**By** the Committee on Transportation; and Senators Garcia, Wise, and Evers

596-03072-12

2012590c1

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to noncriminal traffic infractions; 3 amending s. 316.0083, F.S., relating to use of a 4 traffic infraction detector when a driver has failed 5 to stop at a traffic control signal pursuant to 6 specified provisions; revising procedures applied to a 7 person identified by a motor vehicle owner as having care, custody, and control of the vehicle when a 8 9 violation occurred; providing for notification and 10 citation within certain time periods after receipt of 11 an affidavit from the owner identifying such person; 12 providing that the owner of a motor vehicle involved 13 in a violation is responsible for paying the uniform 14 traffic citation unless the motor vehicle's owner was 15 deceased on or before the date the uniformed traffic 16 citation was issued; requiring the representative of 17 the deceased owner to submit certain documentation to 18 prove the death of the owner of the vehicle; providing 19 for a traffic citation to be issued at the discretion 20 of the reviewing traffic infraction enforcement 21 officer for failure to stop before making a left-hand 22 turn or right-hand turn where such turn is 23 permissible; specifying factors for the reviewing traffic infraction enforcement officer to consider; 24 25 requiring that the Department of Highway Safety and 26 Motor Vehicles and counties and municipalities that 27 install a traffic infraction detector to submit a 28 report to the Department of Transportation which 29 provides specified data; amending s. 316.075, F.S.;

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 30 requiring the establishment of minimum yellow light 31 change interval times for intersections where traffic 32 infraction detectors are used; requiring notices of 33 violation for violations at such intersections to 34 contain specific information regarding the yellow 35 light times; providing that such notices establish a 36 presumption; requiring testing to such traffic control 37 signals; requiring such signals to comply with certain standards; requiring that certain detectors be in 38 39 compliance with the act by a specified date; amending s. 316.0776, F.S.; revising provisions to conform to 40 41 changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 42 43 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 44 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 316.0083, 45 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to 46 47 that section, to read: 316.0083 Mark Wandall Traffic Safety Program; 48 49 administration; report.-50 (1) (a) For purposes of administering this section, the 51 department, a county, or a municipality may authorize a traffic 52 infraction enforcement officer under s. 316.640 to issue a 53 traffic citation for a violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 54 316.075(1)(c)1. A notice of violation and a traffic citation may 55 not be issued for failure to stop at a red light if the driver 56 is making a right-hand turn in a careful and prudent manner at 57 an intersection where right-hand turns are permissible. This 58 paragraph does not prohibit a review of information from a

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 59 traffic infraction detector by an authorized employee or agent 60 of the department, a county, or a municipality before issuance of the traffic citation by the traffic infraction enforcement 61 62 officer. This paragraph does not prohibit the department, a 63 county, or a municipality from issuing notification as provided 64 in paragraph (b) to the registered owner of the motor vehicle or 65 to another person identified as having care, custody, and 66 control of the motor vehicle involved in the violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. 67

(b)1.a. Within 30 days after a violation, notification must 68 be sent to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in 69 70 the violation specifying the remedies available under s. 318.14 71 and that the violator must pay the penalty of \$158 to the 72 department, county, or municipality, or furnish an affidavit in 73 accordance with paragraph (d), within 30 days following the date 74 of the notification in order to avoid court fees, costs, and the 75 issuance of a traffic citation. The notification shall be sent 76 by first-class mail.

b. Included with the notification to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the infraction must be a notice that the owner has the right to review the photographic or electronic images or the streaming video evidence that constitutes a rebuttable presumption against the owner of the vehicle. The notice must state the time and place or Internet location where the evidence may be examined and observed.

