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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to mental health and substance abuse;
3	amending s. 29.004, F.S.; including services provided
4	to treatment-based mental health programs within case
5	management funded from state revenues as an element of
6	the state courts system; amending s. 39.01, F.S.;
7	defining a term; amending s. 39.407, F.S.; requiring
8	assessment findings to be provided to the plan that is
9	financially responsible for a child's care in
10	residential treatment under certain circumstances;
11	amending s. 394.453, F.S.; revising legislative
12	intent; amending s. 394.4573, F.S.; requiring the
13	Department of Children and Families to submit a
14	certain assessment to the Governor and Legislature by
15	a specified date; defining and revising terms;
16	providing essential elements of a coordinated system
17	of care; providing requirements for the department's
18	annual assessment; authorizing the department to award
19	certain grants; deleting duties and measures of the
20	department regarding continuity of care management
21	systems; amending s. 394.461, F.S.; creating a
22	designated receiving system that functions as a no-
23	wrong-door model, based on certain receiving system
24	models; authorizing, rather than requiring, the
25	department to adopt rules to implement the designated
26	receiving system; repealing s. 394.675, F.S., relating
27	to the substance abuse and mental health service
28	system; amending ss. 394.75 and 394.76, F.S.;
29	conforming provisions and cross-references to changes

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30 made by the act; amending s. 394.4597, F.S.; revising 31 the prioritization of health care surrogates to be 32 selected for involuntary patients; specifying certain persons who are prohibited from being selected as an 33 34 individual's representative; amending s. 394.4598, 35 F.S.; specifying certain persons who are prohibited 36 from being appointed as a person's guardian advocate; 37 amending s. 394.462, F.S.; requiring that counties develop and implement transportation plans; providing 38 39 requirements for the plans; revising requirements for 40 transportation to receiving facilities and treatment 41 facilities; revising exceptions to such requirements; 42 amending s. 394.467, F.S.; revising criteria for involuntary inpatient placement; revising criteria for 43 44 a procedure for continued involuntary inpatient services; specifying requirements for a certain waiver 45 46 of the patient's attendance at a hearing; requiring 47 the court to consider certain testimony and evidence regarding a patient's incompetence; amending s. 48 49 394.46715, F.S.; revising rulemaking authority of the department; amending s. 394.4685, F.S.; requiring a 50 51 public receiving facility initiating a patient 52 transfer to a licensed hospital for certain mental 53 health services to provide notice and transfer patient 54 records to the hospital; amending s. 394.656, F.S.; revising the membership of the Criminal Justice, 55 56 Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Statewide Grant 57 Review Committee; providing duties for the committee; 58 authorizing a not-for-profit community provider or

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59 managing entity to apply for certain grants; revising 60 eligibility for such grants; defining a term; creating 61 s. 394.761, F.S.; requiring the agency and the 62 department to develop a plan for revenue maximization; 63 providing requirements for the plan; providing duties 64 for the agency and department relating to the plan; 65 requiring the plan to be submitted to the Legislature 66 by a certain date; amending s. 394.879, F.S.; providing that certain facilities may be in a multi-67 68 story building and authorized on certain floors; requiring the department to develop a plan to create 69 70 an option for a single, consolidated license for 71 certain providers by a specified date; amending s. 72 394.9082, F.S.; providing a purpose for behavioral 73 health managing entities; revising definitions; 74 providing duties of the department; requiring the 75 department to revise its contracts with managing 76 entities; providing duties for managing entities; 77 providing requirements for network accreditation and 78 systems coordination agreements; providing for 79 performance measurement and accountability and 80 enhancements plans; providing a funding mechanism for 81 managing entities; renaming the Crisis Stabilization 82 Services Utilization Database as the Acute Care 83 Services Utilization Database; requiring certain providers to provide utilization data; deleting 84 85 provisions relating to legislative findings and 86 intent, service delivery strategies, essential 87 elements, reporting requirements, and rulemaking

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88 authority; amending s. 397.305, F.S.; providing 89 legislative intent; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; 90 defining and redefining terms; conforming a cross-91 reference; amending s. 397.321, F.S.; deleting a 92 requirement for the department to appoint a substance abuse impairment coordinator; requiring the department 93 94 to develop certain forms, display such forms on its 95 website, and notify certain entities of the existence and availability of such forms; amending s. 397.675, 96 97 F.S.; revising the criteria for involuntary admissions 98 due to substance abuse or co-occurring mental health 99 disorders; amending s. 397.6772, F.S.; requiring law enforcement officers to use standard forms developed 100 101 by the department to execute a certain written report; 102 amending s. 397.6773, F.S.; revising a cross-103 reference; amending s. 397.679, F.S.; authorizing 104 specified licensed professionals to complete a certificate for the involuntary admission of an 105 individual; amending s. 397.6791, F.S.; providing a 106 107 list of professionals authorized to initiate a 108 certificate for an emergency assessment or admission 109 of a person who has a substance abuse disorder; 110 amending s. 397.6793, F.S.; revising the criteria for 111 initiation of a certificate for an emergency admission 112 for a person who is substance abuse impaired; amending 113 s. 397.6795, F.S.; revising the list of persons 114 authorized to deliver a person for an emergency 115 assessment; amending s. 397.681, F.S.; prohibiting the court from charging a fee for involuntary petitions; 116

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117	amending s. 397.6811, F.S.; revising the list of
118	persons authorized to file a petition for an
119	involuntary assessment and stabilization; amending s.
120	397.6814, F.S.; prohibiting a fee from being charged
121	for the filing of a petition for involuntary
122	assessment and stabilization; amending s. 397.6818,
123	F.S.; limiting the validity of an order for
124	involuntary admission to 7 days after it is signed
125	unless otherwise specified in the order; amending s.
126	397.6819, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of
127	service providers who admit an individual for an
128	involuntary assessment and stabilization; amending s.
129	397.695, F.S.; authorizing certain persons to file a
130	petition for involuntary outpatient services of an
131	individual; providing procedures and requirements for
132	such petitions; amending s. 397.6951, F.S.; requiring
133	that certain additional information be included in a
134	petition for involuntary outpatient services; amending
135	s. 397.6955, F.S.; requiring a court to fulfill
136	certain additional duties upon the filing of a
137	petition for involuntary outpatient services; amending
138	s. 397.6957, F.S.; providing additional requirements
139	for a hearing on a petition for involuntary outpatient
140	services; amending s. 397.697, F.S.; authorizing a
141	court to make a determination of involuntary
142	outpatient services; extending the timeframe a
143	respondent receives certain publicly funded licensed
144	services; authorizing a court to order a respondent to
145	undergo treatment through a publicly or privately

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146	funded licensed service provider under certain
147	circumstances; requiring a copy of the court's order
148	to be sent to the managing entity; amending s.
149	397.6971, F.S.; establishing the requirements for an
150	early release from involuntary outpatient services;
151	amending s. 397.6975, F.S.; requiring the court to
152	appoint certain counsel; providing requirements for
153	hearings on petitions for continued involuntary
154	outpatient services; requiring notice of such
155	hearings; amending s. 397.6977, F.S.; conforming
156	provisions to changes made by the act; creating s.
157	397.6978, F.S.; providing for the appointment of
158	guardian advocates if an individual is found
159	incompetent to consent to treatment; prohibiting
160	specified persons from being appointed as an
161	individual's guardian advocate; providing requirements
162	for a facility requesting the appointment of a
163	guardian advocate; requiring a training course for
164	guardian advocates; providing requirements for the
165	training course; providing requirements for the
166	prioritization of individuals to be selected as
167	guardian advocates; authorizing certain guardian
168	advocates to consent to medical treatment; providing
169	exceptions; providing procedures for the discharge of
170	a guardian advocate; amending s. 409.967, F.S.;
171	requiring managed care plans to provide for quality
172	care; amending s. 409.973, F.S.; providing an
173	integrated behavioral health initiative; reenacting s.
174	409.975(6), F.S., relating to provider payment;
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175 providing legislative intent; amending s. 491.0045, 176 F.S.; revising registration requirements for interns; 177 repealing s. 394.4674, F.S., relating to the 178 comprehensive plan and report on the 179 deinstitutionalization of patients in a treatment 180 facility; repealing s. 394.4985, F.S., relating to the 181 implementation of a districtwide information and 182 referral network; repealing s. 394.745, F.S., relating to the annual report on the compliance of providers 183 184 under contract with the department; repealing s. 185 397.331, F.S., relating to definitions and legislative 186 intent; repealing part IX of chapter 397, F.S., 187 consisting of ss. 397.801, 397.811, and 397.821, F.S., 188 relating to substance abuse impairment coordination, 189 juvenile substance abuse impairment coordination, and 190 juvenile substance abuse impairment prevention and 191 early intervention councils, respectively; repealing 192 s. 397.901, F.S., relating to prototype juvenile 193 addictions receiving facilities; repealing s. 397.93, 194 F.S., relating to target populations for children's 195 substance abuse services; repealing s. 397.94, F.S., 196 relating to the information and referral network for 197 children's substance abuse services; repealing s. 198 397.951, F.S., relating to substance abuse treatment 199 and sanctions; repealing s. 397.97, F.S., relating to 200 demonstration models for children's substance abuse 201 services; repealing s. 397.98, F.S., relating to 202 utilization management for children's substance abuse services; amending ss. 39.407, 39.524, 212.055, 203

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204	394.4599, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9085, 397.321,
205	397.405, 397.407, 397.416, 397.4871, 409.1678,
206	409.966, 409.972, 440.102, 744.704, and 960.065, F.S.;
207	conforming cross-references; requiring the Secretary
208	of Children and Families to appoint a workgroup on the
209	use of advance directives for substance use disorders;
210	requiring a report to the Governor and Legislature by
211	a specified date; providing for expiration of the
212	workgroup; amending s. 61.13, F.S.; providing that a
213	parenting plan that provides for shared parental
214	responsibility over health care decisions must
215	authorize either parent to consent to mental health
216	treatment for the child; amending s. 39.001, F.S.;
217	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
218	amending ss. 39.507 and 39.521, F.S.; providing for
219	consideration of mental health issues and involvement
220	in mental health programs in adjudicatory hearings and
221	orders; providing requirements for certain court
222	orders; revising the qualifications for administrators
223	of mental health and substance abuse assessments or
224	evaluations; amending s. 394.4655, F.S.; defining the
225	terms "court" and "criminal county court"; providing
226	for involuntary outpatient services; authorizing
227	certain licensed physicians and psychiatric nurses to
228	provide a second opinion regarding a recommendation
229	for involuntary outpatient services under certain
230	circumstances; requiring a service provider to
231	document certain inquiries; requiring the managing
232	entity to document certain efforts; making technical

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233	changes; amending s. 394.4599, F.S.; conforming
234	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
235	394.455, F.S.; defining and redefining terms; amending
236	s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing circuit or county courts
237	to enter ex parte orders for involuntary examinations;
238	requiring a facility to provide copies of ex parte
239	orders, reports, and certificates to the department,
240	rather than the Agency for Health Care Administration;
241	requiring the department to receive certain orders,
242	certificates, and reports; requiring the department to
243	receive and maintain copies of certain documents;
244	prohibiting a person from being held for involuntary
245	examination for more than a specified period of time;
246	providing exceptions; requiring certain individuals to
247	be released to law enforcement custody; providing
248	exceptions; conforming cross-references; amending s.
249	394.4615, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference;
250	providing an appropriation; providing an effective
251	date.
252	
253	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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255	Section 1. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (10) of
256	section 29.004, Florida Statutes, to read:
257	29.004 State courts systemFor purposes of implementing s.
258	14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of the state
259	courts system to be provided from state revenues appropriated by
260	general law are as follows:
261	(10) Case management. Case management includes:
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262	(e) Service referral, coordination, monitoring, and
263	tracking for treatment-based mental health court programs under
264	chapter 394.
265	
266	Case management may not include costs associated with the
267	application of therapeutic jurisprudence principles by the
268	courts. Case management also may not include case intake and
269	records management conducted by the clerk of court.
270	Section 2. Subsections (65) through (79) of section 39.01,
271	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (66) through
272	(80), respectively, and a new subsection (65) is added to that
273	section to read:
274	39.01 DefinitionsWhen used in this chapter, unless the
275	context otherwise requires:
276	(65) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a
277	physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a
278	psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a
279	psychologist as defined in s. 490.003(7) or a professional
280	licensed under chapter 491; or a psychiatric nurse as defined in
281	<u>s. 394.455.</u>
282	Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section
283	39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
284	39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination
285	and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse
286	examination of person with or requesting child custody
287	(6) Children who are in the legal custody of the department
288	may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the
289	court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s.
290	394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential
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291 mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be 292 placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary 293 examination or involuntary placement entered pursuant to s. 294 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a residential 295 treatment program under this subsection must have a guardian ad 296 litem appointed.

(c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the child shall be assessed for suitability for residential treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal examination and assessment of the child and has made written findings that:

302 1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance 303 serious enough to require residential treatment and is 304 reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.

305 2. The child has been provided with a clinically 306 appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the 307 treatment.

308 3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive 309 than residential treatment have been considered, and a less 310 restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to 311 the child is unavailable.

A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability assessment must be provided to the department, and to the guardian ad litem, and, if the child is a member of a Medicaid managed care plan, to the plan that is financially responsible for the child's care in residential treatment, all of whom must be provided with who shall have the opportunity to discuss the findings with the evaluator.

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320 Section 4. Section 394.453, Florida Statutes, is amended to 321 read: 322 394.453 Legislative intent.-323 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature: 324 (a) To authorize and direct the Department of Children and 325 Families to evaluate, research, plan, and recommend to the 326 Governor and the Legislature programs designed to reduce the 327 occurrence, severity, duration, and disabling aspects of mental, 328 emotional, and behavioral disorders. 329 (b) It is the intent of the Legislature That treatment 330 programs for such disorders shall include, but not be limited 331 to, comprehensive health, social, educational, and 332 rehabilitative services to persons requiring intensive short-333 term and continued treatment in order to encourage them to 334 assume responsibility for their treatment and recovery. It is 335 intended that: 336 1. Such persons be provided with emergency service and 337 temporary detention for evaluation when required; 338 2. Such persons that they be admitted to treatment 339 facilities on a voluntary basis when extended or continuing care 340 is needed and unavailable in the community; 341 3. that Involuntary placement be provided only when expert 342 evaluation determines that it is necessary;

343 <u>4. that</u> Any involuntary treatment or examination be 344 accomplished in a setting <u>that</u> which is clinically appropriate 345 and most likely to facilitate the person's return to the 346 community as soon as possible; and

347 <u>5. that</u> Individual dignity and human rights be guaranteed
 348 to all persons who are admitted to mental health facilities or

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(c) That services provided to persons in this state use the 351 coordination-of-care principles characteristic of recovery-352 oriented services and include social support services, such as 353 housing support, life skills and vocational training, and 354 employment assistance, necessary for persons with mental health 355 disorders and co-occurring mental health and substance use 356 disorders to live successfully in their communities.

who are being held under s. 394.463.

357 (d) That licensed, qualified health professionals be 358 authorized to practice to the fullest extent of their education 359 and training in the performance of professional functions 360 necessary to carry out the intent of this part.

361 (2) It is the further intent of the Legislature that the 362 least restrictive means of intervention be employed based on the 363 individual needs of each person, within the scope of available 364 services. It is the policy of this state that the use of 365 restraint and seclusion on clients is justified only as an 366 emergency safety measure to be used in response to imminent 367 danger to the client or others. It is, therefore, the intent of 368 the Legislature to achieve an ongoing reduction in the use of 369 restraint and seclusion in programs and facilities serving 370 persons with mental illness.

371 Section 5. Section 394.4573, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 372

373 394.4573 Coordinated system of care; annual assessment; 374 essential elements Continuity of care management system; 375 measures of performance; system improvement grants; reports.-On 376 or before December 1 of each year, the department shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 377

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378	the House of Representatives an assessment of the behavioral
379	health services in this state. The assessment shall consider, at
380	a minimum, the extent to which designated receiving systems
381	function as no-wrong-door models, the availability of treatment
382	and recovery services that use recovery-oriented and peer-
383	involved approaches, the availability of less-restrictive
384	services, and the use of evidence-informed practices. The
385	department's assessment shall consider, at a minimum, the needs
386	assessments conducted by the managing entities pursuant to s.
387	394.9082(5). Beginning in 2017, the department shall compile and
388	include in the report all plans submitted by managing entities
389	pursuant to s. 394.9082(8) and the department's evaluation of
390	each plan.
391	(1) <u>As used in</u> For the purposes of this section:
392	(a) "Care coordination" means the implementation of
393	deliberate and planned organizational relationships and service
394	procedures that improve the effectiveness and efficiency of the
395	behavioral health system by engaging in purposeful interactions
396	with individuals who are not yet effectively connected with
397	services to ensure service linkage. Examples of care
398	coordination activities include development of referral
399	agreements, shared protocols, and information exchange
400	procedures. The purpose of care coordination is to enhance the
401	delivery of treatment services and recovery supports and to
402	improve outcomes among priority populations.
403	(b) (a) "Case management" means those direct services
404	provided to a client in order to assess his or her activities
405	aimed at assessing client needs, plan, or arrange planning
406	services, <u>coordinate service providers, link</u> linking the service
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407	system to a client, <u>monitor</u> coordinating the various system
408	components, monitoring service delivery, and evaluate patient
409	outcomes to ensure the client is receiving the appropriate
410	services evaluating the effect of service delivery.
411	(b) "Case manager" means an individual who works with
412	clients, and their families and significant others, to provide
413	case management.
414	(c) "Client manager" means an employee of the department
415	who is assigned to specific provider agencies and geographic
416	areas to ensure that the full range of needed services is
417	available to clients.
418	<u>(c)</u> (d) "Coordinated system Continuity of care management
419	system" means a system that assures, within available resources,
420	that clients have access to the full array of behavioral and
421	related services in a region or community offered by all service
422	providers, whether participating under contract with the
423	managing entity or by another method of community partnership or
424	mutual agreement within the mental health services delivery
425	system.
426	(d) "No-wrong-door model" means a model for the delivery of
427	acute care services to persons who have mental health or
428	substance use disorders, or both, which optimizes access to
429	care, regardless of the entry point to the behavioral health
430	care system.
431	(2) The essential elements of a coordinated system of care
432	include:
433	(a) Community interventions, such as prevention, primary
434	care for behavioral health needs, therapeutic and supportive
435	services, crisis response services, and diversion programs.

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436	(b) A designated receiving system that consists of one or
437	more facilities serving a defined geographic area and
438	responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and
439	involuntary, and treatment or triage of patients who have a
440	mental health or substance use disorder, or co-occurring
441	disorders.
442	1. A county or several counties shall plan the designated
443	receiving system using a process that includes the managing
444	entity and is open to participation by individuals with
445	behavioral health needs and their families, service providers,
446	law enforcement agencies, and other parties. The county or
447	counties, in collaboration with the managing entity, shall
448	document the designated receiving system through written
449	memoranda of agreement or other binding arrangements. The county
450	or counties and the managing entity shall complete the plan and
451	implement the designated receiving system by July 1, 2017, and
452	the county or counties and the managing entity shall review and
453	update, as necessary, the designated receiving system at least
454	once every 3 years.
455	2. To the extent permitted by available resources, the
456	designated receiving system shall function as a no-wrong-door
457	model. The designated receiving system may be organized in any
458	manner which functions as a no-wrong-door model that responds to
459	individual needs and integrates services among various
460	providers. Such models include, but are not limited to:
461	a. A central receiving system that consists of a designated
462	central receiving facility that serves as a single entry point
463	for persons with mental health or substance use disorders, or
464	co-occurring disorders. The central receiving facility shall be

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465	capable of assessment, evaluation, and triage or treatment or
466	stabilization of persons with mental health or substance use
467	disorders, or co-occurring disorders.
468	b. A coordinated receiving system that consists of multiple
469	entry points that are linked by shared data systems, formal
470	referral agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care
471	coordination and case management. Each entry point shall be a
472	designated receiving facility and shall, within existing
473	resources, provide or arrange for necessary services following
474	an initial assessment and evaluation.
475	c. A tiered receiving system that consists of multiple
476	entry points, some of which offer only specialized or limited
477	services. Each service provider shall be classified according to
478	its capabilities as either a designated receiving facility or
479	another type of service provider, such as a triage center, a
480	licensed detoxification facility, or an access center. All
481	participating service providers shall, within existing
482	resources, be linked by methods to share data, formal referral
483	agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care coordination
484	and case management.
485	
486	An accurate inventory of the participating service providers
487	which specifies the capabilities and limitations of each
488	provider and its ability to accept patients under the designated
489	receiving system agreements and the transportation plan
490	developed pursuant to this section shall be maintained and made
491	available at all times to all first responders in the service
492	area.
493	(c) Transportation in accordance with a plan developed

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494	<u>under s. 394.462.</u>
495	(d) Crisis services, including mobile response teams,
496	crisis stabilization units, addiction receiving facilities, and
497	detoxification facilities.
498	(e) Case management. Each case manager or person directly
499	supervising a case manager who provides Medicaid-funded targeted
500	case management services shall hold a valid certification from a
501	department-approved credentialing entity as defined in s.
502	397.311(9) by July 1, 2017, and, thereafter, within 6 months
503	after hire.
504	(f) Care coordination that involves coordination with other
505	local systems and entities, public and private, which are
506	involved with the individual, such as primary care, child
507	welfare, behavioral health care, and criminal and juvenile
508	justice organizations.
509	(g) Outpatient services.
510	(h) Residential services.
511	(i) Hospital inpatient care.
512	(j) Aftercare and other post-discharge services.
513	(k) Medication-assisted treatment and medication
514	management.
515	(1) Recovery support, including, but not limited to,
516	support for competitive employment, educational attainment,
517	independent living skills development, family support and
518	education, wellness management and self-care, and assistance in
519	obtaining housing that meets the individual's needs. Such
520	housing may include mental health residential treatment
521	facilities, limited mental health assisted living facilities,
522	adult family care homes, and supportive housing. Housing

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523	provided using state funds must provide a safe and decent
524	environment free from abuse and neglect.
525	(m) Care plans shall assign specific responsibility for
526	initial and ongoing evaluation of the supervision and support
527	needs of the individual and the identification of housing that
528	meets such needs. For purposes of this paragraph, the term
529	"supervision" means oversight of and assistance with compliance
530	with the clinical aspects of an individual's care plan.
531	(3) SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT GRANTSSubject to a specific
532	appropriation by the Legislature, the department may award
533	system improvement grants to managing entities based on a
534	detailed plan to enhance services in accordance with the no-
535	wrong-door model as defined in subsection (1) and to address
536	specific needs identified in the assessment prepared by the
537	department pursuant to this section. Such a grant must be
538	awarded through a performance-based contract that links payments
539	to the documented and measurable achievement of system
540	improvements. The department is directed to implement a
541	continuity of care management system for the provision of mental
542	health care, through the provision of client and case
543	management, including clients referred from state treatment
544	facilities to community mental health facilities. Such system
545	shall include a network of client managers and case managers
546	throughout the state designed to:
547	(a) Reduce the possibility of a client's admission or
548	readmission to a state treatment facility.
549	(b) Provide for the creation or designation of an agency in
550	each county to provide single intake services for each person
551	seeking mental health services. Such agency shall provide

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552	information and referral services necessary to ensure that
553	clients receive the most appropriate and least restrictive form
554	of care, based on the individual needs of the person seeking
555	treatment. Such agency shall have a single telephone number,
556	operating 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, where practicable,
557	at a central location, where each client will have a central
558	record.
559	(c) Advocate on behalf of the client to ensure that all
560	appropriate services are afforded to the client in a timely and
561	dignified manner.
562	(d) Require that any public receiving facility initiating a
563	patient transfer to a licensed hospital for acute care mental
564	health services not accessible through the public receiving
565	facility shall notify the hospital of such transfer and send all
566	records relating to the emergency psychiatric or medical
567	condition.
568	(3) The department is directed to develop and include in
569	contracts with service providers measures of performance with
570	regard to goals and objectives as specified in the state plan.
571	Such measures shall use, to the extent practical, existing data
572	collection methods and reports and shall not require, as a
573	result of this subsection, additional reports on the part of
574	service providers. The department shall plan monitoring visits
575	of community mental health facilities with other state, federal,
576	and local governmental and private agencies charged with
577	monitoring such facilities.
578	Section 6. Section 394.461, Florida Statutes, is amended to
579	read:
580	394.461 Designation of receiving and treatment facilities

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581 <u>and receiving systems</u>.—The department is authorized to designate 582 and monitor receiving facilities, and treatment facilities, and 583 <u>receiving systems</u> and may suspend or withdraw such designation 584 for failure to comply with this part and rules adopted under 585 this part. Unless designated by the department, facilities are 586 not permitted to hold or treat involuntary patients under this 587 part.

