House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

Floor: 1/AD/2R 04/14/2015 11:25 AM

Senators Ring and Bradley moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 175.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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175.021 Legislative declaration.-

8 (2) This chapter hereby establishes, for all municipal and 9 special district pension plans existing <del>now or hereafter</del> under 10 this chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, 11 minimum benefits and minimum standards for the operation and

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12 funding of such plans, hereinafter referred to as firefighters' pension trust funds, which must be met as conditions precedent 13 14 to the plan or plan sponsor's receiving a distribution of 15 insurance premium tax revenues under s. 175.121. The Minimum 16 benefits and minimum standards for each plan set forth in this 17 chapter may not be diminished by local charter, ordinance, or 18 resolution or by special act of the Legislature and may not, nor 19 may the minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or 20 offset by any other local, state, or federal law that includes 21 may include firefighters in its operation, except as provided 22 under s. 112.65.

Section 2. Section 175.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to 23 read:

175.032 Definitions.-For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local law municipality, local law special fire control district, or local law plan under this chapter, the term following words and phrases have the following meanings:

(1) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 175.121 which exceed base premium tax revenues.

(2) (1) (a) "Average final compensation" for:

(a) A full-time firefighter means one-twelfth of the average annual compensation of the 5 best years of the last 10 years of creditable service before prior to retirement, termination, or death, or the career average as a full-time 38 firefighter since July 1, 1953, whichever is greater. A year is 39 shall be 12 consecutive months or such other consecutive period of time as is used and consistently applied.

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41 (b) "Average final compensation" for A volunteer 42 firefighter means the average salary of the 5 best years of the last 10 best contributing years before prior to change in status 43 44 to a permanent full-time firefighter or retirement as a volunteer firefighter or the career average of a volunteer 45 firefighter, since July 1, 1953, whichever is greater. 46 47 (3) "Base premium tax revenues" means: (a) For a local law plan in effect on October 1, 2003, the 48 49 revenues received by a municipality or special fire control 50 district pursuant to s. 175.121 for the 2002 calendar year. 51 (b) For a local law plan created between October 1, 2003, 52 and March 1, 2015, inclusive, the revenues received by a 53 municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 54 175.121 based upon the tax collections during the second 55 calendar year of participation. 56 (4) (2) "Chapter plan" means a separate defined benefit 57 pension plan for firefighters which incorporates by reference 58 the provisions of this chapter and has been adopted by the governing body of a municipality or special district. Except as 59 60 may be specifically authorized in this chapter, the provisions of a chapter plan may not differ from the plan provisions set 61 forth in ss. 175.021-175.341 and ss. 175.361-175.401. Actuarial 62 63 valuations of chapter plans shall be conducted by the division as provided by s. 175.261(1). 64 65 (5) (3) "Compensation" or "salary" means, for 66 noncollectively bargained service earned before July 1, 2011, or

67 for service earned under collective bargaining agreements in 68 place before July 1, 2011, the fixed monthly remuneration paid a 69 firefighter. If remuneration is based on actual services

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70 rendered, as in the case of a volunteer firefighter, the term 71 means the total cash remuneration received yearly for such services, prorated on a monthly basis. For noncollectively 72 73 bargained service earned on or after July 1, 2011, or for 74 service earned under collective bargaining agreements entered into on or after July 1, 2011, the term has the same meaning 75 76 except that when calculating retirement benefits, up to 300 77 hours per year in overtime compensation may be included as 78 specified in the plan or collective bargaining agreement, but 79 payments for accrued unused sick or annual leave may not be 80 included.

(a) Any retirement trust fund or plan that meets the requirements of this chapter does not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each firefighter covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.

(b) The member's compensation or salary contributed as 87 employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be 90 deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive 91 if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this 93 chapter.

94 (c) For any person who first becomes a member in any plan 95 year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for 96 that plan year may not include any amounts in excess of the 97 Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a) (17) limitation, as amended by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, which limitation 98

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99 of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for 100 qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for 101 changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal 102 Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a 103 member before the first plan year beginning on or after January 104 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation may not be less than the 105 maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into 106 account under the plan in effect on July 1, 1993, which 107 limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living 108 since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 109 401(a)(17)(1991).

<u>(6)</u> (4) "Creditable service" or "credited service" means the aggregate number of years of service, and fractional parts of years of service, of any firefighter, omitting intervening years and fractional parts of years when such firefighter may not have been employed by the municipality or special fire control district, subject to the following conditions:

(a) <u>A</u> No firefighter <u>may not</u> will receive credit for years or fractional parts of years of service if he or she has withdrawn his or her contributions to the fund for those years or fractional parts of years of service, unless the firefighter repays into the fund the amount he or she has withdrawn, plus interest determined by the board. The member <u>has shall have</u> at least 90 days after his or her reemployment to make repayment.

(b) A firefighter may voluntarily leave his or her contributions in the fund for a period of 5 years after leaving the employ of the fire department, pending the possibility of being rehired by the same department, without losing credit for the time he or she has participated actively as a firefighter.

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128 If the firefighter is not reemployed as a firefighter  $\tau$  with the 129 same department  $\tau$  within 5 years, his or her contributions shall 130 be returned without interest.

131 (c) Credited service under this chapter shall be provided 132 only for service as a firefighter, as defined in subsection (8), 133 or for military service and does not include credit for any 134 other type of service. A municipality may, by local ordinance, 135 or a special fire control district may, by resolution, may 136 provide for the purchase of credit for military service prior to 137 employment as well as for prior service as a firefighter for 138 some other employer as long as a firefighter is not entitled to 139 receive a benefit for such prior service as a firefighter. For 140 purposes of determining credit for prior service as a 141 firefighter, in addition to service as a firefighter in this 142 state, credit may be given for federal, other state, or county 143 service if the prior service is recognized by the Division of 144 State Fire Marshal as provided in under chapter 633, or the 145 firefighter provides proof to the board of trustees that his or 146 her service is equivalent to the service required to meet the 147 definition of a firefighter under subsection (8).

(d) In determining the creditable service of any firefighter, credit for up to 5 years of the time spent in the military service of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be added to the years of actual service if:

 The firefighter is in the active employ of an employer immediately <u>before</u> prior to such service and leaves a position, other than a temporary position, for the purpose of voluntary or involuntary service in the Armed Forces of the United States.
 The firefighter is entitled to reemployment under the

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157 provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment 158 Rights Act.

159 3. The firefighter returns to his or her employment as a 160 firefighter of the municipality or special fire control district 161 within 1 year <u>after from</u> the date of release from such active 162 service.

163 (7) (5) "Deferred Retirement Option Plan" or "DROP" means a 164 local law plan retirement option in which a firefighter may elect to participate. A firefighter may retire for all purposes 165 166 of the plan and defer receipt of retirement benefits into a DROP 167 account while continuing employment with his or her employer. 168 However, a firefighter who enters the DROP and who is otherwise 169 eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from 170 participation or continued participation participating, or 171 continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence 172 on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this 173 <del>act</del>.

