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An act relating to the sale or lease of a county, district, or municipal hospital; amending s. 155.40, F.S.; defining terms; requiring that the governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital evaluate the possible benefits to an affected community from the sale or lease of the hospital facility to a not-for-profit or for-profit entity within a specified time period; specifying the actions the board must take in evaluating whether to sell or lease the public hospital; requiring the board to determine whether qualified purchasers or lessees exist; specifying the factors that must be considered by the governing board before accepting a proposal to sell or lease the hospital; requiring the board to state in writing detailed findings related to its decision to accept or reject the proposal; requiring the governing board to make public the required findings and documents and to publish a notice of the proposed transaction in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located; allowing persons to submit written comments regarding the proposed transaction; providing that the sale or lease is subject to the approval of the Secretary of Health Care Administration; requiring the governing board to file a petition with the Secretary of Health Care Administration seeking approval of the

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proposed transaction within a specified time period; requiring the Secretary of Health Care Administration or his or her designee to issue a final order approving or denying the proposed transaction; specifying the criteria upon which the Secretary of Health Care Administration must base his or her decision; authorizing an interested party to appeal the decision of the Secretary of Health Care Administration; requiring that all costs be paid by the governing board unless an interested party contests the action, in which case the court may assign costs equitably to the parties; providing for the distribution of proceeds from the transaction; exempting the sale or lease of specified physical property of a county, district, or municipal hospital from processes required for the approval of a sale or lease of county, district, or municipal hospital property; providing an exemption from complying with the requirements of the act under certain circumstances; exempting application of the act to hospitals or health care systems for which a letter of intent to sell or lease is executed before a specified date; exempting application of the act to a county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system that has issued a request for proposals for the sale or lease of a hospital or health care system on or before a specified date; providing an exception; creating s. 155.401, F.S.; providing that the purposes

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for which a special taxing district may appropriate funds from the sale or lease of a hospital or health care system include the promotion and support of economic growth in the district and county in which the taxing district is located and the furthering of the purposes of the taxing district; providing that any general or special law that is inconsistent with or otherwise in conflict with the act is specifically superseded by the act; amending s. 395.002, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "accrediting organizations"; reenacting s. 395.003(2)(c), F.S., relating to licensure and regulation of hospitals, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 395.002, F.S., in a reference thereto; amending s. 395.3036, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. 155.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
155.40 Sale or lease of county, district, or municipal hospital; effect of sale.—

(1) In the interest of providing quality health care services to the order that citizens and residents of this the state may receive quality health care, and notwithstanding any other provision of general or special law, a any county, district, or municipal hospital organized and existing under the

laws of this state, acting by and through its governing board,

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may shall have the authority to sell or lease the such hospital to a for-profit or not-for-profit Florida entity corporation, and enter into leases or other contracts with a for-profit or not-for-profit Florida entity corporation for the purpose of operating the and managing such hospital and any or all of its facilities of whatsoever kind and nature. The term of any such lease, contract, or agreement and the conditions, covenants, and agreements to be contained therein shall be determined by the governing board of the such county, district, or municipal hospital. The governing board of the hospital must find that the sale, lease, or contract is in the best interests of the affected community public and must state the basis of that such finding. If the governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital decides to lease the hospital, it must give notice in accordance with paragraph (4) (a) or paragraph (4) (b).

- (2) \underline{A} Any such lease, contract, or agreement made pursuant hereto shall:
- (a) Provide that the articles of incorporation of the such for-profit or not-for-profit corporation be subject to the approval of the board of directors or board of trustees of the such hospital;
- (b) Require that any not-for-profit corporation become qualified under s. 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code;
- (c) Provide for the orderly transition of the operation and management of $\underline{\text{the}}$ such facilities;
- (d) Provide for the return of $\underline{\text{the}}$ such facility to the county, municipality, or district upon the termination of $\underline{\text{the}}$

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such lease, contract, or agreement; and

