Bill No. HB 91 (2016)

Amendment No. 1

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Civil Justice Subcommittee Representative Steube offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)
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5 Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: 6 Section 1. <u>The Division of Law Revision and Information is</u> 7 <u>directed to designate ss. 767.01-767.07, Florida Statutes, as</u> 8 <u>part I of chapter 767, Florida Statutes, entitled "Damage By</u> 9 <u>Dogs", and ss. 767.10-767.16, Florida Statutes, as part II of</u> 10 <u>that chapter, entitled "Dangerous Dogs."</u>

Section 2. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

13 767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; certification 14 of registration; notice and hearing requirements; confinement of 15 animal; exemption; appeals; unlawful acts.-

16 (1) (a) An animal control authority shall investigate 17 reported incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and

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18 shall, if possible, interview the owner and require a sworn 19 affidavit from any person, including any animal control officer 20 or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog classified as 21 dangerous.

(a) Any animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 22 23 investigation because of severe injury to a human being may be 24 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, placed 25 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time or 26 impounded and held pending the outcome of the investigation and 27 any hearings related to the determination of a dangerous dog 28 classification. In the event that the dog is to be destroyed, 29 the dog may not be destroyed while any appeal is pending. 30 However, the owner shall be responsible for the payment of all 31 boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and 32 safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure.

Any animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 33 (b) 34 investigation, that is not impounded with the animal control authority, shall be humanely and safely confined by the owner in 35 36 a securely fenced or enclosed area pending the outcome of the 37 investigation and resolution of any hearings related to the dangerous dog classification. The address of where the animal 38 resides shall be provided to the animal control authority. No 39 dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog investigation may be 40 41 relocated or ownership transferred pending the outcome of an 42 investigation or any hearings related to the determination of a 43 dangerous dog classification. In the event that a dog is to be

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44 destroyed, the dog shall not be relocated or ownership 45 transferred.

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(2) (b) A dog shall not be declared dangerous if:

47 (a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a
48 person who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or,
49 while lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or
50 assaulting the dog or its owner or a family member.

51 (b) No dog may be declared dangerous if The dog was 52 protecting or defending a human being within the immediate 53 vicinity of the dog from an unjustified attack or assault.

54 (3) (c) After the investigation, the animal control 55 authority shall make an initial determination as to whether 56 there is sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and 57 shall afford the owner an opportunity for a hearing prior to 58 making a final determination. The animal control authority shall provide written notification of the sufficient cause finding, to 59 60 the owner, by registered mail, certified hand delivery, or 61 service in conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The owner may file a written 62 request for a hearing within 7 calendar days from the date of 63 receipt of the notification of the sufficient cause finding and, 64 if requested, the hearing shall be held as soon as possible, but 65 not more than 21 calendar days and no sooner than 5 days after 66 67 receipt of the request from the owner. Each applicable local 68 governing authority shall establish hearing procedures that conform to this subsection paragraph. 69

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70 (4) (d) Once a dog is classified as a dangerous dog, the 71 animal control authority shall provide written notification to 72 the owner by registered mail, certified hand delivery or 73 service, and the owner may file a written request for a hearing 74 in the county court to appeal the classification within 10 75 business days after receipt of a written determination of 76 dangerous dog classification and must confine the dog in a 77 securely fenced or enclosed area pending a resolution of the 78 appeal. Each applicable local governing authority must establish 79 appeal procedures that conform to this subsection paragraph.

80 (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), the 81 owner of a dog that has been classified as a dangerous dog shall 82 comply with the provisions of this subsection.

83 (a) (2) Within 14 days after a dog has been classified as 84 dangerous by the animal control authority or a dangerous dog classification is upheld by the county court on appeal, the 85 86 owner of the dog must obtain a certificate of registration for the dog from the animal control authority serving the area in 87 which he or she resides, and the certificate shall be renewed 88 89 annually. Animal control authorities are authorized to issue 90 such certificates of registration, and renewals thereof, only to persons who are at least 18 years of age and who present to the 91 92 animal control authority sufficient evidence of:

93 <u>1.(a)</u> A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
 94 dog.

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95 <u>2.(b)</u> A proper enclosure to confine a dangerous dog and 96 the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign 97 at all entry points that informs both children and adults of the 98 presence of a dangerous dog on the property.

99 <u>3.(c)</u> Permanent identification of the dog, such as a
 100 tattoo on the inside thigh or electronic implantation.

102 The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for 103 the issuance of certificates of registration required by this 104 section.

105 <u>(b) (3)</u> The owner shall immediately notify the appropriate 106 animal control authority when a dog that has been classified as 107 dangerous:

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1.<del>(a)</del> Is loose or unconfined.

109 2.(b) Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal.

110 3.(c) Is sold, given away, or dies.

111 4.<del>(d)</del> Is moved to another address.

