By Senator Evers

	2-00741-13 2013742
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to parole interview dates for certain
3	inmates; amending ss. 947.16, 947.174, and 947.1745,
4	F.S.; extending from 2 years to 7 years the period
5	between parole interview dates for inmates convicted
6	of committing certain specified crimes; reenacting s.
7	947.165(1), F.S., relating to the development and
8	implementation by the Parole Commission of objective
9	parole guidelines to serve as the criteria upon which
10	parole decisions are to be made, to incorporate the
11	amendments made to s. 947.1745, F.S., in a reference
12	thereto; providing an effective date.
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14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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16	Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section
17	947.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
18	947.16 Eligibility for parole; initial parole interviews;
19	powers and duties of commission
20	(4) A person who has become eligible for an initial parole
21	interview and who may, according to the objective parole
22	guidelines of the commission, be granted parole shall be placed
23	on parole in accordance with the provisions of this law; except
24	that, in any case of a person convicted of murder, robbery,
25	burglary of a dwelling or burglary of a structure or conveyance
26	in which a human being is present, aggravated assault,
27	aggravated battery, kidnapping, sexual battery or attempted
28	sexual battery, incest or attempted incest, an unnatural and
29	lascivious act or an attempted unnatural and lascivious act,

Page 1 of 6

2-00741-13 2013742 30 lewd and lascivious behavior, assault or aggravated assault when 31 a sexual act is completed or attempted, battery or aggravated 32 battery when a sexual act is completed or attempted, arson, or 33 any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon 34 or the use of intentional violence, at the time of sentencing 35 the judge may enter an order retaining jurisdiction over the 36 offender for review of a commission release order. This 37 jurisdiction of the trial court judge is limited to the first one-third of the maximum sentence imposed. When any person is 38 39 convicted of two or more felonies and concurrent sentences are imposed, then the jurisdiction of the trial court judge as 40 41 provided herein applies to the first one-third of the maximum 42 sentence imposed for the highest felony of which the person was 43 convicted. When any person is convicted of two or more felonies 44 and consecutive sentences are imposed, then the jurisdiction of 45 the trial court judge as provided herein applies to one-third of 46 the total consecutive sentences imposed.

47 (q) The decision of the original sentencing judge or, in her or his absence, the chief judge of the circuit, to vacate 48 49 any parole release order as provided in this section is not 50 appealable. An Each inmate whose parole release order has been 51 vacated by the court must shall be reinterviewed within 2 years 52 after the date of receipt of the vacated release order and every 53 2 years thereafter, or earlier by order of the court retaining 54 jurisdiction. However, an each inmate whose parole release order 55 has been vacated by the court and who has been:

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1. Convicted of murder or attempted murder;

57 2. Convicted of sexual battery or attempted sexual battery;
58 or

Page 2 of 6

	2-00741-13 2013742
59	3. Convicted of kidnapping or attempted kidnapping;
60	4. Convicted of robbery, burglary of a dwelling, burglary
61	of a structure or conveyance, or breaking and entering, or the
62	attempt of any of these crimes, in which a human being is
63	present and a sexual act is attempted or completed; or
64	5.3. Sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence
65	previously provided in s. 775.082,
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67	shall be reinterviewed once within 7 years after the date of
68	receipt of the vacated release order and once every 7 years
69	thereafter, if the commission finds that it is not reasonable to
70	expect that parole would be granted during the following years
71	and states the bases for the finding in writing. For <u>an</u> any
72	inmate who is within 7 years of his or her tentative release
73	date, the commission may establish a reinterview date <u>before</u>
74	prior to the 7-year schedule.
75	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
76	947.174, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
77	947.174 Subsequent interviews
78	(1)
79	(b) For <u>an</u> any inmate convicted of murder, attempted
80	murder, sexual battery, or attempted sexual battery, <u>kidnapping</u>
81	or attempted kidnapping; or of robbery, burglary of a dwelling,
82	burglary of a structure or conveyance, or breaking and entering
83	or the attempt of any of these crimes, in which a human being is
84	present and a sexual act is attempted or completed, or for an
85	any inmate who has been sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory
86	sentence previously provided in s. 775.082, and whose
87	presumptive parole release date is more than 7 years after the

