Florida Senate - 2011 Bill No. CS for CS for HB 389



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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Floor: WD		
05/06/2011 09:55 AM	•	

Senator Bennett moved the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 121 and 122

insert:

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5 Section 4. Section 125.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to 6 read:

7 125.022 Development permits.—When a county denies an application for a development permit, the county shall give written notice to the applicant. The notice must include a citation to the applicable portions of an ordinance, rule, statute, or other legal authority for the denial of the permit. As used in this section, the term "development permit" has the same meaning as in s. 163.3164. <u>A county may not require as a</u>

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14	condition of processing a development permit that an applicant
15	obtain a permit or approval from any other state or federal
16	agency unless the agency has issued a notice of intent to deny
17	the federal or state permit before the county action on the
18	local development permit. Issuance of a development permit by a
19	county does not in any way create any rights on the part of the
20	applicant to obtain a permit from another state or federal
21	agency and does not create any liability on the part of the
22	county for issuance of the permit if the applicant fails to
23	fulfill its legal obligations to obtain requisite approvals or
24	fulfill the obligations imposed by another state or a federal
25	agency. A county may attach such a disclaimer to the issuance of
26	a development permit, and may include a permit condition that
27	all other applicable state or federal permits be obtained before
28	commencement of the development. This section does not prohibit
29	a county from providing information to an applicant regarding
30	what other state or federal permits may apply.
31	Section 5. Subsections (5) and (6), are added to section
32	161.041, Florida Statutes, to read:
33	161.041 Permits required
34	(5) The department may not require as a permit condition
35	sediment quality specifications or turbidity standards more
36	stringent than those provided for in this chapter, chapter 373,
37	or the Florida Administrative Code. The department may not issue
38	guidelines that are enforceable as standards without going
39	through the rulemaking process pursuant to chapter 120.
40	(6) As an incentive for permit applicants, it is the
41	Legislature's intent to simplify the permitting for periodic
42	maintenance of beach renourishment projects previously permitted
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43 and restored under the joint coastal permit process pursuant to 44 this section or part IV of chapter 373. The department shall 45 amend chapters 62B-41 and 62B-49 of the Florida Administrative 46 Code to streamline the permitting process, as necessary, for 47 periodic maintenance projects.

48 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 49 373.4135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.4135 Mitigation banks and offsite regional mitigation.-

51 (6) An environmental creation, preservation, enhancement, 52 or restoration project, including regional offsite mitigation 53 areas, for which money is donated or paid as mitigation, that is 54 sponsored by the department, a water management district, or a 55 local government and provides mitigation for five or more 56 applicants for permits under this part, or for 35 or more acres 57 of adverse impacts, shall be established and operated under a memorandum of agreement. The memorandum of agreement shall be 58 59 between the governmental entity proposing the mitigation project and the department or water management district, as appropriate. 60 Such memorandum of agreement need not be adopted by rule. For 61 62 the purposes of this subsection, one creation, preservation, 63 enhancement, or restoration project shall mean one or more 64 parcels of land with similar ecological communities that are 65 intended to be created, preserved, enhanced, or restored under a common scheme. 66

67 (c) At a minimum, the memorandum of agreement must address68 the following for each project authorized:

69 1. A description of the work that will be conducted on the70 site and a timeline for completion of such work.

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2. A timeline for obtaining any required environmental

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72 resource permit.

73 3. The environmental success criteria that the project must74 achieve.

75 4. The monitoring and long-term management requirements76 that must be undertaken for the project.

5. An assessment of the project in accordance with s.  $373.4136(4)\frac{(a)-(i)}{(a)-(i)}$ , until the adoption of the uniform wetland mitigation assessment method pursuant to s. 373.414(18).

80 6. A designation of the entity responsible for the81 successful completion of the mitigation work.

7. A definition of the geographic area where the project
may be used as mitigation established using the criteria of s.
373.4136(6).

85 8. Full cost accounting of the project, including annual86 review and adjustment.

9. Provision and a timetable for the acquisition of anylands necessary for the project.

89

10. Provision for preservation of the site.

90 11. Provision for application of all moneys received solely91 to the project for which they were collected.

92 12. Provision for termination of the agreement and 93 cessation of use of the project as mitigation if any material 94 contingency of the agreement has failed to occur.

95 Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 373.4136, Florida 96 Statutes, is amended to read:

97

373.4136 Establishment and operation of mitigation banks.-

98 (4) MITIGATION CREDITS.—After evaluating the information
 99 submitted by the applicant for a mitigation bank permit and
 100 assessing the proposed mitigation bank pursuant to the criteria

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101 in this section, the department or water management district 102 shall award a number of mitigation credits to a proposed 103 mitigation bank or phase of such mitigation bank. An entity 104 establishing and operating a mitigation bank may apply to modify 105 the mitigation bank permit to seek the award of additional 106 mitigation credits if the mitigation bank results in an 107 additional increase in ecological value over the value 108 contemplated at the time of the original permit issuance, or the 109 most recent modification thereto involving the number of credits awarded. The number of credits awarded shall be based on the 110 111 degree of improvement in ecological value expected to result 112 from the establishment and operation of the mitigation bank as 113 determined using the uniform mitigation assessment method 114 adopted pursuant to s. 373.414(18). a functional assessment 115 methodology. In determining the degree of improvement in 116 ecological value, each of the following factors, at a minimum, 117 shall be evaluated:

118 (a) The extent to which target hydrologic regimes can be 119 achieved and maintained.

120 (b) The extent to which management activities promote
 121 natural ecological conditions, such as natural fire patterns.

