

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RE		
06/11/2015		
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The Committee on Appropriations (Hukill and Benacquisto) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (496616) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 14 - 1306 and insert:

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Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 202.12, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

202.12 Sales of communications services.—The Legislature finds that every person who engages in the business of selling communications services at retail in this state is exercising a

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taxable privilege. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax imposed by chapter 203 be administered as provided in this chapter.

- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction, and the tax is due and payable as follows:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at the $\frac{1}{2}$ rate of 4.92 $\frac{6.65}{1}$ percent applied to the sales price of the communications service that which:
 - 1. Originates and terminates in this state, or
- 2. Originates or terminates in this state and is charged to a service address in this state,

when sold at retail, computed on each taxable sale for the purpose of remitting the tax due. The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this paragraph. If no tax is imposed by this paragraph due to the exemption provided under by reason of s. 202.125(1), the tax imposed by chapter 203 shall nevertheless be collected and remitted in the manner and at the time prescribed for tax collections and remittances under this chapter.

(b) At the rate of $9.07 \frac{10.8}{10.8}$ percent applied to $\frac{10.8}{10.8}$ retail sales price of any direct-to-home satellite service received in this state. The proceeds of the tax imposed under this paragraph shall be accounted for and distributed in accordance with s. 202.18(2). The gross receipts tax imposed by chapter 203 shall be collected on the same taxable transactions and remitted with the tax imposed by this paragraph.

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Section 3. Section 202.12001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.12001 Combined rate for tax collected pursuant to ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b).—In complying with ss. 1-3, ch. 2010-149, Laws of Florida, the dealer of communication services may collect a combined rate of 5.07 6.8 percent, composed $\frac{\text{comprised}}{\text{comprised}}$ of the 4.92 $\frac{6.65}{\text{comprised}}$ percent and 0.15 percent rates required by ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b)3., respectively, if as long as the provider properly reflects the tax collected with respect to the two provisions as required in the return to the department of Revenue.

Section 4. Effective August 1, 2015, subsection (2) of section 202.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.18 Allocation and disposition of tax proceeds.-The proceeds of the communications services taxes remitted under this chapter shall be treated as follows:

- (2) The proceeds of the taxes remitted under s. 202.12(1)(b) shall be allocated divided as follows:
- (a) The portion of the such proceeds which constitutes gross receipts taxes, imposed at the rate prescribed in chapter 203, shall be deposited as provided by law and in accordance with s. 9, Art. XII of the State Constitution.
- (b) Fifty-five and nine-tenths Sixty-three percent of the remainder shall be allocated to the state and distributed pursuant to s. 212.20(6), except that the proceeds allocated pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)2. shall be prorated to the participating counties in the same proportion as that month's collection of the taxes and fees imposed pursuant to chapter 212 and paragraph (1)(b).

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- (c) 1. During each calendar year, the remaining portion of the such proceeds shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Seventy percent of such proceeds shall be allocated in the same proportion as the allocation of total receipts of the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 and the emergency distribution under s. 218.65 in the prior state fiscal year. Thirty percent of such proceeds shall be distributed pursuant to s. 218.67.
- 2. The proportion of the proceeds allocated based on the emergency distribution under s. 218.65 shall be distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
- 3. In each calendar year, the proportion of the proceeds allocated based on the half-cent sales tax under s. 218.61 shall be allocated to each county in the same proportion as the county's percentage of total sales tax allocation for the prior state fiscal year and distributed pursuant to s. 218.62.
- 4. The department shall distribute the appropriate amount to each municipality and county each month at the same time that local communications services taxes are distributed pursuant to subsection (3).

Section 5. Effective October 1, 2015, subsection (1) of section 202.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

202.27 Return filing; rules for self-accrual.-

(1) For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of tax payable under this chapter and chapter 203, each every dealer must has the duty to file a return and remit the taxes required to be collected in any calendar month to the department, on or before the 20th day of the subsequent month, upon forms prepared and furnished by the department or in a format prescribed by it.

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The department shall, by rule, prescribe the information to be furnished by taxpayers on such returns. For the purpose of determining the taxes required to be remitted under this subsection, a dealer may elect to use an alternative-period basis. As used in this subsection, the term "alternative-period basis" means any month-long period, other than a calendar month, with an end date on or after the 15th day of the calendar month. The election shall be made on forms prepared and furnished by the department or in a format prescribed by the department. A dealer making such election is bound by the election for at least 12 months. If an election is made, the dealer must file a return and remit the taxes required to be collected in the chosen alternative-period basis to the department on or before the 20th day of the subsequent month.

