	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RS		
10/05/2015		

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 15 - 227

4 and insert:

> Section 2. Subsections (2), (3), and (6) of section 775.087, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.-

(2)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a



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    weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
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          a. Murder;
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          b. Sexual battery;
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          c. Robbery;
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          d. Burglary;
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          e. Arson;
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          f. Aggravated assault;
          f.g. Aggravated battery;
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          g.h. Kidnapping;
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          h. i. Escape;
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          i.<del>j.</del> Aircraft piracy;
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          j.k. Aggravated child abuse;
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          k. 1. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
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    adult;
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          1.m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
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          m.n. Carjacking;
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          n.<del>o.</del> Home-invasion robbery;
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          o.p. Aggravated stalking;
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          p.q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
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    capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
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    capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
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    phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking
    in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone,
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    trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine,
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    trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-
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    hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol,
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    trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s.
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    893.135(1); or
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q.r. Possession of a firearm by a felon

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and during the commission of the offense, such person actually possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted for aggravated assault, possession of a firearm by a felon, or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" during the commission of the offense. However, if an offender who is convicted of the offense of possession of a firearm by a felon has a previous conviction of committing or attempting to commit a felony listed in s. 775.084(1)(b)1. and actually possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the prior felony, the offender shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 vears.

- 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-p. $\frac{(a)1.a.-}{(a)}$ q., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a) 1.a.-p. $\frac{(a)1.a.-}{(a)}$ q_{-} , regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive



device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

(b) Subparagraph (a) 1., subparagraph (a) 2., or subparagraph (a) 3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a) 1., subparagraph (a) 2., or subparagraph (a) 3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

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Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

(c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of



98 imprisonment as required in this section. 99 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who actually possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or 100 101 attempt to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to 102 the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of 103 imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be 104 imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is 105 convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment 106 provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term 107 of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense. 108 (3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 109 attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a 110 firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for: 111 a. Murder; 112 b. Sexual battery; c. Robbery; 113 114 d. Burglary; e. Arson; 115 116 f. Aggravated assault; 117 f.g. Aggravated battery; 118 g.h. Kidnapping; 119 h. i. Escape; 120 i. j. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 121 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 122 j.k. Aircraft piracy; 123 k. 1. Aggravated child abuse; 124 1.m. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 125 adult; 126 m.n. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a



127 destructive device or bomb; 128 n. o. Carjacking; o.p. Home-invasion robbery; 129 130 p.g. Aggravated stalking; or 131 q.r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, 132 capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, 133 capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in 134 phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking 135 in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, 136 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, 137 trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-138 hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 139 trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 140 893.135(1); 141 142 and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed 143 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 144 magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be 145 sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years. 146 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of 147

- whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and

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during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

(b) Subparagraph (a) 1., subparagraph (a) 2., or subparagraph (a) 3. does not prevent a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. Subparagraph (a) 1., subparagraph (a) 2., or subparagraph (a) 3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

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Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

(c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be

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imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, then the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as required in this section.

- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001 be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.
 - (e) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm, which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire cartridges.
- 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.
- (6) Notwithstanding s. 27.366, the sentencing court shall not impose the mandatory minimum sentence required by subsection (2) or subsection (3) for a conviction for aggravated assault if the court makes written findings that:
- (a) The defendant had a good faith belief that the use or threatened use of force aggravated assault was justifiable



214 pursuant to chapter 776.

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- (b) The aggravated assault was not committed in the course of committing another criminal offense.
- 217 (b) (c) The defendant does not pose a threat to public 218 safety.
 - (c) (d) The totality of the circumstances involved in the offense does do not justify the imposition of such sentence.
 - Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 985.557, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 985.557 Direct filing of an information; discretionary and mandatory criteria.-
 - (2) MANDATORY DIRECT FILE.-
 - (d)1. With respect to any child who was 16 or 17 years of age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state attorney shall file an information if the child has been charged with committing or attempting to commit an offense listed in s. 775.087(2)(a)1.a.-p. s. $\frac{775.087(2)(a)1.a.-q.}{a}$, and, during the commission of or attempt to commit the offense, the child:
 - a. Actually possessed a firearm or destructive device, as those terms are defined in s. 790.001.
 - b. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as described in s. 775.087(2)(a)2.
 - c. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as described in s. 775.087(2) (a) 3., and, as a result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person.
 - 2. Upon transfer, any child who is:
 - a. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and who has been previously adjudicated or had adjudication withheld for a forcible felony offense or any offense involving a firearm, or

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who has been previously placed in a residential commitment program, shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a), notwithstanding s. 985.565.

