The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Professional Sta	Iff of the Committee o	n Regulated Inc	dustries
BILL:	CS/SB 468				
INTRODUCER:	Regulated Industries Committee and Senator Grimsley				
SUBJECT:	Package Store				
DATE:	March 18, 2015 REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Oxamendi		Imhof	RI	Fav/CS	
2.			CM		
3.			RC		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 468 amends the package store restrictions in s. 564.04, F.S., to permit package stores to have no more than one entrance that permits access to another building or room, provided the entrance has a door capable of being opened and closed by patrons and a separate outside entrance is provided.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Alcoholic beverages are regulated by the Beverage Law, which regulates the manufacture, distribution, and sale of wine, beer, and liquor via manufacturers, distributors, and vendors. The Division of Alcoholic Beverage and Tobacco (division) within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation (department) administers and enforces the Beverage Law.

Quota Licenses

Section 561.20, F.S., limits, per county, the number of alcoholic beverage licenses that may be issued that permit the sale of liquor (distilled spirits) along with beer and wine. Section 561.20,

¹ The Beverage Law means chs. 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 567, and 568, F.S. See s. 561.01(6), F.S.

² See s. 561.14, F.S.

³ Section 561.02, F.S.

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F.S., limits the number of licenses in a county to one license per 7,500 residents within the county. These limited alcoholic beverage licenses are known as "quota" licenses. New quota licenses are created and issued when there is an increase in the population of a county. The licenses can also be issued when a county initially changes from a county which does not permit the sale of intoxicating liquor to one that does permit their sale. The quota license is the only alcoholic beverage license that is limited in number; all other types of alcoholic beverage licenses are available without limitation.

Section 565.02(1)(a)-(f), F.S., prescribes the license taxes for vendors who are permitted to sell any alcoholic beverages, including beer, wine, and distilled spirits, regardless of alcoholic content. This includes licensees who are authorized to sell:

- Any alcoholic beverages, where the beverages are sold only in sealed containers for consumption off the premises,
- Any alcoholic beverages, where the sale is limited to consumption on the premises; and
- Any alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises where off-premises sales are permitted.

Section 565.01, F.S., provides that "the words 'liquor,' 'distilled spirits,' 'spirituous liquors,' 'spirituous beverages,' or 'distilled spirituous liquors' mean that substance known as ethyl alcohol, ethanol, or spirits of wine in any form, including all dilutions and mixtures thereof from whatever source or by whatever process produced."

Package Stores

Section 565.02(1)(a), F.S., permits the sale of alcoholic beverage (beer, wine, and distilled spirits) only in sealed containers for consumption off the premises. These type of licensees are known as "package stores."

Section 565.04, F.S., provides sales restrictions for vendors licensed as a package store under s. 565.02(1)(a), F.S. Package stores may have no openings that permit direct access to any other building or room, except to a private office or storage room of the place of business from which patrons are excluded. Package stores are also prohibited from selling, offering, or exposing for sale any merchandise other than the alcoholic beverages authorized under their alcoholic beverage license. Package stores must be devoted exclusively to such sales. However, package stores may sell bitters, grenadine, nonalcoholic mixer-type beverages (not to include fruit juices produced outside this state), fruit juices produced in this state, home bar, and party supplies and equipment (including but not limited to glassware and party-type foods), miniatures of no alcoholic content, and tobacco products.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends the package store restrictions in s. 564.04, F.S., to permit package stores to have no more than one entrance that permits access to another building or room, provided the entrance has a door capable of being opened and closed by patrons and a separate outside entrance is provided.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

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IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 565.04 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Regulated Industries on March 18, 2015:

The CS does not repeal the package store restrictions in s. 565.04, F.S. Instead, the CS amends the package store restrictions in s. 565.04, F.S., to permit package stores to have no more than one entrance that permits access to another building or room, provided the

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entrance has a door capable of being opened and closed by patrons and a separate outside entrance is provided.

The CS does not amend s. 402.82, F.S., to limit the prohibition against the use of electronic benefit cards at package stores to provide that electronic benefit cards may not be used in package stores that derive more than 30 percent of their gross revenue each month from the sale of alcoholic beverages.

The CS does not amend s. 562.13(2)(c), F.S., to permit the employment of persons under the age of 18 by vendors who derive 30 percent or less of their gross revenue each month from the sale of alcoholic beverages if the minor is supervised by a person 18 years of age or older who verifies the age of the age of the purchaser to be 21 years of age or older and approves the sale of sale of alcoholic beverages to the purchaser.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.