CHAMBER ACTION

Senate House

Representative Trujillo offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)

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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (21) of

1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.—Parents of public

section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, to read:

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school students must receive accurate and timely information

10 11 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12

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students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory rights including, but not limited to, the following:

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(21) PARENTAL INPUT AND MEETINGS.-

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(d) Parent empowerment.—Parents of eligible students who are assigned to a public school that has earned a school grade 15

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of "F" and is required to select a turnaround option pursuant to

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- 17 s. 1008.33 may submit a petition to the school district
 18 requesting implementation of a turnaround option pursuant to s.
 19 1003.07.
 - Section 2. Section 1003.07, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 1003.07 Parent empowerment.-
 - (1) This section may be cited as the "Parent Empowerment Act."
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
 - (a) "Eligible student" means a student enrolled in a school in which a turnaround option will be selected or a student who, under the school district's enrollment policy, is scheduled for assignment to that school the following school year.
 - (b) "Parental vote" means the signature of one parent of an eligible student.
 - 1. If the other parent objects in writing to the parental vote before the date the petition is scheduled to be submitted, and if the parents have equal parental rights, each parental vote counts for one-half of a vote.
 - 2. If one parent has sole parental responsibility or holds the right to make educational decisions for the student pursuant to s. 61.13, only that parent can vote regarding the eligible student.
 - (3) Each school district shall notify, in writing, the parents of eligible students and the school advisory council when a public school has earned a school grade of "F" and is required to select a turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33.

- The written notice must inform parents that, before the district school board selects a turnaround option, parents may petition for implementation of a particular turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33. The notice must be provided to parents within 30 calendar days after the school district receives notice from the department that the school is required to select a turnaround option. The notice must include:
- (a) A description of each turnaround option available for selection under s. 1008.33;
- (b) A description of the process for implementing a turnaround option, including the date by which the school district must submit its implementation plan to the State Board of Education;
 - (c) The date and location for submission of the petition;
- (d) The date and location of the publicly noticed district school board meeting required in this section at which the school board will consider the available turnaround options; and
 - (e) The contact information of the district school board.
- (4) A person who solicits signatures may not offer monetary compensation, a promise of employment, or any other reward to a parent for signing a petition. A person who solicits signatures may not be paid per signature and, if asked, must disclose the organization he or she represents. A for-profit education management company is prohibited from gathering signatures or paying others to solicit signatures.
- (5) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to establish a petition format, the petition submission process, standards for verifying signatures, a denominator for

- students, and timeframes for the verification and consideration of a petition at a publicly noticed meeting. Petition forms must be easily accessible to parents. Each petition form must clearly identify only one turnaround option on the front page of the petition and on each page thereafter. The school district shall provide clear instructions and a sample petition form for each turnaround option available for selection under s. 1008.33.
 - (6) The petition process must provide that:
- (a) Parents of eligible students have at least 30 days after initial notification to gather petition signatures.
- (b) The school district shall verify signatures no more than 30 days after the date the petition is submitted.
- (c) The district school board may not meet sooner than 30 days after the petition is submitted.
- (d) A submitted petition may list only one turnaround option identified in s. 1008.33 which is not currently being implemented at the school. A parent may sign more than one petition for a turnaround option.
- (e) A school district may not reject a parent's signature on a petition on the basis that the parent signed the petition before the initial notice.
- (f) The school district shall verify at least a majority of the signatures on the petition using existing student enrollment documentation or other records containing parent signatures. A school district may not reject a parent's signature on a petition based on a lack of conformity to signatures in school records if the parent's identity and

- signature can be easily validated with a photographic identification or a notarized signature verifying the identity of the signer, or by the personal knowledge of a school employee. The school district is not required to verify notarized signatures, and signatures not verified within the established verification period are valid.
- gignatures of a majority of the parental votes of eligible students. For purposes of this section, a majority is more than one-half of the parental votes of eligible students. Only one parental vote per eligible student may be counted with respect to each petition.
- (h) If valid petitions for more than one turnaround option are submitted, the petition having the most signatures is the official turnaround option selected by parents.
- (7) (a) The turnaround option selected by parents must be considered for implementation by the school district at the publicly noticed district school board meeting pursuant to subsection (3) (d). The district school board must adopt the turnaround option selected by parents unless the district school board votes to reject the parent option at the school board meeting based solely on the criterion that the parent-selected option would not lead to improved academic performance of students. The school district must submit an implementation plan for the adopted turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33.
- (b) If the school improves by at least one letter grade, implementation of a turnaround option is no longer required in accordance with s. 1008.33(4)(d).