(8) "Defined contribution plan" means the component of a local law plan, as provided in s. 175.351(1), to which deposits, if any, are made to provide benefits for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers if both are included. Such component is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with the defined benefit plan component that meets minimum benefits and minimum standards. The retirement benefits, if any, of the defined contribution plan component shall be provided through individual member accounts in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and are limited to the contributions, if any, made into each member's account and the actual accumulated

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186 earnings, net of expenses, earned on the member's account. (9) (6) "Division" means the Division of Retirement of the 187 188 Department of Management Services. 189 (10) (7) "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled 190 under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income 191 Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of the Society of 192 Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries. 193 (11) (a) (8) (a) "Firefighter" means a person employed solely by a constituted fire department of any municipality or special 194

fire control district who is certified as a firefighter as a 195 196 condition of employment in accordance with s. 633.408 and whose 197 duty it is to extinguish fires, to protect life, or to protect 198 property. The term includes all certified, supervisory, and 199 command personnel whose duties include, in whole or in part, the 200 supervision, training, guidance, and management responsibilities 201 of full-time firefighters, part-time firefighters, or auxiliary 202 firefighters but does not include part-time firefighters or 203 auxiliary firefighters. However, for purposes of this chapter 204 only, the term also includes public safety officers who are 205 responsible for performing both police and fire services, who 206 are certified as police officers or firefighters, and who are 207 certified by their employers to the Chief Financial Officer as 208 participating in this chapter before October 1, 1979. Effective October 1, 1979, public safety officers who have not been 209 210 certified as participating in this chapter are considered police 211 officers for retirement purposes and are eligible to participate 212 in chapter 185. Any plan may provide that the fire chief has an 213 option to participate, or not, in that plan.

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(b) "Volunteer firefighter" means any person whose name is

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215 carried on the active membership roll of a constituted volunteer 216 fire department or a combination of a paid and volunteer fire 217 department of any municipality or special fire control district 218 and whose duty it is to extinguish fires, to protect life, and 219 to protect property. Compensation for services rendered by a 220 volunteer firefighter does shall not disqualify him or her as a 221 volunteer. A person may shall not be disqualified as a volunteer 222 firefighter solely because he or she has other gainful 223 employment. Any person who volunteers assistance at a fire but 224 is not an active member of a department described herein is not 225 a volunteer firefighter within the meaning of this paragraph.

(12)(9) "Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund" means a trust fund, by whatever name known, as provided under s. 175.041, for the purpose of assisting municipalities and special fire control districts in establishing and maintaining a retirement plan for firefighters.

(13) (10) "Local law municipality" means is any municipality in which there exists a local law plan exists.

233 (14) (11) "Local law plan" means a retirement defined 234 benefit pension plan that includes both a defined benefit plan 235 component and a defined contribution plan component for 236 firefighters, or for firefighters and or police officers if both 237 are where included, as described in s. 175.351, established by municipal ordinance, special district resolution, or special act 238 239 of the Legislature, which enactment sets forth all plan 240 provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter if, provided that required minimum 241 242 benefits and minimum standards are met. However, any such variance must shall provide a greater benefit for firefighters. 243

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Actuarial valuations of local law plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in s. 175.261(2).

246 <u>(15)(12)</u> "Local law special fire control district" <u>means</u> is 247 any special fire control district in which there exists a local 248 law plan <u>exists</u>.

(16) "Minimum benefits" means the benefits specified in ss. 175.021-175.341 and ss. 175.361-175.401.

(17) "Minimum standards" means the standards specified in ss. 175.021-175.401.

<u>(18) (13)</u> "Property insurance" means property insurance as defined in s. 624.604 and covers real and personal property within the corporate limits of <u>a</u> any municipality, or within the boundaries of <u>a</u> any special fire control district, within the state. <u>The term</u> "multiple peril" means a combination or package policy that includes both property and casualty coverage for a single premium.

260 (19) (14) "Retiree" or "retired firefighter" means a 261 firefighter who has entered retirement status. For the purposes 262 of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement Option Plan 263 (DROP), a firefighter who enters the DROP is shall be considered 264 a retiree for all purposes of the plan. However, a firefighter 265 who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate 266 may shall not thereby be precluded from participation or 2.67 continued participation participating, or continuing to 268 participate, in a supplemental plan in existence on, or created 269 after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this act.

270 <u>(20) (15)</u> "Retirement" means a firefighter's separation from 271 <u>municipal</u> city or fire district employment as a firefighter with 272 immediate eligibility for receipt of benefits under the plan.

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273 For purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement 274 Option Plan (DROP), "retirement" means the date a firefighter 275 enters the DROP.

(21) "Special act plan" means a plan subject to the provisions of this chapter which was created by an act of the Legislature and continues to require an act of the Legislature to alter plan benefits.

(22) "Special benefits" means benefits provided in a defined contribution plan for firefighters.

<u>(23)</u> (16) "Special fire control district" means a special district, as defined in s. 189.012, established for the purposes of extinguishing fires, protecting life, and protecting property within the incorporated or unincorporated portions of <u>a</u> any county or combination of counties, or within any combination of incorporated and unincorporated portions of <u>a</u> any county or combination of counties. The term does not include any dependent or independent special district, as <u>those terms are</u> defined in s. 189.012, the employees of which are members of the Florida Retirement System pursuant to s. 121.051(1) or (2).

292 (24) (17) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits 293 are made to provide special extra benefits for firefighters, or 294 for firefighters and police officers if both are where included 295 under this chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with a defined benefit plan 296 297 component that meets the minimum benefits and minimum standards 298 of this chapter. Any supplemental plan in existence on March 1, 299 2015, shall be deemed to be a defined contribution plan in 300 compliance with s. 175.351(6).

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(25) (18) "Supplemental plan municipality" means <u>a</u> any local



302 law municipality in which any there existed a supplemental plan 303 existed, of any type or nature, as of December 1, 2000. Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 175.061, 304 305 Florida Statutes, to read: 306 175.061 Board of trustees; members; terms of office; 307 meetings; legal entity; costs; attorney's fees.-For any municipality, special fire control district, chapter plan, local 308 309 law municipality, local law special fire control district, or 310 local law plan under this chapter: 311 (8) (a) The board of trustees shall: 312 1. Provide a detailed accounting report of its expenses for 313 each fiscal year to the plan sponsor and the Department of 314 Management Services and make the report available to each member 315 of the plan and post the report on the board's website, if the 316 board has a website. The report must include all administrative 317 expenses that, for purposes of this subsection, are expenses relating to any legal counsel, actuary, plan administrator, and 318 319 all other consultants, and all travel and other expenses paid to 320 or on behalf of the members of the board of trustees or anyone 321 else on behalf of the plan. 322 2. Operate under an administrative expense budget for each 323 fiscal year, provide a copy of the budget to the plan sponsor, 324 and make available a copy of the budget to plan members before 325 the beginning of the fiscal year. If the board of trustees 326 amends the administrative expense budget, the board must provide 327 a copy of the amended budget to the plan sponsor and make 328 available a copy of the amended budget to plan members. 329 (b) Notwithstanding s. 175.351(2) and (3), a local law plan 330 created by special act before May 27, 1939, must comply with the



