$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committees on Appropriations; and Transportation; and Senator Grimsley

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to transportation; amending s.
3	316.2397, F.S.; expanding the types of vehicles that
4	may show or display an amber light; amending s.
5	337.403, F.S.; providing an exception for payment of
6	certain utility work necessitated by a project on the
7	State Highway System for municipally owned utilities
8	or county-owned utilities located in rural areas of
9	critical economic concern and authorizing the
10	Department of Transportation to pay for such costs
11	under certain circumstances; creating s. 339.041,
12	F.S.; providing legislative intent; describing the
13	types of department property eligible for factoring
14	future revenues received by the department from leases
15	for communication facilities on department property;
16	authorizing the department to enter into agreements
17	with investors to purchase the revenue streams from
18	department leases of wireless communication facilities
19	on such property pursuant to an invitation to
20	negotiate; prohibiting the department from pledging
21	state credit; allowing the department to make certain
22	covenants; providing for the appropriation and payment
23	of moneys received from such agreements to investors;
24	requiring the proceeds from such leases to be used for
25	capital expenditures; amending s. 339.2818, F.S.;
26	subject to the appropriation of specified additional
27	funding, authorizing a municipality within a rural
28	area of critical economic concern or a rural area of
29	critical economic concern community to compete for

### Page 1 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
30	certain funding; providing criteria; amending s.
31	479.16, F.S.; exempting certain signs from the
32	provisions of ch. 479, F.S.; exempting from permitting
33	certain signs placed by tourist-oriented businesses,
34	certain farm signs placed during harvest seasons,
35	certain acknowledgement signs on publicly funded
36	school premises, and certain displays on specific
37	sports facilities; providing that certain provisions
38	relating to the regulation of signs may not be
39	implemented or continued if such actions will
40	adversely impact the allocation of federal funds to
41	the Department of Transportation; directing the
42	department to notify a sign owner that the sign must
43	be removed if federal funds are adversely impacted;
44	authorizing the department to remove the sign and
45	assess costs to the sign owner under certain
46	circumstances; amending s. 479.262, F.S.; clarifying
47	provisions relating to the tourist-oriented
48	directional sign program; limiting the placement of
49	such signs to intersections on certain rural roads;
50	prohibiting such signs in urban areas or at
51	interchanges on freeways or expressways; providing an
52	effective date.
53	
54	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
55	
56	Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 316.2397, Florida
57	Statutes, is amended to read:
58	316.2397 Certain lights prohibited; exceptions
	Page 2 of 15

85

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
59	(4) Road or street maintenance equipment, road or street
60	maintenance vehicles, road service vehicles, refuse collection
61	vehicles, petroleum tankers, and mail carrier vehicles may show
62	or display amber lights when in operation or a hazard exists. <u>A</u>
63	commercial motor vehicle or trailer designed to transport
64	unprocessed logs or pulpwood may show or display an amber light
65	affixed to the rearmost point of the vehicle or trailer.
66	Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 337.403, Florida
67	Statutes, is amended to read:
68	337.403 Interference caused by relocation of utility;
69	expenses
70	(1) If a utility that is placed upon, under, over, or along
71	any public road or publicly owned rail corridor is found by the
72	authority to be unreasonably interfering in any way with the
73	convenient, safe, or continuous use, or the maintenance,
74	improvement, extension, or expansion, of such public road or
75	publicly owned rail corridor, the utility owner shall, upon 30
76	days' written notice to the utility or its agent by the
77	authority, initiate the work necessary to alleviate the
78	interference at its own expense except as provided in paragraphs
79	(a) - (h) = (a) - (g). The work must be completed within such
80	reasonable time as stated in the notice or such time as agreed
81	to by the authority and the utility owner.
82	(a) If the relocation of utility facilities, as referred to
83	in s. 111 of the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1956, Pub. L. No.
84	84-627 627 of the 84th Congress, is necessitated by the

