By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senators Oelrich, Dockery, and Garcia

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program; creating s. 414.145, F.S.; requiring the Department of Children and Family Services to perform a drug test on individuals who apply for benefits funded by the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program; making individuals responsible for bearing the cost of drug testing; requiring certain notice; providing procedures for testing and retesting; providing for notice of local substance abuse programs; providing that, if a parent is deemed ineligible due to failing a drug test, the eligibility of the children is not affected; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 414.145, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

(1) The Department of Children and Family Services shall

414.145 Drug-screening program.

responsibility of the individual.

require a drug test consistent with s. 112.0455 to screen each individual who applies for temporary assistance for needy families (TANF). The cost of drug testing shall be the

(a) Individuals who are subject to the requirements of this section include any parent or caretaker relative who is included in the cash assistance group, including individuals who may be exempt from work activity requirements due to the age of the

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youngest child or who may be excepted from work activity requirements under s. 414.065(4).

- (b) Individuals who test positive for controlled substances as a result of a drug test required under this section are ineligible to receive TANF benefits for 1 year.
 - (2) The Department of Children and Family Services shall:
- (a) Provide notice of drug testing to each individual at the time of application. The notice must advise the individual that drug testing will be conducted as a condition for receiving TANF benefits, and that the individual must bear the cost of testing. The individual shall be advised that the required drug testing may be avoided if the individual does not apply for TANF benefits. Children under the age of 18 are exempt from the drugtesting requirement.
- (b) Require that, for two-parent families, both parents comply with the drug-testing requirement.
- (c) Advise each individual to be tested, before the test is conducted, that he or she may, but is not required to, advise the agent administering the test of any prescription or overthe-counter medication he or she is taking.
- (d) Require each individual to be tested to sign a written acknowledgment that he or she has received and understood the notice and advice provided under paragraphs (a) and (c).
- (e) Ensure each individual being tested a reasonable degree of dignity while producing and submitting a sample for drug testing, consistent with the state's need to ensure the reliability of the sample.
- (f) Specify circumstances under which an individual who fails a drug test has the right to take one or more additional

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59 tests.

gubstances and are deemed ineligible for TANF benefits that they may reapply for those benefits 1 year after the date of the positive drug test. If the individual tests positive again, he or she is ineligible to receive TANF benefits for 3 years following the date of the second positive drug test.

- (h) Provide any individual who tests positive with information concerning substance abuse treatment programs that may be available in the area in which he or she resides. Neither the department nor the state is responsible for providing or paying for substance abuse treatment as part of the screening conducted under this section.
- (3) (a) If a parent is deemed ineligible for TANF benefits due to failing a drug test under this section, his or her dependent child's eligibility for TANF benefits is not affected.
- (b) If a parent is deemed ineligible for TANF benefits due to failing a drug test, an appropriate protective payee shall be established for the benefit of the child.
- (c) The parent may choose to designate another individual to receive benefits for the parent's minor child. The designated individual must be an immediate family member or, if an immediate family member is not available or the family member declines the option, another individual, approved by the department, may be designated. The designated individual must also undergo drug testing before being approved to receive benefits on behalf of the child. If the designated individual tests positive for controlled substances, he or she shall be deemed ineligible to receive benefits on behalf of the child.

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88	(4) The Department of Children and Family Services	shall
89	adopt rules as necessary to administer this section.	
90	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.	