1 2 An act relating to water supply; amending s. 373.701, 3 F.S.; providing a legislative declaration that efforts 4 to adequately and dependably meet water needs require the cooperation of utility companies, private 5 6 landowners, water consumers, and the Department of 7 Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s. 8 373.703, F.S.; providing that the governing board of a 9 water management district shall assist self-suppliers, 10 among others, in meeting water supply demands in a manner that will give priority to encouraging 11 12 conservation and reducing adverse environmental 13 effects; providing that the governing board of a water 14 management district may contract with self-suppliers 15 for the purpose of carrying out its powers; amending 16 s. 373.709, F.S.; providing that certain planning by 17 the governing board of a water management district must be conducted in coordination and cooperation with 18 19 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, 20 among other interested parties; requiring that certain 21 agricultural demand projections be based upon the best 22 available data and providing considerations to determine the best available data; requiring certain 23 2.4 information if there is a deviation from the data 25 provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 26 Services; authorizing certain users to propose 27 specific projects for inclusion in the list of water 28 supply development project options; removing 29 references to alternative water supply projects;

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30	requiring water management districts to assist in
31	developing multijurisdictional approaches to water
32	supply project development jointly with affected self-
33	suppliers in certain areas; amending s. 570.076, F.S.;
34	conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 570.085,
35	F.S.; requiring the Department of Agriculture and
36	Consumer Services to establish an agricultural water
37	supply planning program that includes certain data;
38	providing criteria for development of data; providing
39	an effective date.
40	
41	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
42	
43	Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 373.701, Florida
44	Statutes, is amended to read:
45	373.701 Declaration of policy.—It is declared to be the
46	policy of the Legislature:
47	(3) Cooperative efforts between municipalities, counties,
48	utility companies, private landowners, water consumers, water
49	management districts, and the Department <u>of Environmental</u>
50	Protection, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
51	<u>Services</u> are <u>necessary</u> mandatory in order to meet the water
52	needs of rapidly urbanizing areas in a manner that will supply
53	adequate and dependable supplies of water where needed without
54	resulting in adverse effects upon the areas from which such
55	water is withdrawn. Such efforts should <u>employ</u> use all practical
56	means of obtaining water, including, but not limited to,
57	withdrawals of surface water and groundwater, reuse, and
58	desalination <u>,</u> and will <u>require</u> necessitate not only cooperation

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2013948er 59 and but also well-coordinated activities. Municipalities, 60 counties, and special districts are encouraged to create 61 multijurisdictional water supply entities or regional water 62 supply authorities as authorized in s. 373.713 or 63 multijurisdictional water supply entities. 64 Section 2. Subsections (1), (2), and (9) of section 65 373.703, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 66 373.703 Water production; general powers and duties.-In the 67 performance of, and in conjunction with, its other powers and 68 duties, the governing board of a water management district 69 existing pursuant to this chapter: 70 (1) Shall engage in planning to assist counties, municipalities, special districts, publicly owned and privately 71 72 owned water utilities, multijurisdictional water supply 73 entities, or regional water supply authorities, or self-74 suppliers in meeting water supply needs in such manner as will 75 give priority to encouraging conservation and reducing adverse environmental effects of improper or excessive withdrawals of 76 77 water from concentrated areas. As used in this section and s. 78 373.707, regional water supply authorities are regional water 79 authorities created under s. 373.713 or other laws of this 80 state. 81 (2) Shall assist counties, municipalities, special 82 districts, publicly owned or privately owned water utilities, 83 multijurisdictional water supply entities, or regional water supply authorities, or self-suppliers in meeting water supply 84

85 needs in such manner as will give priority to encouraging 86 conservation and reducing adverse environmental effects of 87 improper or excessive withdrawals of water from concentrated

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89 (9) May join with one or more other water management 90 districts, counties, municipalities, special districts, publicly owned or privately owned water utilities, multijurisdictional 91 water supply entities, or regional water supply authorities, or 92 93 self-suppliers for the purpose of carrying out any of its 94 powers, and may contract with such other entities to finance 95 acquisitions, construction, operation, and maintenance, provided 96 that such contracts are consistent with the public interest. The 97 contract may provide for contributions to be made by each party to the contract thereto, for the division and apportionment of 98 the expenses of acquisitions, construction, operation, and 99 100 maintenance, and for the division and apportionment of resulting the benefits, services, and products therefrom. The contracts 101 102 may contain other covenants and agreements necessary and 103 appropriate to accomplish their purposes.

Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 373.709, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

107

88

areas.

