CS for SB 754

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator Bradley

	597-02847-14 2014754c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to certificates of destruction;
3	amending s. 319.30, F.S.; defining a term; revising
4	requirements for the Department of Highway Safety and
5	Motor Vehicles to declare certain mobile homes and
6	motor vehicles unrebuildable and to issue a
7	certificate of destruction; requiring the department
8	to issue certificates of destruction for motor
9	vehicles that are worth less than a specified amount
10	and are above a certain age under certain
11	circumstances; providing an effective date.
12	
13	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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15	Section 1. Present paragraphs (o) through (w) of subsection
16	(1) of section 319.30, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
17	paragraphs (p) through (x), respectively, a new paragraph (o) is
18	added to that subsection, and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of
19	that section is amended, to read:
20	319.30 Definitions; dismantling, destruction, change of
21	identity of motor vehicle or mobile home; salvage
22	(1) As used in this section, the term:
23	(o) "Late model vehicle" means a motor vehicle that has a
24	manufacturer's model year of 7 years or newer.
25	(3)
26	(b) The owner, including persons who are self-insured, of <u>a</u>
27	any motor vehicle or mobile home <u>that</u> which is considered to be
28	salvage shall, within 72 hours after the motor vehicle or mobile
29	home becomes salvage, forward the title to the motor vehicle or
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30	mobile home to the department for processing. However, an
31	insurance company <u>that</u> which pays money as compensation for <u>the</u>
32	total loss of a motor vehicle or mobile home shall obtain the
33	certificate of title for the motor vehicle or mobile home, make
34	the required notification to the National Motor Vehicle Title
35	Information System, and, within 72 hours after receiving such
36	certificate of title, shall forward such title to the department
37	for processing. The owner or insurance company, as <u>applicable</u>
38	the case may be, may not dispose of a vehicle or mobile home
39	that is a total loss before it <u>obtains</u> has obtained a salvage
40	certificate of title or certificate of destruction from the
41	department. When applying for a salvage certificate of title or
42	certificate of destruction, the owner or insurance company must
43	provide the department with an estimate of the costs of
44	repairing the physical and mechanical damage suffered by the
45	vehicle for which a salvage certificate of title or certificate
46	of destruction is sought. If the estimated costs of repairing
47	the physical and mechanical damage to the <u>mobile home</u> vehicle
48	are equal to 80 percent or more of the current retail cost of
49	the <u>mobile home</u> vehicle , as established in any official used car
50	or used mobile home guide, the department shall declare the
51	mobile home vehicle unrebuildable and print a certificate of
52	destruction, which authorizes the dismantling or destruction of
53	the motor vehicle or mobile home described therein . <u>For a late</u>
54	model vehicle with a current retail cost of at least \$7,500 just
55	prior to sustaining the damage that resulted in the total loss,
56	as established in any official used car guide, if the owner or
57	insurance company determines that the estimated costs of
58	repairing the physical and mechanical damage to the vehicle are
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59	equal to 90 percent or more of the current retail cost of the
60	vehicle, as established in any official used motor vehicle
61	guide, the department shall declare the vehicle unrebuildable
62	and print a certificate of destruction, which authorizes the
63	dismantling or destruction of the motor vehicle. However, if the
64	damaged motor vehicle is equipped with custom-lowered floors for
65	wheelchair access or a wheelchair lift, the insurance company
66	may, upon determining that the vehicle is repairable to a
67	condition that is safe for operation on public roads, submit the
68	certificate of title to the department for reissuance as a
69	salvage rebuildable title and the addition of a title brand of
70	"insurance-declared total loss." The certificate of destruction
71	shall be reassignable a maximum of two times before dismantling
72	or destruction of the vehicle <u>is</u> shall be required, and shall
73	accompany the motor vehicle or mobile home for which it is
74	issued, when such motor vehicle or mobile home is sold for such
75	purposes, in lieu of a certificate of title <u>.</u> , and, thereafter,
76	The department <u>may not issue a</u> shall refuse issuance of any
77	certificate of title for that vehicle. Nothing in This
78	subsection <u>is not</u> shall be applicable <u>if</u> when a <u>mobile home</u>
79	vehicle is worth less than \$1,500 retail <u>just prior to</u>
80	sustaining the damage that resulted in the total loss $rac{\mathrm{i} n}{\mathrm{i} n}$
81	undamaged condition in any official used motor vehicle guide or
82	used mobile home guide or when a stolen motor vehicle or mobile
83	home is recovered in substantially intact condition and is
84	readily resalable without extensive repairs to or replacement of
85	the frame or engine. If a motor vehicle has a current retail
86	cost of less than \$7,500 just prior to sustaining the damage
87	that resulted in the total loss, as established in any official

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88	used motor vehicle guide, or if the vehicle is not a late model
89	vehicle, the owner or insurance company that pays money as
90	compensation for the total loss of the motor vehicle shall
91	obtain a certificate of destruction, if the motor vehicle is
92	damaged, wrecked, or burned to the extent that the only residual
93	value of the motor vehicle is as a source of parts or scrap
94	metal, or if the motor vehicle comes into this state under a
95	title or other ownership document that indicates that the motor
96	vehicle is not repairable, is junked, or is for parts or
97	dismantling only. A Any person who knowingly violates this
98	paragraph or falsifies <u>documentation</u> any document to avoid the
99	requirements of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the
100	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
101	775.083.
102	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014.

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