86 including extensions thereof within urban areas, and the cost of 87 the project is eligible and approved for reimbursement by the

construction of a project on the federal-aid interstate system,

### Page 3 of 15

576-02577-14 2014218c2 88 Federal Government to the extent of 90 percent or more under the 89 Federal Aid Highway Act, or any amendment thereof, then in that 90 event the utility owning or operating such facilities shall 91 perform any necessary work upon notice from the department, and 92 the state shall pay the entire expense properly attributable to 93 such work after deducting therefrom any increase in the value of 94 a new facility and any salvage value derived from an old 95 facility. 96 (b) When a joint agreement between the department and the 97 utility is executed for utility work to be accomplished as part of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the 98 99 department may participate in those utility work costs that 100

100 exceed the department's official estimate of the cost of the 101 work by more than 10 percent. The amount of such participation 102 <u>is shall be</u> limited to the difference between the official 103 estimate of all the work in the joint agreement plus 10 percent 104 and the amount awarded for this work in the construction 105 contract for such work. The department may not participate in 106 any utility work costs that occur as a result of changes or 107 additions during the course of the contract.

(c) When an agreement between the department and utility is executed for utility work to be accomplished in advance of a contract for construction of a transportation facility, the department may participate in the cost of clearing and grubbing necessary to perform such work.

(d) If the utility facility was initially installed to exclusively serve the authority or its tenants, or both, the authority shall bear the costs of the utility work. However, the authority is not responsible for the cost of utility work

### Page 4 of 15

576-02577-14 2014218c2 117 related to any subsequent additions to that facility for the 118 purpose of serving others.

119 (e) If, under an agreement between a utility and the authority entered into after July 1, 2009, the utility conveys, 120 121 subordinates, or relinquishes a compensable property right to the authority for the purpose of accommodating the acquisition 122 123 or use of the right-of-way by the authority, without the 124 agreement expressly addressing future responsibility for the 125 cost of necessary utility work, the authority shall bear the cost of removal or relocation. This paragraph does not impair or 126 restrict, and may not be used to interpret, the terms of any 127 128 such agreement entered into before July 1, 2009.

(f) If the utility is an electric facility being relocated underground in order to enhance vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian safety and in which ownership of the electric facility to be placed underground has been transferred from a private to a public utility within the past 5 years, the department shall incur all costs of the necessary utility work.

(g) An authority may bear the costs of utility work required to eliminate an unreasonable interference when the utility is not able to establish that it has a compensable property right in the particular property where the utility is located if:

The utility was physically located on the particular
 property before the authority acquired rights in the property;

142 2. The utility demonstrates that it has a compensable 143 property right in all adjacent properties along the alignment of 144 the utility; and

145

3. The information available to the authority does not

### Page 5 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
146	establish the relative priorities of the authority's and the
147	utility's interests in the particular property.
148	(h) If a municipally owned utility or county-owned utility
149	is located in a rural area of critical economic concern, as
150	defined in s. 288.0656(2), and the department determines that
151	the utility is unable, and will not be able within the next 10
152	years, to pay for the cost of utility work necessitated by a
153	department project on the State Highway System, the department
154	may pay, in whole or in part, the cost of such utility work
155	performed by the department or its contractor.
156	Section 3. Section 339.041, Florida Statutes, is created to
157	read:
158	339.041 Factoring of revenues from leases for wireless
159	communication facilities
160	(1) The Legislature finds that efforts to increase funding
161	for capital expenditures for the transportation system are
162	necessary for the protection of the public safety and general
163	welfare and for the preservation of transportation facilities in
164	this state. It is, therefore, the intent of the Legislature:
165	(a) To create a mechanism for factoring future revenues
166	received by the department from leases for wireless
167	communication facilities on department property on a nonrecourse
168	basis;
169	(b) To fund fixed capital expenditures for the statewide
170	transportation system from proceeds generated through this
171	mechanism; and
172	(c) To maximize revenues from factoring by ensuring that
173	such revenues are exempt from income taxation under federal law
174	in order to increase funds available for capital expenditures.
•	

