By the Committees on Education Pre-K - 12; and Education Pre-K - 12

581-01539-12 2012834c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to juvenile justice education and 3 workforce programs; amending s. 985.46, F.S.; 4 requiring that each juvenile committed to a juvenile 5 justice commitment program have a transition plan upon 6 release; requiring that the transition plan include an 7 education transition plan component and information 8 regarding delinquency treatment and intervention 9 services that are accessible upon exiting the program; 10 amending s. 985.618, F.S.; providing legislative intent regarding juvenile justice education and 11 12 workforce-related programs; requiring that the 13 Department of Juvenile Justice verify that each 14 juvenile justice education program meets specified 15 minimum standards; requiring that the effectiveness of 16 the programs be determined by implementing systematic 17 data collection, data analysis, and evaluations; 18 requiring that the programs be evaluated based on 19 student performance outcomes; providing duties for the 20 department; requiring that an annual report be 21 submitted to the Governor and the Legislature by a 22 specified date; requiring that the department 23 collaborate with certain entities to adopt rules; 24 amending ss. 985.632 and 1001.42, F.S.; conforming 25 provisions to changes made by the act; conforming 26 cross-references; amending ss. 1002.20 and 1002.45, 27 F.S.; conforming cross-references; creating s. 28 1003.515, F.S.; providing a short title; providing 29 purposes of the Florida Juvenile Justice Education

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30	Act; providing responsibilities for school districts
31	and private providers contracted by school districts
32	to offer education services to youth in juvenile
33	justice education programs; requiring that each
34	juvenile justice education program involve the
35	regional workforce board or economic development
36	agency and local postsecondary institutions to
37	determine the occupational areas for the education and
38	workforce-related program; providing requirements for
39	education and workforce-related services in juvenile
40	justice programs; providing responsibilities for the
41	Department of Education; requiring that the department
42	identify school districts and private providers by
43	performance ratings; providing criteria for
44	determining performance ratings; requiring that the
45	department make available a common student assessment
46	to measure the academic progress in reading and
47	mathematics of youth in juvenile justice education
48	programs; requiring that school districts and private
49	providers be held accountable for student performance
50	outcomes; providing for program accountability;
51	requiring that a youth who exits the program attain an
52	industry certification, enroll in a program to
53	complete the industry certification, or enroll in and
54	continue his or her education based on a transition
55	plan; requiring that an education transition plan
56	component be incorporated in a youth's transition
57	plan; requiring that each school district and private
58	provider develop the education transition plan

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59	component during the course of the youth's stay in a
60	juvenile justice program; providing funding
61	requirements for the juvenile justice education
62	programs; prohibiting a district school board from
63	being charged rent, maintenance, utilities, or
64	overhead on facilities; requiring that the Department
65	of Juvenile Justice provide maintenance, repairs, and
66	remodeling of existing facilities; requiring that the
67	State Board of Education collaborate with the
68	Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of
69	Economic Opportunity, school districts, and private
70	providers to adopt rules; repealing s. 1003.52, F.S.,
71	relating to educational services in Department of
72	Juvenile Justice programs; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.;
73	conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective
74	date.
75	
76	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
77	
78	Section 1. Subsection (6) is added to section 985.46,
79	Florida Statutes, to read:
80	985.46 Conditional release
81	(6) Each juvenile committed to a commitment program shall
82	have a transition plan upon release. Transition planning shall
83	begin for each juvenile upon placement in a commitment program
84	and shall result in an individual transition plan for each youth
85	before he or she is released. The transition plan shall be
86	developed with the participation of the youth, representatives
87	of the commitment program, school district personnel, and

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88	representatives of conditional release or postcommitment
89	probation programs, if appropriate. The transition plan shall
90	include an education transition plan component as provided in s.
91	1003.515(9), as well as information regarding pertinent
92	delinquency treatment and intervention services that are
93	accessible upon exiting the program.
94	(a) For a juvenile who is released on conditional release
95	or postcommitment probation status, the transition plan shall be
96	incorporated into the conditions of release.
97	(b) For a juvenile who is not released on conditional
98	release or postcommitment probation status, the transition plan
99	shall be explained to the youth and provided upon release, with
100	all necessary referrals having been made at least 30 days before
101	the youth exits the program.
102	(c) For a juvenile who participates in a day treatment
103	program, the transition plan shall be explained to the youth and
104	provided upon release. For a juvenile who participates in a day
105	treatment program and who is released on conditional release or
106	postcommitment probation status, the transition plan shall be
107	incorporated into the conditions of release.
108	Section 2. Section 985.618, Florida Statutes, is amended to
109	read:
110	(Substantial rewording of section. See
111	s. 985.618, F.S., for present text.)
112	985.618 Education and workforce-related programs
113	(1) The Legislature intends for youth in juvenile justice
114	programs to be provided a quality education that includes
115	workforce-related skills that lead to continuing education or
116	meaningful employment, or both, and that results in reduced