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- (8) In addition to the petition rules described in subsection (5), the State Board of Education shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.—
- (4) (a) The state board shall apply the most intense intervention and support strategies to schools earning a grade of "F." In the first full school year after a school initially earns a grade of "F," the school district must implement intervention and support strategies prescribed in rule under paragraph (3)(c), select a turnaround option from those provided in subparagraphs (b)1.-5., and submit a plan for implementing the turnaround option to the department for approval by the state board. Upon approval by the state board, the turnaround option must be implemented in the following school year.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (5), the turnaround options available to a school district to address a school that earns a grade of "F" are:
- 1. Convert the school to a district-managed turnaround school;
- 2. Reassign students to another school and monitor the progress of each reassigned student;
- 3. Close the school and reopen the school as one or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness;

- 4. Contract with an outside entity that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; or
- 5. Implement a hybrid of turnaround options set forth in subparagraphs 1.-4. or other turnaround models that have a demonstrated record of effectiveness.
- (c) Parents of students who are assigned to a public school that is required by the State Board of Education to select a turnaround option may petition the school district to implement one of the turnaround options in paragraph (b) selected by the parents pursuant to s. 1003.07.
- (d)(c) Except for schools required to implement a turnaround option pursuant to subsection (5), a school earning a grade of "F" shall have a planning year followed by 2 full school years to implement the initial turnaround option selected by the school district and approved by the state board. Implementation of the turnaround option is no longer required if the school improves by at least one letter grade.
- (e) (d) A school earning a grade of "F" that improves its letter grade must continue to implement strategies identified in its school improvement plan pursuant to s. 1001.42(18)(a). The department must annually review implementation of the school improvement plan for 3 years to monitor the school's continued improvement.
- (f) (e) If a school earning a grade of "F" does not improve by at least one letter grade after 2 full school years of implementing the turnaround option selected by the school district under paragraph (b), the school district must select a different option and submit another implementation plan to the

department for approval by the state board. Implementation of the approved plan must begin the school year following the implementation period of the existing turnaround option, unless the state board determines that the school is likely to improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to implement the existing turnaround option.

Section 4. Subsection (6) is added to section 1012.2315, Florida Statutes, to read:

1012.2315 Assignment of teachers.-

- (6) ASSIGNMENT OF TEACHERS BASED UPON PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS.—
- (a) If a high school or middle school student is currently taught by a classroom teacher who, during that school year, receives a performance evaluation rating of "needs improvement" or "unsatisfactory" under s. 1012.34, the student may not be assigned the following school year to a classroom teacher in the same subject area who received a performance evaluation rating of "needs improvement" or "unsatisfactory" in the preceding school year.
- (b) If an elementary school student is currently taught by a classroom teacher who, during that school year, receives a performance evaluation rating of "needs improvement" or "unsatisfactory" under s. 1012.34, the student may not be assigned the following school year to a classroom teacher who received a performance evaluation rating of "needs improvement" or "unsatisfactory" in the preceding school year.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2013.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to parent empowerment in education; amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; providing that parents who have a student in a public school that is implementing a turnaround option may petition to have a particular turnaround option implemented; creating s. 1003.07, F.S.; creating the Parent Empowerment Act; specifying what constitutes an eligible student and a parental vote; requiring that a school district send a written notice to parents of public school students regarding the parents' options to petition the school for a particular turnaround option; requiring the notice to include certain information; authorizing up to one parental vote per eligible student; establishing the process to solicit signatures for a petition; prohibiting a person from being paid for signatures; prohibiting a for-profit education management company from soliciting signatures or paying a person to solicit signatures; establishing criteria to verify the signatures on a petition; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules for filing a petition; specifying that a petition is valid if it is signed and dated by a majority of the parental votes of eligible students and those signatures are

verified; requiring the school district to consider the turnaround option on the valid petition with the most signatures at a publicly noticed school board meeting; requiring the school district to submit an implementation plan to the state board; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules for certain purposes; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; authorizing a parent to petition the school district to implement a turnaround option selected by the parent; amending s. 1012.2315, F.S.; providing that a student may not be assigned to a teacher with a performance evaluation rating of less than effective for a specified number of consecutive school years; providing an effective date.