122 (c) The proximity of the mitigation bank to areas with 123 regionally significant ecological resources or habitats, such as 124 national or state parks, Outstanding National Resource Waters 125 and associated watersheds, Outstanding Florida Waters and 126 associated watersheds, and lands acquired through governmental 127 or nonprofit land acquisition programs for environmental 128 conservation; and the extent to which the mitigation bank establishes corridors for fish, wildlife, or listed species to 129

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130	those resources or habitats.
131	(d) The quality and quantity of wetland or upland
132	restoration, enhancement, preservation, or creation.
133	(e) The ecological and hydrological relationship between
134	wetlands and uplands in the mitigation bank.
135	(f) The extent to which the mitigation bank provides
136	habitat for fish and wildlife, especially habitat for species
137	listed as threatened, endangered, or of special concern, or
138	provides habitats that are unique for that mitigation service
139	<del>area.</del>
140	(g) The extent to which the lands that are to be preserved
141	are already protected by existing state, local, or federal
142	regulations or land use restrictions.
143	(h) The extent to which lands to be preserved would be
144	adversely affected if they were not preserved.
145	(i) Any special designation or classification of the
146	affected waters and lands.
147	Section 8. Subsection (18) of section 373.414, Florida
148	Statutes, is amended to read:
149	373.414 Additional criteria for activities in surface
150	waters and wetlands
151	(18) The department, in coordination with and each water
152	management district responsible for implementation of the
153	environmental resource permitting program <u>,</u> shall develop a
154	uniform mitigation assessment method for wetlands and other
155	surface waters. <del>The department shall adopt the uniform</del>
156	mitigation assessment method by rule no later than July 31,
157	<del>2002.</del> The rule shall provide an exclusive, uniform, and
158	consistent process for determining the amount of mitigation
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159 required to offset impacts to wetlands and other surface waters, 160 and, once effective, shall supersede all rules, ordinances, and 161 variance procedures from ordinances that determine the amount of 162 mitigation needed to offset such impacts. Except when evaluating 163 mitigation bank applications, which must meet the criteria of s. 164 373.4136(1), the rule shall be applied only after determining 165 that the mitigation is appropriate to offset the values and 166 functions of wetlands and surface waters to be adversely 167 impacted by the proposed activity. Once the department adopts 168 the uniform mitigation assessment method by rule, the uniform 169 mitigation assessment method shall be binding on the department, 170 the water management districts, local governments, and any other governmental agencies and shall be the sole means to determine 171 172 the amount of mitigation needed to offset adverse impacts to 173 wetlands and other surface waters and to award and deduct 174 mitigation bank credits. A water management district and any 175 other governmental agency subject to chapter 120 may apply the 176 uniform mitigation assessment method without the need to adopt 177 it pursuant to s. 120.54. It shall be a goal of the department and water management districts that the uniform mitigation 178 179 assessment method developed be practicable for use within the 180 timeframes provided in the permitting process and result in a 181 consistent process for determining mitigation requirements. It 182 shall be recognized that any such method shall require the 183 application of reasonable scientific judgment. The uniform 184 mitigation assessment method must determine the value of 185 functions provided by wetlands and other surface waters considering the current conditions of these areas, utilization 186 by fish and wildlife, location, uniqueness, and hydrologic 187

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188 connection, and, when applied to mitigation banks, the factors listed in s. 373.4136(4). The uniform mitigation assessment 189 190 method shall also account for the expected time-lag associated with offsetting impacts and the degree of risk associated with 191 192 the proposed mitigation. The uniform mitigation assessment 193 method shall account for different ecological communities in 194 different areas of the state. In developing the uniform 195 mitigation assessment method, the department and water 196 management districts shall consult with approved local programs 197 under s. 403.182 which have an established mitigation program 198 for wetlands or other surface waters. The department and water 199 management districts shall consider the recommendations 200 submitted by such approved local programs, including any 201 recommendations relating to the adoption by the department and water management districts of any uniform mitigation methodology 202 203 that has been adopted and used by an approved local program in 204 its established mitigation program for wetlands or other surface waters. Environmental resource permitting rules may establish 205 206 categories of permits or thresholds for minor impacts under 207 which the use of the uniform mitigation assessment method will 208 not be required. The application of the uniform mitigation 209 assessment method is not subject to s. 70.001. In the event the rule establishing the uniform mitigation assessment method is 210 211 deemed to be invalid, the applicable rules related to 212 establishing needed mitigation in existence prior to the 213 adoption of the uniform mitigation assessment method, including 214 those adopted by a county which is an approved local program under s. 403.182, and the method described in paragraph (b) for 215 216 existing mitigation banks, shall be authorized for use by the

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217 department, water management districts, local governments, and 218 other state agencies.

(a) In developing the uniform mitigation assessment method,
the department shall seek input from the United States Army
Corps of Engineers in order to promote consistency in the
mitigation assessment methods used by the state and federal
permitting programs.

224 (b) An entity which has received a mitigation bank permit 225 prior to the adoption of the uniform mitigation assessment 226 method shall have impact sites assessed, for the purpose of 227 deducting bank credits, using the credit assessment method, 228 including any functional assessment methodology, which was in 229 place when the bank was permitted; unless the entity elects to 230 have its credits redetermined, and thereafter have its credits 231 deducted, using the uniform mitigation assessment method.

232 (c) The department shall ensure statewide coordination and 233 consistency in the interpretation and application of the uniform 234 mitigation assessment method rule by providing programmatic 235 training and guidance to staff of the department, water 236 management districts, and local governments. To ensure that the 237 uniform mitigation assessment method rule is interpreted and 238 applied uniformly, the department's interpretation, guidance, 239 and approach to applying the uniform mitigation assessment 240 method rule shall govern.

