

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate		House
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03/08/2012 07:48 PM		

Senator Gardiner moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 163.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.08 Supplemental authority for improvements to real property.-

(2) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Local government" means a county, a municipality, or a
dependent special district as defined in s. 189.403, or a
separate legal entity created pursuant to s. 163.01(7).
Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 186.801, Florida

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14 Statutes, is amended to read:

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186.801 Ten-year site plans.-

16 (2) Within 9 months after the receipt of the proposed plan, 17 the commission shall make a preliminary study of such plan and classify it as "suitable" or "unsuitable." The commission may 18 19 suggest alternatives to the plan. All findings of the commission 20 shall be made available to the Department of Environmental 21 Protection for its consideration at any subsequent electrical 22 power plant site certification proceedings. It is recognized 23 that 10-year site plans submitted by an electric utility are 24 tentative information for planning purposes only and may be 25 amended at any time at the discretion of the utility upon written notification to the commission. A complete application 26 27 for certification of an electrical power plant site under chapter 403, when such site is not designated in the current 10-28 29 year site plan of the applicant, shall constitute an amendment to the 10-year site plan. In its preliminary study of each 10-30 year site plan, the commission shall consider such plan as a 31 32 planning document and shall review:

(a) The need, including the need as determined by thecommission, for electrical power in the area to be served.

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(b) The effect on fuel diversity within the state.

36 (c) The anticipated environmental impact of each proposed 37 electrical power plant site.

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(d) Possible alternatives to the proposed plan.

(e) The views of appropriate local, state, and federal agencies, including the views of the appropriate water management district as to the availability of water and its recommendation as to the use by the proposed plant of salt water

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43	or fresh water for cooling purposes.
44	(f) The extent to which the plan is consistent with the
45	state comprehensive plan.
46	(g) The plan with respect to the information of the state
47	on energy availability and consumption.
48	(h) The amount of renewable energy resources the utility
49	produces or purchases.
50	(i) The amount of renewable energy resources the utility
51	plans to produce or purchase over the 10-year planning horizon
52	and the means by which the production or purchases will be
53	achieved.
54	(j) A statement describing how the production and purchase
55	of renewable energy resources impact the utility's present and
56	future capacity and energy needs.
57	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
58	212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
59	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
60	authorization and use of proceedsIt is the legislative intent
61	that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales
62	surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a
63	subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the
64	levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties
65	authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the
66	maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the
67	procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if
68	required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended;
69	and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide.
70	Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as
71	provided in s. 212.054.

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72 (2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX.-73 (d) The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this 74 subsection and any accrued interest shall be expended by the 75 school district, within the county and municipalities within the 76 county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, 77 within another county, to finance, plan, and construct 78 infrastructure; to acquire land for public recreation, 79 conservation, or protection of natural resources; to provide 80 loans, grants, or rebates to residential or commercial property 81 owners who make energy efficiency improvements to their 82 residential or commercial property, if a local government 83 ordinance authorizing such use is approved by referendum; or to 84 finance the closure of county-owned or municipally owned solid 85 waste landfills that have been closed or are required to be closed by order of the Department of Environmental Protection. 86 Any use of the proceeds or interest for purposes of landfill 87 closure before July 1, 1993, is ratified. The proceeds and any 88 interest may not be used for the operational expenses of 89 90 infrastructure, except that a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 and that is required to close a landfill may 91 92 use the proceeds or interest for long-term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. Counties, as defined in s. 93 125.011, and charter counties may, in addition, use the proceeds 94 or interest to retire or service indebtedness incurred for bonds 95 96 issued before July 1, 1987, for infrastructure purposes, and for 97 bonds subsequently issued to refund such bonds. Any use of the 98 proceeds or interest for purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for refunding bonds before July 1, 1999, 99 100 is ratified.

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101 1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term 102 "infrastructure" means:

a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay
associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement
of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more
years and any related land acquisition, land improvement,
design, and engineering costs.

b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service
vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department
vehicle, or any other vehicle, and the equipment necessary to
outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a
life expectancy of at least 5 years.

113 c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or 114 maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for, 115 facilities, as defined in s. 29.008.

116 d. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay 117 associated with the improvement of private facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and that the owner agrees 118 119 to make available for use on a temporary basis as needed by a local government as a public emergency shelter or a staging area 120 121 for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially 122 declared by the state or by the local government under s. 123 252.38. Such improvements are limited to those necessary to 124 comply with current standards for public emergency evacuation 125 shelters. The owner must enter into a written contract with the 126 local government providing the improvement funding to make the 127 private facility available to the public for purposes of 128 emergency shelter at no cost to the local government for a 129 minimum of 10 years after completion of the improvement, with

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130 the provision that the obligation will transfer to any 131 subsequent owner until the end of the minimum period.

132 e. Any land acquisition expenditure for a residential 133 housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are 134 affordable to individuals or families whose total annual 135 household income does not exceed 120 percent of the area median 136 income adjusted for household size, if the land is owned by a 137 local government or by a special district that enters into a 138 written agreement with the local government to provide such 139 housing. The local government or special district may enter into 140 a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for 141 nominal or other consideration for the construction of the 142 residential housing project on land acquired pursuant to this 143 sub-subparagraph.

144 2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "energy 145 efficiency improvement" means any energy conservation and 146 efficiency improvement that reduces consumption through 147 conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural 148 gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property, 149 including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of 150 insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling, 151 or ventilation systems; installation of solar panels; building 152 modifications to increase the use of daylight or shade; 153 replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or 154 energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle 155 charging equipment; and installation of efficient lighting 156 equipment.

157 <u>3.2.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision of this
158 subsection, a local government infrastructure surtax imposed or

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159 extended after July 1, 1998, may allocate up to 15 percent of the surtax proceeds for deposit in a trust fund within the 160 161 county's accounts created for the purpose of funding economic 162 development projects having a general public purpose of improving local economies, including the funding of operational 163 164 costs and incentives related to economic development. The ballot statement must indicate the intention to make an allocation 165 under the authority of this subparagraph. 166

167 Section 4. Paragraph (hhh) is added to subsection (7) of 168 section 212.08, Florida Statutes, to read:

169 212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and 170 storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the 171 rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the 172 storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following 173 are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this 174 chapter.

175 (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS.-Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is 176 177 otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a 178 representative or employee of the entity by any means, 179 including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even 180 when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by 181 182 this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is 183 otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has 184 obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department 185 or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made 186 187 with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this

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188	subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an
189	exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict
190	compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and
191	shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer
192	this subsection.
193	(hhh) Equipment, machinery, and other materials for
194	renewable energy technologies.—
195	1. As used in this paragraph, the term:
196	a. "Biodiesel" means the mono-alkyl esters of long-chain
197	fatty acids derived from plant or animal matter for use as a
198	source of energy and meeting the specifications for biodiesel
199	and biodiesel blends with petroleum products as adopted by rule
200	of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
201	"Biodiesel" may refer to biodiesel blends designated BXX, where
202	XX represents the volume percentage of biodiesel fuel in the
203	blend.
204	b. "Ethanol" means an anhydrous denatured alcohol produced
205	by the conversion of carbohydrates meeting the specifications
206	for fuel ethanol and fuel ethanol blends with petroleum products
207	as adopted by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
208	Services. "Ethanol" may refer to fuel ethanol blends designated
209	EXX, where XX represents the volume percentage of fuel ethanol
210	in the blend.
211	c. "Renewable fuel" means a fuel produced from biomass that
212	is used to replace or reduce the quantity of fossil fuel present
213	in motor fuel or diesel fuel. "Biomass" means biomass as defined
214	in s. 366.91, "motor fuel" means motor fuel as defined in s.
215	206.01, and "diesel fuel" means diesel fuel as defined in s.
216	206.86.
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217 2. The sale or use in the state of the following is exempt 218 from the tax imposed by this chapter. Materials used in the distribution of biodiesel (B10-B100), ethanol (E10-E100), and 219 220 other renewable fuels, including fueling infrastructure, 221 transportation, and storage, up to a limit of \$1 million in tax 222 each state fiscal year for all taxpayers. Gasoline fueling 223 station pump retrofits for biodiesel (B10-B100), ethanol (E10-224 E100), and other renewable fuel distribution qualify for the 225 exemption provided in this paragraph. 226 3. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 227 shall provide to the department a list of items eligible for the 228 exemption provided in this paragraph. 229 4.a. The exemption provided in this paragraph shall be 230 available to a purchaser only through a refund of previously 231 paid taxes. An eligible item is subject to refund one time. A 232 person who has received a refund on an eligible item shall 233 notify the next purchaser of the item that the item is no longer 234 eligible for a refund of paid taxes. The notification shall be 235 provided to each subsequent purchaser on the sales invoice or 236 other proof of purchase. 237 b. To be eligible to receive the exemption provided in this 238 paragraph, a purchaser shall file an application with the 239 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. The application 240 shall be developed by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 241 Services, in consultation with the department, and shall 242 require: 243 (I) The name and address of the person claiming the refund. 244 (II) A specific description of the purchase for which a refund is sought, including, when applicable, a serial number or 245