2. Penalties assessed and collected by the department, county, or municipality authorized to collect the funds provided for in this paragraph, less the amount retained by the county or municipality pursuant to subparagraph 3., shall be paid to the

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 88 Department of Revenue weekly. Payment by the department, county, 89 or municipality to the state shall be made by means of 90 electronic funds transfers. In addition to the payment, summary 91 detail of the penalties remitted shall be reported to the 92 Department of Revenue. 93 3. Penalties to be assessed and collected by the 94 department, county, or municipality are as follows: 95 a. One hundred fifty-eight dollars for a violation of s. 96 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. when a driver has failed to 97 stop at a traffic signal if enforcement is by the department's traffic infraction enforcement officer. One hundred dollars 98 99 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, \$10 shall be remitted to the 100 101 Department of Revenue for deposit into the Department of Health 102 Administrative Trust Fund, \$3 shall be remitted to the 103 Department of Revenue for deposit into the Brain and Spinal Cord 104 Injury Trust Fund, and \$45 shall be distributed to the 105 municipality in which the violation occurred, or, if the 106 violation occurred in an unincorporated area, to the county in 107 which the violation occurred. Funds deposited into the Department of Health Administrative Trust Fund under this sub-108 109 subparagraph shall be distributed as provided in s. 395.4036(1). 110 Proceeds of the infractions in the Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund shall be distributed quarterly to the Miami Project 111 112 to Cure Paralysis and shall be used for brain and spinal cord 113 research.

b. One hundred fifty-eight dollars for a violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. when a driver has failed to stop at a traffic signal if enforcement is by a county or

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 117 municipal traffic infraction enforcement officer. Seventy 118 dollars shall be remitted by the county or municipality to the 119 Department of Revenue for deposit into the General Revenue Fund, 120 \$10 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit 121 into the Department of Health Administrative Trust Fund, \$3 122 shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue for deposit into 123 the Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund, and \$75 shall be 124 retained by the county or municipality enforcing the ordinance 125 enacted pursuant to this section. Funds deposited into the 126 Department of Health Administrative Trust Fund under this sub-127 subparagraph shall be distributed as provided in s. 395.4036(1). Proceeds of the infractions in the Brain and Spinal Cord Injury 128 129 Trust Fund shall be distributed quarterly to the Miami Project 130 to Cure Paralysis and shall be used for brain and spinal cord 131 research.

4. An individual may not receive a commission from any revenue collected from violations detected through the use of a traffic infraction detector. A manufacturer or vendor may not receive a fee or remuneration based upon the number of violations detected through the use of a traffic infraction detector.

(c)1.a. A traffic citation issued under this section shall be issued by mailing the traffic citation by certified mail to the address of the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation when payment has not been made within 30 days after notification under subparagraph (b)1.

b. Delivery of the traffic citation constitutesnotification under this paragraph.

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c. In the case of joint ownership of a motor vehicle, the

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 146 traffic citation shall be mailed to the first name appearing on 147 the registration, unless the first name appearing on the registration is a business organization, in which case the 148 149 second name appearing on the registration may be used. 150 d. The traffic citation shall be mailed to the registered owner of the motor vehicle involved in the violation no later 151 152 than 60 days after the date of the violation. 153 2. Included with the notification to the registered owner 154 of the motor vehicle involved in the infraction shall be a 155 notice that the owner has the right to review, either in person 156 or remotely, the photographic or electronic images or the 157 streaming video evidence that constitutes a rebuttable 158 presumption against the owner of the vehicle. The notice must 159 state the time and place or Internet location where the evidence 160 may be examined and observed. (d)1. The owner of the motor vehicle involved in the 161 162 violation is responsible and liable for paying the uniform traffic citation issued for a violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 163 164 316.075(1)(c)1. when the driver failed to stop at a traffic 165 signal, unless the owner can establish that: 166 a. The motor vehicle passed through the intersection in 167 order to yield right-of-way to an emergency vehicle or as part 168 of a funeral procession; b. The motor vehicle passed through the intersection at the 169 170 direction of a law enforcement officer; 171 c. The motor vehicle was, at the time of the violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person; or 172 d. A uniform traffic citation was issued by a law 173 174 enforcement officer to the driver of the motor vehicle for the

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596-03072-122012590c1175alleged violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1; or-176e. The motor vehicle's owner was deceased on or before the177date the uniformed traffic citation was issued, as established178by an affidavit submitted by the representative of the motor179vehicle owner's estate, or other designated person or family180member.

181 2. In order to establish such facts, the owner of the motor 182 vehicle shall, within 30 days after the date of issuance of the 183 traffic citation, furnish to the appropriate governmental entity 184 an affidavit setting forth detailed information supporting an 185 exemption as provided in this paragraph.