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117	rates of recidivism.
118	(2) The department shall verify that each juvenile justice
119	education program, at a minimum:
120	(a) Uses virtual course offerings that maximize learning
121	opportunities for adjudicated youth.
122	(b) Uses virtual counseling to address the educational and
123	workforce needs of adjudicated youth.
124	(c) Provides instruction from individuals who hold industry
125	credentials in the occupational area in which they teach.
126	(d) Provides instruction during evenings and weekends.
127	(e) Considers, before placement, the age, interests, prior
128	education, training, work experience, emotional and mental
129	abilities, and physical capabilities of the youth and the
130	duration of the term of placement imposed.
131	(f) Expends funds in a manner that directly supports the
132	attainment of successful student outcomes as specified in s.
133	1003.515(6) and that allows youth to engage in real work
134	situations whenever possible.
135	(3)(a) Program effectiveness shall be determined by
136	implementing systematic data collection, data analysis, and
137	education and workforce-related program evaluations pursuant to
138	ss. 985.632 and 1003.515.
139	(b) The evaluation of juvenile justice education and
140	workforce-related programs shall be based on the performance
141	outcomes provided in s. 1003.515(6).
142	(4) The department shall:
143	(a) Monitor the education performance of youth in juvenile
144	justice facilities.
145	(b) Prohibit school districts or private providers that

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581-01539-12 2012834c1 146 have failing performance ratings from delivering the education 147 services as provided in s. 1003.515(7). (c) Verify that a school district enters into a contract 148 149 with a high-performing school district or provider pursuant to 150 s. 1003.515(7) to deliver education services. 151 (5) The department, in collaboration with the Department of 152 Education and in consultation with the school districts and 153 private juvenile justice education program providers, shall 154 prepare an annual report containing the education performance outcomes, based on the criteria in s. 1003.515(6), of youth in 155 156 juvenile justice education programs. The report shall delineate 157 the performance outcomes of youth in the state, in each school 158 district, and by each private provider, including the 159 performance outcomes of all major student populations and 160 genders, as determined by the Department of Juvenile Justice. 161 The report shall address the use and successful completion of 162 virtual instruction courses and the successful implementation of 163 transition and reintegration plans. The report must include an 164 analysis of the performance of youth over time, including, but 165 not limited to, additional education attainment, employment, 166 earnings, industry certification, and rates of recidivism. The 167 report must also include recommendations for improving performance outcomes and for additional cost savings and 168 169 efficiencies. The report shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 170 171 Representatives by December 31, 2013, and each year thereafter. 172 (6) The department shall collaborate with the Department of 173 Education, the Department of Economic Opportunity, school

174 districts, and private providers to adopt rules to administer

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581-01539-12 2012834c1 175 this section. 176 Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 985.632, Florida 177 Statutes, is amended to read: 985.632 Quality assurance and cost-effectiveness.-178 179 (3) The department shall annually collect and report cost 180 data for every program operated by the department or its 181 contracted provider or contracted by the department. The cost 182 data shall conform to a format approved by the department and 183 the Legislature. Uniform cost data shall be reported and 184 collected for each education program operated by a school 185 district or private provider contracted by a school district 186 state-operated and contracted programs so that comparisons can 187 be made among programs. The Department of Education shall ensure 188 that there is accurate cost accounting for education programs 189 operated by school districts and private providers, state-190 operated services including market-equivalent rent and other 191 shared costs cost. The cost of the education educational program 192 provided to a residential facility shall be reported and 193 included in the cost of a program. The Department of Education 194 shall submit an annual cost data report to the department 195 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 196 Representatives, the Minority Leader of each house of the 197 Legislature, the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees 198 of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor, no later 199 than December 1 of each year. The annual cost data shall be 200 included in the annual report required under s. 985.618(5). 201 Cost-benefit analysis for juvenile justice education educational 202 programs shall will be developed and implemented in 203 collaboration with and in cooperation with the Department of