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246	other permanent identification number.
247	(III) The sales invoice or other proof of purchase showing
248	the amount of sales tax paid, the date of purchase, and the name
249	and address of the sales tax dealer from whom the property was
250	purchased.
251	(IV) A sworn statement that the information provided is
252	accurate and that the requirements of this paragraph have been
253	met.
254	c. Within 30 days after receipt of an application, the
255	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall review the
256	application and notify the applicant of any deficiencies. Upon
257	receipt of a completed application, the Department of
258	Agriculture and Consumer Services shall evaluate the application
259	for the exemption and issue a written certification that the
260	applicant is eligible for a refund or issue a written denial of
261	such certification. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer
262	Services shall provide the department a copy of each
263	certification issued upon approval of an application.
264	d. Each certified applicant is responsible for applying for
265	the refund and forwarding the certification that the applicant
266	is eligible to the department within 6 months after
267	certification by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
268	Services.
269	e. A refund approved pursuant to this paragraph shall be
270	made within 30 days after formal approval by the department.
271	f. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may
272	adopt by rule the form for the application for a certificate,
273	requirements for the content and format of information submitted
274	to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in

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275	support of the application, other procedural requirements, and
276	criteria by which the application will be determined. The
277	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may adopt other
278	rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this
279	paragraph, including rules establishing additional forms and
280	procedures for claiming the exemption.
281	g. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
282	shall be responsible for ensuring that the total amount of the
283	exemptions authorized do not exceed the limits specified in
284	subparagraph 2.
285	5. Approval of the exemptions under this paragraph is on a
286	first-come, first-served basis, based upon the date complete
287	applications are received by the Department of Agriculture and
288	Consumer Services. Incomplete placeholder applications shall not
289	be accepted and shall not secure a place in the first-come,
290	first-served application line. The Department of Agriculture and
291	Consumer Services shall determine and publish on its website on
292	a regular basis the amount of sales tax funds remaining in each
293	fiscal year.
294	6. This paragraph expires July 1, 2016.
295	Section 5. Paragraph (w) of subsection (8) of section
296	213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
297	213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing
298	(8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
299	the department may provide:
300	(w) Information relative to <u>ss. 212.08(7)(hhh), 220.192,</u>
301	and 220.193 s. 220.192 to the Department of Agriculture and
302	Consumer Services for use in the conduct of its official
303	business.
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305	Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be
306	pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director
307	and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental,
308	shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as
309	the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a
310	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s.
311	775.082 or s. 775.083.
312	Section 6. Subsections (1), (2), (4), (6), (7), and (8) of
313	section 220.192, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
314	220.192 Renewable energy technologies investment tax
315	credit
316	(1) DEFINITIONSFor purposes of this section, the term:
317	(a) "Biodiesel" means biodiesel as defined in <u>s.</u>
318	<u>212.08(7)(hhh)</u> former s. 212.08(7)(ccc) .
319	(b) "Corporation" includes a general partnership, limited
320	partnership, limited liability company, unincorporated business,
321	or other business entity, including entities taxed as
322	partnerships for federal income tax purposes.
323	(c) "Eligible costs" means :
324	1. Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation and
325	maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred
326	between July 1, 2006, and June 30, 2010, up to a limit of \$3
327	million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, in connection
328	with an investment in hydrogen-powered vehicles and hydrogen
329	vehicle fueling stations in the state, including, but not
330	limited to, the costs of constructing, installing, and equipping
331	such technologies in the state.
332	2. Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation and



333 maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred between July 1, 2006, and June 30, 2010, up to a limit of \$1.5 334 335 million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, and limited to 336 a maximum of \$12,000 per fuel cell, in connection with an 337 investment in commercial stationary hydrogen fuel cells in the 338 state, including, but not limited to, the costs of constructing, installing, and equipping such technologies in the state. 339 340 3. 75 Seventy-five percent of all capital costs, operation 341 and maintenance costs, and research and development costs incurred between July 1, 2012 2006, and June 30, 2016 2010, not 342 343 to exceed \$1 million per state fiscal year for each taxpayer and 344 up to a limit of \$10 $\frac{6.5}{10}$ million per state fiscal year for all taxpayers, in connection with an investment in the production, 345 346 storage, and distribution of biodiesel (B10-B100), and ethanol 347 (E10-E100), and other renewable fuel in the state, including the 348 costs of constructing, installing, and equipping such 349 technologies in the state. Gasoline fueling station pump retrofits for biodiesel (B10-B100), ethanol (E10-E100), and 350 other renewable fuel distribution qualify as an eligible cost 351 352 under this section subparagraph. (d) "Ethanol" means ethanol as defined in s. 212.08(7)(hhh) 353 354 former s. 212.08(7)(ccc). (e) "Renewable fuel" means a fuel produced from biomass 355 356 that is used to replace or reduce the quantity of fossil fuel 357 present in motor fuel or diesel fuel. "Biomass" means biomass as 358 defined in s. 366.91, "motor fuel" means motor fuel as defined 359 in s. 206.01, and "diesel fuel" means diesel fuel as defined in 360 s. 206.86. (c) "Hydrogen fuel cell" means hydrogen fuel cell as 361

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362 defined in former s. 212.08(7)(ccc).

363 (f) "Taxpayer" includes a corporation as defined in 364 paragraph (b) or s. 220.03.

365 (2) TAX CREDIT.-For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013 2007, a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter 366 367 shall be granted in an amount equal to the eligible costs. Credits may be used in tax years beginning January 1, 2013 2007, 368 and ending December 31, 2016 2010, after which the credit shall 369 370 expire. If the credit is not fully used in any one tax year 371 because of insufficient tax liability on the part of the 372 corporation, the unused amount may be carried forward and used 373 in tax years beginning January 1, 2013 2007, and ending December 374 31, 2018 2012, after which the credit carryover expires and may 375 not be used. A taxpayer that files a consolidated return in this 376 state as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may 377 be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the 378 amount of tax imposed upon the consolidated group. Any eligible cost for which a credit is claimed and which is deducted or 379 otherwise reduces federal taxable income shall be added back in 380 381 computing adjusted federal income under s. 220.13.

