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A bill to be entitled An act relating to public retirement plans; amending s. 112.65, F.S.; limiting benefits available under public retirement systems or plans; amending s. 121.021, F.S.; revising definitions relating to compensation; creating s. 121.024, F.S.; providing application of the benefit limitations in s. 112.65, F.S., to the Florida Retirement System; amending s. 121.0515, F.S.; revising the calculations used for upgrading a special risk member's contributions for past service; amending s. 175.021, F.S.; revising legislative declaration with respect to firefighter pension plans; amending s. 175.032, F.S.; revising definitions; creating s. 175.033, F.S.; providing application of the benefit limitations in s. 112.65, F.S., to firefighter pension plans; amending s. 175.041, F.S.; revising the applicability of ch. 175, F.S., to firefighters who are eligible for the Florida Retirement System; removing a provision prohibiting municipalities from establishing more than one retirement plan for certain public safety officers; amending s. 175.061, F.S.; authorizing the change of municipal representation on the board of trustees under certain conditions; limiting the number of trustees of a firefighters' pension trust fund who may also be members of the plan; providing duties of the board relating to the reporting of expenses and the submission of a proposed administrative expense budget; removing provisions to conform; amending s. 175.071, F.S.; revising requirements of the board relating to the

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employment of legal counsel, actuaries, and other advisers; amending s. 175.091, F.S.; removing an adjustment requirement for member contribution rates to a retirement plan for firefighters; amending s. 175.162, F.S.; revising requirements for retirement for firefighters; amending s. 175.191, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the determination of disability for purposes of awarding firefighter retirement benefits; repealing s. 175.231, F.S., relating to a presumption with respect to diseases of firefighters suffered in the line of duty; amending s. 175.351, F.S.; revising provisions relating to benefits paid from the premium tax by a municipality or special fire control district that has its own pension plan; amending s. 175.361, F.S.; transferring certain powers and responsibilities from the board of trustees to municipalities and special fire control districts relating to termination of plans and distribution of funds; repealing s. 175.371, F.S., relating to transfer to another state retirement system and payment of benefits; creating s. 175.372, F.S.; providing for the payment of benefits under another retirement system and the use of premium tax moneys; repealing s. 175.381, F.S., relating to applicability of ch. 175, F.S., relating to firefighter pension plans; amending s. 185.01, F.S.; revising legislative declaration with respect to municipal police pension plans; amending s. 185.02, F.S.; revising definitions; creating s. 185.021, F.S.; providing application of the benefit

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limitations in s. 112.65, F.S., to municipal police pension plans; amending s. 185.03, F.S.; revising the applicability of ch. 185, F.S., to municipal police officers who are eligible for the Florida Retirement System; removing a provision prohibiting municipalities from establishing more than one retirement plan for certain public safety officers; amending s. 185.05, F.S.; authorizing the change of municipal representation on the board of trustees under certain conditions; limiting the number of trustees of a municipal police officers' pension trust fund who may also be members of the plan; providing duties of the board relating to the reporting of expenses and the submission of a proposed administrative expense budget; removing provisions to conform; amending s. 185.06, F.S.; revising requirements of the board relating to the employment of legal counsel, actuaries, and other advisers; amending s. 185.07, F.S.; removing an adjustment requirement for member contribution rates to a retirement plan for police officers; amending s. 185.16, F.S.; revising requirements for retirement for police officers; amending s. 185.18, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the determination of disability for purposes of awarding police officer retirement benefits; repealing s. 185.34, F.S., relating to a presumption with respect to disability in the line of duty; amending s. 185.35, F.S.; revising provisions relating to benefits paid by a municipality that has its own pension plan; amending s. 185.37, F.S.; transferring certain powers and responsibilities from the

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board of trustees to the municipalities relating to termination of plans and distribution of funds; repealing s. 185.38, F.S., relating to transfer to another state retirement system and payment of benefits; creating s. 185.381, F.S.; providing for the payment of benefits under another retirement system and the use of premium tax moneys; repealing s. 185.39, F.S., relating to applicability of ch. 185, F.S., relating to municipal police pension plans; providing a declaration of important state interest; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (3) is added to section 112.65, Florida Statutes, to read:

112.65 Limitation of benefits.-

- (3) LIMITATIONS ON RETIREMENT AGE, CREDIT RATE, AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS; TERMINATION OF DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLANS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, including, but not limited to, this chapter, chapter 121, chapter 175, chapter 185, or any local ordinance or resolution:
- (a) A public employee is not eligible for normal retirement benefits under a public employer's retirement system or plan until the employee attains age 55 and as further specified or limited, including, but not limited to, a higher minimum age, in the public employer's retirement system or plan.
 - (b) Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30,

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2011, a public employer's defined benefit retirement system or plan may not use a retirement credit rate multiplier greater than 1.6 percent per year for future years of service for current or new plan participants. Current plan participants who have accrued retirement credit rate multipliers greater than 1.6 percent per year for past service shall receive such greater multipliers for the respective past service. In addition to a defined benefit retirement system or plan, a public employer may offer a defined contribution retirement system or plan to plan participants in the defined benefit retirement system or plan. However, plan participant contributions in the defined contribution retirement system or plan must equal or exceed the public employer's contributions to that system or plan. (c) A public employer is not and may not be required to make a contribution to a public retirement system or plan that exceeds 15 percent of the collective payroll for the participants of the system or plan. For purposes of this paragraph, the collective payroll for the participants of a public retirement system or plan includes the costs of all retirement or pension benefits, including all administrative and other system or plan expenses, provided by the public employer to the participants of the system or plan. If an actuarial valuation or other report on a public retirement system or plan indicates that the public employer's contribution to the system or plan will exceed the limitation under this paragraph, the public employer shall provide the participants of the system or plan with 30 days within which to agree, by majority vote, to

require or increase participant contributions to the system or

plan to pay for any costs in excess of the limitation. After that 30-day period or upon a vote of the participants not to pay for the excess costs, the public employer shall unilaterally decrease benefits in the system or plan to the extent that the public employer's contribution does not exceed the limitation under this paragraph.

- (d) Effective December 31, 2012, a public employer's retirement system or plan may not provide a deferred retirement option plan and participation in an existing deferred retirement option plan shall cease and all participants in a deferred retirement option plan shall receive their proper distribution on or before December 31, 2012.
- Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (22) and subsection (24) of section 121.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 121.021 Definitions.—The following words and phrases as used in this chapter have the respective meanings set forth unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:
- (22) "Compensation" means the monthly salary paid a member by his or her employer for work performed arising from that employment.
 - (a) Compensation includes shall include:
 - 1. Overtime payments paid from a salary fund.
 - 2. Accumulated annual leave payments.
- 3. Payments in addition to the employee's base rate of pay if all the following apply:
 - a. The payments are paid according to a formal written policy that applies to all eligible employees equally;
 - b. The policy provides that payments shall commence no

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later than the 11th year of employment;