## Page 6 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
175	(2) For the purposes of factoring revenues under this
176	section, department property includes real property located
177	within the department's limited access rights-of-way, property
178	located outside the current operating right-of-way limits which
179	is not needed to support current transportation facilities,
180	other property owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal
181	Improvement Trust Fund and leased by the department, space on
182	department telecommunications facilities, and space on
183	department structures.
184	(3) The department may solicit investors willing to enter
185	into agreements to purchase the revenue stream from one or more
186	existing department leases for wireless communication facilities
187	on property owned or controlled by the department through the
188	issuance of an invitation to negotiate. Such agreements shall be
189	structured as tax-exempt financings for federal income tax
190	purposes in order to result in the largest possible payout.
191	(4) The department may not pledge the credit, the general
192	revenues, or the taxing power of the state or of any political
193	subdivision of the state. The obligations of the department and
194	investors under the agreement do not constitute a general
195	obligation of the state or a pledge of the full faith and credit
196	or taxing power of the state. The agreement is payable from and
197	secured solely by payments received from department leases for
198	wireless communication facilities on property owned or
199	controlled by the department, and neither the state nor any of
200	its agencies has any liability beyond such payments.
201	(5) The department may make any covenant or representation
202	necessary or desirable in connection with the agreement,
203	including a commitment by the department to take whatever
1	

# Page 7 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
204	actions are necessary on behalf of investors to enforce the
205	department's rights to payments on property leased for wireless
206	communications facilities. However, the department may not
207	guarantee that revenues actually received in a future year will
208	be those anticipated in its leases for wireless communication
209	facilities. The department may agree to use its best efforts to
210	ensure that anticipated future-year revenues are protected. Any
211	risk that actual revenues received from department leases for
212	wireless communications facilities will be lower than
213	anticipated shall be borne exclusively by investors.
214	(6) Subject to annual appropriation, the investors shall
215	collect the lease payments on a schedule and in a manner
216	established in the agreements entered into pursuant to this
217	section between the department and the investors. The agreements
218	may provide for lease payments to be made directly to investors
219	by lessees if the lease agreements entered into by the
220	department and the lessees pursuant to s. 365.172(12)(f) allow
221	direct payment.
222	(7) Proceeds received by the department from leases for
223	wireless communication facilities shall be deposited in the
224	State Transportation Trust Fund created under s. 206.46 and used
225	for fixed capital expenditures for the statewide transportation
226	system.
227	Section 4. Subsection (7) is added to section 339.2818,
228	Florida Statutes, to read:
229	339.2818 Small County Outreach Program
230	(7) Subject to a specific appropriation in addition to
231	funds annually appropriated for projects under this section, a
232	municipality within a rural area of critical economic concern or
1	

# Page 8 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
233	a rural area of critical economic concern community designated
234	under s. 288.0656(7)(a) may compete for the additional project
235	funding using the criteria listed in subsection (4) at up to 100
236	percent of project costs, excluding capacity improvement
237	projects.
238	Section 5. Section 479.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to
239	read:
240	479.16 Signs for which permits are not required <u>Signs</u>
241	placed on benches, transit shelters, modular news racks, street
242	light poles, public pay telephones, and waste receptacles within
243	the right-of-way, as provided under s. 337.408, are exempt from
244	this chapter. The following signs are exempt from the
245	requirement that a permit <del>for a sign</del> be obtained under <del>the</del>
246	<del>provisions of</del> this chapter but <u>must</u> <del>are required to</del> comply with
247	the provisions of s. 479.11(4)-(8):
248	(1) Signs erected on the premises of an establishment $_{m  au}$
249	which <del>signs</del> consist primarily of the name of the establishment
250	or which identify the principal or accessory merchandise,
251	services, activities, or entertainment sold, produced,
252	manufactured, or furnished on the premises of the establishment
253	and which comply with the lighting restrictions <i>imposed</i> under
254	department rule adopted pursuant to s. 479.11(5), or signs owned
255	by a municipality or $ extsf{a}$ county located on the premises of such
256	municipality or <del>such</del> county which display information regarding
257	government services, activities, events, or entertainment. For
258	purposes of this section, the following types of messages shall
259	not be considered information regarding government services,
260	activities, events, or entertainment:

