By Senator Latvala

16-00590-11 2011434

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the assessment of residential real property; creating s. 193.624, F.S.; providing definitions; prohibiting adding the value of certain improvements to the assessed value of certain real property; providing a limitation on the assessed value of certain real property; providing application; providing procedural requirements and limitations; requiring a nonrefundable filing fee; amending ss. 193.155 and 193.1554, F.S.; specifying additional exceptions to assessments of homestead and nonhomestead property at just value; amending s. 196.012, F.S.; deleting a definition; conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 196.121 and 196.1995, F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 196.175, F.S., relating to the renewable energy source property tax exemption; providing for application; providing an effective date.

181920

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2122

Section 1. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

2324

193.624 Assessment of residential property.-

25

(1) For the purposes of this section:

2627

(a) "Changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage" means:

28

29

2. Creating a secondary water barrier to prevent water

31

3233

34

35

3637

38

39

40 41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

16-00590-11 2011434 intrusion; 3. Installing wind-resistant shingles; 4. Installing gable-end bracing; 5. Reinforcing roof-to-wall connections; 6. Installing storm shutters; or 7. Installing opening protections. (b) "Renewable energy source device" means any of the following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal deposits: 1. Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and inverters. 2. Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding swimming pools used as storage tanks. 3. Rockbeds. 4. Thermostats and other control devices. 5. Heat exchange devices. 6. Pumps and fans. 7. Roof ponds. 8. Freestanding thermal containers. 9. Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, such equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any type. 10. Windmills and wind turbines. 11. Wind-driven generators. 12. Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.

13. Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot

16-00590-11 2011434

geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.

- (2) In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, the just value of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and the just value of renewal energy source devices shall not be added to the assessed value as limited by s. 193.155 or s. 193.1554.
- (3) The assessed value of real property used for residential purposes shall not exceed the total just value of the property minus the combined just values of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and renewal energy source devices.
- (4) This section applies to new and existing construction used for residential purposes.
- (5) A parcel of residential property may not be assessed pursuant to this section unless an application is filed on or before March 1 of the first year the property owner claims the assessment reduction for renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. The property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may reasonably be required to establish the just value of the renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. Failure to make timely application by March 1 shall constitute a waiver of the property owner to have his or her assessment calculated under this section. However, an applicant who fails to file an

16-00590-11

2011434

88 application by March 1 may file a late application and may file, 89 pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment 90 board requesting assessment under this section. The petition must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing of the 91 92 notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). 93 Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a 94 nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the property is qualified to be 95 96 assessed under this section and the property owner demonstrates 97 particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property 98 appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant granting 99 assessment under this section, the property appraiser shall calculate the assessment in accordance with this section. 100 101 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 102 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 103 193.155 Homestead assessments.-Homestead property shall be 104 assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving 105 the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property 106 107 receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) 108 apply. 109 (4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, 110 changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the 111 112 changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed. 113 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 114 193.1554, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 115 193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property. 116 (6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624,

16-00590-11

2011434 117 changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential 118 property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 119 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are 120 substantially completed. 121 Section 4. Subsections (14) through (20) of section 122 196.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 123 196.012 Definitions. - For the purpose of this chapter, the 124 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context 125 clearly indicates otherwise: 126 (14) "Renewable energy source device" or "device" means any 127 of the following equipment which, when installed in connection 128 with a dwelling unit or other structure, collects, transmits, 129 stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived 130 from geothermal deposits: 131 (a) Solar energy collectors. 132 (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 133 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 134 (c) Rockbeds. 135 (d) Thermostats and other control devices. 136 (e) Heat exchange devices. 137 (f) Pumps and fans. 138 (g) Roof ponds. 139 (h) Freestanding thermal containers. 140 (i) Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 141 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, 142 conventional backup systems of any type are not included in this 143 definition. 144 (i) Windmills. (k) Wind-driven generators. 145

16-00590-11 2011434

(1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.

- (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
 - (14) (15) "New business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant;
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or
- 3. An office space in this state owned and used by a corporation newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such corporation; provided that such business or office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (c) A business that is situated on property annexed into a municipality and that, at the time of the annexation, is

16-00590-11 2011434

receiving an economic development ad valorem tax exemption from the county under s. 196.1995.

- (15) (16) "Expansion of an existing business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; provided that such business increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business, resulting in a net increase in employment of not less than 10 percent or an increase in productive output of not less than 10 percent.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (16) "Permanent resident" means a person who has established a permanent residence as defined in subsection (17)
- (17) (18) "Permanent residence" means that place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent

16-00590-11 2011434

residence at a time; and, once a permanent residence is established in a foreign state or country, it is presumed to continue until the person shows that a change has occurred.

- (18) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- $\underline{(19)}$ "Ex-servicemember" means any person who has served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty, a member of the Florida National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve Forces.
- Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.-
- (2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as defined in s. 196.012(16)(17). Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.
- Section 6. Subsection (6), paragraph (d) of subsection (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (9), and paragraph (d) of subsection (10) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.-
- (6) With respect to a new business as defined by s. 196.012(14)(15)(c), the municipality annexing the property on which the business is situated may grant an economic development ad valorem tax exemption under this section to that business for a period that will expire upon the expiration of the exemption granted by the county. If the county renews the exemption under

16-00590-11 2011434

subsection (7), the municipality may also extend its exemption.
A municipal economic development ad valorem tax exemption
granted under this subsection may not extend beyond the duration
of the county exemption.

- (8) Any person, firm, or corporation which desires an economic development ad valorem tax exemption shall, in the year the exemption is desired to take effect, file a written application on a form prescribed by the department with the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, or both. The application shall request the adoption of an ordinance granting the applicant an exemption pursuant to this section and shall include the following information:
- (d) Proof, to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, that the applicant is a new business or an expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. $196.012\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or (16); and
- (9) Before it takes action on the application, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality shall deliver a copy of the application to the property appraiser of the county. After careful consideration, the property appraiser shall report the following information to the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality:
- (d) A determination as to whether the property for which an exemption is requested is to be incorporated into a new business or the expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. $196.012\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or (16), or into neither, which determination the property appraiser shall also affix to the face of the

16-00590-11 2011434 262 application. Upon the request of the property appraiser, the department shall provide to him or her such information as it 263 264 may have available to assist in making such determination. 265 (10) An ordinance granting an exemption under this section 266 shall be adopted in the same manner as any other ordinance of 267 the county or municipality and shall include the following: 268 (d) A finding that the business named in the ordinance meets the requirements of s. $196.012(14)\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or $(15)\frac{(16)}{(16)}$. 269 270 Section 7. Section 196.175, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011, and 271 272 applies to assessments beginning January 1, 2012.