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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS		
04/22/2013		
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The Committee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (17) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended to read:

7 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public 8 school students must receive accurate and timely information 9 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 10 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 11 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 12 rights including, but not limited to, the following: 13 (17) ATHLETICS; PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.-

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14 (a) Eligibility.-Eligibility requirements for all students 15 participating in a high school athletic competition must allow a 16 student to be eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year, the school in which the student makes 17 18 himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging 19 in practice before enrolling, or the school to which the student 20 has transferred with approval of the district school board, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20(2)(a). 21

(b) Medical evaluation.—Students must satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year before participating in athletics, unless the parent objects in writing based on religious tenets or practices, in accordance with the provisions of s. 1006.20(2)(d).

27 Section 2. Paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of 28 subsection (3) and subsections (5) and (8) of section 1006.15, 29 Florida Statutes, are amended, and new paragraphs (f) and (g) 30 are added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

31 1006.15 Student standards for participation in 32 interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular student 33 activities; regulation.-

34 (3) (a) Provided all eligibility requirements of this 35 section and s. 1006.20 are met, a student attending any school identified in this section is presumed eligible to participate 36 37 in interscholastic extracurricular student activities. For 38 purposes of this section, the term "public school" includes the 39 Florida Virtual School, a full-time virtual instruction program 40 pursuant to s. 1002.45, a virtual charter school, and a charter 41 school. A student remains eligible to participate in 42 interscholastic extracurricular student activities if the

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43 <u>student</u> To be eligible to participate in interscholastic 44 extracurricular student activities, a student must:

1. <u>Maintains</u> <u>Maintain</u> a grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the previous semester or a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1003.43(1).

49 2. Executes Execute and fulfills fulfill the requirements of an academic performance contract between the student, the 50 51 district school board, the appropriate governing association, 52 and the student's parents, if the student's cumulative grade 53 point average falls below 2.0, or its equivalent, on a 4.0 scale 54 in the courses required by s. 1003.43(1) or, for students who entered the 9th grade prior to the 1997-1998 school year, if the 55 56 student's cumulative grade point average falls below 2.0 on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 57 1003.43(1) which are taken after July 1, 1997. At a minimum, the 58 59 contract must require that the student attend summer school, or its graded equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 or grades 10 and 60 61 11, as necessary.

3. <u>Has</u> Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or
above on a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required
by s. 1003.43(1) during his or her junior or senior year.

4. <u>Maintains</u> <u>Maintain</u> satisfactory conduct, including adherence to appropriate dress and other codes of student conduct policies described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in interscholastic extracurricular

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72 activities is contingent upon established and published district 73 school board policy.

(d) An individual charter school student pursuant to s. 74 75 1002.33 is eligible to participate at the public school to which 76 the student would be assigned according to district school board 77 attendance area policies or which the student could choose to 78 attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open-79 enrollment provisions, or a conversion charter school when the 80 student resides within the conversion charter school's 81 attendance zone as provided in s. 1002.33(10)(c), in any 82 interscholastic extracurricular activity of that school, unless 83 such activity is provided by the student's charter school, if the following conditions are met: 84

85 1. The charter school student must meet the requirements of 86 the charter school education program as determined by the 87 charter school governing board.

88 2. During the period of participation at a school, the 89 charter school student must demonstrate educational progress as 90 required in paragraph (b).

91 3. The charter school student must meet the same residency 92 requirements as other students in the school at which he or she 93 participates.

94 4. The charter school student must meet the same standards
95 of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are required of
96 other students in extracurricular activities.

97 5. The charter school student must register with the school
98 his or her intent to participate in interscholastic
99 extracurricular activities as a representative of the school
100 before the beginning date of the season for the activity in

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101 which he or she wishes to participate. A charter school student 102 must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is 103 a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

6. A student who transfers from a charter school program to a traditional public school before or during the first grading period of the school year is academically eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first grading period if the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school year, pursuant to subparagraph 2.

111 7. Any public school or private school student who has been 112 unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in 113 interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 114 participate in such activities as a charter school student until 115 the student has successfully completed one grading period in a 116 charter school pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to 117 participate as a charter school student.

(e) A student of the Florida Virtual School full-time 118 119 program is eligible to may participate in any interscholastic extracurricular activity at the public school to which the 120 121 student would be assigned according to district school board 122 attendance area policies or which the student could choose to 123 attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open 124 enrollment policies, if the following conditions are met 125 student:

126 1. During the period of participation in the 127 interscholastic extracurricular activity, <u>the Florida Virtual</u> 128 <u>School student must meet meets</u> the requirements in paragraph 129 (a).

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130 2. <u>The Florida Virtual School student must meet meets</u> any
131 additional requirements as determined by the board of trustees
132 of the Florida Virtual School.

3. <u>The Florida Virtual School student must meet</u> Meets the
same residency requirements as other students in the school at
which he or she participates.

136 4. <u>The Florida Virtual School student must meet</u> Meets the
137 same standards of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are
138 required of other students in extracurricular activities.