Section 6. Effective October 1, 2015, paragraph (d) is added to subsection (1) of section 202.28, Florida Statutes, to read:

202.28 Credit for collecting tax; penalties.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 202.22, for the purpose of compensating persons providing communications services for the keeping of prescribed records, the filing of timely tax returns, and the proper accounting and remitting of taxes, persons collecting taxes imposed under this chapter and under s. 203.01(1)(a)2. shall be allowed to deduct 0.75 percent of the amount of the tax due and accounted for and remitted to the department.
- (d) A disallowance of a collection allowance based on a delinquent tax payment is limited to the percentage of the total tax due which was delinquent when the payment was remitted to

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the department. The taxpayer has the burden to demonstrate the percentage of the payment which is not delinquent if that percentage is not readily evident at the time of payment.

Section 7. The amendments made by this act to ss. 202.27 and 202.28, Florida Statutes, are remedial in nature and apply retroactively, but do not provide a basis for an assessment of any unpaid tax or create a right to a refund of or credit for any tax paid before October 1, 2015. Communications services tax returns filed by dealers on an alternative-period basis before October 1, 2015, are deemed to have been filed pursuant to the election provided in s. 202.27(1), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act.

Section 8. Section 203.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

203.001 Combined rate for tax collected pursuant to ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b).—In complying with ss. 1-3, ch. 2010-149, Laws of Florida, the dealer of communication services may collect a combined rate of 5.07 6.8 percent, composed $\frac{\text{comprised}}{\text{comprised}}$ of the 4.92 $\frac{6.65}{\text{comprised}}$ percent and 0.15 percent rates required by ss. 202.12(1)(a) and 203.01(1)(b)3., respectively, if as long as the provider properly reflects the tax collected with respect to the two provisions as required in the return to the Department of Revenue.

Section 9. The amendments made by this act to ss. 202.12(1), 202.12001, and 203.001, Florida Statutes, apply to taxable transactions on bills for communications services dated on or after July 1, 2015.

Section 10. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 206.9825, Florida Statutes, to read:



156 206.9825 Aviation fuel tax.-157 (1)158 (e) 1. Sales of aviation fuel to, and exclusively used for 159 flight training through a school of aeronautics or college of 160 aviation by, a college based in this state which is a tax-exempt 161 organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or 162 a university based in this state are exempt from the tax imposed 163 by this part if the college or university: 164 a. Is accredited by or has applied for accreditation by the 165 Aviation Accreditation Board International; and 166 b. Offers a graduate program in aeronautical or aerospace 167 engineering or offers flight training through a school of 168 aeronautics or college of aviation. 169 2. A licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that sells 170 aviation fuel to a college or university qualified under this 171 paragraph and that does not collect the aviation fuel tax from the college or university on such sale may receive an ultimate 172 173 vendor credit for the 6.9-cent excise tax previously paid on the 174 aviation fuel delivered to such college or university. 175 3. A college or university qualified under this paragraph 176 which purchases fuel from a retail supplier, including a fixed-177 base operator, and pays the 6.9-cent excise tax on the purchase 178 may apply for and receive a refund of the aviation fuel tax 179 paid. 180 Section 11. Subsections (29) and (32) of section 212.02, 181 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 182 212.02 Definitions.—The following terms and phrases when 183 used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different

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meaning:

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- (29) "Livestock" includes all animals of the equine, bovine, or swine class, including goats, sheep, mules, horses, hogs, cattle, ostriches, and other grazing animals raised for commercial purposes. The term "livestock" shall also includes all aquaculture products, as defined in s. 597.0015 and identified by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 597.003, include fish raised for commercial purposes.
- (32) "Agricultural production" means the production of plants and animals useful to humans, including the preparation, planting, cultivating, or harvesting of these products or any other practices necessary to accomplish production through the harvest phase, including storage of raw products on a farm. The term and includes aquaculture, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, forestry, dairy, livestock, poultry, bees, and any and all forms of farm products and farm production.

Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 212.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.04 Admissions tax; rate, procedure, enforcement.-
- (2) (a) A tax may not be levied on:
- 1. Admissions to athletic or other events sponsored by elementary schools, junior high schools, middle schools, high schools, community colleges, public or private colleges and universities, deaf and blind schools, facilities of the youth services programs of the Department of Children and Families, and state correctional institutions if only student, faculty, or inmate talent is used. However, this exemption does not apply to admission to athletic events sponsored by a state university,

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and the proceeds of the tax collected on such admissions shall be retained and used by each institution to support women's athletics as provided in s. 1006.71(2)(c).

