HB 243

2012

1	A bill to be entitled							
2	An act relating to expert testimony; amending s.							
3	90.702, F.S.; providing that a witness qualified as an							
4	expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or							
5	education may testify in the form of an opinion as to							
6	the facts at issue in a case under certain							
7	circumstances; requiring the courts of this state to							
8	interpret and apply the principles of expert testimony							
9	in conformity with specified United States Supreme							
10	Court decisions; subjecting pure opinion testimony to							
11	such requirements; amending s. 90.704, F.S.; providing							
12	that facts or data that are otherwise inadmissible in							
13	evidence may not be disclosed to the jury by the							
14	proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court							
15	determines that the probative value of the facts or							
16	data in assisting the jury to evaluate the expert's							
17	opinion substantially outweighs the prejudicial effect							
18	of the facts or data; providing an effective date.							
19								
20	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:							
21								
22	Section 1. Section 90.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to							
23	read:							
24	90.702 Testimony by experts							
25	(1) If scientific, technical, or other specialized							
26	knowledge will assist the trier of fact in understanding the							
27	evidence or in determining a fact in issue, a witness qualified							
28	as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or							
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29 education may testify about it in the form of an opinion <u>or</u> 30 <u>otherwise, if:</u>

31 (a) The testimony is based upon sufficient facts or data; 32 (b) The testimony is the product of reliable principles 33 and methods; and

34 (c) The witness has applied the principles and methods 35 reliably to the facts of the case; however, the opinion is 36 admissible only if it can be applied to evidence at trial.

37 (2) The courts of this state shall interpret and apply the requirements of subsection (1) and s. 90.704 in accordance with 38 Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 39 40 (1993); General Electric Co. v. Joiner, 522 U.S. 136 (1997); and Kumho Tire Co., Ltd. v. Carmichael, 526 U.S. 137 (1999). Frye v. 41 42 United States, 293 F. 1013 (D.C. Cir. 1923) and subsequent 43 Florida decisions applying or implementing Frye no longer apply 44 to subsection (1) or s. 90.704. All proposed expert testimony, including pure opinion testimony as discussed in Marsh v. 45 46 Valyou, 977 So. 2d 543 (Fla. 2007), is subject to subsection (1) 47 and s. 90.704.

48 Section 2. Section 90.704, Florida Statutes, is amended to 49 read:

50 90.704 Basis of opinion testimony by experts.—The facts or 51 data upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be 52 those perceived by, or made known to, the expert at or before 53 the trial. If the facts or data are of a type reasonably relied 54 upon by experts in the subject to support the opinion expressed, 55 the facts or data need not be admissible in evidence. <u>Facts or</u> 56 data that are otherwise inadmissible shall not be disclosed to

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57	the	jury	by	the	proponent	of	the	opinion	or	inference	unless	the
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- 58 <u>court determines that their probative value in assisting the</u>
- 59 jury to evaluate the expert's opinion substantially outweighs
- 60 their prejudicial effect.
- 61

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.