A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to physician assistants; amending ss. 3 458.307 and 459.004, F.S.; revising the composition of 4 the membership on the Board of Medicine and the Board 5 of Osteopathic Medicine; providing for the appointment 6 of new members as vacancies occur and allow; amending 7 ss. 458.347 and 459.022, F.S.; deleting the 8 requirement that the Department of Health issue a 9 license to a physician assistant to prescribe 10 medicinal drugs and requiring only a prescription 11 number; requiring a physician assistant seeking to prescribe medicinal drugs to submit certain evidence 12 at the time of initial licensure of completion of a 13 14 course in pharmacotherapeutics from an accredited 15 school; providing that a physician assistant wishing 16 to apply for a prescriber number must submit course 17 transcripts and a copy of the course description in addition to other licensure application requirements; 18 19 requiring a physician assistant seeking to apply for a 20 prescriber number upon biennial licensure renewal to 21 submit evidence of completion of at least 3 classroom 22 hours in an approved program that covers prescribing 23 limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved 24 in prescribing medicinal drugs; conforming provisions 25 to changes made by the act; providing an effective 26 date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 458.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.307 Board of Medicine.-

- Twelve members of the board must be licensed physicians in good standing in this state who are residents of the state and who have been engaged in the active practice or teaching of medicine for at least 4 years immediately preceding their appointment. One of the physicians must be on the fulltime faculty of a medical school in this state, and one of the physicians must be in private practice and on the full-time staff of a statutory teaching hospital in this state as defined in s. 408.07. At least one of the physicians must be a graduate of a foreign medical school. One member must be a physician assistant licensed under this chapter with prescribing authority who has worked in the state for at least 4 years. The remaining two three members must be residents of the state who are not, and never have been, licensed health care practitioners. One member must be a health care risk manager licensed under s. 395.10974. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.
- Section 2. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (4) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (7) of section 458.347, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.-

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:

- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervising physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.
- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, at the time of initial application before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that he or she has completed a continuing medical education course in pharmacotherapeutics, to include the initiation, selection, and modification of selected medications, and the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs. The course must have been of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by a an accredited program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Programs or its successor organization. The department shall issue a prescriber

number if the evidence submitted meets the requirements. The physician assistant must receive a prescriber number prior to commencing to prescribe or dispense medicinal drugs approved by the boards, which course covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that he or she has received education comparable to the continuing education course as part of an accredited physician assistant training program.

- 4. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application.
- 5. The department shall issue a license and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 6. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician

assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.

- 7. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- 8. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

- This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 395.
- (f)1. The council shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs that a fully licensed physician assistant <u>having</u>

 <u>prescribing authority</u>, <u>licensed</u> under this section or s.

 459.022, may not prescribe. The formulary must include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, general anesthetics, and radiographic contrast materials.
- 2. In establishing the formulary, the council shall consult with a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, but not licensed under this chapter or chapter 459, who shall be selected by the State Surgeon General.
- 3. Only the council shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 4. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the

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(7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE.

- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eligible for licensure.
- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for licensure made by a physician assistant must

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- a. A certificate of completion of a physician assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
 - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- c. A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
 - d. Two letters of recommendation.
- e. A copy of course transcripts and a copy of the course description from a physician assistant training program describing a pharmacotherapy course pursuant to subparagraph (4)(e)3., if the applicant wishes to apply for a prescriber number. These documents must meet the evidence requirements for prescribing authority.
- (c) The license must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include:
 - 1. A renewal fee not to exceed \$500 as set by the boards.
- 2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the previous 2 years.

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A licensed physician assistant without prescribing authority may request a prescriber number upon biennial licensure renewal under this paragraph by submitting evidence that he or she has completed a continuing medical education course of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, covering the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs. The course must be conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards. The physician assistant must receive a prescriber number prior to commencing

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197 to prescribe or dispense medicinal drugs.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 459.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.004 Board of Osteopathic Medicine. -

- physicians in good standing in this state who are residents of this state and who have been engaged in the practice of osteopathic medicine for at least 4 years immediately prior to their appointment. One member must be a physician assistant licensed under this chapter with prescribing authority who has worked in the state for at least 4 years. The remaining member two members must be a citizen citizens of the state who is are not, and has have never been, a licensed health care practitioner practitioners. At least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.
- Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (7) of section 459.022, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 459.022 Physician assistants.-
 - (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully licensed physician assistant the authority to prescribe or dispense any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice unless such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to s. 458.347. A fully licensed physician assistant may only prescribe or dispense such medication under the following circumstances:
 - 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the

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patient that she or he is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed or dispensed by the physician assistant.

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- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of her or his intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of the physician assistant. Authority to dispense may be delegated only by a supervisory physician who is registered as a dispensing practitioner in compliance with s. 465.0276.
- The physician assistant must file with the department, at the time of the initial application before commencing to prescribe or dispense, evidence that she or he has completed a continuing medical education course in pharmacotherapeutics, to include the initiation, selection, and modification of selected medications, and the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs. The course must have been of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by a an accredited program accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Programs or its successor organization. The department shall issue a prescriber number if the evidence submitted meets the requirements. The physician assistant must receive a prescriber number prior to commencing to prescribe or dispense medicinal drugs approved by the boards, which course covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that she or he has received

education comparable to the continuing education course as part of an accredited physician assistant training program.

- 4. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that she or he has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each licensure renewal application.
- 5. The department shall issue a license and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements. The physician assistant shall not be required to independently register pursuant to s. 465.0276.
- 6. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. Unless it is a drug or drug sample dispensed by the physician assistant, the prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 7. The physician assistant must note the prescription or dispensing of medication in the appropriate medical record.
- 8. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority

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to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 395.

- (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE.-
- (a) Any person desiring to be licensed as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a license to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
 - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eligible for licensure.
- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for licensure made by a physician assistant must include:
- a. A certificate of completion of a physician assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
 - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.

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c. A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.

d. Two letters of recommendation.

- e. A copy of course transcripts and a copy of the course description from a physician assistant training program describing a pharmacotherapy course pursuant to subparagraph (4) (e) 3., if the applicant wishes to apply for a prescriber number. These documents must meet the evidence requirements for prescribing authority.
- (b) The licensure must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include:
 - 1. A renewal fee not to exceed \$500 as set by the boards.
- 2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the previous 2 years.

A licensed physician assistant without prescribing authority may request a prescriber number upon biennial licensure renewal under this paragraph by submitting evidence that she or he has completed a continuing medical education course of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, covering the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs. The course must be conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards. The physician assistant must receive a prescriber number prior to commencing to prescribe or dispense medicinal drugs.

Section 5. The amendment of sections 458.307 and 459.004,

Florida Statutes, by this act to change the composition of the

membership on the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic

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| 337 | Medicine | shall | be | implemented | as | vacancies | on | those | boards | occur |
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| 338 | and allow. | | | | | | | | | |

339 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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