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204	Education, local providers, and local school districts. Cost
205	data for the report shall include data collected by the
206	Department of Education for the purposes of preparing the annual
207	report required by s. 1003.52(19).
208	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (18) of section
209	1001.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
210	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
211	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
212	powers and perform all duties listed below:
213	(18) IMPLEMENT SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY
214	Maintain a state system of school improvement and education
215	accountability as provided by statute and State Board of
216	Education rule. This system of school improvement and education
217	accountability shall be consistent with, and implemented
218	through, the district's continuing system of planning and
219	budgeting required by this section and ss. 1008.385, 1010.01,
220	and 1011.01. This system of school improvement and education
221	accountability shall comply with the provisions of ss. 1008.33,
222	1008.34, 1008.345, and 1008.385 and include the following:
223	(b) Public disclosure.—The district school board shall
224	provide information regarding the performance of students <u>in</u> and
225	education educational programs as required pursuant to ss.
226	1008.22 and 1008.385 and implement a system of school reports as
227	required by statute and State Board of Education rule which
228	shall include schools operating for the purpose of providing
229	<u>education</u> educational services to youth in <u>juvenile justice</u>
230	<u>education</u> Department of Juvenile Justice programs, and for those
231	programs schools, report on the data and education outcomes
232	elements specified in s. <u>1003.515(6)</u> 1003.52(19) . Annual public

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233	disclosure reports shall be in an easy-to-read report card
234	format and shall include the school's grade, high school
235	graduation rate calculated without GED tests, disaggregated by
236	student ethnicity, and performance data as specified in state
237	board rule.
238	Section 5. Subsection (20) of section 1002.20, Florida
239	Statutes, is amended to read:
240	1002.20 K-12 student and parent rightsParents of public
241	school students must receive accurate and timely information
242	regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed
243	of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12
244	students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory
245	rights including, but not limited to, the following:
246	(20) JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS.—Students who are in
247	juvenile justice programs have the right to receive educational
248	programs and services in accordance with the provisions of s.
249	<u>1003.515</u> 1003.52 .
250	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
251	1002.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
252	1002.45 Virtual instruction programs
253	(1) PROGRAM
254	(b) Each school district that is eligible for the sparsity
255	supplement pursuant to s. 1011.62(7) shall provide all enrolled
256	public school students within its boundaries the option of
257	participating in part-time and full-time virtual instruction
258	programs. Each school district that is not eligible for the
259	sparsity supplement shall provide at least three options for
260	part-time and full-time virtual instruction. All school
261	districts must provide parents with timely written notification

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262	of an open enrollment period for full-time students of at least
263	90 days that ends no later than 30 days prior to the first day
264	of the school year. The purpose of the program is to make
265	quality virtual instruction available to students using online
266	and distance learning technology in the nontraditional
267	classroom. A school district virtual instruction program shall
268	provide the following:
269	1. Full-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in
270	kindergarten through grade 12.
271	2. Part-time virtual instruction for students enrolled in
272	grades 9 through 12 courses that are measured pursuant to
273	subparagraph (8)(a)2.
274	3. Full-time or part-time virtual instruction for students
275	enrolled in dropout prevention and academic intervention
276	programs under s. 1003.53, Department of Juvenile Justice
277	education programs under s. <u>1003.515</u> 1003.52 , core-curricula
278	courses to meet class size requirements under s. 1003.03, or
279	Florida College System institutions under this section.
280	Section 7. Section 1003.515, Florida Statutes, is created
281	to read:
282	1003.515 The Florida Juvenile Justice Education Act
283	(1) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Florida
284	Juvenile Justice Education Act."
285	(2) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGThe Legislature finds that an
286	education is the single most important factor in the
287	rehabilitation of adjudicated youth who are in Department of
288	Juvenile Justice programs.
289	(3) PURPOSESThe purposes of this section are to:
290	(a) Provide performance-based outcome measures and

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291	accountability for juvenile justice education programs; and
292	(b) Improve academic and workforce-related outcomes so that
293	adjudicated and at-risk youth may successfully complete the
294	transition to and reenter the academic and workforce
295	environments.
296	(4) SCHOOL DISTRICT AND CONTRACTED EDUCATION PROVIDER
297	RESPONSIBILITIES.—
298	(a) A school district or private provider contracted by a
299	school district to offer education services to youth in a
300	juvenile justice education program shall:
301	1. Provide rigorous and relevant academic and workforce-
302	related curricula that will lead to industry certifications in
303	an occupational area of high demand identified in the Industry
304	Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board of
305	Education, or articulate to secondary or postsecondary-level
306	coursework, as appropriate.
307	2. Support state, local, and regional economic development
308	demands.
309	3. Make high-wage and high-demand careers more accessible
310	to adjudicated and at-risk youth.
311	4. Reduce rates of recidivism for adjudicated youth.
312	5. Provide access to the appropriate courses and
313	instruction to prepare youth for a standard high school diploma
314	or the GED examination, as appropriate.
315	6. Provide access to virtual education courses that are
316	appropriate to meet the requirements of academic or workforce-
317	related programs and the requirements for continuing education
318	specified in the youth's transition and postrelease plans.
319	7. Provide opportunities for earning credits toward high