139 5. <u>The Florida Virtual School student must register with</u> 140 <u>the school Registers</u> his or her intent to participate in 141 interscholastic extracurricular activities <del>with the school</del> 142 before the beginning date of the season for the activity in 143 which he or she wishes to participate. A Florida Virtual School 144 student must be able to participate in curricular activities if 145 that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

146 <u>6.(f)</u> A student who transfers from the Florida Virtual 147 School full-time program to a traditional public school before 148 or during the first grading period of the school year is 149 academically eligible to participate in interscholastic 150 extracurricular activities during the first grading period if 151 the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school 152 year pursuant to paragraph (a).

153 <u>7.(g)</u> A public school or private school student who has 154 been unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation 155 in interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 156 participate in such activities as a Florida Virtual School 157 student until the student successfully completes one grading 158 period in the Florida Virtual School pursuant to paragraph (a).

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159	(f) A student who attends a public school or a private
160	school that does not offer a particular extracurricular activity
161	may participate in such an activity on a space-available basis
162	if it is offered at any public school that the student could
163	choose to attend pursuant to district or interdistrict
164	controlled open enrollment provisions, or may develop an
165	agreement to participate in that extracurricular activity at a
166	private school, limited to one additional extracurricular
167	activity at a different school each academic year, if the
168	student:
169	1. Meets the requirements for eligibility to participate in
170	interscholastic extracurricular activities, as provided under
171	paragraph (a);
172	2. Demonstrates educational progress at the school he or
173	she attends as required in paragraph (b);
174	3. Meets the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and
175	performance that are required of other students in
176	extracurricular activities;
177	4. Pays any fees required of other students who participate
178	in the extracurricular activity; and
179	5. Registers with the school that offers the
180	extracurricular activity his or her intent to participate in the
181	interscholastic extracurricular activity at that school before
182	the beginning date of the season for the activity in which he or
183	she wishes to participate. A public school student must
184	participate in a curricular activity if it is a requirement for
185	an extracurricular activity. The student may choose to
186	participate in the required curricular activity at the school he
187	or she attends or at the school in which he or she participates



188 in the extracurricular activity.

189 (g) The parents of a student who participates in an 190 extracurricular activity under paragraph (f) are responsible for 191 transporting their child to and from the school at which the 192 student participates. The public school the student attends, the 193 school at which the student participates in the extracurricular activity, the district school board, and the Florida High School 194 195 Athletic Association (FHSAA) are exempt from civil liability 196 arising from any injury that occurs to the student during such 197 transportation.

198 (5) <u>An Any</u> organization or entity that regulates or governs
 199 interscholastic extracurricular activities of public schools:

200 (a) Shall permit home education associations to join as201 member schools.

(b) <u>May Shall</u> not discriminate against any eligible student
 based on an educational choice of public, private, or home
 education.

205 (8) (a) The FHSAA Florida High School Athletic Association 206 (FHSAA), in cooperation with each district school board, shall 207 facilitate a program in which a middle school or high school 208 student who attends a private school shall be eligible to 209 participate in an interscholastic or intrascholastic sport at a 210 public high school, a public middle school, or a 6-12 public 211 school that is zoned for the physical address at which the 212 student resides if:

213 1. The private school in which the student is enrolled is 214 not a member of the FHSAA and does not offer an interscholastic 215 or intrascholastic athletic program.

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2. The private school student meets the guidelines for the

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217 conduct of the program established by the FHSAA's board of 218 directors and the district school board. At a minimum, such 219 guidelines shall provide:

a. A deadline for each sport by which the private school
student's parents must register with the public school in
writing their intent for their child to participate at that
school in the sport.

b. Requirements for a private school student to
participate, including, but not limited to, meeting the same
standards of eligibility, acceptance, behavior, educational
progress, and performance which apply to other students
participating in interscholastic or intrascholastic sports at a
public school or FHSAA member private school.

230 (b) The parents of a private school student participating in a public school sport under this subsection are responsible 231 232 for transporting their child to and from the public school at 233 which the student participates. The private school the student 234 attends, the public school at which the student participates in 235 a sport, the district school board, and the FHSAA are exempt 236 from civil liability arising from any injury that occurs to the 237 student during such transportation.

(c) For each academic year, a private school student may only participate at the public school in which the student is first registered under sub-subparagraph (a)2.a. or makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging in a practice.

(d) The athletic director of each participating FHSAA
member public school shall maintain the student records
necessary for eligibility, compliance, and participation in the

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246 program.

(e) Any non-FHSAA member private school that has a student who wishes to participate in this program must make all student records, including, but not limited to, academic, financial, disciplinary, and attendance records, available upon request of the FHSAA.

(f) A student must apply to participate in this programthrough the FHSAA program application process.

(g) Only students who are enrolled in non-FHSAA member private schools consisting of 125 students or fewer <u>in the</u> <u>middle school grades or 125 students or fewer in the high school</u> <u>grades</u> are eligible to participate in the program in any given academic year.