- (e) Provide for the continued treatment of indigent patients pursuant to the Florida Health Care Responsibility Act and pursuant to chapter 87-92, Laws of Florida.
- (3) Any sale, lease, or contract entered into pursuant to this section before prior to the effective date of this act must have complied with the requirements of subsection (2) in effect at the time of the sale, lease, or contract. It is the intent of the Legislature that this section does not impose any further requirements with respect to the formation of any for-profit or not-for-profit Florida entity corporation, the composition of the board of directors of any Florida entity corporation, or the manner in which control of the hospital is transferred to the Florida entity corporation.
 - (4) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Affected community" means those persons residing within the geographic boundaries defined by the charter of the county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system, or if the boundaries are not specifically defined by charter, by the geographic area from which 75 percent of the county, district, or municipal hospital's or health care system's inpatient admissions are derived.
- (b) "Fair market value" means the price that a seller or lessor is willing to accept and a buyer or lessee is willing to pay on the open market and in an arms-length transaction, or what an independent expert in hospital valuation determines the fair market value to be.
- (c) "Interested party" includes a person submitting a

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proposal for sale or lease of the county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system, as well as the governing board.

- municipal hospital or health care system shall commence an evaluation of the possible benefits to an affected community from the sale or lease of hospital facilities owned by the board to a not-for-profit or for-profit entity no later than December 31, 2012. In the course of evaluating the benefits of the sale or lease, the board shall:
- (a) Conduct a public hearing to provide interested persons the opportunity to be heard on the matter.
- (b) Publish notice of the public hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital or health care system are located and in the Florida Administrative Weekly at least 15 days before the hearing is scheduled to occur.
- (c) Contract with a certified public accounting firm or other firm that has substantial expertise in the valuation of hospitals to render an independent valuation of the hospital's fair market value.
- (d) Consider an objective operating comparison between a hospital or health care system operated by the district, county, or municipality and other similarly situated hospitals, both not-for-profit and for-profit, which have a similar service mix, in order to determine whether there is a difference in the cost of operation using publicly available data provided by the Agency for Health Care Administration and the quality metrics identified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

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Core Measures. The comparison must determine whether it is more beneficial to taxpayers and the affected community for the hospital to be operated by a governmental entity, or whether the hospital can be operated by a not-for-profit or for-profit entity with similar or better cost-efficiencies or measurable outcomes identified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Core Measures. The comparison must also determine whether there is a net benefit to the community to operate the hospital as a not-for-profit or for-profit entity and use the proceeds of the sale or lease for the purposes described in this section.

- (e) Make publicly available all documents considered by the board in the course of such evaluation.
- 1. Within 160 days after the initiation of the process established in subsection (5), the governing board shall publish notice of the board's findings in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital are located and in the Florida Administrative Weekly.
- 2. This evaluation is not required if a district, county, or municipal hospital has issued a public request for proposals for the sale or lease of a hospital on or before February 1, 2012, for the purpose of receiving proposals from qualified purchasers or lessees, either not-for-profit or for-profit.
- (6) (4) If, upon completion of the evaluation of the benefits of the sale or lease, In the event the governing board of a county, district, or municipal hospital determines that it is no longer in the best interest of the affected community to

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own or operate a hospital or health care system and elects to consider a sale or lease of the hospital or health care system to a third party, the governing board must first determine whether there are any qualified purchasers or lessees. In the process of evaluating any qualified purchaser or lessee elects to sell or lease the hospital, the board shall:

- (a) Negotiate the terms of the sale or lease with a forprofit or not-for-profit Florida corporation and Publicly
 advertise the meeting at which the proposed sale or lease will
 be considered by the governing board of the hospital in
 accordance with s. 286.0105; or
- (b) Publicly advertise the offer to accept proposals in accordance with s. 255.0525 and receive proposals from all interested and qualified purchasers and lessees.

Any sale or lease must be for fair market value, or, if not for fair market value, the lease must be in the best interest of the affected community. A and any sale or lease must comply with all applicable state and federal antitrust laws.