- c. The payments are paid for as long as the employee continues his or her employment; and
 - d. The payments are paid at least annually.
- 4. amounts withheld for tax sheltered annuities or deferred compensation programs τ or any other type of salary reduction plan authorized under the Internal Revenue Code.
- 5. Payments made in lieu of a permanent increase in the base rate of pay, whether made annually or in 12 or 26 equal payments within a 12-month period, when the member's base pay is at the maximum of his or her pay range. When a portion of a member's annual increase raises his or her pay range and the excess is paid as a lump sum payment, such lump sum payment shall be compensation for retirement purposes.
- (24) "Average final compensation" means the average of the 5 highest fiscal years of compensation for creditable service prior to retirement, termination, or death. For in-line-of-duty disability benefits, if less than 5 years of creditable service have been completed, the term "average final compensation" means the average annual compensation of the total number of years of creditable service. Each year used in the calculation of average final compensation shall commence on July 1.
 - (a) The Average final compensation includes shall include:
- 1. Accumulated annual leave payments, not to exceed 500 hours; and
- $\frac{2}{2}$ all payments defined as compensation in subsection 195 (22).
 - (b) The Average final compensation does shall not include:

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197 1. Compensation paid to professional persons for special or particular services;

2. Payments for accumulated sick leave made due to retirement or termination;

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- 3. Payments for accumulated annual leave in excess of 500 hours;
 - 4. Bonuses as defined in subsection (47);
 - 5. Third party payments made on and after July 1, 1990; or
- 6. Fringe benefits (for example, automobile allowances or housing allowances); or
- 7. Overtime, unused leave, or any other compensation beyond base hourly or annual salary, notwithstanding any other provision of law, general or special, including, but not limited to, this chapter, chapter 112, chapter 175, chapter 185, or any local ordinance or resolution.
- Section 3. Section 121.024, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 121.024 Application.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, s. 112.65 applies to this chapter and controls over any conflicting provision of this chapter.
- Section 4. Subsection (5) of section 121.0515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 121.0515 Special risk membership.-
 - (5) CREDIT FOR PAST SERVICE.—A special risk member may purchase retirement credit in the Special Risk Class based upon past service, and may upgrade retirement credit for such past service, to the extent of 2 percent of the member's average monthly compensation as specified in s. 121.091(1)(a) for such

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service as follows:

- (a) The member may purchase special risk credit for past service with a city or special district that which has elected to join the Florida Retirement System, or with a participating agency to which a member's governmental unit was transferred, merged, or consolidated, as provided in s. 121.081(1)(f), if the member was employed with the city or special district at the time it commenced participating in the Florida Retirement System or with the governmental unit at the time of its transfer, merger, or consolidation with the participating agency. The service must satisfy the criteria set forth in subsection (2) for special risk membership as a law enforcement officer, firefighter, or correctional officer; however, a no certificate or waiver of certificate of compliance with s. 943.1395 or s. 633.35 is not shall be required for such service.
- (b) Contributions for upgrading the <u>first 2 percent of the member's average monthly compensation for the</u> additional special risk credit <u>pursuant to this subsection</u> shall be equal to the difference in the contributions paid and the special risk percentage rate of gross salary in effect at the time of purchase for the period being claimed, plus interest thereon at the rate of 4 percent a year compounded annually from the date of such service until July 1, 1975, and 6.5 percent a year thereafter until the date of payment. This Past service may be purchased by the member or by the employer on behalf of the member.
- (c) Contributions for upgrading additional special risk credit greater than 2 percent but not exceeding 3 percent of the

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member's average monthly compensation must be in an amount representing the actuarial accrued liability for the difference in accrual value during the period of service for which credit is being purchased. Contributions shall be calculated by an actuary designated by the department using the discount rate and other relevant actuarial assumptions used to value the Florida Retirement System defined benefit plan liabilities in the most recent actuarial valuation. The contribution for service credit being purchased must be paid by the member or by the employer on behalf of the member immediately upon notification by the division.

Section 5. Section 175.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.021 Legislative declaration.-

(1) It is hereby declared by the Legislature that firefighters, as hereinafter defined, perform state and municipal functions; that it is their duty to extinguish fires, to protect life, and to protect property at their own risk and peril; that it is their duty to prevent conflagration and to continuously instruct school personnel, public officials, and private citizens in the prevention of fires and firesafety; that they protect both life and property from local emergencies as defined in s. 252.34(3); and that their activities are vital to the public safety. It is further declared that firefighters employed by special fire control districts serve under the same circumstances and perform the same duties as firefighters employed by municipalities and should therefore be entitled to the benefits available under this chapter. Therefore, the

Legislature declares that it is a proper and legitimate state purpose to provide a uniform retirement system for the benefit of firefighters as hereinafter defined and intends, in implementing the provisions of s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution as they relate to municipal and special district firefighters' pension trust fund systems and plans, that such retirement systems or plans be managed, administered, operated, and funded in such manner as to maximize the protection of the firefighters' pension trust funds. Pursuant to s. 18, Art. VII of the State Constitution, the Legislature hereby determines and declares that the provisions of this act fulfill an important state interest.

(2) This chapter hereby establishes, for all municipal and special district pension plans existing now or hereafter under this chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of such plans, hereinafter referred to as firefighters' pension trust funds. The minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter may not be diminished by local charter, ordinance, or resolution or by special act of the Legislature, nor may the minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or offset by any other local, state, or federal law that may include firefighters in its operation, except as provided under s. 112.65.

Section 6. Subsections (3), (11), and (17) of section 175.032, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

175.032 Definitions.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local

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law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the following words and phrases have the following meanings:

- (3) "Compensation" or "salary" means the fixed monthly remuneration paid a firefighter; where, as in the case of a volunteer firefighter, remuneration is based on actual services rendered, the term means the total cash remuneration received yearly for such services, prorated on a monthly basis. Overtime compensation, unused leave, or any other form of compensation beyond base hourly or annual salary may not be included when calculating the member's compensation or salary.
- (a) A retirement trust fund or plan may use a definition of salary other than the definition in this subsection but only if the monthly retirement income payable to each firefighter covered by the retirement trust fund or plan, as determined under s. 175.162(2)(a) and using such other definition, equals or exceeds the monthly retirement income that would be payable to each firefighter if his or her monthly retirement income were determined under s. 175.162(2)(a) and using the definition in this subsection.
- (b) Any retirement trust fund or plan which now or hereafter meets the requirements of this chapter shall not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each firefighter covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.
- (c) The member's compensation or salary contributed as employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity

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program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this chapter.

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- (b) (d) For any person who first becomes a member in any plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for any plan year shall not include any amounts in excess of the Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17) limitation (as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993), which limitation of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a member prior to the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation shall be not less than the maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into account under the plan as in effect on July 1, 1993, which limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(1991).
- (11) "Local law plan" means a defined benefit pension plan for firefighters, or for firefighters or police officers where included, as described in s. 175.351, established by municipal ordinance, special district resolution, or special act of the Legislature, which enactment sets forth all plan provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter, provided that required minimum benefits and minimum

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standards are met. Any such variance shall provide a greater benefit for firefighters. Actuarial valuations of local law plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in s. 175.261(2).

- (17) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits are made to provide extra benefits for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers where included under this chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with a defined benefit plan that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter.
- Section 7. Section 175.033, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 175.033 Application.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, s. 112.65 applies to this chapter and controls over any conflicting provision of this chapter.
- Section 8. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 175.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 175.041 Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund created; applicability of provisions.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:
- only to municipalities organized and established pursuant to <u>law</u> the <u>laws of the state</u> and to special fire control districts.

