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A bill to be entitled An act relating to benefit corporations; creating s. 607.2001, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 607.2003, F.S.; providing applicability; creating s. 607.2005, F.S.; providing for the organization of benefit corporations; creating s. 607.2007, F.S.; providing for existing corporations to become benefit corporations; creating s. 607.2009, F.S.; authorizing a corporation to terminate its status as a benefit corporation; creating s. 607.2011, F.S.; requiring the corporate purposes set forth in the articles of incorporation of a benefit corporation to include certain public benefits; authorizing benefit corporations to set forth certain public benefit purposes in their bylaws; authorizing the board of directors of a benefit corporation to adopt certain public benefit purposes for the corporation under certain circumstances; creating s. 607.2013, F.S.; prescribing certain standards of conduct for, and limiting the liability of, directors of benefit corporations; creating s. 207.2015, F.S.; limiting the liability of officers of a benefit corporation; creating s. 607.2017, F.S.; authorizing a benefit corporation to bring enforcement actions for certain claims against directors and officers of the corporation; providing for commencement and maintenance of the proceedings; creating s. 607.2019, F.S.; requiring a benefit corporation to submit an

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annual benefit report to the Department of State and the corporation's shareholders; providing for public disclosure of the annual benefit reports; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 607.0128, F.S.; revising the required contents of a certificate of status, to conform; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 607.2001, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

607.2001 Definitions; ss. 607.2001-607.2019.—As used in ss. 607.2001-607.2019, the term:

- (1) "Benefit corporation" means a corporation organized under this chapter that elects to become subject to ss.

 607.2001-607.2019, the status of which as a benefit corporation has not been terminated under s. 607.2009.
- (2) "General public benefit" means a material positive impact on society and the environment taken as a whole, as measured by an independent third-party standard, from the business and operations of the benefit corporation.
- (3) "Independent" means not having a material relationship with a benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries, either directly as a shareholder of the benefit corporation or as a partner, a member, or an owner of any of its subsidiaries or indirectly as a director, an officer, an owner, or a manager of an entity that has a material relationship with the benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries. A material relationship

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between a person and a benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries is conclusively presumed to exist if:

- (a) The person is or, within the previous 3 years, has been an employee of the benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries;
- (b) An immediate family member of the person is or, within the previous 3 years, has been an officer of the benefit corporation or any of its subsidiaries; or
- (c) There is beneficial ownership of 5 percent or more of the outstanding shares of the benefit corporation by the person or an entity:
- 1. Of which the person is a director, an officer, or a manager; or
- 2. In which the person owns beneficially 5 percent or more of the outstanding equity interests, which percentage is calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests in the entity are exercised.
- (4) "Independent third-party standard" means a recognized standard for defining, reporting, and assessing corporate social and environmental performance that:
- (a) Is developed by a person who is independent of the benefit corporation.
- (b) Is transparent because the following information about the standard is publicly available:
- 1. The factors considered when measuring the performance of a business.
 - 2. The relative weightings of those factors.

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3. The identity of the persons that develop and control changes to the standard and the process by which those changes are made.

- (5) "Specific public benefit" means a benefit that serves one or more public welfare, religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or other purpose or benefit beyond the strict interests of the shareholders of the benefit corporation.
- (6) "Subsidiary" means, in relation to an individual, an entity in which the individual either:
- (a) Directly or indirectly owns equity interests entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast generally in an election of directors or members of the governing body of the entity; or
- (b) Otherwise owns or controls voting or contractual power to exercise effective governing control of the entity. The percentage of ownership of equity interests or ownership or control of power to exercise control is calculated as if all outstanding rights to acquire equity interests in the entity are exercised.
- Section 2. Section 607.2003, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 607.2003 Application and effect of ss. 607.2001-607.2019.-
- (1) Sections 607.2001-607.2019 apply to all benefit corporations in the state.
- (2) Any provision in ss. 607.2001-607.2019 does not itself create the implication that a contrary or different law applies to a corporation organized under this chapter that is not a