259 Section 3. Subsections (1) of section 1006.19, Florida 260 Statutes, is amended, and a new subsection (3) is added to that 261 section to read:

262 1006.19 Audit of records of nonprofit corporations and 263 associations handling interscholastic activities; annual 264 report.-

265 (1) Each nonprofit association or corporation that operates 266 for the purpose of supervising and controlling interscholastic 267 activities of public high schools and whose membership is 268 composed of duly certified representatives of public high 269 schools, and whose rules and regulations are established by 270 members thereof, shall have an annual financial and compliance 271 audit of its accounts and records by an independent certified 272 public accountant retained by it and paid from its funds, in 273 accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General. The audit must be conducted in compliance with generally accepted auditing 274

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275 standards and include a report on financial statements presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles set 276 277 forth by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants 278 for not-for-profit organizations and a determination of 279 compliance with the statutory eligibility and expenditure 280 requirements of s. 1006.20. Audits shall be submitted to the 281 Auditor General, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, 282 and the Senate President within 180 days after the end of each fiscal year. The accountant shall furnish a copy of the audit 283 284 report to the Auditor General.

285 (3) Any such nonprofit association or corporation shall 286 provide a report of the number of appeals and other cases 287 involving the FHSAA and the disposition of those matters. The 288 report must include how many cases were filed, either with the 289 FHSAA or another tribunal, the number of cases that the initial 290 decision of the FHSAA or its member were affirmed, reversed, or 291 otherwise resolved, and a summary of the nature of the issue in 292 dispute. By October 1 of each year, the report must be submitted 293 to the Commissioner of Education, the President of the Senate, 294 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

295 Section 4. Subsections (1) through (5) of section 1006.20, 296 Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to 297 subsection (6) of that section to read:

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1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools.-

(1) GOVERNING NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.-The Florida High
School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated as the
governing nonprofit organization of athletics in Florida public
schools. <u>This designation expires July 1, 2017.</u> If the FHSAA
fails to meet the provisions of this section <u>or the Legislature</u>



304 does not timely designate a successor, the commissioner shall 305 designate a nonprofit organization to govern athletics with the 306 approval of the State Board of Education for successive terms 307 not to exceed 4 years each or until the Legislature designates a 308 successor. The FHSAA is not a state agency as defined in s. 309 120.52. The Legislature determines it is in the public interest and reflects the state's public policy that FHSAA operate in the 310 311 most open and accessible manner consistent with its public 312 purposes. To this end, the Legislature specifically declares 313 that FHSAA and its divisions, boards, and advisory councils, or 314 similar entities created or managed by FHSAA are subject to the 315 provisions of chapter 119 relating to public records and those provisions of chapter 286 relating to public meetings. The FHSAA 316 317 shall be subject to the provisions of s. 1006.19. A private school that wishes to engage in high school athletic competition 318 319 with a public high school may become a member of the FHSAA. Any 320 high school in the state, including charter schools, virtual 321 schools, and home education cooperatives, may become a member of 322 the FHSAA and participate in the activities of the FHSAA. 323 However, membership in the FHSAA is not mandatory for any 324 school. The FHSAA may not deny or discourage interscholastic 325 competition between its member schools and non-FHSAA member 326 Florida schools, including members of another athletic governing 327 organization, and may not take any retributory or discriminatory 328 action against any of its member schools that participate in 329 interscholastic competition with non-FHSAA member Florida 330 schools. The FHSAA may not unreasonably withhold its approval of 331 an application to become an affiliate member of the National 332 Federation of State High School Associations submitted by any

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333 other organization that governs interscholastic athletic 334 competition in this state. The bylaws of the FHSAA are the rules 335 by which high school athletic programs in its member schools, 336 and the students who participate in them, are governed, unless 337 otherwise specifically provided by statute. For the purposes of 338 this section, "high school" includes grades 6 through 12. 339 (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES.-340 (a) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that, unless otherwise 341 provided by statute, presume the eligibility of students and 342 specify limited violations that result in ineligibility for 343 students who participate in high school athletic competition in 344 its member schools. The bylaws must ensure that: 345 1. A student remains eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls each school year or the school in which the 346 347 student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic 348 team by engaging in a practice before enrolling in the school. 349 2. A student remains eligible in the school to which the 350 student has transferred during the school year if the transfer 351 is made by a deadline established by the FHSAA, which may not be 352 before the date authorized for the beginning of practice for the 353 sport. 354 3. Once a student residence or transfer is approved by the 355 district school board or private school, as applicable, the 356 student remains eligible in the school if he or she remains 357 enrolled in the school and complies with applicable 358 requirements. 359 4. An otherwise eligible student athlete is not unfairly 360 punished for rule, eligibility, or recruiting violations committed by a teammate, coach, administrator, school, or adult 361

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362	representative. Competition of otherwise eligible student
363	athletes is not prospectively limited for rule, eligibility, or
364	recruiting violations of a teammate, coach, administrator,
365	school, or adult representative.
366	5. A student is ineligible if the student or parent
367	intentionally and knowingly falsifies an enrollment or
368	eligibility document or intentionally and knowingly accepts a
369	significant benefit or a promise of significant benefit that is
370	not reasonably available to the school's students or family
371	members and that is provided based primarily on the student's
372	athletic interest, potential, or performance.
373	6. A student may not be ineligible based upon recruitment
374	or otherwise only because the student:
375	a. Participated on a non-school team or non-school teams
376	affiliated with the school in which the student ultimately
377	enrolls; or
378	b. Participated in activities sponsored by a member school
379	if, after participating, the student registers for, enrolls in
380	or applies to attend the sponsoring school.
381	7. Ineligibility requirements shall be applied to public
382	school students on an equal basis with private school students.
383	8. Ineligibility requirements shall be applied to transfer
384	students on an equal basis with nontransfer students.
385	9. Prescribed violations must be substantially related to
386	specific, important objectives and must be limited to address
387	only the minimal requirements necessary to accomplish the
388	objectives.
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390	The FHSAA shall complete a comprehensive review and analysis of



