LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate	•	House
Comm: FAV		
03/25/2013		
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The Committee on Transportation (Diaz de la Portilla) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) and paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (6) of section 316.193, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties.-

(1) A person <u>commits</u> is guilty of the offense of driving under the influence and is subject to punishment as provided in subsection (2) if the person is driving or in actual physical control of a vehicle within this state and:

(a) The person is under the influence of alcoholic

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13	beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s. 877.111, or
14	any substance controlled under chapter 893, when affected to the
15	extent that the person's normal faculties are impaired;
16	(b) The person has a blood-alcohol level of 0.08 or more
17	grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood; or
18	(c) The person has a breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or more
19	grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath.
20	(2)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), subsection (3),
21	or subsection (4), any person who is convicted of a violation of
22	subsection (1) shall be punished:
23	1. By a fine of:
24	a. <u>At least</u> Not less than \$500 <u>but not</u> or more than \$1,000
25	for a first conviction.
26	b. <u>At least</u> Not less than \$1,000 <u>but not</u> or more than
27	\$2,000 for a second conviction; and
28	2. By imprisonment for:
29	a. Not more than 6 months for a first conviction.
30	b. Not more than 9 months for a second conviction.
31	3. Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(I), For a
32	second conviction, by mandatory placement for <u>the following</u> a
33	period of at least 1 year , at the convicted person's sole
34	expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the
35	department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that
36	are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely
37	operated by the convicted person, when the convicted person
38	qualifies for a permanent or restricted license:
39	a.(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), the
40	convicted person shall have the option of choosing either the
41	driver license or driving privilege revocation for the period

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42	specified in s. 322.28(2)(a)1., or installation of an ignition
43	interlock device in accordance with this subparagraph, for at
44	least 12 months for a first conviction. However, the court, in
45	its sole discretion, may revoke the convicted person's driver
46	license or driving privilege for the period specified in s.
47	<u>322.28(2)(a)1.;</u>
48	(II) For a first conviction in which the convicted person
49	had a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or
50	higher, or the convicted person at the time of the offense was
51	accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of
52	age, for at least 18 months;
53	b.(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), for
54	a second conviction at least 24 months;
55	(II) For a second conviction in which the convicted person
56	had a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or
57	higher, or the convicted person at the time of the offense was
58	accompanied in the vehicle by a person younger than 18 years of
59	age, for at least 30 months;
60	c. For a third conviction, for at least 36 months.
61	4. Any period of required ignition interlock device use
62	under sub-sub-subparagraph 3.a.(I) shall be reduced on a day-
63	for-day basis for any period such convicted person complies with
64	the requirements of an ignition interlock license as defined in
65	s. 322.271 The installation of such device may not occur before
66	July 1, 2003 .
67	(b)1. Any person who is convicted of a third violation of
68	this section for an offense that occurs within 10 years of after
69	a prior conviction for a violation of this section commits a
70	felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.



71 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. In addition, the court shall 72 order the mandatory placement for a period of not less than 2 73 years, at the convicted person's sole expense, of an ignition 74 interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all vehicles that are individually or jointly 75 76 leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, 77 when the convicted person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. The installation of such device may not 78 occur before July 1, 2003. 79

80 2. Any person who is convicted of a third violation of this section for an offense that occurs more than 10 years of after 81 82 the date of a prior conviction for a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of at least not less than \$2,000 but 83 84 not or more than \$5,000 and by imprisonment for not more than 12 months. In addition, the court shall order the mandatory 85 placement for a period of at least 2 years, at the convicted 86 87 person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all 88 89 vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely operated by the convicted person, when the convicted 90 person qualifies for a permanent or restricted license. The 91 92 installation of such device may not occur before July 1, 2003.

3. Any person who is convicted of a fourth or subsequent violation of this section, regardless of when any prior conviction for a violation of this section occurred, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. However, the fine imposed for such fourth or subsequent violation <u>must may</u> be <u>at least not</u> <u>less than</u> \$2,000.