 This chapter does, and said provisions shall not apply to the unincorporated areas of any county or counties, except with respect to special fire control districts that include

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unincorporated areas, <u>or</u> nor shall the provisions hereof apply to any governmental entity whose firefighters are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System, except as provided in s. 175.351(5) or s. 175.372.

(a) Special fire control districts that include, or consist exclusively of, unincorporated areas of one or more counties may levy and impose the tax and participate in the retirement programs enabled by this chapter.

- (b) With respect to the distribution of premium taxes, a single consolidated government consisting of a former county and one or more municipalities, consolidated pursuant to s. 3 or s. 6(e), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, may is also eligible to participate under this chapter. The consolidated government shall notify the division when it has entered into an interlocal agreement to provide fire services to a municipality within its boundaries. The municipality may enact an ordinance levying the tax as provided in s. 175.101. Upon being provided copies of the interlocal agreement and the municipal ordinance levying the tax, the division may distribute any premium taxes reported for the municipality to the consolidated government as long as the interlocal agreement is in effect.
- agreement to provide fire protection services to any other incorporated municipality, in its entirety, for a period of 12 months or more may be eligible to receive the premium taxes reported for such other municipality. In order To be eligible for such premium taxes, the municipality providing the fire services must notify the division that it has entered into an

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interlocal agreement with another municipality. The municipality receiving the fire services may enact an ordinance levying the tax as provided in s. 175.101. Upon being provided copies of the interlocal agreement and the municipal ordinance levying the tax, the division may distribute any premium taxes reported for the municipality receiving the fire services to the participating municipality providing the fire services as long as the interlocal agreement is in effect.

(4) No municipality shall establish more than one retirement plan for public safety officers which is supported in whole or in part by the distribution of premium tax funds as provided by this chapter or chapter 185, nor shall any municipality establish a retirement plan for public safety officers which receives premium tax funds from both this chapter and chapter 185.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 175.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.061 Board of trustees; members; terms of office; meetings; legal entity; costs; attorney's fees.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (1) In each municipality and in each special fire control district there is hereby created a board of trustees of the firefighters' pension trust fund, which shall be solely responsible for administering the trust fund. Effective October 1, 1986, and thereafter:
 - (a) The membership of the board of trustees for a chapter

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plan consists of five members, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, must be legal residents of the municipality or special fire control district and must be appointed by the governing body of the municipality or special fire control district, and two of whom must be full-time firefighters as defined in s. 175.032 who are elected by a majority of the active firefighters who are members of such plan. With respect to any chapter plan or local law plan that, on January 1, 1997, allowed retired firefighters to vote in such elections, retirees may continue to vote in such elections. The fifth member shall be chosen by a majority of the previous four members as provided herein, and such person's name shall be submitted to the governing body of the municipality or special fire control district. Upon receipt of the fifth person's name, the governing body of the municipality or special fire control district shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees. The fifth member shall have the same rights as each of the other four members, shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, and may succeed himself or herself in office. Each resident member shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, unless sooner replaced by the governing body at whose pleasure he or she serves, and may succeed himself or herself as a trustee. Each firefighter member shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, unless he or she sooner leaves the employment of the municipality or special fire control district as a firefighter, whereupon a successor shall be chosen in the same manner as an original appointment. Each firefighter may succeed himself or herself in office. The terms of office of the

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appointed and elected members may be amended by municipal ordinance, special act of the Legislature, or resolution adopted by the governing body of the special fire control district to extend the terms from 2 years to 4 years. The length of the terms of office shall be the same for all board members.

- (b) The membership of boards of trustees for local law plans shall be as follows:
- 1. If a municipality or special fire control district has a pension plan for firefighters only, the provisions of paragraph (a) shall apply.
- 2. If a municipality has a pension plan for firefighters and police officers, the provisions of paragraph (a) shall apply, except that one member of the board shall be a firefighter as defined in s. 175.032 and one member of the board shall be a police officer as defined in s. 185.02, respectively elected by a majority of the active firefighters or police officers who are members of the plan.
- 3. Any board of trustees operating a local law plan on July 1, 1999, which is combined with a plan for general employees shall hold an election of the firefighters, or firefighters and police officers, if included, to determine whether a plan is to be established for firefighters only, or for firefighters and police officers where included. Based on the election results, a new board shall be established as provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. The municipality or fire control district shall enact an ordinance or resolution to implement the new board by October 1, 1999. The newly established board shall take whatever action is

necessary to determine the amount of assets which is attributable to firefighters, or firefighters and police officers where included. Such assets shall include all employer, employee, and state contributions made by or on behalf of firefighters, or firefighters and police officers where included, and any investment income derived from such contributions. All such moneys shall be transferred into the newly established retirement plan, as directed by the board.

- With respect to any board of trustees operating a local law plan on June 30, 1986, nothing in this paragraph does not shall permit the reduction of the membership percentage of firefighters, or of firefighters and police officers where a joint or mixed fund exists. A municipality may change the municipal representation on the board of trustees operating a local law plan by ordinance if the change does not reduce the membership percentage of firefighters, or firefighters and police officers, that existed on June 30, 1986.
- (c) A majority of the members of a board of trustees may
 not be members or retirees of the plan for which the board is
 administering the trust fund.
 - (d) The board of trustees shall:
 - 1. Provide a detailed accounting report of its expenses
 for each fiscal year to the plan sponsor and the Department of
 Management Services and shall make the report available to every
 member of the plan. The report must include, but need not be
 limited to, all administrative expenses, which for purposes of
 this subparagraph are all expenses relating to any legal

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counsel, actuary, plan administrator, and all other consultants, and all travel and other expenses paid to or on behalf of the members of the board of trustees or anyone else on behalf of the plan.

- 2. Submit its proposed administrative expense budget for each fiscal year at least 120 days before the beginning of the fiscal year to the plan sponsor for review and modification. The administrative expense budget is effective only upon approval by the plan sponsor and must regulate the administrative expenses of the board of trustees. The board of trustees may not amend the budget without the prior approval of the plan sponsor.
- chapter plan or closed local law plan as provided in s. 175.371 falls below 10, an active firefighter member seat may be held by either a retired member or an active firefighter member of the plan who is elected by the active and retired members of the plan. If there are no active or retired firefighters remaining in the plan or capable of serving, the remaining board members may elect an individual to serve in the active firefighter seat. Upon receipt of such person's name, the legislative body of the municipality or special fire control district shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees. This paragraph applies only to those plans that are closed to new members under s. 175.371(2), and does not apply to any other municipality or fire control district having a chapter or local law plan.
- Section 10. Subsection (7) of section 175.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.071 General powers and duties of board of trustees.—
For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter
plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control
district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (7) To assist the board in meeting its responsibilities under this chapter, the board, if it so elects, and subject to s. 175.061(1)(d), may:
- (a) Employ independent legal counsel at the pension fund's expense.
- (b) Employ an independent actuary, as defined in s.175.032(7), at the pension fund's expense.
- (c) Employ such independent professional, technical, or other advisers as it deems necessary at the pension fund's expense.