391 all existing bylaws, policies, and administrative procedures to 392 determine compliance with this paragraph by October 1, 2013. The 393 FHSAA shall provide a detailed report originating from its 394 review and analysis, which must include, but need not be limited 395 to, specifically articulating how each violation or requirement 396 in the bylaws, policies, and administrative procedures is 397 substantially related to an identified, important objective and 398 any necessary corrective action. The FHSAA shall provide a copy of the report to the Commissioner of Education, the Governor, 399 400 the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 401 Representatives by October 15, 2013. Bylaws, policies, or 402 administrative procedures that are noncompliant with this paragraph are void as of January 1, 2014 The FHSAA shall adopt 403 404 bylaws that, unless specifically provided by statute, establish 405 eligibility requirements for all students who participate in 406 high school athletic competition in its member schools. The 407 bylaws governing residence and transfer shall allow the student to be eligible in the school in which he or she first enrolls 408 409 each school year or the school in which the student makes 410 himself or herself a candidate for an athletic team by engaging 411 in a practice prior to enrolling in the school. The bylaws shall 412 also allow the student to be eligible in the school to which the 413 student has transferred during the school year if the transfer 414 is made by a deadline established by the FHSAA, which may not be 415 prior to the date authorized for the beginning of practice for 416 the sport. These transfers shall be allowed pursuant to the 417 district school board policies in the case of transfer to a 418 public school or pursuant to the private school policies in the case of transfer to a private school. The student shall be 419

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eligible in that school so long as he or she remains enrolled in
that school. Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and
enforced through the FHSAA's bylaws. Requirements governing
eligibility and transfer between member schools shall be applied
similarly to public school students and private school students.

425 (b) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that specifically prohibit 426 the recruiting of students for athletic purposes. The bylaws 427 must shall prescribe penalties and an appeals process for athletic recruiting violations. If it is determined that a 428 429 school has recruited a student in violation of FHSAA bylaws, the 430 FHSAA may require the school to participate in a higher 431 classification for the sport in which the recruited student 432 competes for a minimum of one classification cycle, in addition 433 to any other appropriate fine and sanction imposed on the 434 school, its coaches, or adult representatives who violate 435 recruiting rules. A student may not be declared ineligible based 436 on violation of recruiting rules unless the student or parent 437 has falsified any enrollment or eligibility document or accepted 438 any benefit or any promise of benefit if such benefit is not 439 generally available to the school's students or family members 440 or is based in any way on athletic interest, potential, or 441 performance.

(c) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that require all students participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year <u>before</u> prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an



449 interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be 450 administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, 451 chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, and in good standing 452 with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws must shall 453 establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history 454 and performing the medical evaluation required under this 455 paragraph, which must shall include a physical assessment of the 456 student's physical capabilities to participate in 457 interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform 458 preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The 459 evaluation form must shall incorporate the recommendations of 460 the American Heart Association for participation cardiovascular screening and must shall provide a place for the signature of 461 462 the practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that each examination procedure listed on the form was performed 463 464 by the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of the practitioner. The form must shall also contain a place 465 466 for the practitioner to indicate if a referral to another 467 practitioner was made in lieu of completion of a certain 468 examination procedure. The form must shall provide a place for 469 the practitioner to whom the student was referred to complete 470 the remaining sections and attest to that portion of the 471 examination. The preparticipation physical evaluation form must 472 shall advise students to complete a cardiovascular assessment 473 and must shall include information concerning alternative 474 cardiovascular evaluation and diagnostic tests. Results of such 475 medical evaluation must be provided to the school. No student shall be eligible to participate in any interscholastic athletic 476 477 competition or engage in any practice, tryout, workout, or other

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478 physical activity associated with the student's candidacy for an 479 interscholastic athletic team until the results of the medical 480 evaluation have been received and approved by the school.

481 (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c), a 482 student may participate in interscholastic athletic competition 483 or be a candidate for an interscholastic athletic team if the 484 parent of the student objects in writing to the student 485 undergoing a medical evaluation because such evaluation is 486 contrary to his or her religious tenets or practices. However, 487 in such case, there shall be no liability on the part of any 488 person or entity in a position to otherwise rely on the results 489 of such medical evaluation for any damages resulting from the 490 student's injury or death arising directly from the student's 491 participation in interscholastic athletics where an undisclosed 492 medical condition that would have been revealed in the medical 493 evaluation is a proximate cause of the injury or death.

