1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the threatened use of force; 3 providing legislative findings and intent; amending s. 4 776.012, F.S.; applying provisions relating to the use 5 of force in defense of persons to the threatened use 6 of force; amending s. 776.013, F.S.; applying 7 presumption relating to the use of deadly force to the 8 threatened use of deadly force in the defense of a 9 residence and similar circumstances; applying 10 provisions relating to such use of force to the 11 threatened use of force; amending s. 776.031, F.S.; 12 applying provisions relating to the use of force in 13 defense of property to the threatened use of force; amending s. 776.032, F.S.; applying immunity 14 15 provisions that relate to the use of force to the threatened use of force; amending s. 776.041, F.S.; 16 17 applying provisions relating to the use of force by an aggressor to the threatened use of force; providing 18 19 exceptions; amending s. 776.051, F.S.; providing that 20 a person is not justified in the threatened use of 21 force to resist an arrest by a law enforcement 22 officer; providing an effective date. 23 24 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 25 26 Section 1. (1) The Legislature finds that persons have Page 1 of 8

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27	been criminally prosecuted and have been sentenced to mandatory
28	minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to s. 775.087, Florida
29	Statutes, for threatening to use force in a manner and under
30	circumstances that would have been justifiable under chapter
31	776, Florida Statutes, had force actually been used.
32	(2) The Legislature intends to:
33	(a) Provide criminal and civil immunity to those who
34	threaten to use force if the threat was made in a manner and
35	under circumstances that would have been immune under chapter
36	776, Florida Statutes, had force actually been used.
37	(b) Clarify that those who threaten to use force may claim
38	self-defense if the threat was made in a manner and under
39	circumstances that would have been justifiable under chapter
40	776, Florida Statutes, had force actually been used.
41	(c) Ensure that those who threaten to use force in a
42	manner and under circumstances that are justifiable under
43	chapter 776, Florida Statutes, are not sentenced to a mandatory
44	minimum term of imprisonment pursuant to s. 775.087, Florida
45	Statutes.
46	(d) Encourage those who have been sentenced to a mandatory
47	minimum term of imprisonment pursuant to s. 775.087, Florida
48	Statutes, for threatening to use force in a manner and under
49	circumstances that are justifiable under chapter 776, Florida
50	Statutes, to apply for executive clemency.
51	Section 2. Section 776.012, Florida Statutes, is amended
52	to read:

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53 776.012 Use or threatened use of force in defense of 54 person.-A person is justified in using or threatening to use 55 force, except deadly force, against another when and to the 56 extent that the person reasonably believes that such conduct is 57 necessary to defend himself or herself or another against the 58 other's imminent use of unlawful force. However, a person is 59 justified in using or threatening to use the use of deadly force 60 and does not have a duty to retreat if: 61 (1) He or she reasonably believes that using or threatening to use such force is necessary to prevent imminent 62 death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another or 63 to prevent the imminent commission of a forcible felony; or 64

(2) Under those circumstances permitted pursuant to s.776.013.

67 Section 3. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 68 776.013, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

69 776.013 Home protection; use <u>or threatened use</u> of deadly
70 force; presumption of fear of death or great bodily harm.-

(1) A person is presumed to have held a reasonable fear of imminent peril of death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another when using <u>or threatening to use</u> defensive force that is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm to another if:

(a) The person against whom the defensive force was used
 <u>or threatened</u> was in the process of unlawfully and forcefully
 entering, or had unlawfully and forcibly entered, a dwelling,

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79 residence, or occupied vehicle, or if that person had removed or 80 was attempting to remove another against that person's will from 81 the dwelling, residence, or occupied vehicle; and

(b) The person who uses <u>or threatens to use</u> defensive force knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry or unlawful and forcible act was occurring or had occurred.