(d) Applicants shall submit the information needed to
 perform the assessment required under the uniform mitigation
 assessment method rule and may submit the qualitative
 characterization and quantitative assessment for each assessment
 area specified by the rule. The reviewing agency shall review

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246 that information and notify the applicant of any inadequacy in 247 the information or application of the assessment method. 248 (e) When conducting qualitative characterization of 249 artificial wetlands and other surface waters, such as borrow 250 pits, ditches, and canals, under the uniform mitigation 251 assessment method rule, the native community type to which it is 252 most analogous in function shall be used as a reference. For 253 wetlands or other surface waters that have been altered from 2.5.4 their native community type, the historic community type at that 255 location shall be used as a reference, unless the alteration has 256 been of such a degree and extent that a different native 257 community type is now present and self-sustaining. 258 (f) When conducting qualitative characterization of upland 259 mitigation assessment areas, the characterization shall include 260 functions that the upland assessment area provides to the fish 261 and wildlife of the associated wetland or other surface waters. These functions shall be considered and accounted for when 262 263 scoring the upland assessment area for preservation, 264 enhancement, or restoration. 265 (g) The term "preservation mitigation," as used in the 266 uniform mitigation assessment method, means the protection of 267 important wetland, other surface water, or upland ecosystems 268 predominantly in their existing condition and absent restoration, creation, or enhancement from adverse impacts by 269 270 placing a conservation easement or other comparable land use 271 restriction over the property or by donation of fee simple 272 interest in the property. Preservation may include a management 273 plan for perpetual protection of the area. The preservation 274 adjustment factor set forth in rule 62-345.500(3), Florida

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275	Administrative Code, shall only apply to preservation
276	mitigation.
277	(h) When assessing a preservation mitigation assessment
278	area under the uniform mitigation assessment method, the
279	following apply:
280	1. The term "without preservation" means the reasonably
281	anticipated loss of functions and values provided by the
282	assessment area, assuming the area is not preserved.
283	2. Each of the considerations of the preservation
284	adjustment factor specified in rule 62-345.500(3)(a), Florida
285	Administrative Code, shall be equally weighted and scored on a
286	scale from 0, no value, to 0.2, optimal value. In addition, the
287	minimum preservation adjustment factor shall be 0.2.
288	(i) The location and landscape support scores, pursuant to
289	rule 62-345.500, Florida Administrative Code, may change in the
290	"with mitigation" or "with impact" condition in both upland and
291	wetland assessment areas, regardless of the initial community
292	structure or water environment scores.
293	(j) When a mitigation plan for creation, restoration, or
294	enhancement includes a preservation mechanism, such as a
295	conservation easement, the "with mitigation" assessment of that
296	creation, restoration, or enhancement shall consider, and the
297	scores shall reflect, the benefits of that preservation
298	mechanism, and the benefits of that preservation mechanism may
299	not be scored separately.
300	(k) Any entity holding a mitigation bank permit that was
301	evaluated under the uniform mitigation assessment method before
302	the effective date of paragraphs (c)-(j) may submit a permit
303	modification request to the relevant permitting agency to have

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304 such mitigation bank reassessed pursuant to the provisions set 305 forth in this section, and the relevant permitting agency shall 306 reassess such mitigation bank, if such request is filed with 307 that agency no later than September 30, 2011. Section 9. Section 373.4141, Florida Statutes, is amended 308 309 to read: 310 373.4141 Permits; processing.-(1) Within 30 days after receipt of an application for a 311 312 permit under this part, the department or the water management 313 district shall review the application and shall request 314 submittal of all additional information the department or the 315 water management district is permitted by law to require. If the applicant believes any request for additional information is not 316 317 authorized by law or rule, the applicant may request a hearing pursuant to s. 120.57. Within 30 days after receipt of such 318 319 additional information, the department or water management 320 district shall review it and may request only that information needed to clarify such additional information or to answer new 321 322 questions raised by or directly related to such additional 323 information. If the applicant believes the request of the 324 department or water management district for such additional 325 information is not authorized by law or rule, the department or 326 water management district, at the applicant's request, shall 327 proceed to process the permit application. 328 (2) A permit shall be approved, or subject to a

notice of proposed agency action within <u>60</u> <del>90</del> days after receipt of the original application, the last item of timely requested additional material, or the applicant's written request to begin processing the permit application.

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333 (3) Processing of applications for permits for affordable 334 housing projects shall be expedited to a greater degree than 335 other projects. 336 (4) A state agency or an agency of the state may not 337 require as a condition of approval for a permit or as an item to 338 complete a pending permit application that an applicant obtain a 339 permit or approval from any other local, state, or federal 340 agency without explicit statutory authority to require such 341 permit or approval. Section 10. Subsection (11) of section 403.061, Florida 342 343 Statutes, is amended to read: 344 403.061 Department; powers and duties.-The department shall have the power and the duty to control and prohibit pollution of 345 346 air and water in accordance with the law and rules adopted and 347 promulgated by it and, for this purpose, to: 348 (11) Establish ambient air quality and water quality standards for the state as a whole or for any part thereof, and 349 350 also standards for the abatement of excessive and unnecessary 351 noise. The department is authorized to establish reasonable 352 zones of mixing for discharges into waters. For existing 353 installations as defined by rule 62-520.200(10), Florida Administrative Code, effective July 12, 2009, zones of discharge 354 355 to groundwater are authorized to a facility's or owner's 356 property boundary and extending to the base of a specifically 357 designated aquifer or aquifers. Exceedance of primary and 358 secondary groundwater standards that occur within a zone of 359 discharge does not create liability pursuant to this chapter or 360 chapter 376 for site cleanup, and the exceedance of soil cleanup target levels is not a basis for enforcement or site cleanup. 361