(e) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that regulate persons who
conduct investigations on behalf of the FHSAA. <u>A formal</u>
<u>investigation must be completed within 90 days after the onset</u>
<u>of the investigation, and the FHSAA may not contract or in any</u>
<u>way pay for more than 520 hours of work for any investigation.</u>
The bylaws <u>must shall</u> include provisions that require an
investigator to:

1. Undergo level 2 background screening under s. 435.04, establishing that the investigator has not committed any disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04, unless the investigator can provide proof of compliance with level 2 screening standards submitted within the previous 5 years to meet any professional licensure requirements, provided:

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507	a. The investigator has not had a break in service from a
508	position that requires level 2 screening for more than 90 days;
509	and
510	b. The investigator submits, under penalty of perjury, an
511	affidavit verifying that the investigator has not committed any
512	disqualifying offense listed in s. 435.04 and is in full
513	compliance with this paragraph.
514	2. Be appointed as an investigator by the executive
515	director.
516	3. Carry a photo identification card that shows the FHSAA
517	name, logo, and the investigator's official title.
518	4. Notwithstanding s. 493.6102, maintain a valid class "C"
519	license as established in chapter 493.
520	5.4. Adhere to the following guidelines:
521	a. Investigate only those alleged violations assigned by
522	the executive director or the board of directors.
523	b. Conduct interviews on Monday through Friday between the
524	hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. only, unless previously agreed to by
525	the interviewee.
526	c. Notify at least 24 hours before the interview at least
527	one custodial parent of a student being interviewed of the right
528	to be present during the interview upon the good-faith request
529	of the parent for a reasonable period of time if necessary for
530	the parent to attend the interview.
531	<u>d.</u> e. Allow <u>both parents</u> <del>the parent</del> of any student being
532	interviewed to be present during the interview.
533	d. Search residences or other private areas only with the
534	permission of the executive director and the written consent of
535	the student's parent and only with a parent or a representative



536	of the parent present.
537	6. Provide notice to the affected student, parent, coach,
538	and school within 2 business days after the assignment of a
539	formal investigation into ineligibility or other violation of
540	law or rule. If the executive director certifies in writing that
541	a compelling need to withhold notice exists, identifying with
542	specificity why notice must not be provided, the notice is not
543	required until the investigator concludes the investigation. The
544	executive director shall provide a copy of the certification to
545	the Commissioner of Education within 1 business day after
546	signing the certification.
547	7. Provide the affected student, parent, coach, and school
548	within 5 business days after completion of the formal
549	investigation a copy of the investigation report and any
550	recommendation made by the investigator, executive director, or
551	board of directors.
552	(f) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that establish sanctions
553	for coaches who have committed major violations of the FHSAA's
554	bylaws and policies.
555	1. Major violations include, but are not limited to,
556	knowingly allowing an ineligible student to participate in a
557	contest representing a member school in an interscholastic
558	contest <u>,</u> <del>or</del> committing a violation of the FHSAA's recruiting or
559	sportsmanship policies, or colluding with a coach to prevent a
560	member or non-member school from scheduling competitions among
561	themselves.
562	2. Sanctions placed upon an individual coach may include,
563	but are not limited to, prohibiting or suspending the coach from
564	coaching, participating in, or attending any athletic activity



565 sponsored, recognized, or sanctioned by the FHSAA and the member 566 school for which the coach committed the violation. If a coach 567 is sanctioned by the FHSAA and the coach transfers to another 568 member school, those sanctions remain in full force and effect 569 during the term of the sanction.

3. If a member school is assessed a financial penalty as a result of a coach committing a major violation, the coach shall reimburse the member school before being allowed to coach, participate in, or attend any athletic activity sponsored, recognized, or sanctioned by the FHSAA and a member school.

4. The FHSAA shall establish a due process procedure for coaches sanctioned under this paragraph, consistent with the appeals procedures set forth in subsection (7).

(g) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws establishing the process and standards by which FHSAA <u>investigations into ineligibility</u> are initiated and determinations of <u>sanctions or eligibility</u> determinations against a student, coach, or school <del>eligibility</del> are made. Such bylaws <u>must shall</u> provide that:

583 1. Ineligibility must be established by clear and 584 convincing evidence;

585 2. Initial investigations into allegations of ineligibility 586 may be initiated by the FHSAA only if supported by credible 587 information from an identified source or from an anonymous 588 source with credible corroboration and which, if proven true, 589 would reasonably rebut the presumption of ineligibility. An 590 informal investigation is limited to determining whether there 591 is a sufficient evidentiary basis to initiate a formal 592 investigation and to produce the sworn testimony or affidavit 593 necessary to do so as hereinafter provided. Formal

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594 investigations into ineligibility may not be initiated unless 595 supported by sworn testimony or affidavits which, if proven 596 true, would reasonably demonstrate ineligibility by clear and 597 convincing evidence. The investigator and individual making the 598 determination shall receive and consider, from students, 599 parents, coaches, and schools, all evidence of a type commonly 600 relied upon by reasonably prudent persons in the conduct of 601 their affairs. Such evidence shall be admissible in the 602 proceeding, whether or not such evidence would be admissible in 603 a trial court in this state. An investigator or other agent of 604 the FHSAA may not conduct searches of residences or other 605 private areas during the course of an investigation. Student athletes, parents, and schools must have notice of the 606 607 initiation of any investigation or other inquiry into 608 eligibility and may present, to the investigator and to the 609 individual making the eligibility determination, any information 610 or evidence that is credible, persuasive, and of a kind 611 reasonably prudent persons rely upon in the conduct of serious 612 affairs;

3. An investigator may not determine matters of eligibility
but must submit information and evidence to the executive
director or a person designated by the executive director or by
the board of directors for an unbiased and objective
determination of eligibility; and

4. A determination of ineligibility must be made in
writing, setting forth the findings of fact and specific
violation upon which the decision is based.

