A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to the assessment of residential and 3 nonhomestead real property; amending s. 193.114, F.S.; 4 limiting a review of changes to the assessed or taxable 5 value of real property resulting from certain informal 6 conferences to a review by the Department of Revenue; 7 creating s. 193.624, F.S.; providing definitions; 8 prohibiting adding the value of certain improvements to 9 the assessed value of certain real property; providing a 10 limitation on the assessed value of certain real property; 11 providing application; providing procedural requirements and limitations; requiring a nonrefundable filing fee; 12 amending s. 193.155, F.S.; specifying additional 13 14 exceptions to assessments of homestead property at just 15 value; amending ss. 193.1554 and 193.1555, F.S.; 16 specifying additional exceptions to assessments of nonhomestead property at just value; defining the term 17 "placed on the tax roll"; clarifying when divided or 18 19 combined parcels become eligible for certain assessments; amending s. 196.012, F.S.; deleting a definition; 20 21 conforming a cross-reference; amending ss. 196.121 and 22 196.1995, F.S.; conforming cross-references; repealing s. 23 196.175, F.S., relating to the renewable energy source 24 property tax exemption; providing for application; providing an effective date. 25

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 193.114, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

193.114 Preparation of assessment rolls.-

- (4) (a) For every change made to the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on an assessment roll subsequent to the mailing of the notice provided for in s. 200.069, the property appraiser shall document the reason for such change in the public records of the office of the property appraiser in a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive director's designee. For every change made to the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on the assessment roll as the result of an informal conference under s. 194.011(2), only the department may review whether such changes are consistent with the law.
- (b) For every change that decreases the assessed or taxable value of a parcel on an assessment roll between the time of complete submission of the tax roll pursuant to s. 193.1142(3) and mailing of the notice provided for in s. 200.069, the property appraiser shall document the reason for such change in the public records of the office of the property appraiser in a manner acceptable to the executive director or the executive director's designee. Changes made by the value adjustment board are not subject to the requirements of this subsection.
- Section 2. Section 193.624, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 193.624 Assessment of residential property.—
 - (1) For the purposes of this section:

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57	(a) "Changes or improvements made for the purpose of
58	improving a property's resistance to wind damage" means:
59	1. Improving the strength of the roof-deck attachment;
60	2. Creating a secondary water barrier to prevent water
61	intrusion;
62	3. Installing wind-resistant shingles;
63	4. Installing gable-end bracing;
64	5. Reinforcing roof-to-wall connections;
65	6. Installing storm shutters; or
66	7. Installing opening protections.
67	(b) "Renewable energy source device" means any of the
68	following equipment that collects, transmits, stores, or uses
69	solar energy, wind energy, or energy derived from geothermal
70	deposits:
71	1. Solar energy collectors, photovoltaic modules, and
72	inverters.
73	2. Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding
74	swimming pools used as storage tanks.
75	3. Rockbeds.
76	4. Thermostats and other control devices.
77	5. Heat exchange devices.
78	6. Pumps and fans.
79	7. Roof ponds.
80	8. Freestanding thermal containers.
81	9. Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other
82	equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, such

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equipment does not include conventional backup systems of any

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type.

10. Windmills and wind turbines.

11. Wind-driven generators.

- 12. Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- 13. Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
- (2) In determining the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes, the just value of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and the just value of renewable energy source devices shall not be added to the assessed value as limited by s. 193.155 or s. 193.1554.
- (3) The assessed value of real property used for residential purposes shall not exceed the total just value of the property minus the combined just values of changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving a property's resistance to wind damage and renewable energy source devices.
- (4) This section applies to new and existing construction used for residential purposes.
- (5) A parcel of residential property may not be assessed pursuant to this section unless an application is filed on or before March 1 of the first year the property owner claims the assessment reduction for renewable energy source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. The property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's representative to furnish the property appraiser such information as may reasonably be