- 2. Dues, membership fees, and admission charges imposed by not-for-profit sponsoring organizations. To receive this exemption, the sponsoring organization must qualify as a notfor-profit entity under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended.
- 3. Admission charges to an event sponsored by a governmental entity, sports authority, or sports commission if held in a convention hall, exhibition hall, auditorium, stadium, theater, arena, civic center, performing arts center, or publicly owned recreational facility and if 100 percent of the risk of success or failure lies with the sponsor of the event and 100 percent of the funds at risk for the event belong to the sponsor, and student or faculty talent is not exclusively used. As used in this subparagraph, the terms "sports authority" and "sports commission" mean a nonprofit organization that is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and that contracts with a county or municipal government for the purpose of promoting and attracting sportstourism events to the community with which it contracts.
- 4. An admission paid by a student, or on the student's behalf, to any required place of sport or recreation if the student's participation in the sport or recreational activity is required as a part of a program or activity sponsored by, and under the jurisdiction of, the student's educational institution if his or her attendance is as a participant and not as a spectator.

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- 5. Admissions to the National Football League championship game or Pro Bowl; admissions to any semifinal game or championship game of a national collegiate tournament; admissions to a Major League Baseball, Major League Soccer, National Basketball Association, or National Hockey League allstar game; admissions to the Major League Baseball Home Run Derby held before the Major League Baseball All-Star Game; or admissions to National Basketball Association all-star events produced by the National Basketball Association and held at a facility such as an arena, convention center, or municipal facility.
- 6. A participation fee or sponsorship fee imposed by a governmental entity as described in s. 212.08(6) for an athletic or recreational program if the governmental entity by itself, or in conjunction with an organization exempt under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, sponsors, administers, plans, supervises, directs, and controls the athletic or recreational program.
- 7. Admissions to live theater, live opera, or live ballet productions in this state which are sponsored by an organization that has received a determination from the Internal Revenue Service that the organization is exempt from federal income tax under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, if the organization actively participates in planning and conducting the event, is responsible for the safety and success of the event, is organized for the purpose of sponsoring live theater, live opera, or live ballet productions in this state, has more than 10,000 subscribing members and has among the stated purposes in its charter the promotion of arts

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education in the communities it serves, and will receive at least 20 percent of the net profits, if any, of the events the organization sponsors and will bear the risk of at least 20 percent of the losses, if any, from the events it sponsors if the organization employs other persons as agents to provide services in connection with a sponsored event. Before March 1 of each year, such organization may apply to the department for a certificate of exemption for admissions to such events sponsored in this state by the organization during the immediately following state fiscal year. The application must state the total dollar amount of admissions receipts collected by the organization or its agents from such events in this state sponsored by the organization or its agents in the year immediately preceding the year in which the organization applies for the exemption. Such organization shall receive the exemption only to the extent of \$1.5 million multiplied by the ratio that such receipts bear to the total of such receipts of all organizations applying for the exemption in such year; however, such exemption granted to any organization may not exceed 6 percent of such admissions receipts collected by the organization or its agents in the year immediately preceding the year in which the organization applies for the exemption. Each organization receiving the exemption shall report each month to the department the total admissions receipts collected from such events sponsored by the organization during the preceding month and shall remit to the department an amount equal to 6 percent of such receipts reduced by any amount remaining under the exemption. Tickets for such events sold by such organizations may not reflect the tax otherwise imposed under this section.

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- 301 8. Entry fees for participation in freshwater fishing 302 tournaments.
 - 9. Participation or entry fees charged to participants in a game, race, or other sport or recreational event if spectators are charged a taxable admission to such event.
 - 10. Admissions to any postseason collegiate football game sanctioned by the National Collegiate Athletic Association.
 - 11. Admissions to and membership fees for gun clubs. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "gun club" means an organization whose primary purpose is to offer its members access to one or more shooting ranges for target or skeet shooting.

Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes any of the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases or rents such property within the state.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the maximum amount of tax imposed under this chapter and collected on each sale or use of a boat in this state may not exceed \$18,000 and on each repair of a boat in this state may not exceed \$60,000.

Section 14. Subsection (3), paragraphs (a) and (p) of

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subsection (5), and paragraphs (r) and (ll) of subsection (7) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (nnn) is added to subsection (7) of that section, to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (3) EXEMPTIONS; CERTAIN FARM EQUIPMENT.-
- (a) The There shall be no tax may not be imposed on the sale, rental, lease, use, consumption, repair, or storage for use in this state of power farm equipment or irrigation equipment, including replacement parts and accessories for power farm equipment or irrigation equipment, which are used exclusively on a farm or in a forest in the agricultural production of crops or products as produced by those agricultural industries included in s. 570.02(1), or for fire prevention and suppression work with respect to such crops or products. Harvesting may not be construed to include processing activities. This exemption is not forfeited by moving farm equipment between farms or forests.
- (b) The tax may not be imposed on that portion of the sales price below \$20,000 for a trailer weighing 12,000 pounds or less and purchased by a farmer for exclusive use in agricultural production or to transport farm products from his or her farm to the place where the farmer transfers ownership of the farm products to another. This exemption is not forfeited by using a trailer to transport the farmer's farm equipment. The exemption

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provided under this paragraph does not apply to the lease or rental of a trailer.

