1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to employment discrimination against 3 the unemployed; creating the "Fair Employment 4 Opportunity Act"; setting forth the purpose of the 5 act; defining terms; prohibiting an employer from 6 refusing to consider for employment, or refusing to 7 offer employment to, a person because the person is or 8 was unemployed; prohibiting an employer from 9 publishing in print, on the Internet, or in any other 10 medium an advertisement or announcement for a job which states or indicates that an unemployed person is 11 disqualified from consideration for the job; 12 prohibiting an employer from directing or requesting 13 14 an employment agency to take a person's status as 15 unemployed into account in screening or referring 16 applicants for employment; prohibiting an employment agency from refusing to consider or refer a person for 17 employment based on the person's status as unemployed; 18 19 prohibiting an employment agency from publishing in 20 print, on the Internet, or in any other medium an 21 advertisement or announcement for any job vacancy 22 which states or indicates that an unemployed person is 23 disqualified from consideration for the job; 24 prohibiting an employment agency from limiting, 25 segregating, or classifying a person in any manner 26 that may limit the person's access to information 27 about jobs or referral for consideration for jobs 28 because the person is or was unemployed; prohibiting

Page 1 of 6

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an employer or employment agency from interfering with, restraining, or denying the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right provided by the act or refusing to hire, discharging, or in any other manner discriminating against a person because the person engaged in certain specified lawful activities; providing an exception for a bona fide occupational qualification; authorizing the Attorney General to commence a civil action for damages, injunctive relief, civil penalties, and other appropriate relief if the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that an employer or employment agency has violated the act; authorizing the Attorney General to file an action in the circuit court in the county where the cause of action arises or in the Circuit Court for the Second Judicial Circuit in Leon County; providing procedures; providing that the prevailing party in such action is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs; providing that damages recovered under the act accrue to the injured party; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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- Section 1. <u>Discrimination against the unemployed;</u> prohibited acts; penalties.—
- 55 (1) SHORT TITLE.—This act may be cited as the "Fair Employment Opportunity Act."

Page 2 of 6

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(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to prohibit an employer or employment agency from considering a person's status as an unemployed person when screening that person for or filling a position, except when a requirement related to employment status is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to successful performance in the job, and to eliminate the burdens imposed on commerce by excluding unemployed persons from employment.

- (3) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Affected person" means a person who was refused consideration for employment or was not hired by an employer because the person is or was unemployed, or a person who was not considered, screened, or referred for employment opportunities by an employment agency because the person is or was unemployed.
- (b) "Employer" means a person who is engaged in commerce or industry, or in an activity affecting commerce, who employs

 15 or more persons each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. A person who acts, directly or indirectly, in the interest of an employer with respect to employing persons to work for that employer; and
 - 2. A successor in interest of an employer.
- (c) "Employment agency" means a business that regularly procures, with or without compensation, employees for an employer or job opportunities for an individual seeking employment and includes, but is not limited to, an agent of the employment agency and an individual who maintains an Internet

Page 3 of 6

website that publishes advertisements or announcements of job openings.

- (d) "Unemployed" means a person's present or past unemployment, regardless of the length of time the person was unemployed.
 - (4) EMPLOYERS.—An employer may not:

- (a) Refuse to consider for employment or refuse to offer employment to a person because the person is or was unemployed.
- (b) Publish in print, on the Internet, or in any other medium an advertisement or announcement for a job which includes:
- 1. A provision stating or indicating that an unemployed person is disqualified from consideration for the job;
- 2. A provision stating or indicating that an employer will not consider an unemployed applicant for employment; or
- 3. A directive or request that an employment agency take a person's status as unemployed into account in screening or referring applicants for employment.
 - (5) EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.—An employment agency may not:
- (a) Refuse to consider or refer a person for employment based on the fact that the person is or was unemployed;
- (b) Limit, segregate, or classify a person in a manner that may limit the person's access to information about a job or referral for consideration for a job because that person is or was unemployed; or
- (c) Publish in print, on the Internet, or in another medium an advertisement or announcement for a job vacancy which includes a provision stating or indicating that:

Page 4 of 6

1. An unemployed person is disqualified from consideration for the job; or

- 2. An employer will not consider an unemployed person for employment.
- (6) INTERFERENCE WITH RIGHTS, PROCEEDINGS, OR INQUIRIES.—
 An employer or employment agency may not:
- (a) Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, a right provided by this section; or
- (b) Refuse to hire, to discharge, or in another manner to discriminate against a person because the person:
 - 1. Opposed any practice made unlawful by this section;
- 2. Has filed a charge, or has instituted or caused to be instituted a proceeding, under or related to this section;
- 3. Has given, or is about to give, information in connection with an inquiry or proceeding relating to a right provided under this section; or
- 4. Has testified, or is about to testify, in an inquiry or proceeding relating to a right provided under this section.
- any other provision of law, consideration by an employer or employment agency of a person's status as unemployed is not an unlawful employment practice if a person's employment in a similar or related job for a period of time reasonably proximate to the hiring of the person is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to successful performance of the job that is being filled.
 - (8) CIVIL ACTION BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.-
 - (a) The Attorney General may commence a civil action for

Page 5 of 6

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damages, injunctive relief, civil penalties not to exceed \$10,000 per violation, and such other relief as may be appropriate under the laws of this state if the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that an employer or employment agency has violated this section.

- (b) The Attorney General may file an action under this subsection in the circuit court of the county in which the cause of action arises or in the Circuit Court for the Second Judicial Circuit in Leon County.
- (c) In any proceeding under this subsection, the respondent may request, before any responsive pleading is due, that a hearing be held no earlier than 5 days but no more than 30 days after the filing of the complaint. The court shall determine at that hearing whether the complaint on its face makes a prima facie showing that a pattern or practice of discrimination exists or that, as a result of discrimination, an issue of great public interest exists.
- (d) The prevailing party in an action brought under this subsection is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees and costs.
- (e) Damages recovered under this subsection shall accrue to the injured party.
 - Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012.