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360 municipality and in each special fire control district shall be 361 created and maintained in the following manner:

362 (d) By mandatory payment by the municipality or special 363 fire control district of a sum equal to the normal cost of and 364 the amount required to fund any actuarial deficiency shown by an 365 actuarial valuation conducted under as provided in part VII of 366 chapter 112 after taking into account the amounts described in 367 paragraphs (b), (c), (e), (f), and (g) and the tax proceeds 368 described in paragraph (a) which are used to fund benefits in a 369 defined benefit plan component.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary, provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of salary.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 175.162, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

378 175.162 Requirements for retirement.-For any municipality, 379 special fire control district, chapter plan, local law 380 municipality, local law special fire control district, or local 381 law plan under this chapter, any firefighter who completes 10 or 382 more years of creditable service as a firefighter and attains 383 age 55, or completes 25 years of creditable service as a 384 firefighter and attains age 52, and who for such minimum period 385 has been a member of the firefighters' pension trust fund 386 operating under a chapter plan or local law plan, is eligible 387 for normal retirement benefits. Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service of the municipality or special 388

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389 fire control district on or after the normal retirement date. In 390 such event, payment of retirement income will be governed by the 391 following provisions of this section:

392 (2) (a) 1. The amount of monthly retirement income payable to 393 a full-time firefighter who retires on or after his or her 394 normal retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of 395 his or her years of credited service multiplied by 2.75  $\frac{2}{2}$ 396 percent of his or her average final compensation as a full-time firefighter. However, if current state contributions pursuant to 397 398 this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional benefits to 399 meet the minimum requirements in this chapter, only such 400 incremental increases shall be required as state moneys are 401 adequate to provide. Such increments shall be provided as state 402 moneys become available.

2. Effective July 1, 2015, a plan that is in compliance with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time firefighter for all years of credited service or provides an effective benefit that is less than 2.75 percent as a result of a maximum benefit limitation:

<u>a. Must maintain, at a minimum, the percentage amount or</u> <u>maximum benefit limitation in effect on July 1, 2015, and is not</u> <u>required to increase the benefit to 2.75 percent of the average</u> <u>final compensation of a full-time firefighter for all years of</u> <u>credited service; or</u>

414 b. If the plan changes the percentage amount or maximum
415 benefit limitation to 2.75 percent or more of the average final
416 compensation of a full-time firefighter for all years of
417 credited service, the plan may not thereafter decrease the

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418	percentage amount or maximum benefit limitation to less than
419	2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a full-time
420	firefighter for all years of credited service.
421	Section 7. Section 175.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to
422	read:
423	175.351 Municipalities and special fire control districts
424	that have having their own retirement pension plans for
425	firefightersFor any municipality, special fire control
426	district, local law municipality, local law special fire control
427	district, or local law plan under this chapter, In order for <u>a</u>
428	municipality or municipalities and special fire control district
429	that has its districts with their own retirement plan pension
430	plans for firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers
431	if <u>both are</u> included, to participate in the distribution of the
432	tax fund established <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> s. 175.101, <u>a</u> local law
433	plan plans must meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards,
434	except as provided in the mutual consent provisions in paragraph
435	(1)(g) with respect to the minimum benefits not met as of
436	October 1, 2012 set forth in this chapter.
437	(1) If a municipality has a <u>retirement</u> <del>pension</del> plan for
438	firefighters, or a pension plan for firefighters and police
439	officers if both are included, which in the opinion of the

439 officers if <u>both are</u> included, which in the opinion of the 440 division meets <del>the</del> minimum benefits and minimum standards <del>set</del> 441 <del>forth in this chapter</del>, the board of trustees of the <u>retirement</u> 442 <del>pension</del> plan <u>must</u><del>, as approved by a majority of firefighters of</del> 443 <del>the municipality, may:</del>

444 (a) place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in
445 such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its
446 firefighters, or for firefighters and police officers if <u>both</u>

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447	are included, where it shall become an integral part of that
448	<del>pension</del> plan and <del>shall</del> be used <u>to fund benefits as provided</u>
449	herein. Effective October 1, 2015, for noncollectively bargained
450	service or upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement
451	on or after July 1, 2015:
452	(a) The base premium tax revenues must be used to fund
453	minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the
454	minimum benefits as determined by the municipality or special
455	fire control district.
456	(b) Of the additional premium tax revenues received that
457	are in excess of the amount received for the 2012 calendar year,
458	50 percent must be used to fund minimum benefits or other
459	retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as
460	determined by the municipality or special fire control district,
461	and 50 percent must be placed in a defined contribution plan to
462	fund special benefits.
463	(c) Additional premium tax revenues not described in
464	paragraph (b) must be used to fund benefits that are not
465	included in the minimum benefits. If the additional premium tax
466	revenues subject to this paragraph exceed the full annual cost
467	of benefits provided through the plan which are in excess of the
468	minimum benefits, any amount in excess of the full annual cost
469	must be used as provided in paragraph (b).
470	(d) Of any accumulations of additional premium tax revenues
471	which have not been allocated to fund benefits in excess of the
472	minimum benefits, 50 percent of the amount of the accumulations
473	must be used to fund special benefits, and 50 percent must be
474	applied to fund any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan;
475	provided that any amount of accumulations in excess of the

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476	amount required to fund the unfunded actuarial liabilities must
477	be used to fund special benefits to pay extra benefits to the
478	firefighters included in that pension plan; or
479	(b) Place the income from the premium tax in s. 175.101 in
480	a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to
481	firefighters, or to firefighters and police officers if
482	included, participating in such separate supplemental plan.
483	(e) For a plan created after March 1, 2015, 50 percent of
484	the insurance premium tax revenues must be used to fund defined
485	benefit plan component benefits, with the remainder used to fund
486	defined contribution plan component benefits.
487	(f) If a plan offers benefits in excess of the minimum
488	benefits, such benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in
489	effect as of September 30, 2014, may be reduced if the plan
490	continues to meet minimum benefits and minimum standards. The
491	amount of insurance premium tax revenues previously used to fund
492	benefits in excess of minimum benefits before the reduction,
493	excluding the amount of any additional premium tax revenues
494	distributed to a supplemental plan for the 2012 calendar year,
495	must be used as provided in paragraph (b). However, benefits in
496	excess of minimum benefits may not be reduced if a plan does not
497	meet the minimum percentage amount of 2.75 percent of the
498	average final compensation of a full-time firefighter, as
499	required by s. 175.162(2)(a)1., or provides an effective benefit
500	that is below 2.75 percent as a result of a maximum benefit
501	limitation as described in s. 175.162(2)(a)2.
502	(g) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a)-(f), the use of premium
503	tax revenues, including any accumulations of additional premium
504	tax revenues which have not been allocated to fund benefits in
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505 excess of minimum benefits, may deviate from the provisions of 506 this subsection by mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if there is no representative, by 507 508 a majority of the firefighter members of the fund, and by 509 consent of the municipality or special fire control district, 510 provided that the plan continues to meet minimum benefits and 511 minimum standards; however, a plan that operates pursuant to 512 this paragraph and does not meet minimum benefits as of October 513 1, 2012, may continue to provide the benefits that do not meet 514 the minimum benefits at the same level as was provided as of October 1, 2012, and all other benefit levels must continue to 515 516 meet the minimum benefits. Such mutually agreed deviation must 517 continue until modified or revoked by subsequent mutual consent 518 of the members' collective bargaining representative or, if 519 none, by a majority of the firefighter members of the fund, and 520 the municipality or special fire control district. An existing 521 arrangement for the use of premium tax revenues contained within 522 a special act plan or a plan within a supplemental plan 523 municipality is considered, as of July 1, 2015, to be a 524 deviation for which mutual consent has been granted.