113 required to establish the just value of the renewable energy 114 source devices or changes or improvements made for the purpose 115 of improving the property's resistance to wind damage. Failure 116 to make timely application by March 1 shall constitute a waiver 117 of the property owner to have his or her assessment calculated 118 under this section. However, an applicant who fails to file an 119 application by March 1 may file a late application and may file, pursuant to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment 120 121 board requesting assessment under this section. The petition 122 must be filed on or before the 25th day after the mailing of the 123 notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). 124 Notwithstanding s. 194.013, the applicant must pay a 125 nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon filing the petition. Upon 126 reviewing the petition, if the property is qualified to be 127 assessed under this section and the property owner demonstrates 128 particular extenuating circumstances judged by the property appraiser or the value adjustment board to warrant granting 129 130 assessment under this section, the property appraiser shall 131 calculate the assessment in accordance with this section. 132 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 133 193.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 134 193.155 Homestead assessments.—Homestead property shall be 135 assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving 136 the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property 137 138 receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8) 139 apply. (4) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, 140

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changes, additions, or improvements to homestead property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.

- Section 4. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 193.1554, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Nonhomestead residential property" means residential real property that contains nine or fewer dwelling units, including vacant property zoned and platted for residential use, and that does not receive the exemption under s. 196.031.
- (b) "Placed on the tax roll" means the year any property, as of January 1, becomes eligible for assessment under this section and either becomes a nonhomestead property or property that has been combined or divided.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624, changes, additions, or improvements to nonhomestead residential property shall be assessed at just value as of the first January 1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are substantially completed.
- 1 and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice shall receive any current assessment limitation on the newly combined parcel or parcels or have any current assessment limitation apportioned among the newly created parcel or parcels, and the property may not be considered combined or divided for purposes of this section until the following January

1, when the parcel or parcels shall be considered placed on the tax roll as a combined or divided parcel or parcels. Any increase in the value of property assessed under this section which is attributable to combining or dividing parcels shall be assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the parcels created.

Section 5. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and nonresidential real property.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Nonresidential real property" means real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in s. 4(a), (c), (d), or (g), Art. VII of the State Constitution.
- (b) "Improvement" means an addition or change to land or buildings which increases their value and is more than a repair or a replacement.
- (c) "Placed on the tax roll" means the year any property, as of January 1, becomes eligible for assessment under this section and either becomes a nonhomestead property or property that has been combined or divided.
- (7) Any property that is combined or divided after January

 1 and included as a combined or divided parcel on the tax notice

 shall receive any current assessment limitation on the newly

 combined parcel or parcels or have any current assessment

 limitation apportioned among the newly created parcel or

 parcels, and the property may not be considered combined or

 divided for purposes of this section until the following January

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197 1, when the parcel or parcels shall be considered placed on the 198 tax roll as a combined or divided parcel or parcels. Any 199 increase in the value of property assessed under this section 200 which is attributable to combining or dividing parcels shall be 201 assessed at just value, and the just value shall be apportioned 202 among the parcels created. 203 Section 6. Subsections (14) through (20) of section 204 196.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 205 196.012 Definitions.—For the purpose of this chapter, the 206 following terms are defined as follows, except where the context clearly indicates otherwise: 207 208 (14) "Renewable energy source device" or "device" means 209 any of the following equipment which, when installed in 210 connection with a dwelling unit or other structure, collects, 211 transmits, stores, or uses solar energy, wind energy, or energy 212 derived from geothermal deposits: 213 (a) Solar energy collectors. 214 (b) Storage tanks and other storage systems, excluding 215 swimming pools used as storage tanks. 216 (c) Rockbeds. 217 (d) Thermostats and other control devices. 218 (e) Heat exchange devices. 219 (f) Pumps and fans. 220 (q) Roof ponds. 221 (h) Freestanding thermal containers. 222 (i) Pipes, ducts, refrigerant handling systems, and other 223 equipment used to interconnect such systems; however, 224 conventional backup systems of any type are not included in this

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definition.