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112	benefit corporation. Sections 607.2001-607.2019 do not affect
113	any law that applies to a corporation that is not a benefit
114	corporation.
115	(3) The provisions of ss. 607.2001-607.2019 shall control
116	over the general provisions of this chapter with respect to a
117	benefit corporation.
118	Section 3. Section 607.2005, Florida Statutes, is created
119	to read:
120	607.2005 Organization of benefit corporations.—A benefit
121	corporation must be organized under this chapter, except that
122	its articles of incorporation, as initially filed with the
123	Department of State or as amended, must also state that it is a
124	benefit corporation.
125	Section 4. Section 607.2007, Florida Statutes, is created
126	to read:
127	607.2007 Election of status after incorporation.—A
128	corporation that was not organized as a benefit corporation may
129	become a benefit corporation by amending its articles of
130	incorporation to contain, in addition to the requirements of s.
131	607.0202, a statement that the corporation is a benefit
132	corporation. Any such amendment must be adopted under s.
133	607.1003 and be approved by all shareholders entitled to vote on
134	the amendment or, if shares have not yet been issued, the
135	amendment must be approved under s. 607.1005.
136	Section 5. Section 607.2009, Florida Statutes, is created
137	to read:
138	607.2009 Termination of status.—A corporation may
139	terminate its status as a benefit corporation and cease to be

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subject to ss. 607.2001-607.2019 by amending its articles of

141	incorporation to delete the statement required in ss. 607.2005
142	and 607.2007 that the corporation is a benefit corporation. Any
143	such amendment must be adopted under s. 607.1003 and be approved
144	by all shareholders entitled to vote on the amendment or, if
145	shares have not yet been issued, the amendment must be approved
146	under s. 607.1005.
147	Section 6. Section 607.2011, Florida Statutes, is created
148	to read:
149	607.2011 Corporate purposes; general and specific public
150	benefits.—
151	(1) A benefit corporation must have as one of its purposes
152	the creation of the general public benefit. A benefit
153	corporation must include this purpose, in addition to the lawful
154	purpose or purposes for which the corporation is organized under
155	s. 607.0301, in its articles of incorporation.
156	(2) A benefit corporation may also have as one of its
157	purposes the creation of one or more of the following specific

- (a) Providing low-income or underserved individuals or communities with beneficial products or services.
- (b) Promoting economic opportunity for individuals or communities beyond the creation of jobs in the normal course of business.
 - (c) Preserving the environment.
 - (d) Improving human health.

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public benefits:

(e) Promoting the arts, sciences, or advancement of knowledge.

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(f) Increasing the flow of capital to entities with a public benefit purpose.

- (g) Conferring any other particular benefit on society or the environment.
- Any specific public benefit created under this subsection does not satisfy the obligation of the benefit corporation to create the general public benefit.
- (3) (a) A benefit corporation may set forth a specific public benefit purpose in its articles of incorporation or bylaws and, except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws, the board of directors may also adopt a specific public benefit purpose for the corporation.
- (b) A benefit corporation may amend its articles of incorporation to add, amend, or delete a specific public benefit purpose. Any such amendment must be approved under s. 607.1003.
- (4) A benefit corporation may only create the general public benefit and any specific public benefit, if such benefits are within the best interests of the benefit corporation.
- Section 7. Section 607.2013, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 607.2013 Standards for directors of benefit corporations.—
- (1) In accordance with the general standards for directors of corporations in s. 607.0830, in discharging the duties of his or her respective position and considering the best interests of the benefit corporation, a member of the board of directors, a member of a committee, or an individual director of a benefit corporation:

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(a) Shall consider the effects of any corporate action
upon:

- 1. The shareholders of the benefit corporation.
- 2. The employees and workforce of the benefit corporation and its subsidiaries and suppliers.
- 3. The interests of customers as beneficiaries of the general and any specific public benefit purposes of the benefit corporation.
- 4. Community and societal considerations, including those of each community in which offices or facilities of the benefit corporation and its subsidiaries and suppliers are located.
 - 5. The local and global environment.
- 6. The short-term and long-term interests of the benefit corporation, including benefits that may accrue to the benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the possibility that these interests and the general and any specific public benefit purposes of the benefit corporation may be best served by the continued independence of the benefit corporation.
- 7. The ability of the benefit corporation to create the general public benefit and any of its specific public benefit purposes.
 - (b) May consider:

- 1. The factors listed in s. 607.0830(3).
- 2. The resources; intent; and past, stated, and potential conduct of any person seeking to acquire control of the benefit corporation.
- 222 3. Other pertinent factors or the interests of any other person who he or she deems appropriate.

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(c) Need not give priority to the interests of a particular person or group referred to in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) over the interests of any other person or group unless the benefit corporation states its intention to give priority to interests related to any specific public benefit purpose set forth in its articles of incorporation or bylaws or otherwise adopted by its board of directors.