382 (4) TAXPAYER APPLICATION PROCESS.-To claim a credit under 383 this section, each taxpayer must apply to the Department of 384 Agriculture and Consumer Services for an allocation of each type 385 of annual credit by the date established by the Department of 386 Agriculture and Consumer Services. The application form adopted 387 by rule of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 388 must include an affidavit from each taxpayer certifying that all 389 information contained in the application, including all records 390 of eligible costs claimed as the basis for the tax credit, are

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391 true and correct. Approval of the credits under this section is 392 on a first-come, first-served basis, based upon the date complete applications are received by the Department of 393 394 Agriculture and Consumer Services. A taxpayer must submit only one complete application based upon eligible costs incurred 395 396 within a particular state fiscal year. Incomplete placeholder 397 applications will not be accepted and will not secure a place in 398 the first-come, first-served application line. If a taxpayer 399 does not receive a tax credit allocation due to the exhaustion 400 of the annual tax credit authorizations, then such taxpayer may 401 reapply in the following year for those eligible costs and will 402 have priority over other applicants for the allocation of credits. If the annual tax credit authorization amount is not 403 404 exhausted by allocations of credits within that particular state 405 fiscal year, any authorized but unallocated credit amounts may 406 be used to grant credits that were earned pursuant to s. 220.193 407 but unallocated due to a lack of authorized funds.

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(6) TRANSFERABILITY OF CREDIT.-

409 (a) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2014 410 2009, any corporation or subsequent transferee allowed a tax 411 credit under this section may transfer the credit, in whole or 412 in part, to any taxpayer by written agreement without 413 transferring any ownership interest in the property generating 414 the credit or any interest in the entity owning such property. 415 The transferee is entitled to apply the credits against the tax 416 with the same effect as if the transferee had incurred the 417 eligible costs.

(b) To perfect the transfer, the transferor shall providethe Department of Revenue with a written transfer statement

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420 notifying the Department of Revenue of the transferor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the transferee; the date the 421 422 transfer is effective; the transferee's name, address, and 423 federal taxpayer identification number; the tax period; and the 424 amount of tax credits to be transferred. The Department of 425 Revenue shall, upon receipt of a transfer statement conforming to the requirements of this section, provide the transferee with 426 427 a certificate reflecting the tax credit amounts transferred. A 428 copy of the certificate must be attached to each tax return for 429 which the transferee seeks to apply such tax credits.

430 (c) A tax credit authorized under this section that is held 431 by a corporation and not transferred under this subsection shall 432 be passed through to the taxpayers designated as partners, 433 members, or owners, respectively, in the manner agreed to by 434 such persons regardless of whether such partners, members, or 435 owners are allocated or allowed any portion of the federal energy tax credit for the eligible costs. A corporation that 436 437 passes the credit through to a partner, member, or owner must 438 comply with the notification requirements described in paragraph 439 (b). The partner, member, or owner must attach a copy of the 440 certificate to each tax return on which the partner, member, or 441 owner claims any portion of the credit.

(7) RULES.-The Department of Revenue and the Department of
Agriculture and Consumer Services shall have the authority to
adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer
this section, including rules relating to:

(a) The forms required to claim a tax credit under this
section, the requirements and basis for establishing an
entitlement to a credit, and the examination and audit

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449	procedures required to administer this section.
450	(b) The implementation and administration of the provisions
451	allowing a transfer of a tax credit, including rules prescribing
452	forms, reporting requirements, and specific procedures,
453	guidelines, and requirements necessary to transfer a tax credit.
454	(8) PUBLICATIONThe Department of Agriculture and Consumer
455	Services shall determine and publish <u>on its website</u> on a regular
456	basis the amount of available tax credits remaining in each
457	fiscal year.
458	Section 7. Section 220.193, Florida Statutes, is amended to
459	read:
460	220.193 Florida renewable energy production credit
461	(1) The purpose of this section is to encourage the
462	development and expansion of facilities that produce renewable
463	energy in Florida.
464	(2) As used in this section, the term:
465	(a) "Commission" <u>means</u> shall mean the Public Service
466	Commission.
467	(b) "Department" <u>means</u> shall mean the Department of
468	Revenue.
469	(c) "Expanded facility" <u>means</u> shall mean a Florida
470	renewable energy facility that increases its electrical
471	production and sale by more than 5 percent above the facility's
472	electrical production and sale during the 2011 2005 calendar
473	year.
474	(d) "Florida renewable energy facility" <u>means</u> shall mean a
475	facility in the state that produces electricity for sale from
476	renewable energy, as defined in s. 377.803.
477	(e) "New facility" <u>means</u> shall mean a Florida renewable

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energy facility that is operationally placed in service after
May 1, 2006. <u>The term includes a Florida renewable energy</u>
<u>facility that has had an expansion operationally placed in</u>
<u>service after May 1, 2006, and whose cost exceeded 50 percent of</u>
<u>the assessed value of the facility immediately before the</u>
expansion.

(f) "Sale" or "sold" includes the use of electricity by the producer of such electricity which decreases the amount of electricity that the producer would otherwise have to purchase.

(g) "Taxpayer" includes a general partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, trust, or other artificial entity in which a corporation, as defined in s. 220.03(1)(e), owns an interest and is taxed as a partnership or is disregarded as a separate entity from the corporation under this chapter.

493 (3) An annual credit against the tax imposed by this 494 section shall be allowed to a taxpayer, based on the taxpayer's 495 production and sale of electricity from a new or expanded 496 Florida renewable energy facility. For a new facility, the 497 credit shall be based on the taxpayer's sale of the facility's 498 entire electrical production. For an expanded facility, the 499 credit shall be based on the increases in the facility's 500 electrical production that are achieved after May 1, 2012 2006.

(a) The credit shall be \$0.01 for each kilowatt-hour of
electricity produced and sold by the taxpayer to an unrelated
party during a given tax year.

(b) The credit may be claimed for electricity produced and sold on or after January 1, 2013 2007. Beginning in 2014 2008and continuing until 2017 2011, each taxpayer claiming a credit

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507 under this section must first apply to the Department of 508 Agriculture and Consumer Services by the date established by the 509 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services by February 1 of 510 each year for an allocation of available credits for that year 511 credit. The application form shall be adopted by rule of the 512 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services in consultation 513 with the commission. The department, in consultation with the 514 commission, shall develop an application form. The application form shall, at a minimum, require a sworn affidavit from each 515 516 taxpayer certifying the increase in production and sales that 517 form the basis of the application and certifying that all 518 information contained in the application is true and correct. (c) If the amount of credits applied for each year exceeds 519 520 the amount authorized in paragraph (g) \$5 million, the 521 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall allocate 522 credits to qualified applicants based on the following priority: 523 shall award to each applicant a prorated amount based on each 524 applicant's increased production and sales and the increased 525 production and sales of all applicants. 526 1. An applicant who places a new facility in operation

527 after May 1, 2012, shall be allocated credits first, up to a 528 maximum of \$250,000 each, with any remaining credits to be granted pursuant to subparagraph 3., but if the claims for 529 530 credits under this subparagraph exceed the state fiscal year cap 531 in paragraph (g), credits shall be allocated pursuant to this 532 subparagraph on a prorated basis based upon each applicant's 533 qualified production and sales as a percentage of total 534 production and sales for all applicants in this category for the 535 fiscal year.

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536 2. An applicant who does not qualify under subparagraph 1. 537 but who claims a credit of \$50,000 or less shall be allocated 538 credits next, but if the claims for credits under this 539 subparagraph, combined with credits allocated in subparagraph 1. 540 exceed the state fiscal year cap in paragraph (g), credits shall 541 be allocated pursuant to this subparagraph on a prorated basis 542 based upon each applicant's qualified production and sales as a 543 percentage of total qualified production and sales for all 544 applicants in this category for the fiscal year.

545 3. An applicant who does not qualify under subparagraph 1. 546 or subparagraph 2. and an applicant whose credits have not been 547 fully allocated under subparagraph 1., shall be allocated 548 credits next. If there is insufficient capacity within the 549 amount authorized for the state fiscal year in paragraph (g), 550 and after allocations pursuant to subparagraphs 1. and 2., the 551 credits allocated under this subparagraph shall be prorated 552 based upon each applicant's unallocated claims for qualified 553 production and sales as a percentage of total unallocated claims 554 for qualified production and sales of all applicants in this 555 category, up to a maximum of \$1 million per taxpayer per state 556 fiscal year. If, after application of this \$1 million cap, there 557 is excess capacity under the state fiscal year cap in paragraph 558 (g) in any state fiscal year, that remaining capacity shall be 559 used to allocate additional credits with priority given in the 560 order set forth in this subparagraph and without regard to the 561 \$1 million per taxpayer cap.