- (c) The exemptions provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) are However, this exemption shall not be allowed unless the purchaser, renter, or lessee signs a certificate stating that the farm equipment is to be used exclusively on a farm or in a forest for agricultural production or for fire prevention and $\frac{\text{suppression}_{r}}{\text{oppression}_{r}}$ as required under by this subsection. Possession by a seller, lessor, or other dealer of a written certification by the purchaser, renter, or lessee certifying the purchaser's, renter's, or lessee's entitlement to an exemption permitted by this subsection relieves the seller from the responsibility of collecting the tax on the nontaxable amounts, and the department shall look solely to the purchaser for recovery of such tax if it determines that the purchaser was not entitled to the exemption.
 - (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (a) Items in agricultural use and certain nets.-There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and weed killers used for application on crops or groves, including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock; portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock, seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for

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growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; stakes used by a farmer to support plants during agricultural production; generators used on poultry farms; and liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption is shall not be allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass (apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural commodity.

- (p) Community contribution tax credit for donations .-
- 1. Authorization.-Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:
- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period,

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the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.

- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.
- d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of the Department of Economic Opportunity.
- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in fiscal year 2015-2016, \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2016-2017, and \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2017-2018 annually for projects that provide housing for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects. As used in this paragraph, the term "person with special needs" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004 and the terms "low-income person," "low-income household," "verylow-income person," and "very-low-income household" have the same meaning as in s. 420.9071.
- f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under one section of the person's choice.
 - 2. Eligibility requirements.-
- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:



446 (I) Cash or other liquid assets; 447 (II) Real property; (III) Goods or inventory; or 448 449 (IV) Other physical resources identified by the Department 450 of Economic Opportunity. 451 b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively 452 for use in a project. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term 453 "project" means activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which 454 is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate 455 housing that is affordable to low-income households or very-low-456 income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071; 457 designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with 458 special needs; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or 459 public resources and facilities; or designed to improve 460 entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income 461 persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase 462 access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community 463 that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015 rural communities with enterprise zones, 464 465 including projects that result in improvements to communications 466 assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the 467 provision of museum educational programs and materials that are 468 directly related to a project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an area which was in an 469 470 enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1, 471 2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to 472 construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or 473 very-low-income households on scattered sites or housing 474 opportunities for persons with special needs. With respect to

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housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible special needs, low-income, and very-low-income housing-related activities:

- (I) Project development impact and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for persons with special needs, low-income persons, and very-low-income persons, as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071;
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to special needs, low-income, or very-low-income projects; and
- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments if satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to a low-income person or very-lowincome person, as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071, for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.
- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
 - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for persons with specials needs, low-income households, or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
 - (III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
 - (IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;



(V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.

163.356; 505 (VI) A historic preservation district agency or 506 507 organization; 508 (VII) A regional workforce board; 509 (VIII) A direct-support organization as provided in s. 510 1009.983; 511 (IX) An enterprise zone development agency created under s. 512 290.0056: 513 (X) A community-based organization incorporated under 514 chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or 515 scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code 516 and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include 517 affordable housing, economic development, or community 518 development as the primary mission of the corporation; 519 (XI) Units of local government; 520 (XII) Units of state government; or 521 (XIII) Any other agency that the Department of Economic 522 Opportunity designates by rule. 523 524 A contributing person may not have a financial interest in the 525 eligible sponsor. 526 d. The project must be located in an area which was in an 527 designated an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 528 as of May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Florida Community, unless 529 the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability 530 in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated 531 pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, for rural communities 532 that have enterprise zones but is physically located outside the

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designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income households or very-low-income households or housing opportunities for persons with special needs as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.

- e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or verylow-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or verylow-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:
- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the

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amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-subsubparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.

- (II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs or homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as those terms are defined in s. 420.9071 are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.
 - 3. Application requirements.-
- a. An Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is

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located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.

- b. A Any person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to the Department of Economic Opportunity which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify, in writing, the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, and such verification must accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to the Department of Economic Opportunity for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.
- c. A Any person who has received notification from the Department of Economic Opportunity that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within a 12-month period.
 - 4. Administration.—
- a. The Department of Economic Opportunity may adopt rules necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of the Department of Economic Opportunity must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall

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state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall transmit a copy of the decision to the department.