112

113 Prior to a dangerous dog being sold or given away, the owner 114 shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the new 115 owner to the animal control authority. The new owner must comply with all of the requirements of this act and implementing local 116 ordinances, even if the animal is moved from one local 117 118 jurisdiction to another within the state. The animal control 119 officer must be notified by the owner of a dog classified as 120 dangerous that the dog is in his or her jurisdiction.

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121 (c) (4) It is unlawful for the owner of a dangerous dog to 122 permit the dog to be outside a proper enclosure unless the dog 123 is muzzled and restrained by a substantial chain or leash and 124 under control of a competent person. The muzzle must be made in 125 a manner that will not cause injury to the dog or interfere with 126 its vision or respiration but will prevent it from biting any person or animal. The owner may exercise the dog in a securely 127 128 fenced or enclosed area that does not have a top, without a 129 muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within his or her sight and 130 only members of the immediate household or persons 18 years of 131 age or older are allowed in the enclosure when the dog is 132 present. When being transported, such dogs must be safely and 133 securely restrained within a vehicle.

134 (6) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog as the 135 result of an incident that caused severe injury to a human 136 being, based upon the nature and circumstances of the injury and 137 the likelihood of a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and 138 humane manner, or, alternately, the owner shall be required to 139 140 comply with the requirements of subsection (5). The animal 141 control authority shall inform the owner of the penalty imposed 142 within the notice of sufficient cause. If the owner requests a 143 hearing under subsection (3), the hearing officer may review the 144 penalty imposed by the animal control authority and rule upon 145 the proper penalty under this subsection.

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146 (7) (5) Hunting dogs are exempt from the provisions of this 147 section act when engaged in any legal hunt or training procedure. Dogs engaged in training or exhibiting in legal 148 sports such as obedience trials, conformation shows, field 149 150 trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and herding trials are exempt 151 from the provisions of this section act when engaged in any 152 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 153 other respects shall be subject to this and local laws. Dogs 154 that have been classified as dangerous shall not be used for hunting purposes. 155

156 (6) This section does not apply to dogs used by law
 157 enforcement officials for law enforcement work.

158 <u>(8) (7)</u> Any person who violates any provision of this 159 section is guilty of a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a 160 fine not exceeding \$500.

Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 767.13, Florida
Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 767.135, Florida
Statutes, and amended, to read:

164 <u>767.135</u> <del>767.13</del> Attack or bite by <del>dangerous</del> dog <u>that has</u> 165 <u>not been declared dangerous</u>; <del>penalties;</del> confiscation; 166 destruction.-

167 (2) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks
168 and causes the severe injury to or death of any human, the dog
169 shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority,
170 placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of
171 time or held for 10 business days after the owner is given

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written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed 172 173 in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time period 174 shall allow the owner to request a hearing under s. 767.12. If 175 the owner files a written appeal under s. 767.12 or this 176 section, the dog must be held and may not be destroyed while the 177 appeal is pending. The owner shall be responsible for payment of 178 all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely 179 and safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure. In 180 addition, if the owner of the dog had prior knowledge of the 181 dog's dangerous propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless 182 disregard for such propensities under the circumstances, the 183 owner of the dog is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second 184 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 185 Section 4. Section 767.136, Florida Statutes, is created 186 to read: 187 767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes 188 severe injury or death; penalties.-(1) If the owner of a dog that has not been declared 189 190 dangerous, but which attacks and causes severe injury to or the 191 death of a human, had knowledge of the dog's dangerous 192 propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless disregard for such 193 propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog 194 commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 195 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 196 If the dog attacks or bites a person who is engaged in (2) 197 or attempting to engage in a criminal activity at the time of 656357 - h0091-strike.docx Published On: 10/6/2015 5:14:41 PM

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# 198 the attack, the owner is not guilty of any crime specified under 199 this section.

200 Section 5. Section 767.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 201 read:

202 767.16 Bite by a Police or service dog; exemption from 203 quarantine.-

204 (1) Any dog that is owned, or the service of which is
 205 employed, by a law enforcement agency, <u>is exempt from the</u>
 206 provisions of this part.

207 (2) or Any dog that is used as a service dog for blind, 208 hearing impaired, or disabled persons, and that bites another 209 animal or human is exempt from any quarantine requirement 210 following such bite if the dog has a current rabies vaccination 211 that was administered by a licensed veterinarian.

Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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# TITLE AMENDMENT

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216 Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: 217 An act relating to severe injuries caused by dogs; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; 218 amending s. 767.12, F.S.; providing for discretionary, rather 219 220 than mandatory, impoundment of dogs that cause severe injuries 221 to humans; specifying circumstances under which a dangerous dog 222 that has caused severe injuries to a human may be euthanized or returned to its owner; transferring, renumbering, and amending 223

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s. 767.13, F.S.; repealing automatic euthanasia for unclassified dogs which cause severe injuries to humans; creating s. 767.136, F.S.; transferring existing criminal penalty related to severe injuries or death caused by a dog into new statutory section; amending s. 767.16, F.S.; exempting law enforcement dogs from dangerous dog law; providing an effective date.

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