or rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take 370 effect January 1, 2013. 371 SECTION 33. Additional homestead exemption for owners of 372 homestead property who recently have not owned homestead property.-This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article 373 374 VII providing for an additional homestead exemption for owners 375 of homestead property who have not owned homestead property 376 during the 3 calendar years immediately preceding purchase of 377 the current homestead property, if submitted to the electors of 378 this state for approval or rejection at a special election 379 authorized by law to be held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, shall take effect upon approval 380 381 by the electors and operate retroactively to January 1, 2012, 382 and the additional homestead exemption shall be available for 383 properties purchased on or after January 1, 2011, or if 384 submitted to the electors of this state for approval or 385 rejection at the 2012 general election, shall take effect 386 January 1, 2013, and the additional homestead exemption shall be 387 available for properties purchased on or after January 1, 2012. 388 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be 389 placed on the ballot: 390 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6 391 392 ARTICLE XII, SECTIONS 27, 32, 33 Page 14 of 17

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393 PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS; PROPERTY VALUE DECLINE; REDUCTION 394 FOR NONHOMESTEAD ASSESSMENT INCREASES; DELAY OF SCHEDULED 395 REPEAL.—

(1) This would amend Florida Constitution Article VII,
Section 4 (Taxation; assessments) and Section 6 (Homestead
exemptions). It also would amend Article XII, Section 27, and
add Sections 32 and 33, relating to the Schedule for the
amendments.

In certain circumstances, the law requires the 401 (2) assessed value of homestead and specified nonhomestead property 402 403 to increase when the just value of the property decreases. 404 Therefore, this amendment provides that the Legislature may, by 405 general law, provide that the assessment of homestead and 406 specified nonhomestead property may not increase if the just 407 value of that property is less than the just value of the 408 property on the preceding January 1, subject to any adjustment 409 in the assessed value due to changes, additions, reductions, or 410 improvements to such property which are assessed as provided for 411 by general law. This amendment takes effect upon approval by the 412 voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of 413 the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate 414 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 415 general election, shall take effect January 1, 2013.

(3) This amendment reduces from 10 percent to 5 percent the limitation on annual changes in assessments of nonhomestead real property. This amendment takes effect upon approval of the voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate

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retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

423 This amendment also authorizes general law to provide, (4) 424 subject to conditions specified in such law, an additional 425 homestead exemption to every person who establishes the right to 426 receive the homestead exemption provided in the Florida 427 Constitution within 1 year after purchasing the homestead 428 property and who has not owned property in the previous 3 429 calendar years to which the Florida homestead exemption applied. 430 The additional homestead exemption shall apply to all levies 431 except school district levies. The additional exemption is an 432 amount equal to 50 percent of the homestead property's just 433 value on January 1 of the year the homestead is established. The 434 additional homestead exemption may not exceed an amount equal to 435 the median just value of all homestead property within the 436 county where the property at issue is located for the calendar 437 year immediately preceding January 1 of the year the homestead 438 is established. The additional exemption shall apply for the 439 shorter of 5 years or the year of sale of the property. The 440 amount of the additional exemption shall be reduced in each 441 subsequent year by an amount equal to 20 percent of the amount 442 of the additional exemption received in the year the homestead 443 was established or by an amount equal to the difference between 444 the just value of the property and the assessed value of the 445 property determined under Article VII, Section 4(d), whichever 446 is greater. Not more than one such exemption shall be allowed 447 per homestead property at one time. The additional exemption applies to property purchased on or after January 1, 2011, if 448

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449 approved by the voters at a special election held on the date of 450 the 2012 presidential preference primary, or to property 451 purchased on or after January 1, 2012, if approved by the voters 452 at the 2012 general election. The additional exemption is not 453 available in the sixth and subsequent years after it is first 454 received. The amendment shall take effect upon approval by the 455 voters. If approved at a special election held on the date of 456 the 2012 presidential preference primary, it shall operate 457 retroactively to January 1, 2012, or, if approved at the 2012 458 general election, takes effect January 1, 2013.

(5) This amendment also delays until 2023, the repeal,
currently scheduled to take effect in 2019, of constitutional
amendments adopted in 2008 which limit annual assessment
increases for specified nonhomestead real property. This
amendment delays until 2022 the submission of an amendment
proposing the abrogation of such repeal to the voters.

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