- c. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.
- d. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall, in consultation with the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.—This paragraph expires June 30, 2018 2016; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover period for such credit.
- (7) MISCELLANEOUS EXEMPTIONS. Exemptions provided to any entity by this chapter do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter when payment is made by a representative or employee of the entity by any means, including, but not limited to, cash, check, or credit card, even when that representative or employee is subsequently reimbursed by the entity. In addition, exemptions provided to any entity by this subsection do not inure to any transaction that is otherwise taxable under this chapter unless the entity has obtained a sales tax exemption certificate from the department or the entity obtains or provides other documentation as required by the department. Eligible purchases or leases made

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with such a certificate must be in strict compliance with this subsection and departmental rules, and any person who makes an exempt purchase with a certificate that is not in strict compliance with this subsection and the rules is liable for and shall pay the tax. The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.

(r) School books and school lunches; institution of higher learning prepaid meal plans. - This exemption applies to school books used in regularly prescribed courses of study, and to school lunches served in public, parochial, or nonprofit schools operated for and attended by pupils of grades K through 12. Yearbooks, magazines, newspapers, directories, bulletins, and similar publications distributed by such educational institutions to their students are also exempt. School books and food sold or served at a college or institution community colleges and other institutions of higher learning are taxable, except that prepaid meal plans purchased for use from a college or other institution of higher learning by students currently enrolled or preparing to enroll in a at that college or other institution of higher learning are exempt. As used in this paragraph, the term "prepaid meal plans" means payment in advance, or payment using financial aid, once disbursed, to a college or institution of higher learning, or to a management entity under contract to provide prepaid meal plans on behalf of a college or institution of higher learning, for the provision of a defined quantities of dollar equivalencies or meal plans quantity of units that must expire at the end of an academic term and, cannot be refunded to the student upon expiration, and which may only be exchanged for food. Prepaid meal plans that

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contain a defined number of meals or a defined number of dollar equivalencies qualify for this exemption. However, the taxability of the dollar equivalencies of the prepaid meal plans shall be determined upon the plan's use, and tax shall be due when the dollar equivalencies are used to make a purchase if that purchase is otherwise subject to sales tax pursuant to this chapter. As used in this paragraph, the term "dollar equivalencies" includes university-specific dollars on a declining balance, such as flex bucks or dining bucks.

- (11) Parent-teacher organizations, parent-teacher associations, and schools having grades K through 12.-
- 1. Sales or leases to parent-teacher organizations and associations the purpose of which is to raise funds for schools that teach grades K through 12 and that are associated with schools having grades K through 12 are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.
- 2. Parent-teacher organizations and associations described in subparagraph 1., and schools having grades K through 12, may pay tax to their suppliers on the cost price of school materials and supplies purchased, rented, or leased for resale or rental to students in grades K through 12, of items sold for fundraising purposes, and of items sold through vending machines located on the school premises, in lieu of collecting the tax imposed by this chapter from the purchaser. This subparagraph paragraph also applies to food or beverages sold through vending machines located in the student lunchroom or dining room of a school having kindergarten through grade 12.
- 3. In lieu of collecting the tax imposed by this chapter from the purchaser, school support organizations may pay tax to

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their suppliers on the cost price of food, drink, and supplies necessary to serve such food and drink when the food, drink, and supplies are purchased for resale. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "school support organization" means an organization whose sole purpose is to raise funds to support extracurricular activities at public, parochial, or nonprofit schools that teach students in grades K through 12.

(nnn) Importation of motor vehicles; active United States Armed Forces members.-The importation of a motor vehicle purchased and used for 6 months or more in a foreign country by an active member of the United States Armed Forces or his or her spouse is also exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter when the vehicle is imported, registered, or titled in this state for personal use by the member or his or her spouse. Proof of the active status of the member, and, when applicable, proof of the spouse's relationship to the member, must be provided when the vehicle is titled and registered in this state.

Section 15. (1) The executive director of the Department of Revenue is authorized, and all conditions are deemed to be met, to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), Florida Statutes, for the purpose of implementing the amendments made by this act to ss. 202.12, 202.27, and 212.08(7), Florida Statutes.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, emergency rules adopted pursuant to subsection (1) are effective for 6 months after adoption and may be renewed during the pendency of procedures to adopt permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.
 - (3) This section expires July 1, 2018. Section 16. Effective September 1, 2015, paragraph (d) of

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subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected .-
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and ss. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) and 203.01(1)(a)3. is as follows:
- (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2) (b) shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.9744 8.8854 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and distributed accordingly.
- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., $0.0966 \, \frac{0.0956}{0.0956}$ percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and



distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.