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320	school graduation or credits that articulate to postsecondary
321	education institutions while the youth are in residential and
322	nonresidential juvenile justice facilities.
323	8. Ensure that the credits and partial credits earned by
324	youth are transferred and included in the youth's records as
325	part of the transition plan.
326	9. Ensure that the education program consists of the
327	appropriate academic, workforce-related, or exceptional
328	education curricula and related services that directly support
329	performance outcomes, which must be specified in each youth's
330	transition plan as required by subsection (9).
331	10. If the duration of a youth's stay in a program is less
332	than 40 days, ensure that the youth continues his or her
333	education or workforce-related training that leads to industry
334	certification in an occupational area of high demand.
335	11. Maintain an academic record for each youth who is
336	enrolled in a juvenile justice facility, as required by s.
337	1003.51, and ensure that the coursework, credits, partial
338	credits, occupational completion points, and industry
339	certifications earned by the youth are transferred and included
340	in the youth's transition plan pursuant to s. 985.46.
341	(b) Each school district and private provider shall ensure
342	that the following youth participate in the program:
343	1. Youth who are of compulsory school attendance age
344	pursuant to s. 1003.21.
345	2. Youth who are not of compulsory school attendance age
346	and who have not received a high school diploma or its
347	equivalent, if the youth is in a juvenile justice facility. Such
348	youth must participate in a workforce-related education program

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349	that leads to industry certification in an occupational area of
350	high demand or job placement earning full-time wages.
351	3. Youth who have attained a high school diploma or its
352	equivalent and who are not employed. Such youth must participate
353	in a workforce-related education program that leads to industry
354	certification in an occupational area of high demand or gainful
355	employment earning full-time wages.
356	(5) PROGRAM REQUIREMENTSIn compliance with the strategic
357	5-year plan under s. 1003.491, each juvenile justice education
358	program shall, in collaboration with the regional workforce
359	board or economic development agency and local postsecondary
360	institutions, determine the appropriate occupational areas for
361	the program. Juvenile justice education programs must:
362	(a) Ensure that rigorous academic and workforce-related
363	coursework is offered and meets or exceeds appropriate state-
364	approved subject area standards, and results in the attainment
365	of industry certification and postsecondary credit, when
366	appropriate;
367	(b) Ensure workforce-related instruction by industry-
368	certified faculty;
369	(c) Maximize the use of private sector personnel;
370	(d) Use strategies to maximize the delivery of virtual
371	instruction;
372	(e) Maximize instructional efficiency for youth in juvenile
373	justice facilities;
374	(f) Provide opportunities for youth to earn weighted or
375	dual enrollment credit for higher-level courses, when
376	appropriate;
377	(g) Promote credit recovery; and

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378	(h) Provide instruction that results in competency,
379	certification, or credentials in workplace skills, including,
380	but not limited to, communication skills, interpersonal skills,
381	decisionmaking skills, work ethic, and the importance of
382	attendance and timeliness in the work environment.
383	(6) DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES.—
384	(a) The Department of Education shall identify school
385	districts and private providers as having one of the following
386	performance ratings as defined by State Board of Education rule:
387	1. High performance.
388	2. Adequate performance.
389	3. Failing performance.
390	(b) The department shall consider the level of rigor
391	associated with the attainment of a particular outcome when
392	assigning weight to the outcome. The department shall use the
393	following criteria in determining a school district's or private
394	provider's performance rating:
395	1. One or more of the following outcomes for a youth who is
396	middle school age or younger:
397	a. Attaining an industry certification in an occupational
398	area of high demand identified in the Industry Certification
399	Funding list adopted by the State Board of Education, if
400	available and appropriate, and participating in continuing
401	education upon release from a juvenile justice facility.
402	b. Attaining occupational completion points in an
403	occupational area of high demand identified in the Industry
404	Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board of
405	Education and participating in continuing education upon release
406	from a juvenile justice facility.