(1) RECEIVING FACILITY.—The department may designate any community facility as a receiving facility. Any other facility within the state, including a private facility or a federal facility, may be so designated by the department, provided that such designation is agreed to by the governing body or authority of the facility.

594 (2) TREATMENT FACILITY.-The department may designate any 595 state-owned, state-operated, or state-supported facility as a 596 state treatment facility. A civil patient shall not be admitted 597 to a state treatment facility without previously undergoing a 598 transfer evaluation. Before a court hearing for involuntary 599 placement in a state treatment facility, the court shall receive 600 and consider the information documented in the transfer 601 evaluation. Any other facility, including a private facility or 602 a federal facility, may be designated as a treatment facility by 603 the department, provided that such designation is agreed to by 604 the appropriate governing body or authority of the facility.

(3) PRIVATE FACILITIES.-Private facilities designated as
receiving and treatment facilities by the department may provide
examination and treatment of involuntary patients, as well as
voluntary patients, and are subject to all the provisions of
this part.

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610	(4) <u>REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.</u>
611	(a) A facility designated as a public receiving or
612	treatment facility under this section shall report to the
613	department on an annual basis the following data, unless these
614	data are currently being submitted to the Agency for Health Care
615	Administration:
616	1. Number of licensed beds.
617	2. Number of contract days.
618	3. Number of admissions by payor class and diagnoses.
619	4. Number of bed days by payor class.
620	5. Average length of stay by payor class.
621	6. Total revenues by payor class.
622	(b) For the purposes of this subsection, "payor class"
623	means Medicare, Medicare HMO, Medicaid, Medicaid HMO, private-
624	pay health insurance, private-pay health maintenance
625	organization, private preferred provider organization, the
626	Department of Children and Families, other government programs,
627	self-pay patients, and charity care.
628	(c) The data required under this subsection shall be
629	submitted to the department no later than 90 days following the
630	end of the facility's fiscal year. A facility designated as a
631	public receiving or treatment facility shall submit its initial
632	report for the 6-month period ending June 30, 2008.
633	(d) The department shall issue an annual report based on
634	the data required pursuant to this subsection. The report shall
635	include individual facilities' data, as well as statewide
636	totals. The report shall be submitted to the Governor, the
637	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
638	Representatives.

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639	(5) RECEIVING SYSTEMThe department shall designate as a
640	receiving system one or more facilities serving a defined
641	geographic area developed pursuant to s. 394.4573 which is
642	responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and
643	involuntary, and treatment, stabilization, or triage for
644	patients who have a mental illness, a substance use disorder, or
645	co-occurring disorders. Any transportation plans developed
646	pursuant to s. 394.462 must support the operation of the
647	receiving system.
648	<u>(6)</u> RULES.—The department <u>may</u> shall adopt rules relating
649	to:
650	(a) Procedures and criteria for receiving and evaluating
651	facility applications for designation, which may include onsite
652	facility inspection and evaluation of an applicant's licensing
653	status and performance history, as well as consideration of
654	local service needs.
655	(b) Minimum standards consistent with this part that a
656	facility must meet and maintain in order to be designated as a
657	receiving or treatment facility and procedures for monitoring
658	continued adherence to such standards.
659	(c) Procedures and criteria for designating receiving
660	systems which may include consideration of the adequacy of
661	services provided by facilities within the receiving system to
662	meet the needs of the geographic area using available resources.
663	<u>(d)</u> Procedures for receiving complaints against a
664	designated facility or designated receiving system and for
665	initiating inspections and investigations of facilities or
666	receiving systems alleged to have violated the provisions of
667	this part or rules adopted under this part.
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668 (e) (d) Procedures and criteria for the suspension or 669 withdrawal of designation as a receiving facility or receiving 670 system.

671 Section 7. Section 394.675, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 672 Section 8. Subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection 673 (4) of section 394.75, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

674 394.75 State and district substance abuse and mental health 675 plans.-

676 (3) The district health and human services board shall 677 prepare an integrated district substance abuse and mental health 678 plan. The plan shall be prepared and updated on a schedule 679 established by the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health 680 Program Office. The plan shall reflect the needs and program 681 priorities established by the department and the needs of the district established under ss. 394.4573 and 394.674 and 394.675. 682 683 The plan must list in order of priority the mental health and 684 the substance abuse treatment needs of the district and must 685 rank each program separately. The plan shall include:

686 (a) A record of the total amount of money available in the 687 district for mental health and substance abuse services.

688 (b) A description of each service that will be purchased 689 with state funds.

690 (c) A record of the amount of money allocated for each 691 service identified in the plan as being purchased with state 692 funds.

693 694

(d) A record of the total funds allocated to each provider. (e) A record of the total funds allocated to each provider

(f) Input from community-based persons, organizations, and

695 by type of service to be purchased with state funds.

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agencies interested in substance abuse and mental health treatment services; local government entities that contribute funds to the public substance abuse and mental health treatment systems; and consumers of publicly funded substance abuse and mental health services, and their family members. The plan must describe the means by which this local input occurred. The plan shall be submitted by the district board to the

The plan shall be submitted by the district board to the district administrator and to the governing bodies for review, comment, and approval.

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(4) The district plan shall:

(b) Provide the means for meeting the needs of the district's eligible clients, specified in ss. <u>394.4573 and</u> 394.674 and 394.675, for substance abuse and mental health services.

Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section394.76, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

714 394.76 Financing of district programs and services.—If the 715 local match funding level is not provided in the General 716 Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing the 717 General Appropriations Act, such funding level shall be provided 718 as follows:

(3) The state share of financial participation shall bedetermined by the following formula:

(a) The state share of approved program costs shall be a
percentage of the net balance determined by deducting from the
total operating cost of services and programs, as specified in
s. <u>394.4573</u> 394.675(1), those expenditures which are ineligible
for state participation as provided in subsection (7) and those

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201612e3 726 ineligible expenditures established by rule of the department pursuant to s. 394.78. 727 Section 10. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2) of 728 729 section 394.4597, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 730 394.4597 Persons to be notified; patient's representative.-731 (2) INVOLUNTARY PATIENTS.-732 (d) When the receiving or treatment facility selects a 733 representative, first preference shall be given to a health care 734 surrogate, if one has been previously selected by the patient. 735 If the patient has not previously selected a health care 736 surrogate, the selection, except for good cause documented in 737 the patient's clinical record, shall be made from the following 738 list in the order of listing: 739 1. The patient's spouse. 740 2. An adult child of the patient. 741 3. A parent of the patient. 742 4. The adult next of kin of the patient. 743 5. An adult friend of the patient. 744 6. The appropriate Florida local advocacy council as 745 provided in s. 402.166. 746 (e) The following persons are prohibited from selection as 747 a patient's representative: 748 1. A professional providing clinical services to the patient under this part. 749 750 2. The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary 751 examination of the patient, if the examination was initiated by 752 professional certificate. 753 3. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the 754 facility providing the examination of the patient.

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755	4. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of a
756	treatment facility providing treatment for the patient.
757	5. A person providing any substantial professional services
758	to the patient, including clinical services.
759	6. A creditor of the patient.
760	7. A person subject to an injunction for protection against
761	domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
762	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was
763	the petitioner.
764	8. A person subject to an injunction for protection against
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766	repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating violence
	under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is temporary
767	or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner A
768	licensed professional providing services to the patient under
769	this part, an employee of a facility providing direct services
770	to the patient under this part, a department employee, a person
771	providing other substantial services to the patient in a
772	professional or business capacity, or a creditor of the patient
773	shall not be appointed as the patient's representative.
774	Section 11. Subsections (2) through (7) of section
775	394.4598, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3)
776	through (8), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that
777	section, and present subsections (3) and (4) of that section are
778	amended, to read:
779	394.4598 Guardian advocate.—
780	(2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment
781	as a patient's guardian advocate:
782	(a) A professional providing clinical services to the
783	patient under this part.

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784	(b) The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary
785	examination of the patient, if the examination was initiated by
786	professional certificate.
787	(c) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
788	facility providing the examination of the patient.
789	(d) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of a
790	treatment facility providing treatment of the patient.
791	(e) A person providing any substantial professional
792	services, excluding public and professional guardians, to the
793	patient, including clinical services.
794	(f) A creditor of the patient.
795	(g) A person subject to an injunction for protection
796	against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
797	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was
798	the petitioner.
799	(h) A person subject to an injunction for protection
800	against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating
801	violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is
802	temporary or final, and for which the patient was the
803	petitioner.
804	(4) (3) In lieu of the training required of guardians
805	appointed pursuant to chapter 744, Prior to a guardian advocate
806	must, at a minimum, participate in a 4-hour training course
807	approved by the court before exercising his or her authority $_{m au}$
808	the guardian advocate shall attend a training course approved by
809	the court. At a minimum, this training course, of not less than
810	4 hours, must include, at minimum, information about the patient
811	rights, psychotropic medications, the diagnosis of mental
812	illness, the ethics of medical decisionmaking, and duties of

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813 guardian advocates. This training course shall take the place of 814 the training required for guardians appointed pursuant to 815 chapter 744.

816 (5) (4) The required training course and the information to 817 be supplied to prospective guardian advocates before prior to 818 their appointment and the training course for guardian advocates 819 must be developed and completed through a course developed by 820 the department, and approved by the chief judge of the circuit 821 court, and taught by a court-approved organization, which-822 Court-approved organizations may include, but is are not limited 823 to, a community college community or junior colleges, a 824 guardianship organization guardianship organizations, a and the 825 local bar association, or The Florida Bar. The training course 826 may be web-based, provided in video format, or other electronic 827 means but must be capable of ensuring the identity and 828 participation of the prospective guardian advocate. The court 829 may, in its discretion, waive some or all of the training 830 requirements for guardian advocates or impose additional 831 requirements. The court shall make its decision on a case-by-832 case basis and, in making its decision, shall consider the 833 experience and education of the guardian advocate, the duties 834 assigned to the guardian advocate, and the needs of the patient. 835 Section 12. Section 394.462, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 836 837 394.462 Transportation.-A transportation plan shall be 838 developed and implemented by each county by July 1, 2017, in 839 collaboration with the managing entity in accordance with this 840 section. A county may enter into a memorandum of understanding

with the governing boards of nearby counties to establish a

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842	shared transportation plan. When multiple counties enter into a
843	memorandum of understanding for this purpose, the counties shall
844	notify the managing entity and provide it with a copy of the
845	agreement. The transportation plan shall describe methods of
846	transport to a facility within the designated receiving system
847	for individuals subject to involuntary examination under s.
848	<u>394.463 or involuntary admission under s. 397.6772, s. 397.679,</u>
849	s. 397.6798, or s. 397.6811, and may identify responsibility for
850	other transportation to a participating facility when necessary
851	and agreed to by the facility. The plan may rely on emergency
852	medical transport services or private transport companies, as
853	appropriate. The plan shall comply with the transportation
854	provisions of this section and ss. 397.6772, 397.6795, 397.6822,
855	and 397.697.

(1) TRANSPORTATION TO A RECEIVING FACILITY.-

857 (a) Each county shall designate a single law enforcement 858 agency within the county, or portions thereof, to take a person 859 into custody upon the entry of an ex parte order or the 860 execution of a certificate for involuntary examination by an 861 authorized professional and to transport that person to the 862 appropriate facility within the designated receiving system 863 pursuant to a transportation plan or an exception under 864 subsection (4), or to the nearest receiving facility if neither 865 apply for examination.

866 (b)1. The designated law enforcement agency may decline to 867 transport the person to a receiving facility only if:

868 <u>a.1.</u> The jurisdiction designated by the county has
869 contracted on an annual basis with an emergency medical
870 transport service or private transport company for

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transportation of persons to receiving facilities pursuant to
this section at the sole cost of the county; and
<u>b.2</u>. The law enforcement agency and the emergency medical
transport service or private transport company agree that the
continued presence of law enforcement personnel is not necessary
for the safety of the person or others.
2.3. The entity providing transportation jurisdiction

designated by the county may seek reimbursement for transportation expenses. The party responsible for payment for such transportation is the person receiving the transportation. The county shall seek reimbursement from the following sources in the following order:

a. From <u>a private or public third-party payor</u> an insurance
company, health care corporation, or other source, if the person
receiving the transportation <u>has applicable coverage</u> is covered
by an insurance policy or subscribes to a health care
corporation or other source for payment of such expenses.

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b. From the person receiving the transportation.

c. From a financial settlement for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation payable or accruing to the injured party.

892 <u>(c) (b) A Any</u> company that transports a patient pursuant to 893 this subsection is considered an independent contractor and is 894 solely liable for the safe and dignified <u>transport</u> 895 transportation of the patient. Such company must be insured and 896 provide no less than \$100,000 in liability insurance with 897 respect to the <u>transport</u> transportation of patients.

898 <u>(d) (c)</u> Any company that contracts with a governing board of 899 a county to transport patients shall comply with the applicable

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900 rules of the department to ensure the safety and dignity of the 901 patients.

902 <u>(e) (d)</u> When a law enforcement officer takes custody of a 903 person pursuant to this part, the officer may request assistance 904 from emergency medical personnel if such assistance is needed 905 for the safety of the officer or the person in custody.

906 (f) (e) When a member of a mental health overlay program or 907 a mobile crisis response service is a professional authorized to 908 initiate an involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. 397.675 and that professional evaluates a person and determines 909 910 that transportation to a receiving facility is needed, the 911 service, at its discretion, may transport the person to the 912 facility or may call on the law enforcement agency or other 913 transportation arrangement best suited to the needs of the 914 patient.

915 (q) (f) When any law enforcement officer has custody of a 916 person based on either noncriminal or minor criminal behavior 917 that meets the statutory guidelines for involuntary examination 918 pursuant to s. 394.463 under this part, the law enforcement 919 officer shall transport the person to the appropriate facility 920 within the designated receiving system pursuant to a 921 transportation plan or an exception under subsection (4), or to 922 the nearest receiving facility if neither apply for examination. 923 Persons who meet the statutory guidelines for involuntary 924 admission pursuant to s. 397.675 may also be transported by law enforcement officers to the extent resources are available and 925 926 as otherwise provided by law. Such persons shall be transported 927 to an appropriate facility within the designated receiving 928 system pursuant to a transportation plan or an exception under

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929 subsection (4), or to the nearest facility if neither apply. 930 (h) (q) When any law enforcement officer has arrested a 931 person for a felony and it appears that the person meets the 932 statutory quidelines for involuntary examination or placement 933 under this part, such person must shall first be processed in 934 the same manner as any other criminal suspect. The law 935 enforcement agency shall thereafter immediately notify the 936 appropriate facility within the designated receiving system 937 pursuant to a transportation plan or an exception under 938 subsection (4), or to the nearest public receiving facility if 939 neither apply. The receiving facility, which shall be 940 responsible for promptly arranging for the examination and 941 treatment of the person. A receiving facility is not required to 942 admit a person charged with a crime for whom the facility 943 determines and documents that it is unable to provide adequate 944 security, but shall provide mental health examination and 945 treatment to the person where he or she is held.

946 <u>(i)(h)</u> If the appropriate law enforcement officer believes 947 that a person has an emergency medical condition as defined in 948 s. 395.002, the person may be first transported to a hospital 949 for emergency medical treatment, regardless of whether the 950 hospital is a designated receiving facility.

951 <u>(j)(i)</u> The costs of transportation, evaluation, 952 hospitalization, and treatment incurred under this subsection by 953 persons who have been arrested for violations of any state law 954 or county or municipal ordinance may be recovered as provided in 955 s. 901.35.

956 (k) (j) The appropriate facility within the designated 957 receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an

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958	exception under subsection (4), or the nearest receiving
959	facility if neither apply, must accept persons brought by law
960	enforcement officers, or an emergency medical transport service
961	or a private transport company authorized by the county, for
962	involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463.
963	(1) The appropriate facility within the designated
964	receiving system pursuant to a transportation plan or an
965	exception under subsection (4), or the nearest receiving
966	facility if neither apply, must provide persons brought by law
967	enforcement officers, or an emergency medical transport service
968	or a private transport company authorized by the county,
969	pursuant to s. 397.675, a basic screening or triage sufficient
970	to refer the person to the appropriate services.
971	<u>(m) (k)</u> Each law enforcement agency <u>designated pursuant to</u>
972	paragraph (a) shall establish a policy that develop a memorandum
973	of understanding with each receiving facility within the law
974	enforcement agency's jurisdiction which reflects a single set of
975	protocols for the safe and secure transportation of the person
976	and transfer of custody of the person. Each law enforcement
977	agency shall provide a copy of the protocols to the managing
978	entity. These protocols must also address crisis intervention
979	measures.
980	<u>(n) (1)</u> When a jurisdiction has entered into a contract with
981	an emergency medical transport service or a private transport

an emergency medical transport service or a private transport company for transportation of persons to receiving facilities <u>within the designated receiving system</u>, such service or company shall be given preference for transportation of persons from nursing homes, assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, or adult family-care homes, unless the behavior of the

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987 person being transported is such that transportation by a law 988 enforcement officer is necessary.

989 <u>(o) (m) Nothing in This section may not shall</u> be construed 990 to limit emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated 991 persons provided in accordance with the provisions of s. 992 401.445.

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(2) TRANSPORTATION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.-

994 (a) If neither the patient nor any person legally obligated 995 or responsible for the patient is able to pay for the expense of transporting a voluntary or involuntary patient to a treatment 996 997 facility, the transportation plan established by the governing 998 board of the county or counties must specify how in which the 999 hospitalized patient will be transported to, from, and between 1000 facilities in a is hospitalized shall arrange for such required 1001 transportation and shall ensure the safe and dignified manner 1002 transportation of the patient. The governing board of each 1003 county is authorized to contract with private transport 1004 companies for the transportation of such patients to and from a 1005 treatment facility.

(b) <u>A</u> Any company that transports a patient pursuant to this subsection is considered an independent contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified transportation of the patient. Such company must be insured and provide no less than \$100,000 in liability insurance with respect to the <u>transport</u> transportation of patients.

(c) <u>A</u> Any company that contracts with <u>one or more counties</u>
the governing board of a county to transport patients <u>in</u>
accordance with this section shall comply with the applicable
rules of the department to ensure the safety and dignity of the

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1016 patients.

(d) County or municipal law enforcement and correctional personnel and equipment <u>may shall</u> not be used to transport patients adjudicated incapacitated or found by the court to meet the criteria for involuntary placement pursuant to s. 394.467, except in small rural counties where there are no cost-efficient alternatives.

(3) TRANSFER OF CUSTODY.-Custody of a person who is transported pursuant to this part, along with related documentation, shall be relinquished to a responsible individual at the appropriate receiving or treatment facility.

(4) EXCEPTIONS.—An exception to the requirements of this
section may be granted by the secretary of the department for
the purposes of improving service coordination or better meeting
the special needs of individuals. A proposal for an exception
must be submitted to the department by the district
administrator after being approved by the governing boards of
any affected counties, prior to submission to the secretary.

(a) A proposal for an exception must identify the specific provision from which an exception is requested; describe how the proposal will be implemented by participating law enforcement agencies and transportation authorities; and provide a plan for the coordination of services such as case management.

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(b) The exception may be granted only for:

1040 1. An arrangement centralizing and improving the provision 1041 of services within a district, which may include an exception to 1042 the requirement for transportation to the nearest receiving 1043 facility;

2. An arrangement by which a facility may provide, in

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addition to required psychiatric or substance use disorder services, an environment and services which are uniquely tailored to the needs of an identified group of persons with special needs, such as persons with hearing impairments or visual impairments, or elderly persons with physical frailties; or 3. A specialized transportation system that provides an efficient and humane method of transporting patients to receiving facilities, among receiving facilities, and to treatment facilities. (c) Any exception approved pursuant to this subsection shall be reviewed and approved every 5 years by the secretary. The exceptions provided in this subsection shall expire on June 30, 2017, and no new exceptions shall be granted after that date. After June 30, 2017, the transport of a patient to a facility that is not the nearest facility must be made pursuant to a plan as provided in this section. Section 13. Section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 394.467 Involuntary inpatient placement.-(1) CRITERIA.-A person may be ordered for placed in involuntary inpatient placement for treatment upon a finding of the court by clear and convincing evidence that: (a) He or she has a mental illness is mentally ill and because of his or her mental illness: 1.a. He or she has refused voluntary inpatient placement for treatment after sufficient and conscientious explanation and disclosure of the purpose of inpatient placement for treatment;

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or

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1075 b. He or she is unable to determine for himself or herself 1076 whether inpatient placement is necessary; and 1077 2.a. He or she is manifestly incapable of surviving alone 1078 or with the help of willing and responsible family or friends, including available alternative services, and, without 1079 1080 treatment, is likely to suffer from neglect or refuse to care 1081 for himself or herself, and such neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being; 1082 1083 or 1084 b. There is substantial likelihood that in the near future 1085 he or she will inflict serious bodily harm on self or others 1086 himself or herself or another person, as evidenced by recent 1087 behavior causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; and (b) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives 1088 1089 that which would offer an opportunity for improvement of his or 1090 her condition have been judged to be inappropriate. 1091 (2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY .- A patient may be 1092 retained by a receiving facility or involuntarily placed in a 1093 treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator 1094 of the receiving facility where the patient has been examined 1095 and after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures 1096 provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by 1097 the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second opinion of a 1098 clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both of whom have 1099 personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, 1100 that the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement are met. 1101 However, in a county that has a population of fewer than 50,000, 1102 if the administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical

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1103 psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the 1104 second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has 1105 postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric 1106 1107 nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this subsection may be 1108 conducted through a face-to-face examination, in person, or by 1109 electronic means. Such recommendation shall be entered on a petition for an involuntary inpatient placement certificate that 1110 authorizes the receiving facility to retain the patient pending 1111 1112 transfer to a treatment facility or completion of a hearing.

1113 (3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT.-The 1114 administrator of the facility shall file a petition for 1115 involuntary inpatient placement in the court in the county where 1116 the patient is located. Upon filing, the clerk of the court 1117 shall provide copies to the department, the patient, the patient's guardian or representative, and the state attorney and 1118 1119 public defender of the judicial circuit in which the patient is 1120 located. A No fee may not shall be charged for the filing of a petition under this subsection. 1121

1122 (4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL.-Within 1 court working day 1123 after the filing of a petition for involuntary inpatient 1124 placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to 1125 represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless 1126 the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the 1127 court shall immediately notify the public defender of such appointment. Any attorney representing the patient shall have 1128 access to the patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the 1129 1130 presentation of the patient's case and shall represent the 1131 interests of the patient, regardless of the source of payment to

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1132 the attorney.

(5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.—The patient is entitled, with the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a period of up to 4 weeks.

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(6) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT.-

(a)1. The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary inpatient placement within 5 <u>court working</u> days, unless a continuance is granted.

1141 2. Except for good cause documented in the court file, the 1142 hearing must shall be held in the county or the facility, as appropriate, where the patient is located, must and shall be as 1143 1144 convenient to the patient as is may be consistent with orderly procedure, and shall be conducted in physical settings not 1145 1146 likely to be injurious to the patient's condition. If the court 1147 finds that the patient's attendance at the hearing is not 1148 consistent with the best interests of the patient, and the 1149 patient's counsel does not object, the court may waive the 1150 presence of the patient from all or any portion of the hearing. 1151 The state attorney for the circuit in which the patient is 1152 located shall represent the state, rather than the petitioning 1153 facility administrator, as the real party in interest in the 1154 proceeding.

1155 <u>3.2</u>. The court may appoint a general or special magistrate 1156 to preside at the hearing. One of the professionals who executed 1157 the <u>petition for</u> involuntary inpatient placement certificate 1158 shall be a witness. The patient and the patient's guardian or 1159 representative shall be informed by the court of the right to an 1160 independent expert examination. If the patient cannot afford

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1161 such an examination, the court shall <u>ensure that one is</u> 1162 <u>provided, as otherwise provided for by law</u> provide for one. The 1163 independent expert's report <u>is shall be</u> confidential and not 1164 discoverable, unless the expert is to be called as a witness for 1165 the patient at the hearing. The testimony in the hearing must be 1166 given under oath, and the proceedings must be recorded. The 1167 patient may refuse to testify at the hearing.

(b) If the court concludes that the patient meets the 1168 criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, it may shall order 1169 1170 that the patient be transferred to a treatment facility or, if 1171 the patient is at a treatment facility, that the patient be 1172 retained there or be treated at any other appropriate receiving 1173 or treatment facility, or that the patient receive services from 1174 a receiving or treatment facility, on an involuntary basis, for 1175 a period of up to 90 days 6 months. However, any order for 1176 involuntary mental health services in a treatment facility may 1177 be for up to 6 months. The order shall specify the nature and 1178 extent of the patient's mental illness. The court may not order 1179 an individual with traumatic brain injury or dementia who lacks 1180 a co-occurring mental illness to be involuntarily placed in a 1181 state treatment facility. The facility shall discharge a patient 1182 any time the patient no longer meets the criteria for 1183 involuntary inpatient placement, unless the patient has 1184 transferred to voluntary status.