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100	(4) Any person who is convicted of a violation of
101	subsection (1) and who has a blood-alcohol level or breath-
102	alcohol level of 0.15 or higher, or any person who is convicted
103	of a violation of subsection (1) and who at the time of the
104	offense was accompanied in the vehicle by a person under the age
105	of 18 years, shall be punished:
106	(a) By a fine of:
107	1. <u>At least</u> Not less than \$1,000 <u>but not</u> or more than
108	\$2,000 for a first conviction.
109	2. <u>At least</u> Not less than \$2,000 <u>but not</u> or more than
110	\$4,000 for a second conviction.
111	3. <u>At least</u> Not less than \$4,000 for a third or subsequent
112	conviction.
113	(b) By imprisonment for:
114	1. Not more than 9 months for a first conviction.
115	2. Not more than 12 months for a second conviction.
116	
117	For the purposes of this subsection, only the instant offense is
118	required to be a violation of subsection (1) by a person who has
119	a blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.15 or higher.
120	(c) In addition to the penalties in paragraphs (a) and (b),
121	the court shall order the mandatory placement, at the convicted
122	person's sole expense, of an ignition interlock device approved
123	by the department in accordance with s. 316.1938 upon all
124	vehicles that are individually or jointly leased or owned and
125	routinely operated by the convicted person for not less than 6
126	continuous months for the first offense and for not less than 2
127	continuous years for a second offense, when the convicted person
128	qualifies for a permanent or restricted license.

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(6) With respect to any person convicted of a violation of subsection (1), regardless of any penalty imposed pursuant to subsection (2), subsection (3), or subsection (4):

(b) For the second conviction for an offense that occurs 132 133 within a period of 5 years of after the date of a prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall order 134 135 imprisonment for at least not less than 10 days. The court must 136 also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or 137 immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the 138 time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 30 days 139 or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement that 140 expires within 30 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant 141 142 and must occur concurrently with the driver's license revocation imposed under s. 322.28(2)(a)2. The impoundment or 143 144 immobilization order may be dismissed in accordance with 145 paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), or paragraph (h). At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive. 146

147 (c) For the third or subsequent conviction for an offense 148 that occurs within a period of 10 years of after the date of a 149 prior conviction for violation of this section, the court shall 150 order imprisonment for not less than 30 days. The court must 151 also, as a condition of probation, order the impoundment or 152 immobilization of all vehicles owned by the defendant at the 153 time of impoundment or immobilization, for a period of 90 days 154 or for the unexpired term of any lease or rental agreement that 155 expires within 90 days. The impoundment or immobilization must not occur concurrently with the incarceration of the defendant 156 157 and must occur concurrently with the driver's license revocation

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158 imposed under s. 322.28(2)(a)3. The impoundment or 159 immobilization order may be dismissed in accordance with 160 paragraph (e), paragraph (f), paragraph (g), or paragraph (h). 161 At least 48 hours of confinement must be consecutive. 162 163 For the purposes of this section, any conviction for a violation 164 of s. 327.35; a previous conviction for the violation of former s. 316.1931, former s. 860.01, or former s. 316.028; or a 165 166 previous conviction outside this state for driving under the 167 influence, driving while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful 168 blood-alcohol level, driving with an unlawful breath-alcohol 169 level, or any other similar alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense, is also considered a previous conviction for 170 171 violation of this section. However, in satisfaction of the fine 172 imposed pursuant to this section, the court may, upon a finding that the defendant is financially unable to pay either all or 173 174 part of the fine, order that the defendant participate for a specified additional period of time in public service or a 175 176 community work project in lieu of payment of that portion of the fine which the court determines the defendant is unable to pay. 177 In determining such additional sentence, the court shall 178 179 consider the amount of the unpaid portion of the fine and the 180 reasonable value of the services to be ordered; however, the 181 court may not compute the reasonable value of services at a rate 182 less than the federal minimum wage at the time of sentencing. 183 Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (d) of 184 subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 316.1937, Florida 185 Statutes, are amended to read: 316.1937 Ignition interlock devices, requiring; unlawful 186



187 acts.-

(1) In addition to any other authorized penalties, the 188 189 court may require that any person who is convicted of driving 190 under the influence in violation of s. 316.193 shall not operate a motor vehicle unless that vehicle is equipped with a 191 192 functioning ignition interlock device certified by the department as provided in s. 316.1938, and installed in such a 193 194 manner that the vehicle will not start if the operator's blood 195 alcohol level is in excess of $0.025 \quad 0.05$ percent or as otherwise 196 specified by the court. The court, in its sole discretion, may 197 require the use of an approved ignition interlock device for any 198 a period in excess of the minimums of not less than 6 continuous months, if the person is permitted to operate a motor vehicle, 199 200 whether or not the privilege to operate a motor vehicle is 201 restricted, as determined by the court. The court, however, 202 shall order placement of an ignition interlock device in those 203 circumstances required by s. 316.193(2) 316.193.

(6) (a) It is unlawful to tamper with, or to circumvent the operation of, <u>an</u> a court-ordered ignition interlock device <u>for</u> the purpose of providing the person so restricted with an <u>operable motor vehicle</u>.