621 (h) In lieu of bylaws adopted under paragraph (g), the622 FHSAA may adopt bylaws providing as a minimum the procedural

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623 safeguards of ss. 120.569 and 120.57, making appropriate 624 provision for appointment of unbiased and qualified hearing 625 officers.

626 (i) Any student, coach, or school found to be ineligible 627 has the option to challenge the ineligibility determination 628 through the FHSAA appeal process or pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 629 120.57. The FHSAA shall notify in writing the student, coach, or 630 school of this option upon making the ineligibility 631 determination. Such an administrative hearing shall be 632 expedited. The Division of Administrative Hearings may assess a 633 fee, payable by the nonprevailing party, sufficient to cover the cost of the administration of such proceedings The FHSAA bylaws 634 635 may not limit the competition of student athletes prospectively 636 for rule violations of their school or its coaches or their 637 adult representatives. The FHSAA bylaws may not unfairly punish 638 student athletes for eligibility or recruiting violations 639 perpetrated by a teammate, coach, or administrator. Contests may 640 not be forfeited for inadvertent eligibility violations unless 641 the coach or a school administrator should have known of the 642 violation. Contests may not be forfeited for other eligibility 643 violations or recruiting violations in excess of the number of contests that the coaches and adult representatives responsible 644 645 for the violations are prospectively suspended.

(j) The <u>FHSAA</u> organization shall adopt guidelines to
educate athletic coaches, officials, administrators, and student
athletes and their parents of the nature and risk of concussion
and head injury.

(k) The <u>FHSAA</u> organization shall adopt bylaws or policies
that require the parent of a student who is participating in

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652 interscholastic athletic competition or who is a candidate for 653 an interscholastic athletic team to sign and return an informed 654 consent that explains the nature and risk of concussion and head 655 injury, including the risk of continuing to play after 656 concussion or head injury, each year before participating in 657 interscholastic athletic competition or engaging in any 658 practice, tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated 659 with the student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic 660 team.

661 (1) The FHSAA organization shall adopt bylaws or policies 662 that require each student athlete who is suspected of sustaining 663 a concussion or head injury in a practice or competition to be immediately removed from the activity. A student athlete who has 664 665 been removed from an activity may not return to practice or 666 competition until the student submits to the school a written 667 medical clearance to return stating that the student athlete no 668 longer exhibits signs, symptoms, or behaviors consistent with a 669 concussion or other head injury. Medical clearance must be 670 authorized by the appropriate health care practitioner trained 671 in the diagnosis, evaluation, and management of concussions as 672 defined by the Sports Medicine Advisory Committee of the Florida 673 High School Athletic Association.

(m) The <u>FHSAA</u> organization shall adopt bylaws for the
establishment and duties of a sports medicine advisory committee
composed of the following members:

677 1. Eight physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter678 459 with at least one member licensed under chapter 459.

679 680 2. One chiropractor licensed under chapter 460.

3. One podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.

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681	4. One dentist licensed under chapter 466.
682	5. Three athletic trainers licensed under part XIII of
683	chapter 468.
684	6. One member who is a current or retired head coach of a
685	high school in the state.
686	(n) Student school attendance and transfer approvals shall
687	be determined by the district school board in the case of a
688	public school student and by the private school in the case of a
689	private school student. If the district school board or private
690	school approves the student school attendance or transfer, the
691	student remains eligible to participate in high school athletic
692	competition under the FHSAA jurisdiction.
693	(0)1. The FHSAA may challenge the student's eligibility to
694	participate in a high school athletic competition pursuant to
695	paragraph (n) by filing a petition for a hearing with the
696	Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 120.569, with
697	a copy of the petition contemporaneously provided to the
698	student, parent, coach, and school. The student remains eligible
699	unless a final order finding the student's ineligibility is
700	rendered. The Division of Administrative Hearings may assess a
701	fee, payable by the FHSAA, sufficient to cover the cost of the
702	administration of such proceedings.
703	2. The burden is on the FHSAA to demonstrate by clear and
704	convincing evidence that the student is ineligible. The
705	administrative law judge shall issue a final order pursuant to
706	s. 120.68. If the administrative law judge finds that the
707	student remains eligible, the final order shall award all
708	reasonable costs and attorney fees to be paid to all respondents
709	by the FHSAA. The FHSAA may not seek to recoup these costs and

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710 expenses from any other person, entity, or party.

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(3) GOVERNING STRUCTURE OF THE ORGANIZATION.-

(a) The FHSAA shall operate as a representative democracy
in which the sovereign authority is within its member schools.
Except as provided in this section, the FHSAA shall govern its
affairs through its bylaws.

(b) Each member school, on its annual application for membership, shall name its official representative to the FHSAA. This representative must be either the school principal or his or her designee. That designee must either be an assistant principal or athletic director housed within that same school.

(c) The FHSAA's membership shall be divided along existing county lines into four contiguous and compact administrative regions, each containing an equal or nearly equal number of member schools to ensure equitable representation on the FHSAA's board of directors, representative assembly, and appeals committees.

