A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to building construction and 3 inspection; amending s. 162.12, F.S.; revising the 4 authorized methods of sending notices to violators of 5 local codes; amending s. 468.604, F.S.; authorizing a building code administrator or building official to 6 7 approve the electronic filing of building plans and 8 related documents; amending s. 553.721, F.S.; 9 allocating a portion of the funds derived from a 10 surcharge on permit fees to the Florida Building Code 11 Compliance and Mitigation Program; making technical and grammatical changes; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; 12 exempting certain buildings or structures used for 13 14 hunting from the Florida Building Code; providing an effective date. 15

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 162.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

21 162.12 Notices.-

- (1) All notices required by this part <u>must</u> shall be provided to the alleged violator by:
- (a) Certified mail, return receipt requested, to provided if such notice is sent under this paragraph to the owner of the property in question at the address listed in the tax collector's office for tax notices, or to and at any other address provided by the property owner in writing to the local

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government for the purpose of receiving notices. For property owned by a corporation, notices may be provided by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered agent of the corporation. If any notice sent by certified mail is not signed as received within 30 days after the date of mailing by such owner and is returned as unclaimed or refused, notice may be provided by posting as described in subparagraphs (2)(b)1. and 2. and by first class mail directed to the addresses furnished to the local government with a properly executed proof of mailing or affidavit confirming the first class mailing;

- (b) Hand delivery by the sheriff or other law enforcement officer, code inspector, or other person designated by the local governing body;
- (c) Leaving the notice at the violator's usual place of residence with any person residing therein who is above 15 years of age and informing such person of the contents of the notice; or
- (d) In the case of commercial premises, leaving the notice with the manager or other person in charge.

Evidence that an attempt has been made to hand deliver or mail notice as provided in subsection (1), together with proof of publication or posting as provided in subsection (2), shall be sufficient to show that the notice requirements of this part have been met, without regard to whether or not the alleged violator actually received such notice.

Section 2. Section 468.604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.604 Responsibilities of building code administrators, plans examiners, and inspectors.—

- administrator or building official to administrate, supervise, direct, enforce, or perform the permitting and inspection of construction, alteration, repair, remodeling, or demolition of structures and the installation of building systems within the boundaries of their governmental jurisdiction, when permitting is required, to ensure compliance with the Florida Building Code and any applicable local technical amendment to the Florida Building Code. The building code administrator or building official shall faithfully perform these responsibilities without interference from any person. These responsibilities include:
- (a) The review of construction plans to ensure compliance with all applicable sections of the code. The construction plans must be reviewed before the issuance of any building, system installation, or other construction permit. The review of construction plans must be done by the building code administrator or building official or by a person having the appropriate plans examiner license issued under this chapter.
- (b) The inspection of each phase of construction where a building or other construction permit has been issued. The building code administrator or building official, or a person having the appropriate building code inspector license issued under this chapter, shall inspect the construction or installation to ensure that the work is performed in accordance with applicable sections of the code.
 - (2) It is the responsibility of the building code

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inspector to conduct inspections of construction, alteration, repair, remodeling, or demolition of structures and the installation of building systems, when permitting is required, to ensure compliance with the Florida Building Code and any applicable local technical amendment to the Florida Building Code. Each building code inspector must be licensed in the appropriate category as defined in s. 468.603. The building code inspector's responsibilities must be performed under the direction of the building code administrator or building official without interference from any unlicensed person.

- (3) It is the responsibility of the plans examiner to conduct review of construction plans submitted in the permit application to assure compliance with the Florida Building Code and any applicable local technical amendment to the Florida Building Code. The review of construction plans must be done by the building code administrator or building official or by a person licensed in the appropriate plans examiner category as defined in s. 468.603. The plans examiner's responsibilities must be performed under the supervision and authority of the building code administrator or building official without interference from any unlicensed person.
- (4) The Legislature finds that the electronic filing of construction plans will increase government efficiency, reduce costs, and increase the timeliness of processing permits. Upon approval by the building code administrator or building official, construction plans, drawings, specifications, reports, final documents, or documents prepared or issued by a licensee for review by the building code administrator, building

official, or plans examiner may be transmitted electronically and may be signed by the licensee and dated and sealed electronically pursuant to ss. 668.001-668.006.