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407	c. Completing secondary coursework and participating in
408	continuing education upon release from a juvenile justice
409	facility.
410	d. Achieving academic progress in reading and mathematics,
411	as measured by the statewide common assessment adopted by the
412	department for use in juvenile justice education programs, and
413	participating in continuing education upon release from a
414	juvenile justice facility.
415	2. One or more of the following outcomes for a youth who is
416	high school age:
417	a. Achieving academic progress in reading and mathematics,
418	as measured by the statewide common assessment adopted by the
419	department for use in juvenile justice education programs, and
420	participating in continuing education upon release from a
421	juvenile justice facility.
422	b. Earning secondary or postsecondary credit upon release
423	from a juvenile justice facility and participating in continuing
424	education upon release from a juvenile justice facility.
425	c. Attaining a high school diploma or its equivalent and
426	participating in continuing education at the postsecondary level
427	upon release from a juvenile justice facility.
428	d. Attaining a high school diploma or its equivalent and
429	obtaining job placement or self-employment in a position earning
430	full-time wages.
431	e. Attaining an industry certification in an occupational
432	area of high demand identified in the Industry Certification
433	Funding list adopted by the State Board of Education and
434	attaining job placement or self-employment earning full-time
435	wages in a position for which the student attained an industry

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581-01539-12 2012834c1 436 certification. 437 f. Attaining occupational completion points in an 438 occupational area of high demand identified in the Industry 439 Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board of 440 Education and job placement or self-employment in a position 441 earning full-time wages. 442 g. Attaining occupational completion points in an 443 occupational area of high demand identified in the Industry 444 Certification Funding list adopted by the State Board of 445 Education and participation in continuing education in order to 446 complete the industry certification in that occupation. 447 (c) By September 1, 2012, the department shall make 448 available a common student assessment to measure the academic 449 progress in reading and mathematics of youth who are assigned to 450 juvenile justice education programs. 451 452 For purposes of performance ratings, school districts and 453 private providers shall be held accountable for the performance 454 outcomes of youth until they are released from supervision by 455 the Department of Juvenile Justice. This subsection does not 456 abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22 which relate to education 457 records or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family 458 Educational Rights and Privacy Act. 459 (7) PROGRAM ACCOUNTABILITY.-460 (a) If a school district or private provider earns two 461 consecutive failing performance ratings or two failing 462 performance ratings in any 3-year period, as provided in 463 subsection (6), the school district shall enter into a contract 464 with a school district or private provider that has a high-

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465	performance rating to deliver the education services to the
466	youth in the program. The Department of Juvenile Justice may use
467	its statutory authority to sanction or prohibit a private
468	provider from delivering education services to youth under the
469	department's supervision due to noneducation reasons.
470	(b) Except as provided in paragraph (a), the school
471	district of the county in which the residential or
472	nonresidential care facility or juvenile assessment facility is
473	located shall deliver education services to youth in Department
474	of Juvenile Justice programs. A school district may enter into a
475	contract with a private provider to deliver the education
476	services in lieu of directly providing the education services.
477	The contract shall include performance criteria as provided in
478	subsection (6).
479	(c) When determining educational placement for youth who
480	enroll in a school district upon release, the school district
481	must consult with the lead educator of the juvenile justice
482	program to which the youth was last assigned and adhere to the
483	transition plan established under s. 985.46(6).
484	(d) If a private provider under contract with a school
485	district maintains a high-performance rating pursuant to
486	subsection (6), the school district may not require a private
487	provider to use the school district's personnel or require
488	qualifications of private provider personnel beyond those that
489	are necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the
490	students, as determined by the Department of Juvenile Justice.
491	(e) Each school district must provide juvenile justice
492	education programs access to substitute classroom teachers used
493	by the school district.

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494	(8) EXITING PROGRAMUpon exiting a program, a youth must:
495	(a) Attain an industry certification in an occupational
496	area of high demand identified in the Industry Certification
497	Funding list adopted by the State Board of Education;
498	(b) Enroll in a program to complete the industry
499	certification;
500	(c) Be gainfully employed and earning full-time wages; or
501	(d) Enroll in and continue his or her education based on
502	the transition and postrelease plan provided in s. 958.46.
503	(9) EDUCATION TRANSITION PLAN COMPONENT
504	(a) The education transition plan component shall be
505	incorporated in the transition plan pursuant to s. 985.46(6).
506	(b) Each school district and private provider must develop
507	an education transition plan component during the course of a
508	youth's stay in a juvenile justice program which coordinates
509	academic and workforce services and assists the youth in
510	successful community reintegration upon the youth's release.
511	(c) The development of the education transition plan
512	component shall begin upon a youth's placement in the program.
513	The education transition plan component must include the
514	academic and workforce services to be provided during the
515	program stay and the establishment of services to be implemented
516	upon release. The appropriate personnel in the juvenile justice
517	education program, members of the community, the youth, and the
518	youth's family, when appropriate, shall collaborate to develop
519	the education transition plan component.
520	(d) Education planning for reintegration shall begin when
521	placement decisions are made and continue throughout the youth's
522	stay in order to provide for continuing education, job

