1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to paper reduction; amending s. 3 97.052, F.S.; requiring that the uniform statewide 4 voter registration application be designed to elicit 5 the e-mail address of an applicant and whether the 6 applicant desires to receive sample ballots by e-mail; 7 amending s. 101.20, F.S.; authorizing a supervisor of 8 elections to send a sample ballot to a registered 9 elector by e-mail under certain circumstances; amending s. 200.069, F.S.; authorizing the property 10 11 appraiser to prepare and make available on the 12 office's website the notice of proposed property taxes 13 if approved by ordinance of the county governing board; providing additional notice requirements; 14 15 amending s. 553.79, F.S.; providing authorization for a building's site plans to be maintained in electronic 16 17 form at the work site; requiring that the plans be 18 open to inspection by the building official or a duly authorized representative; amending s. 627.421, F.S.; 19 authorizing an insurer to post certain insurance 20 policies on its website in lieu of mailing or 21 22 delivering a policy to the insureds; providing 23 additional requirements for accessibility and 24 retrievability by the insured; amending ss. 192.0105, 25 197.3635, and 200.065, F.S.; revising cross-26 references; providing an effective date. 27

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraphs (e) through (t) of subsection (2) of section 97.052, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (f) through (u), respectively, and a new paragraph (e) is added to that section, to read:

97.052 Uniform statewide voter registration application.-

- (2) The uniform statewide voter registration application must be designed to elicit the following information from the applicant:
- (e) E-mail address and whether the applicant wishes to receive sample ballots by e-mail.

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The registration application must be in plain language and designed so that convicted felons whose civil rights have been restored and persons who have been adjudicated mentally incapacitated and have had their voting rights restored are not required to reveal their prior conviction or adjudication.

46 47 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 101.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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101.20 Publication of ballot form; sample ballots.—

50 51 sample ballot <u>may shall</u> be published by the supervisor of elections in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, <u>before prior to</u> the day of election. <u>A supervisor may send a</u>

(2) Upon completion of the list of qualified candidates, a

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sample ballot to each registered elector by e-mail at least 7 days before any election if an e-mail address has been provided

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and the elector has not opted out of receipt of a sample ballot

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by electronic delivery. If an e-mail address has not been

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provided, or if the elector has opted out of electronic delivery, If the county has an addressograph or equivalent system for mailing to registered electors, a sample ballot may be mailed to each registered elector or to each household in which there is a registered elector, in lieu of publication, at least 7 days before prior to any election.

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Section 3. Section 200.069, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

200.069 Notice of proposed property taxes and non-ad valorem assessments.—

(1) (a) Pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(b), the property appraiser, in the name of the taxing authorities and local governing boards levying non-ad valorem assessments within his or her jurisdiction and at the expense of the county, shall prepare and deliver by first-class mail to each taxpayer to be listed on the current year's assessment roll a notice of proposed property taxes, which notice shall contain the elements and use the format provided in the following form. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 195.022, no county officer shall use a form other than that provided herein. The Department of Revenue may adjust the spacing and placement on the form of the elements listed in this section as it considers necessary based on changes in conditions necessitated by various taxing authorities. If the elements are in the order listed, the placement of the listed columns may be varied at the discretion and expense of the property appraiser, and the property appraiser may use printing technology and devices to complete the form, the spacing, and the placement of the information in

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the columns. A county officer may use a form other than that provided by the department for purposes of this part, but only if his or her office pays the related expenses and he or she obtains prior written permission from the executive director of the department; however, a county officer may not use a form the substantive content of which is at variance with the form prescribed by the department. The county officer may continue to use such an approved form until the law that specifies the form is amended or repealed or until the officer receives written disapproval from the executive director.

In lieu of delivery of the notice of proposed property taxes by first-class mail, the property appraiser may prepare and make available for viewing and printing on his or her office's website the notice of proposed property taxes for each taxpayer to be listed on the current year's assessment roll, if, following a recommendation by the property appraiser, the county governing board of his or her jurisdiction approves the measure by ordinance. If approved by ordinance of the county governing board, the property appraiser shall provide legal notice in a periodical that meets the requirements of s. 50.011 that the notice of proposed property taxes and non-ad valorem assessments is available on the property appraiser's website. Such a legal notice must contain the property appraiser's website address. The property appraiser may also provide notification by e-mail to property owners or other interested parties who have registered a request with the property appraiser for e-mail notification when the notice of proposed property taxes and nonad valorem assessments is available on the website.

