A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to hiring, leasing, or obtaining 3 personal property or equipment with the intent to 4 defraud; amending s. 812.155, F.S.; revising 5 requirements for notice to the lessee of the property 6 or equipment after failure to return it when due; 7 providing examples of prima facie evidence of 8 abandonment or refusal to redeliver the property or 9 equipment; providing that possession of the property 10 or equipment by a third party is not a defense to 11 failure to return the property or equipment; providing that the lessor of a vehicle that is not returned at 12 the conclusion of the lease who satisfies specified 13 14 requirements concerning the vehicle is entitled to 15 report the vehicle as stolen; providing an effective 16 date.

1718

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

1920

Section 1. Section 812.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

22

23

24

21

812.155 Hiring, leasing, or obtaining personal property or equipment with the intent to defraud; failing to return hired or leased personal property or equipment; rules of evidence.—

2526

27

28

(1) OBTAINING BY TRICK, FALSE REPRESENTATION, ETC.—A person who Whoever, with the intent to defraud the owner or any other person lawfully possessing any personal property or equipment, obtains the custody of the such personal property or

Page 1 of 5

equipment by trick, deceit, or fraudulent or willful false representation commits: shall be guilty of

- (a) A misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if unless the value of the personal property or equipment is less than of a value of \$300. or more; in that event the violation constitutes
- (b) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the value of the property or equipment is \$300 or more.
- who Whoever, with intent to defraud the owner or any other person lawfully possessing any personal property or equipment of the rental thereof, hires or leases the personal property or equipment from the owner or the owner's agents or any other person in lawful possession thereof commits: shall, upon conviction, be guilty of
- (a) A misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if unless the value of the personal property or equipment is less than of a value of \$300.
- (b) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the value of the property or equipment is \$300 or more.
- (3) FAILURE TO REDELIVER HIRED OR LEASED PERSONAL PROPERTY.—A person who Whoever, after hiring or leasing any personal property or equipment under an agreement to redeliver the property or equipment same to the person letting it, such personal property or equipment or his or her agent, at the

Page 2 of 5

termination of the period for which it was let, shall, without the consent of such person or persons knowingly and without the consent of such person or persons abandons abandon or refuses refuse to redeliver the personal property or equipment as agreed, commits: shall, upon conviction, be guilty of

- (a) A misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if unless the value of the personal property or equipment is less than of a value of \$300. or more; in that event the violation constitutes
- (b) A felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the value of the property or equipment is \$300 or more.
 - (4) EVIDENCE.-

- (a) In prosecutions under this section, obtaining the property or equipment under false pretenses; absconding without payment; or removing or attempting to remove the property or equipment from the county without the express written consent of the lessor, is prima facie evidence of fraudulent intent.
- (b) In a prosecution under subsection (3), failure to redeliver the property or equipment within 5 days <u>after</u> receiving the demand for return from a courier service with tracking capability or by certified mail, return receipt requested <u>after receipt of</u>, or within 5 days after <u>delivery by the courier service or return receipt from</u>, the certified mailing of the demand for return, is <u>prima facie</u> evidence of abandonment or refusal to redeliver the property. Notice mailed by <u>a courier service with tracking capabilities or by</u> certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address given by the

renter at the time of rental shall be deemed sufficient and equivalent to notice having been received by the renter, $\underline{\text{if}}$ should the notice is be returned undelivered.

- any amount due which is incurred as the result of the failure to redeliver property or equipment after the rental period expires, and after the demand for return is made, is prima facie evidence of abandonment or refusal to redeliver the property or equipment. Amounts due include unpaid rental for the time period during which the property or equipment was not returned and include the lesser of the cost of repairing or replacing the property or equipment if it has been damaged.
- (5) DEMAND FOR RETURN.—Demand for return of overdue property or equipment and for payment of amounts due may be made in person, by hand delivery, by courier service with tracking capabilities, or by certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the lessee's address shown in the rental contract.
- (6) NOTICE REQUIRED.—As a prerequisite to prosecution under this section, the following statement must be contained in the agreement under which the owner or person lawfully possessing the property or equipment has relinquished its custody, or in an addendum to that agreement, and the statement must be initialed by the person hiring or leasing the rental property or equipment:

Failure to return rental property or equipment upon expiration of the rental period and failure to pay all amounts due (including costs for damage to the property or

Page 4 of 5

equipment) are evidence of abandonment or refusal to redeliver the property, punishable in accordance with section 812.155, Florida Statutes.

116117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

113

114

115

- (7) POSSESSION BY OTHERS NOT A DEFENSE.—Possession of personal property or equipment by a third party is not a defense to failure to return the property.
- (8) REPORTING VEHICLE AS STOLEN.—A lessor of a vehicle that is not returned at the conclusion of the lease who satisfies the requirements of this section concerning the vehicle is entitled to report the vehicle as stolen to law enforcement and have the vehicle listed as stolen on any local or national registries of such vehicles.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2012.