208 (d) It is unlawful to knowingly lease or lend a motor 209 vehicle to a person who has had his or her driving privilege restricted as provided in this section, unless the vehicle is 210 211 equipped with a functioning, certified ignition interlock 212 device. Any person whose driving privilege requires the person 213 to operate only vehicles equipped with an approved, functioning is restricted under a condition of probation requiring an 214 ignition interlock device shall notify any other person who 215



216 leases or loans a motor vehicle to him or her of such driving 217 restriction.

218 (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if a 219 person is required to operate a motor vehicle in the course and 220 scope of his or her employment and if the vehicle is owned or 221 leased by the employer, the person may operate that vehicle 222 without installation of an approved ignition interlock device if the department has received notification from the employer in a 223 224 form acceptable to the department that the employer has been 225 notified of the such driving privilege restriction before the 226 restricted person operates the vehicle and if proof of that 227 notification is with the vehicle. This employment exemption does 228 not apply, however, if the business entity which owns or leases 229 the vehicle is owned or controlled by the person whose driving 230 privilege has been restricted.

231 Section 3. Subsections (1) and (10) of section 322.2615, 232 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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322.2615 Suspension of license; right to review.-

234 (1) (a) A law enforcement officer or correctional officer 235 shall, on behalf of the department, suspend the driving 236 privilege of a person who is driving or in actual physical 237 control of a motor vehicle and who has an unlawful blood-alcohol 238 level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher, or of a person who has refused to submit to a urine test or a test of his or 239 240 her breath-alcohol or blood-alcohol level. The officer shall take the person's driver driver's license and issue the person a 241 242 10-day temporary permit if the person is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege and shall issue the person a notice of 243 suspension. If a blood test has been administered, the officer 244



or the agency employing the officer shall transmit such results to the department within 5 days after receipt of the results. If the department then determines that the person had a bloodalcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher, the department shall suspend the person's <u>driver</u> driver's license pursuant to subsection (3).

(b) The suspension under paragraph (a) shall be pursuant to, and the notice of suspension shall inform the driver of, the following:

1.a. The driver refused to submit to a lawful breath, blood, or urine test and his or her driving privilege is suspended for a period of 1 year for a first refusal or for a period of 18 months if his or her driving privilege has been previously suspended as a result of a refusal to submit to such a test; or

260 b. The driver was driving or in actual physical control of 261 a motor vehicle and had an unlawful blood-alcohol level or 262 breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher and his or her driving 263 privilege is suspended for a period of 6 months for a first 264 offense or for a period of 1 year if his or her driving 265 privilege has been previously suspended under this section.

266 2. The suspension period shall commence on the date of267 issuance of the notice of suspension.

3. The driver may request a formal or informal review of the suspension by the department within 10 days after the date of issuance of the notice of suspension.

4. If the driver applies within 10 days after the date of
 issuance of the notice of suspension for ignition interlock restricted driving privileges to be issued under paragraph (a),

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274 paragraph (10) (b), or paragraph (10) (c), the driver waives his 275 or her right to a formal or an informal review of the 276 suspension. 277 <u>5.4</u>. The temporary permit issued at the time of suspension 278 expires at midnight of the 10th day following the date of 279 issuance of the notice of suspension.

280 <u>6.5.</u> The driver may submit to the department any materials
 281 relevant to the suspension.

2.82 (10) A person whose driver driver's license is suspended 283 under subsection (1) or subsection (3) may apply for issuance of 284 a license for business or employment purposes only if the person 285 is otherwise eligible for the driving privilege pursuant to s. 286 322.271. Any period a person complies with the provisions of his 287 or her ignition interlock license during a suspension or 288 revocation under this section will reduce on a day-for-day basis 289 any mandatory ignition interlock device requirement arising from 290 the same incident. However, a person who has a previous conviction for a violation of s. 316.193 may apply for a license 291 292 for business or employment purposes only if eligible pursuant to 293 s. 322.271, and may not apply for an ignition interlock license.

(a) If the suspension of the <u>driver driver's</u> license of the
person for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test
is sustained, the person is not eligible to receive <u>an ignition</u>
interlock license.

(b) If the suspension of the driver license of the person
 for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is
 sustained, the person is not eligible to receive a license for
 business or employment purposes only, pursuant to s. 322.271,
 until 90 days have elapsed after the expiration of the last



temporary permit issued. If the driver is not issued a 10-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for the permit and the suspension for failure to submit to a breath, urine, or blood test is not invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to receive a business or employment license pursuant to s. 322.271 until 90 days have elapsed from the date of the suspension.