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Section 3. Section 553.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.721 Surcharge.-In order for the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to administer and carry out the purposes of this part and related activities, there is hereby created a surcharge, to be assessed at the rate of 1.5 percent of the permit fees associated with enforcement of the Florida Building Code as defined by the uniform account criteria and specifically the uniform account code for building permits adopted for local government financial reporting pursuant to s. 218.32. The minimum amount collected on any permit issued shall be \$2. The unit of government responsible for collecting a permit fee pursuant to s. 125.56(4) or s. 166.201 shall collect the such surcharge and electronically remit the funds collected to the department on a quarterly calendar basis beginning not later than December 31, 2010, for the preceding quarter, and continuing each third month thereafter. The, and such unit of government shall retain 10 percent of the surcharge collected to fund the participation of building departments in the national and state building code adoption processes and to provide education related to enforcement of the Florida Building Code. All funds remitted to the department pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. Funds collected from the such surcharge shall be allocated to fund used exclusively for the duties of the Florida Building

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

141	Commission and the Florida Building Code Compliance and
142	Mitigation Program under s. 553.841. Funds allocated to the
143	Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program shall be
144	\$925,000 each fiscal year. The funds collected from the
145	surcharge may and the Department of Business and Professional
146	Regulation under this chapter and shall not be used to fund
147	research on techniques for mitigation of radon in existing
148	buildings. Funds used by the department as well as funds to be
149	transferred to the Department of Health shall be as prescribed
150	in the annual General Appropriations Act. The department shall
151	adopt rules governing the collection and remittance of
152	surcharges <u>pursuant to</u> in accordance with chapter 120.
153	Section 4. Subsection (10) of section 553.73, Florida
154	Statutes, is amended to read:

553.73 Florida Building Code.-

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- (10) The following buildings, structures, and facilities are exempt from the Florida Building Code as provided by law, and any further exemptions shall be as determined by the Legislature and provided by law:
- (a) Buildings and structures specifically regulated and preempted by the Federal Government.
- (b) Railroads and ancillary facilities associated with the railroad.
 - (c) Nonresidential farm buildings on farms.
- (d) Temporary buildings or sheds used exclusively for construction purposes.
- (e) Mobile or modular structures used as temporary offices, except that the provisions of part II relating to

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accessibility by persons with disabilities shall apply to such mobile or modular structures.

- (f) Those structures or facilities of electric utilities, as defined in s. 366.02, which are directly involved in the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.
- (g) Temporary sets, assemblies, or structures used in commercial motion picture or television production, or any sound-recording equipment used in such production, on or off the premises.
- (h) Storage sheds that are not designed for human habitation and that have a floor area of 720 square feet or less are not required to comply with the mandatory wind-borne-debrisimpact standards of the Florida Building Code. In addition, such buildings that are 400 square feet or less and that are intended for use in conjunction with one- and two-family residences are not subject to the door height and width requirements of the Florida Building Code.
- (i) Chickees constructed by the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians of Florida or the Seminole Tribe of Florida. As used in this paragraph, the term "chickee" means an open-sided wooden hut that has a thatched roof of palm or palmetto or other traditional materials, and that does not incorporate any electrical, plumbing, or other nonwood features.
- (j) Family mausoleums not exceeding 250 square feet in area which are prefabricated and assembled on site or preassembled and delivered on site and have walls, roofs, and a floor constructed of granite, marble, or reinforced concrete.
 - (k) A building or structure having less than 1,000 square

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feet which is constructed and owned by a natural person for hunting and which is repaired or reconstructed to the same dimension and condition as existed on January 1, 2011, if the building or structure:

1. Is not rented or leased or used as a principal residence;

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- 2. Is not located within the 100-year floodplain according to Federal Emergency Management Agency's current Flood Insurance Rate Map; and
- 3. Is not connected to an off-site electric power or water supply.

With the exception of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (f), in order to preserve the health, safety, and welfare of the public, the Florida Building Commission may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, provide for exceptions to the broad categories of buildings exempted in this section, including exceptions for application of specific sections of the code or standards adopted therein. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have exclusive authority to adopt by rule, pursuant to chapter 120, exceptions to nonresidential farm buildings exempted in paragraph (c) when reasonably necessary to preserve public health, safety, and welfare. The exceptions must be based upon specific criteria, such as under-roof floor area, aggregate electrical service capacity, HVAC system capacity, or other building requirements. Further, the commission may recommend to the Legislature additional categories of buildings, structures, or facilities which should be exempted from the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Building Code, to be provided by law. The Florida
Building Code does not apply to temporary housing provided by
the Department of Corrections to any prisoner in the state
correctional system.
Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.

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