(c) If at any time <u>before</u> prior to the conclusion of the hearing on involuntary inpatient placement it appears to the court that the person does not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement under this section, but instead meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement, the

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1190 court may order the person evaluated for involuntary outpatient 1191 services placement pursuant to s. 394.4655. The petition and 1192 hearing procedures set forth in s. 394.4655 shall apply. If the 1193 person instead meets the criteria for involuntary assessment, 1194 protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 1195 397.675, then the court may order the person to be admitted for 1196 involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days pursuant to s. 1197 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings are shall be governed by 1198 chapter 397.

(d) At the hearing on involuntary inpatient placement, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence to consent to treatment. If the court finds that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, it shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 394.4598.

1204 (e) The administrator of the petitioning receiving facility 1205 shall provide a copy of the court order and adequate 1206 documentation of a patient's mental illness to the administrator of a treatment facility if the whenever a patient is ordered for 1207 1208 involuntary inpatient placement, whether by civil or criminal 1209 court. The documentation must shall include any advance 1210 directives made by the patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the 1211 patient, and any evaluations of the patient performed by a 1212 psychiatric nurse, a clinical psychologist, a marriage and 1213 family therapist, a mental health counselor, or a clinical 1214 social worker. The administrator of a treatment facility may 1215 refuse admission to any patient directed to its facilities on an involuntary basis, whether by civil or criminal court order, who 1216 1217 is not accompanied at the same time by adequate orders and 1218 documentation.

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1219 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT 1220 PLACEMENT.-

1221 (a) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 1222 inpatient placement of an individual placed at any treatment 1223 facility are shall be administrative hearings and must shall be 1224 conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 120.57(1), 1225 except that any order entered by the administrative law judge is 1226 shall be final and subject to judicial review in accordance with 1227 s. 120.68. Orders concerning patients committed after 1228 successfully pleading not guilty by reason of insanity are shall 1229 be governed by the provisions of s. 916.15.

1230 (b) If the patient continues to meet the criteria for 1231 involuntary inpatient placement and is being treated at a 1232 treatment facility, the administrator shall, before prior to the 1233 expiration of the period during which the treatment facility is 1234 authorized to retain the patient, file a petition requesting 1235 authorization for continued involuntary inpatient placement. The 1236 request must shall be accompanied by a statement from the 1237 patient's physician, psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, or 1238 clinical psychologist justifying the request, a brief 1239 description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she 1240 was involuntarily placed, and an individualized plan of 1241 continued treatment. Notice of the hearing must shall be 1242 provided as provided set forth in s. 394.4599. If a patient's 1243 attendance at the hearing is voluntarily waived, the 1244 administrative law judge must determine that the waiver is 1245 knowing and voluntary before waiving the presence of the patient from all or a portion of the hearing. Alternatively, if at the 1246 1247 hearing the administrative law judge finds that attendance at

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1248 the hearing is not consistent with the best interests of the 1249 patient, the administrative law judge may waive the presence of 1250 the patient from all or any portion of the hearing, unless the 1251 patient, through counsel, objects to the waiver of presence. The 1252 testimony in the hearing must be under oath, and the proceedings 1253 must be recorded.

(c) Unless the patient is otherwise represented or is ineligible, he or she shall be represented at the hearing on the petition for continued involuntary inpatient placement by the public defender of the circuit in which the facility is located.

1258 (d) If at a hearing it is shown that the patient continues 1259 to meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, the 1260 administrative law judge shall sign the order for continued 1261 involuntary inpatient placement for up to 90 days a period not to exceed 6 months. However, any order for involuntary mental 1262 1263 health services in a treatment facility may be for up to 6 months. The same procedure shall be repeated before prior to the 1264 1265 expiration of each additional period the patient is retained.

(e) If continued involuntary inpatient placement is necessary for a patient admitted while serving a criminal sentence, but <u>his or her</u> whose sentence is about to expire, or for a <u>minor</u> patient involuntarily placed, while a minor but who is about to reach the age of 18, the administrator shall petition the administrative law judge for an order authorizing continued involuntary inpatient placement.

(f) If the patient has been previously found incompetent to consent to treatment, the administrative law judge shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence. If the administrative law judge finds evidence that

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1277	the patient is now competent to consent to treatment, the
1278	administrative law judge may issue a recommended order to the
1279	court that found the patient incompetent to consent to treatment
1280	that the patient's competence be restored and that any guardian
1281	advocate previously appointed be discharged.
1282	(g) If the patient has been ordered to undergo involuntary
1283	inpatient placement and has previously been found incompetent to
1284	consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and
1285	evidence regarding the patient's incompetence. If the patient's
1286	competency to consent to treatment is restored, the discharge of
1287	the guardian advocate shall be governed by s. 394.4598.
1288	
1289	The procedure required in this subsection must be followed
1290	before the expiration of each additional period the patient is
1291	involuntarily receiving services.
1292	(8) RETURN <u>TO FACILITY</u> OF PATIENTS If a patient
1293	<u>involuntarily held</u> When a patient at a treatment facility <u>under</u>
1294	this part leaves the facility without the administrator's
1295	authorization, the administrator may authorize a search for the
1296	patient and <u>his or her</u> the return of the patient to the
1297	facility. The administrator may request the assistance of a law
1298	enforcement agency in <u>this regard</u> the search for and return of
1299	the patient.
1300	Section 14. Section 394.46715, Florida Statutes, is amended
1301	to read:
1302	394.46715 Rulemaking authorityThe department may adopt
1303	rules to administer this part Department of Children and
1304	Families shall have rulemaking authority to implement the
1305	provisions of ss. 394.455, 394.4598, 394.4615, 394.463,
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1306 394.4655, and 394.467 as amended or created by this act. These 1307 rules shall be for the purpose of protecting the health, safety, and well-being of persons examined, treated, or placed under 1308 1309 this act. 1310 Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 394.4685, Florida 1311 Statutes, is amended to read: 1312 394.4685 Transfer of patients among facilities.-(2) TRANSFER FROM PUBLIC TO PRIVATE FACILITIES.-1313 1314 (a) A patient who has been admitted to a public receiving 1315 or public treatment facility and has requested, either 1316 personally or through his or her guardian or guardian advocate, 1317 and is able to pay for treatment in a private facility shall be 1318 transferred at the patient's expense to a private facility upon 1319 acceptance of the patient by the private facility. 1320 (b) A public receiving facility initiating a patient 1321 transfer to a licensed hospital for acute care mental health 1322 services not accessible through the public receiving facility 1323 shall notify the hospital of such transfer and send the hospital 1324 all records relating to the emergency psychiatric or medical 1325 condition. 1326 Section 16. Section 394.656, Florida Statutes, is amended 1327 to read: 394.656 Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance 1328 1329 Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program.-1330 (1) There is created within the Department of Children and 1331 Families the Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance 1332 Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program. The purpose of the program is 1333 to provide funding to counties with which they may use to can 1334 plan, implement, or expand initiatives that increase public

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1335 safety, avert increased spending on criminal justice, and 1336 improve the accessibility and effectiveness of treatment 1337 services for adults and juveniles who have a mental illness, 1338 substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring mental health and 1339 substance abuse disorders and who are in, or at risk of 1340 entering, the criminal or juvenile justice systems. 1341 (2) The department shall establish a Criminal Justice, 1342 Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Statewide Grant Review 1343 Committee. The committee shall include: 1344 (a) One representative of the Department of Children and 1345 Families; 1346 (b) One representative of the Department of Corrections; 1347 (c) One representative of the Department of Juvenile 1348 Justice; 1349 (d) One representative of the Department of Elderly 1350 Affairs; and 1351 (e) One representative of the Office of the State Courts 1352 Administrator;-1353 (f) One representative of the Department of Veterans' 1354 Affairs; 1355 (g) One representative of the Florida Sheriffs Association; 1356 (h) One representative of the Florida Police Chiefs 1357 Association; 1358 (i) One representative of the Florida Association of 1359 Counties; 1360 (j) One representative of the Florida Alcohol and Drug 1361 Abuse Association; (k) One representative of the Florida Association of 1362 1363 Managing Entities;

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1364 (1) One representative of the Florida Council for Community 1365 Mental Health; 1366 (m) One representative of the National Alliance of Mental 1367 Illness; 1368 (n) One representative of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys 1369 Association; 1370 (o) One representative of the Florida Public Defender 1371 Association; and 1372 (p) One administrator of an assisted living facility that 1373 holds a limited mental health license. 1374 (3) The committee shall serve as the advisory body to 1375 review policy and funding issues that help reduce the impact of 1376 persons with mental illness and substance abuse disorders on 1377 communities, criminal justice agencies, and the court system. 1378 The committee shall advise the department in selecting 1379 priorities for grants and investing awarded grant moneys. 1380 (4) The committee must have experience in substance use and mental health disorders, community corrections, and law 1381 1382 enforcement. To the extent possible, the members of the 1383 committee shall have expertise in grant review writing, grant 1384 reviewing, and grant application scoring. 1385 (5) (a) (3) (a) A county, or a not-for-profit community 1386 provider or managing entity designated by the county planning council or committee, as described in s. 394.657, may apply for 1387 a 1-year planning grant or a 3-year implementation or expansion 1388 1389 grant. The purpose of the grants is to demonstrate that 1390 investment in treatment efforts related to mental illness, substance abuse disorders, or co-occurring mental health and 1391 1392 substance abuse disorders results in a reduced demand on the

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1393 resources of the judicial, corrections, juvenile detention, and 1394 health and social services systems. 1395 (b) To be eligible to receive a 1-year planning grant or a 1396 3-year implementation or expansion grant: τ 1397 1. A county applicant must have a county planning council or committee that is in compliance with the membership 1398 1399 requirements set forth in this section. 1400 2. A not-for-profit community provider or managing entity 1401 must be designated by the county planning council or committee and have written authorization to submit an application. A not-1402 1403 for-profit community provider or managing entity must have 1404 written authorization for each submitted application. 1405 (c) The department may award a 3-year implementation or 1406 expansion grant to an applicant who has not received a 1-year 1407 planning grant. 1408 (d) The department may require an applicant to conduct 1409 sequential intercept mapping for a project. For purposes of this 1410 paragraph, the term "sequential intercept mapping" means a 1411 process for reviewing a local community's mental health, 1412 substance abuse, criminal justice, and related systems and 1413 identifying points of interceptions where interventions may be 1414 made to prevent an individual with a substance abuse disorder or mental illness from deeper involvement in the criminal justice 1415 1416 system. (6) (4) The grant review and selection committee shall 1417 select the grant recipients and notify the department of 1418 1419 Children and Families in writing of the recipients' names of the 1420 applicants who have been selected by the committee to receive a

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grant. Contingent upon the availability of funds and upon

1422	notification by the grant review and selection committee of
1423	those applicants approved to receive planning, implementation,
1424	or expansion grants, the department of Children and Families may
1425	transfer funds appropriated for the grant program <u>to a selected</u>
1426	grant recipient to any county awarded a grant.
1427	Section 17. Section 394.761, Florida Statutes, is created
1428	to read:
1429	394.761 Revenue maximization
1430	(1) The agency and the department shall develop a plan to
1431	obtain federal approval for increasing the availability of
1432	federal Medicaid funding for behavioral health care. Increased
1433	funding shall be used to advance the goal of improved
1434	integration of behavioral health services and primary care
1435	services for individuals eligible for Medicaid through the
1436	development and effective implementation of the behavioral
1437	health system of care as described in s. 394.4573.
1438	(2) The agency and the department shall identify in the
1439	plan the amount of general revenue funding appropriated for
1440	mental health and substance abuse services eligible to be used
1441	as state Medicaid match. The agency and the department shall
1442	evaluate alternative uses of increased Medicaid funding,
1443	including seeking Medicaid eligibility for the severely and
1444	persistently mentally ill or persons with substance use
1445	disorders, increased reimbursement rates for behavioral health
1446	services, adjustments to the capitation rate for Medicaid
1447	enrollees with chronic mental illness and substance use
1448	disorders, targeted case management for individuals with
1449	substance use disorders as a Medicaid-funded service,
1450	supplemental payments to mental health and substance abuse

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1451 service providers through a designated state health program or 1452 other mechanisms, and innovative programs to provide incentives 1453 for improved outcomes for behavioral health conditions. The 1454 agency and the department shall identify in the plan the 1455 advantages and disadvantages of each alternative and assess each 1456 alternative's potential for achieving improved integration of 1457 services. The agency and the department shall identify in the 1458 plan the types of federal approvals necessary to implement each 1459 alternative and project a timeline for implementation. (3) The department, in coordination with the agency and the 1460 1461 managing entities, shall compile detailed documentation of the 1462 cost and reimbursements for Medicaid covered services provided 1463 to Medicaid eligible individuals by providers of behavioral 1464 health services that are also funded for programs authorized by this chapter and chapter 397. The department's documentation, 1465 1466 along with a report of general revenue funds supporting behavioral health services that are not counted as maintenance 1467 1468 of effort or match for any other federal program, must be 1469 submitted to the agency by December 31, 2016. 1470 (4) If the report presents clear evidence that Medicaid 1471 reimbursements are less than the costs of providing the 1472 services, the agency and the department shall request such additional trust fund authority as is necessary to draw federal 1473 1474 Medicaid funds as a match for the documented general revenue expenditures supporting covered services delivered to eligible 1475 1476 individuals. Payment of the federal funds shall be made to 1477 providers in such a manner as is allowed by federal law and

1478 <u>regulations.</u>

1479

(5) The agency and the department shall submit the written

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1480	plan and report required in this section to the President of the
1481	Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by
1482	December 31, 2016.
1483	Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 394.879, Florida
1484	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that
1485	section, to read:
1486	394.879 Rules; enforcement
1487	(5) The agency or the department may not adopt any rule
1488	governing the design, construction, erection, alteration,
1489	modification, repair, or demolition of crisis stabilization
1490	units. It is the intent of the Legislature to preempt that
1491	function to the Florida Building commission and the State Fire
1492	Marshal through adoption and maintenance of the Florida Building
1493	Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code. However, <u>a crisis</u>
1494	stabilization unit, a short-term residential treatment facility,
1495	or an integrated adult mental health crisis stabilization and
1496	addictions receiving facility that is collocated with a
1497	centralized receiving facility may be in a multi-story building
1498	and may be authorized on floors other than the ground floor. The
1499	agency shall provide technical assistance to the commission and
1500	the State Fire Marshal in updating the construction standards of
1501	the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code
1502	which govern crisis stabilization units. In addition, the agency
1503	may enforce the special-occupancy provisions of the Florida
1504	Building code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code which apply
1505	to crisis stabilization units in conducting any inspection
1506	authorized under this part or part II of chapter 408.
1507	(6) The department and the Agency for Health Care
1508	Administration shall develop a plan to provide options for a

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1509	single, consolidated license for a provider that offers multiple
1510	types of either mental health services or substance abuse
1511	services, or both, regulated under chapters 394 and 397,
1512	respectively. In the plan, the department and the agency shall
1513	identify the statutory revisions necessary to accomplish the
1514	consolidation. To the extent possible, the department and the
1515	agency shall accomplish such consolidation administratively and
1516	by rule. The department and the agency shall submit the plan to
1517	the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
1518	the House of Representatives by November 1, 2016.
1519	Section 19. Section 394.9082, Florida Statutes, is amended
1520	to read:
1521	(Substantial rewording of section. See
1522	s. 394.9082, F.S., for present text.)
1523	394.9082 Behavioral health managing entities
1524	(1) INTENT AND PURPOSE.—
1525	(a) The Legislature finds that untreated behavioral health
1526	disorders constitute major health problems for residents of this
1527	state, are a major economic burden to the citizens of this
1528	state, and substantially increase demands on the state's
1529	juvenile and adult criminal justice systems, the child welfare
1530	system, and health care systems. The Legislature finds that
1531	behavioral health disorders respond to appropriate treatment,
1532	rehabilitation, and supportive intervention. The Legislature
1533	finds that local communities have also made substantial
1534	investments in behavioral health services, contracting with
1535	safety net providers who by mandate and mission provide
1536	specialized services to vulnerable and hard-to-serve populations
1537	and have strong ties to local public health and public safety
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1538	agencies. The Legislature finds that a regional management
1539	structure that facilitates a comprehensive and cohesive system
1540	of coordinated care for behavioral health treatment and
1541	prevention services will improve access to care, promote service
1542	continuity, and provide for more efficient and effective
1543	delivery of substance abuse and mental health services. It is
1544	the intent of the Legislature that managing entities work to
1545	create linkages among various services and systems, including
1546	juvenile justice and adult criminal justice, child welfare,
1547	housing services, homeless systems of care, and health care.
1548	(b) The purpose of the behavioral health managing entities
1549	is to plan, coordinate, and contract for the delivery of
1550	community mental health and substance abuse services, to improve
1551	access to care, to promote service continuity, to purchase
1552	services, and to support efficient and effective delivery of
1553	services.
1554	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
1555	(a) "Behavioral health services" means mental health
1556	services and substance abuse prevention and treatment services
1557	as described in this chapter and chapter 397.
1558	(b) "Coordinated system of care" means the array of mental
1559	health services and substance abuse services described in s.
1560	<u>394.4573.</u>
1561	(c) "Geographic area" means one or more contiguous
1562	counties, circuits, or regions as described in s. 409.966.
1563	(d) "Managed behavioral health organization" means a
1564	Medicaid managed care organization currently under contract with
1565	the statewide Medicaid managed medical assistance program in
1566	this state pursuant to part IV of chapter 409, including a

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1567	managed care organization operating as a behavioral health
1568	specialty plan.
1569	(e) "Managing entity" means a corporation selected by and
1570	under contract with the department to manage the daily
1571	operational delivery of behavioral health services through a
1572	coordinated system of care.
1573	(f) "Provider network" means the group of direct service
1574	providers, facilities, and organizations under contract with a
1575	managing entity to provide a comprehensive array of emergency,
1576	acute care, residential, outpatient, recovery support, and
1577	consumer support services, including prevention services.
1578	(g) "Subregion" means a distinct portion of a managing
1579	entity's geographic region defined by unifying service and
1580	provider utilization patterns.
1581	(3) DEPARTMENT DUTIESThe department shall:
1582	(a) Contract with organizations to serve as managing
1583	entities in accordance with the requirements of this section and
1584	conduct a readiness review of any new managing entities before
1585	such entities assume their responsibilities.
1586	(b) Specify data reporting requirements and use of shared
1587	data systems.
1588	(c) Define the priority populations that will benefit from
1589	receiving care coordination. In defining such populations, the
1590	department shall take into account the availability of resources
1591	and consider:
1592	1. The number and duration of involuntary admissions within
1593	a specified time.
1594	2. The degree of involvement with the criminal justice
1595	system and the risk to public safety posed by the individual.
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1596 3. Whether the individual has recently resided in or is 1597 currently awaiting admission to or discharge from a treatment 1598 facility as defined in s. 394.455. 1599 4. The degree of utilization of behavioral health services. 1600 5. Whether the individual is a parent or caregiver who is 1601 involved with the child welfare system. 1602 (d) Support the development and implementation of a 1603 coordinated system of care by requiring each provider that 1604 receives state funds for behavioral health services through a 1605 direct contract with the department to work with the managing 1606 entity in the provider's service area to coordinate the 1607 provision of behavioral health services as part of the contract with the department. 1608 1609 (e) Provide technical assistance to the managing entities. (f) Promote the coordination of behavioral health care and 1610 1611 primary care. 1612 (g) Facilitate coordination between the managing entity and 1613 other payors of behavioral health care. 1614 (h) Develop and provide a unique identifier for clients 1615 receiving behavioral health services through the managing entity 1616 to coordinate care. 1617 (i) Coordinate procedures for the referral and admission of patients to, and the discharge of patients from, treatment 1618 facilities as defined in s. 394.455 and their return to the 1619 1620 community. 1621 (j) Ensure that managing entities comply with state and 1622 federal laws, rules, regulations, and grant requirements. 1623 (k) Develop rules for the operations of, and the requirements that shall be met by, the managing entity, if 1624

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1625	necessary.
1626	(1) Periodically review contract and reporting requirements
1627	and reduce costly, duplicative, and unnecessary administrative
1628	requirements.
1629	(4) CONTRACT WITH MANAGING ENTITIES
1630	(a) In contracting for services with managing entities
1631	under this section, the department shall first attempt to
1632	contract with not-for-profit, community-based organizations with
1633	competence in managing provider networks serving persons with
1634	mental health and substance use disorders to serve as managing
1635	entities.
1636	(b) The department shall issue an invitation to negotiate
1637	under s. 287.057 to select an organization to serve as a
1638	managing entity. If the department receives fewer than two
1639	responsive bids to the solicitation, the department shall
1640	reissue the solicitation and managed behavioral health
1641	organizations shall be eligible to bid and be awarded a
1642	contract.
1643	(c) If the managing entity is a not-for-profit, community-
1644	based organization, it must have a governing board that is
1645	representative. At a minimum, the governing board must include
1646	consumers and their family members; representatives of local
1647	government, area law enforcement agencies, health care
1648	facilities, and community-based care lead agencies; business
1649	leaders; and providers of substance abuse and mental health
1650	services as defined in this chapter and chapter 397.
1651	(d) If the managing entity is a managed behavioral health
1652	organization, it must establish an advisory board that meets the
1653	same requirements specified in paragraph (c) for a governing

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1654	board.
1655	(e) If the department issues an invitation to negotiate
1656	pursuant to paragraph (b), the department shall consider, at a
1657	minimum, the following factors:
1658	1. Experience serving persons with mental health and
1659	substance use disorders.
1660	2. Established community partnerships with behavioral
1661	health care providers.
1662	3. Demonstrated organizational capabilities for network
1663	management functions.
1664	4. Capability to coordinate behavioral health services with
1665	primary care services.
1666	5. Willingness to provide recovery-oriented services and
1667	systems of care and work collaboratively with persons with
1668	mental health and substance use disorders and their families in
1669	designing such systems and delivering such services.
1670	(f) The department's contracts with managing entities must
1671	support efficient and effective administration of the behavioral
1672	health system and ensure accountability for performance.
1673	(g) A contractor serving as a managing entity shall operate
1674	under the same data reporting, administrative, and
1675	administrative rate requirements, regardless of whether it is a
1676	for-profit or not-for-profit entity.
1677	(h) The contract must designate the geographic area that
1678	will be served by the managing entity, which area must be of
1679	sufficient size in population, funding, and services to allow
1680	for flexibility and efficiency.
1681	(i) The contract must require that, when there is a change
1682	in the managing entity in a geographic area, the managing entity

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1683 work with the department to develop and implement a transition 1684 plan that ensures continuity of care for patients receiving 1685 behavioral health services. 1686 (j) By June 30, 2019, if all other contract requirements 1687 and performance standards are met and the department determines 1688 that a managing entity under contract as of July 1, 2016, has 1689 received network accreditation pursuant to subsection (6), the 1690 department may continue its contract with the managing entity 1691 for up to, but not exceeding, 5 years, including any and all renewals and extensions. Thereafter, the department must issue a 1692 1693 competitive solicitation pursuant to paragraph (b). 1694 (5) MANAGING ENTITY DUTIES.-A managing entity shall: 1695 (a) Maintain a governing board or, if a managed behavioral 1696 health organization, an advisory board as provided in paragraph 1697 (4)(c) or paragraph (4)(d), respectively. 1698 (b) Conduct a community behavioral health care needs 1699 assessment every 3 years in the geographic area served by the 1700 managing entity which identifies needs by subregion. The process 1701 for conducting the needs assessment shall include an opportunity 1702 for public participation. The assessment shall include, at a 1703 minimum, the information the department needs for its annual 1704 report to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to s. 394.4573. 1705 The managing entity shall provide the needs assessment to the 1706 department. (c) Determine the optimal array of services to meet the 1707 1708 needs identified in the community behavioral health care needs 1709 assessment and expand the scope of services as resources become 1710 available. (d) Promote the development and effective implementation of 1711

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1712a coordinated system of care pursuant to s. 394.4573.1713(e) Provide assistance to counties to develop a designated1714receiving system pursuant to s. 394.4573 and a transportation1715plan pursuant to s. 394.462.1716(f) Develop strategies to divert persons with mental1717illness or substance use disorders from the criminal and1718juvenile justice systems in collaboration with the court system1719and the Department of Juvenile Justice and to integrate1720behavioral health services with the child welfare system.1721(g) Promote and support care coordination activities that1722will improve outcomes among individuals identified as priority1723populations pursuant to paragraph (3) (c).1724(h) Work independently and collaboratively with1725stakeholders to improve access to and effectiveness, quality,1726and outcomes of behavioral health services. This work may1727(i) Develop a comprehensive provider network of qualified1730providers to deliver behavioral health services. The managing1731entity is not required to competitively procure network1732providers but shall publicize opportunities to join the provide1733network and evaluate providers in the network to determine if1734they may remain in the network. The managing entity shall	
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1734 they may remain in the network. The managing entity shall	
1735 publish these processes on its website. The managing entity	
1736 shall ensure continuity of care for clients if a provider cease	2S
1737 to provide a service or leaves the network.	
(j) As appropriate, develop resources by pursuing third-	
1739 party payments for services, applying for grants, assisting	
1740 providers in securing local matching funds and in-kind services	3 <u>,</u>