If the board chooses to use the municipality's or special district's legal counsel or actuary, or chooses to use any of the municipality's or special district's other professional, technical, or other advisers, it must do so only under terms and conditions acceptable to the board.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 175.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.091 Creation and maintenance of fund.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (2) Member contribution rates may be adjusted as follows:
- (b) Firefighter member contributions may be increased by

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consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by majority consent of firefighter members of the fund to provide greater benefits.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary, provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of salary.

Section 12. Section 175.162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.162 Requirements for retirement.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, any firefighter who completes 10 or more years of creditable service as a firefighter and attains age 55, or completes 25 years of creditable service as a firefighter and attains age 52, and who for such minimum period has been a member of the firefighters' pension trust fund operating under a chapter plan or local law plan, is eligible for normal retirement benefits. Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the municipality or special fire control district on or after the normal retirement date. In such event, payment of retirement income will be governed by the following provisions of this section:

(1) The normal retirement date of each firefighter will be the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date on which he or she has completed 10 or more years of

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creditable service and attained age 55 or completed 25 years of creditable service and attained age 52.

- (2) (a) Except as provided in s. 112.65(3)(b), the amount of monthly retirement income payable to a full-time firefighter who retires on or after his or her normal retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of his or her years of credited service multiplied by 2 percent of his or her average final compensation as a full-time firefighter. However, if current state contributions pursuant to this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional benefits to meet the minimum requirements in this chapter, only such incremental increases shall be required as state moneys are adequate to provide. Such increments shall be provided as state moneys become available.
- (b) Except as provided in s. 112.65(3)(b), the amount of monthly retirement income payable to a volunteer firefighter who retires on or after his or her normal retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of his or her years of credited service multiplied by 2 percent of his or her average final compensation as a volunteer firefighter.
- (3) The monthly retirement income payable in the event of normal retirement will be payable on the first day of each month. The first payment will be made on the firefighter's normal retirement date, or on the first day of the month coincident with or next following his or her actual retirement, if later, and the last payment will be the payment due next preceding the firefighter's death; except that, in the event the firefighter dies after retirement but before he or she has received retirement benefits for a period of 10 years, the same

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monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the firefighter for the balance of such 10-year period. If a firefighter continues in the service of the municipality or special fire control district beyond his or her normal retirement date and dies prior to his or her date of actual retirement, without an option made pursuant to s. 175.171 being in effect, monthly retirement income payments will be made for a period of 10 years to a beneficiary (or beneficiaries) designated by the firefighter as if the firefighter had retired on the date on which his or her death occurred.

Early retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the municipality or special fire control district, with the consent of the municipality or special fire control district, as of the first day of any calendar month which is prior to the firefighter's normal retirement date but subsequent to the date as of which he or she has both attained the age of 50 years and has been a member of this fund for 10 continuous years. In the event of early retirement, payment of retirement income shall be governed as follows: The monthly amount of retirement income payable to a firefighter who retires prior to his or her normal retirement date shall be in the amount computed as described in subsection (2), taking into account the firefighter's credited service to his or her date of actual retirement and final monthly compensation as of such date, such amount of retirement income to be actuarially reduced to take into account the firefighter's younger age and the earlier commencement of retirement income benefits. The amount of

monthly income payable in the event of early retirement will be paid in the same manner as in subsection (3). In no event shall the early retirement reduction shall be 5 exceed 3 percent for each year by which the member's age at retirement preceded the member's normal retirement age, as provided in subsection (1).

Section 13. Subsections (2), (4), (6), and (7) of section 175.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

175.191 Disability retirement.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (2) A firefighter will be considered totally disabled if, in the opinion of the board of trustees and the employer, he or she is wholly prevented from rendering useful and efficient service as an employee a firefighter; and a firefighter will be considered permanently disabled if, in the opinion of the board of trustees and the employer, he or she is likely to remain so disabled continuously and permanently from a cause other than is specified in subsection (3).
- (4) A No firefighter is not shall be permitted to retire under the provisions of this section until he or she is examined by a duly qualified physician or surgeon, to be selected by the board of trustees and the employer for that purpose, and is found to be disabled in the degree and in the manner specified in this section. Any firefighter retiring under this section may be examined periodically by a duly qualified physician or surgeon or board of physicians and surgeons, to be selected by the board of trustees or the employer for that purpose, to

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determine if such disability has ceased to exist.

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- The monthly retirement income to which a firefighter is entitled in the event of his or her disability retirement shall be payable on the first day of the first month after the board of trustees and the employer determine determines such entitlement. However, the monthly retirement income shall be payable as of the date the board and the employer determine determines such entitlement, and any portion due for a partial month shall be paid together with the first payment. The last payment will be, if the firefighter recovers from the disability, the payment due next preceding the date of such recovery or, if the firefighter dies without recovering from the disability, the payment due next preceding his or her death or the 120th monthly payment, whichever is later. In lieu of the benefit payment as provided in this subsection paragraph, a firefighter may select an optional form as provided in s. 175.171. Any monthly retirement income payments due after the death of a disabled firefighter shall be paid to the firefighter's designated beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as provided in ss. 175.181 and 175.201.
- (7) If the board of trustees <u>or the employer</u> finds that a firefighter who is receiving a disability retirement income is no longer disabled, as provided <u>in this section</u> herein, the board of trustees <u>or the employer</u> shall direct that the disability retirement income be discontinued. "Recovery from disability" as used <u>in this section</u> herein means the ability of the firefighter to render useful and efficient service as <u>an</u> employee <u>a firefighter</u>.

Section 14. Section 175.231, Florida Statutes, is
repealed.
Section 15. Section 175.351, Florida Statutes, is

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Section 15. Section 175.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.351 Municipalities and special fire control districts having their own pension plans for firefighters. - For any municipality, special fire control district, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, in order for municipalities and special fire control districts with their own pension plans for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers, where included, to participate in the distribution of the tax fund established pursuant to s. 175.101, local law plans must provide a benefit or benefits within those pension plans for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers where included, which are equal to or greater than the pension benefits provided to general employees of the municipality or special fire control district, regardless of when such additional or greater benefit was or is provided meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter.

(1) PREMIUM TAX INCOME.—If a municipality has a pension plan for firefighters, or a pension plan for firefighters and police officers, where included, which in the opinion of the division meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter, the board of trustees of the pension plan, as approved by a majority of firefighters of the municipality, may:

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757 (a) Place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in 758 such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its 759 firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers, where 760 included, where it shall become an integral part of that pension 761 plan and shall be used to pay extra benefits to the firefighters 762 included in that pension plan; or 763 Place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in 764 a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to 765 firefighters, or to firefighters and police officers where 766 included, participating in such separate supplemental plan. The 767 premium tax provided by this chapter must shall in all cases be 768 used in its entirety to provide extra benefits to firefighters, 769 or to firefighters and police officers, where included. 770 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter However, 771 local law plans in effect on or after October 1, 1998, may shall 772 be required to comply with the minimum benefit provisions of 773 this chapter by providing pension benefits that, in the 774 aggregate, exceed the minimum benefits set forth in this chapter 775 as determined by the plan's actuary only to the extent that 776 additional premium tax revenues become available to 777 incrementally fund the cost of such compliance as provided in 778 175.162(2)(a). When a plan is in compliance with such minimum 779 benefit provisions, as subsequent additional premium tax revenues become available, they shall be used to provide extra 780 781 benefits. For the purpose of this chapter, "additional premium 782 tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 175.121 which 783 784 exceed that amount received for calendar year 1997, and the term

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"extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for firefighters on March 12, 1999. Local law plans created by special act before May 23, 1939, are shall be deemed to comply with this chapter.