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362	(a) When a receiving body of water fails to meet a water
363	quality standard for pollutants set forth in department rules, a
364	steam electric generating plant discharge of pollutants that is
365	existing or licensed under this chapter on July 1, 1984, may
366	nevertheless be granted a mixing zone, provided that:
367	1. The standard would not be met in the water body in the
368	absence of the discharge;
369	2. The discharge is in compliance with all applicable
370	technology-based effluent limitations;
371	3. The discharge does not cause a measurable increase in
372	the degree of noncompliance with the standard at the boundary of
373	the mixing zone; and
374	4. The discharge otherwise complies with the mixing zone
375	provisions specified in department rules.
376	(b) No mixing zone for point source discharges shall be
377	permitted in Outstanding Florida Waters except for:
378	1. Sources that have received permits from the department
379	prior to April 1, 1982, or the date of designation, whichever is
380	later;
381	2. Blowdown from new power plants certified pursuant to the
382	Florida Electrical Power Plant Siting Act;
383	3. Discharges of water necessary for water management
384	purposes which have been approved by the governing board of a
385	water management district and, if required by law, by the
386	secretary; and
387	4. The discharge of demineralization concentrate which has
388	been determined permittable under s. 403.0882 and which meets
389	the specific provisions of s. 403.0882(4)(a) and (b), if the
390	proposed discharge is clearly in the public interest.

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(c) The department, by rule, shall establish water quality criteria for wetlands which criteria give appropriate recognition to the water quality of such wetlands in their natural state.

Nothing in this act shall be construed to invalidate any existing department rule relating to mixing zones. The department shall cooperate with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in the development of regulations required by s. 316.272(1).

The department shall implement such programs in conjunction with its other powers and duties and shall place special emphasis on reducing and eliminating contamination that presents a threat to humans, animals or plants, or to the environment.

406 Section 11. Subsections (2) and (3), paragraph (a) of 407 subsection (4), and paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 408 373.41492, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409 373.41492 Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Mitigation Plan; 410 mitigation for mining activities within the Miami-Dade County 411 Lake Belt.-

412 (2) To provide for the mitigation of wetland resources lost to mining activities within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt 413 414 Plan, effective October 1, 1999, a mitigation fee is imposed on 415 each ton of limerock and sand extracted by any person who 416 engages in the business of extracting limerock or sand from 417 within the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area and the east onehalf of sections 24 and 25 and all of sections 35 and 36, 418 Township 53 South, Range 39 East. The mitigation fee is imposed 419

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420 for each ton of limerock and sand sold from within the 421 properties where the fee applies in raw, processed, or 422 manufactured form, including, but not limited to, sized 423 aggregate, asphalt, cement, concrete, and other limerock and 424 concrete products. The mitigation fee imposed by this subsection 425 for each ton of limerock and sand sold shall be 12 cents per ton beginning January 1, 2007; 18 cents per ton beginning January 1, 426 427 2008; 24 cents per ton beginning January 1, 2009; and 45 cents 428 per ton beginning close of business December 31, 2011. To pay 429 for seepage mitigation projects, including hydrological 430 structures, as authorized in an environmental resource permit 431 issued by the department for mining activities within the Miami-432 Dade County Lake Belt Area, and to upgrade a water treatment 433 plant that treats water coming from the Northwest Wellfield in 434 Miami-Dade County, a water treatment plant upgrade fee is 435 imposed within the same Lake Belt Area subject to the mitigation 436 fee and upon the same kind of mined limerock and sand subject to 437 the mitigation fee. The water treatment plant upgrade fee 438 imposed by this subsection for each ton of limerock and sand 439 sold shall be 15 cents per ton beginning on January 1, 2007, and 440 the collection of this fee shall cease once the total amount of proceeds collected for this fee reaches the amount of the actual 441 moneys necessary to design and construct the water treatment 442 443 plant upgrade, as determined in an open, public solicitation 444 process. Any limerock or sand that is used within the mine from 445 which the limerock or sand is extracted is exempt from the fees. 446 The amount of the mitigation fee and the water treatment plant upgrade fee imposed under this section must be stated separately 447 448 on the invoice provided to the purchaser of the limerock or sand

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449 product from the limerock or sand miner, or its subsidiary or 450 affiliate, for which the fee or fees apply. The limerock or sand 451 miner, or its subsidiary or affiliate, who sells the limerock or 452 sand product shall collect the mitigation fee and the water 453 treatment plant upgrade fee and forward the proceeds of the fees 454 to the Department of Revenue on or before the 20th day of the 455 month following the calendar month in which the sale occurs. As 456 used in this section, the term "proceeds of the fee" means all 457 funds collected and received by the Department of Revenue under 458 this section, including interest and penalties on delinquent 459 fees. The amount deducted for administrative costs may not 460 exceed 3 percent of the total revenues collected under this 461 section and may equal only those administrative costs reasonably 462 attributable to the fees.

(3) The mitigation fee and the water treatment plant
upgrade fee imposed by this section must be reported to the
Department of Revenue. Payment of the mitigation and the water
treatment plant upgrade fees must be accompanied by a form
prescribed by the Department of Revenue.