310 (c) (b) If the suspension of the driver driver's license of 311 the person relating to unlawful blood-alcohol level or breathalcohol level of 0.08 or higher is sustained, the person is not 312 313 eligible to receive an ignition interlock a license for business 314 or employment purposes only pursuant to s. 322.271 upon the 315 effective date of the notice of suspension or upon until 30 days 316 have elapsed after the expiration of the last temporary permit 317 issued. If the driver is not issued a 10-day permit pursuant to this section or s. 322.64 because he or she is ineligible for 318 319 the permit and the suspension relating to unlawful blood-alcohol 320 level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher is not 321 invalidated by the department, the driver is not eligible to 322 receive an ignition interlock a business or employment license 323 pursuant to s. 322.271 upon the effective until 30 days have 324 elapsed from the date of the suspension. Any period a person 325 complies with the provisions of his or her ignition interlock license during a suspension or revocation under this section 32.6 327 will reduce on a day-for-day basis any mandatory ignition 328 interlock device requirement arising from the same incident. 329 Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection 330 (2) of section 322.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 331 322.271 Authority to modify revocation, cancellation, or

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332 suspension order.-

333 (1) (a) Upon the suspension, cancellation, or revocation of the driver driver's license of any person as authorized or 334 335 required in this chapter, except a person whose license is revoked as a habitual traffic offender under s. 322.27(5) or a 336 337 person who is ineligible to be granted the privilege of driving 338 on a limited or restricted basis under subsection (2), the 339 department shall immediately notify the licensee and, upon his 340 or her request, shall afford him or her an opportunity for a 341 hearing pursuant to chapter 120, as early as practicable within 342 not more than 30 days after receipt of such request, in the 343 county wherein the licensee resides, unless the department and 344 the licensee agree that such hearing may be held in some other 345 county.

(b) A person whose driving privilege has been revoked under 346 347 s. 322.27(5) may, upon expiration of 12 months from the date of 348 such revocation, petition the department for reinstatement of his or her driving privilege. Upon such petition and after 349 350 investigation of the person's qualification, fitness, and need 351 to drive, the department shall hold a hearing pursuant to 352 chapter 120 to determine whether the driving privilege shall be 353 reinstated on a restricted basis solely for business or 354 employment purposes.

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(c) For the purposes of this section, the term:

356 1. "A driving privilege restricted to business purposes 357 only" means a driving privilege that is limited to any driving 358 necessary to maintain livelihood, including driving to and from 359 work, necessary on-the-job driving, driving for educational 360 purposes, and driving for church and for medical purposes.

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361 2. "A driving privilege restricted to employment purposes 362 only" means a driving privilege that is limited to driving to 363 and from work and any necessary on-the-job driving required by 364 an employer or occupation.

365 <u>3. "An ignition interlock license" means a license that</u> 366 <u>requires that the person operate only a motor vehicle equipped</u> 367 <u>with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the</u> 368 <u>department in accordance with s. 316.1938. A person who has a</u> 369 <u>previous conviction for a violation of s. 316.193 is not</u> 370 <u>eligible to receive an ignition interlock license.</u>

372 Driving for any purpose other than as provided by this paragraph 373 is not permitted by a person whose driving privilege has been 374 restricted to employment or business purposes. In addition, a 375 person whose driving privilege is restricted to employment or 376 business purposes remains subject to any restriction that 377 applied to the type of license which the person held at the time 378 of the order of suspension, cancellation, or revocation. Any 379 driving privilege, including a driving privilege restricted to 380 business purposes or employment purposes only in accordance with 381 this section, that is extended to a person who has a previous 382 arrest for a violation of s. 316.193 or s. 316.1938 must be in 383 conjunction with mandatory installation of a functioning 384 ignition interlock device certified by the department in 385 accordance with s. 316.1938.

386 (2) At such hearing, the person whose license has been
387 suspended, canceled, or revoked may show that such suspension,
388 cancellation, or revocation causes a serious hardship and
389 precludes the person from carrying out his or her normal



390 business occupation, trade, or employment and that the use of 391 the person's license in the normal course of his or her business 392 is necessary to the proper support of the person or his or her 393 family.