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- ADOPTION OR REVISION OF A LOCAL LAW PLAN. A No retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may not shall be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or amendment contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. The $\frac{No}{No}$ such proposed plan or proposed plan change may not shall be adopted without the approval of the municipality, special fire control district, and or, if required where permitted, the Legislature. Copies of the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change shall be furnished to the division prior to the last public hearing thereon. The impact Such statement must shall also indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change is in compliance with s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution and those provisions of part VII of chapter 112 which are not expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision, only those local law plans created by special act of legislation before prior to May 23, 1939, are shall be deemed to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards only in this chapter.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to \underline{a} any supplemental plan municipality:
- (a) Section 175.032(3)(a) does shall not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their

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definition of compensation or salary in existence on <u>March 12,</u>

1999 the effective date of this act.

- (b) Section 175.061(1)(b) does shall not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan shall continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered, constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.
- (c) The election set forth in paragraph (1)(b) shall be deemed to have been made.
- (4) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing, and copies thereof must be made available to the participants and to the general public.
- unilaterally establish one or more new plans, or benefit levels within a plan, which provide different benefit levels for plan members based on the member's date of hire if the new plan or benefit level provides pension benefits that, in the aggregate, meet or exceed the minimum benefits set forth in this chapter, as determined by the plan's or employer's actuary. A municipality or special fire control district may unilaterally elect to maintain an existing plan and join the Florida Retirement System for employees hired after a specified date. A municipality or special fire control district choosing to operate under this subsection shall use the premium tax provided under this chapter for the current plan or benefit level, for any additional plan or benefit level, or for contributions to

the Florida Retirement System.

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Section 16. Section 175.361, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.361 Termination of plan and distribution of fund.-For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the plan may be terminated by the municipality or special fire control district. Upon termination of the plan by the municipality or special fire control district for any reason or because of a transfer, merger, or consolidation of governmental units, services, or functions as provided in chapter 121, or upon written notice by the municipality or special fire control district to the board of trustees that contributions under the plan are being permanently discontinued, the rights of all employees to benefits accrued to the date of such termination and the amounts credited to the employees' accounts are nonforfeitable. The fund shall be distributed in accordance with the following procedures:

board of trustees shall determine the date of distribution and the asset value required to fund all the nonforfeitable benefits after taking into account the expenses of such distribution. The board shall inform the municipality or special fire control district shall determine if additional assets are required, in which event the municipality or special fire control district shall continue to financially support the plan until all nonforfeitable benefits have been funded.

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(2) The <u>municipality or special fire control district</u>

board of trustees shall determine the method of distribution of the asset value, whether distribution shall be by payment in cash, by the maintenance of another or substituted trust fund, by the purchase of insured annuities, or otherwise, for each firefighter entitled to benefits under the plan as specified in subsection (3).

- board of trustees shall distribute the asset value as of the date of termination in the manner set forth in this subsection, on the basis that the amount required to provide any given retirement income is the actuarially computed single-sum value of such retirement income, except that if the method of distribution determined under subsection (2) involves the purchase of an insured annuity, the amount required to provide the given retirement income is the single premium payable for such annuity. The actuarial single-sum value may not be less than the employee's accumulated contributions to the plan, with interest if provided by the plan, less the value of any plan benefits previously paid to the employee.
- (4) If there is asset value remaining after the full distribution specified in subsection (3), and after the payment of any expenses incurred with such distribution, such excess shall be returned to the municipality or special fire control district, less return to the state of the state's contributions, provided that, if the excess is less than the total contributions made by the municipality or special fire control district and the state to date of termination of the plan, such

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excess shall be divided proportionately to the total contributions made by the municipality or special fire control district and the state.

- (5) The <u>municipality or special fire control district</u>

 board of trustees shall distribute, in accordance with

 subsection (2), the amounts determined under subsection (3).
- If, after 24 months after the date the plan terminated or the date the board received written notice that the contributions thereunder were being permanently discontinued, the municipality or special fire control district or the board of trustees of the firefighters' pension trust fund affected has not complied with all the provisions in this section, the Department of Management Services shall effect the termination of the fund in accordance with this section.
- 912 Section 17. <u>Section 175.371, Florida Statutes, is</u> 913 repealed.
 - Section 18. Section 175.372, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 175.372 Benefits under another retirement system or pension program.—For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter:
 - (1) A firefighter who has a vested right to benefits under the pension plan may not receive a benefit under a new retirement system or pension program for any period of service

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for which benefits are being paid pursuant to the pension plan subject to this chapter.

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to read:

(2) If a municipality or special fire control district unilaterally chooses to create or transfer to another retirement system or pension program, including, but not limited to, a defined contribution program, for all or a portion of its active firefighters who are in a pension plan subject to this chapter, or for firefighters hired after a date certain, the municipality or special fire control district shall continue to receive state premium tax moneys and must use those funds to fund a preexisting plan subject to this chapter or to reduce the required contributions of the municipality or special fire control district to the new retirement system or pension program. A new retirement system or pension program shall provide for disability retirement for firefighters who suffer total and permanent disabilities in the line of duty, as determined by the employer under the definitions of and a process similar to the process in s. 175.191, and the monthly benefit shall be the accrued retirement benefit under the plan or system, but the benefit shall provide not less than an amount equal to 42 percent of the firefighter's average monthly compensation at the time of the disability for the life of the firefighter or until the firefighter recovers from the disability, as determined by the employer. Section 19. Section 175.381, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 20. Section 185.01, Florida Statutes, is amended

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185.01 Legislative declaration.-

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- It is hereby found and declared by the Legislature that police officers as hereinafter defined perform both state and municipal functions; that they make arrests for violations of state traffic laws on public highways; that they keep the public peace; that they conserve both life and property; and that their activities are vital to public welfare of this state. Therefore the Legislature declares that it is a proper and legitimate state purpose to provide a uniform retirement system for the benefit of police officers as hereinafter defined and intends, in implementing the provisions of s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution as they relate to municipal police officers' retirement trust fund systems and plans, that such retirement systems or plans be managed, administered, operated, and funded in such manner as to maximize the protection of police officers' retirement trust funds. Therefore, the Legislature hereby determines and declares that the provisions of this act fulfill an important state interest.
- (2) This chapter hereby establishes, for all municipal pension plans now or hereinafter provided for under this chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of such plans, hereinafter referred to as municipal police officers' retirement trust funds. The minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter may not be diminished by local ordinance or by special act of the Legislature, nor may the minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or offset by any other local, state, or federal plan

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that may include police officers in its operation, except as provided under s. 112.65.

