

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/19/2014	•	
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Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 61 - 285

4 and insert:

> transmit data; or in some other fashion usurp or interfere with the normal operation of the computer, computer system, or computer network.

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(4) "Computer network" means \underline{a} system that provides \underline{a} medium for communication between one or more computer systems or electronic devices, including communication with an input or

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output device such as a display terminal, printer, or other electronic equipment that is connected to the computer systems or electronic devices by physical or wireless telecommunication facilities any system that provides communications between one or more computer systems and its input or output devices, including, but not limited to, display terminals and printers that are connected by telecommunication facilities.

- (5) "Computer program or computer software" means a set of instructions or statements and related data which, when executed in actual or modified form, cause a computer, computer system, or computer network to perform specified functions.
- (6) "Computer services" include, but are not limited to, computer time; data processing or storage functions; or other uses of a computer, computer system, or computer network.
- (7) "Computer system" means a device or collection of devices, including support devices, one or more of which contain computer programs, electronic instructions, or input data and output data, and which perform functions, including, but not limited to, logic, arithmetic, data storage, retrieval, communication, or control. The term does not include calculators that are not programmable and that are not capable of being used in conjunction with external files.
- (8) "Data" means a representation of information, knowledge, facts, concepts, computer software, computer programs, or instructions. Data may be in any form, in storage media or stored in the memory of the computer, or in transit or presented on a display device.
- (9) "Electronic device" means a device or a portion of a device that is designed for and capable of communicating across

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a computer network with other computers or devices for the purpose of transmitting, receiving, or storing data, including, but not limited to, a cellular telephone, tablet, or other portable device designed for and capable of communicating with or across a computer network and that is actually used for such purpose.

- (10) (9) "Financial instrument" means any check, draft, money order, certificate of deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, credit card, or marketable security.
- (11) (10) "Intellectual property" means data, including programs.
- (12) (11) "Property" means anything of value as defined in s. 812.012 and includes, but is not limited to, financial instruments, information, including electronically produced data and computer software and programs in either machine-readable or human-readable form, and any other tangible or intangible item of value.

Section 3. Section 815.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 815.04 Offenses against intellectual property; public records exemption.
- (1) A person who Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization introduces a computer contaminant or modifies or renders unavailable data, programs, or supporting documentation residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device commits an offense against intellectual property.
- (2) A person who Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization destroys data, programs, or supporting

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documentation residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device commits an offense against intellectual property.

- (3)(a) Data, programs, or supporting documentation which is a trade secret as defined in s. 812.081 which resides or exists internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network which is held by an agency as defined in chapter 119 is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (b) A person who Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization discloses or takes data, programs, or supporting documentation which is a trade secret as defined in s. 812.081 or is confidential as provided by law residing or existing internal or external to a computer, computer system, or computer network commits an offense against intellectual property.
- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offense against intellectual property is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) If the offense is committed for the purpose of devising or executing any scheme or artifice to defraud or to obtain any property, then the person commits offender is guilty of a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 4. Section 815.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 815.06 Offenses against computer users of computer networks and electronic devices .-
 - (1) As used in this section, the term "user" means a person

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with the authority to operate or maintain a computer network or electronic device.

- (2) A person commits an offense against users of computer knowingly, and without authorization:
- (a) Accesses or causes to be accessed any computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device with the knowledge that such access is unauthorized;
- (b) Disrupts or denies or causes the denial of the ability to transmit data computer system services to or from an authorized user of such computer system or computer network services, which, in whole or in part, is owned by, under contract to, or operated for, on behalf of, or in conjunction with another;
- (c) Destroys, takes, injures, or damages equipment or supplies used or intended to be used in a computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device;
- (d) Destroys, injures, or damages any computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device; or
- (e) Introduces any computer contaminant into any computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device; or
- (f) Engages in audio or video surveillance of an individual without that individual's authorization by accessing any inherent feature or component of a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device, including accessing the data or information of a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device that is stored by a third party.

This section does not apply to a person who has acted pursuant

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to a search warrant or to an exception to a search warrant authorized by law or when acting within the scope of his or her lawful employment and authorized security operations of a government or business, and nothing in this act may be construed to impose liability on a provider of an interactive computer service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 230(f)(2), an information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. s. 153(24), or communications services as defined in s. 202.11 if the provider provides the transmission, storage, or caching of electronic communications or messages of others; other related telecommunications or commercial mobile radio service; or content provided by another person commits an offense against computer users.