- (7) A determination by the governing board to accept a proposal for sale or lease shall be made after consideration of all proposals received and negotiations with a qualified purchaser or lessee. The governing board's determination must include, in writing, detailed findings of all reasons for accepting the proposal.
- (a) The governing board's acceptance of a proposal for sale or lease must include a description of how the sale or lease satisfies each of the following requirements:

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- 1. The sale or lease represents fair market value, as determined by a certified public accounting firm or other qualified firm pursuant to subsection(5). If leased at less than fair market value, the governing board shall provide a detailed explanation of how the best interests of the affected community are served by the acceptance of less than fair market value for the lease of the hospital.
- 2. Acceptance of the proposal will result in a reduction or elimination of ad valorem or other taxes for taxpayers in the district, if applicable.
- 3. The proposal includes an enforceable commitment that programs and services and quality health care will continue to be provided to all residents of the affected community, particularly to the indigent, the uninsured, and the underinsured.
- 4. Disclosure has been made of all conflicts of interest, including, but not limited to, whether the sale or lease of the hospital or health care system would result in a special private gain or loss to members of the governing board or key management employees or members of the medical staff of the county, district, or municipal hospital, or if governing board members will be serving on the board of any successor private corporation. Conflicts of interest, if any, with respect to experts retained by the governing board shall also be disclosed.
- 5. Disclosure has been made by the seller or lessor of all contracts with physicians or other entities providing health care services through a contract with the seller or lessor, including all agreements or contracts that would be void or

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- voidable upon the consummation of the sale or lease.
- 254 6. The proposal is in compliance with subsections (8) and 255 (9).
 - (b) The findings must be accompanied by all information and documents relevant to the governing board's determination, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. The names and addresses of all parties to the transaction.
 - 2. The location of the hospital or health care system and all related facilities.
 - 3. A description of the terms of all proposed agreements.
 - 4. A copy of the proposed sale or lease agreement and any related agreements, including, but not limited to, leases, management contracts, service contracts, and memoranda of understanding.
 - 5. The estimated total value associated with the proposed agreement and the proposed acquisition price.
 - 6. Any valuations of the hospital's or health care system's assets prepared during the 3 years immediately preceding the proposed transaction date.
 - 7. The fair market value analysis required by paragraph (5)(c), or any other valuation prepared at the request of the board, owner of the hospital or health care system, or managing entity of the hospital or health care system.
 - 8. Copies of all other proposals and bids that the governing board may have received or considered in compliance with subsection (6).
 - (8) Within 120 days before the anticipated closing date of

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the proposed transaction, the governing board shall make publicly available all findings and documents required under subsection (7) and publish a notice of the proposed transaction in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the county in which the majority of the physical assets of the hospital or health care system are located. The notice must include the names of the parties involved and the means by which a person may submit written comments about the proposed transaction to the governing board and obtain copies of the findings and documents required under subsection (7).

- (9) Within 20 days after the date of publication of the public notice, any person may submit to the governing board written comments regarding the proposed transaction.
- (10) The sale or lease of the hospital or health care system is subject to approval by the Secretary of Health Care Administration or his or her designee, except, if otherwise required by law, approval of the sale or lease shall exclusively be by majority vote of the registered voters in the county, district, or municipality in which the hospital or health care system is located.
- (a) The governing board shall file a petition with the Secretary of Health Care Administration seeking approval of the proposed transaction at least 30 days after publication of the notice of the proposed transaction.
- (b) The petition for approval filed by the governing board must include all findings and documents required under subsection (7) and certification by the governing board of compliance with all requirements of this section. The chair of

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the governing board must certify under oath and subject to the penalty of perjury on a form accompanying the petition that the contents of the petition and representations therein are true and correct.

- (11) Within 30 days after receiving the petition, the

 Secretary of Health Care Administration or his or her designee

 shall issue a final order approving or denying the proposed

 transaction based solely upon consideration of whether the

 procedures contained within this section have been followed by

 the governing board of the county, district, or municipal

 hospital or health care system. The order shall require the

 governing board to accept or reject the proposal for the sale or

 lease of the county, district, or municipal hospital or health

 care system based upon a determination that:
 - (a) The proposed transaction is permitted by law.
- (b) The proposed transaction does not unreasonably exclude a potential purchaser or lessee on the basis of being a forprofit or a not-for-profit Florida corporation or other form of business organization, such as a partnership or limited liability company.
- (c) The governing board of the hospital or health care system publicly advertised the meeting at which the proposed transaction was considered by the board in compliance with s. 286.0105.
- (d) The governing board of the hospital or health care system publicly advertised the offer to accept proposals in compliance with s. 255.0525.
 - (e) Any conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but

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not limited to, how the proposed transaction could result in a special private gain or loss to members of the governing board or key management employees of the county, district, or municipal hospital, or if governing board members will be serving on the board of any successor private corporation.