525 (2) The premium tax provided by this chapter must shall in 526 all cases be used in its entirety to provide retirement extra 527 benefits to firefighters, or to firefighters and police officers if both are included. However, local law plans in effect on 528 529 October 1, 1998, must comply with the minimum benefit provisions 530 of this chapter only to the extent that additional premium tax revenues become available to incrementally fund the cost of such 531 532 compliance as provided in s. 175.162(2)(a). If a plan is in 533 compliance with such minimum benefit provisions, as subsequent

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additional premium tax revenues become available, they must be used to provide extra benefits. Local law plans created by special act before May 27, 1939, are deemed to comply with this chapter. For the purpose of this chapter, the term:

(a) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality or special fire control district pursuant to s. 175.121 which exceed that amount received for calendar year 1997.

(b) "Extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for firefighters on March 12, 1999.

546 (3) A retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may 547 not be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or 548 amendment contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. 549 Such proposed plan or proposed plan change may not be adopted 550 without the approval of the municipality, special fire control 551 district, or, where required permitted, the Legislature. Copies 552 of the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial 553 impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change 554 shall be furnished to the division before the last public 555 hearing on the proposal is held thereon. Such statement must 556 also indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change 557 is in compliance with s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution 558 and those provisions of part VII of chapter 112 which are not 559 expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other 560 provision, only those local law plans created by special act of 561 legislation before May 27, 1939, are deemed to meet the minimum 562 benefits and minimum standards only in this chapter.

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563 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to 564 any supplemental plan municipality:

(a) A local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their definition of compensation or salary in existence on March 12, 1999.

(b) Section 175.061(1)(b) does not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan shall continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered, constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.

(c) The election set forth in paragraph (1)(b) is deemed to have been made.

(5) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing, and copies made available to the participants and to the general public.

(6) In addition to the defined benefit plan component of the local law plan, each plan sponsor must have a defined contribution plan component within the local law plan by October 1, 2015, for noncollectively bargained service, upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2015, or upon the creation date of a new participating plan. Depending upon the application of subsection (1), a defined contribution plan component may or may not receive any funding.

588 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a 589 municipality or special fire control district that has 590 implemented or proposed changes to a local law plan based on the 591 municipality's or district's reliance on an interpretation of

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592 this chapter by the Department of Management Services on or after August 14, 2012, and before March 3, 2015, may continue 593 the implemented changes or continue to implement proposed 594 595 changes. Such reliance must be evidenced by a written collective 596 bargaining proposal or agreement, or formal correspondence 597 between the municipality or district and the Department of 598 Management Services which describes the specific changes to the 599 local law plan, with the initial proposal, agreement, or 600 correspondence from the municipality or district dated before 601 March 3, 2015. Changes to the local law plan which are otherwise 602 contrary to minimum benefits and minimum standards may continue 603 in effect until the earlier of October 1, 2018, or the effective 604 date of a collective bargaining agreement that is contrary to 605 the changes to the local law plan.

Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 185.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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185.01 Legislative declaration.-

(2) This chapter hereby establishes, for all municipal 609 610 pension plans now or hereinafter provided for under this 611 chapter, including chapter plans and local law plans, minimum 612 benefits and minimum standards for the operation and funding of 613 such plans, hereinafter referred to as municipal police 614 officers' retirement trust funds, which must be met as 615 conditions precedent to the plan or plan sponsor's receiving a 616 distribution of insurance premium tax revenues under s. 185.10. 617 The Minimum benefits and minimum standards for each plan set 618 forth in this chapter may not be diminished by local ordinance 619 or by special act of the Legislature and may not, nor may the 620 minimum benefits or minimum standards be reduced or offset by

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621	any other local, state, or federal plan that <u>includes</u> may
622	include police officers in its operation, except as provided
623	under s. 112.65.
624	Section 9. Section 185.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
625	read:
626	185.02 DefinitionsFor any municipality, chapter plan,
627	local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter,
628	the <u>term</u> <del>following words and phrases as used in this chapter</del>
629	shall have the following meanings, unless a different meaning is
630	plainly required by the context:
631	(1) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues
632	received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 which exceed
633	base premium tax revenues.
634	(2) (1) "Average final compensation" means one-twelfth of
635	the average annual compensation of the 5 best years of the last
636	10 years of creditable service <u>before</u> prior to retirement,
637	termination, or death.
638	(3) "Base premium tax revenues" means:
639	(a) For a local law plan in effect on October 1, 2003, the
640	revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 for
641	the 2002 calendar year.
642	(b) For a local law plan created between October 1, 2003,
643	and March 1, 2015, inclusive, the revenues received by a
644	municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 based upon the tax
645	collections during the second calendar year of participation.
646	(4) (2) "Casualty insurance" means automobile public
647	liability and property damage insurance to be applied at the
648	place of residence of the owner, or if the subject is a
649	commercial vehicle, to be applied at the place of business of



650 the owner; automobile collision insurance; fidelity bonds; 651 burglary and theft insurance; and plate glass insurance. <u>The</u> 652 <u>term</u> "multiple peril" means a combination or package policy that 653 includes both property coverage and casualty coverage for a 654 single premium.

655 (5) (3) "Chapter plan" means a separate defined benefit 656 pension plan for police officers which incorporates by reference 657 the provisions of this chapter and has been adopted by the 658 governing body of a municipality as provided in s. 185.08. 659 Except as may be specifically authorized in this chapter, the 660 provisions of a chapter plan may not differ from the plan 661 provisions set forth in ss. 185.01-185.341 and ss. 185.37-662 185.39. Actuarial valuations of chapter plans shall be conducted 663 by the division as provided by s. 185.221(1)(b).