- (3) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), a person who whoever violates subsection (2) (1) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (b) A person commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if he or she Whoever violates subsection (2) (1) and:
- 1. Damages a computer, computer equipment or supplies, computer supplies, a computer system, or a computer network, and the monetary damage or loss incurred as a result of the violation is at least \$5,000 or greater;
- 2. Commits the offense for the purpose of devising or executing any scheme or artifice to defraud or obtain property; or
- 3. Interrupts or impairs a governmental operation or public communication, transportation, or supply of water, gas, or other public service; or

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- 4. Intentionally interrupts the transmittal of data to or from, or gains unauthorized access to, a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device belonging to any mode of public or private transit, as defined in s. 341.031_{7}
- 161 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 162
 - (c) A person who Whoever violates subsection (2) (1) and the violation endangers human life commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the violation:
 - 1. Endangers human life; or
 - 2. Disrupts a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device that affects medical equipment used in the direct administration of medical care or treatment to a person.
 - (4) (3) A person who Whoever willfully, knowingly, and without authorization modifies equipment or supplies used or intended to be used in a computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - (5) $\frac{(4)}{(4)}$ (a) In addition to any other civil remedy available, the owner or lessee of the computer, computer system, computer network, computer program, computer equipment or supplies, electronic device, computer supplies, or computer data may bring a civil action against a any person convicted under this section for compensatory damages.
 - (b) In an any action brought under this subsection, the court may award reasonable attorney attorney's fees to the prevailing party.

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(6) (5) A Any computer, computer system, computer network, computer software, or computer data, or electronic device owned by a defendant which is used during the commission of a any violation of this section or a any computer or electronic device owned by the defendant which is used as a repository for the storage of software or data obtained in violation of this section is subject to forfeiture as provided under ss. 932.701-932.704.

(7) (6) This section does not apply to a any person who accesses his or her employer's computer system, computer network, computer program, or computer data, or electronic device when acting within the scope of his or her lawful employment.

(8) (8) (7) For purposes of bringing a civil or criminal action under this section, a person who causes, by any means, the access to a computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device in one jurisdiction from another jurisdiction is deemed to have personally accessed the computer, computer system, or computer network, or electronic device in both jurisdictions.

Section 5. Section 815.061, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

815.061 Offenses against public utilities.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "public utility" includes each public utility and electric utility as those terms are defined in s. 366.02; each utility as defined in s. 367.021; each natural gas transmission company as defined in s. 368.103; each person, corporation, partnership, association, public agency, municipality, cooperative, gas district, or other legal



214 entity and their lessees, trustees, or receivers, now or hereafter owning, operating, managing, or controlling gas 215 216 transmission or distribution facilities or any other facility 217 supplying or storing natural or manufactured gas or liquefied 218 gas with air admixture or any similar gaseous substances by 219 pipeline to or for the public within this state; and any 220 separate legal entity created under s. 163.01 and composed of 221 any of the entities described in this subsection for the purpose 222 of providing utility services in this state, including wholesale 223 power and electric transmission services. 224 (2) A person may not willfully, knowingly, and without 225 authorization: 226 (a) Gain access to a computer, computer system, computer 227 network, or electronic device owned, operated, or used by a 228 public utility while knowing that such access is unauthorized. 229 (b) Physically tamper with, insert a computer contaminant 230 into, or 231 232 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows: 233 Delete lines 4 - 21 234 235 and insert: 236 s. 815.03, F.S.; defining and redefining terms; 237 amending s. 815.04, F.S.; providing that a person who 238 willfully, knowingly, and without authorization 239 introduces a computer contaminant or modifies or 240 destroys data, programs, or supporting documentation residing or existing internal or external to a 241

computer, computer system, computer network, or

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electronic device commits an offense against intellectual property; providing criminal penalties; amending s. 815.06, F.S.; defining terms; providing that a person who willfully, knowingly, and without authorization accesses a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device, disrupts the ability to transmit data to or from a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device, damages a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device, or engages in the audio or video surveillance of an individual without the individual's authorization by accessing a computer, computer system, computer network, or electronic device commits an offense against the users of computer networks and electronic devices; providing