Conflicts of interest, if any, with respect to experts retained by the governing board shall also be disclosed.

- (f) The seller or lessor documented that it will receive fair market value for the sale or lease of the assets as indicated in paragraph (5)(c) or, if leased at less than fair market value, the governing board provided a detailed explanation of how the best interests of the affected community are served by the acceptance of less than fair market value for the lease of the hospital or health care system.
- (g) The acquiring entity has made an enforceable commitment that programs and services and quality health care will continue to be provided to all residents of the affected community, particularly to the indigent, the uninsured, and the underinsured.
- (h) The governing board disclosed whether the sale or lease will result in a reduction or elimination of ad valorem or other taxes used to support the hospital.
- (12) Any interested party to the action has the right to seek judicial review of the decision in the appellate district where the hospital is located or in the First District Court of Appeal pursuant to s. 120.68.
- (a) All proceedings shall be instituted by filing a notice of appeal in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate

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365	Procedure within 30 days after the date of the final order.
366	(b) In such judicial review, the appellate court shall
367	affirm the decision of the Secretary of Health Care
368	Administration, unless the decision by the Secretary of Health
369	Care Administration is shown to be clearly erroneous.
370	(13) All costs shall be paid by the governing board,
371	unless an interested party contests the action, in which case
372	the court may assign costs equitably to the parties.
373	(14) If any provision of subsection (5), subsection (6),
374	or subsection (7) is not followed, the contract for sale or
375	lease is voidable by any party to the contract. If any member of
376	the governing board negligently or willfully violates subsection
377	(5), subsection (6) , or subsection (7) , as determined by the
378	Commission on Ethics after receipt of a sworn complaint pursuant
379	to s. 112.322, the member is subject to a penalty, as determined
380	by the Commission on Ethics pursuant to s. 112.317.
381	(15) If a county, district, or municipal hospital is sold,
382	any and all special district tax authority associated with the
383	hospital subject to the sale shall cease on the effective date
384	of the closing date of the sale. Any special law inconsistent
385	with this subsection is superseded by this act.
386	(16) If a county, district, or municipal hospital is sold
387	or leased, the governing board shall:
388	(a) Deposit 50 percent of the net proceeds of the sale or
389	lease into a health care economic development trust fund, which
390	shall be under the control of the county commission of the
391	county in which the property is located, if the hospital is a

county hospital or district hospital whose geographic boundaries
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393 extend beyond a single municipality, or, if the hospital is a 394 municipal hospital or district hospital whose geographic 395 boundaries lie entirely within a single municipality, under the 396 control of the city or municipal government in which the 397 hospital is located. The use and distribution of the funds shall 398 be at the discretion of a majority of the county commission if 399 the hospital is a county hospital or district hospital whose 400 geographic boundaries extend beyond a single municipality, or, 401 if the hospital is a municipal hospital or district hospital whose geographic boundaries lie entirely within a single 402 403 municipality, at the discretion of a majority of the members of 404 the municipal government. The members of the county commission 405 or the municipal government, depending on the type of hospital 406 being sold, shall serve as trustees of the trust fund. The net 407 proceeds in the health care economic development trust fund 408 shall be distributed, in consultation with the Department of 409 Economic Opportunity, to promote job creation in the health care 410 sector of the economy through new or expanded health care 411 business development, new or expanded health care services, or 412 new or expanded health care education programs or 413 commercialization of health care research within the affected 414 community; and 415 (b) Appropriate 50 percent of the net proceeds of the sale 416 or lease for funding the delivery of indigent care, including but not limited to primary care, physician specialty care, out-417 418 patient care, in-patient care and behavioral health, to 419 hospitals within the boundaries of the district with 420 consideration given to the levels of indigent care provided.

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For the purposes of this subsection, the term "net proceeds" means the sale price after payment of all district debts and obligations.