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1741 and employing any other method needed to ensure that services 1742 are available and accessible. 1743 (k) Enter into cooperative agreements with local homeless 1744 councils and organizations for sharing information about 1745 clients, available resources, and other data or information for 1746 addressing the homelessness of persons suffering from a 1747 behavioral health crisis. All information sharing must comply 1748 with federal and state privacy and confidentiality laws, 1749 statutes, and regulations. 1750 (1) Work collaboratively with public receiving facilities 1751 and licensed housing providers to establish a network of 1752 licensed housing resources for mental health consumers that will 1753 prevent and reduce readmissions to public receiving facilities. 1754 (m) Monitor network providers' performance and their 1755 compliance with contract requirements and federal and state 1756 laws, rules, regulations, and grant requirements. 1757 (n) Manage and allocate funds for services to meet federal 1758 and state laws, rules, and regulations. 1759 (o) Promote coordination of behavioral health care with 1760 primary care. 1761 (p) Implement shared data systems necessary for the 1762 delivery of coordinated care and integrated services, the 1763 assessment of managing entity performance and provider 1764 performance, and the reporting of outcomes and costs of 1765 services. 1766 (q) Operate in a transparent manner, providing public 1767 access to information, notice of meetings, and opportunities for 1768 public participation in managing entity decisionmaking. 1769 (r) Establish and maintain effective relationships with

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1770 community stakeholders, including individuals served by the behavioral health system of care and their families, local 1771 1772 governments, and other community organizations that meet the 1773 needs of individuals with mental illness or substance use 1774 disorders. 1775 (s) Collaborate with and encourage increased coordination 1776 between the provider network and other systems, programs, and 1777 entities, such as the child welfare system, law enforcement 1778 agencies, the criminal and juvenile justice systems, the 1779 Medicaid program, offices of the public defender, and offices of 1780 criminal conflict and civil regional counsel. 1781 1. Collaboration with the criminal and juvenile justice systems shall seek, at a minimum, to divert persons with mental 1782 1783 illness, substance use disorders, or co-occurring conditions 1784 from these systems. 1785 2. Collaboration with the court system shall seek, at a 1786 minimum, to develop specific written procedures and agreements 1787 to maximize the use of involuntary outpatient services, reduce 1788 involuntary inpatient treatment, and increase diversion from the 1789 criminal and juvenile justice systems. 1790 3. Collaboration with the child welfare system shall seek, at a minimum, to provide effective and timely services to 1791 1792 parents and caregivers involved in the child welfare system. 1793 (6) NETWORK ACCREDITATION AND SYSTEMS COORDINATION 1794 AGREEMENTS.-1795 (a)1. The department shall identify acceptable 1796 accreditations which address coordination within a network and, 1797 if possible, between the network and major systems and programs 1798 with which the network interacts, such as the child welfare

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1799	system, the courts system, and the Medicaid program. In
1800	identifying acceptable accreditations, the department shall
1801	consider whether the accreditation facilitates integrated
1802	strategic planning, resource coordination, technology
1803	integration, performance measurement, and increased value to
1804	consumers through choice of and access to services, improved
1805	coordination of services, and effectiveness and efficiency of
1806	service delivery.
1807	2. All managing entities under contract with the state by
1808	July 1, 2016, shall earn accreditation deemed acceptable by the
1809	department pursuant to subparagraph 1. by June 30, 2019.
1810	Managing entities whose initial contract with the state is
1811	executed after July 1, 2016, shall earn network accreditation
1812	within 3 years after the contract execution date. Pursuant to
1813	paragraph (4)(j), the department may continue the contract of a
1814	managing entity under contract as of July 1, 2016, that earns
1815	the network accreditation within the required timeframe and
1816	maintains it throughout the contract term.
1817	(b) If no accreditations are available or deemed acceptable
1818	pursuant to paragraph (a) which address coordination between the
1819	provider network and major systems and programs with which the
1820	provider network interacts, each managing entity shall enter
1821	into memoranda of understanding which details mechanisms for
1822	communication and coordination. The managing entity shall enter
1823	into such memoranda with any community-based care lead agencies,
1824	circuit courts, county courts, sheriffs' offices, offices of the
1825	public defender, offices of criminal conflict and civil regional
1826	counsel, Medicaid managed medical assistance plans, and homeless
1827	coalitions in its service area. Each managing entity under

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1828	contract on July 1, 2016, shall enter into such memoranda by
1829	June 30, 2017, and each managing entity under contract after
1830	July 1, 2016, shall enter into such memoranda within 1 year
1831	after its contract execution date.
1832	(7) PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITYManaging
1833	entities shall collect and submit data to the department
1834	regarding persons served, outcomes of persons served, costs of
1835	services provided through the department's contract, and other
1836	data as required by the department. The department shall
1837	evaluate managing entity performance and the overall progress
1838	made by the managing entity, together with other systems, in
1839	meeting the community's behavioral health needs, based on
1840	consumer-centered outcome measures that reflect national
1841	standards, if possible, that can be accurately measured. The
1842	department shall work with managing entities to establish
1843	performance standards, including, but not limited to:
1844	(a) The extent to which individuals in the community
1845	receive services, including, but not limited to, parents or
1846	caregivers involved in the child welfare system who need
1847	behavioral health services.
1848	(b) The improvement in the overall behavioral health of a
1849	community.
1850	(c) The improvement in functioning or progress in the
1851	recovery of individuals served by the managing entity, as
1852	determined using person-centered measures tailored to the
1853	population.
1854	(d) The success of strategies to:
1855	1. Divert admissions from acute levels of care, jails,
1856	prisons, and forensic facilities as measured by, at a minimum,

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1857 the total number and percentage of clients who, during a 1858 specified period, experience multiple admissions to acute levels 1859 of care, jails, prisons, or forensic facilities; 1860 2. Integrate behavioral health services with the child 1861 welfare system; and 1862 3. Address the housing needs of individuals being released 1863 from public receiving facilities who are homeless. 1864 (e) Consumer and family satisfaction. 1865 (f) The level of engagement of key community 1866 constituencies, such as law enforcement agencies, community-1867 based care lead agencies, juvenile justice agencies, the courts, school districts, local government entities, hospitals, and 1868 other organizations, as appropriate, for the geographical 1869 1870 service area of the managing entity. 1871 (8) ENHANCEMENT PLANS.-By September 1 of each year, 1872 beginning in 2017, each managing entity shall develop and submit 1873 to the department a description of strategies for enhancing 1874 services and addressing three to five priority needs in the 1875 service area. The planning process sponsored by the managing 1876 entity shall include consumers and their families, community-1877 based care lead agencies, local governments, law enforcement 1878 agencies, service providers, community partners and other 1879 stakeholders. Each strategy must be described in detail and 1880 accompanied by an implementation plan that specifies action steps, identifies responsible parties, and delineates specific 1881 1882 services that would be purchased, projected costs, the projected 1883 number of individuals that would be served, and the estimated benefits of the services. All or parts of these enhancement 1884 1885 plans may be included in the department's annual budget requests

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1886 submitted to the Legislature. 1887 (9) FUNDING FOR MANAGING ENTITIES.-1888 (a) A contract established between the department and a 1889 managing entity under this section shall be funded by general 1890 revenue, other applicable state funds, or applicable federal 1891 funding sources. A managing entity may carry forward documented 1892 unexpended state funds from one fiscal year to the next, but the 1893 cumulative amount carried forward may not exceed 8 percent of 1894 the annual amount of the contract. Any unexpended state funds in 1895 excess of that percentage shall be returned to the department. 1896 The funds carried forward may not be used in a way that would 1897 increase future recurring obligations or for any program or 1898 service that was not authorized under the existing contract with 1899 the department. Expenditures of funds carried forward shall be 1900 separately reported to the department. Any unexpended funds that 1901 remain at the end of the contract period shall be returned to 1902 the department. Funds carried forward may be retained through 1903 contract renewals and new contract procurements as long as the 1904 same managing entity is retained by the department. 1905 (b) The method of payment for a fixed-price contract with a 1906 managing entity shall provide for a 2-month advance payment at 1907 the beginning of each fiscal year and equal monthly payments 1908 thereafter. 1909 (10) ACUTE CARE SERVICES UTILIZATION DATABASE.-The 1910 department shall develop, implement, and maintain standards 1911 under which a managing entity shall collect utilization data 1912 from all public receiving facilities situated within its 1913 geographical service area and all detoxification and addictions

1914 receiving facilities under contract with the managing entity. As

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1915 used in this subsection, the term "public receiving facility" 1916 means an entity that meets the licensure requirements of, and is 1917 designated by, the department to operate as a public receiving facility under s. 394.875 and that is operating as a licensed 1918 1919 crisis stabilization unit. 1920 (a) The department shall develop standards and protocols to 1921 be used for data collection, storage, transmittal, and analysis. The standards and protocols shall allow for compatibility of 1922 1923 data and data transmittal between public receiving facilities, 1924 detoxification facilities, addictions receiving facilities, 1925 managing entities, and the department for the implementation, 1926 and to meet the requirements, of this subsection. 1927 (b) A managing entity shall require providers specified in paragraph (a) to submit data, in real time or at least daily, to 1928 1929 the managing entity for: 1930 1. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving public receiving facility services who qualify as indigent, as 1931 defined in s. 394.4787. 1932 1933 2. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving 1934 substance abuse services in an addictions receiving facility or 1935 detoxification facility pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 1936 397 who qualify as indigent. 1937 3. The current active census of total licensed and utilized 1938 beds, the number of beds purchased by the department, the number 1939 of clients qualifying as indigent who occupy any of those beds, 1940 the total number of unoccupied licensed beds, regardless of 1941 funding, and the number in excess of licensed capacity. Crisis units licensed for both adult and child use will report as a 1942 1943 single unit.

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1944	(c) A managing entity shall require providers specified in
1945	paragraph (a) to submit data, on a monthly basis, to the
1946	managing entity which aggregates the daily data submitted under
1947	paragraph (b). The managing entity shall reconcile the data in
1948	the monthly submission to the data received by the managing
1949	entity under paragraph (b) to check for consistency. If the
1950	monthly aggregate data submitted by a provider under this
1951	paragraph are inconsistent with the daily data submitted under
1952	paragraph (b), the managing entity shall consult with the
1953	provider to make corrections necessary to ensure accurate data.
1954	(d) A managing entity shall require providers specified in
1955	paragraph (a) within its provider network to submit data, on an
1956	annual basis, to the managing entity which aggregates the data
1957	submitted and reconciled under paragraph (c). The managing
1958	entity shall reconcile the data in the annual submission to the
1959	data received and reconciled by the managing entity under
1960	paragraph (c) to check for consistency. If the annual aggregate
1961	data submitted by a provider under this paragraph are
1962	inconsistent with the data received and reconciled under
1963	paragraph (c), the managing entity shall consult with the
1964	provider to make corrections necessary to ensure accurate data.
1965	(e) After ensuring the accuracy of data pursuant to
1966	paragraphs (c) and (d), the managing entity shall submit the
1967	data to the department on a monthly and an annual basis. The
1968	department shall create a statewide database for the data
1969	described under paragraph (b) and submitted under this paragraph
1970	for the purpose of analyzing the use of publicly funded crisis
1971	stabilization services and detoxification and addictions
1972	receiving services provided on a statewide and an individual
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201612e3 1973 provider basis. 1974 Section 20. Subsections (4) through (9) of section 397.305, 1975 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) though (11), 1976 respectively, and new subsections (4) and (5) are added to that 1977 section, to read: 1978 397.305 Legislative findings, intent, and purpose.-1979 (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that licensed, 1980 qualified health professionals be authorized to practice to the 1981 full extent of their education and training in the performance 1982 of professional functions necessary to carry out the intent of 1983 this chapter. 1984 (5) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish 1985 expectations that services provided to persons in this state use 1986 the coordination-of-care principles characteristic of recovery-1987 oriented services and include social support services, such as 1988 housing support, life skills and vocational training, and 1989 employment assistance necessary for persons who have substance 1990 use disorders or co-occurring substance use and mental health 1991 disorders to live successfully in their communities. 1992 Section 21. Present subsection (19) of section 391.311, 1993 Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (20), present 1994 subsections (20) through (45) of that section are redesignated 1995 as subsections (23) through (48), respectively, new subsections 1996 (19), (21), and (22) are added to that section, and present 1997 subsections (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 1998 397.311 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, except part 1999 VIII, the term: 2000 (19) "Incompetent to consent to treatment" means a state in 2001 which a person's judgment is so affected by a substance abuse

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2002	impairment that he or she lacks the capacity to make a well-
2003	reasoned, willful, and knowing decision concerning his or her
2004	medical health, mental health, or substance abuse treatment.
2005	(21) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given in
2006	writing by a competent person after sufficient explanation and
2007	disclosure of the subject matter involved to enable the person
2008	to make a knowing and willful decision without any element of
2009	force, fraud, deceit, duress, or other form of constraint or
2010	coercion.
2011	(22) "Involuntary services" means an array of behavioral
2012	health services that may be ordered by the court for persons
2013	with substance abuse impairment or co-occurring substance abuse
2014	impairment and mental health disorders.
2015	(33) (30) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a
2016	physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a
2017	professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an
2018	advanced registered nurse practitioner having a specialty in
2019	psychiatry licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a person who
2020	is certified through a department-recognized certification
2021	process for substance abuse treatment services and who holds, at
2022	a minimum, a bachelor's degree. A person who is certified in
2023	substance abuse treatment services by a state-recognized
2024	certification process in another state at the time of employment
2025	with a licensed substance abuse provider in this state may
2026	perform the functions of a qualified professional as defined in
2027	this chapter but must meet certification requirements contained
2028	in this subsection no later than 1 year after his or her date of
2029	employment.
2030	(41) (38) "Service component" or "component" means a

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2031 discrete operational entity within a service provider which is
2032 subject to licensing as defined by rule. Service components
2033 include prevention, intervention, and clinical treatment
2034 described in subsection (25) (22).

2035 Section 22. Subsections (16) through (20) of section 2036 397.321, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (15) 2037 through (19), respectively, present subsection (15) is amended, 2038 and a new subsection (20) is added to that section, to read:

> 397.321 Duties of the department.—The department shall: (15) Appoint a substance abuse impairment coordinator to

2041 represent the department in efforts initiated by the statewide
2042 substance abuse impairment prevention and treatment coordinator
2043 established in s. 397.801 and to assist the statewide
2044 coordinator in fulfilling the responsibilities of that position.

2045 (20) Develop and prominently display on its website all 2046 forms necessary for the implementation and administration of 2047 parts IV and V of this chapter. These forms shall include, but 2048 are not limited to, a petition for involuntary admission form 2049 and all related pleading forms, and a form to be used by law 2050 enforcement agencies pursuant to s. 397.6772. The department 2051 shall notify law enforcement agencies, the courts, and other 2052 state agencies of the existence and availability of such forms.

2053 Section 23. Section 397.675, Florida Statutes, is amended 2054 to read:

2055 397.675 Criteria for involuntary admissions, including 2056 protective custody, emergency admission, and other involuntary 2057 assessment, involuntary treatment, and alternative involuntary 2058 assessment for minors, for purposes of assessment and 2059 stabilization, and for involuntary treatment.—A person meets the

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2060 criteria for involuntary admission if there is good faith reason 2061 to believe that the person is substance abuse impaired or has a 2062 co-occurring mental health disorder and, because of such 2063 impairment or disorder: 2064 (1) Has lost the power of self-control with respect to 2065 substance abuse use; and either 2066 (2) (a) Has inflicted, or threatened or attempted to 2067 inflict, or unless admitted is likely to inflict, physical harm 2068 on himself or herself or another; or 2069 (b) Is in need of substance abuse services and, by reason 2070 of substance abuse impairment, his or her judgment has been so 2071 impaired that he or she the person is incapable of appreciating 2072 his or her need for such services and of making a rational decision in that regard, although thereto; however, mere refusal 2073 2074 to receive such services does not constitute evidence of lack of 2075 judgment with respect to his or her need for such services; or (b) Without care or treatment, is likely to suffer from 2076 2077 neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; that such 2078 neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2079 substantial harm to his or her well-being; and that it is not 2080 apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of 2081 willing family members or friends or the provision of other 2082 services, or there is substantial likelihood that the person has 2083 inflicted, or threatened to or attempted to inflict, or, unless 2084 admitted, is likely to inflict, physical harm on himself, 2085 herself, or another. 2086 Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 397.6772, Florida 2087 Statutes, is amended to read: 2088 397.6772 Protective custody without consent.-

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2089 (1) If a person in circumstances which justify protective 2090 custody as described in s. 397.677 fails or refuses to consent 2091 to assistance and a law enforcement officer has determined that 2092 a hospital or a licensed detoxification or addictions receiving 2093 facility is the most appropriate place for the person, the 2094 officer may, after giving due consideration to the expressed 2095 wishes of the person: 2096 (a) Take the person to a hospital or to a licensed 2097 detoxification or addictions receiving facility against the 2098 person's will but without using unreasonable force. The officer 2099 shall use the standard form developed by the department pursuant 2100 to s. 397.321 to execute a written report detailing the 2101 circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The 2102 written report shall be included in the patient's clinical 2103 record; or 2104 (b) In the case of an adult, detain the person for his or 2105 her own protection in any municipal or county jail or other 2106 appropriate detention facility. 2107 2108 Such detention is not to be considered an arrest for any 2109 purpose, and no entry or other record may be made to indicate 2110 that the person has been detained or charged with any crime. The 2111 officer in charge of the detention facility must notify the 2112 nearest appropriate licensed service provider within the first 8 2113 hours after detention that the person has been detained. It is the duty of the detention facility to arrange, as necessary, for 2114 2115 transportation of the person to an appropriate licensed service 2116 provider with an available bed. Persons taken into protective 2117 custody must be assessed by the attending physician within the

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2118 72-hour period and without unnecessary delay, to determine the 2119 need for further services. Section 25. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 2120 397.6773, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2121 2122 397.6773 Dispositional alternatives after protective 2123 custody.-2124 (1) An individual who is in protective custody must be 2125 released by a qualified professional when: (a) The individual no longer meets the involuntary 2126 2127 admission criteria in s. 397.675 397.675(1); 2128 Section 26. Section 397.679, Florida Statutes, is amended 2129 to read: 2130 397.679 Emergency admission; circumstances justifying.-A 2131 person who meets the criteria for involuntary admission in s. 2132 397.675 may be admitted to a hospital or to a licensed 2133 detoxification facility or addictions receiving facility for 2134 emergency assessment and stabilization, or to a less intensive 2135 component of a licensed service provider for assessment only, 2136 upon receipt by the facility of a the physician's certificate by 2137 a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, a 2138 psychiatric nurse, a clinical psychologist, a clinical social 2139 worker, a marriage and family therapist, a mental health 2140 counselor, a physician assistant working under the scope of 2141 practice of the supervising physician, or a master's-levelcertified addictions professional for substance abuse services, 2142 2143 if the certificate is specific to substance abuse impairment, 2144 and the completion of an application for emergency admission. Section 27. Section 397.6791, Florida Statutes, is amended 2145 to read: 2146

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2147 397.6791 Emergency admission; persons who may initiate.-The 2148 following persons may request a certificate for an emergency assessment or admission: 2149 2150 (1) In the case of an adult, any professional who may issue 2151 a professional certificate pursuant to s. 397.6793 the 2152 certifying physician, the person's spouse or legal guardian, any 2153 relative of the person, or any other responsible adult who has 2154 personal knowledge of the person's substance abuse impairment. (2) In the case of a minor, the minor's parent, legal 2155 2156 guardian, or legal custodian. 2157 Section 28. Section 397.6793, Florida Statutes, is amended 2158 to read: 397.6793 Professional's Physician's certificate for 2159 2160 emergency admission.-2161 (1) A physician, a clinical psychologist, a physician 2162 assistant working under the scope of practice of the supervising 2163 physician, a psychiatric nurse, an advanced registered nurse 2164 practitioner, a mental health counselor, a marriage and family 2165 therapist, a master's-level-certified addictions professional 2166 for substance abuse services, or a clinical social worker may 2167 execute a professional's certificate for emergency admission. 2168 The professional's physician's certificate must include the name 2169 of the person to be admitted, the relationship between the 2170 person and the professional executing the certificate physician, 2171 the relationship between the applicant and the professional 2172 physician, any relationship between the professional physician and the licensed service provider, and a statement that the 2173 2174 person has been examined and assessed within the preceding 5 2175 days after of the application date, and must include factual

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2176 allegations with respect to the need for emergency admission, 2177 including:

(a) The reason for the physician's belief that the personis substance abuse impaired; and

(b) The reason for the physician's belief that because of such impairment the person has lost the power of self-control with respect to substance abuse; and either

2183 (c)1. The reason for the belief physician believes that, without care or treatment, the person is likely to suffer from 2184 2185 neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; that such 2186 neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2187 substantial harm to his or her well-being; and that it is not 2188 apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of 2189 willing family members or friends or the provision of other 2190 services, or there is substantial likelihood that the person has 2191 inflicted or, unless admitted, is likely to inflict, physical 2192 harm on himself, or herself, or another others unless admitted; 2193 or

2194 2. The reason <u>for</u> the <u>belief</u> physician believes that the 2195 person's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on 2196 judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the 2197 person is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care and 2198 of making a rational decision regarding his or her need for 2199 care.

(2) The professional's physician's certificate must
recommend the least restrictive type of service that is
appropriate for the person. The certificate must be signed by
the professional physician. If other less restrictive means are
not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient

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2205	evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person
2206	named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to
2207	the appropriate facility for involuntary assessment and
2208	stabilization.
2209	(3) A signed copy of the professional's physician's
2210	certificate shall accompany the person $_{m{ au}}$ and shall be made a part
2211	of the person's clinical record, together with a signed copy of
2212	the application. The application and <u>the professional's</u>
2213	physician's certificate authorize the involuntary admission of
2214	the person pursuant to, and subject to the provisions of, ss.
2215	397.679-397.6797.
2216	(4) The professional's certificate is valid for 7 days
2217	after issuance.
2218	(5) The professional's physician's certificate must
2219	indicate whether the person requires transportation assistance
2220	for delivery for emergency admission and specify, pursuant to s.
2221	397.6795, the type of transportation assistance necessary.
2222	Section 29. Section 397.6795, Florida Statutes, is amended
2223	to read:
2224	397.6795 Transportation-assisted delivery of persons for
2225	emergency assessment.—An applicant for a person's emergency
2226	admission, or the person's spouse or guardian, <u>or</u> a law
2227	enforcement officer , or a health officer may deliver a person
2228	named in the professional's physician's certificate for
2229	emergency admission to a hospital or a licensed detoxification
2230	facility or addictions receiving facility for emergency
2231	assessment and stabilization.
2232	Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 397.681, Florida

2233 Statutes, is amended to read:

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397.681 Involuntary petitions; general provisions; court 2235 jurisdiction and right to counsel.-

2236 (1) JURISDICTION.-The courts have jurisdiction of 2237 involuntary assessment and stabilization petitions and 2238 involuntary treatment petitions for substance abuse impaired 2239 persons, and such petitions must be filed with the clerk of the 2240 court in the county where the person is located. The clerk of 2241 the court may not charge a fee for the filing of a petition 2242 under this section. The chief judge may appoint a general or 2243 special magistrate to preside over all or part of the 2244 proceedings. The alleged impaired person is named as the 2245 respondent.

2246 Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 397.6811, Florida 2247 Statutes, is amended to read:

2248 397.6811 Involuntary assessment and stabilization.-A person 2249 determined by the court to appear to meet the criteria for 2250 involuntary admission under s. 397.675 may be admitted for a 2251 period of 5 days to a hospital or to a licensed detoxification 2252 facility or addictions receiving facility, for involuntary 2253 assessment and stabilization or to a less restrictive component 2254 of a licensed service provider for assessment only upon entry of 2255 a court order or upon receipt by the licensed service provider 2256 of a petition. Involuntary assessment and stabilization may be 2257 initiated by the submission of a petition to the court.