Section 21. Subsections (4), (10), and (15) of section 185.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

185.02 Definitions.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, the following words and phrases as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (4) "Compensation" or "salary" means the fixed monthly total cash remuneration including "overtime" paid by the primary employer to a police officer for services rendered, but not including any payments for extra duty or a special detail work performed on behalf of a second party employer, any overtime, unused leave, or any other compensation beyond base hourly or annual salary. However, a local law plan may limit the amount of overtime payments which can be used for retirement benefit calculation purposes, but in no event shall such overtime limit be less than 300 hours per officer per calendar year.
- (a) Any retirement trust fund or plan which now or hereafter meets the requirements of this chapter shall not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each police officer covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.
- (b) The member's compensation or salary contributed as employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be

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deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this chapter.

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(b) (c) For any person who first becomes a member in any plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for any plan year shall not include any amounts in excess of the Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17) limitation (as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993), which limitation of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a member prior to the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation shall be not less than the maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into account under the plan as in effect on July 1, 1993, which limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(1991).

(10) "Local law plan" means a defined benefit pension plan for police officers or for police officers and firefighters, where included, as described in s. 185.35, established by municipal ordinance or special act of the Legislature, which enactment sets forth all plan provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter, provided that required minimum benefits and minimum standards are met. Any such variance shall provide a greater benefit for

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police officers. Actuarial valuations of local law plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in s. 185.221(2)(b).

(15) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits of the premium tax moneys as provided in s. 185.08 are made to provide extra benefits to police officers, or police officers and firefighters where included, under this chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with a defined benefit plan that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards of this chapter.

Section 22. Section 185.021, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

185.021 Application.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, s. 112.65 applies to this chapter and controls over any conflicting provision of this chapter.

Section 23. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 185.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

185.03 Municipal police officers' retirement trust funds; creation; applicability of provisions; participation by public safety officers.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:

(2) The provisions of This chapter applies shall apply only to municipalities organized and established pursuant to law. This chapter does the laws of the state, and said provisions shall not apply to the unincorporated areas of any county or counties or nor shall the provisions hereof apply to any governmental entity whose police officers are eligible to participate in the Florida Retirement System, except as provided

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in s. 185.35(5) or s. 185.381.

(3) No municipality shall establish more than one retirement plan for public safety officers which is supported in whole or in part by the distribution of premium tax funds as provided by this chapter or chapter 175, nor shall any municipality establish a retirement plan for public safety officers which receives premium tax funds from both this chapter and chapter 175.

Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 185.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.05 Board of trustees; members; terms of office; meetings; legal entity; costs; attorney's fees.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (1) In each municipality described in s. 185.03 there is hereby created a board of trustees of the municipal police officers' retirement trust fund, which shall be solely responsible for administering the trust fund. Effective October 1, 1986, and thereafter:
- (a) The membership of the board of trustees for chapter plans consists of five members, two of whom, unless otherwise prohibited by law, must be legal residents of the municipality and must be appointed by the legislative body of the municipality, and two of whom must be police officers as defined in s. 185.02 who are elected by a majority of the active police officers who are members of such plan. With respect to any chapter plan or local law plan that, on January 1, 1997, allowed retired police officers to vote in such elections, retirees may

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continue to vote in such elections. The fifth member shall be chosen by a majority of the previous four members, and such person's name shall be submitted to the legislative body of the municipality. Upon receipt of the fifth person's name, the legislative body shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees. The fifth member shall have the same rights as each of the other four members appointed or elected, shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, and may succeed himself or herself in office. Each resident member shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, unless sooner replaced by the legislative body at whose pleasure the member serves, and may succeed himself or herself as a trustee. Each police officer member shall serve as trustee for a period of 2 years, unless he or she sooner leaves the employment of the municipality as a police officer, whereupon a successor shall be chosen in the same manner as an original appointment. Each police officer may succeed himself or herself in office. The terms of office of the appointed and elected members of the board of trustees may be amended by municipal ordinance or special act of the Legislature to extend the terms from 2 years to 4 years. The length of the terms of office shall be the same for all board members.

- (b) The membership of boards of trustees for local law plans shall be as follows:
- 1. If a municipality has a pension plan for police officers only, the provisions of paragraph (a) shall apply.
- 2. If a municipality has a pension plan for police officers and firefighters, the provisions of paragraph (a) shall apply, except that one member of the board shall be a police

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officer as defined in s. 185.02 and one member shall be a firefighter as defined in s. 175.032, respectively, elected by a majority of the active firefighters and police officers who are members of the plan.

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- Any board of trustees operating a local law plan on July 1, 1999, which is combined with a plan for general employees shall hold an election of the police officers, or police officers and firefighters if included, to determine whether a plan is to be established for police officers only, or for police officers and firefighters where included. Based on the election results, a new board shall be established as provided in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. The municipality shall enact an ordinance to implement the new board by October 1, 1999. The newly established board shall take whatever action is necessary to determine the amount of assets which is attributable to police officers, or police officers and firefighters where included. Such assets shall include all employer, employee, and state contributions made by or on behalf of police officers, or police officers and firefighters where included, and any investment income derived from such contributions. All such moneys shall be transferred into the newly established retirement plan, as directed by the board.
- 1143 With respect to any board of trustees operating a local law plan
 1144 on June 30, 1986, nothing in this paragraph does not shall
 1145 permit the reduction of the membership percentage of police
 1146 officers or police officers and firefighters. A municipality may
 1147 change the municipal representation on the board of trustees

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operating a local law plan by ordinance if the change does not reduce the membership percentage of police officers, or police officers and firefighters, that were employed on June 30, 1986.

- (c) A majority of the members of a board of trustees may not be members or retirees of the plan for which the board is administering the trust fund.
 - (d) The board of trustees shall:

- 1. Provide a detailed accounting report of its expenses for each fiscal year to the plan sponsor and the Department of Management Services and shall make the report available to every member of the plan. The report must include, but need not be limited to, all administrative expenses, which for purposes of this subparagraph are all expenses relating to any legal counsel, actuary, plan administrator, and all other consultants, and all travel and other expenses paid to or on behalf of the members of the board of trustees or anyone else on behalf of the plan.
- 2. Submit its proposed administrative expense budget for each fiscal year at least 120 days before the beginning of the fiscal year to the plan sponsor for review and modification. The administrative expense budget is effective only upon approval by the plan sponsor and must regulate the administrative expenses of the board of trustees. The board of trustees may not amend the budget without the prior approval of the plan sponsor.
- (c) Whenever the active police officer membership of a closed chapter plan or closed local law plan as provided in s. 185.38 falls below 10, an active police officer member seat may be held by either a retired police officer or an active police

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officer member of the plan who is elected by the active and retired members of the plan. If there are no active or retired police officers remaining in the plan or capable of serving, the remaining board members may elect an individual to serve in the active police officer member seat. Upon receipt of such person's name, the legislative body of the municipality shall, as a ministerial duty, appoint such person to the board of trustees. This paragraph applies only to those plans that are closed to new members under s. 185.38(2), and does not apply to any other municipality having a chapter or local law plan.