373.709 Regional water supply planning.-

108 (1) The governing board of each water management district 109 shall conduct water supply planning for a any water supply planning region within the district identified in the 110 111 appropriate district water supply plan under s. 373.036, where 112 it determines that existing sources of water are not adequate to supply water for all existing and future reasonable-beneficial 113 114 uses and to sustain the water resources and related natural 115 systems for the planning period. The planning must be conducted 116 in an open public process, in coordination and cooperation with

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117 local governments, regional water supply authorities, 118 government-owned and privately owned water and wastewater 119 utilities, multijurisdictional water supply entities, self-120 suppliers, reuse utilities, the Department of Environmental 121 Protection, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, and other affected and interested parties. The districts shall 122 123 actively engage in public education and outreach to all affected 124 local entities and their officials, as well as members of the 125 public, in the planning process and in seeking input. During 126 preparation, but before prior to completion of the regional 127 water supply plan, the district shall must conduct at least one public workshop to discuss the technical data and modeling tools 128 129 anticipated to be used to support the regional water supply 130 plan. The district shall also hold several public meetings to communicate the status, overall conceptual intent, and impacts 131 132 of the plan on existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses 133 and related natural systems. During the planning process, a 134 local government may choose to prepare its own water supply 135 assessment to determine if existing water sources are adequate 136 to meet existing and projected reasonable-beneficial needs of 137 the local government while sustaining water resources and 138 related natural systems. The local government shall submit such assessment, including the data and methodology used, to the 139 140 district. The district shall consider the local government's 141 assessment during the formation of the plan. A determination by 142 the governing board that initiation of a regional water supply 143 plan for a specific planning region is not needed pursuant to this section is shall be subject to s. 120.569. The governing 144 145 board shall reevaluate the such a determination at least once

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146 every 5 years and shall initiate a regional water supply plan, 147 if needed, pursuant to this subsection.

148 (2) Each regional water supply plan <u>must</u> shall be based on
149 at least a 20-year planning period and <u>must</u> shall include, but
150 need not be limited to:

(a) A water supply development component for each water
supply planning region identified by the district which
includes:

154 1. A quantification of the water supply needs for all 155 existing and future reasonable-beneficial uses within the 156 planning horizon. The level-of-certainty planning goal 157 associated with identifying the water supply needs of existing 158 and future reasonable-beneficial uses <u>must</u> shall be based upon 159 meeting those needs for a 1-in-10-year drought event.

a. Population projections used for determining public water 160 161 supply needs must be based upon the best available data. In 162 determining the best available data, the district shall consider the University of Florida's Bureau of Economic and Business 163 164 Research (BEBR) medium population projections and any population 165 projection data and analysis submitted by a local government pursuant to the public workshop described in subsection (1) if 166 the data and analysis support the local government's 167 comprehensive plan. Any adjustment of or deviation from the BEBR 168 169 projections must be fully described, and the original BEBR data 170 must be presented along with the adjusted data.

b. Agricultural demand projections used for determining the
 needs of agricultural self-suppliers must be based upon the best
 available data. In determining the best available data for
 agricultural self-supplied water needs, the district shall

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175 consider the data indicative of future water supply demands 176 provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services 177 pursuant to s. 570.085 and agricultural demand projection data 178 and analysis submitted by a local government pursuant to the 179 public workshop described in subsection (1), if the data and 180 analysis support the local government's comprehensive plan. Any 181 adjustment of or deviation from the data provided by the 182 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services must be fully 183 described, and the original data must be presented along with 184 the adjusted data.

185 2. A list of water supply development project options, 186 including traditional and alternative water supply project 187 options, from which local government, government-owned and 188 privately owned utilities, regional water supply authorities, multijurisdictional water supply entities, self-suppliers, and 189 190 others may choose for water supply development. In addition to 191 projects listed by the district, such users may propose specific projects for inclusion in the list of alternative water supply 192 193 projects. If such users propose a project to be listed as an 194 alternative water supply project, the district shall determine 195 whether it meets the goals of the plan, and, if so, it shall be included in the list. The total capacity of the projects 196 197 included in the plan must shall exceed the needs identified in 198 subparagraph 1. and shall take into account water conservation 199 and other demand management measures, as well as water resources 200 constraints, including adopted minimum flows and levels and 201 water reservations. Where the district determines it is 202 appropriate, the plan should specifically identify the need for 203 multijurisdictional approaches to project options that, based on

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204 planning level analysis, are appropriate to supply the intended 205 uses and that, based on such analysis, appear to be permittable 206 and financially and technically feasible. The list of water 207 supply development options must contain provisions that 208 recognize that alternative water supply options for agricultural 209 self-suppliers are limited.

3. For each project option identified in subparagraph 2.,
the following <u>must shall</u> be provided:

a. An estimate of the amount of water to become availablethrough the project.

b. The timeframe in which the project option should be
implemented and the estimated planning-level costs for capital
investment and operating and maintaining the project.

c. An analysis of funding needs and sources of possible funding options. For alternative water supply projects, the water management districts shall provide funding assistance in accordance with s. 373.707(8).

221 d. Identification of the entity that should implement each 222 project option and the current status of project implementation.