(d) If the credit granted pursuant to this section is not
fully used in one year because of insufficient tax liability on
the part of the taxpayer, the unused amount may be carried

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565 forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. The carryover credit 566 may be used in a subsequent year when the tax imposed by this 567 chapter for such year exceeds the credit for such year, after 568 applying the other credits and unused credit carryovers in the 569 order provided in s. 220.02(8).

(e) A taxpayer that files a consolidated return in this state as a member of an affiliated group under s. 220.131(1) may be allowed the credit on a consolidated return basis up to the amount of tax imposed upon the consolidated group.

(f)1. Tax credits that may be available under this section to an entity eligible under this section may be transferred after a merger or acquisition to the surviving or acquiring entity and used in the same manner with the same limitations.

578 2. The entity or its surviving or acquiring entity as 579 described in subparagraph 1. may transfer any unused credit in 580 whole or in units of no less than 25 percent of the remaining 581 credit. The entity acquiring such credit may use it in the same 582 manner and with the same limitations under this section. Such 583 transferred credits may not be transferred again although they 584 may succeed to a surviving or acquiring entity subject to the 585 same conditions and limitations as described in this section.

586 3. In the event the credit provided for under this section 587 is reduced as a result of an examination or audit by the 588 department, such tax deficiency shall be recovered from the 589 first entity or the surviving or acquiring entity to have 590 claimed such credit up to the amount of credit taken. Any 591 subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed against any entity 592 acquiring and claiming such credit, or in the case of multiple succeeding entities in the order of credit succession. 593

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594 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, 595 credits for the production and sale of electricity from a new or expanded Florida renewable energy facility may be earned between 596 597 January 1, 2013 2007, and June 30, 2016 2010. The combined total 598 amount of tax credits which may be granted for all taxpayers 599 under this section is limited to \$5 million in state fiscal year 600 2012-2013 and \$10 million per state fiscal year in state fiscal 601 years 2013-2014 through 2016-2017. If the annual tax credit 602 authorization amount is not exhausted by allocations of credits 603 within that particular state fiscal year, any authorized but 604 unallocated credit amounts may be used to grant credits that 605 were earned pursuant to s. 220.192 but unallocated due to a lack 606 of authorized funds.

(h) A taxpayer claiming a credit under this section shall
be required to add back to net income that portion of its
business deductions claimed on its federal return paid or
incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of
the credit allowable for the taxable year under this section.

(i) A taxpayer claiming credit under this section may not
claim a credit under s. 220.192. A taxpayer claiming credit
under s. 220.192 may not claim a credit under this section.

615 (j) When an entity treated as a partnership or a disregarded entity under this chapter produces and sells 616 617 electricity from a new or expanded renewable energy facility, 618 the credit earned by such entity shall pass through in the same 619 manner as items of income and expense pass through for federal 620 income tax purposes. When an entity applies for the credit and the entity has received the credit by a pass-through, the 621 622 application must identify the taxpayer that passed the credit

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623 through, all taxpayers that received the credit, and the 624 percentage of the credit that passes through to each recipient 625 and must provide other information that the <u>Department of</u> 626 <u>Agriculture and Consumer Services</u> department requires.

(k) A taxpayer's use of the credit granted pursuant to this
section does not reduce the amount of any credit available to
such taxpayer under s. 220.186.

630 (4) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 6.31 shall make a determination on the eligibility of the applicant 632 for the credits sought and certify the determination to the 633 applicant and the Department of Revenue. The corporation must 634 attach the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' 635 certification to the tax return on which the credit is claimed. 636 The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services is 637 responsible for ensuring that the corporate income tax credits 638 granted in each fiscal year do not exceed the limits provided 639 for in this section.

640 (5) (a) In addition to its existing audit and investigation 641 authority, the Department of Revenue may perform any additional 642 financial and technical audits and investigations, including 643 examining the accounts, books, and records of the tax credit applicant, which are necessary to verify the information 644 645 included in the tax credit return and to ensure compliance with 646 this section. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 647 Services shall provide technical assistance when requested by 648 the Department of Revenue on any technical audits or 649 examinations performed pursuant to this section. 650 (b) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and

651 received tax credits if the Department of Revenue determines, as

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652 a result of an audit or examination or from information received 653 from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, that a 654 taxpayer received tax credits pursuant to this section to which 655 the taxpayer was not entitled. The taxpayer is responsible for 656 returning forfeited tax credits to the Department of Revenue, 657 and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of 658 the state. 659 (c) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may 660 revoke or modify any written decision granting eligibility for 661 tax credits under this section if it is discovered that the tax 662 credit applicant submitted any false statement, representation, 663 or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or 664 other document filed in an attempt to receive tax credits under 665 this section. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 666 Services shall immediately notify the Department of Revenue of 667 any revoked or modified orders affecting previously granted tax 668 credits. Additionally, the taxpayer must notify the Department 669 of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed. 670 (d) The taxpayer shall file with the Department of Revenue 671 an amended return or such other report as the Department of 672 Revenue prescribes by rule and shall pay any required tax and 673 interest within 60 days after the taxpayer receives notification 674 from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services that 675 previously approved tax credits have been revoked or modified. 676 If the revocation or modification order is contested, the 677 taxpayer shall file an amended return or other report as 678 provided in this paragraph within 60 days after a final order is 679 issued after proceedings. 680 (e) A notice of deficiency may be issued by the Department

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681	of Revenue at any time within 3 years after the taxpayer
682	receives formal notification from the Department of Agriculture
683	and Consumer Services that previously approved tax credits have
684	been revoked or modified. If a taxpayer fails to notify the
685	Department of Revenue of any changes to its tax credit claimed,
686	a notice of deficiency may be issued at any time.
687	(6) (4) The Department of Revenue and the Department of
688	Agriculture and Consumer Services department may adopt rules to
689	implement and administer this section, including rules
690	prescribing forms, the documentation needed to substantiate a
691	claim for the tax credit, and the specific procedures and
692	guidelines for claiming the credit.
693	(7) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
694	shall determine and publish on its website on a regular basis
695	the amount of available tax credits remaining in each fiscal
696	year.
697	(8) (5) This section shall take effect upon becoming law and
698	shall apply to tax years beginning on and after January 1, 2013
699	2007 .
700	Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 255.257, Florida
701	Statutes, is amended to read:
702	255.257 Energy management; buildings occupied by state
703	agencies
704	(3) CONTENTS OF THE STATE ENERGY MANAGEMENT PLANThe
705	Department of Management Services, in coordination with the
706	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, shall further
707	develop <u>the</u> a state energy management plan consisting of, but
708	not limited to, the following elements:
709	(a) Data-gathering requirements;



i i	
710	(b) Building energy audit procedures;
711	(c) Uniform data analysis and reporting procedures;
712	(d) Employee energy education program measures;
713	(e) Energy consumption reduction techniques;
714	(f) Training program for state agency energy management
715	coordinators; and
716	(g) Guidelines for building managers.
717	
718	The plan shall include a description of actions that state
719	agencies shall take to reduce consumption of electricity and
720	nonrenewable energy sources used for space heating and cooling,
721	ventilation, lighting, water heating, and transportation.
722	Section 9. Paragraph (q) of subsection (2) of section
723	288.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
724	288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry
725	businesses
726	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
727	(q) "Target industry business" means a corporate
728	headquarters business or any business that is engaged in one of
729	the target industries identified pursuant to the following
730	criteria developed by the department in consultation with
731	Enterprise Florida, Inc.:
732	1. Future growthIndustry forecasts should indicate strong
733	expectation for future growth in both employment and output,
734	according to the most recent available data. Special
735	consideration should be given to businesses that export goods
736	to, or provide services in, international markets and businesses
737	that replace domestic and international imports of goods or
738	services.