(d) If the chapter plan or local law plan with an active membership of 10 or more is closed to new members, the member seats may be held by either a retirce, as defined in s. 185.02, or an active police officer of the plan who has been elected by the active police officers. A closed plan means a plan that is closed to new members but continues to operate, pursuant to s. 185.38(2), for participants who elect to remain in the existing plan. This paragraph applies only to those plans that are closed to new members pursuant to s. 185.38(2) and does not apply to any other municipality that has a chapter plan or a local law plan.

Section 25. Subsection (6) of section 185.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.06 General powers and duties of board of trustees.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:

(6) To assist the board in meeting its responsibilities under this chapter, the board, if it so elects, and subject to

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1204 s. 185.05(1)(d), may:

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- (a) Employ independent legal counsel at the pension fund's expense.
- 1207 (b) Employ an independent actuary, as defined in s. 1208 185.02(8), at the pension fund's expense.
- 1209 (c) Employ such independent professional, technical, or 1210 other advisers as it deems necessary at the pension fund's 1211 expense.

If the board chooses to use the municipality's or special district's legal counsel or actuary, or chooses to use any of the municipality's other professional, technical, or other advisers, it must do so only under terms and conditions acceptable to the board.

Section 26. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 185.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.07 Creation and maintenance of fund.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:

- (2) Member contribution rates may be adjusted as follows:
- (b) Police officer member contributions may be increased by consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if none, by majority consent of police officer members of the fund to provide greater benefits.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary,

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provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of salary.

Section 27. Section 185.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 185.16 Requirements for retirement.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, any police officer who completes 10 or more years of creditable service as a police officer and attains age 55, or completes 25 years of creditable service as a police officer and attains age 52, and for such period has been a member of the retirement fund is eligible for normal retirement benefits.

 Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the city on or after the normal retirement date. In such event, for chapter plans and local law plans, payment of retirement income will be governed by the following provisions of this section:
- (1) The normal retirement date of each police officer will be the first day of the month coincident with or next following the date on which the police officer has completed 10 or more years of creditable service and attained age 55 or completed 25 years of creditable service and attained age 52.
- (2) Except as provided in s. 112.65(3)(b), the amount of the monthly retirement income payable to a police officer who retires on or after his or her normal retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of the police officer's years of credited service multiplied by 2 percent of his or her average final compensation. However, if current state contributions pursuant to this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional

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benefits to meet the minimum requirements in this chapter, only increment increases shall be required as state moneys are adequate to provide. Such increments shall be provided as state moneys become available.

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- The monthly retirement income payable in the event of normal retirement will be payable on the first day of each month. The first payment will be made on the police officer's normal retirement date, or on the first day of the month coincident with or next following the police officer's actual retirement, if later, and the last payment will be the payment due next preceding the police officer's death; except that, in the event the police officer dies after retirement but before receiving retirement benefits for a period of 10 years, the same monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as designated by the police officer for the balance of such 10-year period, or, if no beneficiary is designated, to the estate of the police officer, as provided in s. 185.162. If a police officer continues in the service of the city beyond his or her normal retirement date and dies prior to the date of actual retirement, without an option made pursuant to s. 185.161 being in effect, monthly retirement income payments will be made for a period of 10 years to a beneficiary (or beneficiaries) designated by the police officer as if the police officer had retired on the date on which death occurred, or, if no beneficiary is designated, to the estate of the police officer, as provided in s. 185.162.
- (4) Early retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the city, with the consent of the city, as of the

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first day of any calendar month which is prior to the police officer's normal retirement date but subsequent to the date as of which the police officer has both attained the age of 50 years and completed 10 years of contributing service. In the event of early retirement, payment of retirement income will be governed as follows:

- (a) The early retirement date shall be the first day of the calendar month coincident with or immediately following the date a police officer retires from the service of the city under the provisions of this section prior to his or her normal retirement date.
- (b) The monthly amount of retirement income payable to a police officer who retires prior to his or her normal retirement date under the provisions of this section shall be an amount computed as described in subsection (2), taking into account his or her credited service to the date of actual retirement and his or her final monthly compensation as of such date, such amount of retirement income to be actuarially reduced to take into account the police officer's younger age and the earlier commencement of retirement income payments. In no event shall The early retirement reduction shall be 5 exceed 3 percent for each year by which the member's age at retirement preceded the member's normal retirement age, as provided in subsection (1).
- (c) The retirement income payable in the event of early retirement will be payable on the first day of each month. The first payment will be made on the police officer's early retirement date and the last payment will be the payment due next preceding the retired police officer's death; except that,

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in the event the police officer dies before receiving retirement benefits for a period of 10 years, the same monthly benefit will be paid to the beneficiary designated by the police officer for the balance of such 10-year period, or, if no designated beneficiary is surviving, the same monthly benefit for the balance of such 10-year period shall be payable as provided in s. 185.162.

- Section 28. Subsections (2), (4), (6), and (7) of section 185.18, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 185.18 Disability retirement.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:
- (2) A police officer will be considered totally disabled if, in the opinion of the board of trustees and the employer, he or she is wholly prevented from rendering useful and efficient service as an employee a police officer; and a police officer will be considered permanently disabled if, in the opinion of the board of trustees and the employer, such police officer is likely to remain so disabled continuously and permanently from a cause other than as specified in subsection (3).
- (4) A No police officer is not shall be permitted to retire under the provisions of this section until examined by a duly qualified physician or surgeon, to be selected by the board of trustees and the employer for that purpose, and is found to be disabled in the degree and in the manner specified in this section. Any police officer retiring under this section may be examined periodically by a duly qualified physician or surgeon or board of physicians and surgeons to be selected by the board

of trustees <u>or the employer</u> for that purpose, to determine if such disability has ceased to exist.

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- The monthly retirement income to which a police officer is entitled in the event of his or her disability retirement shall be payable on the first day of the first month after the board of trustees and the employer determine determines such entitlement. However, the monthly retirement income shall be payable as of the date the board and the employer determine determines such entitlement, and any portion due for a partial month shall be paid together with the first payment. The last payment will be, if the police officer recovers from the disability, the payment due next preceding the date of such recovery or, if the police officer dies without recovering from his or her disability, the payment due next preceding death or the 120th monthly payment, whichever is later. In lieu of the benefit payment as provided in this subsection, a police officer may select an optional form as provided in s. 185.161. Any monthly retirement income payments due after the death of a disabled police officer shall be paid to the police officer's designated beneficiary (or beneficiaries) as provided in ss. 185.162 and 185.21.
- (7) If the board of trustees <u>or the employer</u> finds that a police officer who is receiving a disability retirement income is no longer disabled, as provided <u>in this section</u> herein, the board of trustees <u>or the employer</u> shall direct that the disability retirement income be discontinued. Recovery from disability as used <u>in this section</u> herein shall mean the ability of the police officer to render useful and efficient service as

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an employee a police officer.