664 (6) (4) "Compensation" or "salary" means, for 665 noncollectively bargained service earned before July 1, 2011, or 666 for service earned under collective bargaining agreements in place before July 1, 2011, the total cash remuneration including 667 668 "overtime" paid by the primary employer to a police officer for 669 services rendered, but not including any payments for extra duty 670 or special detail work performed on behalf of a second party 671 employer. Overtime may be limited before July 1, 2011, in a 672 local law plan by the plan provisions A local law plan may limit 673 the amount of overtime payments which can be used for retirement 674 benefit calculation purposes; however, such overtime limit may 675 not be less than 300 hours per officer per calendar year. For 676 noncollectively bargained service earned on or after July 1, 677 2011, or for service earned under collective bargaining 678 agreements entered into on or after July 1, 2011, the term has

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679 the same meaning except that when calculating retirement 680 benefits, up to 300 hours per year in overtime compensation may 681 be included as specified in the plan or collective bargaining 682 agreement, but payments for accrued unused sick or annual leave 683 may not be included.

(a) Any retirement trust fund or plan that meets the requirements of this chapter does not, solely by virtue of this subsection, reduce or diminish the monthly retirement income otherwise payable to each police officer covered by the retirement trust fund or plan.

(b) The member's compensation or salary contributed as employee-elective salary reductions or deferrals to any salary reduction, deferred compensation, or tax-sheltered annuity program authorized under the Internal Revenue Code shall be deemed to be the compensation or salary the member would receive if he or she were not participating in such program and shall be treated as compensation for retirement purposes under this chapter.

697 (c) For any person who first becomes a member in any plan 698 year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, compensation for 699 that plan year may not include any amounts in excess of the 700 Internal Revenue Code s. 401(a) (17) limitation, as amended by 701 the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, which limitation 702 of \$150,000 shall be adjusted as required by federal law for 703 qualified government plans and shall be further adjusted for 704 changes in the cost of living in the manner provided by Internal 705 Revenue Code s. 401(a)(17)(B). For any person who first became a 706 member before the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 1996, the limitation on compensation may not be less than the 707

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708 maximum compensation amount that was allowed to be taken into 709 account under the plan as in effect on July 1, 1993, which 710 limitation shall be adjusted for changes in the cost of living 711 since 1989 in the manner provided by Internal Revenue Code s. 712 401(a)(17)(1991).

(7) (5) "Creditable service" or "credited service" means the aggregate number of years of service and fractional parts of years of service of any police officer, omitting intervening years and fractional parts of years when such police officer may not have been employed by the municipality subject to the following conditions:

719 (a) A No police officer may not will receive credit for 720 years or fractional parts of years of service if he or she has 721 withdrawn his or her contributions to the fund for those years or fractional parts of years of service, unless the police 723 officer repays into the fund the amount he or she has withdrawn, 724 plus interest as determined by the board. The member has shall 725 have at least 90 days after his or her reemployment to make 726 repayment.

727 (b) A police officer may voluntarily leave his or her 728 contributions in the fund for a period of 5 years after leaving the employ of the police department, pending the possibility of 729 730 his or her being rehired by the same department, without losing 731 credit for the time he or she has participated actively as a 732 police officer. If he or she is not reemployed as a police 733 officer with the same department within 5 years, his or her 734 contributions shall be returned to him or her without interest.

735 (c) Credited service under this chapter shall be provided only for service as a police officer, as defined in subsection 736

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737  $(11)_{r}$  or for military service and may not include credit for any other type of service. A municipality may, by local ordinance, may provide for the purchase of credit for military service occurring before employment as well as prior service as a police officer for some other employer as long as the police officer is not entitled to receive a benefit for such other prior service as a police officer. For purposes of determining credit for prior service, in addition to service as a police officer in this state, credit may be given for federal, other state, or county service as long as such service is recognized by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission within the Department of Law Enforcement as provided in under chapter 943 or the police officer provides proof to the board of trustees that such service is equivalent to the service required to meet the definition of a police officer under subsection (11).

(d) In determining the creditable service of <u>a</u> any police officer, credit for up to 5 years of the time spent in the military service of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be added to the years of actual service  $\tau$  if:

1. The police officer is in the active employ of the municipality <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> such service and leaves a position, other than a temporary position, for the purpose of voluntary or involuntary service in the Armed Forces of the United States.

2. The police officer is entitled to reemployment under the provisions of the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act.

3. The police officer returns to his or her employment as a police officer of the municipality within 1 year <u>after</u> from the date of his or her release from such active service.



766 (8) (6) "Deferred Retirement Option Plan" or "DROP" means a 767 local law plan retirement option in which a police officer may 768 elect to participate. A police officer may retire for all 769 purposes of the plan and defer receipt of retirement benefits 770 into a DROP account while continuing employment with his or her 771 employer. However, a police officer who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be 772 773 precluded from participation or continued participation 774 participating, or continuing to participate, in a supplemental 775 plan in existence on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the 776 effective date of this act.

(9) "Defined contribution plan" means the component of a local law plan, as provided in s. 185.35(1), to which deposits, if any, are made to provide benefits for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters if both are included. Such component is an element of a local law plan and exists in conjunction with the defined benefit component that meets minimum benefits and minimum standards. The retirement benefits, if any, of the defined contribution plan shall be provided through individual member accounts in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations and are limited to the contributions, if any, made into each member's account and the actual accumulated earnings, net of expenses, earned on the member's account.

790 <u>(10)</u> (7) "Division" means the Division of Retirement of the 791 Department of Management Services.

792 <u>(11) (8)</u> "Enrolled actuary" means an actuary who is enrolled 793 under Subtitle C of Title III of the Employee Retirement Income 794 Security Act of 1974 and who is a member of the Society of

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795 Actuaries or the American Academy of Actuaries.
796 (12) (9) "Local law municipality" means is any municipality
797 in which there exists a local law plan exists.

798 (13) (10) "Local law plan" means a retirement defined 799 benefit pension plan that includes both a defined benefit plan 800 component and a defined contribution plan component for police 801 officers, or for police officers and firefighters if both are  $\overline{r}$ 802 where included, as described in s. 185.35, established by municipal ordinance or special act of the Legislature, which 803 804 enactment sets forth all plan provisions. Local law plan provisions may vary from the provisions of this chapter if  $_{ au}$ 805 806 provided that required minimum benefits and minimum standards 807 are met. However, any such variance must shall provide a greater 808 benefit for police officers. Actuarial valuations of local law 809 plans shall be conducted by an enrolled actuary as provided in 810 s. 185.221(2)(b).

(14) "Minimum benefits" means the benefits specified in ss. 185.01-185.341 and ss. 185.37-185.50.

(15) "Minimum standards" means the standards specified in ss. 185.01-185.50.

815 (16) (11) "Police officer" means any person who is elected, appointed, or employed full time by a any municipality, who is 816 817 certified or required to be certified as a law enforcement officer in compliance with s. 943.1395, who is vested with 818 819 authority to bear arms and make arrests, and whose primary 820 responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime or the 821 enforcement of the penal, criminal, traffic, or highway laws of 822 the state. The term This definition includes all certified 823 supervisory and command personnel whose duties include, in whole

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824 or in part, the supervision, training, guidance, and management 825 responsibilities of full-time law enforcement officers, part-826 time law enforcement officers, or auxiliary law enforcement 827 officers, but does not include part-time law enforcement 828 officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers as those terms 829 the same are defined in s. 943.10(6) and (8), respectively. For the purposes of this chapter only, the term also includes 830 831 "police officer" also shall include a public safety officer who 832 is responsible for performing both police and fire services. Any 833 plan may provide that the police chief shall have an option to 834 participate, or not, in that plan.