86 (2) The presumption set forth in subsection (1) does not 87 apply if:

(a) The person against whom the defensive force is used <u>or</u> <u>threatened</u> has the right to be in or is a lawful resident of the dwelling, residence, or vehicle, such as an owner, lessee, or titleholder, and there is not an injunction for protection from domestic violence or a written pretrial supervision order of no contact against that person; or

(b) The person or persons sought to be removed is a child or grandchild, or is otherwise in the lawful custody or under the lawful guardianship of, the person against whom the defensive force is used or threatened; or

98 (c) The person who uses <u>or threatens to use</u> defensive 99 force is engaged in an unlawful activity or is using the 100 dwelling, residence, or occupied vehicle to further an unlawful 101 activity; or

(d) The person against whom the defensive force is used <u>or</u>
threatened is a law enforcement officer, as defined in s.
943.10(14), who enters or attempts to enter a dwelling,

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residence, or vehicle in the performance of his or her official duties and the officer identified himself or herself in accordance with any applicable law or the person using <u>or</u> threatening to use force knew or reasonably should have known that the person entering or attempting to enter was a law enforcement officer.

111 (3) A person who is not engaged in an unlawful activity 112 and who is attacked in any other place where he or she has a 113 right to be has no duty to retreat and has the right to stand his or her ground and use or threaten to use meet force with 114 115 force, including deadly force if he or she reasonably believes 116 it is necessary to do so to prevent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another or to prevent the commission of 117 118 a forcible felony.

119 Section 4. Section 776.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 120 to read:

121 776.031 Use or threatened use of force in defense of 122 property others.-A person is justified in using or threatening 123 to use the use of force, except deadly force, against another 124 when and to the extent that the person reasonably believes that 125 such conduct is necessary to prevent or terminate the other's 126 trespass on, or other tortious or criminal interference with, 127 either real property other than a dwelling or personal property, 128 lawfully in his or her possession or in the possession of 129 another who is a member of his or her immediate family or 130 household or of a person whose property he or she has a legal Page 5 of 8

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duty to protect. However, <u>a</u> the person is justified in <u>using or</u> threatening to use the use of deadly force only if he or she reasonably believes that such <u>conduct</u> force is necessary to prevent the imminent commission of a forcible felony. A person does not have a duty to retreat if the person is in a place where he or she has a right to be.

137 Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 776.032,138 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

139776.032Immunity from criminal prosecution and civil140action for justifiable use or threatened use of force.-

141 (1)A person who uses or threatens to use force as permitted in s. 776.012, s. 776.013, or s. 776.031 is justified 142 143 in using such conduct force and is immune from criminal 144 prosecution and civil action for the use or threatened use of 145 such force, unless the person against whom force was used or 146 threatened is a law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 943.10(14), who was acting in the performance of his or her 147 148 official duties and the officer identified himself or herself in 149 accordance with any applicable law or the person using or 150 threatening to use force knew or reasonably should have known 151 that the person was a law enforcement officer. As used in this 152 subsection, the term "criminal prosecution" includes arresting, 153 detaining in custody, and charging or prosecuting the defendant.

(2) A law enforcement agency may use standard procedures
for investigating the use <u>or threatened use</u> of force as
described in subsection (1), but the agency may not arrest the

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157 person for using or threatening to use force unless it 158 determines that there is probable cause that the force that was 159 used or threatened was unlawful. 160 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 776.041, Florida 161 Statutes, is amended to read: 162 776.041 Use or threatened use of force by aggressor.-The 163 justification described in the preceding sections of this 164 chapter is not available to a person who: 165 Initially provokes the use or threatened use of force (2)

against himself or herself, unless:

(a) Such force or threat of force is so great that the
person reasonably believes that he or she is in imminent danger
of death or great bodily harm and that he or she has exhausted
every reasonable means to escape such danger other than the use
<u>or threatened use</u> of force which is likely to cause death or
great bodily harm to the assailant; or

(b) In good faith, the person withdraws from physical contact with the assailant and indicates clearly to the assailant that he or she desires to withdraw and terminate the use <u>or threatened use</u> of force, but the assailant continues or resumes the use <u>or threatened use</u> of force.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 776.051, FloridaStatutes, is amended to read:

180 776.051 Use <u>or threatened use</u> of force in resisting arrest 181 or making an arrest or in the execution of a legal duty; 182 prohibition.-

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(1) A person is not justified in the use <u>or threatened use</u> of force to resist an arrest by a law enforcement officer, or to resist a law enforcement officer who is engaged in the execution of a legal duty, if the law enforcement officer was acting in good faith and he or she is known, or reasonably appears, to be a law enforcement officer.

Section 8. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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