(a) The proceeds of the mitigation fee, less administrative
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(a) The proceeds of the mitigation by the Department of Revenue to the
(a) The proceeds of the mitigation the Department of Revenue to the
(a) The proceeds of the mitigation the Department of Revenue to the
(a) The proceeds of the mitigation the Department of Revenue to the
(b) Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund.

472 (b) Beginning January 1, 2012, the proceeds of the water
473 treatment plant upgrade fee, less administrative costs, must be
474 transferred by the Department of Revenue to the South Florida
475 Water Management District and deposited into the Lake Belt
476 Mitigation Trust Fund until either:
477 1. A total of \$20 million from the water treatment plant

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478 upgrade fee proceeds, less administrative costs, is deposited 479 into the Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund; or 2. The quarterly pathogen sampling conducted as a condition 480 481 of the permits issued by the department for rock mining 482 activities in the Miami-Dade Lake Belt Area demonstrates that 483 the water in any quarry lake in the vicinity of the Northwest 484 Wellfield would be classified as being in Bin Two or higher as 485 defined in the Environmental Protection Agency's Enhanced 486 Surface Water Treatment Rule. 487 (c) Upon the earliest occurrence of the criteria under either subparagraph (b)1. or subparagraph (b)2., the proceeds of 488 489 the water treatment plant upgrade fee, less administrative 490 costs, must be transferred by the Department of Revenue to a 491 trust fund established by Miami-Dade County, for the sole 492 purpose authorized by paragraph (6) (a). As used in this section, 493 the term "proceeds of the fee" means all funds collected and 494 received by the Department of Revenue under this section, 495 including interest and penalties on delinguent fees. The amount 496 deducted for administrative costs may not exceed 3 percent of 497 the total revenues collected under this section and may equal 498 only those administrative costs reasonably attributable to the 499 fees.

(4) (a) The Department of Revenue shall administer, collect, and enforce the mitigation and <u>water</u> treatment plant upgrade fees authorized under this section in accordance with the procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the general sales tax imposed under chapter 212. The provisions of chapter 212 with respect to the authority of the Department of Revenue to audit and make assessments, the keeping of books and records,

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and the interest and penalties imposed on delinquent fees apply to this section. The fees may not be included in computing estimated taxes under s. 212.11, and the dealer's credit for collecting taxes or fees provided for in s. 212.12 does not apply to the fees imposed by this section.

512 (6) (a) The proceeds of the mitigation fee must be used to 513 conduct mitigation activities that are appropriate to offset the 514 loss of the value and functions of wetlands as a result of 515 mining activities and must be used in a manner consistent with 516 the recommendations contained in the reports submitted to the 517 Legislature by the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Plan 518 Implementation Committee and adopted under s. 373.4149. Such mitigation may include the purchase, enhancement, restoration, 519 520 and management of wetlands and uplands, the purchase of 521 mitigation credit from a permitted mitigation bank, and any 522 structural modifications to the existing drainage system to 523 enhance the hydrology of the Miami-Dade County Lake Belt Area. 524 Funds may also be used to reimburse other funding sources, 525 including the Save Our Rivers Land Acquisition Program, the 526 Internal Improvement Trust Fund, the South Florida Water 527 Management District, and Miami-Dade County, for the purchase of 528 lands that were acquired in areas appropriate for mitigation due 529 to rock mining and to reimburse governmental agencies that 530 exchanged land under s. 373.4149 for mitigation due to rock 531 mining. The proceeds of the water treatment plant upgrade fee 532 that are deposited into the Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund 533 shall be used solely to pay for seepage mitigation projects, 534 including groundwater or surface water management structures, as 535 authorized in an environmental resource permit issued by the

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536 department for mining activities within the Miami-Dade County 537 Lake Belt Area. The proceeds of the water treatment plant 538 upgrade fee that are transferred to a trust fund established by 539 Miami-Dade County shall be used to upgrade a water treatment 540 plant that treats water coming from the Northwest Wellfield in 541 Miami-Dade County. As used in this section, the terms "upgrade a 542 water treatment plant" or "water treatment plant upgrade" means 543 those works necessary to treat or filter a surface water source 544 or supply or both.

545 Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 546 403.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.706 Local government solid waste responsibilities.-

548 (4) (a) In order to promote the production of renewable 549 energy from solid waste, each megawatt-hour produced by a 550 renewable energy facility using solid waste as a fuel shall count as 1 ton of recycled material and shall be applied toward 551 552 meeting the recycling goals set forth in this section. If a 553 county creating renewable energy from solid waste implements and 554 maintains a program to recycle at least 50 percent of municipal 555 solid waste by a means other than creating renewable energy, 556 that county shall count 2 tons of recycled material for each 557 megawatt-hour produced. If waste originates from a county other 558 than the county in which the renewable energy facility resides, 559 the originating county shall receive such recycling credit. Any byproduct resulting from the creation of renewable energy that 560 561 is recycled shall count towards the county recycling goals in 562 accordance with method and criteria developed per Section 403.706(2)(h), F.S. Any county that has a debt service payment 563 564 related to its waste-to-energy facility shall receive 1 ton of

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565	recycled materials credit for each ton of solid waste processed
566	at the facility. Any byproduct resulting from the creation of
567	renewable energy does not count as waste.