186 a. An affidavit supporting an exemption under sub-187 subparagraph 1.c. must include the name, address, date of birth, 188 and, if known, the driver driver's license number of the person 189 who leased, rented, or otherwise had care, custody, or control of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged violation. If 190 191 the vehicle was stolen at the time of the alleged offense, the 192 affidavit must include the police report indicating that the 193 vehicle was stolen.

b. If a traffic citation for a violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. was issued at the location of the violation by a law enforcement officer, the affidavit must include the serial number of the uniform traffic citation.

198 <u>c. If the motor vehicle's owner to whom a traffic citation</u> 199 <u>has been issued is deceased, the affidavit must include a</u> 200 <u>certified copy of the owner's death certificate showing the date</u> 201 <u>of death occurred on or before the issuance of the uniform</u> 202 <u>traffic citation and one of the following:</u> 203 (I) A bill of sale or other document showing that the

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204	deceased owner's motor vehicle was sold after his or her death;
205	(II) Documentary proof that the registered license plate
206	belonging to the deceased owner's vehicle was turned in to the
207	Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, including any
208	branch or authorized office thereof; or
209	(III) A copy of a police report showing that the deceased
210	owner's registered license plate or motor vehicle was stolen
211	after the owner's death.
212	
213	Upon receipt of the affidavit and documentation required under
214	this sub-subparagraph, the governmental entity shall dismiss the
215	citation and provide proof of such dismissal to the person who
216	submitted the affidavit.
217	3. Upon receipt of an affidavit, the person designated as
218	having care, custody, and control of the motor vehicle at the
219	time of the violation may be issued a <u>notice of violation</u>
220	pursuant to paragraph (b) traffic citation for a violation of s.
221	316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. when the driver failed to stop
222	at a traffic signal. The affidavit is admissible in a proceeding
223	pursuant to this section for the purpose of providing proof that
224	the person identified in the affidavit was in actual care,
225	custody, or control of the motor vehicle. The owner of a leased
226	vehicle for which a traffic citation is issued for a violation
227	of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. when the driver failed to
228	stop at a traffic signal is not responsible for paying the
229	traffic citation and is not required to submit an affidavit as
230	specified in this subsection if the motor vehicle involved in
231	the violation is registered in the name of the lessee of such
232	motor vehicle.

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596-03072-12 2012590c1 233 4. Paragraphs (b) and (c) apply to the person identified on 234 the affidavit, except that the notification under sub-235 subparagraph (b)1.a. must be sent within 30 days after receipt 236 of an affidavit and the traffic citation mailed pursuant to sub-237 subparagraph (c)1.d. must be mailed no later than 60 days after 238 the date of receipt of an affidavit. 239 5.4. The submission of a false affidavit is a misdemeanor 240 of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 241 2.42 (e) The photographic or electronic images or streaming 243 video attached to or referenced in the traffic citation is 244 evidence that a violation of s. 316.074(1) or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. 245 when the driver failed to stop at a traffic signal has occurred 246 and is admissible in any proceeding to enforce this section and 247 raises a rebuttable presumption that the motor vehicle named in 248 the report or shown in the photographic or electronic images or 249 streaming video evidence was used in violation of s. 316.074(1) 250 or s. 316.075(1)(c)1. when the driver failed to stop at a 251 traffic signal. 252 (2) A notice of violation and a traffic citation may not be 253 issued for failure to stop at a red light if the driver is 254 making a right-hand turn in a careful and prudent manner at an 255 intersection where right-hand turns are permissible or when 256 making a left-hand turn in a careful and prudent manner from a 257 one-way street onto a one-way street where left-hand turns are 258 permissible. A notice of violation or traffic citation for 259 failure to stop at a red light before making a right or left turn shall be issued at the discretion of the reviewing traffic 260 261 infraction enforcement officer, as if the citation had been