(2) (1) The first page of the notice shall read:

## NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES

DO NOT PAY-THIS IS NOT A BILL

The taxing authorities which levy property taxes against your property will soon hold PUBLIC HEARINGS to adopt budgets and tax rates for the next year.

The purpose of these PUBLIC HEARINGS is to receive opinions from the general public and to answer questions on the proposed tax change and budget PRIOR TO TAKING FINAL ACTION.

Each taxing authority may AMEND OR ALTER its proposals at the hearing.

- (3)(2)(a) The notice shall include a brief legal description of the property, the name and mailing address of the owner of record, and the tax information applicable to the specific parcel in question. The information shall be in columnar form. There shall be seven column headings which shall read: "Taxing Authority," "Your Property Taxes Last Year," "Last Year's Adjusted Tax Rate (Millage)," "Your Taxes This Year IF NO Budget Change Is Adopted," "Tax Rate This Year IF PROPOSED Budget Is Adopted (Millage)," "Your Taxes This Year IF PROPOSED Budget Change Is Adopted," and "A Public Hearing on the Proposed Taxes and Budget Will Be Held:."
- (b) As used in this section, the term "last year's adjusted tax rate" means the rolled-back rate calculated pursuant to s. 200.065(1).
  - (4) (3) There shall be under each column heading an entry

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for the county; the school district levy required pursuant to s. 1011.60(6); other operating school levies; the municipality or municipal service taxing unit or units in which the parcel lies, if any; the water management district levying pursuant to s. 373.503; the independent special districts in which the parcel lies, if any; and for all voted levies for debt service applicable to the parcel, if any.

- $\underline{(5)}$  (4) For each entry listed in subsection  $\underline{(4)}$  (3), there shall appear on the notice the following:
- (a) In the first column, a brief, commonly used name for the taxing authority or its governing body. The entry in the first column for the levy required pursuant to s. 1011.60(6) shall be "By State Law." The entry for other operating school district levies shall be "By Local Board." Both school levy entries shall be indented and preceded by the notation "Public Schools:". For each voted levy for debt service, the entry shall be "Voter Approved Debt Payments."
- (b) In the second column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes levied against the parcel in the previous year. If the parcel did not exist in the previous year, the second column shall be blank.
- (c) In the third column, last year's adjusted tax rate or, in the case of voted levies for debt service, the tax rate previously authorized by referendum.
- (d) In the fourth column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes which will apply to the parcel in the current year if each taxing authority levies last year's adjusted tax rate or, in the case of voted levies for debt service, the amount previously

authorized by referendum.

- (e) In the fifth column, the tax rate that each taxing authority must levy against the parcel to fund the proposed budget or, in the case of voted levies for debt service, the tax rate previously authorized by referendum.
- (f) In the sixth column, the gross amount of ad valorem taxes that must be levied in the current year if the proposed budget is adopted.
- (g) In the seventh column, the date, the time, and a brief description of the location of the public hearing required pursuant to s. 200.065(2)(c).
- (6)(5) Following the entries for each taxing authority, a final entry shall show: in the first column, the words "Total Property Taxes:" and in the second, fourth, and sixth columns, the sum of the entries for each of the individual taxing authorities. The second, fourth, and sixth columns shall, immediately below said entries, be labeled Column 1, Column 2, and Column 3, respectively. Below these labels shall appear, in boldfaced type, the statement: SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR EXPLANATION.
- $\underline{(7)}$  (a) The second page of the notice shall state the parcel's market value and for each taxing authority that levies an ad valorem tax against the parcel:
- 1. The assessed value, value of exemptions, and taxable value for the previous year and the current year.
- 2. Each assessment reduction and exemption applicable to the property, including the value of the assessment reduction or exemption and tax levies to which they apply.
  - (b) The reverse side of the second page shall contain

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definitions and explanations for the values included on the front side.

(8) (7) The following statement shall appear after the values listed on the front of the second page:

If you feel that the market value of your property is inaccurate or does not reflect fair market value, or if you are entitled to an exemption or classification that is not reflected above, contact your county property appraiser at ... (phone number)... or ... (location)....