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739 2. Stability.—The industry should not be subject to 740 periodic layoffs, whether due to seasonality or sensitivity to 741 volatile economic variables such as weather. The industry should 742 also be relatively resistant to recession, so that the demand 743 for products of this industry is not typically subject to 744 decline during an economic downturn.

745 3. High wage.-The industry should pay relatively high wages746 compared to statewide or area averages.

4. Market and resource independent.-The location of
industry businesses should not be dependent on Florida markets
or resources as indicated by industry analysis, except for
businesses in the renewable energy industry.

751 5. Industrial base diversification and strengthening.-The 752 industry should contribute toward expanding or diversifying the 753 state's or area's economic base, as indicated by analysis of 754 employment and output shares compared to national and regional 755 trends. Special consideration should be given to industries that 756 strengthen regional economies by adding value to basic products 757 or building regional industrial clusters as indicated by 758 industry analysis. Special consideration should also be given to 759 the development of strong industrial clusters that include 760 defense and homeland security businesses.

6. Positive economic impact.—The industry is expected to have strong positive economic impacts on or benefits to the state or regional economies. Special consideration should be given to industries that facilitate the development of the state as a hub for domestic and global trade and logistics.

767 The term does not include any business engaged in retail

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768 industry activities; any electrical utility company as defined 769 in s. 366.02(2); any phosphate or other solid minerals severance, mining, or processing operation; any oil or gas 770 771 exploration or production operation; or any business subject to 772 regulation by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the 773 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. Any business within NAICS code 5611 or 5614, office administrative services 774 775 and business support services, respectively, may be considered a 776 target industry business only after the local governing body and 777 Enterprise Florida, Inc., make a determination that the community where the business may locate has conditions affecting 778 779 the fiscal and economic viability of the local community or 780 area, including but not limited to, factors such as low per 781 capita income, high unemployment, high underemployment, and a 782 lack of year-round stable employment opportunities, and such 783 conditions may be improved by the location of such a business to 784 the community. By January 1 of every 3rd year, beginning January 785 1, 2011, the department, in consultation with Enterprise 786 Florida, Inc., economic development organizations, the State 787 University System, local governments, employee and employer 788 organizations, market analysts, and economists, shall review 789 and, as appropriate, revise the list of such target industries 790 and submit the list to the Governor, the President of the 791 Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

792 Section 10. Section 366.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to 793 read:

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366.92 Florida renewable energy policy.-

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote thedevelopment of renewable energy; protect the economic viability

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797	of Florida's existing renewable energy facilities; diversify the
798	types of fuel used to generate electricity in Florida; lessen
799	Florida's dependence on natural gas and fuel oil for the
800	production of electricity; minimize the volatility of fuel
801	costs; encourage investment within the state; improve
802	environmental conditions; and, at the same time, minimize the
803	costs of power supply to electric utilities and their customers.
804	(2) As used in this section, the term:
805	(a) "Florida renewable energy resources" means renewable
806	energy, as defined in s. 377.803, that is produced in Florida.
807	<u>(a) (b)</u> "Provider" means a "utility" as defined in s.
808	366.8255(1)(a).
809	(b) (c) "Renewable energy" means renewable energy as defined
810	in s. 366.91(2)(d).
811	(d) "Renewable energy credit" or "REC" means a product that
812	represents the unbundled, separable, renewable attribute of
813	renewable energy produced in Florida and is equivalent to 1
814	megawatt-hour of electricity generated by a source of renewable
815	energy located in Florida.
816	(c) "Renewable portfolio standard" or "RPS" means the
817	minimum percentage of total annual retail electricity sales by a
818	provider to consumers in Florida that shall be supplied by
819	renewable energy produced in Florida.
820	(3) The commission shall adopt rules for a renewable
821	portfolio standard requiring each provider to supply renewable
822	energy to its customers directly, by procuring, or through
823	renewable energy credits. In developing the RPS rule, the
824	commission shall consult the Department of Environmental
825	Protection and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer

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826 Services. The rule shall not be implemented until ratified by 827 the Legislature. The commission shall present a draft rule for 828 legislative consideration by February 1, 2009. 829 (a) In developing the rule, the commission shall evaluate 830 the current and forecasted levelized cost in cents per kilowatt hour through 2020 and current and forecasted installed capacity 831 in kilowatts for each renewable energy generation method through 832 833 $\frac{2020}{200}$ 834 (b) The commission's rule: 835 1. Shall include methods of managing the cost of compliance 836 with the renewable portfolio standard, whether through direct 837 supply or procurement of renewable power or through the purchase 838 of renewable energy credits. The commission shall have 839 rulemaking authority for providing annual cost recovery and 840 incentive-based adjustments to authorized rates of return on 841 common equity to providers to incentivize renewable energy. Notwithstanding s. 366.91(3) and (4), upon the ratification of 842 the rules developed pursuant to this subsection, the commission 843 844 may approve projects and power sales agreements with renewable 845 power producers and the sale of renewable energy credits needed 846 to comply with the renewable portfolio standard. In the event of 847 any conflict, this subparagraph shall supersede s. 366.91(3) and (4). However, nothing in this section shall alter the obligation 848 of each public utility to continuously offer a purchase contract 849 850 to producers of renewable energy.

851 2. Shall provide for appropriate compliance measures and
 852 the conditions under which noncompliance shall be excused due to
 853 a determination by the commission that the supply of renewable
 854 energy or renewable energy credits was not adequate to satisfy

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855	the demand for such energy or that the cost of securing
856	renewable energy or renewable energy credits was cost
857	prohibitive.
858	- 3. May provide added weight to energy provided by wind and
859	solar photovoltaic over other forms of renewable energy, whether
860	directly supplied or procured or indirectly obtained through the
861	purchase of renewable energy credits.
862	4. Shall determine an appropriate period of time for which
863	renewable energy credits may be used for purposes of compliance
864	with the renewable portfolio standard.
865	5. Shall provide for monitoring of compliance with and
866	enforcement of the requirements of this section.
867	6. Shall ensure that energy credited toward compliance with
868	the requirements of this section is not credited toward any
869	other purpose.
870	7. Shall include procedures to track and account for
871	renewable energy credits, including ownership of renewable
872	energy credits that are derived from a customer-owned renewable
873	energy facility as a result of any action by a customer of an
874	electric power supplier that is independent of a program
875	sponsored by the electric power supplier.
876	8. Shall provide for the conditions and options for the
877	repeal or alteration of the rule in the event that new
878	provisions of federal law supplant or conflict with the rule.
879	(c) Beginning on April 1 of the year following final
880	adoption of the commission's renewable portfolio standard rule,
881	each provider shall submit a report to the commission describing
882	the steps that have been taken in the previous year and the
883	steps that will be taken in the future to add renewable energy
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to the provider's energy supply portfolio. The report shall state whether the provider was in compliance with the renewable portfolio standard during the previous year and how it will comply with the renewable portfolio standard in the upcoming year.

889 (4) In order to demonstrate the feasibility and viability 890 of clean energy systems, the commission shall provide for full 891 cost recovery under the environmental cost-recovery clause of 892 all reasonable and prudent costs incurred by a provider for 893 renewable energy projects that are zero greenhouse gas emitting 894 at the point of generation, up to a total of 110 megawatts 895 statewide, and for which the provider has secured necessary 896 land, zoning permits, and transmission rights within the state. 897 Such costs shall be deemed reasonable and prudent for purposes 898 of cost recovery so long as the provider has used reasonable and 899 customary industry practices in the design, procurement, and 900 construction of the project in a cost-effective manner 901 appropriate to the location of the facility. The provider shall 902 report to the commission as part of the cost-recovery proceedings the construction costs, in-service costs, operating 903 904 and maintenance costs, hourly energy production of the renewable 905 energy project, and any other information deemed relevant by the 906 commission. Any provider constructing a clean energy facility 907 pursuant to this section shall file for cost recovery no later 908 than July 1, 2009.

