By Senator Detert

23-00816-12 20121062

1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to tangible personal property taxes; amending s. 196.183, F.S.; revising the conditions for a waiver of the requirements to file a tangible personal property tax return; providing for application; providing a contingent effective date.

6 7

8

2

3

4

5

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

Section 1. Section 196.183, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

196.183 Exemption for tangible personal property.-

(1) Each tangible personal property tax return is eligible for an exemption from ad valorem taxation of up to \$25,000 of assessed value. A single return must be filed for each site in the county where the owner of tangible personal property transacts business. Owners of freestanding property placed at multiple sites, other than sites where the owner transacts business, must file a single return, including all such property located in the county. Freestanding property placed at multiple sites includes vending and amusement machines, LP/propane tanks, utility and cable company property, billboards, leased equipment, and similar property that is not customarily located in the offices, stores, or plants of the owner, but is placed throughout the county. Railroads, private carriers, and other companies assessed pursuant to s. 193.085 shall be allowed one \$25,000 exemption for each county to which the value of their property is allocated. The \$25,000 exemption for freestanding property placed at multiple locations and for centrally assessed 23-00816-12 20121062

property shall be allocated to each taxing authority based on the proportion of just value of such property located in the taxing authority; however, the amount of the exemption allocated to each taxing authority may not change following the extension of the tax roll pursuant to s. 193.122.

- (2) For purposes of this section, a "site where the owner of tangible personal property transacts business" includes facilities where the business ships or receives goods, employees of the business are located, goods or equipment of the business are stored, or goods or services of the business are produced, manufactured, or developed, or similar facilities located in offices, stores, warehouses, plants, or other locations of the business. Sites where only the freestanding property of the owner is located shall not be considered sites where the owner of tangible personal property transacts business.
- (3) The requirement that an annual tangible personal property tax return pursuant to s. 193.052 be filed <u>is waived</u> for taxpayers who own <del>owning</del> taxable personal property:
- (a) The value of which, as listed on the return, does not exceed the exemption provided in this section; or
  - (b) The taxable value of which is \$25,000 or less waived.
- (4) (a) In order to qualify for the this waiver under paragraph (3) (a), a taxpayer must file an initial return on which the exemption is taken. If, in subsequent years, the taxpayer owns taxable property the value of which, as listed on the return, exceeds the exemption, the taxpayer is obligated to file a return. The taxpayer may again qualify for the waiver only after filing a return on which the value as listed on the return does not exceed the exemption. A return filed or required

23-00816-12 20121062

to be filed shall be considered an application filed or required to be filed for the exemption under this section.

(b) In order to qualify for the waiver under paragraph (3) (b), a taxpayer must file an initial return disclosing the taxable value of property but will not incur any tax liability as a result of this filing. The taxpayer is not required to file another return until the value of taxable personal property owned by the taxpayer exceeds \$25,000. The taxpayer may requalify for the waiver by filing a return showing that the value of the taxable personal property owned by the taxpayer is \$25,000 or less.

(5) (4) Owners of property previously assessed by the property appraiser without a return being filed may, at the option of the property appraiser, qualify for the exemption under this section without filing an initial return.

(6)(5) The exemption provided in this section does not apply in any year a taxpayer fails to timely file a return that is not waived pursuant to subsection (3) or subsection (5) (4). Any taxpayer who received a waiver pursuant to subsection (3) or subsection (5) (4) and who owns taxable property the value of which, as listed on the return, exceeds the exemption in a subsequent year and who fails to file a return with the property appraiser is subject to the penalty contained in s.

193.072(1)(a) calculated without the benefit of the exemption pursuant to this section. Any taxpayer claiming more exemptions than allowed pursuant to subsection (1) is subject to the taxes exempted as a result of wrongfully claiming the additional exemptions plus 15 percent interest per annum and a penalty of 50 percent of the taxes exempted. By February 1 of each year,

88

89

90 91

92

9394

95

96

97

98

99

100101

23-00816-12 20121062

the property appraiser shall notify by mail all taxpayers whose requirement for filing an annual tangible personal property tax return was waived in the previous year. The notification shall state that a return must be filed if the value of the taxpayer's tangible personal property exceeds the exemption and include the penalties for failure to file such a return.

(7) (6) The exemption provided in this section does not apply to a mobile home that is presumed to be tangible personal property pursuant to s. 193.075(2).

Section 2. This act shall take effect on the same effective date of the amendment to the State Constitution contained in Senate Joint Resolution \_\_\_\_\_, or a similar constitutional amendment, relating to tangible personal property taxes, and shall apply beginning with the 2013 tax roll.