Section 29. Section 185.34, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 30. Section 185.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

185.35 Municipalities having their own pension plans for police officers.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, in order for municipalities with their own pension plans for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters where included, to participate in the distribution of the tax fund established pursuant to s. 185.08, local law plans must provide a benefit or benefits within those pension plans for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters where included, which are equal to or greater than pension benefits provided to general employees of the municipality regardless of when such additional or greater benefit was or is provided. meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter:

- (1) PREMIUM TAX INCOME.—If a municipality has a pension plan for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters where included, which, in the opinion of the division, meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards set forth in this chapter, the board of trustees of the pension plan, as approved by a majority of police officers of the municipality, may:
- (a) Place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 in such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its police officers, or its police officers and firefighters where included, where it shall become an integral part of that pension

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plan and shall be used to pay extra benefits to the police officers included in that pension plan; or

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(b) May place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 in a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to the police officers, or police officers and firefighters where included, participating in such separate supplemental plan. The premium tax provided by this chapter must shall in all cases be used in its entirety to provide extra benefits to police officers, or to police officers and firefighters, where included. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter However, local law plans in effect on October 1, 1998, may shall be required to comply with the minimum benefit provisions of this chapter by providing pension benefits that, in the aggregate, exceed the minimum benefits set forth in this chapter as determined by the plan's or employer's actuary only to the extent that additional premium tax revenues become available to incrementally fund the cost of such compliance as provided in s. 185.16(2). When a plan is in compliance with such minimum benefit provisions, as subsequent additional tax revenues become available, they shall be used to provide extra benefits. For the purpose of this chapter, "additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 which exceed the amount received for calendar year 1997, and the term "extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for police officers on March 12, 1999. Local law plans created by special act before May 23, 1939, are shall be deemed to comply with this chapter.

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1428 ADOPTION OR REVISION OF A LOCAL LAW PLAN. - A No 1429 retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may not shall 1430 be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or amendment 1431 contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. The $\frac{No}{N}$ 1432 such proposed plan or proposed plan change may only be adopted with shall be adopted without the approval of the municipality 1433 and or, if required where permitted, the Legislature. Copies of 1434 the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial 1435 1436 impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change 1437 shall be furnished to the division prior to the last public 1438 hearing thereon. The impact Such statement must shall also 1439 indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change is in 1440 compliance with s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution and 1441 those provisions of part VII of chapter 112 which are not 1442 expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other 1443 provision, only those local law plans created by special act of legislation before prior to May 23, 1939, are shall be deemed to 1444 1445 meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards only in this 1446 chapter.

- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to \underline{a} any supplemental plan municipality:
- (a) Section 185.02(4)(a) does shall not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their definition of compensation or salary in existence on March 12, 1999 the effective date of this act.
- (b) Section 185.05(1)(b) does shall not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan shall continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered,

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constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.

- (c) The election set forth in paragraph (1)(b) shall be deemed to have been made.
- (4) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing and copies <u>must be</u> made available to the participants and to the general public.
- new plans, or benefit levels within a plan, which provide different benefit levels for plan members based on the member's date of hire if the new plan or benefit level provides pension benefits that, in the aggregate, meet or exceed the minimum benefits set forth in this chapter, as determined by the plan's or employer's actuary. A municipality may unilaterally elect to maintain an existing plan and join the Florida Retirement System for employees hired after a specified date. A municipality choosing to operate under this subsection shall use the premium tax provided under this chapter for the current plan or benefit level, for any additional plan or benefit level, or for contributions to the Florida Retirement System.
- Section 31. Section 185.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 185.37 Termination of plan and distribution of fund.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, the plan may be terminated by the municipality. Upon termination of the plan by the municipality

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for any reason, or because of a transfer, merger, or consolidation of governmental units, services, or functions as provided in chapter 121, or upon written notice to the board of trustees by the municipality that contributions under the plan are being permanently discontinued, the rights of all employees to benefits accrued to the date of such termination or discontinuance and the amounts credited to the employees' accounts are nonforfeitable. The fund shall be distributed in accordance with the following procedures:

- (1) The <u>municipality</u> board of trustees shall determine the date of distribution and the asset value required to fund all the nonforfeitable benefits, after taking into account the expenses of such distribution. The board shall inform the municipality shall determine if additional assets are required, in which event the municipality shall continue to financially support the plan until all nonforfeitable benefits have been funded.
- (2) The <u>municipality</u> board of trustees shall determine the method of distribution of the asset value, whether distribution shall be by payment in cash, by the maintenance of another or substituted trust fund, by the purchase of insured annuities, or otherwise, for each police officer entitled to benefits under the plan, as specified in subsection (3).
- (3) The <u>municipality</u> board of trustees shall distribute the asset value as of the date of termination in the manner set forth in this subsection, on the basis that the amount required to provide any given retirement income is the actuarially computed single-sum value of such retirement income, except that

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if the method of distribution determined under subsection (2) involves the purchase of an insured annuity, the amount required to provide the given retirement income is the single premium payable for such annuity. The actuarial single-sum value may not be less than the employee's accumulated contributions to the plan, with interest if provided by the plan, less the value of any plan benefits previously paid to the employee.

- (4) If there is asset value remaining after the full distribution specified in subsection (3), and after payment of any expenses incurred with such distribution, such excess shall be returned to the municipality, less return to the state of the state's contributions, provided that, if the excess is less than the total contributions made by the municipality and the state to date of termination of the plan, such excess shall be divided proportionately to the total contributions made by the municipality and the state.
- (5) The <u>municipality</u> board of trustees shall distribute, in accordance with the manner of distribution determined under subsection (2), the amounts determined under subsection (3).

If, after 24 months after the date the plan terminated or the date the board received written notice that the contributions thereunder were being permanently discontinued, the municipality or the board of trustees of the municipal police officers' retirement trust fund affected has not complied with all the provisions in this section, the Department of Management Services shall effect the termination of the fund in accordance with this section.

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Section 32. Section 185.38, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 33. Section 185.381, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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- 185.381 Benefits under another retirement system or pension program.—For any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter:
- (1) A police officer who has a vested right to benefits under the pension plan may not receive a benefit under a new retirement system or pension program for any period of service for which benefits are paid pursuant to the pension plan subject to this chapter.
- (2) If a municipality unilaterally chooses to create or transfer to another retirement system or pension program, including, but not limited to, a defined contribution program, for all or a portion of its active police officers who are in a pension plan subject to this chapter, or for police officers hired after a date certain, the municipality shall continue to receive state premium tax moneys and must use those funds as needed to fully fund a preexisting plan subject to this chapter or to reduce the required contributions of the municipality to the new retirement system or pension program. A new retirement system or pension program shall make provision for disability retirement for police officers who suffer total and permanent disabilities in the line of duty, as determined by the employer under the definitions of and a process similar to the process in s. 185.18, and the monthly benefit shall be the accrued retirement benefit under the plan or system, but the benefit shall provide not less than an amount equal to 42 percent of the

1568 police officer's average monthly compensation at the time of the 1569 disability for the life of the police officer or until the 1570 police officer recovers from the disability, as determined by 1571 the employer. 1572 Section 34. Section 185.39, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 1573 Section 35. The Legislature finds that a proper and 1574 legitimate state purpose is served when employees and retirees 1575 of the state and of its political subdivisions, and the 1576 dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and 1577 retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by 1578 governmental retirement systems that provide fair and adequate 1579 benefits and that are managed, administered, and funded in an 1580 actuarially sound manner as required by s. 14, Art. X of the 1581 State Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida Statutes. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares 1582 1583 that this act fulfill an important state interest. 1584 Section 36. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 1585 law.