909 <u>(3) (5)</u> Each municipal electric utility and rural electric 910 cooperative shall develop standards for the promotion, 911 encouragement, and expansion of the use of renewable energy 912 resources and energy conservation and efficiency measures. On or

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913	before April 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, each municipal
914	electric utility and electric cooperative shall submit to the
915	commission a report that identifies such standards.
916	(4) (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impede
917	or impair terms and conditions of existing contracts.
918	(5) (7) The commission may adopt rules to administer and
919	implement the provisions of this section.
920	Section 11. Section 366.94, Florida Statutes, is created to
921	read:
922	366.94 Electric vehicle charging stations
923	(1) The provision of electric vehicle charging to the
924	public by a nonutility is not the retail sale of electricity for
925	the purposes of this chapter. The rates, terms, and conditions
926	of electric vehicle charging services by a nonutility are not
927	subject to regulation under this chapter. This section does not
928	affect the ability of individuals, businesses, or governmental
929	entities to acquire, install, or use an electric vehicle charger
930	for their own vehicles.
931	(2) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
932	shall adopt rules to provide definitions, methods of sale,
933	labeling requirements, and price-posting requirements for
934	electric vehicle charging stations to allow for consistency for
935	consumers and the industry.
936	(3)(a) It is unlawful for a person to stop, stand, or park
937	a vehicle that is not capable of using an electrical recharging
938	station within any parking space specifically designated for
939	charging an electric vehicle.
940	(b) If a law enforcement officer finds a motor vehicle in
941	violation of this subsection, the officer or specialist shall

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942	charge the operator or other person in charge of the vehicle in
943	violation with a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as
944	provided in s. 316.008(4) or s. 318.18.
945	(4) The Public Service Commission is directed to conduct a
946	study of the potential effects of public charging stations and
947	privately owned electric vehicle charging on both energy
948	consumption and the impact on the electric grid in the state.
949	The Public Service Commission shall also investigate the
950	feasibility of using off-grid solar photovoltaic power as a
951	source of electricity for the electric vehicle charging
952	stations. The commission shall submit the results of the study
953	to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
954	Representatives, and the Executive Office of the Governor by
955	December 31, 2012.
956	Section 12. Paragraph (n) is added to subsection (2) of
957	section 377.703, Florida Statutes, to read:
958	377.703 Additional functions of the Department of
959	Agriculture and Consumer Services
960	(2) DUTIES.—The department shall perform the following
961	functions, unless as otherwise provided, consistent with the
962	development of a state energy policy:
963	(n) On an annual basis, the department shall prepare an
964	assessment of the utilization of the tax exemption authorized in
965	s. 212.08(7)(hhh), the renewable energy technologies investment
966	tax credit authorized in s. 220.192, and the renewable energy
967	production credit authorized in s. 220.193, which the department
968	shall submit to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
969	House of Representatives, and the Executive Office of the
970	Governor by February 1 of each year. The assessment shall
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971	include, at a minimum, the following information:
972	1. For the tax exemption authorized in s. 212.08(7)(hhh):
973	a. The name of each taxpayer receiving an exemption under
974	this section;
975	b. The amount of the exemption received by each taxpayer;
976	and
977	c. The type and description of each eligible item for which
978	each taxpayer is applying.
979	2. For the renewable energy technologies investment tax
980	credit authorized in s. 220.192:
981	a. The name of each taxpayer receiving an allocation under
982	this section;
983	b. The amount of the credits allocated for that fiscal year
984	for each taxpayer; and
985	c. The type of technology and a description of each
986	investment for which each taxpayer receives an allocation.
987	3. For the renewable energy production credit authorized in
988	<u>s. 220.193:</u>
989	a. The name of each taxpayer receiving an allocation under
990	this section;
991	b. The amount of credits allocated for that fiscal year for
992	each taxpayer;
993	c. The type and amount of renewable energy produced and
994	sold, whether the facility producing that energy is a new or
995	expanded facility, and the approximate date on which production
996	began; and
997	d. The aggregate amount of credits allocated for all
998	taxpayers claiming credits under this section for the fiscal
999	year.

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1000 Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 526.203, Florida 1001 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that 1002 section, to read: 526.203 Renewable fuel standard.-1003 1004 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this act, the term: 1005 (a) "Alternative fuel" means a fuel produced from biomass, as defined in s. 366.91, which is used to replace or reduce the 1006 1007 quantity of fossil fuel present in a petroleum fuel that meets 1008 the specifications as adopted by the department. (b) (a) "Blender," "importer," "terminal supplier," and 1009 1010 "wholesaler" are defined as provided in s. 206.01. 1011 (c) (b) "Blended gasoline" means a mixture of 90 to 91 percent gasoline and 9 to 10 percent fuel ethanol or other 1012 1013 alternative fuel, by volume, which that meets the specifications 1014 as adopted by the department. The fuel ethanol or other 1015 alternative fuel portion may be derived from any agricultural 1016 source. 1017 (d) (c) "Fuel ethanol" means an anhydrous denatured alcohol 1018 produced by the conversion of carbohydrates which that meets the 1019 specifications as adopted by the department. 1020 (e) (d) "Unblended gasoline" means gasoline that has not 1021 been blended with fuel ethanol or other alternative fuel and 1022 that meets the specifications as adopted by the department. 1023 (5) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 1024 shall compile a list of retail fuel stations that sell or offer 1025 to sell unblended gasoline. This information shall be compiled 1026 by the department as part of its routine retail fuel station inspections, authorized under s. 525.07, and from information 1027 1028 provided voluntarily by retail dealers. The Department of Page 36 of 49

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1029	Agriculture and Consumer Services shall provide this information
1030	on its website to inform consumers of the options available for
1031	unblended gasoline.
1032	Section 14. Subsection (4) of section 581.083, Florida
1033	Statutes, is amended to read:
1034	581.083 Introduction or release of plant pests, noxious
1035	weeds, or organisms affecting plant life; cultivation of
1036	nonnative plants; special permit and security required
1037	(4) A person may not cultivate a nonnative plant, <u>algae, or</u>
1038	blue-green algae, including a genetically engineered plant,
1039	algae, or blue-green algae or a plant that has been introduced,
1040	for purposes of fuel production or purposes other than
1041	agriculture in plantings greater in size than 2 contiguous
1042	acres, except under a special permit issued by the department
1043	through the division, which is the sole agency responsible for
1044	issuing such special permits. <u>A permit is not required to</u>
1045	cultivate any plant or group of plants that, based on experience
1046	or research data, does not pose a threat of becoming an invasive
1047	species and is commonly grown in this state for the purpose of
1048	human food consumption, commercial feed, feedstuff, forage for
1049	livestock, nursery stock, or silviculture. The department is
1050	authorized to adopt additional exemptions to the permitting
1051	requirements of this section if the department determines, after
1052	consulting with the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences
1053	at the University of Florida, that based on experience or
1054	research data, the nonnative plant, algae, or blue-green algae
1055	does not pose a threat of becoming an invasive species or a pest
1056	of plants or native fauna under conditions in this state and
1057	subsequently exempts the plant or group of plants by rule Such a

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1058 permit shall not be required if the department determines, in 1059 conjunction with the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences 1060 at the University of Florida, that the plant is not invasive and 1061 subsequently exempts the plant by rule.