- (j) Windmills.
- (k) Wind-driven generators.
- (1) Power conditioning and storage devices that use wind energy to generate electricity or mechanical forms of energy.
- (m) Pipes and other equipment used to transmit hot geothermal water to a dwelling or structure from a geothermal deposit.
 - $(14) \frac{(15)}{(15)}$ "New business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant;
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; or
- 3. An office space in this state owned and used by a corporation newly domiciled in this state; provided such office space houses 50 or more full-time employees of such corporation; provided that such business or office first begins operation on a site clearly separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that first begins operation on a site clearly

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separate from any other commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.

- (c) A business that is situated on property annexed into a municipality and that, at the time of the annexation, is receiving an economic development ad valorem tax exemption from the county under s. 196.1995.
 - (15) (16) "Expansion of an existing business" means:
- (a)1. A business establishing 10 or more jobs to employ 10 or more full-time employees in this state, which manufactures, processes, compounds, fabricates, or produces for sale items of tangible personal property at a fixed location and which comprises an industrial or manufacturing plant; or
- 2. A business establishing 25 or more jobs to employ 25 or more full-time employees in this state, the sales factor of which, as defined by s. 220.15(5), for the facility with respect to which it requests an economic development ad valorem tax exemption is less than 0.50 for each year the exemption is claimed; provided that such business increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business, resulting in a net increase in employment of not less than 10 percent or an increase in productive output of not less than 10 percent.
- (b) Any business located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area that increases operations on a site colocated with a commercial or industrial operation owned by the same business.
- (16) (17) "Permanent resident" means a person who has established a permanent residence as defined in subsection (17)

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(17) (18) "Permanent residence" means that place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time; and, once a permanent residence is established in a foreign state or country, it is presumed to continue until the person shows that a change has occurred.

- (18) (19) "Enterprise zone" means an area designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to s. 290.0065. This subsection expires on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
- (19)(20) "Ex-servicemember" means any person who has served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on active duty or state active duty, a member of the Florida National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve Forces.
- Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 196.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 196.121 Homestead exemptions; forms.—
- (2) The forms shall require the taxpayer to furnish certain information to the property appraiser for the purpose of determining that the taxpayer is a permanent resident as defined in s. $196.012\underline{(16)}\underline{(17)}$. Such information may include, but need not be limited to, the factors enumerated in s. 196.015.
- Section 8. Subsection (6), paragraph (d) of subsection (8), paragraph (d) of subsection (9), and paragraph (d) of subsection (10) of section 196.1995, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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196.1995 Economic development ad valorem tax exemption.-

- (6) With respect to a new business as defined by s. 196.012(14)(15)(c), the municipality annexing the property on which the business is situated may grant an economic development ad valorem tax exemption under this section to that business for a period that will expire upon the expiration of the exemption granted by the county. If the county renews the exemption under subsection (7), the municipality may also extend its exemption. A municipal economic development ad valorem tax exemption granted under this subsection may not extend beyond the duration of the county exemption.
- (8) Any person, firm, or corporation which desires an economic development ad valorem tax exemption shall, in the year the exemption is desired to take effect, file a written application on a form prescribed by the department with the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, or both. The application shall request the adoption of an ordinance granting the applicant an exemption pursuant to this section and shall include the following information:
- (d) Proof, to the satisfaction of the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality, that the applicant is a new business or an expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. $196.012\frac{(15)}{(15)}$ or (16); and
- (9) Before it takes action on the application, the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality shall deliver a copy of the application to the property appraiser of the county. After careful consideration,

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the property appraiser shall report the following information to the board of county commissioners or the governing authority of the municipality:

- (d) A determination as to whether the property for which an exemption is requested is to be incorporated into a new business or the expansion of an existing business, as defined in s. 196.012(15) or (16), or into neither, which determination the property appraiser shall also affix to the face of the application. Upon the request of the property appraiser, the department shall provide to him or her such information as it may have available to assist in making such determination.
- (10) An ordinance granting an exemption under this section shall be adopted in the same manner as any other ordinance of the county or municipality and shall include the following:
- (d) A finding that the business named in the ordinance meets the requirements of s. $196.012\underline{(14)}\underline{(15)}$ or $\underline{(15)}\underline{(16)}$.
- Section 9. <u>Section 196.175</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

 Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011, and

applies to assessments beginning January 1, 2012.

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