835 <u>(17) (12)</u> "Police Officers' Retirement Trust Fund" means a 836 trust fund, by whatever name known, as provided under s. 185.03 837 for the purpose of assisting municipalities in establishing and 838 maintaining a retirement plan for police officers.

839 (18) (13) "Retiree" or "retired police officer" means a 840 police officer who has entered retirement status. For the 841 purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement Option 842 Plan (DROP), a police officer who enters the DROP is shall be 843 considered a retiree for all purposes of the plan. However, a 844 police officer who enters the DROP and who is otherwise eligible to participate may shall not thereby be precluded from 845 846 participation or continued participation participating, or 847 continuing to participate, in a supplemental plan in existence 848 on, or created after, March 12, 1999 the effective date of this 849 <del>act</del>.

850 <u>(19) (14)</u> "Retirement" means a police officer's separation 851 from <u>municipal</u> city employment as a police officer with 852 immediate eligibility for receipt of benefits under the plan.

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853	For purposes of a plan that includes a Deferred Retirement
854	Option Plan (DROP), "retirement" means the date a police officer
855	enters the DROP.
856	(20) "Special act plan" means a plan subject to the
857	provisions of this chapter which was created by an act of the
858	Legislature and continues to require an act of the Legislature
859	to alter plan benefits.
860	(21) "Special benefits" means benefits provided in a
861	defined contribution plan component for police officers.
862	(22) (15) "Supplemental plan" means a plan to which deposits
863	of the premium tax moneys as provided in s. 185.08 are made to
864	provide <u>special</u> <del>extra</del> benefits to police officers, or police
865	officers and firefighters <u>if both are</u> where included, under this
866	chapter. Such a plan is an element of a local law plan and
867	exists in conjunction with a defined benefit plan component that
868	meets <del>the</del> minimum benefits and minimum standards <del>of this</del>
869	chapter. Any supplemental plan in existence on March 1, 2015,
870	shall be deemed to be a defined contribution plan in compliance
871	with s. 185.35(6).
872	<u>(23)</u> (16) "Supplemental plan municipality" means <u>a</u> any local
873	law municipality in which any there existed a supplemental plan
874	existed as of December 1, 2000.
875	Section 10. Subsection (8) is added to section 185.05,
876	Florida Statutes, to read:
877	185.05 Board of trustees; members; terms of office;
878	meetings; legal entity; costs; attorney's feesFor any
879	municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law
880	plan under this chapter:
881	(8)(a) The board of trustees shall:

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882 1. Provide a detailed accounting report of its expenses for 883 each fiscal year to the plan sponsor and the Department of Management Services and make the report available to each member 884 885 of the plan and post the report on the board's website, if the 886 board has a website. The report must include all administrative 887 expenses that, for purposes of this subsection, are expenses 888 relating to any legal counsel, actuary, plan administrator, and 889 all other consultants, and all travel and other expenses paid to 890 or on behalf of the members of the board of trustees or anyone 891 else on behalf of the plan. 892 2. Operate under an administrative expense budget for each

2. Operate under an administrative expense budget for each fiscal year, provide a copy of the budget to the plan sponsor, and make available a copy of the budget to plan members before the beginning of the fiscal year. If the board of trustees amends the administrative expense budget, the board must provide a copy of the amended budget to the plan sponsor and make available a copy of the amended budget to plan members.

(b) Notwithstanding s. 185.35(2) and (3), a local law plan created by special act before May 27, 1939, must comply with the provisions of this subsection.

Section 11. Subsection (6) of section 185.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

904 185.06 General powers and duties of board of trustees.—For 905 any municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local 906 law plan under this chapter:

907 (6) To assist the board in meeting its responsibilities 908 under this chapter, the board, if it so elects, may:

909 (a) Employ independent legal counsel at the pension fund's 910 expense.

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911 (b) Employ an independent enrolled actuary, as defined in 912 s. 185.02(8), at the pension fund's expense. (c) Employ such independent professional, technical, or 913 914 other advisers as it deems necessary at the pension fund's 915 expense. 916 917 If the board chooses to use the municipality's or special 918 district's legal counsel or actuary, or chooses to use any of the municipality's other professional, technical, or other 919 920 advisers, it must do so only under terms and conditions 921 acceptable to the board. 922 Section 12. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 923 185.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 924 185.07 Creation and maintenance of fund.-For any 925 municipality, chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law 926 plan under this chapter: 927 (1) The municipal police officers' retirement trust fund in 928 each municipality described in s. 185.03 shall be created and 929 maintained in the following manner: 930 (d) By payment by the municipality or other sources of a 931 sum equal to the normal cost and the amount required to fund any 932 actuarial deficiency shown by an actuarial valuation conducted 933 under as provided in part VII of chapter 112 after taking into 934 account the amounts described in paragraphs (b), (c), (e), (f), 935 and (g) and the tax proceeds described in paragraph (a) which 936 are used to fund benefits provided in a defined benefit plan 937 component. 938

939 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require adjustment

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940 of member contribution rates in effect on the date this act 941 becomes a law, including rates that exceed 5 percent of salary, 942 provided that such rates are at least one-half of 1 percent of 943 salary.

944 Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 185.16, Florida 945 Statutes, is amended to read:

946 185.16 Requirements for retirement.-For any municipality, 947 chapter plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this chapter, any police officer who completes 10 or more years 948 949 of creditable service as a police officer and attains age 55, or 950 completes 25 years of creditable service as a police officer and 951 attains age 52, and for such period has been a member of the 952 retirement fund is eligible for normal retirement benefits. 953 Normal retirement under the plan is retirement from the service 954 of the city on or after the normal retirement date. In such 955 event, for chapter plans and local law plans, payment of 956 retirement income will be governed by the following provisions 957 of this section:

958 (2) (a) The amount of the monthly retirement income payable 959 to a police officer who retires on or after his or her normal 960 retirement date shall be an amount equal to the number of the 961 police officer's years of credited service multiplied by 2.75 2 962 percent of his or her average final compensation. However, if 963 current state contributions pursuant to this chapter are not adequate to fund the additional benefits to meet the minimum 964 965 requirements in this chapter, only increment increases shall be 966 required as state moneys are adequate to provide. Such 967 increments shall be provided as state moneys become available. 968 (b) Effective July 1, 2015, a plan that is in compliance