2258 (1) If the person upon whose behalf the petition is being 2259 filed is an adult, a petition for involuntary assessment and 2260 stabilization may be filed by the respondent's spouse or legal guardian, any relative, a private practitioner, the director of 2261 2262 a licensed service provider or the director's designee, or an

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2263 adult any three adults who has direct have personal knowledge of 2264 the respondent's substance abuse impairment. 2265 Section 32. Section 397.6814, Florida Statutes, is amended 2266 to read: 2267 397.6814 Involuntary assessment and stabilization; contents 2268 of petition.-A petition for involuntary assessment and 2269 stabilization must contain the name of the respondent, + the name 2270 of the applicant or applicants, + the relationship between the 2271 respondent and the applicant, and; the name of the respondent's 2272 attorney, if known, and a statement of the respondent's ability 2273 to afford an attorney; and must state facts to support the need 2274 for involuntary assessment and stabilization, including: 2275 (1) The reason for the petitioner's belief that the 2276 respondent is substance abuse impaired; and 2277 (2) The reason for the petitioner's belief that because of such impairment the respondent has lost the power of self-2278 2279 control with respect to substance abuse; and either 2280 (3) (a) The reason the petitioner believes that the 2281 respondent has inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm 2282 on himself or herself or others unless admitted; or 2283 (b) The reason the petitioner believes that the 2284 respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on 2285 judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the 2286 respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care 2287 and of making a rational decision regarding that need for care. 2288 If the respondent has refused to submit to an assessment, such 2289 refusal must be alleged in the petition. 2290

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A fee may not be charged for the filing of a petition pursuant

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2292 to this section.

2293 Section 33. Subsection (4) is added to section 397.6818, 2294 Florida Statutes, to read:

2295 397.6818 Court determination.-At the hearing initiated in 2296 accordance with s. 397.6811(1), the court shall hear all 2297 relevant testimony. The respondent must be present unless the 2298 court has reason to believe that his or her presence is likely 2299 to be injurious to him or her, in which event the court shall 2300 appoint a guardian advocate to represent the respondent. The 2301 respondent has the right to examination by a court-appointed 2302 qualified professional. After hearing all the evidence, the 2303 court shall determine whether there is a reasonable basis to 2304 believe the respondent meets the involuntary admission criteria 2305 of s. 397.675.

2306 (4) The order is valid only for the period specified in the 2307 order or, if a period is not specified, for 7 days after the 2308 order is signed.

2309 Section 34. Section 397.6819, Florida Statutes, is amended 2310 to read:

2311 397.6819 Involuntary assessment and stabilization; 2312 responsibility of licensed service provider.-A licensed service 2313 provider may admit an individual for involuntary assessment and 2314 stabilization for a period not to exceed 5 days unless a 2315 petition for involuntary services has been initiated and the 2316 individual is being retained pursuant to s. 397.6822(3) or a 2317 request for an extension of time has been filed with the court 2318 pursuant to s. 397.6821. The assessment of the individual must 2319 occur within 72 hours be assessed without unnecessary delay by a 2320 qualified professional. If an assessment is performed by a

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qualified professional who is not a physician, the assessment must be reviewed by a physician before the end of the assessment period.

2324 Section 35. Section 397.695, Florida Statutes, is amended 2325 to read:

2326 397.695 Involuntary <u>services</u> treatment; persons who may 2327 petition.-

(1) If the respondent is an adult, a petition for involuntary <u>services</u> treatment may be filed by the respondent's spouse or <u>legal</u> guardian, any relative, a service provider, or <u>an adult</u> any three adults who <u>has direct</u> have personal knowledge of the respondent's substance abuse impairment and his or her prior course of assessment and treatment.

(2) If the respondent is a minor, a petition for
involuntary treatment may be filed by a parent, legal guardian,
or service provider.

2337 Section 36. Section 397.6951, Florida Statutes, is amended 2338 to read:

2339 397.6951 Contents of petition for involuntary services 2340 treatment.-A petition for involuntary services treatment must 2341 contain the name of the respondent to be admitted; the name of 2342 the petitioner or petitioners; the relationship between the 2343 respondent and the petitioner; the name of the respondent's 2344 attorney, if known, and a statement of the petitioner's 2345 knowledge of the respondent's ability to afford an attorney; the 2346 findings and recommendations of the assessment performed by the 2347 qualified professional; and the factual allegations presented by 2348 the petitioner establishing the need for involuntary outpatient 2349 services. The factual allegations must demonstrate treatment,

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2350	including:
2351	(1) The reason for the petitioner's belief that the
2352	respondent is substance abuse impaired; and
2353	(2) The reason for the petitioner's belief that because of
2354	such impairment the respondent has lost the power of self-
2355	control with respect to substance abuse; and either
2356	(3)(a) The reason the petitioner believes that the
2357	respondent has inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm
2358	on himself or herself or others unless the court orders the
2359	involuntary services admitted; or
2360	(b) The reason the petitioner believes that the
2361	respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on
2362	judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the
2363	respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care
2364	and of making a rational decision regarding that need for care.
2365	Section 37. Section 397.6955, Florida Statutes, is amended
2366	to read:
2367	397.6955 Duties of court upon filing of petition for
2368	involuntary <u>services</u> treatment
2369	<u>(1)</u> Upon the filing of a petition for the involuntary
2370	<u>services for treatment of</u> a substance abuse impaired person with
2371	the clerk of the court, the court shall immediately determine
2372	whether the respondent is represented by an attorney or whether
2373	the appointment of counsel for the respondent is appropriate. If
2374	the court appoints counsel for the person, the clerk of the
2375	court shall immediately notify the office of criminal conflict
2376	and civil regional counsel, created pursuant to s. 27.511, of
2377	the appointment. The office of criminal conflict and civil
2378	regional counsel shall represent the person until the petition

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2379 is dismissed, the court order expires, or the person is 2380 discharged from involuntary services. An attorney that 2381 represents the person named in the petition shall have access to 2382 the person, witnesses, and records relevant to the presentation 2383 of the person's case and shall represent the interests of the 2384 person, regardless of the source of payment to the attorney. 2385 (2) The court shall schedule a hearing to be held on the 2386 petition within 5 10 days unless a continuance is granted. The 2387 court may appoint a magistrate to preside at the hearing. 2388 (3) A copy of the petition and notice of the hearing must 2389 be provided to the respondent; the respondent's parent, 2390 quardian, or legal custodian, in the case of a minor; the 2391 respondent's attorney, if known; the petitioner; the 2392 respondent's spouse or guardian, if applicable; and such other persons as the court may direct. If the respondent is a minor, a 2393 2394 copy of the petition and notice of the hearing must be and have 2395 such petition and order personally delivered to the respondent if he or she is a minor. The court shall also issue a summons to 2396 2397 the person whose admission is sought. 2398 Section 38. Section 397.6957, Florida Statutes, is amended 2399 to read: 2400 397.6957 Hearing on petition for involuntary services 2401 treatment.-2402 (1) At a hearing on a petition for involuntary services 2403 treatment, the court shall hear and review all relevant 2404 evidence, including the review of results of the assessment 2405 completed by the qualified professional in connection with the 2406 respondent's protective custody, emergency admission, 2407 involuntary assessment, or alternative involuntary admission.

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2408 The respondent must be present unless the court finds that his 2409 or her presence is likely to be injurious to himself or herself 2410 or others, in which event the court must appoint a guardian 2411 advocate to act in behalf of the respondent throughout the 2412 proceedings. 2413 (2) The petitioner has the burden of proving by clear and 2414 convincing evidence that: 2415 (a) The respondent is substance abuse impaired and has a 2416 history of lack of compliance with treatment for substance 2417 abuse; $_{\tau}$ and 2418 (b) Because of such impairment the respondent is unlikely 2419 to voluntarily participate in the recommended services or is 2420 unable to determine for himself or herself whether services are 2421 necessary the respondent has lost the power of self-control with 2422 respect to substance abuse; and: either 2423 1. Without services, the respondent is likely to suffer 2424 from neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; that such 2425 neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2426 substantial harm to his or her well-being; and that there is a 2427 substantial likelihood that without services the respondent will 2428 cause serious bodily harm to himself, herself, or another in the 2429 near future, as evidenced by recent behavior The respondent has 2430 inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or herself or others unless admitted; or 2431 2432 2. The respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is

2433 based on judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that 2434 the respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for 2435 care and of making a rational decision regarding that need for 2436 care.

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2437	(3) One of the qualified professionals who executed the
2438	involuntary services certificate must be a witness. The court
2439	shall allow testimony from individuals, including family
2440	members, deemed by the court to be relevant under state law,
2441	regarding the respondent's prior history and how that prior
2442	history relates to the person's current condition. The testimony
2443	in the hearing must be under oath, and the proceedings must be
2444	recorded. The patient may refuse to testify at the hearing.
2445	(4) (3) At the conclusion of the hearing the court shall
2446	cither dismiss the petition or order the respondent to <u>receive</u>
2447	undergo involuntary <u>services from his or her</u> substance abuse
2448	treatment, with the respondent's chosen licensed service
2449	provider <u>if</u> to deliver the involuntary substance abuse treatment

2449 provider <u>if</u> to deliver the involuntary substance abuse treatment 2450 where possible and appropriate.

2451 Section 39. Section 397.697, Florida Statutes, is amended 2452 to read:

2453397.697 Court determination; effect of court order for2454involuntary services substance abuse treatment.-

2455 (1) When the court finds that the conditions for 2456 involuntary services substance abuse treatment have been proved 2457 by clear and convincing evidence, it may order the respondent to 2458 receive undergo involuntary services from treatment by a 2459 publicly funded licensed service provider for a period not to 2460 exceed 90 60 days. The court may also order a respondent to 2461 undergo treatment through a privately funded licensed service 2462 provider if the respondent has the ability to pay for the 2463 treatment, or if any person on the respondent's behalf 2464 voluntarily demonstrates a willingness and an ability to pay for 2465 the treatment. If the court finds it necessary, it may direct

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2466 the sheriff to take the respondent into custody and deliver him 2467 or her to the licensed service provider specified in the court 2468 order, or to the nearest appropriate licensed service provider, 2469 for involuntary services treatment. When the conditions 2470 justifying involuntary services treatment no longer exist, the 2471 individual must be released as provided in s. 397.6971. When the 2472 conditions justifying involuntary services treatment are 2473 expected to exist after 90 60 days of services treatment, a 2474 renewal of the involuntary services treatment order may be requested pursuant to s. 397.6975 before prior to the end of the 2475 2476 90-day 60-day period.

(2) In all cases resulting in an order for involuntary services substance abuse treatment, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the case and the parties for the entry of such further orders as the circumstances may require. The court's requirements for notification of proposed release must be included in the original treatment order.

(3) An involuntary <u>services</u> treatment order authorizes the
licensed service provider to require the individual to <u>receive</u>
<u>services that</u> undergo such treatment as will benefit him or her,
including <u>services</u> treatment at any licensable service component
of a licensed service provider.

2488 (4) If the court orders involuntary services, a copy of the 2489 order must be sent to the managing entity within 1 working day 2490 after it is received from the court. Documents may be submitted 2491 electronically though existing data systems, if applicable.

2492 Section 40. Section 397.6971, Florida Statutes, is amended 2493 to read:

397.6971 Early release from involuntary services substance

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abuse treatment.-(1) At any time before prior to the end of the 90-day 60day involuntary services treatment period, or before prior to the end of any extension granted pursuant to s. 397.6975, an individual receiving admitted for involuntary services treatment may be determined eligible for discharge to the most appropriate referral or disposition for the individual when any of the following apply: (a) The individual no longer meets the criteria for involuntary admission and has given his or her informed consent to be transferred to voluntary treatment status.+ (b) If the individual was admitted on the grounds of likelihood of infliction of physical harm upon himself or herself or others, such likelihood no longer exists.; or (c) If the individual was admitted on the grounds of need for assessment and stabilization or treatment, accompanied by inability to make a determination respecting such need, either: 1. Such inability no longer exists; or 2. It is evident that further treatment will not bring about further significant improvements in the individual's condition.+ (d) The individual is no longer in need of services.; or (e) The director of the service provider determines that the individual is beyond the safe management capabilities of the provider. (2) Whenever a qualified professional determines that an individual admitted for involuntary services qualifies treatment is ready for early release under for any of the reasons listed in subsection (1), the service provider shall immediately Page 87 of 156 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2524 discharge the individual - and must notify all persons specified 2525 by the court in the original treatment order.

2526 Section 41. Section 397.6975, Florida Statutes, is amended 2527 to read:

2528 397.6975 Extension of involuntary <u>services</u> substance abuse 2529 treatment period.-

2530 (1) Whenever a service provider believes that an individual 2531 who is nearing the scheduled date of his or her release from 2532 involuntary services treatment continues to meet the criteria 2533 for involuntary services treatment in s. 397.693, a petition for 2534 renewal of the involuntary services treatment order may be filed 2535 with the court at least 10 days before the expiration of the 2536 court-ordered services treatment period. The court shall 2537 immediately schedule a hearing to be held not more than 15 days 2538 after filing of the petition. The court shall provide the copy 2539 of the petition for renewal and the notice of the hearing to all 2540 parties to the proceeding. The hearing is conducted pursuant to 2541 s. 397.6957.

2542 (2) If the court finds that the petition for renewal of the 2543 involuntary services treatment order should be granted, it may 2544 order the respondent to receive undergo involuntary services 2545 treatment for a period not to exceed an additional 90 days. When 2546 the conditions justifying involuntary services treatment no 2547 longer exist, the individual must be released as provided in s. 2548 397.6971. When the conditions justifying involuntary services 2549 treatment continue to exist after an additional 90 days of service additional treatment, a new petition requesting renewal 2550 2551 of the involuntary services treatment order may be filed 2552 pursuant to this section.

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2553	(3) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a
2554	petition for continued involuntary services, the court shall
2555	appoint the office of criminal conflict and civil regional
2556	counsel to represent the respondent, unless the respondent is
2557	otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall
2558	immediately notify the office of criminal conflict and civil
2559	regional counsel of such appointment. The office of criminal
2560	conflict and civil regional counsel shall represent the
2561	respondent until the petition is dismissed or the court order
2562	expires or the respondent is discharged from involuntary
2563	services. Any attorney representing the respondent shall have
2564	access to the respondent, witnesses, and records relevant to the
2565	presentation of the respondent's case and shall represent the
2566	interests of the respondent, regardless of the source of payment
2567	to the attorney.
2568	(4) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary
2569	services shall be before the circuit court. The court may
2570	appoint a magistrate to preside at the hearing. The procedures
2571	for obtaining an order pursuant to this section shall be in
2572	accordance with s. 397.697.
2573	(5) Notice of hearing shall be provided to the respondent
2574	or his or her counsel. The respondent and the respondent's
2575	counsel may agree to a period of continued involuntary services
2576	without a court hearing.
2577	(6) The same procedure shall be repeated before the
2578	expiration of each additional period of involuntary services.
2579	(7) If the respondent has previously been found incompetent
2580	to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and
2581	evidence regarding the respondent's competence.

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201612e3 2582 Section 42. Section 397.6977, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2583 2584 397.6977 Disposition of individual upon completion of 2585 involuntary services substance abuse treatment.-At the 2586 conclusion of the 90-day 60-day period of court-ordered 2587 involuntary services treatment, the respondent individual is 2588 automatically discharged unless a motion for renewal of the 2589 involuntary services treatment order has been filed with the 2590 court pursuant to s. 397.6975. 2591 Section 43. Section 397.6978, Florida Statutes, is created 2592 to read: 2593 397.6978 Guardian advocate; patient incompetent to consent; 2594 substance abuse disorder.-2595 (1) The administrator of a receiving facility or an 2596 addictions receiving facility may petition the court for the 2597 appointment of a guardian advocate based upon the opinion of a 2598 qualified professional that the patient is incompetent to 2599 consent to treatment. If the court finds that a patient is 2600 incompetent to consent to treatment and has not been adjudicated 2601 incapacitated and that a guardian with the authority to consent 2602 to substance abuse treatment has not been appointed, it may 2603 appoint a guardian advocate. The patient has the right to have 2604 an attorney represent him or her at the hearing. If the person is indigent, the court shall appoint the office of criminal 2605 2606 conflict and civil regional counsel to represent him or her at 2607 the hearing. The patient has the right to testify, cross-examine 2608 witnesses, and present witnesses. The proceeding shall be 2609 recorded electronically or stenographically, and testimony must 2610 be provided under oath. One of the qualified professionals

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0 (1 1	authonized to size as esizion in suprout of a patition for
2611	authorized to give an opinion in support of a petition for
2612	involuntary services, as described in s. 397.693, must testify.
2613	A guardian advocate must meet the qualifications of a guardian
2614	contained in part IV of chapter 744. The person who is appointed
2615	as a guardian advocate must agree to the appointment.
2616	(2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment
2617	as a patient's guardian advocate:
2618	(a) A professional providing clinical services to the
2619	individual under this part.
2620	(b) The qualified professional who initiated the
2621	involuntary examination of the individual, if the examination
2622	was initiated by a qualified professional's certificate.
2623	(c) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
2624	facility providing the examination of the individual.
2625	(d) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
2626	treatment facility providing treatment of the individual.
2627	(e) A person providing any substantial professional
2628	services, excluding public guardians or professional guardians,
2629	to the individual, including clinical services.
2630	(f) A creditor of the individual.
2631	(g) A person subject to an injunction for protection
2632	against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
2633	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the individual
2634	was the petitioner.
2635	(h) A person subject to an injunction for protection
2636	against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating
2637	violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is
2638	temporary or final, and for which the individual was the
2639	petitioner.

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2640	(3) A facility requesting appointment of a guardian
2641	advocate must, before the appointment, provide the prospective
2642	guardian advocate with information about the duties and
2643	responsibilities of guardian advocates, including information
2644	about the ethics of medical decisionmaking. Before asking a
2645	guardian advocate to give consent to treatment for a patient,
2646	the facility must provide to the guardian advocate sufficient
2647	information so that the guardian advocate can decide whether to
2648	give express and informed consent to the treatment. Such
2649	information must include information that demonstrates that the
2650	treatment is essential to the care of the patient and does not
2651	present an unreasonable risk of serious, hazardous, or
2652	irreversible side effects. If possible, before giving consent to
2653	treatment, the guardian advocate must personally meet and talk
2654	with the patient and the patient's physician. If that is not
2655	possible, the discussion may be conducted by telephone. The
2656	decision of the guardian advocate may be reviewed by the court,
2657	upon petition of the patient's attorney, the patient's family,
2658	or the facility administrator.
2659	(4) In lieu of the training required for guardians
2660	appointed pursuant to chapter 744, a guardian advocate shall
2661	attend at least a 4-hour training course approved by the court
2662	before exercising his or her authority. At a minimum, the
2663	training course must include information about patient rights,
2664	the diagnosis of substance abuse disorders, the ethics of
2665	medical decisionmaking, and the duties of guardian advocates.
2666	(5) The required training course and the information to be
2667	supplied to prospective guardian advocates before their
2668	appointment must be developed by the department, approved by the

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2669	chief judge of the circuit court, and taught by a court-approved
2670	organization, which may include, but need not be limited to, a
2671	community college, a guardianship organization, a local bar
2672	association, or The Florida Bar. The training course may be web-
2673	based, provided in video format, or provided in other electronic
2674	means but must be capable of ensuring the identity and
2675	participation of the prospective guardian advocate. The court
2676	may waive some or all of the training requirements for guardian
2677	advocates or impose additional requirements. The court shall
2678	make its decision on a case-by-case basis and, in making its
2679	decision, shall consider the experience and education of the
2680	guardian advocate, the duties assigned to the guardian advocate,
2681	and the needs of the patient.
2682	(6) In selecting a guardian advocate, the court shall give
2683	preference to the patient's health care surrogate, if one has
2684	already been designated by the patient. If the patient has not
2685	previously designated a health care surrogate, the selection
2686	shall be made, except for good cause documented in the court
2687	record, from among the following persons, listed in order of
2688	priority:
2689	(a) The spouse of the patient.
2690	(b) An adult child of the patient.
2691	(c) A parent of the patient.
2692	(d) The adult next of kin of the patient.
2693	(e) An adult friend of the patient.
2694	(f) An adult trained and willing to serve as the guardian
2695	advocate for the patient.
2696	(7) If a guardian with the authority to consent to medical
2697	treatment has not already been appointed, or if the patient has
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2698	not already designated a health care surrogate, the court may
2699	authorize the guardian advocate to consent to medical treatment
2700	as well as substance abuse disorder treatment. Unless otherwise
2701	limited by the court, a guardian advocate with authority to
2702	consent to medical treatment has the same authority to make
2703	health care decisions and is subject to the same restrictions as
2704	a proxy appointed under part IV of chapter 765. Unless the
2705	guardian advocate has sought and received express court approval
2706	in a proceeding separate from the proceeding to determine the
2707	competence of the patient to consent to medical treatment, the
2708	guardian advocate may not consent to:
2709	(a) Abortion.
2710	(b) Sterilization.
2711	(c) Electroshock therapy.
2712	(d) Psychosurgery.
2713	(e) Experimental treatments that have not been approved by
2714	a federally approved institutional review board in accordance
2715	with 45 C.F.R. part 46 or 21 C.F.R. part 56.
2716	
2717	The court must base its authorization on evidence that the
2718	treatment or procedure is essential to the care of the patient
2719	and that the treatment does not present an unreasonable risk of
2720	serious, hazardous, or irreversible side effects. In complying
2721	with this subsection, the court shall follow the procedures set
2722	forth in subsection (1).
2723	(8) The guardian advocate shall be discharged when the
2724	patient is discharged from an order for involuntary services or
2725	when the patient is transferred from involuntary to voluntary
2726	status. The court or a hearing officer shall consider the
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2727	competence of the patient as provided in subsection (1) and may
2728	consider an involuntarily placed patient's competence to consent
2729	to services at any hearing. Upon sufficient evidence, the court
2730	may restore, or the magistrate may recommend that the court
2731	restore, the patient's competence. A copy of the order restoring
2732	competence or the certificate of discharge containing the
2733	restoration of competence shall be provided to the patient and
2734	the guardian advocate.
2735	Section 44. Paragraphs (d) through (m) of subsection (2) of
2736	section 409.967, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
2737	paragraphs (e) through (n), respectively, and a new paragraph
2738	(d) is added to that subsection, to read:
2739	409.967 Managed care plan accountability
2740	(2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements
2741	as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care
2742	program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem
2743	necessary, the contract must require:
2744	(d) Quality careManaged care plans shall provide, or
2745	contract for the provision of, care coordination to facilitate
2746	the appropriate delivery of behavioral health care services in
2747	the least restrictive setting with treatment and recovery
2748	capabilities that address the needs of the patient. Services
2749	shall be provided in a manner that integrates behavioral health
2750	services and primary care. Plans shall be required to achieve
2751	specific behavioral health outcome standards, established by the
2752	agency in consultation with the department.
2753	Section 45. Subsection (5) is added to section 409.973,
2754	Florida Statutes, to read:
2755	409.973 Benefits
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2756	(5) INTEGRATED BEHAVIORAL HEALTH INITIATIVEEach plan
2757	operating in the managed medical assistance program shall work
2758	with the managing entity in its service area to establish
2759	specific organizational supports and protocols that enhance the
2760	integration and coordination of primary care and behavioral
2761	health services for Medicaid recipients. Progress in this
2762	initiative shall be measured using the integration framework and
2763	core measures developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research
2764	and Quality.

2765 Section 46. Notwithstanding the amendment made to s. 2766 409.975(6), Florida Statutes, by HB 5101, 1st Eng., 2016 Regular 2767 Session, subsection (6) of section 409.975, Florida Statutes, is 2768 reenacted to read:

409.975 Managed care plan accountability.—In addition to the requirements of s. 409.967, plans and providers participating in the managed medical assistance program shall comply with the requirements of this section.

2773 (6) PROVIDER PAYMENT.-Managed care plans and hospitals 2774 shall negotiate mutually acceptable rates, methods, and terms of 2775 payment. For rates, methods, and terms of payment negotiated 2776 after the contract between the agency and the plan is executed, 2777 plans shall pay hospitals, at a minimum, the rate the agency 2778 would have paid on the first day of the contract between the 2779 provider and the plan. Such payments to hospitals may not exceed 2780 120 percent of the rate the agency would have paid on the first 2781 day of the contract between the provider and the plan, unless 2782 specifically approved by the agency. Payment rates may be 2783 updated periodically.

2784

Section 47. It is the intent of the Legislature that the

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2785	reenactment of s. 409.975(6), Florida Statutes, shall control
2786	over the amendment to that subsection made by HB 5101, 1st Eng.,
2787	2016 Regular Session, regardless of the order in which they are
2788	enacted.
2789	Section 48. Section 491.0045, Florida Statutes, is amended
2790	to read:
2791	491.0045 Intern registration; requirements
2792	(1) Effective January 1, 1998, An individual who has not
2793	satisfied intends to practice in Florida to satisfy the
2794	postgraduate or post-master's level experience requirements, as
2795	specified in s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c), must register
2796	as an intern in the profession for which he or she is seeking
2797	licensure <u>before</u> prior to commencing the post-master's
2798	experience requirement or an individual who intends to satisfy
2799	part of the required graduate-level practicum, internship, or
2800	field experience, outside the academic arena for any profession,
2801	must register as an intern in the profession for which he or she
2802	is seeking licensure <u>before</u> prior to commencing the practicum,
2803	internship, or field experience.
2804	(2) The department shall register as a clinical social
2805	worker intern, marriage and family therapist intern, or mental
2806	health counselor intern each applicant who the board certifies
2807	has:
2808	(a) Completed the application form and remitted a
2809	nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$200, as set by
2810	board rule;
2811	(b)1. Completed the education requirements as specified in
2812	s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c) for the profession for which
2813	he or she is applying for licensure, if needed; and

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graduate program.