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- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0810 $\frac{2.0603}{1}$ percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
- 5. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., $1.3653 \frac{1.3517}{1.3517}$ percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.
 - 6. Of the remaining proceeds:
- a. In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys

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accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the thenexisting provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, or district school boards before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000.

b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s.



288.1162(5) or s. 288.11621(3).

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- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of \$999,996 shall be made after certification and before July 1, 2000.
- e. The department shall distribute up to \$83,333 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise, or up to \$166,667 monthly to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. Monthly distributions begin 60 days after such certification or July 1, 2016, whichever is later, and continue for not more than 20 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by a single spring training franchise or not more than 25 years to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11631 for a facility used by more than one spring training franchise. A certified applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in

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distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided in s. 288.11631(3).

- f. Beginning 45 days after notice by the Department of Economic Opportunity to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been approved by the Legislature and certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity under s. 288.11625 or upon a date specified by the Department of Economic Opportunity as provided under s. 288.11625(6)(d), the department shall distribute each month an amount equal to one-twelfth of the annual distribution amount certified by the Department of Economic Opportunity for the applicant. The department may not distribute more than \$7 million in the 2014-2015 fiscal year or more than \$13 million annually thereafter under this subsubparagraph.
- g. Beginning December 1, 2015, and ending June 30, 2016, the department shall distribute \$26,286 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2016, the department shall distribute \$15,333 monthly to the State Transportation Trust Fund.
- 7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue Fund.
- Section 17. If a communications services dealer is unable to implement the reduction in communications services tax rates specified in s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, by July 1, 2015, the dealer must remit all taxes collected at the previous rate during the implementation period to the Department of Revenue, and:
- (1) Must begin collecting tax at the rates specified in s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act,



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- (2) Must credit each customer the amount of any tax collected on or after July 1, 2015, which exceeds the tax that is due under s. 202.12(1)(a) and (b), Florida Statutes, as amended by this act. Such credit must be provided to each affected customer's account by December 31, 2015.
- (3) May take a credit on its communications services tax return for the amounts that have been credited to customers.

Section 18. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraphs (d) and (t) of subsection (1) of section 220.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

220.03 Definitions.-

- (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (d) "Community contribution" means the grant by a business firm of any of the following items:
 - 1. Cash or other liquid assets.
 - 2. Real property.
 - 3. Goods or inventory.
- 4. Other physical resources as identified by the department.

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This paragraph expires June 30, 2018 on the date specified in s. 290.016 for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.

(t) "Project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor, as defined in s. 220.183(2)(c), which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that

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is affordable to low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004; designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in a rural community that had an enterprise zone designated pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015 rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an area that was in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065 as of May 1, 2015. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate low-income or very-low-income housing on scattered sites or housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible project-related activities:

- 1. Project development, impact, and management fees for special needs, low-income, or very-low-income housing projects;
- 2. Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- 3. Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community contribution, directly related to special needs, low-income, or



very-low-income projects; and

4. Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special-district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.

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The provisions of This paragraph expires shall expire and be void on June 30, 2018 2015.

Section 19. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (2), and subsection (5) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

220.183 Community contribution tax credit.

- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM SPENDING.-
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section, s. 212.08(5)(p), and s. 624.5105 is \$18.4 million in fiscal year 2015-2016, \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2016-2017, and \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2017-2018 annually for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 and homeownership opportunities for low-income households or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.
 - (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.-
 - (b) 1. All community contributions must be reserved

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exclusively for use in projects as defined in s. 220.03(1)(t).

- 2. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eliqible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:
- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credit shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit



application on a pro rata basis.

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- 3. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eliqible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.
- (c) The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," defined here as:
 - 1. A community action program;
- 2. A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for persons with special needs or low-income or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;



3. A neighborhood housing services corporation;

1027	4. A local housing authority, created pursuant to chapter
1028	421;
1029	5. A community redevelopment agency, created pursuant to s.
1030	163.356;
1031	6. A historic preservation district agency or organization;
1032	7. A regional workforce board;
1033	8. A direct-support organization as provided in s.
1034	1009.983;
1035	9. An enterprise zone development agency created pursuant
1036	to s. 290.0056;
1037	10. A community-based organization incorporated under
1038	chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or
1039	scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
1040	and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include
1041	affordable housing, economic development, or community
1042	development as the primary mission of the corporation;
1043	11. Units of local government;
1044	12. Units of state government; or
1045	13. Such other agency as the Department of Economic
1046	Opportunity may, from time to time, designate by rule.
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1048	In no event shall a contributing business firm have a financial
1049	interest in the eligible sponsor.
1050	(d) The project shall be located in an area <u>that was</u>
1051	designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to chapter 290 as of
1052	May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Florida Community. Any project
1053	designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or
1054	very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and
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(28) or provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 is exempt from the area requirement of this paragraph. This section does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites or provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs. Any project designed to provide increased access to high-speed broadband capabilities which includes coverage of a rural enterprise zone may locate the project's infrastructure in any area of a rural county.