1062 (a)1. Each application for a special permit must be accompanied by a fee as described in subsection (2) and proof 1063 that the applicant has obtained, on a form approved by the 1064 1065 department, a bond in the form approved by the department and 1066 issued by a surety company admitted to do business in this state 1067 or a certificate of deposit, or other type of security adopted 1068 by rule of the department, which provides a financial assurance 1069 of cost recovery for the removal of a planting. The application 1070 must include, on a form provided by the department, the name of 1071 the applicant and the applicant's address or the address of the 1072 applicant's principal place of business; a statement completely identifying the nonnative plant to be cultivated; and a 1073 1074 statement of the estimated cost of removing and destroying the plant that is the subject of the special permit and the basis 1075 1076 for calculating or determining that estimate. If the applicant 1077 is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, the 1078 applicant must also provide in the application the name and address of each officer, partner, or managing agent. The 1079 1080 applicant shall notify the department within 10 business days of 1081 any change of address or change in the principal place of 1082 business. The department shall mail all notices to the 1083 applicant's last known address.

1084 2. As used in this subsection, the term "certificate of 1085 deposit" means a certificate of deposit at any recognized 1086 financial institution doing business in the United States. The

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1087 department may not accept a certificate of deposit in connection 1088 with the issuance of a special permit unless the issuing 1089 institution is properly insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance 1090 Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance 1091 Corporation.

1092 (b) Upon obtaining a permit, the permitholder may annually 1093 cultivate and maintain the nonnative plants as authorized by the 1094 special permit. If the permitholder ceases to maintain or 1095 cultivate the plants authorized by the special permit, if the 1096 permit expires, or if the permitholder ceases to abide by the 1097 conditions of the special permit, the permitholder shall 1098 immediately remove and destroy the plants that are subject to 1099 the permit, if any remain. The permitholder shall notify the 1100 department of the removal and destruction of the plants within 1101 10 days after such event.

(c) If the department:

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1103 1. Determines that the permitholder is no longer 1104 maintaining or cultivating the plants subject to the special 1105 permit and has not removed and destroyed the plants authorized 1106 by the special permit;

1107 2. Determines that the continued maintenance or cultivation 1108 of the plants presents an imminent danger to public health, 1109 safety, or welfare;

1110 3. Determines that the permitholder has exceeded the 1111 conditions of the authorized special permit; or

4. Receives a notice of cancellation of the surety bond,

1114 the department may issue an immediate final order, which shall 1115 be immediately appealable or enjoinable as provided by chapter

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1116 120, directing the permitholder to immediately remove and 1117 destroy the plants authorized to be cultivated under the special 1118 permit. A copy of the immediate final order <u>must</u> shall be mailed 1119 to the permitholder and to the surety company or financial 1120 institution that has provided security for the special permit, 1121 if applicable.

1122 (d) If, upon issuance by the department of an immediate 1123 final order to the permitholder, the permitholder fails to 1124 remove and destroy the plants subject to the special permit 1125 within 60 days after issuance of the order, or such shorter 1126 period as is designated in the order as public health, safety, 1127 or welfare requires, the department may enter the cultivated acreage and remove and destroy the plants that are the subject 1128 1129 of the special permit. If the permitholder makes a written 1130 request to the department for an extension of time to remove and destroy the plants that demonstrates specific facts showing why 1131 1132 the plants could not reasonably be removed and destroyed in the 1133 applicable timeframe, the department may extend the time for 1134 removing and destroying plants subject to a special permit. The 1135 reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the department for 1136 removing and destroying plants subject to a special permit shall 1137 be reimbursed to the department by the permitholder within 21 1138 days after the date the permitholder and the surety company or 11.39 financial institution are served a copy of the department's 1140 invoice for the costs and expenses incurred by the department to 1141 remove and destroy the cultivated plants, along with a notice of 1142 administrative rights, unless the permitholder or the surety 1143 company or financial institution object to the reasonableness of 1144 the invoice. In the event of an objection, the permitholder or

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1145 surety company or financial institution is entitled to an 1146 administrative proceeding as provided by chapter 120. Upon entry 1147 of a final order determining the reasonableness of the incurred costs and expenses, the permitholder has shall have 15 days 1148 1149 after following service of the final order to reimburse the 1150 department. Failure of the permitholder to timely reimburse the 1151 department for the incurred costs and expenses entitles the 1152 department to reimbursement from the applicable bond or 1153 certificate of deposit.

1154 (e) Each permitholder shall maintain for each separate 1155 growing location a bond or a certificate of deposit in an amount 1156 determined by the department, but not more less than 150 percent 1157 of the estimated cost of removing and destroying the cultivated 1158 plants. The bond or certificate of deposit may not exceed \$5,000 1159 per acre, unless a higher amount is determined by the department to be necessary to protect the public health, safety, and 1160 1161 welfare or unless an exemption is granted by the department based on conditions specified in the application which would 1162 1163 preclude the department from incurring the cost of removing and 1164 destroying the cultivated plants and would prevent injury to the 1165 public health, safety, and welfare. The aggregate liability of 1166 the surety company or financial institution to all persons for all breaches of the conditions of the bond or certificate of 1167 1168 deposit may not exceed the amount of the bond or certificate of 1169 deposit. The original bond or certificate of deposit required by 1170 this subsection shall be filed with the department. A surety 1171 company shall give the department 30 days' written notice of 1172 cancellation, by certified mail, in order to cancel a bond. 1173 Cancellation of a bond does not relieve a surety company of

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1174 liability for paying to the department all costs and expenses incurred or to be incurred for removing and destroying the 1175 1176 permitted plants covered by an immediate final order authorized 1177 under paragraph (c). A bond or certificate of deposit must be 1178 provided or assigned in the exact name in which an applicant 1179 applies for a special permit. The penal sum of the bond or 1180 certificate of deposit to be furnished to the department by a 1181 permitholder in the amount specified in this paragraph must 1182 guarantee payment of the costs and expenses incurred or to be 1183 incurred by the department for removing and destroying the 1184 plants cultivated under the issued special permit. The bond or 1185 certificate of deposit assignment or agreement must be upon a 1186 form prescribed or approved by the department and must be 1187 conditioned to secure the faithful accounting for and payment of 1188 all costs and expenses incurred by the department for removing 1189 and destroying all plants cultivated under the special permit. 1190 The bond or certificate of deposit assignment or agreement must 1191 include terms binding the instrument to the Commissioner of 1192 Agriculture. Such certificate of deposit shall be presented with 1193 an assignment of the permitholder's rights in the certificate in 1194 favor of the Commissioner of Agriculture on a form prescribed by 1195 the department and with a letter from the issuing institution acknowledging that the assignment has been properly recorded on 1196 1197 the books of the issuing institution and will be honored by the 1198 issuing institution. Such assignment is irrevocable while a 1199 special permit is in effect and for an additional period of 6 1200 months after termination of the special permit if operations to remove and destroy the permitted plants are not continuing and 1201 1202 if the department's invoice remains unpaid by the permitholder

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1203 under the issued immediate final order. If operations to remove and destroy the plants are pending, the assignment remains in 1204 1205 effect until all plants are removed and destroyed and the 1206 department's invoice has been paid. The bond or certificate of 1207 deposit may be released by the assignee of the surety company or 1208 financial institution to the permitholder, or to the 1209 permitholder's successors, assignee, or heirs, if operations to 1210 remove and destroy the permitted plants are not pending and no 1211 invoice remains unpaid at the conclusion of 6 months after the 1212 last effective date of the special permit. The department may 1213 not accept a certificate of deposit that contains any provision 1214 that would give to any person any prior rights or claim on the 1215 proceeds or principal of such certificate of deposit. The 1216 department shall determine by rule whether an annual bond or 1217 certificate of deposit will be required. The amount of such bond 1218 or certificate of deposit shall be increased, upon order of the 1219 department, at any time if the department finds such increase to 1220 be warranted by the cultivating operations of the permitholder. 1221 In the same manner, the amount of such bond or certificate of 1222 deposit may be adjusted downward or removed decreased when a 1223 decrease in the cultivating operations of the permitholder 1224 occurs or when research or practical field knowledge and 1225 observations indicate a low risk of invasiveness by the 1226 nonnative species warrants such decrease. Factors that may be 1227 considered for change include multiple years or cycles of 1228 successful large-scale contained cultivation; no observation of 1229 plant, algae, or blue-green algae escape from managed areas; or 1230 science-based evidence that established or approved adjusted 1231 cultivation practices provide a similar level of containment of

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1232 <u>the nonnative plant, algae, or blue-green algae.</u> This paragraph 1233 applies to any bond or certificate of deposit, regardless of the 1234 anniversary date of its issuance, expiration, or renewal.