394 (c) A person whose license has been revoked for a period of 395 5 years or less pursuant to s. 322.28(2)(a) may, 6 $\frac{12}{12}$ months 396 after the date the revocation was imposed, petition the 397 department for reinstatement of his or her driving privilege on 398 a restricted basis. A person whose license has been revoked for 399 more than 5 years under s. 322.28(2)(a) may, 12 24 months after 400 the date the revocation was imposed, petition the department for 401 reinstatement of his or her driving privilege on a restricted 402 basis. Reinstatement under this subsection is restricted to 403 business or employment purposes only. In addition, the 404 department shall require such persons upon reinstatement to have 405 not driven and to have been drug free for at least 12 months 406 immediately before the reinstatement, to be supervised by a DUI 407 program licensed by the department, and to report to the program 408 at least three times a year as required by the program for the duration of the revocation period for supervision. Such 409 410 supervision includes evaluation, education, referral into 411 treatment, and other activities required by the department. Such 412 persons shall assume reasonable costs of supervision. If the 413 person fails to comply with the required supervision, the 414 program shall report the failure to the department, and the 415 department shall cancel the person's driving privilege. This 416 paragraph does not apply to any person whose driving privilege 417 has been permanently revoked.

418

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section



419 322.28, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
420 322.28 Period of suspension or revocation.-

421 (2) In a prosecution for a violation of s. 316.193 or422 former s. 316.1931, the following provisions apply:

(a) Upon conviction of the driver, the court, along with
imposing sentence, shall revoke the driver's license or driving
privilege of the person so convicted, effective on the date of
conviction, and shall prescribe the period of such revocation in
accordance with the following provisions:

1. Upon a first conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193, except <u>for</u> a violation resulting in death, <u>and except as provided in s. 316.193(2)(a)3.(I)</u>, the <u>driver driver's</u> license or driving privilege shall be revoked for <u>at least</u> not less than 180 days <u>but not</u> or more than 1 year.

433 2. Upon a second conviction for an offense that occurs 434 within a period of 5 years <u>of after</u> the date of a prior 435 conviction for a violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or 436 former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the 437 driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not 438 less than 5 years.

3. Upon a third conviction for an offense that occurs within a period of 10 years <u>of</u> after the date of a prior conviction for the violation of the provisions of s. 316.193 or former s. 316.1931 or a combination of such sections, the driver's license or driving privilege shall be revoked for not less than 10 years.

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446 For the purposes of this paragraph, a previous conviction 447 outside this state for driving under the influence, driving

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2013 Bill No. SB 796



448 while intoxicated, driving with an unlawful blood-alcohol level, 449 or any other alcohol-related or drug-related traffic offense similar to the offense of driving under the influence as 450 451 proscribed by s. 316.193 will be considered a previous 452 conviction for violation of s. 316.193, and a conviction for 453 violation of former s. 316.028, former s. 316.1931, or former s. 454 860.01 is considered a conviction for violation of s. 316.193. 455 Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2013. 456 457 458 459 And the title is amended as follows: 460 461 Delete everything before the enacting clause 462 and insert: 463 464 A bill to be entitled 465 An act relating to ignition interlock devices; 466 amending s. 316.193, F.S.; providing for placement of 467 ignition interlock devices upon all vehicles that are 468 individually or jointly leased or owned and routinely 469 operated by certain persons convicted of driving under 470 the influence for specified periods based on the 471 violation; providing an exception for certain first-472 time convictions to allow an option of driver license 473 suspension or placement of an ignition interlock 474 device; giving the court discretion to revoke the 475 driver license or driving privilege notwithstanding 476 the allowed option; revising the required installation

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477 periods for certain violations; providing for credit 478 for periods of compliance with ignition interlock 479 license requirements under a specified provision; 480 amending s. 316.1937, F.S.; revising the maximum 481 allowable blood-alcohol level at which an ignition 482 interlock device will allow operation of a vehicle; 483 revising provisions prohibiting tampering with or 484 circumventing an ignition interlock device; revising 485 provisions concerning operation of vehicles owned or 486 leased by the employer of a person subject to ignition 487 interlock restrictions when such operation is required 488 in the scope of his or her employment; amending s. 489 322.2615, F.S.; providing that an application for 490 ignition interlock-restricted driving privileges to be 491 issued under specified provisions made more than a 492 certain number of days after a notice of suspension 493 constitutes a waiver of the right to review of the 494 suspension; providing for ignition interlock licenses 495 and licenses for business or employment purposes and 496 requirements for such licenses; deleting certain 497 references relating to temporary licenses for business 498 or employment purposes; providing for credit for 499 periods of compliance with ignition interlock license 500 requirements; amending s. 322.271, F.S.; defining the 501 term "an ignition interlock license"; requiring that 502 any driving privilege extended to persons with 503 previous arrests under specified provisions must 504 require use of an ignition interlock device; reducing 505 the period certain persons whose licenses have been



506	revoked must wait before being eligible to reapply for
507	reinstatement; amending s. 322.28, F.S.; revising
508	provisions relating to periods of driver license
509	suspension or revocation; providing an effective date.