

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House

Comm: WD 11/14/2011

The Committee on Community Affairs (Richter) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

2 3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

Delete lines 156 - 406 and insert:

(1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law. However, + $\frac{\text{but}}{\text{those}}$ those changes in assessments $\frac{\text{may}}{\text{shall}}$ not exceed 5 $\frac{\text{ten}}{\text{ten}}$ percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as provided in paragraph (4), an assessment may not increase if the just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.

15 16

17 18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26 27

28

29 30

31 32

33

34 35

36 37

38

39

40

41 42



- (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) After a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of a legal entity that owns the property, such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (4) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law. + However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) A parcel of property assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be assessed at just value every fifth year.
- (h) For all levies other than school district levies, assessments of real property that is not subject to the assessment limitations set forth in subsections (a) through (d) and (q) shall change only as provided in this subsection.
- (1) Assessments subject to this subsection shall be changed annually on the date of assessment provided by law. However, + but those changes in assessments may shall not exceed 5 ten percent (10%) of the assessment for the prior year. The legislature may provide by general law that, except for changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to property assessed as provided in paragraph (5), an assessment may not increase if the just value of the property is less than the just value of the property on the preceding date of assessment provided by law.
 - (2) An No assessment may not shall exceed just value.
- (3) The legislature must provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a

44

45 46

47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58 59

60

61 62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71



qualifying improvement, as defined by general law, is made to such property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.

- (4) The legislature may provide that such property shall be assessed at just value as of the next assessment date after a change of ownership or control, as defined by general law, including any change of ownership of the legal entity that owns the property. Thereafter, such property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (5) Changes, additions, reductions, or improvements to such property shall be assessed as provided for by general law. + However, after the adjustment for any change, addition, reduction, or improvement, the property shall be assessed as provided in this subsection.
- (6) A parcel of property assessed pursuant to this subsection shall be assessed at just value every fifth year.
- (i) The legislature, by general law and subject to conditions specified therein, may prohibit the consideration of the following in the determination of the assessed value of real property used for residential purposes:
- (1) Any change or improvement made for the purpose of improving the property's resistance to wind damage.
 - (2) The installation of a renewable energy source device.
- (j)(1) The assessment of the following working waterfront properties shall be based upon the current use of the property:
 - a. Land used predominantly for commercial fishing purposes.
- b. Land that is accessible to the public and used for vessel launches into waters that are navigable.
 - c. Marinas and drystacks that are open to the public.

73

74

75

76 77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84 85

86 87

88 89

90

91 92

93

94 95

96

97

98

99

100



- d. Water-dependent marine manufacturing facilities, commercial fishing facilities, and marine vessel construction and repair facilities and their support activities.
- (2) The assessment benefit provided by this subsection is subject to conditions and limitations and reasonable definitions as specified by the legislature by general law.

SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions.-

- (a) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for special benefits, up to the assessed valuation of \$25,000 twenty-five thousand dollars and, for all levies other than school district levies, on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars and up to \$75,000 seventy-five thousand dollars, upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of 98 ninety-eight years. The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance with the provisions of Section 4 by a state agency designated by general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment of homestead property at less than just value.
 - (b) Not more than one exemption under subsection (a) and

102

103 104

105

106

107

108 109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116 117

118 119

120

121

122

123 124

125

126

127

128

129



one exemption under subsection (f) shall be allowed any individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed value of the property.

- (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified therein, the legislature may provide to renters, who are permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and amount established by general law.
- (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant an additional homestead tax exemption not exceeding \$50,000 fifty thousand dollars to any person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner and who has attained age 65 sixty-five and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars. The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant this additional exemption, within the limits prescribed in this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes in the cost of living.
- (e) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from the

131

132

133

134

135

136 137

138

139

140

141

142 143

144 145

146

147

148 149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158



amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was combat related, the veteran was a resident of this state at the time of entering the military service of the United States, and the veteran was honorably discharged upon separation from military service. The discount shall be in a percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, service-connected disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this subsection, an applicant must submit to the county property appraiser, by March 1, proof of residency at the time of entering military service, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as combat related, and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The legislature may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in subsequent years. This subsection shall take effect December 7, 2006, is self-executing, and does not require implementing legislation.