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969	with this chapter except that the plan provides a benefit that
970	is less than 2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a
971	police officer for all years of credited service or provides an
972	effective benefit that is less than 2.75 percent as a result of
973	a maximum benefit limitation:
974	1. Must maintain, at a minimum, the percentage amount or
975	maximum benefit limitation in effect on July 1, 2015, and is not
976	required to increase the benefit to 2.75 percent of the average
977	final compensation of a police officer for all years of credited
978	service; or
979	2. If the plan changes the percentage amount or maximum
980	benefit limitation to 2.75 percent or more of the average final
981	compensation of a police officer for all years of credited
982	service, the plan may not thereafter decrease the percentage
983	amount or the maximum benefit limitation to less than 2.75
984	percent of the average final compensation of a police officer
985	for all years of credited service.
986	Section 14. Section 185.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to
987	read:
988	185.35 Municipalities that have having their own retirement
989	pension plans for police officers For any municipality, chapter
990	plan, local law municipality, or local law plan under this
991	chapter, In order for a municipality that has its municipalities
992	with their own retirement plan pension plans for police
993	officers, or for police officers and firefighters if both are
994	included, to participate in the distribution of the tax fund
995	established <u>under</u> <del>pursuant to</del> s. 185.08, <u>a</u> local law <u>plan</u> <del>plans</del>
996	must meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards, except as
997	provided in the mutual consent provisions in paragraph (1)(g)

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998 with respect to the minimum benefits not met as of October 1, 999 2012. set forth in this chapter:

(1) If a municipality has a <u>retirement</u> pension plan for police officers, or for police officers and firefighters if <u>both</u> <u>are</u> included, which, in the opinion of the division, meets <del>the</del> minimum benefits and minimum standards <del>set forth in this</del> <del>chapter</del>, the board of trustees of the <u>retirement</u> <del>pension</del> plan <u>must</u>, as approved by a majority of police officers of the municipality, may:

(a) place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 in such pension plan for the sole and exclusive use of its police officers, or its police officers and firefighters if <u>both are</u> included, where it shall become an integral part of that <u>pension</u> plan and <del>shall</del> be used to <u>fund benefits as provided herein</u>. <u>Effective October 1, 2015, for noncollectively bargained service</u> <u>or upon entering into a collective bargaining agreement on or</u> after July 1, 2015:

(a) The base premium tax revenues must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as determined by the municipality.

(b) Of the additional premium tax revenues received that are in excess of the amount received for the 2012 calendar year, 50 percent must be used to fund minimum benefits or other retirement benefits in excess of the minimum benefits as determined by the municipality, and 50 percent must be placed in a defined contribution plan component to fund special benefits. (c) Additional premium tax revenues not described in paragraph (b) must be used to fund benefits that are not included in the minimum benefits. If the additional premium tax

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1027 revenues subject to this paragraph exceed the full annual cost of benefits provided through the plan which are in excess of the 1028 1029 minimum benefits, any amount in excess of the full annual cost 1030 must be used as provided in paragraph (b). 1031 (d) Of any accumulations of additional premium tax revenues 1032 which have not been allocated to fund benefits in excess of the 1033 minimum benefits, 50 percent of the amount of the accumulations 1034 must be used to fund special benefits and 50 percent must be 1035 applied to fund any unfunded actuarial liabilities of the plan; 1036 provided that any amount of accumulations in excess of the amount required to fund the unfunded actuarial liabilities must 1037 1038 be used to fund special benefits pay extra benefits to the 1039 police officers included in that pension plan; or 1040 (b) May place the income from the premium tax in s. 185.08 1041 in a separate supplemental plan to pay extra benefits to the police officers, or police officers and firefighters if 1042 1043 included, participating in such separate supplemental plan. 1044 (e) For a plan created after March 1, 2015, 50 percent of the insurance premium tax revenues must be used to fund defined 1045 1046 benefit plan component benefits, with the remainder used to fund 1047 defined contribution plan component benefits. 1048 (f) If a plan offers benefits in excess of the minimum 1049 benefits, such benefits, excluding supplemental plan benefits in 1050 effect as of September 30, 2014, may be reduced if the plan 1051 continues to meet minimum benefits and the minimum standards. 1052 The amount of insurance premium tax revenues previously used to 1053 fund benefits in excess of the minimum benefits before the 1054 reduction, excluding the amount of any additional premium tax 1055 revenues distributed to a supplemental plan for the 2012

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1056	calendar year, must be used as provided in paragraph (b).
1057	However, benefits in excess of the minimum benefits may not be
1058	reduced if a plan does not meet the minimum percentage amount of
1059	2.75 percent of the average final compensation of a police
1060	officer or provides an effective benefit that is less than 2.75
1061	percent as a result of a maximum benefit limitation, as
1062	described in s. 185.16(2)(b).
1063	(g) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a)-(f), the use of premium
1064	tax revenues, including any accumulations of additional premium
1065	tax revenues which have not been allocated to fund benefits in
1066	excess of the minimum benefits, may deviate from the provisions
1067	of this subsection by mutual consent of the members' collective
1068	bargaining representative or, if none, by a majority of the
1069	police officer members of the fund, and by consent of the
1070	municipality, provided that the plan continues to meet minimum
1071	benefits and minimum standards; however, a plan that operates
1072	pursuant to this paragraph and does not meet the minimum
1073	benefits as of October 1, 2012, may continue to provide the
1074	benefits that do not meet the minimum benefits at the same level
1075	as was provided as of October 1, 2012, and all other benefit
1076	levels must continue to meet the minimum benefits. Such mutually
1077	agreed deviation must continue until modified or revoked by
1078	subsequent mutual consent of the members' collective bargaining
1079	representative or, if none, by a majority of the police officer
1080	members of the fund, and the municipality. An existing
1081	arrangement for the use of premium tax revenues contained within
1082	a special act plan or a plan within a supplemental plan
1083	municipality is considered, as of July 1, 2015, to be a
1084	deviation for which mutual consent has been granted.

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(2) The premium tax provided by this chapter <u>must</u> shall in all cases be used in its entirety to provide <u>retirement</u> extra benefits to police officers, or to police officers and firefighters if <u>both are</u> included. However, local law plans in effect on October 1, 1998, must comply with the minimum benefit provisions of this chapter only to the extent that additional premium tax revenues become available to incrementally fund the cost of such compliance as provided in s. 185.16(2). If a plan is in compliance with such minimum benefit provisions, as subsequent additional tax revenues become available, they shall be used to provide extra benefits. Local law plans created by special act before May 27, 1939, shall be deemed to comply with this chapter. For the purpose of this chapter, the term:

(a) "Additional premium tax revenues" means revenues received by a municipality pursuant to s. 185.10 which exceed the amount received for calendar year 1997.

(b) "Extra benefits" means benefits in addition to or greater than those provided to general employees of the municipality and in addition to those in existence for police officers on March 12, 1999.

(3) A retirement plan or amendment to a retirement plan may not be proposed for adoption unless the proposed plan or amendment contains an actuarial estimate of the costs involved. Such proposed plan or proposed plan change may not be adopted without the approval of the municipality or, where <u>required</u> <del>permitted</del>, the Legislature. Copies of the proposed plan or proposed plan change and the actuarial impact statement of the proposed plan or proposed plan change shall be furnished to the division before the last public hearing <u>on the proposal is held</u>

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1114 thereon. Such statement must also indicate whether the proposed plan or proposed plan change is in compliance with s. 14, Art. X 1115 1116 of the State Constitution and those provisions of part VII of 1117 chapter 112 which are not expressly provided in this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision, only those local law plans 1118 1119 created by special act of legislation before May 27, 1939, are 1120 deemed to meet the minimum benefits and minimum standards only 1121 in this chapter.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision, with respect to any supplemental plan municipality:

(a) Section 185.02(6)(a) 185.02(4)(a) does not apply, and a local law plan and a supplemental plan may continue to use their definition of compensation or salary in existence on March 12, 1999.