727

(4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.-

728 (a) The executive authority of the FHSAA shall be vested in 729 its board of directors. Any entity that appoints members to the 730 board of directors shall examine the ethnic and demographic 731 composition of the board when selecting candidates for 732 appointment and shall, to the greatest extent possible, make 733 appointments that reflect state demographic and population trends. Effective October 1, 2013, the board of directors shall 734 735 be composed of 17  $\frac{16}{16}$  persons, as follows:

736 1. <u>One charter school representative, elected from among</u>
 737 <u>its public school representative members</u> Four public member
 738 school representatives, one elected from among its public school



739 representative members within each of the four administrative 740 regions.

741 2. <u>One Four</u> nonpublic member school <u>representative</u>
742 representatives, one elected from among its nonpublic school
743 representative members within each of the four administrative
744 regions.

745 3. Four Three representatives appointed by the 746 commissioner, <u>one appointed from each of the four administrative</u> 747 <u>regions</u> <del>one appointed from the two northernmost administrative</del> 748 <del>regions and one appointed from the two southernmost</del> 749 <del>administrative regions</del>. The third representative shall be 750 <del>appointed to balance the board for diversity or state population</del> 751 <del>trends, or both.</del>

4. Two district school superintendents, one elected from
the two northernmost administrative regions by the members in
those regions and one elected from the two southernmost
administrative regions by the members in those regions.

5. Two district school board members, one elected from the two northernmost administrative regions by the members in those regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative regions by the members in those regions.

760 <u>6. Two county athletic directors, one elected from the two</u> 761 <u>northernmost administrative regions by the members in those</u> 762 <u>regions and one elected from the two southernmost administrative</u> 763 <u>regions by the members in those regions.</u>

764 <u>7.6.</u> The commissioner or his or her designee from the
765 department executive staff.

766 <u>8. One representative appointed by the President of the</u>
767 <u>Senate.</u>

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760	
768	9. One representative appointed by the Speaker of the House
769	of Representatives.
770	10. One representative appointed by the Executive Director
771	of the Florida Athletic Coaches Association.
772	11. One home school member representative elected from
773	among its home school representative members.
774	(b) A quorum of the board of directors shall consist <u>of one</u>
775	more than half of its nine members.
776	(c) The board of directors shall elect a president and a
777	vice president from among its members. These officers shall also
778	serve as officers of the FHSAA.
779	(d) Members of the board of directors shall serve terms of
780	$\underline{4}$ $\underline{3}$ years and are <u>not</u> eligible to succeed themselves <del>only once</del> .
781	A member of the board of directors, other than the commissioner
782	or his or her designee, may serve a maximum of $4 + 6$ consecutive
783	years. The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish a rotation of terms <u>so</u>
784	that approximately one-third of the members other than the
785	commissioner or his or her designee rotate off the board each
786	year to ensure that a majority of the members' terms do not
787	expire concurrently. For the purpose of ensuring staggered
788	terms, board members appointed by the commissioner prior to July
789	1, 2013, and the two district school superintendents elected
790	prior to July 1, 2013, may continue to serve on the board
791	through September 30, 2015.
792	(e) The authority and duties of the board of directors,
793	acting as a body and in accordance with the FHSAA's bylaws, are
794	as follows:
795	1. To act as the incorporated FHSAA's board of directors
796	and to fulfill its obligations as required by the FHSAA's

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797 charter and articles of incorporation. 2. To establish such guidelines, regulations, policies, and 798 799 procedures as are authorized by the bylaws. 800 3. To employ an FHSAA executive director, subject to Senate 801 confirmation. The executive director has who shall have the 802 authority to waive the bylaws of the FHSAA in order to comply 803 with statutory changes. The executive director's salary shall be 804 no greater than that set by law for the Governor of this state. 805 The executive director is not entitled to per diem and travel 806 expenses in excess of the rate provided for state employees 807 under s. 112.061. 808 4. To levy annual dues and other fees and to set the 809 percentage of contest receipts to be collected by the FHSAA 810 except that, beginning in the 2013-2014 fiscal year, all dues, 811 fees, and percentages of contest receipts that the FHSAA is 812 entitled to collect shall be fixed at the amount established in 813 the FHSAA bylaws for 2012-2013 as published on the FHSAA website 814 as of February 26, 2013, and may be increased only once annually 815 in an amount necessary to reflect changes in the United States 816 Department of Labor's Consumer Price Index for All Urban 817 Consumers (CPI-U), all items, with the resulting calculation rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount. The aggregate of 818 819 such dues, fees, and percentages of contest receipts shall be 820 allocated as follows: 821 a. Up to 55 percent for the FHSAA to be used for 822 organization operations as allowed by law. 823 b. At least 30 percent for the FHSAA to provide 824 postsecondary scholarships to students who meet qualifications 825 established by the FHSAA.