If the property appraiser's office is unable to resolve the matter as to market value, classification, or an exemption, you may file a petition for adjustment with the Value Adjustment Board. Petition forms are available from the county property appraiser and must be filed ON OR BEFORE ...(date)....

(9) (8) The reverse side of the first page of the form shall read:

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## EXPLANATION

\*COLUMN 1-"YOUR PROPERTY TAXES LAST YEAR"

This column shows the taxes that applied last year to your property. These amounts were based on budgets adopted last year and your property's previous taxable value.

219 \*COLUMN 2-"YOUR TAXES IF NO BUDGET CHANGE IS ADOPTED"

220 This column shows what your taxes will be this year IF EACH

221 TAXING AUTHORITY DOES NOT CHANGE ITS PROPERTY TAX LEVY. These

amounts are based on last year's budgets and your current

223 assessment.

224 \*COLUMN 3-"YOUR TAXES IF PROPOSED BUDGET CHANGE IS ADOPTED"

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This column shows what your taxes will be this year under the BUDGET ACTUALLY PROPOSED by each local taxing authority. The proposal is NOT final and may be amended at the public hearings shown on the front side of this notice. The difference between columns 2 and 3 is the tax change proposed by each local taxing authority and is NOT the result of higher assessments.

\*Note: Amounts shown on this form do NOT reflect early payment discounts you may have received or may be eligible to receive. (Discounts are a maximum of 4 percent of the amounts shown on this form.)

(10) (9) The bottom portion of the notice shall further read in bold, conspicuous print:

"Your final tax bill may contain non-ad valorem assessments which may not be reflected on this notice such as assessments for roads, fire, garbage, lighting, drainage, water, sewer, or other governmental services and facilities which may be levied by your county, city, or any special district."

(11) (10) (a) If requested by the local governing board levying non-ad valorem assessments and agreed to by the property appraiser, the notice specified in this section may contain a notice of proposed or adopted non-ad valorem assessments. If so agreed, the notice shall be titled:

NOTICE OF PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES

AND PROPOSED OR ADOPTED

NON-AD VALOREM ASSESSMENTS

DO NOT PAY—THIS IS NOT A BILL

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There must be a clear partition between the notice of proposed property taxes and the notice of proposed or adopted non-ad valorem assessments. The partition must be a bold, horizontal line approximately 1/8-inch thick. By rule, the department shall provide a format for the form of the notice of proposed or adopted non-ad valorem assessments which meets the following minimum requirements:

- 1. There must be subheading for columns listing the levying local governing board, with corresponding assessment rates expressed in dollars and cents per unit of assessment, and the associated assessment amount.
- 2. The purpose of each assessment must also be listed in the column listing the levying local governing board if the purpose is not clearly indicated by the name of the board.
- 3. Each non-ad valorem assessment for each levying local governing board must be listed separately.
- 4. If a county has too many municipal service benefit units or assessments to be listed separately, it shall combine them by function.
- 5. A brief statement outlining the responsibility of the tax collector and each levying local governing board as to any non-ad valorem assessment must be provided on the form, accompanied by directions as to which office to contact for particular questions or problems.
- (b) If the notice includes all adopted non-ad valorem assessments, the provisions contained in subsection (10) (9) shall not be placed on the notice.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 4. Subsection (18) is added to section 553.79, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.-
- (18) For the purposes of inspection and record retention, site plans for the building may also be maintained in the form of an electronic copy at the site of work. These plans shall be open to inspection by the building official or by a duly authorized representative, as required by the Florida Building Code.
- Section 5. Section 627.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 627.421 Delivery of policy.-

- (1) Subject to the insurer's requirement as to payment of premium, every policy shall be mailed or delivered to the insured or to the person entitled thereto not later than 60 days after the effectuation of coverage.
- (2) In the event the original policy is delivered or is so required to be delivered to or for deposit with any vendor, mortgagee, or pledgee of any motor vehicle, and in which policy any interest of the vendee, mortgagor, or pledgor in or with reference to such vehicle is insured, a duplicate of such policy setting forth the name and address of the insurer, insurance classification of vehicle, type of coverage, limits of liability, premiums for the respective coverages, and duration of the policy, or memorandum thereof containing the same such information, shall be delivered by the vendor, mortgagee, or pledgee to each such vendee, mortgagor, or pledgor named in the policy or coming within the group of persons designated in the

policy to be so included. If the policy does not provide coverage of legal liability for injury to persons or damage to the property of third parties, a statement of such fact shall be printed, written, or stamped conspicuously on the face of such duplicate policy or memorandum. This subsection does not apply to inland marine floater policies.