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(c) Identified a qualified supervisor.

9 (3) An individual registered under this section must remain 0 under supervision while practicing under registered intern 1 status until he or she is in receipt of a license or a letter 2 from the department stating that he or she is licensed to 3 practice the profession for which he or she applied.

by the board, for meeting the practicum, internship, or field

work required for licensure that was not satisfied in his or her

2. Submitted an acceptable supervision plan, as determined

(4) An individual who has applied for intern registration
on or before December 31, 2001, and has satisfied the education
requirements of s. 491.005 that are in effect through December
31, 2000, will have met the educational requirements for
licensure for the profession for which he or she has applied.

(4) (5) An individual who fails Individuals who have 2830 commenced the experience requirement as specified in s. 2831 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c) but failed to register as required by subsection (1) shall register with the department 2832 2833 before January 1, 2000. Individuals who fail to comply with this 2834 section may subsection shall not be granted a license under this 2835 chapter, and any time spent by the individual completing the 2836 experience requirement as specified in s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c) before prior to registering as an intern does shall 2837 2838 not count toward completion of the such requirement.

2839

(5) An intern registration is valid for 5 years.

2840 (6) A registration issued on or before March 31, 2017, 2841 expires March 31, 2022, and may not be renewed or reissued. Any 2842 registration issued after March 31, 2017, expires 60 months

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2843	after the date it is issued. A subsequent intern registration
2844	may not be issued unless the candidate has passed the theory and
2845	practice examination described in s. 491.005(1)(d), (3)(d), and
2846	(4) (d).
2847	(7) An individual who has held a provisional license issued
2848	
	by the board may not apply for an intern registration in the
2849	same profession.
2850	Section 49. <u>Section 394.4674, Florida Statutes, is</u>
2851	repealed.
2852	Section 50. <u>Section 394.4985, Florida Statutes, is</u>
2853	repealed.
2854	Section 51. Section 394.745, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2855	Section 52. Section 397.331, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2856	Section 53. Section 397.801, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2857	Section 54. Section 397.811, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2858	Section 55. Section 397.821, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2859	Section 56. Section 397.901, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2860	Section 57. Section 397.93, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2861	Section 58. Section 397.94, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2862	Section 59. Section 397.951, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2863	Section 60. Section 397.97, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2864	Section 61. Section 397.98, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2865	Section 62. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
2866	39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
2867	39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination
2868	and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse
2869	examination of person with or requesting child custody
2870	(3)(a)1. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (b)1.
2871	or paragraph (e), before the department provides psychotropic

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2872 medications to a child in its custody, the prescribing physician 2873 shall attempt to obtain express and informed consent, as defined 2874 in s. 394.455(15) s. 394.455(9) and as described in s. 2875 394.459(3)(a), from the child's parent or legal guardian. The 2876 department must take steps necessary to facilitate the inclusion 2877 of the parent in the child's consultation with the physician. 2878 However, if the parental rights of the parent have been 2879 terminated, the parent's location or identity is unknown or 2880 cannot reasonably be ascertained, or the parent declines to give 2881 express and informed consent, the department may, after 2882 consultation with the prescribing physician, seek court 2883 authorization to provide the psychotropic medications to the 2884 child. Unless parental rights have been terminated and if it is 2885 possible to do so, the department shall continue to involve the 2886 parent in the decisionmaking process regarding the provision of psychotropic medications. If, at any time, a parent whose 2887 2888 parental rights have not been terminated provides express and 2889 informed consent to the provision of a psychotropic medication, 2890 the requirements of this section that the department seek court 2891 authorization do not apply to that medication until such time as 2892 the parent no longer consents.

2893 2. Any time the department seeks a medical evaluation to 2894 determine the need to initiate or continue a psychotropic 2895 medication for a child, the department must provide to the 2896 evaluating physician all pertinent medical information known to 2897 the department concerning that child.

2898Section 63. Subsection (1) of section 39.524, Florida2899Statutes, is amended to read:

39.524 Safe-harbor placement.-

2900

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2901 (1) Except as provided in s. 39.407 or s. 985.801, a 2902 dependent child 6 years of age or older who has been found to be 2903 a victim of sexual exploitation as defined in s. 39.01(70)(g) s. 2904 39.01(69)(g) must be assessed for placement in a safe house or 2905 safe foster home as provided in s. 409.1678 using the initial 2906 screening and assessment instruments provided in s. 409.1754(1). 2907 If such placement is determined to be appropriate for the child 2908 as a result of this assessment, the child may be placed in a 2909 safe house or safe foster home, if one is available. However, 2910 the child may be placed in another setting, if the other setting 2911 is more appropriate to the child's needs or if a safe house or 2912 safe foster home is unavailable, as long as the child's 2913 behaviors are managed so as not to endanger other children 2914 served in that setting.

2915 Section 64. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 2916 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

2917 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 2918 authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 2919 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 2920 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 2921 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 2922 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 2923 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 2924 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 2925 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 2926 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 2927 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 2928 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 2929 provided in s. 212.054.

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2930 (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX. - Any county as defined in 2931 s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection 2932 pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote 2933 of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon 2934 approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting 2935 in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for 2936 the purposes of this subsection, "county public general 2937 hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 2938 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county 2939 or its agency, authority, or public health trust.

2940 (e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be 2941 chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law. 2942 The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and 2943 implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. 2944 The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no 2945 more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the 2946 county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, 2947 or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of 2948 the county. No member may be employed by or affiliated with a 2949 health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or 2950 authority responsible for the county public general hospital. 2951 The following community organizations shall each appoint a 2952 representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida 2953 Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County 2954 Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the 2955 Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade 2956 County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county 2957 citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county 2958

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2959 commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, 2960 depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as 2961 the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds 2962 provided for in subparagraph (d)2. shall be placed in a 2963 restricted account set aside from other county funds and not 2964 disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

2965 1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four 2966 and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one 2967 participant hospital per service area. The county public general 2968 hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the 2969 service areas. Services shall be provided through participants' 2970 primary acute care facilities.

2971 2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a 2972 defined range of health care services for both indigent persons 2973 and the medically poor, including primary care, preventive care, 2974 hospital emergency room care, and hospital care necessary to 2975 stabilize the patient. For the purposes of this section, 2976 "stabilization" means stabilization as defined in s. 397.311(44) 2977 s. 397.311(41). Where consistent with these objectives, the plan 2978 may include services rendered by physicians, clinics, community 2979 hospitals, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least 2980 one regional referral hospital per service area. The plan shall 2981 provide that agreements negotiated between the governing board, 2982 agency, or authority and providers shall recognize hospitals 2983 that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide 2984 other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care to draw 2985 down federal funds where appropriate, and require cost 2986 containment, including, but not limited to, case management. 2987 From the funds specified in subparagraphs (d)1. and 2. for

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2988 indigent health care services, service providers shall receive 2989 reimbursement at a Medicaid rate to be determined by the 2990 governing board, agency, or authority created pursuant to this 2991 paragraph for the initial emergency room visit, and a per-member 2992 per-month fee or capitation for those members enrolled in their 2993 service area, as compensation for the services rendered 2994 following the initial emergency visit. Except for provisions of 2995 emergency services, upon determination of eligibility, 2996 enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred at the time services 2997 were rendered. The provisions for specific reimbursement of 2998 emergency services shall be repealed on July 1, 2001, unless 2999 otherwise reenacted by the Legislature. The capitation amount or 3000 rate shall be determined before prior to program implementation 3001 by an independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such 3002 reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also 3003 provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government 3004 entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a 3005 condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford 3006 public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any 3007 meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject 3008 of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity 3009 care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for 3010 Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include 3011 innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective 3012 alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery 3013 funding.

3014 3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all 3015 county residents currently eligible to receive health care 3016 services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph

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3017 (4)(d).

3018 4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care 3019 plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the 3020 period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the 3021 current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.

3022 5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, 3023 agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of 3024 3025 services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's 3026 efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant 3027 hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of 3028 poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or 3029 denied, by the county public general hospital.

3030Section 65. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section3031394.4599, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.4599 Notice.-

3032 3033

(2) INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION.-

3034 (c)1. A receiving facility shall give notice of the 3035 whereabouts of a minor who is being involuntarily held for 3036 examination pursuant to s. 394.463 to the minor's parent, 3037 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, in person or by 3038 telephone or other form of electronic communication, immediately 3039 after the minor's arrival at the facility. The facility may 3040 delay notification for no more than 24 hours after the minor's 3041 arrival if the facility has submitted a report to the central 3042 abuse hotline, pursuant to s. 39.201, based upon knowledge or 3043 suspicion of abuse, abandonment, or neglect and if the facility 3044 deems a delay in notification to be in the minor's best 3045 interest.

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3046 2. The receiving facility shall attempt to notify the 3047 minor's parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate until 3048 the receiving facility receives confirmation from the parent, 3049 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, verbally, by 3050 telephone or other form of electronic communication, or by 3051 recorded message, that notification has been received. Attempts 3052 to notify the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate 3053 must be repeated at least once every hour during the first 12 3054 hours after the minor's arrival and once every 24 hours thereafter and must continue until such confirmation is 3055 3056 received, unless the minor is released at the end of the 72-hour 3057 examination period, or until a petition for involuntary services 3058 placement is filed with the court pursuant to s. 394.463(2)(g) s. 394.463(2)(i). The receiving facility may seek assistance 3059 3060 from a law enforcement agency to notify the minor's parent, 3061 quardian, careqiver, or quardian advocate if the facility has not received within the first 24 hours after the minor's arrival 3062 3063 a confirmation by the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian 3064 advocate that notification has been received. The receiving 3065 facility must document notification attempts in the minor's 3066 clinical record.

3067 Section 66. Subsection (3) and paragraph (p) of subsection 3068 (4) of section 394.495, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3069 394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care; 3070 programs and services.—

3071

(3) Assessments must be performed by:

3072 (a) A professional as defined in <u>s. 394.455(5), (7), (32),</u>
 3073 (35), or (36) <u>s. 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24);</u>
 3074 (b) A professional licensed under chapter 491; or

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3075	(c) A person who is under the direct supervision of a
3076	qualified professional as defined in s. 394.455(5), (7), (32),
3077	(35), or (36) s. $394.455(2)$, (4), (21), (23), or (24) or a
3078	professional licensed under chapter 491.
3079	(4) The array of services may include, but is not limited
3080	to:
3081	(p) Trauma-informed services for children who have suffered
3082	sexual exploitation as defined in s. $39.01(70)(g)$ s.
3083	39.01(69)(g) .
3084	Section 67. Subsection (5) of section 394.496, Florida
3085	Statutes, is amended to read:
3086	394.496 Service planning
3087	(5) A professional as defined in <u>s. 394.455(5), (7), (32),</u>
3088	<u>(35), or (36)</u> s. 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) or a
3089	professional licensed under chapter 491 must be included among
3090	those persons developing the services plan.
3091	Section 68. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida
3092	Statutes, is amended to read:
3093	394.9085 Behavioral provider liability.—
3094	(6) For purposes of this section, the terms "detoxification
3095	services," "addictions receiving facility," and "receiving
3096	facility" have the same meanings as those provided in <u>ss.</u>
3097	<u>397.311(25)(a)4., 397.311(25)(a)1., and 394.455(39) ss.</u>
3098	397.311(22)(a)4., 397.311(22)(a)1., and 394.455(26) ,
3099	respectively.
3100	Section 69. Subsections (16) through (20) of section
3101	397.321, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (15)
3102	through (19), respectively, and present subsection (15) of that
3103	section is amended, to read:

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3104 397.321 Duties of the department.-The department shall: 3105 (15) Appoint a substance abuse impairment coordinator to 3106 represent the department in efforts initiated by the statewide 3107 substance abuse impairment prevention and treatment coordinator 3108 established in s. 397.801 and to assist the statewide 3109 coordinator in fulfilling the responsibilities of that position. 3110 Section 70. Subsection (8) of section 397.405, Florida 3111 Statutes, is amended to read: 397.405 Exemptions from licensure.-The following are exempt 3112 3113 from the licensing provisions of this chapter: 3114 (8) A legally cognizable church or nonprofit religious 3115 organization or denomination providing substance abuse services, including prevention services, which are solely religious, 3116 3117 spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. A church or nonprofit 3118 religious organization or denomination providing any of the 3119 licensed service components itemized under s. 397.311(25) s. 3120 397.311(22) is not exempt from substance abuse licensure but retains its exemption with respect to all services which are 3121 3122 solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. 3123 3124 The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to 3125 any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or 3126 contract from the state to operate as a service provider as 3127 defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may 3128 3129 not be construed to limit the practice of a physician or 3130 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a psychologist licensed under chapter 490, a psychotherapist 3131 licensed under chapter 491, or an advanced registered nurse 3132

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3133 practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464, who provides 3134 substance abuse treatment, so long as the physician, physician 3135 assistant, psychologist, psychotherapist, or advanced registered 3136 nurse practitioner does not represent to the public that he or 3137 she is a licensed service provider and does not provide services to individuals pursuant to part V of this chapter. Failure to 3138 3139 comply with any requirement necessary to maintain an exempt 3140 status under this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 3141

3142 Section 71. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 397.407, 3143 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3144

397.407 Licensure process; fees.-

3145 (1) The department shall establish the licensure process to include fees and categories of licenses and must prescribe a fee 3146 3147 range that is based, at least in part, on the number and complexity of programs listed in s. 397.311(25) s. 397.311(22) 3148 3149 which are operated by a licensee. The fees from the licensure of 3150 service components are sufficient to cover at least 50 percent 3151 of the costs of regulating the service components. The 3152 department shall specify a fee range for public and privately funded licensed service providers. Fees for privately funded 3153 3154 licensed service providers must exceed the fees for publicly 3155 funded licensed service providers.

3156 (5) The department may issue probationary, regular, and 3157 interim licenses. The department shall issue one license for 3158 each service component that is operated by a service provider 3159 and defined pursuant to $\underline{s. 397.311(25)} = \underline{s. 397.311(22)}$. The 3160 license is valid only for the specific service components listed 3161 for each specific location identified on the license. The

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3162 licensed service provider shall apply for a new license at least 3163 60 days before the addition of any service components or 30 days 3164 before the relocation of any of its service sites. Provision of 3165 service components or delivery of services at a location not 3166 identified on the license may be considered an unlicensed 3167 operation that authorizes the department to seek an injunction 3168 against operation as provided in s. 397.401, in addition to 3169 other sanctions authorized by s. 397.415. Probationary and regular licenses may be issued only after all required 3170 3171 information has been submitted. A license may not be 3172 transferred. As used in this subsection, the term "transfer" 3173 includes, but is not limited to, the transfer of a majority of 3174 the ownership interest in the licensed entity or transfer of 3175 responsibilities under the license to another entity by 3176 contractual arrangement.

3177 Section 72. Section 397.416, Florida Statutes, is amended 3178 to read:

3179 397.416 Substance abuse treatment services; qualified 3180 professional.-Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 3181 person who was certified through a certification process 3182 recognized by the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services before January 1, 1995, may perform the duties of a 3183 3184 qualified professional with respect to substance abuse treatment 3185 services as defined in this chapter, and need not meet the 3186 certification requirements contained in s. 397.311(33) s. 3187 397.311(30).

3188 Section 73. Subsection (2) of section 397.4871, Florida 3189 Statutes, is amended to read:

3190

397.4871 Recovery residence administrator certification.-

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3191 (2) The department shall approve at least one credentialing 3192 entity by December 1, 2015, for the purpose of developing and 3193 administering a voluntary credentialing program for 3194 administrators. The department shall approve any credentialing 3195 entity that the department endorses pursuant to s. 397.321(15) s. 397.321(16) if the credentialing entity also meets the 3196 3197 requirements of this section. The approved credentialing entity shall: 3198 3199 (a) Establish recovery residence administrator core 3200 competencies, certification requirements, testing instruments, 3201 and recertification requirements. 3202 (b) Establish a process to administer the certification 3203 application, award, and maintenance processes. 3204 (c) Develop and administer: 3205 1. A code of ethics and disciplinary process. 3206 2. Biennial continuing education requirements and annual 3207 certification renewal requirements. 3208 3. An education provider program to approve training 3209 entities that are qualified to provide precertification training 3210 to applicants and continuing education opportunities to 3211 certified persons. 3212 Section 74. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6) of section 409.1678, Florida 3213 3214 Statutes, are amended to read: 3215 409.1678 Specialized residential options for children who 3216 are victims of sexual exploitation.-3217 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: (c) "Sexually exploited child" means a child who has 3218 3219 suffered sexual exploitation as defined in s. 39.01(70)(g) s.

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3220 39.01(69)(g) and is ineligible for relief and benefits under the 3221 federal Trafficking Victims Protection Act, 22 U.S.C. ss. 7101 3222 et seq.

3223

(6) LOCATION INFORMATION.-

3224 (a) Information about the location of a safe house, safe 3225 foster home, or other residential facility serving victims of 3226 sexual exploitation, as defined in s. 39.01(70)(g) s. 3227 39.01(69)(q), which is held by an agency, as defined in s. 119.011, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 3228 3229 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This exemption applies 3230 to such confidential and exempt information held by an agency 3231 before, on, or after the effective date of the exemption.

(b) Information about the location of a safe house, safe foster home, or other residential facility serving victims of sexual exploitation, as defined in <u>s. 39.01(70)(g)</u> s. 3235 39.01(69)(g), may be provided to an agency, as defined in s. 119.011, as necessary to maintain health and safety standards and to address emergency situations in the safe house, safe foster home, or other residential facility.

3239 Section 75. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 3240 409.966, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3241

409.966 Eligible plans; selection.-

3242

(3) QUALITY SELECTION CRITERIA.-

(e) To ensure managed care plan participation in Regions 1 and 2, the agency shall award an additional contract to each plan with a contract award in Region 1 or Region 2. Such contract shall be in any other region in which the plan submitted a responsive bid and negotiates a rate acceptable to the agency. If a plan that is awarded an additional contract

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3249 pursuant to this paragraph is subject to penalties pursuant to 3250 s. 409.967(2)(i) s. 409.967(2)(h) for activities in Region 1 or 3251 Region 2, the additional contract is automatically terminated 3252 180 days after the imposition of the penalties. The plan must 3253 reimburse the agency for the cost of enrollment changes and 3254 other transition activities. 3255 Section 76. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3256 409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3257 409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.-3258 (1) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from 3259 mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and 3260 may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical 3261 assistance program: 3262 (b) Medicaid recipients residing in residential commitment 3263 facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice 3264 or a mental health treatment facility facilities as defined in

3265 s. 394.455(47) by s. 394.455(32).

3266 Section 77. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1) of 3267 section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3268 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.—The 3269 following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program 3270 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 3271 for Health Care Administration:

3272 (1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise 3273 requires, as used in this act:

(d) "Drug rehabilitation program" means a service provider, established pursuant to <u>s. 397.311(42)</u> s. 397.311(39), that provides confidential, timely, and expert identification, assessment, and resolution of employee drug abuse.

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3278 (g) "Employee assistance program" means an established 3279 program capable of providing expert assessment of employee 3280 personal concerns; confidential and timely identification 3281 services with regard to employee drug abuse; referrals of 3282 employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; and followup services for employees who participate in the 3283 3284 program or require monitoring after returning to work. If, in 3285 addition to the above activities, an employee assistance program 3286 provides diagnostic and treatment services, these services shall 3287 in all cases be provided by service providers pursuant to s. 3288 397.311(42) s. 397.311(39). 3289 Section 78. Subsection (7) of section 744.704, Florida 3290 Statutes, is amended to read: 3291 744.704 Powers and duties.-3292 (7) A public guardian may shall not commit a ward to a 3293 mental health treatment facility, as defined in s. 394.455(47) 3294 s. 394.455(32), without an involuntary placement proceeding as 3295 provided by law. 3296 Section 79. Subsection (5) of section 960.065, Florida 3297 Statutes, is amended to read: 3298 960.065 Eligibility for awards.-3299 (5) A person is not ineligible for an award pursuant to 3300 paragraph (2)(a), paragraph (2)(b), or paragraph (2)(c) if that 3301 person is a victim of sexual exploitation of a child as defined 3302 in s. 39.01(70)(g) s. 39.01(69)(g). 3303 Section 80. The Secretary of Children and Families shall 3304 appoint a workgroup to consider the feasibility of individuals 3305 using advance directives to express the treatment wishes for 3306 substance use disorders. The workgroup shall be composed of

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3307 individuals with expertise in the treatment of substance use 3308 disorders. The workgroup must review the use of advance directives in mental health, the use of advance directives for 3309 3310 substance use disorders in other states, and the use of similar 3311 legal instruments to express the treatment wishes of individuals 3312 suffering from substance use disorders. The workgroup shall 3313 provide a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 3314 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 3315 2017. The report must include recommendations on the feasibility 3316 of using advance directives for individuals with substance use 3317 disorders and recommendations for any revisions to state laws or 3318 agency rules. The members of the workgroup are not entitled to 3319 reimbursement from the Department of Children and Families for 3320 travel for workgroup meetings unless they are employees of the 3321 department. This section expires on May 6, 2017. 3322 Section 81. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 3323 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3324 61.13 Support of children; parenting and time-sharing; 3325 powers of court.-3326 (2) 3327 (b) A parenting plan approved by the court must, at a 3328 minimum: 3329 1. Describe in adequate detail how the parents will share 3330 and be responsible for the daily tasks associated with the 3331 upbringing of the child; 3332 2. Include the time-sharing schedule arrangements that 3333 specify the time that the minor child will spend with each 3334 parent; 3335 3. Designate a designation of who will be responsible for: Page 115 of 156

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3336	a. Any and all forms of health care. If the court orders
3337	shared parental responsibility over health care decisions, the
3338	parenting plan must provide that either parent may consent to
3339	mental health treatment for the child.
3340	<u>b.</u> School-related matters, including the address to be used
3341	for school-boundary determination and registration., and
3342	<u>c.</u> Other activities; and
3343	4. Describe in adequate detail the methods and technologies
3344	that the parents will use to communicate with the child.
3345	Section 82. Subsection (6) of section 39.001, Florida
3346	Statutes, is amended to read:
3347	39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and
3348	screening
3349	(6) MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES
3350	(a) The Legislature recognizes that early referral and
3351	comprehensive treatment can help combat mental illnesses and
3352	substance abuse <u>disorders</u> in families and that treatment is
3353	cost-effective.
3354	(b) The Legislature establishes the following goals for the
3355	state related to mental illness and substance abuse treatment
3356	services in the dependency process:
3357	1. To ensure the safety of children.
3358	2. To prevent and remediate the consequences of mental
3359	illnesses and substance abuse disorders on families involved in
3360	protective supervision or foster care and reduce the occurrences
3361	of mental illnesses and substance abuse disorders, including
3362	alcohol abuse or related disorders, for families who are at risk
3363	of being involved in protective supervision or foster care.
3364	3. To expedite permanency for children and reunify healthy,

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3365 3366

4. To support families in recovery.

intact families, when appropriate.

3367 (c) The Legislature finds that children in the care of the 3368 state's dependency system need appropriate health care services, 3369 that the impact of mental illnesses and substance abuse 3370 disorders on health indicates the need for health care services 3371 to include treatment for mental health and substance abuse 3372 disorders for services to children and parents, where 3373 appropriate, and that it is in the state's best interest that 3374 such children be provided the services they need to enable them 3375 to become and remain independent of state care. In order to 3376 provide these services, the state's dependency system must have the ability to identify and provide appropriate intervention and 3377 3378 treatment for children with personal or family-related mental 3379 illness and substance abuse problems.

3380 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage the 3381 use of the mental health court program model established under 3382 chapter 394 and the drug court program model established under 3383 by s. 397.334 and authorize courts to assess children and 3384 persons who have custody or are requesting custody of children 3385 where good cause is shown to identify and address mental illnesses and substance abuse disorders problems as the court 3386 3387 deems appropriate at every stage of the dependency process. 3388 Participation in treatment, including a mental health court 3389 program or a treatment-based drug court program, may be required 3390 by the court following adjudication. Participation in assessment 3391 and treatment before prior to adjudication is shall be 3392 voluntary, except as provided in s. 39.407(16).