568 Section 13. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 403.707, 569 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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403.707 Permits.-

(2) Except as provided in s. 403.722(6), a permit under this section is not required for the following, if the activity does not create a public nuisance or any condition adversely affecting the environment or public health and does not violate other state or local laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, or orders:

577 (a) Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from their 578 own activities on their own property, if such waste is ordinary 579 household waste from their residential property or is rocks, 580 soils, trees, tree remains, and other vegetative matter that 581 normally result from land development operations. Disposal of 582 materials that could create a public nuisance or adversely 583 affect the environment or public health, such as white goods; 584 automotive materials, such as batteries and tires; petroleum 585 products; pesticides; solvents; or hazardous substances, is not 586 covered under this exemption.

(b) Storage in containers by persons of solid waste resulting from their own activities on their property, leased or rented property, or property subject to a homeowners or maintenance association for which the person contributes association assessments, if the solid waste in such containers is collected at least once a week.

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(c) Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from their

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594 own activities on their property, if the environmental effects 595 of such disposal on groundwater and surface waters are:

596 1. Addressed or authorized by a site certification order 597 issued under part II or a permit issued by the department under 598 this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter; or

599 2. Addressed or authorized by, or exempted from the 600 requirement to obtain, a groundwater monitoring plan approved by 601 the department. If a facility has a permit authorizing disposal 602 activity, new areas where solid waste is being disposed of that 603 are monitored by an existing or modified groundwater monitoring 604 plan are not required to be specifically authorized in a permit 605 or other certification.

(d) Disposal by persons of solid waste resulting from their
own activities on their own property, if such disposal occurred
prior to October 1, 1988.

609 (e) Disposal of solid waste resulting from normal farming 610 operations as defined by department rule. Polyethylene agricultural plastic, damaged, nonsalvageable, untreated wood 611 612 pallets, and packing material that cannot be feasibly recycled, 613 which are used in connection with agricultural operations 614 related to the growing, harvesting, or maintenance of crops, may be disposed of by open burning if a public nuisance or any 615 condition adversely affecting the environment or the public 616 health is not created by the open burning and state or federal 617 618 ambient air quality standards are not violated.

(f) The use of clean debris as fill material in any area.
However, this paragraph does not exempt any person from
obtaining any other required permits, and does not affect a
person's responsibility to dispose of clean debris appropriately

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623 if it is not to be used as fill material. 624 (g) Compost operations that produce less than 50 cubic 625 yards of compost per year when the compost produced is used on 626 the property where the compost operation is located.

(3) (a) All applicable provisions of ss. 403.087 and
403.088, relating to permits, apply to the control of solid
waste management facilities.

630 (b) Any permit issued to a solid waste management facility 631 that is designed with a leachate control system that meets 632 department requirements shall be issued for a term of 20 years 633 unless the applicant requests a lesser permit term. Existing 634 permit fees for qualifying solid waste management facilities 635 shall be prorated to the permit term authorized by this section. 636 This provision applies to all qualifying solid waste management 637 facilities that apply for an operating or construction permit or 638 renew an existing operating or construction permit on or after 639 July 1, 2012.

640 Section 14. Subsection (6) of section 403.853, Florida 641 Statutes, is amended to read:

642

403.853 Drinking water standards.-

643 (6) Upon the request of the owner or operator of a 644 transient noncommunity water system using groundwater as a 645 source of supply and serving religious institutions or 646 businesses, other than restaurants or other public food service 647 establishments or religious institutions with school or day care 648 services, and using groundwater as a source of supply, the 649 department, or a local county health department designated by 650 the department, shall perform a sanitary survey of the facility. 651 Upon receipt of satisfactory survey results according to

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652 department criteria, the department shall reduce the 653 requirements of such owner or operator from monitoring and 654 reporting on a quarterly basis to performing these functions on 655 an annual basis. Any revised monitoring and reporting schedule 656 approved by the department under this subsection shall apply 657 until such time as a violation of applicable state or federal 658 primary drinking water standards is determined by the system 659 owner or operator, by the department, or by an agency designated 660 by the department, after a random or routine sanitary survey. 661 Certified operators are not required for transient noncommunity 662 water systems of the type and size covered by this subsection. 663 Any reports required of such system shall be limited to the minimum as required by federal law. When not contrary to the 664 665 provisions of federal law, the department may, upon request and 666 by rule, waive additional provisions of state drinking water 667 regulations for such systems.

Section 15. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) and subsections
(4), (5), (10), (11), (14), (15), and (18) of section 403.973,
Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

671 403.973 Expedited permitting; amendments to comprehensive672 plans.-

(3) (a) The secretary shall direct the creation of regional permit action teams for the purpose of expediting review of permit applications and local comprehensive plan amendments submitted by:

677 1. Businesses creating at least 50 jobs <u>or a commercial or</u> 678 <u>industrial development project that will be occupied by</u> 679 <u>businesses that would individually or collectively create at</u> 680 <u>least 50 jobs</u>; or

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681 2. Businesses creating at least 25 jobs if the project is 682 located in an enterprise zone, or in a county having a 683 population of fewer than 75,000 or in a county having a 684 population of fewer than 125,000 which is contiguous to a county 685 having a population of fewer than 75,000, as determined by the 686 most recent decennial census, residing in incorporated and 687 unincorporated areas of the county.

688 (4) The regional teams shall be established through the 689 execution of a project-specific memoranda of agreement developed 690 and executed by the applicant and the secretary, with input 691 solicited from the office and the respective heads of the 692 Department of Community Affairs, the Department of 693 Transportation and its district offices, the Department of 694 Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Fish and Wildlife 695 Conservation Commission, appropriate regional planning councils, 696 appropriate water management districts, and voluntarily 697 participating municipalities and counties. The memoranda of 698 agreement should also accommodate participation in this 699 expedited process by other local governments and federal 700 agencies as circumstances warrant.

