1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1314

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records; creating s. 551.303, F.S.; providing definitions; providing an exemption from public records requirements for confidential and proprietary business information and trade secrets received by the State Gaming Commission; providing an exemption from public records requirements for information held that would reveal investigation techniques and procedures used by the State Gaming Commission; providing a definition; providing an exception to the exemption for other governmental entities having oversight or regulatory or law enforcement authority; providing penalties for an employee of the commission who violates the provisions of the act; providing for future review and repeal of the exemption under the Open Government Sunset Review Act; providing a statement of public necessity; providing a contingent effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 551.303, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 551.303 Confidentiality of records. (1)DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: "Proprietary confidential business information" means information that is owned or controlled by an applicant for a

Page 1 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

license or a licensee under this part who requests

confidentiality under this section; that is intended to be and is treated by the applicant or licensee as private in that the disclosure of the information would cause harm to the business operations of the applicant or licensee; that has not been disclosed unless disclosed pursuant to a statute or rule, an order of a court or administrative body, or a private agreement providing that the information may be released to the public; and that is information concerning:

1. Business plans;

- 2. Internal auditing controls and reports of internal auditors; or
- 3. Reports of external auditors for privately held companies.
  - (b) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as in s. 688.002.
- (2) TRADE SECRETS.—Trade secrets held by the State Gaming Commission are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- 2) PROPRIETARY CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION.—
  Proprietary confidential business information held by the State
  Gaming Commission is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1)
  and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution until such
  information is otherwise publicly available or is no longer
  treated by an applicant for a license or a licensee under this
  part as proprietary confidential business information.
- (4) IDENTIFICATION, ACCOUNT, AND REGISTRATION NUMBERS.—A federal employer identification number, unemployment compensation account number, or Florida sales tax registration number held by the State Gaming Commission is confidential and

Page 2 of 6

exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State
Constitution.

- (5) INVESTIGATION TECHNIQUES AND PROCEDURES.-
- (a) As used in this subsection, the term "investigation techniques and procedures" means the methods, processes, and guidelines used to evaluate regulatory compliance and to collect and analyze data, records, and testimony for the purpose of documenting violations of this part and the rules adopted thereunder.
- (b) Information that would reveal examination techniques or procedures used by the State Gaming Commission pursuant to this part is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (c) Confidential and exempt information that would reveal examination techniques or procedures may be provided by the commission to another governmental entity having oversight or regulatory or law enforcement authority.
- (6) PENALTIES.—Any person who is an employee of the State Gaming Commission who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (7) LEGISLATIVE REVIEW OF EXEMPTIONS.—This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2017, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
- Section 2. (1) It is the finding of the Legislature that it is a public necessity that information relating to

Page 3 of 6

proprietary confidential business information and trade secrets under part III of chapter 551, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. This exemption is necessary to ensure that the best qualified applicants are not deterred from applying for licenses by the prospect of the disclosure of proprietary confidential business information and trade secrets.

- (2) Part III of chapter 551, Florida Statutes, provides for a competitive process for the award of a destination resort license. The selection of the best qualified applicant for a license is critical for the state to ensure that the state receives the most economic benefits and greatest amount of tax revenues in granting a resort license.
- (3) (a) It is the finding of the Legislature that it is a public necessity that information that would reveal investigation techniques or procedures used by the State Gaming Commission pursuant to part III of chapter 551, Florida Statutes, be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. This exemption is necessary to ensure the commission's ability to effectively and efficiently enforce compliance with part III of chapter 551, Florida Statutes, which would be significantly impaired without the exemption.
- (b) Investigations are an essential component of gaming regulation. The mere existence of an investigation program fosters regulatory compliance and deters fraud and abuse by industry participants. Investigations often detect violations in

their early stages. Early detection allows corrective action to be taken before significant harm can be done to the state. Due to the importance of such investigations, state regulators devote extensive resources to devising effective investigation techniques and procedures.

- (c) Allowing access to information revealing investigation techniques or procedures would undermine the investigation process and facilitate evasion of the law. Any advance notice of the areas of inquiry to be explored during an examination might prompt a person to conceal evidence of deficiencies or fabricate evidence of compliance. Without the exemption, the State Gaming Commission's ability to uncover misconduct and evaluate policies and procedures through the investigation process would be significantly impaired.
- (d) Additionally, without such an exemption, the State

  Gaming Commission's ability to participate in joint
  investigations with other regulators would be impaired as
  release of this information relating to investigations by other
  regulators would compromise the integrity of such joint
  investigations. The commission also would not be able to accept
  or use confidential examination techniques and procedures
  developed by other regulators. Thus, the absence of an exemption
  would create a situation that reduces the commission's ability
  to leverage its limited resources.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect on the same date that HB 487 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is enacted in the same legislative session, or an extension thereof, and becomes law, and only if this act is

Page 5 of 6

enacted by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

Page 6 of 6