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262	issued by an officer at an intersection. When examining evidence
263	for violations under this subsection, a traffic infraction
264	enforcement officer shall consider one or more of the following
265	factors that would indicate the turn was not made in careful or
266	prudent manner:
267	(a) The operator of the motor vehicle failed to yield to a
268	pedestrian or bicyclist;
269	(b) The operator of the motor vehicle put a pedestrian or
270	bicyclist in danger of injury;
271	(c) The operator of the motor vehicle failed to yield to
272	another vehicle or oncoming traffic; or
273	(d) The operator of the motor vehicle commenced the turn in
274	disregard for the safety of a person or property.
275	
276	A citation may not be issued under this subsection if the driver
277	of the vehicle came to a complete stop before turning right or
278	left when permissible at a red light, but failed to achieve a
279	stop before the point at which a stop is required.
280	(5) Within 15 months or when 1 year of data is available
281	following the date of installation of a traffic infraction
282	detector, the department, each county, or each municipality
283	shall submit a report to the Department of Transportation which
284	includes a comparison and analysis of:
285	(a) Month-to-month violations of ss. 316.074(1) and
286	316.075(1)(c)1. which occur at the intersections where traffic
287	infraction detectors are enforcing the law to stop at a red
288	light; and
289	(b) The number and type of related traffic collisions that
290	occur at each intersection prior to and after the use of traffic

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291	infraction detectors.
292	
293	The report shall also describe instances when camera results are
294	not used and other data, such as traffic crash reports, are used
295	in the comparison and analysis by the department, county, or
296	municipality.
297	Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 316.075, Florida
298	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that
299	section, to read:
300	316.075 Traffic control signal devices.—
301	(4) A violation of <u>subsection (1) or subsection (2)</u> this
302	section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable pursuant
303	to chapter 318 as either a pedestrian violation or, if the
304	infraction resulted from the operation of a vehicle, as a moving
305	violation.
306	(5)(a) Before initiating the use of a traffic infraction
307	detector for any intersection approach pursuant to s. 316.0083,
308	each jurisdiction shall establish minimum yellow light change
309	interval time for the designated intersection approach in
310	accordance with engineering standards set forth in the Institute
311	of Transportation Engineers Traffic Engineering Handbook, as
312	adopted by the Department of Transportation, and any such
313	established time may not be less than the recognized national
314	minimum standard. The Department of Transportation shall adopt
315	the latest edition of Institute of Transportation Engineers
316	Traffic Engineering Handbook for use in compliance with this
317	subsection.
318	(b) A jurisdiction issuing a notice of violation sent
319	pursuant to s. 316.0083, must include the length of the yellow

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320	light time during the signal phase of the traffic control signal
321	immediately before the violation on the notice or must maintain
322	records of the most recent programmed yellow intervals for
323	inspection in order to ensure compliance with this subsection.
324	(c) Unless each notice of violation for a particular
325	approach states the length of the yellow light duration, the
326	yellow light interval shall be tested at least once during every
327	calendar year beginning in 2013. A traffic infraction detector
328	monitoring a traffic signal that is not in compliance with the
329	Institute of Transportation Engineers Traffic Engineering
330	Handbook standards, as adopted by the Department of
331	Transportation, shall be disabled until that signal is brought
332	into compliance with the standards.
333	(d) Issuance of a notice stating the length of the yellow
334	light duration, or annual testing of the yellow light change
335	interval time according to this subsection, establishes a
336	presumption that the yellow light cycle was operating in
337	compliance with this subsection at the time the violation is
338	alleged to have occurred. Production of a certificate, or a
339	signed affidavit, showing that the yellow light cycle was tested
340	in compliance with this subsection, establishes a presumption
341	that the testing of the yellow light cycle was completed in
342	compliance with this subsection and the certificate or affidavit
343	is admissible as proof of such compliance.
344	(e) A person raising the length of the yellow light cycle
345	as an affirmative defense to the notice of violation must
346	establish by clear and convincing evidence that the signal was
347	not operating in compliance with the Institute of Transportation
348	Engineers Traffic Engineering Handbook standards, as adopted by

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349	the Department of Transportation.
350	(f) A traffic infraction detector that is operational on
351	July 1, 2012, must be in compliance with this section by January
352	<u>1, 2013.</u>
353	Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
354	316.0776, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
355	316.0776 Traffic infraction detectors; placement and
356	installation
357	(2)(a) If the department, county, or municipality installs
358	a traffic infraction detector at an intersection, the
359	department, county, or municipality shall notify the public that
360	a traffic infraction device may be in use at that intersection
361	and must specifically include notification of camera enforcement
362	of violations concerning <del>right</del> turns. Such signage used to
363	notify the public must meet the specifications for uniform
364	signals and devices adopted by the Department of Transportation
365	pursuant to s. 316.0745.
366	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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