261

(a) Messages that which specifically reference any

## Page 9 of 15

```
576-02577-14
                                                               2014218c2
262
     commercial enterprise.
263
           (b) Messages that which reference a commercial sponsor of
264
     any event.
265
          (c) Personal messages.
266
           (d) Political campaign messages.
267
268
     If a sign located on the premises of an establishment consists
269
     principally of brand name or trade name advertising and the
270
     merchandise or service is only incidental to the principal
271
     activity, or if the owner of the establishment receives rental
272
     income from the sign, then the sign is not exempt under this
     subsection.
273
274
           (2) Signs erected, used, or maintained on a farm by the
275
     owner or lessee of such farm and relating solely to farm
276
     produce, merchandise, service, or entertainment sold, produced,
277
     manufactured, or furnished on such farm.
278
           (3) Signs posted or displayed on real property by the owner
```

or by the authority of the owner, stating that the real property is for sale or rent. However, if the sign contains any message not pertaining to the sale or rental of <u>the</u> that real property, <u>then</u> it is not exempt under this section.

(4) Official notices or advertisements posted or displayed on private property by or under the direction of any public or court officer in the performance of her or his official or directed duties $\tau$  or by trustees under deeds of trust or deeds of assignment or other similar instruments.

(5) Danger or precautionary signs relating to the premises
on which they are located; forest fire warning signs erected
under the authority of the Florida Forest Service of the

### Page 10 of 15

576-02577-14 2014218c2 291 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; and signs, 292 notices, or symbols erected by the United States Government 293 under the direction of the United States Forestry Service. 294 (6) Notices of any railroad, bridge, ferry, or other 295 transportation or transmission company necessary for the 296 direction or safety of the public. 297 (7) Signs, notices, or symbols for the information of aviators as to location, directions, and landings and conditions 298 299 affecting safety in aviation erected or authorized by the 300 department. 301 (8) Signs or notices measuring up to 8 square feet in area which are erected or maintained upon property and state stating 302 only the name of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises 303 304 and not exceeding 8 square feet in area. 305 (9) Historical markers erected by duly constituted and 306 authorized public authorities. 307 (10) Official traffic control signs and markers erected, 308 caused to be erected, or approved by the department. 309 (11) Signs erected upon property warning the public against 310 hunting and fishing or trespassing thereon. 311 (12) Signs not in excess of up to 8 square feet which that 312 are owned by and relate to the facilities and activities of 313 churches, civic organizations, fraternal organizations, 314 charitable organizations, or units or agencies of government. 315 (13) Except that signs placed on benches, transit shelters, 316 and waste receptacles as provided for in s. 337.408 are exempt 317 from all provisions of this chapter. (13) (14) Signs relating exclusively to political campaigns. 318 (14) (15) Signs measuring up to not in excess of 16 square 319

### Page 11 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
320	feet placed at a road junction with the State Highway System
321	denoting only the distance or direction of a residence or farm
322	operation, or, <u>outside an incorporated</u> <del>in a rural</del> area where a
323	hardship is created because a small business is not visible from
324	the road junction with the State Highway System, one sign
325	<u>measuring up to</u> <del>not in excess of</del> 16 square feet, denoting only
326	the name of the business and the distance and direction to the
327	business. The small-business-sign provision of this subsection
328	does not apply to charter counties and may not be implemented if
329	the Federal Government notifies the department that
330	implementation will adversely affect the allocation of federal
331	funds to the department.
332	(15) Signs placed by a local tourist-oriented business
333	located within a rural area of critical economic concern as
334	defined under s. 288.0656(2) which are:
335	(a) Not more than 8 square feet in size or more than 4 feet
336	in height;
337	(b) Located only in rural areas on a facility that does not
338	meet the definition of a limited access facility as defined by
339	department rule;
340	(c) Located within 2 miles of the business location and at
341	least 500 feet apart;
342	(d) Located only in two directions leading to the business;
343	and
344	(e) Not located within the road right-of-way.
345	
346	A business placing such signs must be at least 4 miles from any
347	other business using this exemption and may not participate in
348	any other directional signage program by the department.