- health care system is sold or leased to a for-profit corporation or other business entity subject to local taxation, the resulting county and municipal ad valorem tax revenue from the formerly tax-exempt property shall be distributed by the county commission of the county in which the property is located, if the hospital is a county hospital or district hospital whose geographic boundaries extend beyond a single municipality, or, if the hospital is a municipal hospital or district hospital whose geographic boundaries lie entirely within a single municipality, such ad valorem tax revenues shall be distributed by the municipal government. The distribution of such ad valorem tax revenues shall be made in consultation with the Department of Economic Opportunity, for purposes set forth in subsection (16).
- (18) (5) If In the event a hospital operated by a forprofit or not-for-profit Florida entity corporation receives annually more than \$100,000 in revenues from the county, district, or municipality that owns the hospital, the Florida entity corporation must be accountable to the county, district, or municipality with respect to the manner in which the funds are expended by either:
- (a) Having the revenues subject to annual appropriations by the county, district, or municipality; or

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(b) Where there is a contract to provide revenues to the hospital, the term of which is longer than 12 months, the governing board of the county, district, or municipality must be able to modify the contract upon 12 months notice to the hospital.

- A not-for-profit entity corporation that is subject to this subsection and that does not currently comply with the accountability requirements in this subsection shall have 12 months after the effective date of this act to modify any contracts with the county, district, or municipality in a manner that is consistent with this subsection.
- (19) (6) Unless otherwise expressly stated in the lease documents, the transaction involving the sale or lease of a hospital may shall not be construed as:
- (a) A transfer of a governmental function from the county, district, or municipality to the private purchaser or lessee;
- (b) Constituting a financial interest of the public lessor in the private lessee; or
- (c) Making a private lessee an integral part of the public lessor's decisionmaking process.
- (20) (7) The lessee of a hospital, under this section or any special act of the Legislature, operating under a lease <u>may shall</u> not be construed to be "acting on behalf of" the lessor as that term is used in statute, unless the lease document expressly provides to the contrary.
- (21) (a) If, whenever the sale of a public hospital by a public agency to a private corporation or other private entity

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pursuant to this section or pursuant to a special act of the Legislature reflects that:

- 1. The private corporation or other private entity purchaser acquires 100 percent ownership in the hospital enterprise;
- 2. The private corporation or other private entity purchases the physical plant of the hospital facility and has complete responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the facility, regardless of ownership of the underlying real property;
- 3. The public agency seller retains no control over decisionmaking or policymaking for the hospital;
- 4. The private corporation or other private entity purchaser receives no funding from the public agency seller other than by contract for services rendered to patients for whom the public agency seller has the responsibility to pay for hospital or medical care;
- 5. The public agency seller makes no substantial investment in or loans to the private entity;
- 6. The private corporation or other private entity purchaser was not created by the public entity seller; and
- 7. The private corporation or other private entity purchaser operates primarily for its own financial interests and not primarily for the interests of the public agency,

such a sale shall be considered a complete sale of the public agency's interest in the hospital or health care system.

(b) A complete sale of a hospital or health care system as

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described in this subsection may shall not be construed as:

- 1. A transfer of a governmental function from the county, district, or municipality to the private corporation or other private entity purchaser;
- 2. Constituting a financial interest of the public agency in the private corporation or other private entity purchaser;
- 3. Making the private corporation or other private entity purchaser an "agency" as that term is used in statutes;
- 4. Making the private corporation or other private entity purchaser an integral part of the public agency's decisionmaking process; or
- 5. Indicating that the private corporation or other private entity purchaser is "acting on behalf of a public agency" as that term is used in statute.
- (22) If the governing board elects to sell or lease the physical property of a county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system and such property generated less than 20 percent of the hospital's net revenue within the hospital's or health care system's most recent fiscal year, the sale or lease of such property is exempt from the requirements under subsections (6)-(17). However, the governing board shall publicly advertise the meeting at which the proposed sale or lease of such property will be considered by the governing board of the hospital in accordance with s. 286.0105 or publicly advertise the offer to accept proposals in accordance with s. 255.0525 and receive proposals from all qualified purchasers and lessees. The sale or lease of the property must be for fair market value or, if a lease is for less than fair market value,

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the lease must be in the best interest of the affected community.

