# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Prepare	d By: The Professi	onal Staff of the (	Committee	on Criminal Jus	tice
BILL:	SB 1016					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Abruzzo					
SUBJECT:	Care for Retired Law Enforcement Dogs					
DATE:	March 20, 2	2015 REVIS	SED:			
ANALYST		STAFF DIREC	TOR REFE	RENCE		ACTION
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3.				AP		

### I. Summary:

SB 1016 creates the Care for Retired Law Enforcement Dogs Program. The program will provide reimbursement for up to \$1,500 of annual veterinary costs associated with caring for a retired law enforcement dog for the former handler or adopter who incurs the costs.

Recurring funds in the amount of \$300,000 is appropriated to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) from the General Revenue Fund to fund the program for the 2015-16 fiscal year. The program will be administered and managed by a not-for-profit corporation in a contractual arrangement with FDLE.

#### II. Present Situation:

Law enforcement dogs have become an integral part of many law enforcement efforts statewide, including suspect apprehension through tracking and searching, evidence location, drug and bomb detection, and search and rescue operations. Law enforcement agencies agree that the use of law enforcement dogs is an extremely cost-effective means for crime control and that these dogs possess skills and abilities that frequently exceed that of existing technology.<sup>1</sup>

Just one example of a law enforcement dog's invaluable service is Koda, who worked with the Leon County Sheriff's Office. K9 Koda was shot and killed in January 2013 as he attempted to immobilize a subject following a vehicle pursuit. Deputies pursued a vehicle several blocks until the vehicle crashed into a ditch. The subject continued to flee on foot and then opened fire on K9 Koda and the deputies. Two deputies returned fire and wounded the subject before taking him into custody. It was later determined that the subject was wanted on warrants for attempted first

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>http://brevardsheriff.com/home/commands-services/operational-services/k-9-unit</u> (last visited March 17, 2015); <u>www.soflretiredk9fund.com</u> and <u>http://www.wsvn.com/story/27320793/student-launches-retired-k-9-donation-fund</u> (last visited March 17, 2015).

degree murder, aggravated battery with a deadly weapon, and discharging a firearm from a vehicle.<sup>2</sup>

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates the Care for Retired Law Enforcement Dogs Program (program) within the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE). The program is funded from the General Revenue Fund with the sum of \$300,000, recurring funds, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year. The funds will be appropriated to the FDLE Operating Trust Fund. FDLE will hold the funds in a separate depository account for the corporation under contract with FDLE to administer the program. The corporation will be the disbursing authority for funds held by FDLE for the program's benefit.

FDLE is given rulemaking authority to implement the provisions in the bill.

The program will provide up to \$1,500 to any former handler or adopter of a retired law enforcement dog for reimbursement of veterinary care for the dog if the agency from which the dog retired provides verification of the dog's service. The former handler or adopter must submit a valid invoice from a veterinarian for care provided in Florida for reimbursement to occur. When the annual funding for the program is depleted, reimbursements must be discontinued for the remainder of the year.

"Retired law enforcement dog" is defined by the bill as a dog that has received certification in obedience and apprehension work from a certifying organization, such as the National Police Canine Association.<sup>3</sup> The dog must have been in the service of or employed by a law enforcement agency in this state for the purpose of aiding in the detection of criminal activity, enforcement of laws, or apprehension of offenders.

The bill defines "law enforcement agency" as a state or local public agency that has primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, traffic, highway, regulatory, game, immigration, postal, customs, or controlled substance laws.

The bill adopts the term "veterinarian" from s. 474.202, F.S. Subsection (11) of s. 474.202, F.S., defines "veterinarian" as a health care practitioner who is licensed to engage in the practice of veterinary medicine in Florida under the authority of ch. 474, F.S.<sup>4</sup> The bill refers to s. 474.202,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Read more: <u>http://www.odmp.org/k9/1497-k9-koda#ixzz2vrveuHYu</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>www.npca.net</u> (last visited March 13, 2014). The National Police Canine Association is one of many such organizations in the country including The Florida Law Enforcement Canine Association (FLECA) which is a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization dedicated to the training and certification of Florida's Law Enforcement Canine Teams according to the website, <u>http://www.flecak9.com/</u>. Additionally, the FDLE provides a 400 hour K-9 Team training course and proficiency exam. <sup>4</sup> (9) "Practice of veterinary medicine" means diagnosing the medical condition of animals and prescribing, dispensing, or

<sup>(9)</sup> Practice of veterinary medicine means diagnosing the medical condition of animals and prescribing, dispensing, or administering drugs, medicine, appliances, applications, or treatment of whatever nature for the prevention, cure, or relief of a wound, fracture, bodily injury, or disease thereof; performing any manual procedure for the diagnosis of or treatment for pregnancy or fertility or infertility of animals; or representing oneself by the use of titles or words, or undertaking, offering, or holding oneself out, as performing any of these functions. The term includes the determination of the health, fitness, or soundness of an animal.

F.S., in defining "veterinary care" as a veterinary medical service provided by a veterinarian licensed to practice under ch. 474, F.S.<sup>5</sup> The bill also lists the following veterinary services:

- Annual wellness examinations,
- Vaccines,
- Internal and external parasite prevention treatments,
- Testing and treatment of illnesses and diseases,
- Medications,
- Emergency care and surgeries,
- Care provided in specialties of veterinary medicine such as veterinary oncology, and
- Euthanasia and cremation services.

FDLE is directed to contract with a not-for-profit corporation to administer and manage the program. The corporation must be organized under ch. 617, F.S.<sup>6</sup>

The contract with FDLE is to be entered into with a not-for-profit corporation that:

- Is dedicated to the protection and care of retired law enforcement dogs.
- Holds tax-exempt status under the Internal Revenue code as a s. 501(c)(3) organization.<sup>7</sup>
- Has held tax-exempt status for at least 5 years.
- Agrees to be subject to review and audit at the discretion of the Auditor General to ensure accurate accounting and disbursement of state funds.
- Demonstrates the ability to effectively and efficiently disseminate information and assist former handlers and adopters of retired law enforcement dogs in complying with the bill.
- Receives administrative fees, including salaries and benefits, not to exceed 10 percent of appropriated funds.

Funds held in the separate depository account for the corporation administering the program must revert to FDLE if the contract between the corporation and FDLE expires or is terminated. All unexpended funds will be certified forward on July 1 of each year. The fund balance for the program may not exceed \$400,000.

The bill contains legislative findings related to the value of law enforcement dogs to the residents of Florida.

The provisions in the bill become effective July 1, 2015.

<sup>6</sup> "Corporation not for profit" means a corporation no part of the income or profit of which is distributable to its members, directors, or officers, except as otherwise provided under this chapter. s. 617.01401(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> (13) "Veterinary medicine" includes, with respect to animals, surgery, acupuncture, obstetrics, dentistry, physical therapy, radiology, theriogenology, and other branches or specialties of veterinary medicine. s. 474.202, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Corporations, and any community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, testing for public safety, literary, or educational purposes, or to foster national or international amateur sports competition (but only if no part of its activities involve the provision of athletic facilities or equipment), or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation (except as otherwise provided in subsection (h)), and which does not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distributing of statements), any political campaign on behalf of (or in opposition to) any candidate for public office. 26 U.S.C.A. s. 501(c)(3).

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

FDLE suggests that the corporation should not have the ability to disburse funds directly from a State Treasury account. Alternatively, FDLE suggests a specific cash advance on the contract with the corporation and subsequent reimbursement payments to the corporation to ensure sufficient cash on hand to operate the program.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 943.69 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

# B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.