- b. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.b. or sub-subparagraph 1.c., shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a), notwithstanding s. 985.565.
- 3. Upon transfer, any child who is charged under this paragraph, but who does not meet the requirements specified in subparagraph 2., shall be sentenced under s. 985.565; however, if the court imposes a juvenile sanction, the court must commit the child to a high-risk or maximum-risk juvenile facility.
- 4. This paragraph shall not apply if the state attorney has good cause to believe that exceptional circumstances exist that preclude the just prosecution of the child in adult court.
- 5. The Department of Corrections shall make every reasonable effort to ensure that any child 16 or 17 years of age who is convicted and sentenced under this paragraph be completely separated such that there is no physical contact with adult offenders in the facility, to the extent that it is consistent with chapter 958.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 27.366, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

27.366 Legislative intent and policy in cases meeting criteria of s. 775.087(2) and (3).—It is the intent of the Legislature that convicted criminal offenders who meet the criteria in s. 775.087(2) and (3) be sentenced to the minimum mandatory prison terms provided therein. It is the intent of the

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Legislature to establish zero tolerance of criminals who use, threaten to use, or avail themselves of firearms in order to commit crimes and thereby demonstrate their lack of value for human life. It is also the intent of the Legislature that prosecutors should appropriately exercise their discretion in those cases in which the offenders' possession of the firearm is incidental to the commission of a crime and not used in furtherance of the crime, used in order to commit the crime, or used in preparation to commit the crime. For every case in which the offender meets the criteria in this act and does not receive the mandatory minimum prison sentence, the state attorney must explain the sentencing deviation in writing and place such explanation in the case file maintained by the state attorney.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.-

(2) The offense severity ranking chart has 10 offense levels, ranked from least severe, which are level 1 offenses, to most severe, which are level 10 offenses, and each felony offense is assigned to a level according to the severity of the offense. For purposes of determining which felony offenses are specifically listed in the offense severity ranking chart and which severity level has been assigned to each of these offenses, the numerical statutory references in the left column of the chart and the felony degree designations in the middle column of the chart are controlling; the language in the right



column of the chart is provided solely for descriptive purposes. Reclassification of the degree of the felony through the application of s. 775.0845, s. 775.0861, s. 775.0862, s. 775.087, s. 775.0875, s. 794.023, or any other law that provides an enhanced penalty for a felony offense, to any offense listed in the offense severity ranking chart in this section shall not cause the offense to become unlisted and is not subject to the provisions of s. 921.0023.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 921.0024, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; scoresheets.-

(1)

(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

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Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:

1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12)

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community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction.

- 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:
- a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:
- I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and
- II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.
- b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where the violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or



level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

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Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state.

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Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine qun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25)



388 sentence points are assessed. 389 Sentencing multipliers: 390 391 392 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 393 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 394 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 395 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 396 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of 397 a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 398 399 400 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 401 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 402 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are 403 multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 404 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of 405 406 s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 407 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal 408 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 409 410 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand 411 theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the 412 offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of 413 the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal 414 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 415 416 Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted



of the primary offense and committed that offense for the purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

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Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1, 2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the

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lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 947.146, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

947.146 Control Release Authority.

(3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall determine eliqibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. In establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. The authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the



release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates who:

(b) Are serving the mandatory minimum portion of a sentence enhanced under s. 775.087(2) or (3), or s. 784.07(3);

In making control release eligibility determinations under this subsection, the authority may rely on any document leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings, including, but not limited to, any presentence or postsentence investigation or any information contained in arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 4 - 8

492 and insert:

> deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a firearm or destructive device; deleting aggravated assault from a list of exceptions of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense the convicted person possessed a firearm or destructive device; deleting aggravated assault from the list of convictions which carry a minimum term of imprisonment if during the commission of the offense

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the convicted person possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun; extending an exception to certain mandatory minimum sentences required for aggravated assault convictions if the court makes written findings that a use or threatened use of force was justifiable pursuant to specified provisions; revising required written findings; conforming crossreferences; amending s. 985.557, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; reenacting ss. 27.366, 921.0022(2), 921.0024(1)(b), and 947.146(3)(b), F.S., relating to legislative intent and policy in cases meeting the criteria of s. 775.087(2) and (3), F.S., the Criminal Punishment Code, the Criminal Punishment Code worksheet, and the Control Release Authority, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 775.087, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective