817182

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RS	•	
04/09/2015	•	
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The Committee on Judiciary (Bean) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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10 11 Delete lines 1934 - 1963

and insert:

mental health or substance abuse treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the individual patient or others. The patient may not be released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the documented approval of a psychiatrist, a clinical psychologist, or, if the receiving facility is a hospital, the release may also be approved by an attending emergency department physician with

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experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders and after completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this subsection. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours.

- (g) An individual may not be held for involuntary examination for more than 72 hours from the time of the individual's arrival at the facility, except that this period may be extended by 48 hours if a physician documents in the clinical record that the individual has ongoing symptoms of substance intoxication or substance withdrawal and the individual would likely experience significant clinical benefit from detoxification services. This determination must be made based on a face-to-face examination conducted by the physician no less than 48 hours and not more than 72 hours after the individual's arrival at the facility. Based on the individual's needs, one of the following actions must be taken within the involuntary examination period:
- 1. The individual shall be released after consultation with the admitting professional and the approval of a psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, psychologist, or substance abuse professional. However, if the examination is conducted in a hospital, an emergency department physician may approve the release. If the examination is conducted in an addictions receiving facility or detoxification facility, a physician or substance abuse professional may approve release. The