- (23) A county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system that is under lease as of the effective date of this act is not subject to subsections (5)-(17) as long as that lease remains in effect in accordance with the terms of the lease or such lease is modified, extended, or renewed. However, such hospital or health care system becomes subject to the provisions of this act upon:
- (a) Termination of the lease, unless the lease termination is the direct result of a new lease involving a partnership, transaction, or contract in which both the existing lessor and lessee agree to the new lease between the lessor and another mutually agreed upon entity;
- (b) Notification provided to the lessee of a planned termination of the lease in accordance with the lease terms, unless the notification of lease termination is the direct result of a new lease involving a partnership, transaction, or contract in which both the existing lessor and lessee agree to the new lease between the lessor and another mutually agreed upon entity;
- (c) Notification to the lessee that upon termination of the lease the lessor plans to seek potential new lessees or buyers; or
- (d) Notification to the lessee that the lessor plans to resume operation of the hospital or health care system at the termination of the lease.

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Any such hospital or health care system may not thereafter be sold, leased to another lessee, or operated by the owner without first complying with this section.

- (24) A county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system that has executed a letter of intent to sell or lease the hospital or health care system accepted at a properly noticed public meeting, and whose governing board has voted to approve the letter of intent before December 31, 2011, is not subject to subsections (6)-(17) as long as the final closing of the sale or lease transaction pursuant to the letter of intent occurs before December 31, 2012.
- (25) Notwithstanding subsection (24), a county, district, or municipal hospital or health care system that has issued a request for proposals for the sale or lease of a hospital or health care system on or before February 1, 2012, in order to receive proposals from not-for-profit or for-profit qualified purchasers or lessees, is not subject to subsections (5)-(17) unless such request for proposals does not directly result in a sale or lease of the hospital or health care system to a qualified purchaser or lessee on or before December 31, 2012.

Section 2. Section 155.401, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

proceeds from sale or lease of hospital or health care system to economic development trust fund.—Notwithstanding any other general or special law, the purposes for which a special taxing district may appropriate funds from the sale or lease of a hospital or health care system to an economic development fund

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589 include the promotion and support of economic growth in such 590 district and in the county in which such district is located and 591 the furthering of the purposes of such district, as provided by 592 law. 593 Section 3. To the extent that any general or special law 594 is inconsistent with or otherwise in conflict with this act, 595 such conflicting provisions are specifically superseded by this 596 act. A special tax district, public hospital, or municipal 597 hospital is not exempt from this act. Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 395.002, Florida 598 Statutes, is amended to read: 599 600 395.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: 601 "Accrediting organizations" means national accreditation organizations that are approved by the Centers for 602 Medicare and Medicaid Services and whose standards incorporate 603 604 comparable licensure regulations required by the state the Joint 605 Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the 606 American Osteopathic Association, the Commission on 607 Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities, and the 608 Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, Inc. 609 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 610 made by this act to section 395.002, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 611 612 395.003, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 395.003 Licensure; denial, suspension, and revocation.-613 614 (2) 615 Intensive residential treatment programs for children

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and adolescents which have received accreditation from an

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accrediting organization as defined in s. 395.002(1) and which meet the minimum standards developed by rule of the agency for such programs shall be licensed by the agency under this part.

Section 6. Section 395.3036, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

and meetings of entities corporations that lease public hospitals or other public health care facilities.—The records of a private entity corporation that leases a public hospital or other public health care facility are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, and the meetings of the governing board of a private entity corporation are exempt from s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I of the State Constitution if when the public lessor complies with the public finance accountability provisions of s. 155.40(18) 155.40(5) with respect to the transfer of any public funds to the private lessee and if when the private lessee meets at least three of the five following criteria:

- (1) The public lessor that owns the public hospital or other public health care facility was not the incorporator or initial member of the private entity corporation that leases the public hospital or other health care facility.
- (2) The public lessor and the private lessee do not commingle any of their funds in any account maintained by either of them, other than the payment of the rent and administrative fees or the transfer of funds pursuant to subsection (5) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided by law, the private lessee is not allowed to participate, except as a member of the

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646	(4)	The lease	agreement	does not	expres	sly require	e the
647	lessee to	comply wit	th the req	uirements	∵of ss.	119.07(1)	and
648	286.011.						

645 public, in the decisionmaking process of the public lessor.

- (5) The public lessor is not entitled to receive any revenues from the lessee, except for rental or administrative fees due under the lease, and the lessor is not responsible for the debts or other obligations of the lessee.
- Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.