223 (3) The water supply development component of a regional water supply plan which deals with or affects public utilities 224 225 and public water supply for those areas served by a regional 226 water supply authority and its member governments within the 227 boundary of the Southwest Florida Water Management District 228 shall be developed jointly by the authority and the district. In 229 areas not served by regional water supply authorities, or other 230 multijurisdictional water supply entities, and where 231 opportunities exist to meet water supply needs more efficiently 232 through multijurisdictional projects identified pursuant to

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2013948er 233 paragraph (2)(a), water management districts are directed to 234 assist in developing multijurisdictional approaches to water 235 supply project development jointly with affected water 236 utilities, special districts, self-suppliers, and local 237 governments. Section 4. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 238 239 570.076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 240 570.076 Environmental Stewardship Certification Program.-241 The department may, by rule, establish the Environmental 242 Stewardship Certification Program consistent with this section. 243 A rule adopted under this section must be developed in consultation with state universities, agricultural 244 organizations, and other interested parties. 245 246 (2) The department shall provide an agricultural certification under this program for implementation of one or 247 248 more of the following criteria: 249 (c) Best management practices adopted by rule pursuant to 250 s. 403.067(7)(c) or s. 570.085(1)(b) 570.085(2). 251 Section 5. Section 570.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to 252 read: 253 570.085 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; 254 agricultural water conservation and agricultural water supply 255 planning.-256 (1) The department shall establish an agricultural water 257 conservation program that includes the following: 258 (a) (1) A cost-share program, coordinated where appropriate 259 with the United States Department of Agriculture and other 260 federal, state, regional, and local agencies, for irrigation 261 system retrofit and application of mobile irrigation laboratory

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262 evaluations for water conservation as provided in this section 263 and, where applicable, for water quality improvement pursuant to 264 s. 403.067(7)(c).

265 (b) (2) The development and implementation of voluntary interim measures or best management practices, adopted by rule, 266 which provide for increased efficiencies in the use and 267 268 management of water for agricultural production. In the process 269 of developing and adopting rules for interim measures or best 270 management practices, the department shall consult with the 271 Department of Environmental Protection and the water management 272 districts. Such rules may also include a system to assure the 273 implementation of the practices, including recordkeeping 274 requirements. As new information regarding efficient 275 agricultural water use and management becomes available, the department shall reevaluate and revise as needed, the interim 276 277 measures or best management practices. The interim measures or 278 best management practices may include irrigation retrofit, 279 implementation of mobile irrigation laboratory evaluations and 280 recommendations, water resource augmentation, and integrated 281 water management systems for drought management and flood 282 control and should, to the maximum extent practicable, be 283 designed to qualify for regulatory incentives and other incentives, as determined by the agency having applicable 284 285 statutory authority.

286 <u>(c) (3)</u> Provision of assistance to the water management 287 districts in the development and implementation of a consistent, 288 to the extent practicable, methodology for the efficient 289 allocation of water for agricultural irrigation.

290

(2) The department shall establish an agricultural water

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291	supply planning program that includes the following:
292	(a) The development of data indicative of future
293	agricultural water supply demands which must be:
294	1. Based on at least a 20-year planning period.
295	2. Provided to each water management district.
296	3. Considered by each water management district in
297	accordance with ss. 373.036(2) and 373.709(2)(a)1.b.
298	(b) The data on future agricultural water supply demands
299	which are provided to each district must include, but need not
300	be limited to:
301	1. Applicable agricultural crop types or categories.
302	2. Historic estimates of irrigated acreage, current
303	estimates of irrigated acreage, and future projections of
304	irrigated acreage for each applicable crop type or category,
305	spatially for each county, including the historic and current
306	methods and assumptions used to generate the spatial acreage
307	estimates and projections.
308	3. Crop type or category water use coefficients for a 1-in-
309	10 year drought and average year used in calculating historic
310	and current water demands and projected future water demands,
311	including data, methods, and assumptions used to generate the
312	coefficients. Estimates of historic and current water demands
313	must take into account actual metered data as available.
314	Projected future water demands must incorporate appropriate
315	potential water conservation factors based upon data collected
316	as part of the department's agricultural water conservation
317	program pursuant to subsection (1).
318	4. An evaluation of significant uncertainties affecting
319	agricultural production which may require a range of projections
I	

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320	for future agricultural water supply demands.
321	(c) In developing the data on future agricultural water
322	supply needs described in paragraph (b), the department shall
323	consult with the agricultural industry, the University of
324	Florida Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences, the
325	Department of Environmental Protection, the water management
326	districts, the National Agricultural Statistics Service, and the
327	United States Geological Survey.
328	(d) The department shall coordinate with each water
329	management district to establish a schedule for provision of
330	data on agricultural water supply needs in order to comply with
331	water supply planning provisions in ss. 373.036(2) and
332	373.709(2) (a) 1.b.
333	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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