701 (5) In order to facilitate local government's option to 702 participate in this expedited review process, the secretary 703 shall, in cooperation with local governments and participating 704 state agencies, create a standard form memorandum of agreement. 705 The standard form of the memorandum of agreement shall be used 706 only if the local government participates in the expedited 707 review process. In the absence of local government 708 participation, only the project-specific memorandum of agreement 709 executed pursuant to subsection (4) applies. A local government

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710 shall hold a duly noticed public workshop to review and explain 711 to the public the expedited permitting process and the terms and 712 conditions of the standard form memorandum of agreement.

713 (10) The memoranda of agreement may provide for the waiver 714 or modification of procedural rules prescribing forms, fees, 715 procedures, or time limits for the review or processing of 716 permit applications under the jurisdiction of those agencies 717 that are members of the regional permit action team party to the 718 memoranda of agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of 719 law to the contrary, a memorandum of agreement must to the 720 extent feasible provide for proceedings and hearings otherwise 721 held separately by the parties to the memorandum of agreement to 722 be combined into one proceeding or held jointly and at one 723 location. Such waivers or modifications shall not be available 724 for permit applications governed by federally delegated or 725 approved permitting programs, the requirements of which would 726 prohibit, or be inconsistent with, such a waiver or 727 modification.

(11) The standard form for memoranda of agreement shall include guidelines to be used in working with state, regional, and local permitting authorities. Guidelines may include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) A central contact point for filing permit applications
and local comprehensive plan amendments and for obtaining
information on permit and local comprehensive plan amendment
requirements;

(b) Identification of the individual or individuals within
each respective agency who will be responsible for processing
the expedited permit application or local comprehensive plan

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739 amendment for that agency;

740 (c) A mandatory preapplication review process to reduce 741 permitting conflicts by providing guidance to applicants 742 regarding the permits needed from each agency and governmental 743 entity, site planning and development, site suitability and 744 limitations, facility design, and steps the applicant can take 745 to ensure expeditious permit application and local comprehensive 746 plan amendment review. As a part of this process, the first 747 interagency meeting to discuss a project shall be held within 14 days after the secretary's determination that the project is 748 749 eligible for expedited review. Subsequent interagency meetings 750 may be scheduled to accommodate the needs of participating local 751 governments that are unable to meet public notice requirements 752 for executing a memorandum of agreement within this timeframe. 753 This accommodation may not exceed 45 days from the secretary's 754 determination that the project is eligible for expedited review;

(d) The preparation of a single coordinated project description form and checklist and an agreement by state and regional agencies to reduce the burden on an applicant to provide duplicate information to multiple agencies;

759 (e) Establishment of a process for the adoption and review 760 of any comprehensive plan amendment needed by any certified 761 project within 90 days after the submission of an application 762 for a comprehensive plan amendment. However, the memorandum of 763 agreement may not prevent affected persons as defined in s. 764 163.3184 from appealing or participating in this expedited plan 765 amendment process and any review or appeals of decisions made 766 under this paragraph; and

767

(f) Additional incentives for an applicant who proposes a

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768 project that provides a net ecosystem benefit.

769 (14) (a) Challenges to state agency action in the expedited 770 permitting process for projects processed under this section are 771 subject to the summary hearing provisions of s. 120.574, except 772 that the administrative law judge's decision, as provided in s. 120.574(2)(f), shall be in the form of a recommended order and 773 774 shall not constitute the final action of the state agency. In 775 those proceedings where the action of only one agency of the 776 state other than the Department of Environmental Protection is 777 challenged, the agency of the state shall issue the final order 778 within 45 working days after receipt of the administrative law 779 judge's recommended order, and the recommended order shall 780 inform the parties of their right to file exceptions or 781 responses to the recommended order in accordance with the 782 uniform rules of procedure pursuant to s. 120.54. In those 783 proceedings where the actions of more than one agency of the 784 state are challenged, the Governor shall issue the final order 785 within 45 working days after receipt of the administrative law 786 judge's recommended order, and the recommended order shall 787 inform the parties of their right to file exceptions or 788 responses to the recommended order in accordance with the uniform rules of procedure pursuant to s. 120.54. For This 789 790 paragraph does not apply to the issuance of department licenses 791 required under any federally delegated or approved permit 792 program. In such instances, the department, and not the 793 Governor, shall enter the final order. The participating agencies of the state may opt at the preliminary hearing 794 795 conference to allow the administrative law judge's decision to 796 constitute the final agency action. If a participating local

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797 government agrees to participate in the summary hearing 798 provisions of s. 120.574 for purposes of review of local 799 government comprehensive plan amendments, s. 163.3184(9) and 800 (10) apply.

801 (b) Projects identified in paragraph (3)(f) or challenges to state agency action in the expedited permitting process for 802 establishment of a state-of-the-art biomedical research 803 804 institution and campus in this state by the grantee under s. 805 288.955 are subject to the same requirements as challenges 806 brought under paragraph (a), except that, notwithstanding s. 120.574, summary proceedings must be conducted within 30 days 807 808 after a party files the motion for summary hearing, regardless 809 of whether the parties agree to the summary proceeding.

810 (15) The office, working with the agencies providing 811 cooperative assistance and input regarding the memoranda of agreement, shall review sites proposed for the location of 812 813 facilities that the office has certified to be eligible for the Innovation Incentive Program under s. 288.1089. Within 20 days 814 815 after the request for the review by the office, the agencies shall provide to the office a statement as to each site's 816 817 necessary permits under local, state, and federal law and an 818 identification of significant permitting issues, which if unresolved, may result in the denial of an agency permit or 819 820 approval or any significant delay caused by the permitting 821 process.