1235 (f) In order to carry out the purposes of this subsection, 1236 the department or its agents may require from any permitholder 1237 verified statements of the cultivated acreage subject to the 1238 special permit and may review the permitholder's business or 1239 cultivation records at her or his place of business during 1240 normal business hours in order to determine the acreage 1241 cultivated. The failure of a permitholder to furnish such 1242 statement, to make such records available, or to make and 1243 deliver a new or additional bond or certificate of deposit is 1244 cause for suspension of the special permit. If the department 1245 finds such failure to be willful, the special permit may be 1246 revoked.

1247 Section 15. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer 1248 Services shall conduct a comprehensive statewide forest 1249 inventory analysis and study, using a geographic information 1250 system, to identify where available biomass is located, 1251 determine the available biomass resources, and ensure forest 1252 sustainability within the state. The department shall submit the 1253 results of the study to the President of the Senate, the Speaker 1254 of the House of Representatives, and the Executive Office of the 1255 Governor by July 1, 2013.

Section 16. <u>The Office of Energy within the Department of</u> <u>Agriculture and Consumer Services, in consultation with the</u> <u>Public Service Commission, the Florida Building Commission, and</u> <u>the Florida Energy Systems Consortium, shall develop a</u> <u>clearinghouse of information regarding cost savings associated</u>

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1261 with various energy efficiency and conservation measures. The 1262 department shall post the information on its website by July 1, 1263 2013. Section 17. For the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the nonrecurring 1264 1265 sum of \$250,000 is appropriated from the Florida Public Service 1266 Regulatory Trust Fund for the purpose of the Public Service 1267 Commission, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture 1268 and Consumer Services, contracting for an independent evaluation of the Florida Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act to 1269 1270 determine if the act remains in the public interest. The 1271 evaluation must consider the costs to ratepayers, the incentives 1272 and disincentives associated with the provisions in the act, and 1273 if the programs create benefits without undue burden on the 1274 customer. The models and methods used to determine conservation 1275 goals must be specifically addressed in the report. The 1276 commission shall submit the report to the President of the 1277 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 1278 Executive Office of the Governor by January 31, 2013. 1279 Section 18. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012. 1280 1281 1282 And the title is amended as follows: 1283 Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert: 1284 1285 A bill to be entitled 1286 An act relating to energy; amending s. 163.08, F.S.;

1287 revising the definition of the term "local 1288 government"; amending s. 186.801, F.S.; adding factors 1289 for the Public Service Commission to consider in

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1290 reviewing the 10-year site plans submitted to the 1291 commission by electric utilities; amending s. 212.055, F.S.; providing for a portion of the proceeds of the 1292 1293 local government infrastructure surtax to be used for 1294 financial assistance to residential and commercial 1295 property owners who make energy efficiency 1296 improvements or install renewable energy devices; 1297 defining the term "energy efficiency improvement"; 1298 amending s. 212.08, F.S.; providing definitions for the terms "biodiesel," "ethanol," and "renewable 1299 fuel"; providing for tax exemptions in the form of a 1300 1301 rebate for the sale or use of certain equipment, 1302 machinery, and other materials for renewable energy 1303 technologies; providing eligibility requirements and 1304 tax credit limits; authorizing the Department of 1305 Revenue and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 1306 Services to adopt rules; directing the Department of 1307 Agriculture and Consumer Services to determine and 1308 publish certain information relating to exemptions; 1309 providing for expiration of the exemption; amending s. 1310 213.053, F.S.; expanding the authority of the 1311 Department of Revenue to disclose certain information; 1312 amending s. 220.192, F.S.; providing definitions; 1313 reestablishing a corporate tax credit for certain 1314 costs related to renewable energy technologies; 1315 providing eligibility requirements and credit limits; 1316 providing for use of authorized but unallocated credit 1317 amounts; providing rulemaking authority to the 1318 Department of Revenue and the Department of

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1319 Agriculture and Consumer Services; directing the 1320 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to 1321 determine and publish certain information; providing 1322 for expiration of the tax credit; amending s. 220.193, 1323 F.S.; reestablishing a corporate tax credit for 1324 renewable energy production; providing definitions; 1325 providing a tax credit for the production and sale of 1326 renewable energy; providing requirements relating to 1327 the priority and proration of such tax credits under 1328 certain circumstances; providing for the use and 1329 transfer of the tax credit; limiting the amount of tax 1330 credits that may be granted to an individual taxpayer 1331 per state fiscal year and for all taxpayers per state 1332 fiscal year; increasing the cap for all taxpayers 1333 during a specified period; providing for use of 1334 authorized but unallocated credit amounts; providing 1335 rulemaking authority to the Department of Revenue and 1336 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; 1337 directing the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 1338 Services to provide certain information on its 1339 website; providing for expiration of the tax credit; 1340 amending s. 255.257, F.S.; directing the Department of 1341 Management Services, in coordination with the 1342 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, to 1343 further develop the state energy management plan; amending s. 288.106, F.S.; redefining the term "target 1344 1345 industry business," for purposes of a tax refund 1346 program, to exclude certain electrical utilities; 1347 amending s. 366.92, F.S.; deleting an obsolete

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1348 directive to the Public Service Commission to adopt 1349 rules for a renewable portfolio standard; deleting 1350 related definitions; removing a provision that allowed 1351 full cost recovery for certain renewable energy 1352 projects; creating s. 366.94, F.S.; providing that the 1353 provision of electric vehicle charging to the public 1354 by a nonutility is not the retail sale of electricity; 1355 providing that the rates, terms, and conditions of 1356 electric vehicle charging services by a nonutility are 1357 not subject to regulation under ch. 366, F.S.; 1358 requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 1359 Services to develop rules for sales at electric 1360 vehicle charging stations; prohibiting the obstruction 1361 of a parking space at an electric vehicle charging 1362 station; providing a penalty; requiring that the 1363 Public Service Commission study the effects of 1364 charging stations on energy consumption in the state 1365 and the effects on the grid and report the results to 1366 the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House 1367 of Representatives, and the Executive Office of the 1368 Governor; amending s. 377.703, F.S.; requiring the 1369 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to 1370 annually prepare an assessment of the use of specified 1371 energy-related tax credits; requiring specified 1372 information to be included in such assessment; 1373 amending s. 526.203, F.S.; revising the definitions of 1374 the terms "blended gasoline" and "unblended gasoline"; defining the term "alternative fuel"; directing the 1375 1376 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to

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1377 compile a list of retail fuel stations that sell or 1378 offer to sell unblended gasoline and provide that 1379 information on the department's website; amending s. 1380 581.083, F.S.; prohibiting the cultivation of certain 1381 algae in plantings greater in size than 2 contiguous 1382 acres; providing exceptions; providing for exemption 1383 from special permitting requirements by rule; revising 1384 certain bonding requirements; requiring the Department 1385 of Agriculture and Consumer Services to conduct a 1386 statewide forest inventory; requiring the Department 1387 of Agriculture and Consumer Services to work with 1388 other specified entities to develop information on 1389 cost savings for energy efficiency and conservation 1390 measures and post it on the department's website; 1391 providing an appropriation from the Florida Public 1392 Service Regulatory Trust Fund for the purpose of the Public Service Commission, in consultation with the 1393 1394 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, to 1395 contract for an independent evaluation of the Florida 1396 Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act; requiring 1397 reports to the Legislature and the Executive Office of 1398 the Governor; providing an effective date.