3393

(e) It is therefore the purpose of the Legislature to

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3394 provide authority for the state to contract with <u>mental health</u> 3395 <u>service providers and</u> community substance abuse treatment 3396 providers for the development and operation of specialized 3397 support and overlay services for the dependency system, which 3398 will be fully implemented and used as resources permit.

(f) Participation in <u>a mental health court program or a</u> the treatment-based drug court program does not divest any public or private agency of its responsibility for a child or adult, but is intended to enable these agencies to better meet their needs through shared responsibility and resources.

3404 Section 83. Subsection (10) of section 39.507, Florida 3405 Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.507 Adjudicatory hearings; orders of adjudication.-

3407 (10) After an adjudication of dependency, or a finding of 3408 dependency in which where adjudication is withheld, the court 3409 may order a person who has custody or is requesting custody of 3410 the child to submit to a mental health or substance abuse disorder assessment or evaluation. The order may be made only 3411 3412 upon good cause shown and pursuant to notice and procedural 3413 requirements provided under the Florida Rules of Juvenile 3414 Procedure. The assessment or evaluation must be administered by 3415 an appropriate a qualified professional, as defined in s. 39.01 3416 or s. 397.311. The court may also require such person to 3417 participate in and comply with treatment and services identified 3418 as necessary, including, when appropriate and available, participation in and compliance with a mental health court 3419 3420 program established under chapter 394 or a treatment-based drug 3421 court program established under s. 397.334. In addition to 3422 supervision by the department, the court, including the mental

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health court program or treatment-based drug court program, may 3423 3424 oversee the progress and compliance with treatment by a person 3425 who has custody or is requesting custody of the child. The court 3426 may impose appropriate available sanctions for noncompliance 3427 upon a person who has custody or is requesting custody of the child or make a finding of noncompliance for consideration in 3428 3429 determining whether an alternative placement of the child is in 3430 the child's best interests. Any order entered under this 3431 subsection may be made only upon good cause shown. This 3432 subsection does not authorize placement of a child with a person 3433 seeking custody, other than the parent or legal custodian, who 3434 requires mental health or substance abuse disorder treatment.

3435 Section 84. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3436 39.521, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.-

3438 (1) A disposition hearing shall be conducted by the court, 3439 if the court finds that the facts alleged in the petition for 3440 dependency were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, or if the 3441 parents or legal custodians have consented to the finding of 3442 dependency or admitted the allegations in the petition, have 3443 failed to appear for the arraignment hearing after proper 3444 notice, or have not been located despite a diligent search 3445 having been conducted.

(b) When any child is adjudicated by a court to be dependent, the court having jurisdiction of the child has the power by order to:

3449 1. Require the parent and, when appropriate, the legal 3450 custodian and the child to participate in treatment and services 3451 identified as necessary. The court may require the person who

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3452 has custody or who is requesting custody of the child to submit 3453 to a mental health or substance abuse disorder assessment or 3454 evaluation. The order may be made only upon good cause shown and 3455 pursuant to notice and procedural requirements provided under 3456 the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. The mental health 3457 assessment or evaluation must be administered by a qualified 3458 professional, as defined in s. 39.01, and the substance abuse 3459 assessment or evaluation must be administered by a qualified 3460 professional as defined in s. 397.311. The court may also 3461 require such person to participate in and comply with treatment 3462 and services identified as necessary, including, when 3463 appropriate and available, participation in and compliance with 3464 a mental health court program established under chapter 394 or a 3465 treatment-based drug court program established under s. 397.334. 3466 In addition to supervision by the department, the court, 3467 including the mental health court program or the treatment-based 3468 drug court program, may oversee the progress and compliance with 3469 treatment by a person who has custody or is requesting custody 3470 of the child. The court may impose appropriate available 3471 sanctions for noncompliance upon a person who has custody or is 3472 requesting custody of the child or make a finding of 3473 noncompliance for consideration in determining whether an 3474 alternative placement of the child is in the child's best 3475 interests. Any order entered under this subparagraph may be made 3476 only upon good cause shown. This subparagraph does not authorize 3477 placement of a child with a person seeking custody of the child, 3478 other than the child's parent or legal custodian, who requires 3479 mental health or substance abuse disorder treatment. 3480 2. Require, if the court deems necessary, the parties to

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81 participate in dependency mediation.

3482 3. Require placement of the child either under the 3483 protective supervision of an authorized agent of the department 3484 in the home of one or both of the child's parents or in the home 3485 of a relative of the child or another adult approved by the 3486 court, or in the custody of the department. Protective 3487 supervision continues until the court terminates it or until the 3488 child reaches the age of 18, whichever date is first. Protective 3489 supervision shall be terminated by the court whenever the court 3490 determines that permanency has been achieved for the child, 3491 whether with a parent, another relative, or a legal custodian, 3492 and that protective supervision is no longer needed. The 3493 termination of supervision may be with or without retaining 3494 jurisdiction, at the court's discretion, and shall in either 3495 case be considered a permanency option for the child. The order 3496 terminating supervision by the department must shall set forth 3497 the powers of the custodian of the child and shall include the 3498 powers ordinarily granted to a guardian of the person of a minor 3499 unless otherwise specified. Upon the court's termination of 3500 supervision by the department, no further judicial reviews are 3501 not required if, so long as permanency has been established for 3502 the child. 3503 Section 85. Section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, is amended

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to read:

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394.4655 Involuntary outpatient services placement.-

(1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term:

3507 <u>(a) "Court" means a circuit court or a criminal county</u> 3508 <u>court.</u>

(b) "Criminal county court" means a county court exercising

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3510	its original jurisdiction in a misdemeanor case under s. 34.01.
3511	(2) (1) CRITERIA FOR INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT <u>SERVICES</u>
3512	PLACEMENT.—A person may be ordered to involuntary outpatient
3513	<u>services</u> placement upon a finding of the court, by clear and
3514	convincing evidence, that the person meets all of the following
3515	criteria by clear and convincing evidence:
3516	(a) The person is 18 years of age or older. \cdot
3517	(b) The person has a mental illness $\underline{.+}$
3518	(c) The person is unlikely to survive safely in the
3519	community without supervision, based on a clinical
3520	determination <u>.</u> +
3521	(d) The person has a history of lack of compliance with
3522	treatment for mental illness <u>.</u> +
3523	(e) The person has:
3524	1. At least twice within the immediately preceding 36
3525	months been involuntarily admitted to a receiving or treatment
3526	facility as defined in s. 394.455, or has received mental health
3527	services in a forensic or correctional facility. The 36-month
3528	period does not include any period during which the person was
3529	admitted or incarcerated; or
3530	2. Engaged in one or more acts of serious violent behavior
3531	toward self or others, or attempts at serious bodily harm to
3532	himself or herself or others, within the preceding 36 months $\underline{.} extsf{+}$
3533	(f) The person is, as a result of his or her mental
3534	illness, unlikely to voluntarily participate in the recommended
3535	treatment plan and either he or she has refused voluntary
3536	services placement for treatment after sufficient and
3537	conscientious explanation and disclosure of why the services are
3538	<u>necessary</u> purpose of placement for treatment or he or she is

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3539 unable to determine for himself or herself whether services are 3540 placement is necessary.;

(g) In view of the person's treatment history and current behavior, the person is in need of involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement in order to prevent a relapse or deterioration that would be likely to result in serious bodily harm to himself or herself or others, or a substantial harm to his or her well-being as set forth in s. 394.463(1).;

3547 (h) It is likely that the person will benefit from
3548 involuntary outpatient <u>services. placement; and</u>

(i) All available, less restrictive alternatives that would
offer an opportunity for improvement of his or her condition
have been judged to be inappropriate or unavailable.

3552

(3) (2) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES PLACEMENT.-

3553 (a)1. A patient who is being recommended for involuntary 3554 outpatient services placement by the administrator of the 3555 receiving facility where the patient has been examined may be 3556 retained by the facility after adherence to the notice procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be 3557 3558 supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second 3559 opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both 3560 of whom have personally examined the patient within the 3561 preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient 3562 services placement are met. However, in a county having a 3563 population of fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies 3564 that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to 3565 provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided 3566 by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and 3567 experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, a

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3568 physician assistant who has at least 3 years' experience and is 3569 supervised by such licensed physician or a psychiatrist, a 3570 clinical social worker, and nervous disorders or by a 3571 psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this 3572 subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face 3573 examination, in person or by electronic means. Such 3574 recommendation must be entered on an involuntary outpatient 3575 services placement certificate that authorizes the receiving 3576 facility to retain the patient pending completion of a hearing. 3577 The certificate must shall be made a part of the patient's 3578 clinical record.

3579 2. If the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets the criteria for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 3580 3581 394.463(1), the patient must be released from the receiving 3582 facility while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient 3583 services placement. Before filing a petition for involuntary 3584 outpatient services treatment, the administrator of the a 3585 receiving facility or a designated department representative 3586 must identify the service provider that will have primary 3587 responsibility for service provision under an order for 3588 involuntary outpatient services placement, unless the person is 3589 otherwise participating in outpatient psychiatric treatment and 3590 is not in need of public financing for that treatment, in which 3591 case the individual, if eligible, may be ordered to involuntary 3592 treatment pursuant to the existing psychiatric treatment 3593 relationship.

3594 3. The service provider shall prepare a written proposed 3595 treatment plan in consultation with the patient or the patient's 3596 guardian advocate, if appointed, for the court's consideration

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3597 for inclusion in the involuntary outpatient services placement order that addresses the nature and extent of the mental illness 3598 3599 and any co-occurring substance use disorder that necessitate 3600 involuntary outpatient services. The treatment plan must specify 3601 the likely level of care, including the use of medication, and 3602 anticipated discharge criteria for terminating involuntary 3603 outpatient services. The service provider shall also provide a 3604 copy of the proposed treatment plan to the patient and the 3605 administrator of the receiving facility. The treatment plan must 3606 specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness, 3607 address the reduction of symptoms that necessitate involuntary 3608 outpatient placement, and include measurable goals and 3609 objectives for the services and treatment that are provided to 3610 treat the person's mental illness and assist the person in 3611 living and functioning in the community or to prevent a relapse 3612 or deterioration. Service providers may select and supervise 3613 other individuals to implement specific aspects of the treatment 3614 plan. The services in the treatment plan must be deemed 3615 clinically appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, 3616 psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family 3617 therapist, or clinical social worker who consults with, or is 3618 employed or contracted by, the service provider. The service 3619 provider must certify to the court in the proposed treatment 3620 plan whether sufficient services for improvement and 3621 stabilization are currently available and whether the service 3622 provider agrees to provide those services. If the service 3623 provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the 3624 petition. The service provider must notify the managing entity 3625

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3626 <u>if the requested services are not available. The managing entity</u> 3627 must document such efforts to obtain the requested services.

3628 (b) If a patient in involuntary inpatient placement meets 3629 the criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement, the 3630 administrator of the treatment facility may, before the 3631 expiration of the period during which the treatment facility is 3632 authorized to retain the patient, recommend involuntary 3633 outpatient services placement. The recommendation must be 3634 supported by the opinion of a psychiatrist and the second 3635 opinion of a clinical psychologist or another psychiatrist, both 3636 of whom have personally examined the patient within the 3637 preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary outpatient 3638 services placement are met. However, in a county having a 3639 population of fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies 3640 that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to 3641 provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided 3642 by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and 3643 experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental illness, a 3644 physician assistant who has at least three years' experience and 3645 is supervised by such licensed physician or a psychiatrist, a 3646 clinical social worker, and nervous disorders or by a 3647 psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this 3648 subparagraph may be conducted through a face-to-face 3649 examination, in person or by electronic means. Such 3650 recommendation must be entered on an involuntary outpatient 3651 services placement certificate, and the certificate must be made 3652 a part of the patient's clinical record.

3653 (c)1. The administrator of the treatment facility shall 3654 provide a copy of the involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement

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3655 certificate and a copy of the state mental health discharge form 3656 to <u>the managing entity</u> a department representative in the county 3657 where the patient will be residing. For persons who are leaving 3658 a state mental health treatment facility, the petition for 3659 involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement must be filed in the 3660 county where the patient will be residing.

3661 2. The service provider that will have primary 3662 responsibility for service provision shall be identified by the 3663 designated department representative before prior to the order for involuntary outpatient services placement and must, before 3664 3665 prior to filing a petition for involuntary outpatient services 3666 placement, certify to the court whether the services recommended 3667 in the patient's discharge plan are available in the local 3668 community and whether the service provider agrees to provide 3669 those services. The service provider must develop with the 3670 patient, or the patient's guardian advocate, if appointed, a 3671 treatment or service plan that addresses the needs identified in 3672 the discharge plan. The plan must be deemed to be clinically 3673 appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric 3674 nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, 3675 or clinical social worker, as defined in this chapter, who 3676 consults with, or is employed or contracted by, the service 3677 provider.

3678 3. If the service provider certifies that the services in 3679 the proposed treatment or service plan are not available, the 3680 petitioner may not file the petition. <u>The service provider must</u> 3681 <u>notify the managing entity if the requested services are not</u> 3682 <u>available. The managing entity must document such efforts to</u> 3683 obtain the requested services.

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3684 (4) (3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES 3685 PLACEMENT.-3686 (a) A petition for involuntary outpatient services 3687 placement may be filed by: 3688 1. The administrator of a receiving facility; or 3689 2. The administrator of a treatment facility. 3690 (b) Each required criterion for involuntary outpatient 3691 services placement must be alleged and substantiated in the petition for involuntary outpatient services placement. A copy 3692 3693 of the certificate recommending involuntary outpatient services 3694 placement completed by a qualified professional specified in subsection (3) (2) must be attached to the petition. A copy of 3695 3696 the proposed treatment plan must be attached to the petition. 3697 Before the petition is filed, the service provider shall certify 3698 that the services in the proposed treatment plan are available. 3699 If the necessary services are not available in the patient's 3700 local community to respond to the person's individual needs, the petition may not be filed. The service provider must notify the 3701 3702 managing entity if the requested services are not available. The 3703 managing entity must document such efforts to obtain the 3704 requested services. 3705 (c) The petition for involuntary outpatient services

3706 placement must be filed in the county where the patient is 3707 located, unless the patient is being placed from a state 3708 treatment facility, in which case the petition must be filed in 3709 the county where the patient will reside. When the petition has 3710 been filed, the clerk of the court shall provide copies of the 3711 petition and the proposed treatment plan to the department, <u>the</u> 3712 <u>managing entity</u>, the patient, the patient's guardian or

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3713 representative, the state attorney, and the public defender or 3714 the patient's private counsel. A fee may not be charged for 3715 filing a petition under this subsection.

3716 (5) (4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL.-Within 1 court working day 3717 after the filing of a petition for involuntary outpatient 3718 services placement, the court shall appoint the public defender 3719 to represent the person who is the subject of the petition, 3720 unless the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk 3721 of the court shall immediately notify the public defender of the 3722 appointment. The public defender shall represent the person 3723 until the petition is dismissed, the court order expires, or the 3724 patient is discharged from involuntary outpatient services 3725 placement. An attorney who represents the patient must be 3726 provided shall have access to the patient, witnesses, and 3727 records relevant to the presentation of the patient's case and 3728 shall represent the interests of the patient, regardless of the 3729 source of payment to the attorney.

3730 <u>(6)</u> (5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.—The patient is entitled, 3731 with the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one 3732 continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a 3733 period of up to 4 weeks.

3734 <u>(7) (6)</u> HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT <u>SERVICES</u> 3735 PLACEMENT.-

(a)1. The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement within 5 working days after the filing of the petition, unless a continuance is granted. The hearing <u>must shall</u> be held in the county where the petition is filed, <u>must shall</u> be as convenient to the patient as is consistent with orderly procedure, and must shall be conducted

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3742 in physical settings not likely to be injurious to the patient's 3743 condition. If the court finds that the patient's attendance at 3744 the hearing is not consistent with the best interests of the 3745 patient and if the patient's counsel does not object, the court 3746 may waive the presence of the patient from all or any portion of 3747 the hearing. The state attorney for the circuit in which the 3748 patient is located shall represent the state, rather than the 3749 petitioner, as the real party in interest in the proceeding.

3750 2. The court may appoint a magistrate master to preside at 3751 the hearing. One of the professionals who executed the 3752 involuntary outpatient services placement certificate shall be a 3753 witness. The patient and the patient's guardian or 3754 representative shall be informed by the court of the right to an 3755 independent expert examination. If the patient cannot afford 3756 such an examination, the court shall ensure that one is 3757 provided, as otherwise provided by law provide for one. The 3758 independent expert's report is shall be confidential and not 3759 discoverable, unless the expert is to be called as a witness for 3760 the patient at the hearing. The court shall allow testimony from 3761 individuals, including family members, deemed by the court to be 3762 relevant under state law, regarding the person's prior history 3763 and how that prior history relates to the person's current 3764 condition. The testimony in the hearing must be given under 3765 oath, and the proceedings must be recorded. The patient may 3766 refuse to testify at the hearing.

(b)1. If the court concludes that the patient meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement pursuant to subsection (2) (1), the court shall issue an order for involuntary outpatient services placement. The court order shall

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3771 be for a period of up to 90 days 6 months. The order must 3772 specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness. 3773 The order of the court and the treatment plan must shall be made 3774 part of the patient's clinical record. The service provider 3775 shall discharge a patient from involuntary outpatient services 3776 placement when the order expires or any time the patient no 3777 longer meets the criteria for involuntary placement. Upon 3778 discharge, the service provider shall send a certificate of 3779 discharge to the court.

3780 2. The court may not order the department or the service 3781 provider to provide services if the program or service is not 3782 available in the patient's local community, if there is no space 3783 available in the program or service for the patient, or if 3784 funding is not available for the program or service. The service 3785 provider must notify the managing entity if the requested 3786 services are not available. The managing entity must document 3787 such efforts to obtain the requested services. A copy of the order must be sent to the managing entity Agency for Health Care 3788 3789 Administration by the service provider within 1 working day 3790 after it is received from the court. The order may be submitted 3791 electronically through existing data systems. After the placement order for involuntary services is issued, the service 3792 3793 provider and the patient may modify provisions of the treatment 3794 plan. For any material modification of the treatment plan to which the patient or, if one is appointed, the patient's 3795 3796 guardian advocate agrees, if appointed, does agree, the service 3797 provider shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any 3798 material modifications of the treatment plan which are contested 3799 by the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable

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3800 appointed, must be approved or disapproved by the court 3801 consistent with subsection (3) $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$.

3802 3. If, in the clinical judgment of a physician, the patient 3803 has failed or has refused to comply with the treatment ordered 3804 by the court, and, in the clinical judgment of the physician, 3805 efforts were made to solicit compliance and the patient may meet 3806 the criteria for involuntary examination, a person may be 3807 brought to a receiving facility pursuant to s. 394.463. If, after examination, the patient does not meet the criteria for 3808 3809 involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 394.467, the 3810 patient must be discharged from the receiving facility. The involuntary outpatient services placement order shall remain in 3811 3812 effect unless the service provider determines that the patient 3813 no longer meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services 3814 placement or until the order expires. The service provider must determine whether modifications should be made to the existing 3815 3816 treatment plan and must attempt to continue to engage the 3817 patient in treatment. For any material modification of the 3818 treatment plan to which the patient or the patient's guardian 3819 advocate, if applicable appointed, agrees does agree, the 3820 service provider shall send notice of the modification to the 3821 court. Any material modifications of the treatment plan which 3822 are contested by the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, 3823 if applicable appointed, must be approved or disapproved by the 3824 court consistent with subsection (3) (2).

3825 (c) If, at any time before the conclusion of the initial hearing on involuntary outpatient services placement, it appears 3826 3827 to the court that the person does not meet the criteria for 3828 involuntary outpatient services placement under this section

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3829 but, instead, meets the criteria for involuntary inpatient 3830 placement, the court may order the person admitted for 3831 involuntary inpatient examination under s. 394.463. If the 3832 person instead meets the criteria for involuntary assessment, 3833 protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 3834 397.675, the court may order the person to be admitted for 3835 involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days pursuant to s. 3836 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings are shall be governed by 3837 chapter 397.

(d) At the hearing on involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence to consent to <u>services</u> treatment. If the court finds that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, it shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 394.4598. The guardian advocate shall be appointed or discharged in accordance with s. 394.4598.

3845 (e) The administrator of the receiving facility or the 3846 designated department representative shall provide a copy of the 3847 court order and adequate documentation of a patient's mental 3848 illness to the service provider for involuntary outpatient 3849 services placement. Such documentation must include any advance 3850 directives made by the patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the patient, and any evaluations of the patient performed by a 3851 3852 clinical psychologist or a clinical social worker.

3853 (8) (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT
3854 SERVICES PLACEMENT.-

(a)1. If the person continues to meet the criteria for involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement, the service provider shall, at least 10 days before the expiration of the period

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3858 during which the treatment is ordered for the person, file in 3859 the circuit court that issued the order for involuntary 3860 <u>outpatient services</u> a petition for continued involuntary 3861 outpatient <u>services</u> placement. The court shall immediately 3862 <u>schedule a hearing on the petition to be held within 15 days</u> 3863 <u>after the petition is filed.</u>

3864 2. The existing involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement 3865 order remains in effect until disposition on the petition for 3866 continued involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement.

3867 3. A certificate shall be attached to the petition which 3868 includes a statement from the person's physician or clinical 3869 psychologist justifying the request, a brief description of the 3870 patient's treatment during the time he or she was <u>receiving</u> 3871 <u>involuntary services</u> involuntarily placed, and an individualized 3872 plan of continued treatment.

3873 4. The service provider shall develop the individualized 3874 plan of continued treatment in consultation with the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable appointed. When 3875 3876 the petition has been filed, the clerk of the court shall 3877 provide copies of the certificate and the individualized plan of 3878 continued services treatment to the department, the patient, the 3879 patient's guardian advocate, the state attorney, and the 3880 patient's private counsel or the public defender.

(b) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a petition for continued involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the court shall immediately notify the public defender of such

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3887 appointment. The public defender shall represent the person 3888 until the petition is dismissed or the court order expires or 3889 the patient is discharged from involuntary outpatient services 3890 placement. Any attorney representing the patient shall have 3891 access to the patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the 3892 presentation of the patient's case and shall represent the 3893 interests of the patient, regardless of the source of payment to 3894 the attorney.

3895 (c) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 3896 outpatient services must placement shall be before the circuit 3897 court that issued the order for involuntary outpatient services. 3898 The court may appoint a magistrate master to preside at the 3899 hearing. The procedures for obtaining an order pursuant to this 3900 paragraph must meet the requirements of shall be in accordance 3901 with subsection (7) (6), except that the time period included in 3902 paragraph (2)(e) (1)(e) is not applicable in determining the 3903 appropriateness of additional periods of involuntary outpatient 3904 placement.

(d) Notice of the hearing <u>must</u> shall be provided as set forth in s. 394.4599. The patient and the patient's attorney may agree to a period of continued outpatient <u>services</u> placement without a court hearing.

(e) The same procedure <u>must</u> shall be repeated before the expiration of each additional period the patient is placed in treatment.

(f) If the patient has previously been found incompetent to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence. Section 394.4598 governs the discharge of the guardian advocate if the patient's

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3916 competency to consent to treatment has been restored. 3917 Section 86. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of 3918 section 394.4599, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 3919 394.4599 Notice.-3920 (2) INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION.-3921 (c)1. A receiving facility shall give notice of the 3922 whereabouts of a minor who is being involuntarily held for 3923 examination pursuant to s. 394.463 to the minor's parent, 3924 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, in person or by 3925 telephone or other form of electronic communication, immediately after the minor's arrival at the facility. The facility may 3926 3927 delay notification for no more than 24 hours after the minor's 3928 arrival if the facility has submitted a report to the central 3929 abuse hotline, pursuant to s. 39.201, based upon knowledge or 3930 suspicion of abuse, abandonment, or neglect and if the facility 3931 deems a delay in notification to be in the minor's best 3932 interest. 3933 2. The receiving facility shall attempt to notify the 3934 minor's parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate until 3935 the receiving facility receives confirmation from the parent, 3936 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, verbally, by 3937 telephone or other form of electronic communication, or by 3938 recorded message, that notification has been received. Attempts 3939 to notify the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate 3940 must be repeated at least once every hour during the first 12 3941 hours after the minor's arrival and once every 24 hours

3942 thereafter and must continue until such confirmation is 3943 received, unless the minor is released at the end of the 72-hour 3944 examination period, or until a petition for involuntary <u>services</u>

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3945 placement is filed with the court pursuant to s. 394.463(2)(q) 3946 s. 394.463(2)(i). The receiving facility may seek assistance 3947 from a law enforcement agency to notify the minor's parent, 3948 quardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate if the facility has 3949 not received within the first 24 hours after the minor's arrival a confirmation by the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian 3950 3951 advocate that notification has been received. The receiving 3952 facility must document notification attempts in the minor's 3953 clinical record.