(18) The office, working with the Rural Economic
Development Initiative and the agencies participating in the
memoranda of agreement, shall provide technical assistance in
preparing permit applications and local comprehensive plan

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826	amendments for counties having a population of fewer than 75,000
827	residents, or counties having fewer than 125,000 residents which
828	are contiguous to counties having fewer than 75,000 residents.
829	Additional assistance may include, but not be limited to,
830	guidance in land development regulations and permitting
831	processes, working cooperatively with state, regional, and local
832	entities to identify areas within these counties which may be
833	suitable or adaptable for preclearance review of specified types
834	of land uses and other activities requiring permits.
835	Section 16. Subsection (5) is added to section 526.203,
836	Florida Statutes, to read:
837	526.203 Renewable fuel standard
838	(5) SALE OF UNBLENDED FUELSThis section does not prohibit
839	the sale of unblended fuels for the uses exempted under
840	subsection (3).
841	Section 17. The installation of fuel tank upgrades to
842	secondary containment systems shall be completed by the
843	deadlines specified in rule 62-761.510, Florida Administrative
844	Code, Table UST. However, notwithstanding any agreements to the
845	contrary, any fuel service station that changed ownership
846	interest through a bona fide sale of the property between
847	January 1, 2009, and December 31, 2009, is not required to
848	complete the upgrades described in rule 62-761.510, Florida
849	Administrative Code, Table UST, until December 31, 2012.
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851	
852	======================================
853	And the title is amended as follows:
854	Delete line 25

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855 and insert: 856 permit; amending s. 125.022, F.S.; prohibiting a county 857 from requiring an applicant to obtain a permit or 858 approval from another state or federal agency as a 859 condition of processing a development permit under 860 certain conditions; authorizing a county to attach 861 certain disclaimers to the issuance of a development 862 permit; amending s. 161.041, F.S.; prohibiting the 863 Department of Environmental Protection from requiring 864 certain sediment quality specifications or turbidity 865 standards as a permit condition; providing legislative 866 intent with respect to permitting for beach 867 renourishment projects; directing the department to 868 amend specified rules relating to permitting for such 869 projects; amending s. 373.4135, F.S.; conforming a 870 cross-reference; amending s. 373.4136, F.S.; 871 clarifying the use of the uniform mitigation 872 assessment method for mitigation credits for the 873 establishment and operation of mitigation banks; 874 amending s. 373.414, F.S.; revising provisions for the 875 uniform mitigation assessment method rule for wetlands 876 and other surface waters; providing requirements for 877 the interpretation and application of the uniform 878 mitigation assessment method rule; providing an 879 exception; defining the terms "preservation mitigation" and "without preservation" for the 880 881 purposes of certain assessments pursuant to the rule; 882 providing for reassessment of mitigation banks under 883 certain conditions; amending s. 373.4141, F.S.;

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884 providing a limitation for the request of additional 885 information from an applicant by the department; 886 providing that failure of an applicant to respond to 887 such a request within a specified time period 888 constitutes withdrawal of the application; reducing 889 the time within which a permit must be approved, 890 denied, or subject to notice of proposed agency 891 action; prohibiting a state agency or an agency of the 892 state from requiring additional permits or approval 893 from a local, state, or federal agency without 894 explicit authority; amending s. 403.061, F.S.; 895 requiring the Department of Environmental Protection 896 to establish reasonable zones of mixing for 897 discharging into specified water; providing that 898 exceedance of certain groundwater standards does not 899 create liability for site cleanup; providing that 900 exceedance of soil cleanup target levels is not a 901 basis for enforcement or cleanup; amending s. 902 373.41492, F.S.; authorizing the use of proceeds from 903 the water treatment plant upgrade fee to pay for 904 specified mitigation projects; requiring proceeds from 905 the water treatment plant upgrade fee to be 906 transferred by the Department of Revenue to the South 907 Florida Water Management District and deposited into 908 the Lake Belt Mitigation Trust Fund until specified 909 criteria is met; providing, after such criteria is 910 met, for the proceeds of the water treatment plant 911 upgrade fee to return to being transferred by the 912 Department of Revenue to a trust fund established by

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913 Miami-Dade County for specified purposes; conforming a term; amending s. 403.706, F.S.; providing for 914 recycling credit for byproducts of renewable energy 915 916 production; amending s. 403.707, F.S.; exempting the 917 disposal of solid waste monitored by certain 918 groundwater monitoring plans from specific 919 authorization; extending the duration of all permits 920 issued to solid waste management facilities that meet 921 specified criteria; providing an exception; providing 922 for prorated permit fees; providing applicability; 923 amending s. 403.853, F.S.; providing for the Depatment 924 of Health, or a local county health department 925 designated by the department, to perform sanitary 926 surveys for a transient noncommunity water system 927 using groundwater as a source of supply and serving 928 religious institutions or businesses; amending s. 929 403.973; authorizing expedited permitting for certain 930 commercial or industrial development projects that 931 individually or collectively will create a minimun 932 number of jobs; providing for a project specific 933 memorandum of agreement to apply to a project subsect 934 to expedited permitting; clarifying the authority of 935 the Department of Environmental Protection to enter final orders; revising criteria for the review of 936 937 certain sites; amending s. 526.203, F.S.; authorizing 938 the sale of unblended fuels for certain uses; revising 939 the deadline for completion of the installation of 940 fuel tank upgrades to secondary containment systems 941 for specified properties; providing an effective date.

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