(b) A local law plan and a supplemental plan must continue to be administered by a board or boards of trustees numbered, constituted, and selected as the board or boards were numbered, constituted, and selected on December 1, 2000.

(c) The election set forth in paragraph (1) (b) is deemed to have been made.

(5) The retirement plan setting forth the benefits and the trust agreement, if any, covering the duties and responsibilities of the trustees and the regulations of the investment of funds must be in writing and copies made available to the participants and to the general public.

(6) In addition to the defined benefit component of the local law plan, each plan sponsor must have a defined 1141 contribution plan component within the local law plan by October 1, 2015, for noncollectively bargained service, upon entering

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1143 into a collective bargaining agreement on or after July 1, 2015, or upon the creation date of a new participating plan. Depending 1144 1145 upon the application of subsection (1), a defined contribution 1146 component may or may not receive any funding. 1147 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a 1148 municipality that has implemented or proposed changes to a local 1149 law plan based on the municipality's reliance on an 1150 interpretation of this chapter by the Department of Management Services on or after August 14, 2012, and before March 3, 2015, 1151 1152 may continue the implemented changes or continue to implement 1153 proposed changes. Such reliance must be evidenced by a written 1154 collective bargaining proposal or agreement, or formal 1155 correspondence between the municipality and the Department of 1156 Management Services which describes the specific changes to the 1157 local law plan, with the initial proposal, agreement, or 1158 correspondence from the municipality dated before March 3, 2015. 1159 Changes to the local law plan which are otherwise contrary to minimum benefits and minimum standards may continue in effect 1160 1161 until the earlier of October 1, 2018, or the effective date of a 1162 collective bargaining agreement that is contrary to the changes 1163 to the local law plan. 1164 Section 15. The Legislature finds that a proper and 1165 legitimate state purpose is served when employees and retirees 1166 of this state and its political subdivisions, and the 1167 dependents, survivors, and beneficiaries of such employees and 1168 retirees, are extended the basic protections afforded by 1169 governmental retirement systems that provide fair and adequate benefits and that are managed, administered, and funded in an 1170 1171 actuarially sound manner as required under s. 14, Article X of

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1172	the State Constitution and part VII of chapter 112, Florida
1173	Statutes. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares
1174	that this act fulfills an important state interest.
1175	Section 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
1176	
1177	======================================
1178	And the title is amended as follows:
1179	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1180	and insert:
1181	A bill to be entitled
1182	An act relating to local government pension reform;
1183	amending s. 175.021, F.S.; requiring that firefighter
1184	pension plans meet the requirements of chapter 175,
1185	F.S., in order to receive certain insurance premium
1186	tax revenues; amending s. 175.032, F.S.; revising
1187	definitions to conform to changes made by the act and
1188	providing new definitions; amending s. 175.061, F.S.;
1189	requiring the board of trustees of the firefighters'
1190	pension trust fund to provide a detailed accounting
1191	report of its expenses and to make the report
1192	available; requiring the board to operate under an
1193	administrative expense budget; providing
1194	applicability; amending s. 175.071, F.S.; conforming a
1195	cross-reference; amending s. 175.091, F.S.; revising
1196	the method of creating and maintaining a firefighters'
1197	pension trust fund; amending s. 175.162, F.S.;
1198	deleting a provision basing the availability of
1199	additional benefits in a firefighter pension plan upon
1200	state funding; revising the calculation of monthly

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1201 retirement income for a full-time firefighter; 1202 specifying the minimum benefits that must be 1203 maintained by certain firefighter pension plans after 1204 a specified date; amending s. 175.351, F.S.; exempting 1205 certain firefighter pension plans of a municipality or 1206 special fire control district from meeting certain 1207 minimum benefits in order to participate in the 1208 distribution of a premium tax; redesignating the term 1209 "pension plan" as "retirement plan"; revising criteria 1210 governing the use of revenues of the premium tax; 1211 authorizing a pension plan to reduce certain excess 1212 benefits if the plan continues to meet certain minimum 1213 benefits and standards; providing that the use of 1214 premium tax revenues may deviate from the requirements 1215 of chapter 175, F.S., under certain circumstances; 1216 revising the conditions for proposing the adoption of 1217 a pension plan or an amendment to a pension plan; requiring plan sponsors to have a defined contribution 1218 1219 plan component in place by a certain date; authorizing 1220 a municipality or special fire control district to 1221 implement certain changes to a local law plan which 1222 are contrary to chapter 175, F.S., for a limited time, 1223 under certain circumstances; amending s. 185.01, F.S.; 1224 requiring that police officer pension plans meet the 1225 requirements of chapter 185, F.S., in order to receive 1226 certain insurance premium tax revenues; amending s. 1227 185.02, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to 1228 changes made by the act and providing new definitions; 1229 revising applicability of the limitation on the amount

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1230 of overtime payments which may be used for pension 1231 benefit calculations; amending s. 185.05, F.S.; 1232 requiring the board of trustees of the municipal 1233 police officers' retirement trust fund to provide a 1234 detailed accounting report of its expenses and to make the report available; requiring the board to operate 1235 1236 under an administrative expense budget; providing 1237 applicability; amending s. 185.06, F.S.; conforming a 1238 cross-reference; amending s. 185.07, F.S.; revising 1239 the method of creating and maintaining a police 1240 officers' retirement trust fund; amending s. 185.16, 1241 F.S.; deleting a provision basing the availability of 1242 additional benefits in a police officer pension plan 1243 upon state funding; revising the calculation of 1244 monthly retirement income for a police officer; 1245 specifying the minimum benefits that must be 1246 maintained by certain police officer pension plans 1247 after a specified date; amending s. 185.35, F.S.; 1248 exempting certain municipal police officer pension 1249 plans from meeting certain minimum benefits in order 1250 to participate in the distribution of a premium tax; 1251 redesignating the term "pension plan" as "retirement 1252 plan"; revising criteria governing the use of revenues 1253 from the premium tax; authorizing a plan to reduce 1254 certain excess benefits if the plan continues to meet certain minimum benefits and minimum standards; 1255 1256 providing that the use of premium tax revenues may 1257 deviate from the requirements of chapter 185, F.S., 1258 under specified circumstances; revising the conditions

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1259 for proposing the adoption of a pension plan or 1260 amendment to a pension plan; conforming a crossreference; requiring plan sponsors to have a defined 1261 1262 contribution plan component in place by a certain 1263 date; authorizing a municipality to implement certain 1264 changes to a local law plan which are contrary to 1265 chapter 185, F.S., for a limited time; providing a 1266 declaration of important state interest; providing an 1267 effective date.