Page 3 of 6

2-00741-13 2013742 88 date of the initial interview, a hearing examiner shall schedule 89 an interview for review of the presumptive parole release date. 90 The interview must shall take place once within 7 years after 91 the initial interview and once every 7 years thereafter if the 92 commission finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole 93 will be granted at a hearing during the following years and 94 states the bases for the finding in writing. For an any inmate 95 who is within 7 years of his or her tentative release date, the 96 commission may establish an interview date before the 7-year 97 schedule. Section 3. Subsection (6) of section 947.1745, Florida 98 99 Statutes, is amended to read: 100 947.1745 Establishment of effective parole release date.-If 101 the inmate's institutional conduct has been satisfactory, the 102 presumptive parole release date shall become the effective 103 parole release date as follows: 104 (6) Within 90 days before the effective parole release date 105 interview, the commission shall send written notice to the

106 sentencing judge of an any inmate who has been scheduled for an 107 effective parole release date interview. If the sentencing judge 108 is no longer serving, the notice must be sent to the chief judge of the circuit in which the offender was sentenced. The chief 109 110 judge may designate any circuit judge within the circuit to act in the place of the sentencing judge. Within 30 days after 111 112 receipt of the commission's notice, the sentencing judge, or the 113 designee, shall send to the commission notice of objection to 114 parole release, if the judge objects to the such release. If 115 there is an objection by the judge, the such objection may 116 constitute good cause in exceptional circumstances as described

Page 4 of 6

	2-00741-13 2013742
117	in s. 947.173, and the commission may schedule a subsequent
118	review within 2 years, extending the presumptive parole release
119	date beyond that time. However, for an inmate who has been:
120	(a) Convicted of murder or attempted murder;
121	(b) Convicted of sexual battery or attempted sexual
122	battery; or
123	(c) Convicted of kidnapping or attempted kidnapping;
124	(d) Convicted of robbery, burglary of a dwelling, burglary
125	of a structure or conveyance, or breaking and entering, or the
126	attempt of any of these crimes, in which a human being is
127	present and a sexual act is attempted or completed; or
128	<u>(e)</u> Sentenced to a 25-year minimum mandatory sentence
129	previously provided in s. 775.082,
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131	the commission may schedule a subsequent review under this
132	subsection once every 7 years, extending the presumptive parole
133	release date beyond that time if the commission finds that it is
134	not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a
135	review during the following years and states the bases for the
136	finding in writing. For <u>an</u> any inmate who is within 7 years of
137	his or her release date, the commission may schedule a
138	subsequent review <u>before</u> prior to the 7-year schedule. With any
139	subsequent review the same procedure outlined above will be
140	followed. If the judge remains silent with respect to parole
141	release, the commission may authorize an effective parole
142	release date. This subsection applies if the commission desires
143	to consider the establishment of an effective release date
144	without delivery of the effective parole release date interview.
145	Notice of the effective release date must be sent to the

Page 5 of 6

2-00741-13 2013742 146 sentencing judge, and either the judge's response to the notice 147 must be received or the time period allowed for such response 148 must elapse before the commission may authorize an effective 149 release date. 150 Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 151 made by this act to section 947.1745, Florida Statutes, in a 152 reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 947.165, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 153 154 947.165 Objective parole guidelines.-155 (1) The commission shall develop and implement objective 156 parole guidelines which shall be the criteria upon which parole 157 decisions are made. The objective parole quidelines shall be 158 developed according to an acceptable research method and shall 159 be based on the seriousness of offense and the likelihood of 160 favorable parole outcome. The guidelines shall require the 161 commission to aggravate or aggregate each consecutive sentence 162 in establishing the presumptive parole release date. Factors 163 used in arriving at the salient factor score and the severity of offense behavior category shall not be applied as aggravating 164 165 circumstances. If the sentencing judge files a written objection to the parole release of an inmate as provided for in s. 166 167 947.1745(6), such objection may be used by the commission as a 168 basis to extend the presumptive parole release date. 169 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

Page 6 of 6