- (2) Consideration of interests and factors in the manner required under subsection (1) does not constitute a violation of s. 607.0830 or a conflict of interest under s. 607.0832.
- (3) In any proceeding brought by or on behalf of a benefit corporation or its shareholders, a director is not personally liable for monetary damages for:
- (a) Any action taken as a director, if the director complied with s. 607.0830 and this section in the performance of his or her duties.
- (b) Failure of the benefit corporation to create the general public benefit or any specific public benefit.
- Section 8. Section 207.2015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 207.2015 Limitation of liability of officers.—An officer of a benefit corporation is not liable for any action taken in the performance of his or her duties as an officer, which he or she believes, in his or her good faith business judgment, is consistent with:
- (1) The general public benefit purpose of the benefit corporation or any specific public benefit purpose set forth in

251	its articles of incorporation or bylaws or otherwise adopted by
252	its board of directors.
253	(2) The requirements of any independent third-party
254	standard in effect for the benefit corporation.
255	Section 9. Section 607.2017, Florida Statutes, is created
256	to read:
257	607.2017 Benefit enforcement proceedings.—
258	(1) A benefit corporation may bring an action for any
259	claim against a director or officer of the corporation for:
260	(a) Failing to pursue the general public benefit purpose
261	of the benefit corporation or any specific public benefit
262	purpose set forth in its articles of incorporation or bylaws or
263	otherwise adopted by its board of directors.
264	(b) Violating a duty or standard of conduct under ss.
265	607.2001-607.2019.
266	(c) Failing to prepare and make available the annual
267	benefit report required under s. 607.2019.
268	(2) A benefit enforcement proceeding brought under
269	subsection (1) shall exclusively be commenced and maintained:
270	(a) Directly by the benefit corporation; or
271	(b) Derivatively by:
272	1. A shareholder of the benefit corporation;
273	2. A director of the benefit corporation;
274	3. A person or group who owns beneficially or of record 10
275	percent or more of the equity interests in an entity of which
276	the benefit or corporation is a subsidiary; or
277	4. Any other person specifically authorized in the
278	articles of incorporation or bylaws of the benefit corporation.

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(3) (a) The enforcement of any claim against a director or officer of a benefit corporation for conduct described in subsection (1) shall be enforced exclusively through a benefit enforcement proceeding brought under this section.

- (b) A person may not bring an action or assert a claim against a benefit corporation or its directors or officers with respect to the conduct described in subsection (1), except in a benefit enforcement proceeding brought under this section.
- Section 10. Section 607.2019, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 607.2019 Annual benefit report.

- (1) A benefit corporation shall prepare an annual benefit report in the format prescribed by the Department of State which includes the following:
 - (a) A narrative description of:
- 1. The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued the general public benefit during the year and the extent to which the general public benefit was created.
- 2. The ways in which the benefit corporation pursued any specific public benefit during the year and extent to which that specific public benefit was created.
- 3. Any circumstances that hindered the creation by the benefit corporation of the general or any specific public benefit.
- (b) An assessment of the social and environmental performance of the benefit corporation. The assessment must be:
- 1. Prepared in accordance with an independent third-party standard specified in the articles of incorporation, the bylaws,

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or otherwise adopted by the board of directors and applied consistently with any application of that standard in previous benefit reports; or

- 2. Accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for any inconsistent application.
- (c) Any other information or disclosures that may be required under any independent third-party standard adopted by the directors of the benefit corporation.
- (2) (a) A benefit corporation must annually file its benefit report with the Department of State by a date prescribed by the department.
- (b) A benefit corporation must also submit a copy of its annual benefit report to each shareholder of the corporation within 120 days after the end of the corporation's fiscal year or upon submitting any other annual report to its shareholders.
- benefit report on a publicly accessible portion of its Internet website, if any. If a benefit corporation does not have an Internet website, it must make a written or electronic copy of its most recent benefit report available to the public upon written request. A benefit corporation is not required to publicly disclose to persons other than its shareholders any proprietary, confidential, or individual compensation information contained in its benefit report, to the extent that any independent third-party standard adopted by the directors of the benefit corporation permits the omission of such information from public disclosure.

334	(4) The Department of State may adopt rules to administer
335	this section.
336	Section 11. Paragraphs (c) through (e) of subsection (2)
337	of section 607.0128, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
338	paragraphs (d) through (f), respectively, and a new paragraph
339	(c) is added to that subsection to read:
340	607.0128 Certificate of status
341	(2) A certificate of status or authorization sets forth:
342	(c) If the corporation is a benefit corporation under ss.
343	607.2001-607.2019, a statement that the corporation is a benefit
344	corporation.
345	Section 12. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
346	law.