A bill to be entitled

An act for the relief of Daniel and Amara Estrada; providing an appropriation to compensate Daniel and Amara Estrada, parents and guardians of Caleb Estrada, for the wrongful birth of Caleb Estrada and for damages sustained by Daniel and Amara Estrada as a result of negligence by employees of the University of South Florida Board of Trustees; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, Amara and Daniel Estrada's first child, Aiden Estrada, was born on June 28, 2002, at Tampa General Hospital, and

WHEREAS, Aiden Estrada was born with numerous birth defects, including 2-3 syndactyly, hypospadias, cryptorchidism, small for gestational age, cleft palate, simian creases in both hands, ears low set and rotated, micropenis, micronathia, intrauterine growth retardation, microcephaly, and dysmorphic face, and

WHEREAS, these defects and conditions should have caused a geneticist to suspect and then confirm the diagnosis of Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, on June 28, 2002, the newborn nursery of Tampa General Hospital called for a genetic consultation concerning Aiden Estrada by Boris Kousseff, M.D., Director of Medical Genetics of the University of South Florida College of Medicine, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Kousseff examined Aiden Estrada in St.

Page 1 of 6

Joseph's Hospital on July 1, 2002, but failed to suspect or diagnose Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Kousseff followed the condition of Aiden Estrada as his treating geneticist and made an appointment for the Estradas to bring Aiden Estrada to his office at the University of South Florida Genetics Clinic on August 29, 2002, and

WHEREAS, at the time of such appointment, Dr. Kousseff failed once again to suspect or diagnose Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Kousseff next saw Aiden Estrada and his parents at the University of South Florida Genetics Clinic on September 15, 2003, at which time it was apparent that Aiden was severely developmentally delayed, had severe psychomotor retardation, and was unable to take nutrition or hydration by mouth, requiring Aiden Estrada to depend on a gastrostomy tube that was surgically implanted through the abdominal and stomach wall in order to deliver nutrition and hydration, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Kousseff again failed to suspect or diagnose Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Kousseff told Daniel and Amara Estrada that he believed Aiden Estrada's problems did not indicate any genetic disorder and they could expect pregnancies with "normal" children, and

WHEREAS, the standard of care calls for a geneticist under this situation, when he or she does not know the diagnosis, to advise parents that there is at least a 25 percent chance of recurrence of the defects in the next child, and

Page 2 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

WHEREAS, if the Estradas been told the truth of the possibility of recurrence of the birth defects in a subsequent child, the Estradas would have chosen not to conceive again but to adopt, and

WHEREAS, instead, the parents relied on Dr. Kousseff's advice and, after following all of the recommendations of Dr. Kousseff, conceived a second child, and

WHEREAS, Amara Estrada gave birth to Caleb Estrada on November 18, 2004, at Shands Teaching Hospital of the University of Florida, and

WHEREAS, Caleb had the same or similar symptoms as his older brother, Aiden Estrada, and

WHEREAS, within an hour after his birth, the geneticist at the University of Florida diagnosed Caleb Estrada as having Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, on the next day, November 19, 2004, Daniel and Amara Estrada brought Aiden Estrada to Shands Hospital to meet with the geneticist who diagnosed Aiden as having Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, and

WHEREAS, the parents now had a second child who is severely impaired and who also would be totally reliant on a gastrostomy tube for nutrition and hydration and who would also require 24-hour care and supervision, and

WHEREAS, the physical, emotional, and financial resources of Daniel and Amara Estrada have been exhausted in trying to care for the severely impaired Aiden, who has needed 24-hour care and supervision and could not survive without a gastrostomy tube, and

WHEREAS, the testimony of witnesses, testifying on behalf of the Estradas, as well as the witnesses testifying on behalf the University of South Florida, agreed that the care provided by Boris Kousseff, M.D., was completely below any acceptable standard in his failure to recognize and diagnose Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome from Aiden Estrada's many symptoms, and

WHEREAS, Robert Steiner, M.D., a leading geneticist in Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome, testified that he could not comprehend how Dr. Kousseff could possibly tell the parents on September 15, 2003, that their chances of having a normal child were the same as anybody else's, and

WHEREAS, Dr. Steiner testified that the conduct of Dr. Kousseff was egregious, and

WHEREAS, the rehabilitation experts testifying on behalf of the Estradas and the rehabilitation experts testifying on behalf of the University of South Florida agreed that Caleb Estrada needs one-on-one care 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and

WHEREAS, after a trial, the jury returned a verdict in favor of Daniel and Amara Estrada, as parents and guardians of Caleb Estrada, in the amount of \$23,553,000, for the cost of care for Caleb Estrada, and

WHEREAS, the jury assigned the University of South Florida 90 percent liability for the wrongful birth of Caleb Estrada, and

WHEREAS, the University of South Florida has a self-insurance fund of \$3 million through Health Science Insurance Company, and such funds have been paid into the plan or into premiums by the University of South Florida and can never be

Page 4 of 6

returned to the University of South Florida or to the State of Florida, and

WHEREAS, the University of South Florida procured insurance (reinsurance) from Lloyds of London in the amount of \$15 million, and

WHEREAS, the Health Science Insurance Plan provides that it will pay all costs taxed against the University of South Florida and all interest on the entire judgment up to the time the University of South Florida tenders \$200,000 under its waiver of sovereign immunity, leaving \$26,994.87 in costs and \$3,798,518.05 in interest, and

WHEREAS, the University of South Florida tendered \$200,000 toward payment of this claim on April 2, 2009, and that payment should be credited toward payment of the judgment amount, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are found and declared to be true.

Section 2. The sum of \$24,823,212.92 shall be paid by the University of South Florida, provided the claim is paid exclusively, or at least to the maximum extent possible, out of insurance proceeds, including any bad-faith claim that may exist against Lloyds of London under state law. These proceeds shall be paid for the relief of Daniel and Amara Estrada, parents and natural guardians of Caleb Estrada, for the wrongful birth of Caleb Estrada.

Page 5 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

141

142

143144

145

146

147

148

149

Section 3. The amount paid pursuant to s. 768.28,	Florida
Statutes, and the amount awarded under this act are int	ended to
provide the sole compensation for all present and futur	re claims
arising out of the factual situation described in this	act which
resulted in the wrongful birth of Caleb Estrada. The to	otal_
amount paid for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs,	and other
similar expenses relating to this claim may not exceed	25
percent of the total amount awarded under this act.	

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.