1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to self-defense; amending s. 776.031, 3 F.S.; authorizing a person to use force, except deadly 4 force, in the defense of property; authorizing a 5 person to use deadly force, in the defense of 6 property, to prevent the imminent commission of a 7 forcible felony; providing that a person does not have 8 a duty to retreat if the person is in a certain place; 9 amending s. 776.032, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "criminal prosecution"; requiring, rather 10 11 than authorizing, a law enforcement agency to 12 investigate the use of force under certain 13 circumstances; deleting the provision that prohibits a law enforcement agency from arresting a person for 14 15 using force under certain circumstances; authorizing, rather than requiring, the court to award attorney 16 17 fees, court costs, and other expenses to a defendant 18 who used force under certain circumstances; amending s. 776.041, F.S.; deleting the provisions that make 19 20 justifiable use of force available to an aggressor who initially provokes the use of force against himself or 21 22 herself; providing additional circumstances in which 23 justifiable use of force is not available; creating s. 24 776.09, F.S.; providing legislative findings; 25 directing the Department of Law Enforcement to 26 collect, process, maintain, and disseminate 27 information and data on all incidents concerning the 28 alleged justifiable use of force in this state;

Page 1 of 5

requiring the department to annually report to the Legislature the information and data in a format and manner determined by the Legislature; requiring each law enforcement agency within the state to monthly report to the department all incidents and cases in which a claim regarding the justifiable use of force is raised; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 776.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

776.031 Use of force in defense of property others.—A person is justified in the use of force, except deadly force, against another when and to the extent that the person reasonably believes that such conduct is necessary to prevent or terminate the other's trespass on, or other tortious or criminal interference with, either real property other than a dwelling or personal property, lawfully in his or her possession or in the possession of another who is a member of his or her immediate family or household or of a person whose property he or she has a legal duty to protect. However, the person is justified in the use of deadly force only if he or she reasonably believes that such force is necessary to prevent the imminent commission of a forcible felony. A person does not have a duty to retreat if the person is in a place where he or she has a right to be.

Section 2. Section 776.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 2 of 5

776.032 Immunity from criminal prosecution and civil action for justifiable use of force.—

- (1) A person who uses force as permitted in s. 776.012, s. 776.013, or s. 776.031 is justified in using such force and is immune from criminal prosecution and civil action for the use of such force, unless the person against whom force was used is a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10(14), who was acting in the performance of his or her official duties and the officer identified himself or herself in accordance with any applicable law or the person using force knew or reasonably should have known that the person was a law enforcement officer. As used in this subsection, the term "criminal prosecution" includes arresting, detaining in custody, and means charging or prosecuting the defendant.
- (2) A law enforcement agency <u>shall</u> <u>may</u> use standard procedures for investigating the use of force as described in subsection (1), but the agency may not arrest the person for using force unless it determines that there is probable cause that the force that was used was unlawful.
- (3) The court <u>may</u> <u>shall</u> award reasonable <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees, court costs, compensation for loss of income, and all expenses incurred by the defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if the court finds that the defendant is immune from prosecution as provided in subsection (1).
- Section 3. Section 776.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 776.041 Use of force by aggressor.—The justification

Page 3 of 5

described in the preceding sections of this chapter is not available to a person who:

- (1) Is attempting to commit,  $\underline{is}$  committing, or  $\underline{is}$  escaping after the commission of, a forcible felony;  $\underline{or}$
- (2) Initially provokes the use of force against himself or herself; unless:
- (a) Such force is so great that the person reasonably believes that he or she is in imminent danger of death or great bodily harm and that he or she has exhausted every reasonable means to escape such danger other than the use of force which is likely to cause death or great bodily harm to the assailant; or
- (b) In good faith, the person withdraws from physical contact with the assailant and indicates clearly to the assailant that he or she desires to withdraw and terminate the use of force, but the assailant continues or resumes the use of force.
- (3) Leaves a place of safety to place himself or herself in proximity to a situation likely to result in a use of force; or
- (4) Pursues an alleged trespasser or assailant after the alleged trespasser or assailant has withdrawn or when the incident that gave rise to a previous confrontation has ended.
- Section 4. Section 776.09, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 776.09 Statewide system for reporting, tracking, and disseminating information regarding self-defense claims and claim resolutions.—
  - (1) The Legislature finds that transparency regarding the

Page 4 of 5

outcomes of investigations into claims regarding the justifiable use of force is vital to the integrity of this state's law enforcement function and to the public's understanding of incidents and cases involving any alleged justifiable use of force. Therefore, it is in the best interests of the residents of this state to establish a statewide database to track all justifiable use of force claims made in this state, including decisions on whether to arrest or prosecute persons who claimed to have justifiably used force as permitted in this chapter and the reasons for the decisions.

- (2) The Department of Law Enforcement shall collect, process, maintain, and disseminate information and data on all incidents concerning the alleged justifiable use of force in this state. The department shall annually report to the Legislature the information and data in a format and manner determined by the Legislature.
- (3) Each law enforcement agency within the state shall monthly report to the department all incidents and cases in which a claim regarding the justifiable use of force is raised, from the time an initial claim is raised through the full resolution of the claim or case.
- Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.