# Page 12 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
349	(16) Signs measuring up to 32 square feet denoting only the
350	distance or direction of a farm operation which are erected at a
351	road junction with the State Highway System, but only during the
352	harvest season of the farm operation for a period not to exceed
353	4 months.
354	(17) Acknowledgement signs erected upon publicly funded
355	school premises which relate to a specific public school club,
356	team, or event which are placed at least 1,000 feet from any
357	other acknowledgement sign on the same side of the roadway. The
358	sponsor information on an acknowledgement sign may constitute no
359	more than 100 square feet of the sign. For purposes of this
360	subsection, the term "acknowledgement sign" means a sign that is
361	intended to inform the traveling public that a public school
362	club, team, or event has been sponsored by a person, firm, or
363	other entity.
364	(18) Displays erected upon a sports facility the content of
365	which is directly related to the facility's activities or where
366	products or services offered on the sports facility property are
367	present. Displays must be mounted flush to the surface of the
368	sports facility and must rely upon the building facade for
369	structural support. For purposes of this subsection, the term
370	"sports facility" means an athletic complex, athletic arena, or
371	athletic stadium, including physically connected parking
372	facilities, which is open to the public and has a permanent
373	installed seating capacity of 15,000 people or more.
374	
375	The exemptions in subsections (14)-(18) may not be implemented
376	or continued if the Federal Government notifies the department
377	that implementation or continuation will adversely impact the

# Page 13 of 15

	576-02577-14 2014218c2
378	allocation of federal funds to the department. If the exemptions
379	in subsections (14)-(18) are not implemented or continued due to
380	notification from the Federal Government that the allocation of
381	federal funds to the department will be adversely impacted, the
382	department shall provide notice to the sign owner that the sign
383	must be removed within 30 days. If the sign is not removed
384	within 30 days after receipt of the notice by the sign owner,
385	the department may remove the sign, and the costs incurred in
386	connection with the sign removal shall be assessed against and
387	collected from the sign owner.
388	Section 6. Section 479.262, Florida Statutes, is amended to
389	read:
390	479.262 Tourist-oriented directional sign program
391	(1) A tourist-oriented directional sign program to provide
392	directions to rural tourist-oriented businesses, services, and
393	activities may be established for intersections on rural and
394	conventional state, county, or municipal roads only in rural
395	counties identified by criteria and population in s. 288.0656
396	when approved and permitted by county or local government
397	entities within their respective jurisdictional areas <del>at</del>

398 intersections on rural and conventional state, county, or 399 municipal roads. A county or local government that which issues 400 permits for a tourist-oriented directional sign program is shall 401 be responsible for sign construction, maintenance, and program 402 operation in compliance with subsection (3) for roads on the 403 state highway system and may establish permit fees sufficient to 404 offset associated costs. A tourist-oriented directional sign may 405 not be used on roads in urban areas or at interchanges on 406 freeways or expressways.

#### Page 14 of 15

576-02577-14 2014218c2 407 (2) This section does not create a proprietary or 408 compensable interest in any tourist-oriented directional sign 409 site or location for any permittee on any rural and conventional 410 state, county, or municipal road roads. The department or the 411 permitting entity may terminate permits or change locations of 412 tourist-oriented directional sign sites as determined necessary 413 for construction or improvement of transportation facilities or 414 for improved traffic control or safety. 415 (3) Tourist-oriented directional signs installed on the state highway system must shall comply with the requirements of 416 417 the federal Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices and rules 418 established by the department. The department may adopt rules to

419 establish requirements for participant qualification,
420 construction standards, location of sign sites, and other
421 criteria necessary to implement this program.

422

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.