(5) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except paragraph (1) (e), expire and are void on June 30, 2018 2016.

Section 20. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 220.1845, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 220.1845 Contaminated site rehabilitation tax credit.-
- (2) AUTHORIZATION FOR TAX CREDIT; LIMITATIONS.-
- (f) The total amount of the tax credits which may be granted under this section is \$21.6 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and \$5 million annually thereafter.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 220.196, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 220.196 Research and development tax credit.-
- (2) TAX CREDIT.-
- (a) As provided in this section Subject to the limitations contained in paragraph (e), a business enterprise is eligible for a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter if it: the business enterprise
- 1. Has qualified research expenses in this state in the taxable year exceeding the base amount; and, for the same



taxable year,

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- 2. Claims and is allowed a research credit for such qualified research expenses under 26 U.S.C. s. 41 for the same taxable year as subparagraph 1.; and
- 3. Is a qualified target industry business as defined in s. 288.106(2)(n). Only qualified target industry businesses in the manufacturing, life sciences, information technology, aviation and aerospace, homeland security and defense, cloud information technology, marine sciences, materials science, and nanotechnology industries may qualify for a tax credit under this section. A business applying for a credit pursuant to this section shall include a letter from the Department of Economic Opportunity certifying whether the business meets the requirements of this subparagraph with its application for credit. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall provide such a letter upon receiving a request.
- (b) (a) The tax credit shall be 10 percent of the excess qualified research expenses over the base amount. However, the maximum tax credit for a business enterprise that has not been in existence for at least 4 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year is reduced by 25 percent for each taxable year for which the business enterprise, or a predecessor corporation that was a business enterprise, did not exist.
- (c) (b) The credit taken in any taxable year may not exceed 50 percent of the business enterprise's remaining net income tax liability under this chapter after all other credits have been applied under s. 220.02(8).
- (d) (e) Any unused credit authorized under this section may be carried forward and claimed by the taxpayer for up to 5



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(e) (d) The combined total amount of tax credits which may be granted to all business enterprises under this section during any calendar year is \$9 million, except that the total amount that may be awarded in calendar year 2016 is \$23 million. Applications may be filed with the department on or after March 20 and before March 27 for qualified research expenses incurred within the preceding calendar year. If the total, and credits for all applicants exceed the maximum amount allowed under this paragraph, the credits shall be allocated on a prorated basis granted in the order in which completed applications are received.

Section 22. Subsections (4), (5), and (11) of section 376.30781, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.30781 Tax credits for rehabilitation of drycleaningsolvent-contaminated sites and brownfield sites in designated brownfield areas; application process; rulemaking authority; revocation authority.-

- (4) The Department of Environmental Protection is responsible for allocating the tax credits provided for in s. 220.1845, which may not exceed a total of \$21.6 million in tax credits in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and \$5 million in tax credits annually thereafter.
- (5) To claim the credit for site rehabilitation or solid waste removal, each tax credit applicant must apply to the Department of Environmental Protection for an allocation of the \$5 million annual credit provided in s. 220.1845 by filing a tax credit application with the Division of Waste Management on a form developed by the Department of Environmental Protection in

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cooperation with the Department of Revenue. The form shall include an affidavit from each tax credit applicant certifying that all information contained in the application, including all records of costs incurred and claimed in the tax credit application, are true and correct. If the application is submitted pursuant to subparagraph (3)(a)2., the form must include an affidavit signed by the real property owner stating that it is not, and has never been, the owner or operator of the drycleaning facility where the contamination exists. Approval of tax credits must be accomplished on a first-come, first-served basis based upon the date and time complete applications are received by the Division of Waste Management, subject to the limitations of subsection (14). To be eligible for a tax credit, the tax credit applicant must:

(a) For site rehabilitation tax credits, have entered into a voluntary cleanup agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection for a drycleaning-solvent-contaminated site or a Brownfield Site Rehabilitation Agreement, as applicable, and have paid all deductibles pursuant to s. 376.3078(3)(e) for eligible drycleaning-solvent-cleanup program sites, as applicable. A site rehabilitation tax credit applicant must submit only a single completed application per site for each calendar year's site rehabilitation costs. A site rehabilitation application must be received by the Division of Waste Management of the Department of Environmental Protection by January 31 of the year after the calendar year for which site rehabilitation costs are being claimed in a tax credit application. All site rehabilitation costs claimed must have been for work conducted between January 1 and December 31 of the

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year for which the application is being submitted. All payment requests must have been received and all costs must have been paid prior to submittal of the tax credit application, but no later than January 31 of the year after the calendar year for which site rehabilitation costs are being claimed.

