By Senator Latvala

20-00324E-14 2014602

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the residency of candidates and public officers; creating ss. 99.0125 and 111.015, F.S.; requiring a candidate or public officer required to reside in a specific geographic area to have only one domicile at a time; providing factors that may be considered when determining residency; providing exceptions for active duty military members; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 99.0125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

99.0125 Residency; candidates.—

(1) The address at which a candidate maintains his or her domicile must be used to satisfy any candidate residency requirement. A candidate may have only one domicile at a time. The building claimed as a domicile must be zoned for residential use and must comply with all requirements necessary to obtain a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion pursuant to applicable building codes.

(2) Factors that may be considered in determining whether a candidate meets a residency requirement include, but are not limited to:

(a) A formal declaration of domicile in the public records of the county.

(b) A statement, whether oral or written, indicating the intention to establish a place as his or her domicile.

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(c) Whether he or she transferred the title to his or her previous residence.

- (d) The address at which he or she claims a homestead exemption.
- (e) An address at which he or she has purchased, rented, or leased property.
 - (f) The address where he or she plans to build a new home.
- (g) The amount of time that he or she spends at property he or she owns, leases, or rents.
- (h) Proof of payment for, and usage activity of, utilities at property owned by the candidate.
- (i) The address at which he or she receives mail and correspondence.
- (j) The address provided to register his or her dependent children for school.
- $\underline{\mbox{(k)}}$ The address of his or her spouse or immediate family members.
 - (1) The physical address of his or her employment.
- (m) Previous permanent residency in a state other than

 Florida or in another country, and the date his or her residency
 was terminated.
- (n) The address on his or her voter information card or other official correspondence from the supervisor of elections providing proof of voter registration.
- (o) The address on his or her valid Florida driver license issued under s. 322.18, valid Florida identification card issued under s. 322.051, or any other license required by law.
- (p) The address on the title to, or a certificate of registration of, his or her motor vehicle.

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(q) The address listed on filed federal income tax returns.

- (r) The location where his or her bank statements and checking accounts are registered.
- (s) A request made to a federal, state, or local government agency to update or change his or her address.
- (t) Whether he or she has relinquished a license or permit held in another jurisdiction.
- (3) An active duty military member may not be deemed to have acquired a domicile in this state by reason of being stationed on duty in this state; nor shall an active duty military member be deemed to have abandoned domicile in this state because he or she is stationed in another municipality, state, or country. However, this subsection does not prohibit an active duty military member from establishing a new domicile where he or she is stationed.

Section 2. Section 111.015, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

111.015 Residency; public officers.—

- (1) The address at which a public officer maintains his or her domicile must be used to satisfy any residency requirement.

 A public officer may have only one domicile at a time. The building claimed as a domicile must be zoned for residential use and must comply with all requirements necessary to obtain a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion pursuant to applicable building codes.
- (2) Factors that may be considered in determining whether a public officer meets a residency requirement include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) A formal declaration of domicile in the public records

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of the county.

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- (b) A statement, whether oral or written, indicating the intention to establish a place as his or her domicile.
- (c) Whether he or she transferred the title to his or her previous residence.
- (d) The address at which he or she claims a homestead exemption.
- (e) An address at which he or she has purchased, rented, or leased property.
 - (f) The address where he or she plans to build a new home.
- (g) The amount of time that he or she spends at property he or she owns, leases, or rents.
- (h) Proof of payment for, and usage activity of, utilities at property owned by the public officer.
- (i) The address at which he or she receives mail and correspondence.
- (j) The address provided to register his or her dependent children for school.
- (k) The address of his or her spouse or immediate family members.
 - (1) The physical address of his or her employment.
- (m) Previous permanent residency in a state other than

 Florida or in another country, and the date his or her residency
 was terminated.
- (n) The address on his or her voter information card or other official correspondence from the supervisor of elections providing proof of voter registration.
- (o) The address on his or her valid Florida driver license issued under s. 322.18, valid Florida identification card issued

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under s. 322.051, or any other license required by law.

- (p) The address on the title to, or a certificate of registration of, his or her motor vehicle.
 - (q) The address listed on filed federal income tax returns.
- (r) The location where his or her bank statements and checking accounts are registered.
- (s) A request made to a federal, state, or local government agency to update or change his or her address.
- (t) Whether he or she has relinquished a license or permit held in another jurisdiction.
- (3) An active duty military member may not be deemed to have acquired a domicile in this state by reason of being stationed on duty in this state; nor shall an active duty military member be deemed to have abandoned domicile in this state because he or she is stationed in another municipality, state, or country. However, this subsection does not prohibit an active duty military member from establishing a new domicile where he or she is stationed.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 2015.