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826	c. At least 15 percent for the FHSAA to coordinate with the
827	National Center for Sports Safety and provide for the education
828	of coaches, parks and recreation staff, parents, and other
829	volunteers on the basics of sports safety and injury prevention,
830	and the well-being and health, safety, and welfare of athletes.
831	5. To approve the budget of the FHSAA.
832	6. To organize and conduct statewide interscholastic
833	competitions, which may or may not lead to state championships,
834	and to establish the terms and conditions for these
835	competitions.
836	7. To act as an administrative board in the interpretation
837	of, and final decision on, all questions and appeals arising
838	from the directing of interscholastic athletics of member
839	schools.
840	8. To levy fines, penalties, and sanctions against schools
841	and coaches found to be in violation of student eligibility
842	requirements and recruiting practices pursuant to subsection
843	(2). However, fines, penalties, and sanctions may not exceed the
844	cost to investigate reported violations and the cost of
845	associated appeals processes. The board of directors shall
846	submit an annual report to the Department of Education by
847	October 1 each year which reconciles the costs of investigations
848	and appeals with the fines, penalties, and sanctions charged to
849	member schools and coaches for each fiscal year.
850	(5) REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY
851	(a) The legislative authority of the FHSAA is vested in its
852	representative assembly.
853	(b) The representative assembly shall be composed of the
854	following:

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855 1. An equal number of member school representatives from856 each of the four administrative regions.

857 2. Four district school superintendents, one elected from
858 each of the four administrative regions by the district school
859 superintendents in their respective administrative regions.

3. Four district school board members, one elected from
each of the four administrative regions by the district school
board members in their respective administrative regions.

4. The commissioner or his or her designee from thedepartment executive staff.

(c) The FHSAA's bylaws shall establish the number of member school representatives to serve in the representative assembly from each of the four administrative regions, not to exceed six from each of the four regions, and shall establish the method for their selection.

(d) No member of the board of directors other than the
commissioner or his or her designee can serve in the
representative assembly.

(e) The representative assembly shall elect a chairpersonand a vice chairperson from among its members.

(f) Elected members of the representative assembly shall serve terms of 2 years and are eligible to succeed themselves for <u>one</u> two additional <u>term</u> terms. An elected member, other than the commissioner or his or her designee, may serve a maximum of 4 6 consecutive years in the representative assembly.

(g) A quorum of the representative assembly consists of onemore than half of its members.

(h) The authority of the representative assembly is limitedto its sole duty, which is to consider, adopt, or reject any

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884	proposed amendments to the FHSAA's bylaws.
885	(i) The representative assembly shall meet as a body
886	annually. A two-thirds majority of the votes cast by members
887	present is required for passage of any proposal.
888	(6) PUBLIC LIAISON ADVISORY COMMITTEE
889	(f) Members of the public liaison advisory committee are
890	entitled to per diem and travel expenses at the same rate
891	provided for state employees under s. 112.061.
892	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.
893	
894	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
895	And the title is amended as follows:
896	Delete everything before the enacting clause
897	and insert:
898	A bill to be entitled
899	An act relating to high school athletics; reenacting
900	and amending s. 1002.20(17), F.S.; making technical
901	changes; amending s. 1006.15, F.S.; revising criteria
902	for student eligibility for participation in
903	extracurricular activities; defining the term "public
904	school"; authorizing certain students to participate
905	in an extracurricular activity at another school
906	subject to certain requirements; amending s. 1006.19,
907	F.S.; providing requirements for an annual financial
908	and compliance audit of an association that supervises
909	interscholastic activities of public high schools;
910	requiring that an association or corporation that
911	supervises interscholastic activities of public high
912	schools complete a report; specifying report



913 requirements; requiring the report to be submitted to the Commissioner of Education and the Legislature 914 915 annually; amending s. 1006.20, F.S.; providing that 916 the designation of the Florida High School Athletic 917 Association (FHSAA) as the governing nonprofit 918 organization of athletics expires on a specified date; 919 specifying that the FHSAA is subject to the provisions 920 of chs. 119 and 286, F.S.; revising the criteria for 921 bylaws, policies, or guidelines adopted by the FHSAA; 922 requiring the FHSAA to complete a review by a 923 specified date; requiring that the FHSAA submit a 924 report to the Commissioner of Education, the Governor, 925 and the Legislature; providing requirements for 926 investigations and investigators; authorizing the 927 assessment of fees to cover costs for certain 928 proceedings; establishing notice requirements; 929 providing procedures for student residence and 930 transfer approvals; providing for hearings before the 931 Division of Administrative Hearings (DOAH); 932 authorizing DOAH to assess fees payable by the 933 nonprevailing party to administer the hearings; 934 providing that the burden is on the FHSAA to 935 demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that a 936 student is ineligible to participate in a high school 937 athletic competition; requiring that the FHSAA pay 938 costs and attorney fees in certain circumstances; 939 revising the composition of the board of directors of 940 the FHSAA and terms of office; revising what 941 constitutes a quorum of the board of directors;

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942 providing that the appointment of the executive 943 director is subject to Senate confirmation; providing restrictions on the salary, per diem, and travel 944 expenses of the FHSAA's executive director; revising 945 946 provisions relating to the FHSAA's representative 947 assembly; providing restrictions on the levy of dues 948 and fees and the collection of contest receipts; 949 providing authority to levy fines, penalties, and 950 sanctions against schools and coaches; providing that 951 members of the FHSAA's public liaison advisory 952 committee are entitled to reimbursement for per diem 953 and travel expenses at the same rate as state 954 employees; providing an effective date.