- (3) Any automobile liability or physical damage policy shall contain on the front page a summary of major coverages, conditions, exclusions, and limitations contained in that policy. Any such summary shall state that the issued policy should be referred to for the actual contractual governing provisions. The company may, in lieu of the summary, provide a readable policy.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2), personal lines property and casualty insurance policies may be mailed, delivered, or, if the policies do not contain personally identifiable information, may be posted on the insurer's website. If the insurer elects to post insurance policies on its website in lieu of mailing or delivery to insureds, the insurer must comply with the following:
- (a) Each policy must be easily accessible for as long as the policy remains in force.
- (b) The insurer must archive all of its expired policies and make any expired policy available upon an insured's request for at least 5 years after the expiration of the policy.
- (c) Each policy must be posted in a manner that enables
  the insured to print and save the policy using a program or
  application that is without charge and widely available on the

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337 <u>Internet.</u>

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(d) When the insurer issues an initial policy form or any renewal form, the insurer must notify the insured, in the manner the insurer customarily uses to communicate with insureds, that the insured has the right to request and obtain without charge a paper or electronic copy of the insured's policy.

Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 192.0105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

192.0105 Taxpayer rights.—There is created a Florida Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to quarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue, and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so guaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the departmental rules include:

(1) THE RIGHT TO KNOW.-

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(a) The right to be sent a notice of proposed property taxes and proposed or adopted non-ad valorem assessments (see ss. 194.011(1), 200.065(2)(b) and (d) and (13)(a), and 200.069). The notice must also inform the taxpayer that the final tax bill may contain additional non-ad valorem assessments (see s.  $\frac{200.069(10)}{200.069(9)}$ ).

- (c) The right to advertised notice of the amount by which the tentatively adopted millage rate results in taxes that exceed the previous year's taxes (see s. 200.065(2)(d) and (3)). The right to notification of a comparison of the amount of the taxes to be levied from the proposed millage rate under the tentative budget change, compared to the previous year's taxes, and also compared to the taxes that would be levied if no budget change is made (see ss. 200.065(2)(b) and 200.069(3) 200.069(2), (3), (4), (5), and (9) (8)).
- Notwithstanding the right to information contained in this subsection, under s. 197.122 property owners are held to know that property taxes are due and payable annually and are charged with a duty to ascertain the amount of current and delinquent taxes and obtain the necessary information from the applicable governmental officials.
- Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 197.3635, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 197.3635 Combined notice of ad valorem taxes and non-ad valorem assessments; requirements.—A form for the combined notice of ad valorem taxes and non-ad valorem assessments shall be produced and paid for by the tax collector. The form shall

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meet the requirements of this section and department rules and is subject to approval by the department. By rule, the department shall provide a format for the form of such combined notice. The form shall:

(7) Contain within the ad valorem part:

(c) A listing of taxing authorities in the same sequence and manner as listed on the notice required by s. 200.069(5)(a) 200.069(4)(a), with the exception that independent special districts, municipal service taxing districts, and voted debt service millages for each taxing authority shall be listed separately. If a county has too many municipal service taxing units to list separately, it shall combine them to disclose the total number of such units and the amount of taxes levied.

Section 8. Subsection (11) of section 200.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

200.065 Method of fixing millage.-

(11) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2)(b) and s. 200.069(5)(f) 200.069(4)(f) to the contrary, the proposed millage rates provided to the property appraiser by the taxing authority, except for millage rates adopted by referendum, for rates authorized by s. 1011.71, and for rates required by law to be in a specified millage amount, shall be adjusted in the event that a review notice is issued pursuant to s. 193.1142(4) and the taxable value on the approved roll is at variance with the taxable value certified pursuant to subsection (1). The adjustment shall be made by the property appraiser, who shall notify the taxing authorities affected by the adjustment within 5 days of the date the roll is approved pursuant to s.

193.1142(4). The adjustment shall be such as to provide for no change in the dollar amount of taxes levied from that initially proposed by the taxing authority.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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