- (b) For solid waste removal tax credits, have entered into a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement with the Department of Environmental Protection. A solid waste removal tax credit applicant must submit only a single complete application per brownfield site, as defined in the brownfield site rehabilitation agreement, for solid waste removal costs. A solid waste removal tax credit application must be received by the Division of Waste Management of the Department of Environmental Protection subsequent to the completion of the requirements listed in paragraph (3)(e).
- (11) If a tax credit applicant does not receive a tax credit allocation due to an exhaustion of the \$5 million annual tax credit provided in s. 220.1845 authorization, such application will then be included in the same first-come, firstserved order in the next year's annual tax credit allocation, if any, based on the prior year application.

Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 624.509, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation.
- (8) The premium tax authorized by this section may not be imposed on:
 - (a) Any portion of the title insurance premium, as defined in s. 627.7711, retained by a title insurance agent or agency. It is the intent of the Legislature that the continuation of



1200 this exemption be contingent on title insurers adding employees 1201 to their payroll. Between July 1, 2014, and July 1, 2016, title 1202 insurers currently holding a valid certificate of authority from 1203 this state shall, in the aggregate, add a minimum of 600 1204 Florida-based employees to their payroll, as verified by the 1205 Department of Economic Opportunity. The department shall submit such verification to the President of the Senate and the Speaker 1206 1207 of the House of Representatives by October 1, 2016. This 1208 paragraph expires December 31, 2017, unless reenacted by the 1209 Department of Economic Opportunity determines that title 1210 insurers holding a valid certificate of authority as of July 1, 1211 2014, have added, in aggregate, at least 600 Florida-based full-1212 time equivalent positions above those existing on July 1, 2014, 1213 including positions obtained from a temporary employment agency or employee leasing company or through a union agreement or 1215 coemployment under a professional employer organization 1216 agreement by July 1, 2017. For purposes of this paragraph, a 1217 full-time equivalent position means a position in which the 1218 employee works an average of at least 36 hours per week each 1219 month. 1220

- 1. The Department of Economic Opportunity may verify information provided by title insurers concerning additional positions created with any appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue.
- 2. To facilitate verification of additional positions created by title insurers, the Department of Economic Opportunity may provide a list of employees holding additional positions created by title insurers to any appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue.

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3. The Department of Economic Opportunity shall submit such determination to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Revenue by October 1, 2017. Legislature before that date; or

(b) Receipts of annuity premiums or considerations paid by holders in this state if the tax savings derived are credited to the annuity holders. Upon request by the Department of Revenue, an insurer availing itself of this provision shall submit to the department evidence that establishes that the tax savings derived have been credited to annuity holders. As used in this paragraph, the term "holders" includes employers contributing to an employee's pension, annuity, or profit-sharing plan.

Section 24. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2), and subsection (6) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.-

- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS.-
- (c) The total amount of tax credit which may be granted for all programs approved under this section and ss. 212.08(5)(p) and 220.183 is \$18.4 million in fiscal year 2015-2016, \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2016-2017, and \$21.4 million in fiscal year 2017-2018 annually for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or verylow-income households as defined in s. 420.9071 and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.
 - (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS. -

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(d) The project shall be located in an area that was designated as an enterprise zone pursuant to chapter 290 as of May 1, 2015, or a Front Porch Community. Any project designed to provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this paragraph. (e) 1. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as

defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total,

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the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.

- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- 2. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide housing opportunities for persons with special needs as defined in s. 420.0004 or homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.
 - (6) EXPIRATION.—The provisions of this section, except



1316	paragraph (1)(e), expire and are void on June 30, 2018 2016 .
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1318	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
1319	And the title is amended as follows:
1320	Delete line 1601
1321	and insert:
1322	tax, and gross receipts tax; requiring communications
1323	services dealers to provide credits by a specified
1324	date to their customers for taxes collected in excess
1325	of those authorized by certain provisions of the act;
1326	authorizing such dealers to take credits on their
1327	communications services tax returns for certain
1328	amounts credited to their customers; amending s.
1329	220.03, F.S.;