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523	placement, and other necessary services. Individuals who are
524	responsible for reintegration shall coordinate activities to
525	ensure that the education transition plan component is
526	successfully implemented and a youth is provided access to
527	support services that will sustain the youth's success once he
528	or she is no longer under the supervision of the Department of
529	Juvenile Justice. The education transition plan component must
530	provide for continuing education, workforce development, or
531	meaningful job placement pursuant to the performance outcomes in
532	subsection (6). For purposes of this section, the term
533	"reintegration" means the process by which a youth returns to
534	the community following release from a juvenile justice program.
535	(10) FUNDING
536	(a) Youth who are participating in GED preparation programs
537	while under the supervision of the Department of Juvenile
538	Justice shall be funded at the basic program cost factor for
539	juvenile justice programs in the Florida Education Finance
540	Program (FEFP). Juvenile justice education programs shall be
541	funded in the appropriate FEFP program based on the education
542	services needed by the students in the programs pursuant to s.
543	<u>1011.62.</u>
544	(b) Juvenile justice education programs operated through a
545	contract with the Department of Juvenile Justice and under the
546	purview of the department's quality assurance standards and
547	performance outcomes shall receive the appropriate FEFP funding
548	for juvenile justice programs.
549	(c) A district school board shall fund the education
550	program in a juvenile justice facility at the same or higher
551	level of funding for equivalent students in the district school

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552	system based on the funds generated through the FEFP and funds
553	allocated from federal programs.
554	(d) Consistent with the rules of the State Board of
555	Education, district school boards shall request an alternative
556	full-time equivalent (FTE) survey for juvenile justice programs
557	experiencing fluctuations in student enrollment.
558	(e) The State Board of Education shall prescribe rules
559	relating to FTE count periods which must be the same for
560	juvenile justice programs and other public school programs. The
561	summer school period for students in juvenile justice programs
562	shall begin on the day immediately preceding the subsequent
563	regular school year. Students may be funded for no more than 25
564	hours per week of direct instruction; however, students shall be
565	provided access to virtual instruction in order to maximize the
566	most efficient use of time.
567	(11) FACILITIESThe district school board may not be
568	charged any rent, maintenance, utilities, or overhead on the
569	facilities. Maintenance, repairs, and remodeling of existing
570	facilities shall be provided by the Department of Juvenile
571	Justice.
572	(12) RULEMAKINGThe State Board of Education shall
573	collaborate with the Department of Juvenile Justice, the
574	Department of Economic Opportunity, school districts, and
575	private providers to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and
576	120.54 to administer this section.
577	Section 8. Section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
578	Section 9. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
579	1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
580	1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual

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581-01539-12 2012834c1 581 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 582 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 583 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 584 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 585 follows: 586 (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR 587 OPERATION.-The following procedure shall be followed in 588 determining the annual allocation to each district for 589 operation: 590 (f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.-591 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten 592 593 through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the 594 "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund." 595 2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction 596 shall be allocated annually to each school district in the 597 amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds 598 shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of 599 FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program 600 and shall be included in the total potential funds of each 601 district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental 602 academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. 603 Supplemental instruction strategies may include, but are not 604 limited to: modified curriculum, reading instruction, after-605 school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, 606 extended school year, intensive skills development in summer 607 school, and other methods for improving student achievement. 608 Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any 609 manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term

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581-01539-12 2012834c1 610 identified by the school as being the most effective and 611 efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to 612 grade and to graduate. 613 3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the 614 basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile 615 616 justice education programs or in education programs for 617 juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day 618 619 school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided 620 through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund 621 and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample 622 flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to 623 assist students in progressing from grade to grade and 624 graduating. 625 4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is 626 authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust 627 Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires 628 629 remediation at a postsecondary educational institution. 630 5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, Dropout

beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, biopout
prevention programs as defined in ss. <u>1003.515</u> 1003.52,
1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in
group 1 programs under subparagraph (d)3.

634

Section 10. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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