(f) Every person who has established the right to receive the homestead exemption provided in subsection (a) is entitled to an additional homestead exemption for all levies other than school district levies in an amount equal to 30 percent of the homestead property's just value in excess of \$75,000 but less than or equal to \$200,000, plus 15 percent of the homestead property's just value in excess of \$200,000 but less than or

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171 172

173 174

175

176 177

178

179

180

181 182

183

184

185

186

187



equal to \$400,000. The value of the additional homestead exemption shall be reduced by the difference between the just value of the property and the assessed value of the property determined under Section 4(d). By general law, the legislature may adjust the percent of just value or the maximum and minimum levels of just value used to calculate the additional homestead exemption, but may not reduce the value of the additional exemption below the value established in this subsection.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

SECTION 27. Property tax exemptions and limitations on property tax assessments. - The amendments to Sections 3, 4, and 6 of Article VII, providing a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property, providing an additional \$25,000 homestead exemption, authorizing transfer of the accrued benefit from the limitations on the assessment of homestead property, and this section, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at a special election authorized by law to be held on January 29, 2008, shall take effect upon approval by the electors and shall operate retroactively to January 1, 2008, or, if submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election, shall take effect January 1 of the year following such general election. The amendments to Section 4 of Article VII creating subsections (g) (f) and (h) (g) of that section, creating a limitation on annual assessment increases for specified real property, shall take effect upon approval of the electors and shall first limit assessments beginning January 1, 2009, if approved at a special election held on January 29, 2008, or shall first limit

189

190 191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211 212

213

214

215

216



assessments beginning January 1, 2010, if approved at the general election held in November of 2008. Subsections (g) (f) and (h) (g) of Section 4 of Article VII are repealed effective January 1, 2023 2019; however, the legislature shall by joint resolution propose an amendment abrogating the repeal of subsections (g) (f) and (h) (g), which shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the general election of 2022 2018 and, if approved, shall take effect January 1, 2023 2019.

Property assessments.-This section and the amendments to Section 4 of Article VII authorizing the legislature to prohibit increases in the assessed value of homestead property that has a declining just value and reducing the limit on the maximum annual increase in the assessed value of nonhomestead property from 10 percent to 5 percent shall take effect January 1, 2013.

Additional homestead exemption.—This section and the amendment to Section 6 of Article VII providing for an additional homestead exemption shall take effect January 1, 2013.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

> CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE VII, SECTIONS 4, 6 ARTICLE XII, SECTION 27

PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS; ADDITIONAL HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.-

(1) In certain circumstances, the law requires the assessed value of real property to increase when the just value of the property is greater than its assessed value. This amendment authorizes the Legislature, by general law, to prohibit such

218

219 220

221

222

223

224

225

226 227

228

229

230

231

232 233

234

235

236

237



increase in the assessment of property whose just value is less than its just value on the preceding assessment date. This amendment takes effect January 1, 2013.

- (2) The State Constitution generally limits increases in the assessed value of nonhomestead real property for property tax purposes to 10 percent annually. This amendment reduces that limit to 5 percent. The amendment also provides for the property to be assessed at just value in the fifth year after receiving the benefit of the assessment limitation for 4 consecutive years. This amendment takes effect January 1, 2013.
- (3) This amendment also provides owners of homestead property an additional homestead exemption for all levies other than school district levies in an amount equal to 30 percent of the homestead property's just value between \$75,000 and \$200,000, plus 15 percent of the homestead property's just value between \$200,000 and \$400,000. The Legislature may adjust the amount of the additional homestead exemption but may not reduce it below what is provided in this amendment. The value of the additional homestead exemption shall be reduced by the difference between the just value of the property and its assessed value. The amendment takes effect January 1, 2013.