(d) The written notice of the filing of the petition for involuntary <u>services for</u> placement of an individual being held must contain the following:

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1. Notice that the petition for:

3958 <u>a. Involuntary inpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.467</u> 3959 has been filed with the circuit court in the county in which the 3960 individual is hospitalized and the address of such court; or

3961 b. Involuntary outpatient services pursuant to s. 394.4655 3962 has been filed with the criminal county court, as defined in s. 3963 <u>394.4655(1), or the circuit court, as applicable, in the county</u> 3964 in which the individual is hospitalized and the address of such 3965 <u>court</u>.

3966 2. Notice that the office of the public defender has been 3967 appointed to represent the individual in the proceeding, if the 3968 individual is not otherwise represented by counsel.

3969 3. The date, time, and place of the hearing and the name of 3970 each examining expert and every other person expected to testify 3971 in support of continued detention.

3972 4. Notice that the individual, the individual's guardian,3973 guardian advocate, health care surrogate or proxy, or

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201612e3 3974 representative, or the administrator may apply for a change of 3975 venue for the convenience of the parties or witnesses or because 3976 of the condition of the individual. 3977 5. Notice that the individual is entitled to an independent 3978 expert examination and, if the individual cannot afford such an 3979 examination, that the court will provide for one. 3980 Section 87. Section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended 3981 to read: 3982 394.455 Definitions.-As used in this part, unless the 3983 context clearly requires otherwise, the term: 3984 (1) "Access center" means a facility that has medical, 3985 mental health, and substance abuse professionals to provide 3986 emergency screening and evaluation for mental health or 3987 substance abuse disorders and may provide transportation to an 3988 appropriate facility if an individual is in need of more 3989 intensive services. 3990 (2) "Addictions receiving facility" is a secure, acute care facility that, at a minimum, provides emergency screening, 3991 3992 evaluation, detoxification, and stabilization services; is 3993 operated 24 hours per day, 7 days per week; and is designated by 3994 the department to serve individuals found to have substance 3995 abuse impairment who qualify for services under this part. 3996 (3) (1) "Administrator" means the chief administrative 3997 officer of a receiving or treatment facility or his or her 3998 designee. 3999 (4) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years of age or 4000 older or who has had the disability of nonage removed under 4001 chapter 743. (5) (2) "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist as 4002 Page 138 of 156

4003 defined in s. 490.003(7) with 3 years of postdoctoral experience 4004 in the practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the 4005 experience required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by 4006 a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans 4007 Affairs that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility 4008 under this part.

4009 <u>(6) (3)</u> "Clinical record" means all parts of the record 4010 required to be maintained and includes all medical records, 4011 progress notes, charts, and admission and discharge data, and 4012 all other information recorded by a facility <u>staff</u> which 4013 pertains to the patient's hospitalization or treatment.

4014 <u>(7)(4)</u> "Clinical social worker" means a person licensed as 4015 a clinical social worker under <u>s. 491.005 or s. 491.006</u> chapter 4016 491.

4017 <u>(8)(5)</u> "Community facility" means <u>a</u> any community service 4018 provider <u>that contracts</u> contracting with the department to 4019 furnish substance abuse or mental health services under part IV 4020 of this chapter.

4021 (9)(6) "Community mental health center or clinic" means a 4022 publicly funded, not-for-profit center that which contracts with 4023 the department for the provision of inpatient, outpatient, day 4024 treatment, or emergency services.

4025 <u>(10)(7)</u> "Court," unless otherwise specified, means the 4026 circuit court.

4027 <u>(11)(8)</u> "Department" means the Department of Children and 4028 Families.

4029 <u>(12) "Designated receiving facility" means a facility</u> 4030 <u>approved by the department which may be a public or private</u> 4031 <u>hospital, crisis stabilization unit, or addictions receiving</u>

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4032	facility; which provides, at a minimum, emergency screening,
4033	evaluation, and short-term stabilization for mental health or
4034	substance abuse disorders; and which may have an agreement with
4035	a corresponding facility for transportation and services.
4036	(13) "Detoxification facility" means a facility licensed to
4037	provide detoxification services under chapter 397.
4038	(14) "Electronic means" means a form of telecommunication
4039	which requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio
4040	communication when being used to conduct an examination by a
4041	qualified professional.
4042	(15) (9) "Express and informed consent" means consent
4043	voluntarily given in writing, by a competent person, after
4044	sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter
4045	involved to enable the person to make a knowing and willful
4046	decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or
4047	other form of constraint or coercion.
4048	(16) (10) "Facility" means any hospital, community facility,
4049	public or private facility, or receiving or treatment facility
4050	providing for the evaluation, diagnosis, care, treatment,
4051	training, or hospitalization of persons who appear to have a
4052	mental illness or who have been diagnosed as having a mental
4053	illness <u>or substance abuse impairment</u> . <u>The term</u> "Facility" does

4054 not include <u>a</u> any program or <u>an</u> entity licensed <u>under</u> pursuant 4055 to chapter 400 or chapter 429.

4056 <u>(17) (11)</u> "Guardian" means the natural guardian of a minor, 4057 or a person appointed by a court to act on behalf of a ward's 4058 person if the ward is a minor or has been adjudicated 4059 incapacitated.

(18) (12) "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by a

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4061 court to make decisions regarding mental health treatment on 4062 behalf of a patient who has been found incompetent to consent to treatment pursuant to this part. The guardian advocate may be 4063 granted specific additional powers by written order of the 4064 4065 court, as provided in this part. 4066 (19) (13) "Hospital" means a hospital facility as defined in 4067 s. 395.002 and licensed under chapter 395 and part II of chapter 408. 4068 4069 (20) (14) "Incapacitated" means that a person has been 4070 adjudicated incapacitated pursuant to part V of chapter 744 and 4071 a guardian of the person has been appointed. 4072 (21) (21) (15) "Incompetent to consent to treatment" means a 4073 state in which that a person's judgment is so affected by a his 4074 or her mental illness or a substance abuse impairment that he or she the person lacks the capacity to make a well-reasoned, 4075 4076 willful, and knowing decision concerning his or her medical, or 4077 mental health, or substance abuse treatment. 4078 (22) "Involuntary examination" means an examination 4079 performed under s. 394.463, s. 397.6772, s. 397.679, s.

4080 397.6798, or s. 397.6811 to determine whether a person qualifies
4081 for involuntary services.

4082 (23) "Involuntary services" means court-ordered outpatient 4083 services or inpatient placement for mental health treatment 4084 pursuant to s. 394.4655 or s. 394.467.

4085 <u>(24) (16)</u> "Law enforcement officer" <u>has the same meaning as</u> 4086 <u>provided means a law enforcement officer as defined</u> in s. 4087 943.10.

4088(25) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person4089licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under s.

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4090 491.005 or s. 491.006.

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4091 (26) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed to
4092 practice mental health counseling under s. 491.005 or s.
4093 491.006.

4094 (27) (17) "Mental health overlay program" means a mobile 4095 service that which provides an independent examination for 4096 voluntary admission admissions and a range of supplemental 4097 onsite services to persons with a mental illness in a 4098 residential setting such as a nursing home, an assisted living 4099 facility, or an adult family-care home $_{\tau}$ or a nonresidential 4100 setting such as an adult day care center. Independent 4101 examinations provided pursuant to this part through a mental health overlay program must only be provided under contract with 4102 4103 the department for this service or be attached to a public 4104 receiving facility that is also a community mental health 4105 center.

4106 (28) (18) "Mental illness" means an impairment of the mental 4107 or emotional processes that exercise conscious control of one's 4108 actions or of the ability to perceive or understand reality, 4109 which impairment substantially interferes with the person's 4110 ability to meet the ordinary demands of living. For the purposes 4111 of this part, the term does not include a developmental 4112 disability as defined in chapter 393, intoxication, or 4113 conditions manifested only by antisocial behavior or substance abuse impairment. 4114

4115 (29) "Minor" means an individual who is 17 years of age or 4116 younger and who has not had the disability of nonage removed 4117 pursuant to s. 743.01 or s. 743.015.

(30)(19) "Mobile crisis response service" means a

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4119 nonresidential crisis service attached to a public receiving 4120 facility and available 24 hours per a day, 7 days per a week, 4121 through which provides immediate intensive assessments and 4122 interventions, including screening for admission into a mental 4123 health receiving facility, an addictions receiving facility, or 4124 a detoxification facility, take place for the purpose of 4125 identifying appropriate treatment services.

4126 <u>(31) (20)</u> "Patient" means any person, with or without a co-4127 <u>occurring substance abuse disorder</u>, who is held or accepted for 4128 mental health treatment.

4129 <u>(32)(21)</u> "Physician" means a medical practitioner licensed 4130 under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience in the 4131 diagnosis and treatment of mental <u>illness</u> and nervous disorders 4132 or a physician employed by a facility operated by the United 4133 States Department of Veterans Affairs <u>or the United States</u> 4134 <u>Department of Defense</u> which qualifies as a receiving or 4135 treatment facility under this part.

4136 <u>(33) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under</u> 4137 <u>chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience in the diagnosis</u> 4138 <u>and treatment of mental disorders.</u>

4139 <u>(34) (22)</u> "Private facility" means <u>a</u> any hospital or 4140 facility operated by a for-profit or not-for-profit corporation 4141 or association <u>which</u> that provides mental health <u>or substance</u> 4142 abuse services and is not a public facility.

4143 (35)(23) "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced registered 4144 nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 who has a master's 4145 or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing, holds a national 4146 advanced practice certification as a psychiatric mental health 4147 advanced practice nurse, and has 2 years of post-master's

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4148 clinical experience under the supervision of a physician.

4149 <u>(36) (24)</u> "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner 4150 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has primarily 4151 diagnosed and treated mental and nervous disorders for <u>at least</u> 4152 <u>a period of not less than</u> 3 years, inclusive of psychiatric 4153 residency.

4154 <u>(37) (25)</u> "Public facility" means <u>a</u> any facility that has 4155 contracted with the department to provide mental health services 4156 to all persons, regardless of their ability to pay, and is 4157 receiving state funds for such purpose.

4158 <u>(38) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a</u> 4159 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a 4160 psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a 4161 psychologist as defined in s. 490.003(7); or a psychiatric nurse 4162 as defined in s. 394.455.

4163 (39) (26) "Receiving facility" means <u>a</u> any public or private 4164 facility <u>or hospital</u> designated by the department to receive and 4165 hold <u>or refer, as appropriate</u>, involuntary patients under 4166 emergency conditions or for <u>mental health or substance abuse</u> 4167 psychiatric evaluation and to provide short-term treatment <u>or</u> 4168 <u>transportation to the appropriate service provider</u>. The term 4169 does not include a county jail.

4170 <u>(40) (27)</u> "Representative" means a person selected to 4171 receive notice of proceedings during the time a patient is held 4172 in or admitted to a receiving or treatment facility.

4173 <u>(41) (28) (a)</u> "Restraint" means: a physical device, method, 4174 or drug used to control behavior.

4175 (a) A physical restraint, including is any manual method or 4176 physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached

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4177 or adjacent to an the individual's body so that he or she cannot 4178 easily remove the restraint and which restricts freedom of 4179 movement or normal access to one's body. "Physical restraint" 4180 includes the physical holding of a person during a procedure to 4181 forcibly administer psychotropic medication. "Physical 4182 restraint" does not include physical devices such as 4183 orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and 4184 bandages, supportive body bands, or other physical holding when 4185 necessary for routine physical examinations and tests or for 4186 purposes of orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical 4187 treatment when used to provide support for the achievement of 4188 functional body position or proper balance or when used to 4189 protect a person from falling out of bed.

(b) A drug <u>or</u> used as a restraint is a medication used to control <u>a</u> the person's behavior or to restrict his or her freedom of movement <u>which</u> and is not part of the standard treatment regimen of a person with a diagnosed mental illness who is a client of the department. Physically holding a person during a procedure to forcibly administer psychotropic medication is a physical restraint.

4197 (c) Restraint does not include physical devices, such as 4198 orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and 4199 bandages, supportive body bands, or other physical holding when 4200 necessary for routine physical examinations and tests; or for 4201 purposes of orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical 4202 treatment; when used to provide support for the achievement of 4203 functional body position or proper balance; or when used to 4204 protect a person from falling out of bed.

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(42) (29) "Seclusion" means the physical segregation of a

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4206	person in any fashion or involuntary isolation of a person in a
4207	room or area from which the person is prevented from leaving.
4208	The prevention may be by physical barrier or by a staff member
4209	who is acting in a manner, or who is physically situated, so as
4210	to prevent the person from leaving the room or area. For
4211	purposes of this <u>part</u> chapter , the term does not mean isolation
4212	due to a person's medical condition or symptoms.
4213	(43) (30) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Children and
4214	Families.
4215	(44) "Service provider" means a receiving facility, a
4216	facility licensed under chapter 397, a treatment facility, an
4217	entity under contract with the department to provide mental
4218	health or substance abuse services, a community mental health
4219	center or clinic, a psychologist, a clinical social worker, a
4220	marriage and family therapist, a mental health counselor, a
4221	physician, a psychiatrist, an advanced registered nurse
4222	practitioner, a psychiatric nurse, or a qualified professional
4223	<u>as defined in s. 39.01.</u>
4224	(45) "Substance abuse impairment" means a condition
4225	involving the use of alcoholic beverages or any psychoactive or
4226	mood-altering substance in such a manner that a person has lost
4227	the power of self-control and has inflicted or is likely to
4228	inflict physical harm on himself, herself, or another.
4229	(46) (31) "Transfer evaluation" means the process by which $ au$
4230	as approved by the appropriate district office of the
4231	department, whereby a person who is being considered for
4232	placement in a state treatment facility is first evaluated for
4233	appropriateness of admission to <u>such</u> the facility by a
4234	community-based public receiving facility or by a community
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4235	mental ł	health d	center or	clinic	if the	public	receiving	facility
			nity ment			-	_	1

4237 (47) (32) "Treatment facility" means a any state-owned, state-operated, or state-supported hospital, center, or clinic 4238 4239 designated by the department for extended treatment and 4240 hospitalization, beyond that provided for by a receiving 4241 facility, of persons who have a mental illness, including 4242 facilities of the United States Government, and any private 4243 facility designated by the department when rendering such 4244 services to a person pursuant to the provisions of this part. 4245 Patients treated in facilities of the United States Government 4246 shall be solely those whose care is the responsibility of the 4247 United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

4248 (48) "Triage center" means a facility that has medical, 4249 mental health, and substance abuse professionals present or on 4250 call to provide emergency screening and evaluation for mental 4251 health or substance abuse disorders for individuals transported 4252 to the center by a law enforcement officer.

4253 (33) "Service provider" means any public or private 4254 receiving facility, an entity under contract with the Department 4255 of Children and Families to provide mental health services, a 4256 clinical psychologist, a clinical social worker, a marriage and 4257 family therapist, a mental health counselor, a physician, a 4258 psychiatric nurse as defined in subsection (23), or a community 4259 mental health center or clinic as defined in this part.

4260 (34) "Involuntary examination" means an examination 4261 performed under s. 394.463 to determine if an individual 4262 qualifies for involuntary inpatient treatment under s. 4263 394.467(1) or involuntary outpatient treatment under s.

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4264	394.4655(1).
4265	(35) "Involuntary placement" means either involuntary
4266	outpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.4655 or involuntary
4267	inpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.467.
4268	(36) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person
4269	licensed as a marriage and family therapist under chapter 491.
4270	(37) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed as a
4271	mental health counselor under chapter 491.
4272	(38) "Electronic means" means a form of telecommunication
4273	that requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio
4274	communication.
4275	Section 88. Subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida
4276	Statutes, is amended to read:
4277	394.463 Involuntary examination
4278	(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION
4279	(a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one
4280	of the following means:
4281	1. A <u>circuit or county</u> court may enter an ex parte order
4282	stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for
4283	involuntary examination and specifying, giving the findings on
4284	which that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for
4285	involuntary examination must be based on written or oral sworn
4286	testimony that includes specific facts that support the
4287	findings, written or oral. If other less restrictive means are
4288	not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient
4289	evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent
4290	of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him
4291	or her to <u>an appropriate, or</u> the nearest <u>,</u> receiving facility
4292	within the designated receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462

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4293 for involuntary examination. The order of the court shall be 4294 made a part of the patient's clinical record. A No fee may not 4295 shall be charged for the filing of an order under this 4296 subsection. A Any receiving facility accepting the patient based 4297 on this order must send a copy of the order to the department 4298 Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. 4299 The order may be submitted electronically through existing data systems, if available. The order shall be valid only until the 4300 4301 person is delivered to the facility or executed or, if not 4302 executed, for the period specified in the order itself, 4303 whichever comes first. If no time limit is specified in the 4304 order, the order shall be valid for 7 days after the date that the order was signed. 4305

4306 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who 4307 appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into 4308 custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to 4309 an appropriate, or the nearest, receiving facility within the 4310 designated receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for 4311 examination. The officer shall execute a written report 4312 detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken 4313 into custody, which must and the report shall be made a part of 4314 the patient's clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting 4315 the patient based on this report must send a copy of the report 4316 to the department Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. 4317

A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse,
mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or
clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he
or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and

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4322 finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for 4323 involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which 4324 that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means, such 4325 as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, are not 4326 available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 4327 evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take into custody 4328 the person named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to the appropriate, or nearest, receiving facility within 4329 4330 the designated receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for 4331 involuntary examination. The law enforcement officer shall 4332 execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which 4333 the person was taken into custody. The report and certificate 4334 shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any 4335 receiving facility accepting the patient based on this 4336 certificate must send a copy of the certificate to the 4337 department Agency for Health Care Administration on the next 4338 working day. The document may be submitted electronically through existing data systems, if applicable. 4339

4340 (b) A person may shall not be removed from any program or 4341 residential placement licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429 4342 and transported to a receiving facility for involuntary 4343 examination unless an ex parte order, a professional 4344 certificate, or a law enforcement officer's report is first 4345 prepared. If the condition of the person is such that 4346 preparation of a law enforcement officer's report is not 4347 practicable before removal, the report shall be completed as 4348 soon as possible after removal, but in any case before the 4349 person is transported to a receiving facility. A receiving 4350 facility admitting a person for involuntary examination who is

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4351 not accompanied by the required ex parte order, professional 4352 certificate, or law enforcement officer's report shall notify 4353 the <u>department</u> Agency for Health Care Administration of such 4354 admission by certified mail <u>or by e-mail, if available, by no</u> 4355 later than the next working day. The provisions of this 4356 paragraph do not apply when transportation is provided by the 4357 patient's family or guardian.

(c) A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may serve and execute such order on any day of the week, at any time of the day or night.

(d) A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may use such reasonable physical force as is necessary to gain entry to the premises, and any dwellings, buildings, or other structures located on the premises, and to take custody of the person who is the subject of the ex parte order.

4368 (e) The department Agency for Health Care Administration 4369 shall receive and maintain the copies of ex parte orders, 4370 involuntary outpatient services placement orders issued pursuant 4371 to s. 394.4655, involuntary inpatient placement orders issued 4372 pursuant to s. 394.467, professional certificates, and law 4373 enforcement officers' reports. These documents shall be 4374 considered part of the clinical record, governed by the 4375 provisions of s. 394.4615. These documents shall be used to The 4376 agency shall prepare annual reports analyzing the data obtained 4377 from these documents, without information identifying patients, 4378 and shall provide copies of reports to the department, the 4379 President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

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Representatives, and the minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

4382 (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician or_{τ} a 4383 clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing 4384 within the framework of an established protocol with a 4385 psychiatrist at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay 4386 to determine if the criteria for involuntary services are met. 4387 Emergency treatment may be provided and may, upon the order of a 4388 physician if the physician determines, be given emergency 4389 treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be 4390 4391 released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the 4392 documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist 4393 or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital 4394 or health system, the release may also be approved by a 4395 psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an 4396 established protocol with a psychiatrist, or an attending 4397 emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis 4398 and treatment of mental illness and nervous disorders and after 4399 completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this 4400 subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a 4401 patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a 4402 psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating 4403 psychiatrist. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving 4404 facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours. 4405 (g) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72

4406 hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next 4407 working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be 4408 taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:

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1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer; 2. The patient shall be released, subject to the provisions

of subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient treatment;

4414 <u>3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime,</u> 4415 <u>shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement</u> 4416 <u>as a voluntary patient and, if such consent is given, the</u> 4417 patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or

4418 4. A petition for involuntary services shall be filed in 4419 the circuit court if inpatient treatment is deemed necessary or 4420 with the criminal county court, as defined in s. 394.4655(1), as 4421 applicable. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary, the 4422 least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum 4423 improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available. 4424 When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient 4425 placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified 4426 in s. 394.4655(4)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient 4427 placement shall be filed by the facility administrator.

4428 (h) (g) A person for whom an involuntary examination has 4429 been initiated who is being evaluated or treated at a hospital 4430 for an emergency medical condition specified in s. 395.002 must 4431 be examined by a receiving facility within 72 hours. The 72-hour 4432 period begins when the patient arrives at the hospital and 4433 ceases when the attending physician documents that the patient 4434 has an emergency medical condition. If the patient is examined 4435 at a hospital providing emergency medical services by a 4436 professional qualified to perform an involuntary examination and 4437 is found as a result of that examination not to meet the

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4438 criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement pursuant 4439 to s. 394.4655(2) 394.4655(1) or involuntary inpatient placement 4440 pursuant to s. 394.467(1), the patient may be offered voluntary 4441 services or placement, if appropriate, or released directly from 4442 the hospital providing emergency medical services. The finding by the professional that the patient has been examined and does 4443 4444 not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient services 4445 placement or involuntary outpatient placement must be entered 4446 into the patient's clinical record. Nothing in This paragraph is 4447 not intended to prevent a hospital providing emergency medical 4448 services from appropriately transferring a patient to another 4449 hospital before prior to stabilization if, provided the 4450 requirements of s. 395.1041(3)(c) have been met.

(i) (h) One of the following must occur within 12 hours after the patient's attending physician documents that the patient's medical condition has stabilized or that an emergency medical condition does not exist:

4455 1. The patient must be examined by a designated receiving 4456 facility and released; or

4457 2. The patient must be transferred to a designated 4458 receiving facility in which appropriate medical treatment is 4459 available. However, the receiving facility must be notified of 4460 the transfer within 2 hours after the patient's condition has 4461 been stabilized or after determination that an emergency medical 4462 condition does not exist.

(i) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72 hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:

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4467	1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is
4468	charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be
4469	returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;
4470	2. The patient shall be released, subject to the provisions
4471	of subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient treatment;
4472	3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime,
4473	shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement
4474	as a voluntary patient, and, if such consent is given, the
4475	patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or
4476	4. A petition for involuntary placement shall be filed in
4477	the circuit court when outpatient or inpatient treatment is
4478	deemed necessary. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary,
4479	the least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum
4480	improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available.
4481	When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient
4482	placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified
4483	in s. 394.4655(3)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient
4484	placement shall be filed by the facility administrator.
4485	Section 89. Subsection (3) of section 394.4615, Florida
4486	Statutes, is amended to read:
4487	394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality
4488	(3) Information from the clinical record may be released in
4489	the following circumstances:
4490	(a) When a patient has declared an intention to harm other
4491	persons. When such declaration has been made, the administrator
4492	may authorize the release of sufficient information to provide
4493	adequate warning to the person threatened with harm by the
4494	patient.
4495	(b) When the administrator of the facility or secretary of
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the department deems release to a qualified researcher as defined in administrative rule, an aftercare treatment provider, or an employee or agent of the department is necessary for treatment of the patient, maintenance of adequate records,

4498 or an employee or agent of the department is necessary for 4499 treatment of the patient, maintenance of adequate records, 4500 compilation of treatment data, aftercare planning, or evaluation 4501 of programs. 4502 4503 For the purpose of determining whether a person meets the 4504 criteria for involuntary outpatient placement or for preparing 4505 the proposed treatment plan pursuant to s. 394.4655, the 4506 clinical record may be released to the state attorney, the 4507 public defender or the patient's private legal counsel, the 4508 court, and to the appropriate mental health professionals, 4509 including the service provider identified in s. 394.4655(7)(b)2. 4510 394.4655(6)(b)2., in accordance with state and federal law. 4511 Section 90. For the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the sum of \$400,000 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the 4512 4513 Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund to the Department of 4514 Children and Families for the purpose of modifying the existing 4515 crisis stabilization database to collect and analyze data and 4516 information pursuant to s. 397.321, Florida Statutes, as amended 4517 by this act.

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Section 91. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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