Florida Senate - 2012 Bill No. HB 243



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R		
03/08/2012 05:09 PM		

Senator Simmons moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 90.702, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

90.702 Testimony by experts.-

8 <u>(1)</u> If scientific, technical, or other specialized 9 knowledge will assist the trier of fact in understanding the 10 evidence or in determining a fact in issue, a witness qualified 11 as an expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or 12 education may testify about it in the form of an opinion<u>, or</u> 13 <u>otherwise, if:</u>

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14 (a) The testimony is based upon sufficient facts or data; 15 (b) The testimony is the product of reliable principles and 16 methods; and 17 (c) The witness has applied the principles and methods 18 reliably to the facts of the case; however, the opinion is 19 admissible only if it can be applied to evidence at trial. 20 (2) The threshold required by subsection (1) to permit a 21 witness to testify as an expert witness is satisfied if the 22 principles and methods on which such knowledge is based are 23 sufficiently established as generally accepted by the relevant 24 expert community and are relevant to the facts of the particular 25 case. (3) The stated testimonial requirements apply in any case 26 27 in which the expert opinion testimony is based on scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge. All proposed expert 28 29 testimony, including pure opinion testimony, is subject to ss. 30 90.702 and 90.704. Section 2. Section 90.704, Florida Statutes, is amended to 31 32 read: 90.704 Basis of opinion testimony by experts.-The facts or 33 34 data upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be 35 those perceived by, or made known to, the expert at or before 36 the trial. If the facts or data are of a type reasonably relied 37 upon by experts in the subject to support the opinion expressed, 38 the facts or data need not be admissible in evidence. Facts or 39 data that are otherwise inadmissible shall not be disclosed to 40 the jury by the proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court determines that their probative value in assisting the 41 42 jury to evaluate the expert's opinion substantially outweighs

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43	their prejudicial effect.
44	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.
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47	And the title is amended as follows:
48	Delete everything before the enacting clause
49	and insert:
50	A bill to be entitled
51	An act relating to expert testimony; amending s.
52	90.702, F.S.; providing that a witness qualified as an
53	expert by knowledge, skill, experience, training, or
54	education may testify in the form of an opinion as to
55	the facts at issue in a case under certain
56	circumstances; providing that the elements necessary
57	to permit a witness to testify as an expert witness
58	are satisfied if the principles and methods on which
59	such knowledge is based are generally accepted by the
60	relevant expert community; providing for
61	applicability; amending s. 90.704, F.S.; providing
62	that facts or data that are otherwise inadmissible in
63	evidence may not be disclosed to the jury by the
64	proponent of the opinion or inference unless the court
65	determines that the probative value of the facts or
66	data in assisting the jury to evaluate the expert's
67	opinion substantially outweighs the prejudicial effect
68	of the facts or data; providing an effective date.
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70	WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the admissibility of
71	expert testimony in the state of Florida is in need of revision

SENATOR AMENDMENT

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72 and clarification, and

73 WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that the admissibility of 74 expert testimony should be subject to a standard that generally 75 applies the requirement of Daubert v. Merrell Dow 76 Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993), and federal rule of 77 evidence 702, while recognizing that once knowledge is based 78 upon principles and methods that are generally accepted within 79 an expert community, a court need not continually reexamine the 80 basis for such knowledge, but must ensure that the generally 81 accepted principles and methods are relevant to the facts of the 82 case before the court. This act does not alter the authority of 83 the courts in this state to manage their dockets as they deem appropriate, including, but not limited to, deciding whether a 84 85 hearing or presentation of live testimony is required to resolve 86 a pending motion, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that all proposed expert testimony should be subject to the new standards of s. 90.702, Florida Statutes, as revised in this act, and as such, *Marsh v. Valyou*, 977 So. 2d 543 (Fla. 2007) and its holding as to pure opinion testimony, is overruled, NOW, THEREFORE,

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